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THE

PAST AND PRESENT

OF

KANE COUNTY, ILLINOIS,

CONTAINING

A HISTORY OF THE COUNTY—ITS CITIES, TOWNS, &C., A DIRECTORY OF ITS CITIZENS, WAR RECORD OF ITS VOLUNTEERS IN THE LATE REBELLION, PORTRAITS OF EARLY SETTLERS AND PROMINENT MEN, GENERAL AND LOCAL STATISTICS, MAP OF KANE COUNTY, HISTORY OF ILLINOIS, ILLUSTRATED, HISTORY OF THE NORTHWEST, ILLUSTRATED, CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES, MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS, ETC., ETC.

ILLUSTRATED.

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P R E F A C E.

In presenting our Past and Present of Kane County in historical form, we deem a few prefatory words necessary. We have spared neither pains nor expense to fulfill our engagement with our patrons and make the work as complete as possible. We have acted upon the principle that justice to those who have subscribed, be they few or many, requires that the work should be as well done as if it was patronized by every citizen in the county. We do not claim that our work is entirely free from errors; such a result could not be attained by the utmost care and foresight of ordinary mortals. Almost the entire matter contained in the first fifty pages of the County History was obtained from Henry B. Peirce, and the remainder was compiled by our historians, Arthur Merrill and W. H. Perrin. Some of the Township Histories are indeed longer than others, as the townships are older, containing larger cities and towns, and have been the scenes of more important and interesting events. While fully recognizing this important difference, the historians have sought to write up each township with equal fidelity to the facts and information within their reach. We take this occasion to present our thanks to all our numerous subscribers for their patronage and encouragement in the publication of the work. In this confident belief, we submit it to the enlightened judgment of those for whose benefit it has been prepared, believing that it will be received as a most valuable and complete work.

THE PUBLISHERS.



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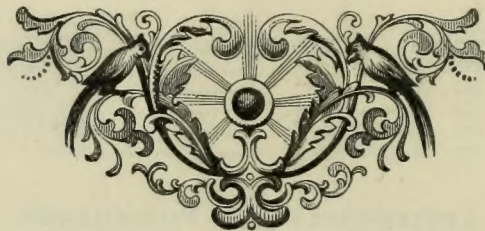
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MAP OF
KANE COUNTY
ILLINOIS
1878.

REFERENCE

- Church
- School House
- Road
- Railroad
- Swamp
- Creek





THE NORTHWEST TERRITORY.

GEOGRAPHICAL POSITION.

When the Northwestern Territory was ceded to the United States by Virginia in 1784, it embraced only the territory lying between the Ohio and the Mississippi Rivers, and north to the northern limits of the United States. It coincided with the area now embraced in the States of Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin, and that portion of Minnesota lying on the east side of the Mississippi River. The United States itself at that period extended no farther west than the Mississippi River; but by the purchase of Louisiana in 1803, the western boundary of the United States was extended to the Rocky Mountains and the Northern Pacific Ocean. The new territory thus added to the National domain, and subsequently opened to settlement, has been called the "New Northwest," in contradistinction from the old "Northwestern Territory."

In comparison with the old Northwest this is a territory of vast magnitude. It includes an area of 1,887,850 square miles; being greater in extent than the united areas of all the Middle and Southern States, including Texas. Out of this magnificent territory have been erected eleven sovereign States and eight Territories, with an aggregate population, at the present time, of 13,000,000 inhabitants, or nearly one third of the entire population of the United States.

Its lakes are fresh-water seas, and the larger rivers of the continent flow for a thousand miles through its rich alluvial valleys and far-stretching prairies, more acres of which are arable and productive of the highest percentage of the cereals than of any other area of like extent on the globe.

For the last twenty years the increase of population in the Northwest has been about as three to one in any other portion of the United States.

EARLY EXPLORATIONS.

In the year 1541, DeSoto first saw the Great West in the New World. He, however, penetrated no farther north than the 35th parallel of latitude. The expedition resulted in his death and that of more than half his army, the remainder of whom found their way to Cuba, thence to Spain, in a famished and demoralized condition. DeSoto founded no settlements, produced no results, and left no traces, unless it were that he awakened the hostility of the red man against the white man, and disheartened such as might desire to follow up the career of discovery for better purposes. The French nation were eager and ready to seize upon any news from this extensive domain, and were the first to profit by DeSoto's defeat. Yet it was more than a century before any adventurer took advantage of these discoveries.

In 1616, four years before the pilgrims "moored their bark on the wild New England shore," Le Caron, a French Franciscan, had penetrated through the Iroquois and Wyandots (Hurons) to the streams which run into Lake Huron; and in 1634, two Jesuit missionaries founded the first mission among the lake tribes. It was just one hundred years from the discovery of the Mississippi by DeSoto (1541) until the Canadian envoys met the savage nations of the Northwest at the Falls of St. Mary, below the outlet of Lake Superior. This visit led to no permanent result; yet it was not until 1659 that any of the adventurous fur traders attempted to spend a Winter in the frozen wilds about the great lakes, nor was it until 1660 that a station was established upon their borders by Mesnard, who perished in the woods a few months after. In 1665, Claude Allouez built the earliest lasting habitation of the white man among the Indians of the Northwest. In 1668, Claude Dablon and James Marquette founded the mission of Sault Ste. Marie at the Falls of St. Mary, and two years afterward, Nicholas Perrot, as agent for M. Talon, Governor General of Canada, explored Lake Illinois (Michigan) as far south as the present City of Chicago, and invited the Indian nations to meet him at a grand council at Sault Ste. Marie the following Spring, where they were taken under the protection of the king, and formal possession was taken of the Northwest. This same year Marquette established a mission at Point St. Ignatius, where was founded the old town of Michillimackinac.

During M. Talon's explorations and Marquette's residence at St. Ignatius, they learned of a great river away to the west, and fancied—as all others did then—that upon its fertile banks whole tribes of God's children resided, to whom the sound of the Gospel had never come. Filled with a wish to go and preach to them, and in compliance with a

GRAND SUMMARY.

PERSONAL PROPERTY.

ITEMS.	No.	Av. Val.	Assessed Val.
1 Horses of all ages.....	10596	\$34 73	\$367993
2 Cattle of all ages.....	40447	13 21	534215
3 Mules and Asses of all ages.....	206	42 04	8661
4 Sheep of all ages.....	15306	1 62	24827
5 Hogs of all ages.....	26730	2 64	70530
6 Steam Engines, including Boilers.....	46	348 76	16043
7 Fire or Burglar-Proof Safes.....	125	39 66	4958
8 Billiard, Pigeon Hole, Bagatelle, or other similar Tables.....	56	40 28	2256
9 Carriages and Wagons of whatsoever kind.....	5521	22 73	125498
10 Watches and Clocks.....	4968	5 56	27616
11 Sewing or Knitting Machines	2724	13 55	39910
12 Piano Fortes.....	564	79 24	44694
13 Melodeons and Organs.....	525	33 44	17557
15 Annuities and Royalties.....			
16 Patent Rights.....			
18 Merchandise on hand.....			427352
19 Material and Manufactured Articles on hand.....			290956
20 Manufacturers' Tools, Implements and Machinery (other than Engines and Boilers, which are to be listed as such).....			172211
21 Agricultural Tools, Implements and Machinery.....			57222
22 Gold and Silver Plate and Plated Ware			2329
23 Diamonds and Jewelry.....			1446
24 Moneys of Bank, Banker, Broker or Stock Jobber.....			21728
25 Credits of Bank, Banker Broker, or Stock Jobber.....			9686
26 Moneys of other than Bank, Banker, Broker or Stock Jobber.....			259568
27 Credits of other than Bank, Banker, Broker or Stock Jobber.....			428655
28 Bonds and Stocks.....			7650
29 Shares of Capital Stock of Companies and Associations not incorporated by the laws of this State			
30 Pawnbroker's Property.....			400
31 Property of Companies and Corporations other than hereinbefore enumerated...			
32 Bridge Property.....			10
33 Property of Saloons and Eating Houses			5440
34 Household or Office Furniture and Property.....			237968
35 Investments in Real Estate and Improvements thereon (See Sec. 10).....			325
36 All other Personal Property required to be listed.....			77522
37 Shares of Stock of State or National Banks.....			351500
Total Value of Personal Property			\$3633736

LANDS.	s.	Av. Val. Per Acre.	
Improved Lands.....	309028 55	\$23 26	\$7187542
Unimproved Lands.....	14678 50	14 16	207839
Total Value of Lands.....			\$7395381

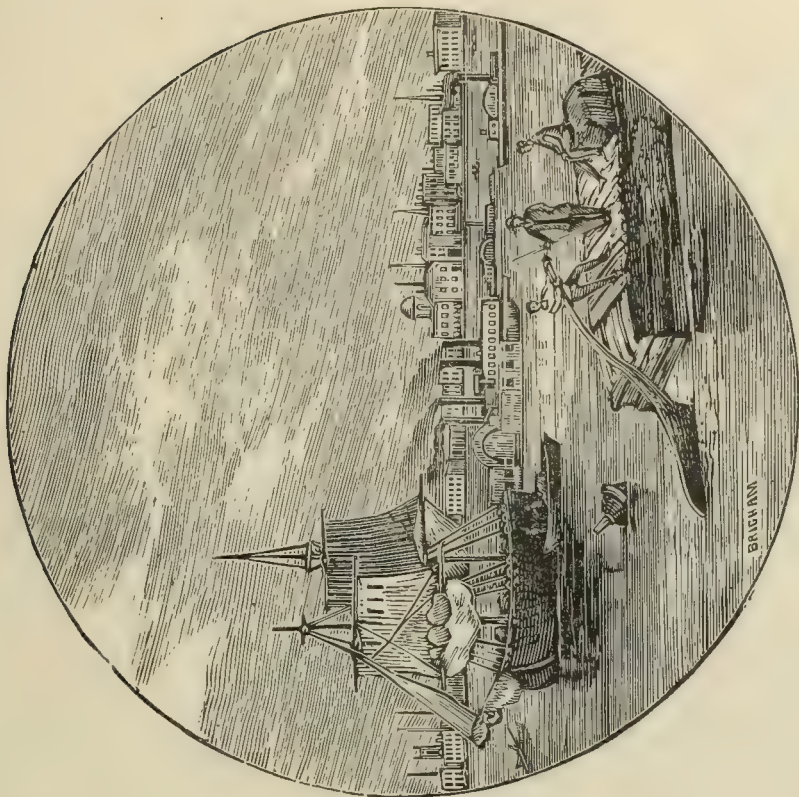
TOWN AND CITY LOTS.	No. of Lots.	Average Value.	
Improved Town and City Lots.....	9153	\$475 65	\$4353679
Unimproved Town and City Lots.....	3105	74 73	232059
Total Value of Town and City Lots			\$4585738

PROPERTY BELONGING TO RAILROADS.		
Lands other than "Railroad Track".....		\$ 2899
Lots other than "Railroad Track".....		189523
Personal Property other than "Rolling Stock".....		208361
Grand Total of all Property as assessed.....		\$16015638

Acres of Wheat	1461 00	Acres of other Field Products.....	4059 18
Acres of Corn.....	35983 46	Acres of Enclosed Pasture.....	65887 64
Acres of Oats.....	21324 04	Acres of Orchard.....	1500 94
Acres of Meadow	40823 27	Acres of Wood Land	19653

POPULATION OF KANE COUNTY,
By Townships.

TOWNS.	1870.						1860.
	Total.	Native.	Foreign.	White.	Colored.	White.	Colored.
Aurora.....	2033	1274	759	2017	16	1395	.....
Aurora City.....	11162	8091	3071	11013	149	5999	12
First Ward.....	760	594	166	748	12	.....	.....
Second ".....	480	380	100	474	6	.....	.....
Third ".....	1037	873	164	1008	29	.....	.....
Fourth ".....	497	354	143	486	11	.....	.....
Fifth ".....	639	318	321	639	.....	.....	.....
Sixth ".....	1368	833	535	1368	.....	.....	.....
Seventh ".....	929	692	237	922	7	.....	.....
Eighth ".....	1448	1089	359	1444	4	.....	.....
Ninth ".....	1465	1156	309	1403	62	.....	.....
Tenth ".....	1225	786	439	1225	.....	.....	.....
Eleventh ".....	1314	1016	298	1296	18	.....	.....
Batavia.....	3018	2231	787	2972	46	2338	15
Batavia City.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1606	15
Big Rock.....	829	645	184	829	.....	911	.....
Blackberry.....	1173	985	188	1171	2	1080	.....
Burlington.....	919	687	232	919	.....	886	.....
Campton.....	957	745	212	956	1	1027	.....
Dundee.....	2079	1320	759	2079	.....	1888	1
Elgin.....	1298	997	301	1298	.....	1390	.....
Elgin City.....	5441	3989	1452	5360	81	2797	.....
Clinton City.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	544	.....
Geneva.....	1829	1350	479	1789	40	1505	.....
Geneva City.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	997	.....
Hampshire.....	1049	815	234	1049	.....	1049	1
Kaneville.....	999	840	159	998	1	1072	.....
Plato.....	1004	773	231	1002	2	1007	1
Rutland.....	960	682	278	960	.....	1013	.....
St. Charles.....	2281	1720	561	2261	20	2491	6
St. Charles City.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1816	6
Sugar Grove.....	787	667	120	779	8	967	2
Virgil.....	1273	944	329	1272	1	1209	.....



MOUTH OF THE MISSISSIPPI.



SOURCE OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

request of M. Talon, who earnestly desired to extend the domain of his king, and to ascertain whether the river flowed into the Gulf of Mexico or the Pacific Ocean, Marquette with Joliet, as commander of the expedition, prepared for the undertaking.

On the 13th of May, 1673, the explorers, accompanied by five assistant French Canadians, set out from Mackinaw on their daring voyage of discovery. The Indians, who gathered to witness their departure, were astonished at the boldness of the undertaking, and endeavored to dissuade them from their purpose by representing the tribes on the Mississippi as exceedingly savage and cruel, and the river itself as full of all sorts of frightful monsters ready to swallow them and their canoes together. But, nothing daunted by these terrific descriptions, Marquette told them he was willing not only to encounter all the perils of the unknown region they were about to explore, but to lay down his life in a cause in which the salvation of souls was involved; and having prayed together they separated. Coasting along the northern shore of Lake Michigan, the adventurers entered Green Bay, and passed thence up the Fox River and Lake Winnebago to a village of the Miamis and Kickapoos. Here Marquette was delighted to find a beautiful cross planted in the middle of the town ornamented with white skins, red girdles and bows and arrows, which these good people had offered to the Great Manitou, or God, to thank him for the pity he had bestowed on them during the Winter in giving them an abundant "chase." This was the farthest outpost to which Dablon and Allouez had extended their missionary labors the year previous. Here Marquette drank mineral waters and was instructed in the secret of a root which cures the bite of the venomous rattlesnake. He assembled the chiefs and old men of the village, and, pointing to Joliet, said: "My friend is an envoy of France, to discover new countries, and I am an ambassador from God to enlighten them with the truths of the Gospel." Two Miami guides were here furnished to conduct them to the Wisconsin River, and they set out from the Indian village on the 10th of June, amidst a great crowd of natives who had assembled to witness their departure into a region where no white man had ever yet ventured. The guides, having conducted them across the portage, returned. The explorers launched their canoes upon the Wisconsin, which they descended to the Mississippi and proceeded down its unknown waters. What emotions must have swelled their breasts as they struck out into the broadening current and became conscious that they were now upon the bosom of the Father of Waters. The mystery was about to be lifted from the long-sought river. The scenery in that locality is beautiful, and on that delightful seventeenth of June must have been clad in all its primeval loveliness as it had been adorned by the hand of

Nature. Drifting rapidly, it is said that the bold bluffs on either hand “reminded them of the castled shores of their own beautiful rivers of France.” By-and-by, as they drifted along, great herds of buffalo appeared on the banks. On going to the heads of the valley they could see a country of the greatest beauty and fertility, apparently destitute of inhabitants yet presenting the appearance of extensive manors, under the fastidious cultivation of lordly proprietors.



THE WILD PRAIRIE.

On June 25, they went ashore and found some fresh traces of men upon the sand, and a path which led to the prairie. The men remained in the boat, and Marquette and Joliet followed the path till they discovered a village on the banks of a river, and two other villages on a hill, within a half league of the first, inhabited by Indians. They were received most hospitably by these natives, who had never before seen a white person. After remaining a few days they re-embarked and descended the river to about latitude 33°, where they found a village of the Arkansas, and being satisfied that the river flowed into the Gulf of Mexico, turned their course

up the river, and ascending the stream to the mouth of the Illinois, rowed up that stream to its source, and procured guides from that point to the lakes. "Nowhere on this journey," says Marquette, "did we see such grounds, meadows, woods, stags, buffaloes, deer, wildcats, bustards, swans, ducks, parroquets, and even beavers, as on the Illinois River." The party, without loss or injury, reached Green Bay in September, and reported their discovery—one of the most important of the age, but of which no record was preserved save Marquette's, Joliet losing his by the upsetting of his canoe on his way to Quebec. Afterward Marquette returned to the Illinois Indians by their request, and ministered to them until 1675. On the 18th of May, in that year, as he was passing the mouth of a stream—going with his boatmen up Lake Michigan—he asked to land at its mouth and celebrate Mass. Leaving his men with the canoe, he retired a short distance and began his devotions. As much time passed and he did not return, his men went in search of him, and found him upon his knees, dead. He had peacefully passed away while at prayer. He was buried at this spot. Charlevoix, who visited the place fifty years after, found the waters had retreated from the grave, leaving the beloved missionary to repose in peace. The river has since been called Marquette.

While Marquette and his companions were pursuing their labors in the West, two men, differing widely from him and each other, were preparing to follow in his footsteps and perfect the discoveries so well begun by him. These were Robert de LaSalle and Louis Hennepin.

After LaSalle's return from the discovery of the Ohio River (see the narrative elsewhere), he established himself again among the French trading posts in Canada. Here he mused long upon the pet project of those ages—a short way to China and the East, and was busily planning an expedition up the great lakes, and so across the continent to the Pacific, when Marquette returned from the Mississippi. At once the vigorous mind of LaSalle received from his and his companions' stories the idea that by following the Great River northward, or by turning up some of the numerous western tributaries, the object could easily be gained. He applied to Frontenac, Governor General of Canada, and laid before him the plan, dim but gigantic. Frontenac entered warmly into his plans, and saw that LaSalle's idea to connect the great lakes by a chain of forts with the Gulf of Mexico would bind the country so wonderfully together, give unmeasured power to France, and glory to himself, under whose administration he earnestly hoped all would be realized.

LaSalle now repaired to France, laid his plans before the King, who warmly approved of them, and made him a Chevalier. He also received from all the noblemen the warmest wishes for his success. The Chev-

alier returned to Canada, and busily entered upon his work. He at once rebuilt Fort Frontenac and constructed the first ship to sail on these fresh-water seas. On the 7th of August, 1679, having been joined by Hennepin, he began his voyage in the Griffin up Lake Erie. He passed over this lake, through the straits beyond, up Lake St. Clair and into Huron. In this lake they encountered heavy storms. They were some time at Michillimackinac, where LaSalle founded a fort, and passed on to Green Bay, the "Baie des Puans" of the French, where he found a large quantity of furs collected for him. He loaded the Griffin with these, and placing her under the care of a pilot and fourteen sailors,



LA SALLE LANDING ON THE SHORE OF GREEN BAY.

started her on her return voyage. The vessel was never afterward heard of. He remained about these parts until early in the Winter, when, hearing nothing from the Griffin, he collected all his men—thirty working men and three monks—and started again upon his great undertaking.

By a short portage they passed to the Illinois or Kankakee, called by the Indians, "Theakeke," *wolf*, because of the tribes of Indians called by that name, commonly known as the Mahingans, dwelling there. The French pronounced it *Kiakiki*, which became corrupted to Kankakee. "Falling down the said river by easy journeys, the better to observe the country," about the last of December they reached a village of the Illinois Indians, containing some five hundred cabins, but at that moment

no inhabitants. The *Seur de LaSalle* being in want of some breadstuffs, took advantage of the absence of the Indians to help himself to a sufficiency of maize, large quantities of which he found concealed in holes under the wigwams. This village was situated near the present village of Utica in LaSalle County, Illinois. The corn being securely stored, the voyagers again betook themselves to the stream, and toward evening, on the 4th day of January, 1680, they came into a lake which must have been the lake of Peoria. This was called by the Indians *Pim-i-te-wi*, that is, *a place where there are many fat beasts*. Here the natives were met with in large numbers, but they were gentle and kind, and having spent some time with them, LaSalle determined to erect another fort in that place, for he had heard rumors that some of the adjoining tribes were trying to disturb the good feeling which existed, and some of his men were disposed to complain, owing to the hardships and perils of the travel. He called this fort "*Crevecœur*" (broken-heart), a name expressive of the very natural sorrow and anxiety which the pretty certain loss of his ship, Griffin, and his consequent impoverishment, the danger of hostility on the part of the Indians, and of mutiny among his own men, might well cause him. His fears were not entirely groundless. At one time poison was placed in his food, but fortunately was discovered.

While building this fort, the Winter wore away, the prairies began to look green, and LaSalle, despairing of any reinforcements, concluded to return to Canada, raise new means and new men, and embark anew in the enterprise. For this purpose he made Hennepin the leader of a party to explore the head waters of the Mississippi, and he set out on his journey. This journey was accomplished with the aid of a few persons, and was successfully made, though over an almost unknown route, and in a bad season of the year. He safely reached Canada, and set out again for the object of his search.

Hennepin and his party left Fort Crevecœur on the last of February, 1680. When LaSalle reached this place on his return expedition, he found the fort entirely deserted, and he was obliged to return again to Canada. He embarked the third time, and succeeded. Seven days after leaving the fort, Hennepin reached the Mississippi, and paddling up the icy stream as best he could, reached no higher than the Wisconsin River by the 11th of April. Here he and his followers were taken prisoners by a band of Northern Indians, who treated them with great kindness. Hennepin's comrades were Anthony Auguel and Michael Ako. On this voyage they found several beautiful lakes, and "saw some charming prairies." Their captors were the Isaute or Sauteurs, Chippewas, a tribe of the Sioux nation, who took them up the river until about the first of May, when they reached some falls, which Hennepin christened Falls of St. Anthony

in honor of his patron saint. Here they took the land, and traveling nearly two hundred miles to the northwest, brought them to their villages. Here they were kept about three months, were treated kindly by their captors, and at the end of that time, were met by a band of Frenchmen,



BUFFALO HUNT.

headed by one *Seur de Luth*, who, in pursuit of trade and game, had penetrated thus far by the route of Lake Superior; and with these fellow-countrymen *Hennepin* and his companions were allowed to return to the borders of civilized life in November, 1680, just after *LaSalle* had returned to the wilderness on his second trip. *Hennepin* soon after went to France, where he published an account of his adventures.

The Mississippi was first discovered by De Soto in April, 1541, in his vain endeavor to find gold and precious gems. In the following Spring, De Soto, weary with hope long deferred, and worn out with his wanderings, he fell a victim to disease, and on the 21st of May died. His followers, reduced by fatigue and disease to less than three hundred men, wandered about the country nearly a year, in the vain endeavor to rescue themselves by land, and finally constructed seven small vessels, called brigantines, in which they embarked, and descending the river, supposing it would lead them to the sea, in July they came to the sea (Gulf of Mexico), and by September reached the Island of Cuba.

They were the first to see the great outlet of the Mississippi; but, being so weary and discouraged, made no attempt to claim the country, and hardly had an intelligent idea of what they had passed through.

To La Salle, the intrepid explorer, belongs the honor of giving the first account of the mouths of the river. His great desire was to possess this entire country for his king, and in January, 1682, he and his band of explorers left the shores of Lake Michigan on their third attempt, crossed the portage, passed down the Illinois River, and on the 6th of February, reached the banks of the Mississippi.

On the 13th they commenced their downward course, which they pursued with but one interruption, until upon the 6th of March they discovered the three great passages by which the river discharges its waters into the gulf. La Salle thus narrates the event:

“We landed on the bank of the most western channel, about three leagues (nine miles) from its mouth. On the seventh, M. de LaSalle went to reconnoiter the shores of the neighboring sea, and M. de Tonti meanwhile examined the great middle channel. They found the main outlets beautiful, large and deep. On the 8th we reascended the river, a little above its confluence with the sea, to find a dry place beyond the reach of inundations. The elevation of the North Pole was here about twenty-seven degrees. Here we prepared a column and a cross, and to the column were affixed the arms of France with this inscription:

Louis Le Grand, Roi De France et de Navarre, regne; Le neuvieme Avril, 1682.

The whole party, under arms, chanted the *Te Deum*, and then, after a salute and cries of “*Vive le Roi*,” the column was erected by M. de LaSalle, who, standing near it, proclaimed in a loud voice the authority of the King of France. LaSalle returned and laid the foundations of the Mississippi settlements in Illinois, thence he proceeded to France, where another expedition was fitted out, of which he was commander, and in two succeeding voyages failed to find the outlet of the river by sailing along the shore of the gulf. On his third voyage he was killed, through the

treachery of his followers, and the object of his expeditions was not accomplished until 1699, when D'Iberville, under the authority of the crown, discovered, on the second of March, by way of the sea, the mouth of the "Hidden River." This majestic stream was called by the natives "*Malbouchia*," and by the Spaniards, "*la Palissade*," from the great



TRAPPING.

number of trees about its mouth. After traversing the several outlets, and satisfying himself as to its certainty, he erected a fort near its western outlet, and returned to France.

An avenue of trade was now opened out which was fully improved. In 1718, New Orleans was laid out and settled by some European colonists. In 1762, the colony was made over to Spain, to be regained by France under the consulate of Napoleon. In 1803, it was purchased by

the United States for the sum of fifteen million dollars, and the territory of Louisiana and commerce of the Mississippi River came under the charge of the United States. Although LaSalle's labors ended in defeat and death, he had not worked and suffered in vain. He had thrown open to France and the world an immense and most valuable country; had established several ports, and laid the foundations of more than one settlement there. "Peoria, Kaskaskia and Cahokia, are to this day monuments of LaSalle's labors; for, though he had founded neither of them (unless Peoria, which was built nearly upon the site of Fort Crevecœur,) it was by those whom he led into the West that these places were peopled and civilized. He was, if not the discoverer, the first settler of the Mississippi Valley, and as such deserves to be known and honored."

The French early improved the opening made for them. Before the year 1698, the Rev. Father Gravier began a mission among the Illinois, and founded Kaskaskia. For some time this was merely a missionary station, where none but natives resided, it being one of three such villages, the other two being Cahokia and Peoria. What is known of these missions is learned from a letter written by Father Gabriel Marest, dated "Aux Cascaskias, autrement dit de l'Immaculate Conception de la Sainte Vierge, le 9 Novembre, 1712." Soon after the founding of Kaskaskia, the missionary, Pinet, gathered a flock at Cahokia, while Peoria arose near the ruins of Fort Crevecœur. This must have been about the year 1700. The post at Vincennes on the Oubache river, (pronounced Wă-bă, meaning *summer cloud moving swiftly*) was established in 1702, according to the best authorities.* It is altogether probable that on LaSalle's last trip he established the stations at Kaskaskia and Cahokia. In July, 1701, the foundations of Fort Ponchartrain were laid by De la Motte Cadillac on the Detroit River. These stations, with those established further north, were the earliest attempts to occupy the Northwest Territory. At the same time efforts were being made to occupy the Southwest, which finally culminated in the settlement and founding of the City of New Orleans by a colony from England in 1718. This was mainly accomplished through the efforts of the famous Mississippi Company, established by the notorious John Law, who so quickly arose into prominence in France, and who with his scheme so quickly and so ignominiously passed away.

From the time of the founding of these stations for fifty years the French nation were engrossed with the settlement of the lower Mississippi, and the war with the Chicasaws, who had, in revenge for repeated

* There is considerable dispute about this date, some asserting it was founded as late as 1742. When the new court house at Vincennes was erected, all authorities on the subject were carefully examined, and 1702 fixed upon as the correct date. It was accordingly engraved on the corner-stone of the court house.

injuries, cut off the entire colony at Natchez. Although the company did little for Louisiana, as the entire West was then called, yet it opened the trade through the Mississippi River, and started the raising of grains indigenous to that climate. Until the year 1750, but little is known of the settlements in the Northwest, as it was not until this time that the attention of the English was called to the occupation of this portion of the New World, which they then supposed they owned. Vivier, a missionary among the Illinois, writing from "Aux Illinois," six leagues from Fort Chartres, June 8, 1750, says: "We have here whites, negroes and Indians, to say nothing of cross-breeds. There are five French villages, and three villages of the natives, within a space of twenty-one leagues situated between the Mississippi and another river called the Karkadaid (Kaskaskias). In the five French villages are, perhaps, eleven hundred whites, three hundred blacks and some sixty red slaves or savages. The three Illinois towns do not contain more than eight hundred souls all told. Most of the French till the soil; they raise wheat, cattle, pigs and horses, and live like princes. Three times as much is produced as can be consumed; and great quantities of grain and flour are sent to New Orleans." This city was now the seaport town of the Northwest, and save in the extreme northern part, where only furs and copper ore were found, almost all the products of the country found their way to France by the mouth of the Father of Waters. In another letter, dated November 7, 1750, this same priest says: "For fifteen leagues above the mouth of the Mississippi one sees no dwellings, the ground being too low to be habitable. Thence to New Orleans, the lands are only partially occupied. New Orleans contains black, white and red, not more, I think, than twelve hundred persons. To this point come all lumber, bricks, salt-beef, tallow, tar, skins and bear's grease; and above all, pork and flour from the Illinois. These things create some commerce, as forty vessels and more have come hither this year. Above New Orleans, plantations are again met with; the most considerable is a colony of Germans, some ten leagues up the river. At Point Coupee, thirty-five leagues above the German settlement, is a fort. Along here, within five or six leagues, are not less than sixty habitations. Fifty leagues farther up is the Natchez post, where we have a garrison, who are kept prisoners through fear of the Chickasaws. Here and at Point Coupee, they raise excellent tobacco. Another hundred leagues brings us to the Arkansas, where we have also a fort and a garrison for the benefit of the river traders. * * * From the Arkansas to the Illinois, nearly five hundred leagues, there is not a settlement. There should be, however, a fort at the Oubache (Ohio), the only path by which the English can reach the Mississippi. In the Illinois country are numberless mines, but no one to

work them as they deserve." Father Marest, writing from the post at Vincennes in 1812, makes the same observation. Vivier also says: "Some individuals dig lead near the surface and supply the Indians and Canada. Two Spaniards now here, who claim to be adepts, say that our mines are like those of Mexico, and that if we would dig deeper, we should find silver under the lead; and at any rate the lead is excellent. There is also in this country, beyond doubt, copper ore, as from time to time large pieces are found in the streams."



HUNTING.

At the close of the year 1750, the French occupied, in addition to the lower Mississippi posts and those in Illinois, one at Du Quesne, one at the Maumee in the country of the Miamis, and one at Sandusky in what may be termed the Ohio Valley. In the northern part of the Northwest they had stations at St. Joseph's on the St. Joseph's of Lake Michigan, at Fort Ponchartrain (Detroit), at Michillimackinac or Massillimacanac, Fox River of Green Bay, and at Sault Ste. Marie. The fondest dreams of LaSalle were now fully realized. The French alone were possessors of this vast realm, basing their claim on discovery and settlement. Another nation, however, was now turning its attention to this extensive country,

and hearing of its wealth, began to lay plans for occupying it and for securing the great profits arising therefrom.

The French, however, had another claim to this country, namely, the

DISCOVERY OF THE OHIO.

This "Beautiful" river was discovered by Robert Cavalier de LaSalle in 1669, four years before the discovery of the Mississippi by Joliet and Marquette.

While LaSalle was at his trading post on the St. Lawrence, he found leisure to study nine Indian dialects, the chief of which was the Iroquois. He not only desired to facilitate his intercourse in trade, but he longed to travel and explore the unknown regions of the West. An incident soon occurred which decided him to fit out an exploring expedition.

While conversing with some Senecas, he learned of a river called the Ohio, which rose in their country and flowed to the sea, but at such a distance that it required eight months to reach its mouth. In this statement the Mississippi and its tributaries were considered as one stream. LaSalle believing, as most of the French at that period did, that the great rivers flowing west emptied into the Sea of California, was anxious to embark in the enterprise of discovering a route across the continent to the commerce of China and Japan.

He repaired at once to Quebec to obtain the approval of the Governor. His eloquent appeal prevailed. The Governor and the Intendant, Talon, issued letters patent authorizing the enterprise, but made no provision to defray the expenses. At this juncture the seminary of St. Sulpice decided to send out missionaries in connection with the expedition, and LaSalle offering to sell his improvements at LaChine to raise money, the offer was accepted by the Superior, and two thousand eight hundred dollars were raised, with which LaSalle purchased four canoes and the necessary supplies for the outfit.

On the 6th of July, 1669, the party, numbering twenty-four persons, embarked in seven canoes on the St. Lawrence; two additional canoes carried the Indian guides. In three days they were gliding over the bosom of Lake Ontario. Their guides conducted them directly to the Seneca village on the bank of the Genesee, in the vicinity of the present City of Rochester, New York. Here they expected to procure guides to conduct them to the Ohio, but in this they were disappointed.

The Indians seemed unfriendly to the enterprise. LaSalle suspected that the Jesuits had prejudiced their minds against his plans. After waiting a month in the hope of gaining their object, they met an Indian

from the Iroquois colony at the head of Lake Ontario, who assured them that they could there find guides, and offered to conduct them thence.

On their way they passed the mouth of the Niagara River, when they heard for the first time the distant thunder of the cataract. Arriving



IROQUOIS CHIEF.

among the Iroquois, they met with a friendly reception, and learned from a Shawanee prisoner that they could reach the Ohio in six weeks. Delighted with the unexpected good fortune, they made ready to resume their journey; but just as they were about to start they heard of the arrival of two Frenchmen in a neighboring village. One of them proved to be Louis Joliet, afterwards famous as an explorer in the West. He

had been sent by the Canadian Government to explore the copper mines on Lake Superior, but had failed, and was on his way back to Quebec. He gave the missionaries a map of the country he had explored in the lake region, together with an account of the condition of the Indians in that quarter. This induced the priests to determine on leaving the expedition and going to Lake Superior. LaSalle warned them that the Jesuits were probably occupying that field, and that they would meet with a cold reception. Nevertheless they persisted in their purpose, and after worship on the lake shore, parted from LaSalle. On arriving at Lake Superior, they found, as LaSalle had predicted, the Jesuit Fathers, Marquette and Dablon, occupying the field.

These zealous disciples of Loyola informed them that they wanted no assistance from St. Sulpice, nor from those who made him their patron saint; and thus repulsed, they returned to Montreal the following June without having made a single discovery or converted a single Indian.

After parting with the priests, LaSalle went to the chief Iroquois village at Onondaga, where he obtained guides, and passing thence to a tributary of the Ohio south of Lake Erie, he descended the latter as far as the falls at Louisville. Thus was the Ohio discovered by LaSalle, the persevering and successful French explorer of the West, in 1669.

The account of the latter part of his journey is found in an anonymous paper, which purports to have been taken from the lips of LaSalle himself during a subsequent visit to Paris. In a letter written to Count Frontenac in 1667, shortly after the discovery, he himself says that he discovered the Ohio and descended it to the falls. This was regarded as an indisputable fact by the French authorities, who claimed the Ohio Valley upon another ground. When Washington was sent by the colony of Virginia in 1753, to demand of Gordeur de St. Pierre why the French had built a fort on the Monongahela, the haughty commandant at Quebec replied: "We claim the country on the Ohio by virtue of the discoveries of LaSalle, and will not give it up to the English. Our orders are to make prisoners of every Englishman found trading in the Ohio Valley."

ENGLISH EXPLORATIONS AND SETTLEMENTS.

When the new year of 1750 broke in upon the Father of Waters and the Great Northwest, all was still wild save at the French posts already described. In 1749, when the English first began to think seriously about sending men into the West, the greater portion of the States of Indiana, Ohio, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Minnesota were yet under the dominion of the red men. The English knew, however, pretty

conclusively of the nature of the wealth of these wilds. As early as 1710, Governor Spotswood, of Virginia, had commenced movements to secure the country west of the Alleghenies to the English crown. In Pennsylvania, Governor Keith and James Logan, secretary of the province, from 1719 to 1731, represented to the powers of England the necessity of securing the Western lands. Nothing was done, however, by that power save to take some diplomatic steps to secure the claims of Britain to this unexplored wilderness.

England had from the outset claimed from the Atlantic to the Pacific, on the ground that the discovery of the seacoast and its possession was a discovery and possession of the country, and, as is well known, her grants to the colonies extended "from sea to sea." This was not all her claim. She had purchased from the Indian tribes large tracts of land. This latter was also a strong argument. As early as 1684, Lord Howard, Governor of Virginia, held a treaty with the six nations. These were the great Northern Confederacy, and comprised at first the Mohawks, Oneidas, Onondagas, Cayugas, and Senecas. Afterward the Tuscaroras were taken into the confederacy, and it became known as the SIX NATIONS. They came under the protection of the mother country, and again in 1701, they repeated the agreement, and in September, 1726, a formal deed was drawn up and signed by the chiefs. The validity of this claim has often been disputed, but never successfully. In 1744, a purchase was made at Lancaster, Pennsylvania, of certain lands within the "Colony of Virginia," for which the Indians received £200 in gold and a like sum in goods, with a promise that, as settlements increased, more should be paid. The Commissioners from Virginia were Colonel Thomas Lee and Colonel William Beverly. As settlements extended, the promise of more pay was called to mind, and Mr. Conrad Weiser was sent across the mountains with presents to appease the savages. Col. Lee, and some Virginians accompanied him with the intention of sounding the Indians upon their feelings regarding the English. They were not satisfied with their treatment, and plainly told the Commissioners why. The English did not desire the cultivation of the country, but the monopoly of the Indian trade. In 1748, the Ohio Company was formed, and petitioned the king for a grant of land beyond the Alleghenies. This was granted, and the government of Virginia was ordered to grant to them a half million acres, two hundred thousand of which were to be located at once. Upon the 12th of June, 1749, 800,000 acres from the line of Canada north and west was made to the Loyal Company, and on the 29th of October, 1751, 100,000 acres were given to the Greenbriar Company. All this time the French were not idle. They saw that, should the British gain a foothold in the West, especially upon the Ohio, they might not only prevent the French

settling upon it, but in time would come to the lower posts and so gain possession of the whole country. Upon the 10th of May, 1774, Vaudreuil, Governor of Canada and the French possessions, well knowing the consequences that must arise from allowing the English to build trading posts in the Northwest, seized some of their frontier posts, and to further secure the claim of the French to the West, he, in 1749, sent Louis Celeron with a party of soldiers to plant along the Ohio River, in the mounds and at the mouths of its principal tributaries, plates of lead, on which were inscribed the claims of France. These were heard of in 1752, and within the memory of residents now living along the "Oyo," as the beautiful river was called by the French. One of these plates was found with the inscription partly defaced. It bears date August 16, 1749, and a copy of the inscription with particular account of the discovery of the plate, was sent by DeWitt Clinton to the American Antiquarian Society, among whose journals it may now be found.* These measures did not, however, deter the English from going on with their explorations, and though neither party resorted to arms, yet the conflict was gathering, and it was only a question of time when the storm would burst upon the frontier settlements. In 1750, Christopher Gist was sent by the Ohio Company to examine its lands. He went to a village of the Twigtwees, on the Miami, about one hundred and fifty miles above its mouth. He afterward spoke of it as very populous. From there he went down the Ohio River nearly to the falls at the present City of Louisville, and in November he commenced a survey of the Company's lands. During the Winter, General Andrew Lewis performed a similar work for the Greenbriar Company. Meanwhile the French were busy in preparing their forts for defense, and in opening roads, and also sent a small party of soldiers to keep the Ohio clear. This party, having heard of the English post on the Miami River, early in 1652, assisted by the Ottawas and Chippewas, attacked it, and, after a severe battle, in which fourteen of the natives were killed and others wounded, captured the garrison. (They were probably garrisoned in a block house). The traders were carried away to Canada, and one account says several were burned. This fort or post was called by the English Pickawillany. A memorial of the king's ministers refers to it as "Pickawillanes, in the center of the territory between the Ohio and the Wabash. The name is probably some variation of Pickaway or Picqua in 1773, written by Rev. David Jones Pickaweke."

* The following is a translation of the inscription on the plate: "In the year 1749, reign of Louis XV., King of France, we, Celeron, commandant of a detachment by Monsieur the Marquis of Gallisoniere, commander-in-chief of New France, to establish tranquility in certain Indian villages of these cantons, have buried this plate at the confluence of the Toradakoin, this twenty-ninth of July, near the river Ohio, otherwise Beautiful River, as a monument of renewal of possession which we have taken of the said river, and all its tributaries; inasmuch as the preceding Kings of France have enjoyed it, and maintained it by their arms and treaties; especially by those of Ryswick, Utrecht, and Aix La Chapelle."

This was the first blood shed between the French and English, and occurred near the present City of Piqua, Ohio, or at least at a point about forty-seven miles north of Dayton. Each nation became now more interested in the progress of events in the Northwest. The English determined to purchase from the Indians a title to the lands they wished to occupy, and Messrs. Fry (afterward Commander-in-chief over Washington at the commencement of the French War of 1775-1763), Lomax and Patton were sent in the Spring of 1752 to hold a conference with the natives at Logstown to learn what they objected to in the treaty of Lancaster already noticed, and to settle all difficulties. On the 9th of June, these Commissioners met the red men at Logstown, a little village on the north bank of the Ohio, about seventeen miles below the site of Pittsburgh. Here had been a trading point for many years, but it was abandoned by the Indians in 1750. At first the Indians declined to recognize the treaty of Lancaster, but, the Commissioners taking aside Montour, the interpreter, who was a son of the famous Catharine Montour, and a chief among the six nations, induced him to use his influence in their favor. This he did, and upon the 13th of June they all united in signing a deed, confirming the Lancaster treaty in its full extent, consenting to a settlement of the southeast of the Ohio, and guaranteeing that it should not be disturbed by them. These were the means used to obtain the first treaty with the Indians in the Ohio Valley.

Meanwhile the powers beyond the sea were trying to out-manœuvre each other, and were professing to be at peace. The English generally outwitted the Indians, and failed in many instances to fulfill their contracts. They thereby gained the ill-will of the red men, and further increased the feeling by failing to provide them with arms and ammunition. Said an old chief, at Easton, in 1758: "The Indians on the Ohio left you because of your own fault. When we heard the French were coming, we asked you for help and arms, but we did not get them. The French came, they treated us kindly, and gained our affections. The Governor of Virginia settled on our lands for his own benefit, and, when we wanted help, forsook us."

At the beginning of 1653, the English thought they had secured by title the lands in the West, but the French had quietly gathered cannon and military stores to be in readiness for the expected blow. The English made other attempts to ratify these existing treaties, but not until the Summer could the Indians be gathered together to discuss the plans of the French. They had sent messages to the French, warning them away; but they replied that they intended to complete the chain of forts already begun, and would not abandon the field.

Soon after this, no satisfaction being obtained from the Ohio regard-

ing the positions and purposes of the French, Governor Dinwiddie of Virginia determined to send to them another messenger and learn from them, if possible, their intentions. For this purpose he selected a young man, a surveyor, who, at the early age of nineteen, had received the rank of major, and who was thoroughly posted regarding frontier life. This personage was no other than the illustrious George Washington, who then held considerable interest in Western lands. He was at this time just twenty-two years of age. Taking Gist as his guide, the two, accompanied by four servitors, set out on their perilous march. They left Will's Creek on the 10th of November, 1753, and on the 22d reached the Monongahela, about ten miles above the fork. From there they went to Logstown, where Washington had a long conference with the chiefs of the Six Nations. From them he learned the condition of the French, and also heard of their determination not to come down the river till the following Spring. The Indians were non-committal, as they were afraid to turn either way, and, as far as they could, desired to remain neutral. Washington, finding nothing could be done with them, went on to Venango, an old Indian town at the mouth of French Creek. Here the French had a fort, called Fort Machault. Through the rum and flattery of the French, he nearly lost all his Indian followers. Finding nothing of importance here, he pursued his way amid great privations, and on the 11th of December reached the fort at the head of French Creek. Here he delivered Governor Dinwiddie's letter, received his answer, took his observations, and on the 16th set out upon his return journey with no one but Gist, his guide, and a few Indians who still remained true to him, notwithstanding the endeavors of the French to retain them. Their homeward journey was one of great peril and suffering from the cold, yet they reached home in safety on the 6th of January, 1754.

From the letter of St. Pierre, commander of the French fort, sent by Washington to Governor Dinwiddie, it was learned that the French would not give up without a struggle. Active preparations were at once made in all the English colonies for the coming conflict, while the French finished the fort at Venango and strengthened their lines of fortifications, and gathered their forces to be in readiness.

The Old Dominion was all alive. Virginia was the center of great activities; volunteers were called for, and from all the neighboring colonies men rallied to the conflict, and everywhere along the Potomac men were enlisting under the Governor's proclamation—which promised two hundred thousand acres on the Ohio. Along this river they were gathering as far as Will's Creek, and far beyond this point, whither Trent had come for assistance for his little band of forty-one men, who were

working away in hunger and want, to fortify that point at the fork of the Ohio, to which both parties were looking with deep interest.

“The first birds of Spring filled the air with their song; the swift river rolled by the Allegheny hillsides, swollen by the melting snows of Spring and the April showers. The leaves were appearing; a few Indian scouts were seen, but no enemy seemed near at hand; and all was so quiet, that Frazier, an old Indian scout and trader, who had been left by Trent in command, ventured to his home at the mouth of Turtle Creek, ten miles up the Monongahela. But, though all was so quiet in that wilderness, keen eyes had seen the low intrenchment rising at the fork, and swift feet had borne the news of it up the river; and upon the morning of the 17th of April, Ensign Ward, who then had charge of it, saw upon the Allegheny a sight that made his heart sink—sixty batteaux and three hundred canoes filled with men, and laden deep with cannon and stores. * * * That evening he supped with his captor, Contrecoeur, and the next day he was bowed off by the Frenchman, and with his men and tools, marched up the Monongahela.”

The French and Indian war had begun. The treaty of Aix la Chapelle, in 1748, had left the boundaries between the French and English possessions unsettled, and the events already narrated show the French were determined to hold the country watered by the Mississippi and its tributaries; while the English laid claims to the country by virtue of the discoveries of the Cabots, and claimed all the country from Newfoundland to Florida, extending from the Atlantic to the Pacific. The first decisive blow had now been struck, and the first attempt of the English, through the Ohio Company, to occupy these lands, had resulted disastrously to them. The French and Indians immediately completed the fortifications begun at the Fork, which they had so easily captured, and when completed gave to the fort the name of DuQuesne. Washington was at Will's Creek when the news of the capture of the fort arrived. He at once departed to recapture it. On his way he entrenched himself at a place called the “Meadows,” where he erected a fort called by him Fort Necessity. From there he surprised and captured a force of French and Indians marching against him, but was soon after attacked in his fort by a much superior force, and was obliged to yield on the morning of July 4th. He was allowed to return to Virginia.

The English Government immediately planned four campaigns; one against Fort DuQuesne; one against Nova Scotia; one against Fort Niagara, and one against Crown Point. These occurred during 1755-6, and were not successful in driving the French from their possessions. The expedition against Fort DuQuesne was led by the famous General Braddock, who, refusing to listen to the advice of Washington and those

acquainted with Indian warfare, suffered such an inglorious defeat. This occurred on the morning of July 9th, and is generally known as the battle of Monongahela, or "Braddock's Defeat." The war continued with various vicissitudes through the years 1756-7; when, at the commencement of 1758, in accordance with the plans of William Pitt, then Secretary of State, afterwards Lord Chatham, active preparations were made to carry on the war. Three expeditions were planned for this year: one, under General Amherst, against Louisburg; another, under Abercrombie, against Fort Ticonderoga; and a third, under General Forbes, against Fort DuQuesne. On the 26th of July, Louisburg surrendered after a desperate resistance of more than forty days, and the eastern part of the Canadian possessions fell into the hands of the British. Abercrombie captured Fort Frontenac, and when the expedition against Fort DuQuesne, of which Washington had the active command, arrived there, it was found in flames and deserted. The English at once took possession, rebuilt the fort, and in honor of their illustrious statesman, changed the name to Fort Pitt.

The great object of the campaign of 1759, was the reduction of Canada. General Wolfe was to lay siege to Quebec; Amherst was to reduce Ticonderoga and Crown Point, and General Prideaux was to capture Niagara. This latter place was taken in July, but the gallant Prideaux lost his life in the attempt. Amherst captured Ticonderoga and Crown Point without a blow; and Wolfe, after making the memorable ascent to the Plains of Abraham, on September 13th, defeated Montcalm, and on the 18th, the city capitulated. In this engagement Montcalm and Wolfe both lost their lives. De Levi, Montcalm's successor, marched to Sillery, three miles above the city, with the purpose of defeating the English, and there, on the 28th of the following April, was fought one of the bloodiest battles of the French and Indian War. It resulted in the defeat of the French, and the fall of the City of Montreal. The Governor signed a capitulation by which the whole of Canada was surrendered to the English. This practically concluded the war, but it was not until 1763 that the treaties of peace between France and England were signed. This was done on the 10th of February of that year, and under its provisions all the country east of the Mississippi and north of the Iberville River, in Louisiana, were ceded to England. At the same time Spain ceded Florida to Great Britain.

On the 13th of September, 1760, Major Robert Rogers was sent from Montreal to take charge of Detroit, the only remaining French post in the territory. He arrived there on the 19th of November, and summoned the place to surrender. At first the commander of the post, Beletre, refused, but on the 29th, hearing of the continued defeat of the

French arms, surrendered. Rogers remained there until December 23d under the personal protection of the celebrated chief, Pontiac, to whom, no doubt, he owed his safety. Pontiac had come here to inquire the purposes of the English in taking possession of the country. He was assured that they came simply to trade with the natives, and did not desire their country. This answer conciliated the savages, and did much to insure the safety of Rogers and his party during their stay, and while on their journey home.

Rogers set out for Fort Pitt on December 23, and was just one month on the way. His route was from Detroit to Maumee, thence across the present State of Ohio directly to the fort. This was the common trail of the Indians in their journeys from Sandusky to the fork of the Ohio. It went from Fort Sandusky, where Sandusky City now is, crossed the Huron river, then called Bald Eagle Creek, to "Mohickon John's Town" on Mohickon Creek, the northern branch of White Woman's River, and thence crossed to Beaver's Town, a Delaware town on what is now Sandy Creek. At Beaver's Town were probably one hundred and fifty warriors, and not less than three thousand acres of cleared land. From there the track went up Sandy Creek to and across Big Beaver, and up the Ohio to Logstown, thence on to the fork.

The Northwest Territory was now entirely under the English rule. New settlements began to be rapidly made, and the promise of a large trade was speedily manifested. Had the British carried out their promises with the natives none of those savage butcheries would have been perpetrated, and the country would have been spared their recital.

The renowned chief, Pontiac, was one of the leading spirits in these atrocities. We will now pause in our narrative, and notice the leading events in his life. The earliest authentic information regarding this noted Indian chief is learned from an account of an Indian trader named Alexander Henry, who, in the Spring of 1761, penetrated his domains as far as Missillimacnac. Pontiac was then a great friend of the French, but a bitter foe of the English, whom he considered as encroaching on his hunting grounds. Henry was obliged to disguise himself as a Canadian to insure safety, but was discovered by Pontiac, who bitterly reproached him and the English for their attempted subjugation of the West. He declared that no treaty had been made with them; no presents sent them, and that he would resent any possession of the West by that nation. He was at the time about fifty years of age, tall and dignified, and was civil and military ruler of the Ottawas, Ojibwas and Pottawatamies.

The Indians, from Lake Michigan to the borders of North Carolina, were united in this feeling, and at the time of the treaty of Paris, ratified February 10, 1763, a general conspiracy was formed to fall suddenly



PONTIAC, THE OTTAWA CHIEFTAIN.

upon the frontier British posts, and with one blow strike every man dead. Pontiac was the marked leader in all this, and was the commander of the Chippewas, Ottawas, Wyandots, Miamis, Shawanese, Delawares and Mingoes, who had, for the time, laid aside their local quarrels to unite in this enterprise.

The blow came, as near as can now be ascertained, on May 7, 1763. Nine British posts fell, and the Indians drank, "scooped up in the hollow of joined hands," the blood of many a Briton.

Pontiac's immediate field of action was the garrison at Detroit. Here, however, the plans were frustrated by an Indian woman disclosing the plot the evening previous to his arrival. Everything was carried out, however, according to Pontiac's plans until the moment of action, when Major Gladwyn, the commander of the post, stepping to one of the Indian chiefs, suddenly drew aside his blanket and disclosed the concealed musket. Pontiac, though a brave man, turned pale and trembled. He saw his plan was known, and that the garrison were prepared. He endeavored to exculpate himself from any such intentions; but the guilt was evident, and he and his followers were dismissed with a severe reprimand, and warned never to again enter the walls of the post.

Pontiac at once laid siege to the fort, and until the treaty of peace between the British and the Western Indians, concluded in August, 1764, continued to harass and besiege the fortress. He organized a regular commissariat department, issued bills of credit written out on bark, which, to his credit, it may be stated, were punctually redeemed. At the conclusion of the treaty, in which it seems he took no part, he went further south, living many years among the Illinois.

He had given up all hope of saving his country and race. After a time he endeavored to unite the Illinois tribe and those about St. Louis in a war with the whites. His efforts were fruitless, and only ended in a quarrel between himself and some Kaskaskia Indians, one of whom soon afterwards killed him. His death was, however, avenged by the northern Indians, who nearly exterminated the Illinois in the wars which followed.

Had it not been for the treachery of a few of his followers, his plan for the extermination of the whites, a masterly one, would undoubtedly have been carried out.

It was in the Spring of the year following Rogers' visit that Alexander Henry went to Missillimacnac, and everywhere found the strongest feelings against the English, who had not carried out their promises, and were doing nothing to conciliate the natives. Here he met the chief, Pontiac, who, after conveying to him in a speech the idea that their French father would awake soon and utterly destroy his enemies, said: "Englishman, although you have conquered the French, you have not

yet conquered us! We are not your slaves! These lakes, these woods, these mountains, were left us by our ancestors. They are our inheritance, and we will part with them to none. Your nation supposes that we, like the white people, can not live without bread and pork and beef. But you ought to know that He, the Great Spirit and Master of Life, has provided food for us upon these broad lakes and in these mountains."

He then spoke of the fact that no treaty had been made with them, no presents sent them, and that he and his people were yet for war. Such were the feelings of the Northwestern Indians immediately after the English took possession of their country. These feelings were no doubt encouraged by the Canadians and French, who hoped that yet the French arms might prevail. The treaty of Paris, however, gave to the English the right to this vast domain, and active preparations were going on to occupy it and enjoy its trade and emoluments.

In 1762, France, by a secret treaty, ceded Louisiana to Spain, to prevent it falling into the hands of the English, who were becoming masters of the entire West. The next year the treaty of Paris, signed at Fontainebleau, gave to the English the domain of the country in question. Twenty years after, by the treaty of peace between the United States and England, that part of Canada lying south and west of the Great Lakes, comprehending a large territory which is the subject of these sketches, was acknowledged to be a portion of the United States; and twenty years still later, in 1803, Louisiana was ceded by Spain back to France, and by France sold to the United States.

In the half century, from the building of the Fort of Crevecœur by LaSalle, in 1680, up to the erection of Fort Chartres, many French settlements had been made in that quarter. These have already been noticed, being those at St. Vincent (Vincennes), Kohokia or Cahokia, Kaskaskia and Prairie du Rocher, on the American Bottom, a large tract of rich alluvial soil in Illinois, on the Mississippi, opposite the site of St. Louis.

By the treaty of Paris, the regions east of the Mississippi, including all these and other towns of the Northwest, were given over to England; but they do not appear to have been taken possession of until 1765, when Captain Stirling, in the name of the Majesty of England, established himself at Fort Chartres bearing with him the proclamation of General Gage, dated December 30, 1764, which promised religious freedom to all Catholics who worshiped here, and a right to leave the country with their effects if they wished, or to remain with the privileges of Englishmen. It was shortly after the occupancy of the West by the British that the war with Pontiac opened. It is already noticed in the sketch of that chieftain. By it many a Briton lost his life, and many a frontier settle-

ment in its infancy ceased to exist. This was not ended until the year 1764, when, failing to capture Detroit, Niagara and Fort Pitt, his confederacy became disheartened, and, receiving no aid from the French, Pontiac abandoned the enterprise and departed to the Illinois, among whom he afterward lost his life.

As soon as these difficulties were definitely settled, settlers began rapidly to survey the country and prepare for occupation. During the year 1770, a number of persons from Virginia and other British provinces explored and marked out nearly all the valuable lands on the Monongahela and along the banks of the Ohio as far as the Little Kanawha. This was followed by another exploring expedition, in which George Washington was a party. The latter, accompanied by Dr. Craik, Capt. Crawford and others, on the 20th of October, 1770, descended the Ohio from Pittsburgh to the mouth of the Kanawha; ascended that stream about fourteen miles, marked out several large tracts of land, shot several buffalo, which were then abundant in the Ohio Valley, and returned to the fort.

Pittsburgh was at this time a trading post, about which was clustered a village of some twenty houses, inhabited by Indian traders. This same year, Capt. Pittman visited Kaskaskia and its neighboring villages. He found there about sixty-five resident families, and at Cahokia only forty-five dwellings. At Fort Chartres was another small settlement, and at Detroit the garrison were quite prosperous and strong. For a year or two settlers continued to locate near some of these posts, generally Fort Pitt or Detroit, owing to the fears of the Indians, who still maintained some feelings of hatred to the English. The trade from the posts was quite good, and from those in Illinois large quantities of pork and flour found their way to the New Orleans market. At this time the policy of the British Government was strongly opposed to the extension of the colonies west. In 1763, the King of England forbade, by royal proclamation, his colonial subjects from making a settlement beyond the sources of the rivers which fall into the Atlantic Ocean. At the instance of the Board of Trade, measures were taken to prevent the settlement without the limits prescribed, and to retain the commerce within easy reach of Great Britain.

The commander-in-chief of the king's forces wrote in 1769: "In the course of a few years necessity will compel the colonists, should they extend their settlements west, to provide manufactures of some kind for themselves, and when all connection upheld by commerce with the mother country ceases, an *independency* in their government will soon follow."

In accordance with this policy, Gov. Gage issued a proclamation in 1772, commanding the inhabitants of Vincennes to abandon their settlements and join some of the Eastern English colonies. To this they

strenuously objected, giving good reasons therefor, and were allowed to remain. The strong opposition to this policy of Great Britain led to its change, and to such a course as to gain the attachment of the French population. In December, 1773, influential citizens of Quebec petitioned the king for an extension of the boundary lines of that province, which was granted, and Parliament passed an act on June 2, 1774, extending the boundary so as to include the territory lying within the present States of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Michigan.

In consequence of the liberal policy pursued by the British Government toward the French settlers in the West, they were disposed to favor that nation in the war which soon followed with the colonies ; but the early alliance between France and America soon brought them to the side of the war for independence.

In 1774, Gov. Dunmore, of Virginia, began to encourage emigration to the Western lands. He appointed magistrates at Fort Pitt under the pretense that the fort was under the government of that commonwealth. One of these justices, John Connelly, who possessed a tract of land in the Ohio Valley, gathered a force of men and garrisoned the fort, calling it Fort Dunmore. This and other parties were formed to select sites for settlements, and often came in conflict with the Indians, who yet claimed portions of the valley, and several battles followed. These ended in the famous battle of Kanawha in July, where the Indians were defeated and driven across the Ohio.

During the years 1775 and 1776, by the operations of land companies and the perseverance of individuals, several settlements were firmly established between the Alleghanies and the Ohio River, and western land speculators were busy in Illinois and on the Wabash. At a council held in Kaskaskia on July 5, 1773, an association of English traders, calling themselves the "Illinois Land Company," obtained from ten chiefs of the Kaskaskia, Cahokia and Peoria tribes two large tracts of land lying on the east side of the Mississippi River south of the Illinois. In 1775, a merchant from the Illinois Country, named Viviat, came to Post Vincennes as the agent of the association called the "Wabash Land Company." On the 8th of October he obtained from eleven Piankeshaw chiefs, a deed for 37,497,600 acres of land. This deed was signed by the grantors, attested by a number of the inhabitants of Vincennes, and afterward recorded in the office of a notary public at Kaskaskia. This and other land companies had extensive schemes for the colonization of the West ; but all were frustrated by the breaking out of the Revolution. On the 20th of April, 1780, the two companies named consolidated under the name of the "United Illinois and Wabash Land Company." They afterward made

strenuous efforts to have these grants sanctioned by Congress, but all signally failed.

When the War of the Revolution commenced, Kentucky was an unorganized country, though there were several settlements within her borders.

In Hutchins' Topography of Virginia, it is stated that at that time "Kaskaskia contained 80 houses, and nearly 1,000 white and black inhabitants—the whites being a little the more numerous. Cahokia contains 50 houses and 300 white inhabitants, and 80 negroes. There were east of the Mississippi River, about the year 1771"—when these observations were made—"300 white men capable of bearing arms, and 230 negroes."

From 1775 until the expedition of Clark, nothing is recorded and nothing known of these settlements, save what is contained in a report made by a committee to Congress in June, 1778. From it the following extract is made:

"Near the mouth of the River Kaskaskia, there is a village which appears to have contained nearly eighty families from the beginning of the late revolution. There are twelve families in a small village at la Prairie du Rochers, and near fifty families at the Kahokia Village. There are also four or five families at Fort Chartres and St. Philips, which is five miles further up the river."

St. Louis had been settled in February, 1764, and at this time contained, including its neighboring towns, over six hundred whites and one hundred and fifty negroes. It must be remembered that all the country west of the Mississippi was now under French rule, and remained so until ceded again to Spain, its original owner, who afterwards sold it and the country including New Orleans to the United States. At Detroit there were, according to Capt. Carver, who was in the Northwest from 1766 to 1768, more than one hundred houses, and the river was settled for more than twenty miles, although poorly cultivated—the people being engaged in the Indian trade. This old town has a history, which we will here relate.

It is the oldest town in the Northwest, having been founded by Antoine de Lamotte Cadillac, in 1701. It was laid out in the form of an oblong square, of two acres in length, and an acre and a half in width. As described by A. D. Frazer, who first visited it and became a permanent resident of the place, in 1778, it comprised within its limits that space between Mr. Palmer's store (Conant Block) and Capt. Perkins' house (near the Arsenal building), and extended back as far as the public barn, and was bordered in front by the Detroit River. It was surrounded by oak and cedar pickets, about fifteen feet long, set in the ground, and had four gates—east, west, north and south. Over the first three of these

gates were block houses provided with four guns apiece, each a six-pounder. Two six-gun batteries were planted fronting the river and in a parallel direction with the block houses. There were four streets running east and west, the main street being twenty feet wide and the rest fifteen feet, while the four streets crossing these at right angles were from ten to fifteen feet in width.

At the date spoken of by Mr. Frazer, there was no fort within the enclosure, but a citadel on the ground corresponding to the present northwest corner of Jefferson Avenue and Wayne Street. The citadel was inclosed by pickets, and within it were erected barracks of wood, two stories high, sufficient to contain ten officers, and also barracks sufficient to contain four hundred men, and a provision store built of brick. The citadel also contained a hospital and guard-house. The old town of Detroit, in 1778, contained about sixty houses, most of them one story, with a few a story and a half in height. They were all of logs, some hewn and some round. There was one building of splendid appearance, called the "King's Palace," two stories high, which stood near the east gate. It was built for Governor Hamilton, the first governor commissioned by the British. There were two guard-houses, one near the west gate and the other near the Government House. Each of the guards consisted of twenty-four men and a subaltern, who mounted regularly every morning between nine and ten o'clock. Each furnished four sentinels, who were relieved every two hours. There was also an officer of the day, who performed strict duty. Each of the gates was shut regularly at sunset; even wicket gates were shut at nine o'clock, and all the keys were delivered into the hands of the commanding officer. They were opened in the morning at sunrise. No Indian or squaw was permitted to enter town with any weapon, such as a tomahawk or a knife. It was a standing order that the Indians should deliver their arms and instruments of every kind before they were permitted to pass the sentinel, and they were restored to them on their return. No more than twenty-five Indians were allowed to enter the town at any one time, and they were admitted only at the east and west gates. At sundown the drums beat, and all the Indians were required to leave town instantly. There was a council house near the water side for the purpose of holding council with the Indians. The population of the town was about sixty families, in all about two hundred males and one hundred females. This town was destroyed by fire, all except one dwelling, in 1805. After which the present "new" town was laid out.

On the breaking out of the Revolution, the British held every post of importance in the West. Kentucky was formed as a component part of Virginia, and the sturdy pioneers of the West, alive to their interests,

and recognizing the great benefits of obtaining the control of the trade in this part of the New World, held steadily to their purposes, and those within the commonwealth of Kentucky proceeded to exercise their civil privileges, by electing John Todd and Richard Gallaway, burgesses to represent them in the Assembly of the parent state. Early in September of that year (1777) the first court was held in Harrodsburg, and Col. Bowman, afterwards major, who had arrived in August, was made the commander of a militia organization which had been commenced the March previous. Thus the tree of loyalty was growing. The chief spirit in this far-out colony, who had represented her the year previous east of the mountains, was now meditating a move unequaled in its boldness. He had been watching the movements of the British throughout the Northwest, and understood their whole plan. He saw it was through their possession of the posts at Detroit, Vincennes, Kaskaskia, and other places, which would give them constant and easy access to the various Indian tribes in the Northwest, that the British intended to penetrate the country from the north and south, and annihilate the frontier fortresses. This moving, energetic man was Colonel, afterwards General, George Rogers Clark. He knew the Indians were not unanimously in accord with the English, and he was convinced that, could the British be defeated and expelled from the Northwest, the natives might be easily awed into neutrality; and by spies sent for the purpose, he satisfied himself that the enterprise against the Illinois settlements might easily succeed. Having convinced himself of the certainty of the project, he repaired to the Capital of Virginia, which place he reached on November 5th. While he was on his way, fortunately, on October 17th, Burgoyne had been defeated, and the spirits of the colonists greatly encouraged thereby. Patrick Henry was Governor of Virginia, and at once entered heartily into Clark's plans. The same plan had before been agitated in the Colonial Assemblies, but there was no one until Clark came who was sufficiently acquainted with the condition of affairs at the scene of action to be able to guide them.

Clark, having satisfied the Virginia leaders of the feasibility of his plan, received, on the 2d of January, two sets of instructions—one secret, the other open—the latter authorized him to proceed to enlist seven companies to go to Kentucky, subject to his orders, and to serve three months from their arrival in the West. The secret order authorized him to arm these troops, to procure his powder and lead of General Hand at Pittsburgh, and to proceed at once to subjugate the country.

With these instructions Clark repaired to Pittsburgh, choosing rather to raise his men west of the mountains, as he well knew all were needed in the colonies in the conflict there. He sent Col. W. B. Smith to Hol-

ston for the same purpose, but neither succeeded in raising the required number of men. The settlers in these parts were afraid to leave their own firesides exposed to a vigilant foe, and but few could be induced to join the proposed expedition. With three companies and several private volunteers, Clark at length commenced his descent of the Ohio, which he navigated as far as the Falls, where he took possession of and fortified Corn Island, a small island between the present Cities of Louisville, Kentucky, and New Albany, Indiana. Remains of this fortification may yet be found. At this place he appointed Col. Bowman to meet him with such recruits as had reached Kentucky by the southern route, and as many as could be spared from the station. Here he announced to the men their real destination. Having completed his arrangements, and chosen his party, he left a small garrison upon the island, and on the 24th of June, during a total eclipse of the sun, which to them augured no good, and which fixes beyond dispute the date of starting, he with his chosen band, fell down the river. His plan was to go by water as far as Fort Massac or Massacre, and thence march direct to Kaskaskia. Here he intended to surprise the garrison, and after its capture go to Cahokia, then to Vincennes, and lastly to Detroit. Should he fail, he intended to march directly to the Mississippi River and cross it into the Spanish country. Before his start he received two good items of information: one that the alliance had been formed between France and the United States; and the other that the Indians throughout the Illinois country and the inhabitants, at the various frontier posts, had been led to believe by the British that the "Long Knives" or Virginians, were the most fierce, bloodthirsty and cruel savages that ever scalped a foe. With this impression on their minds, Clark saw that proper management would cause them to submit at once from fear, if surprised, and then from gratitude would become friendly if treated with unexpected leniency.

The march to Kaskaskia was accomplished through a hot July sun, and the town reached on the evening of July 4. He captured the fort near the village, and soon after the village itself by surprise, and without the loss of a single man or by killing any of the enemy. After sufficiently working upon the fears of the natives, Clark told them they were at perfect liberty to worship as they pleased, and to take whichever side of the great conflict they would, also he would protect them from any barbarity from British or Indian foe. This had the desired effect, and the inhabitants, so unexpectedly and so gratefully surprised by the unlooked for turn of affairs, at once swore allegiance to the American arms, and when Clark desired to go to Cahokia on the 6th of July, they accompanied him, and through their influence the inhabitants of the place surrendered, and gladly placed themselves under his protection. Thus

the two important posts in Illinois passed from the hands of the English into the possession of Virginia.

In the person of the priest at Kaskaskia, M. Gibault, Clark found a powerful ally and generous friend. Clark saw that, to retain possession of the Northwest and treat successfully with the Indians within its boundaries, he must establish a government for the colonies he had taken. St. Vincent, the next important post to Detroit, remained yet to be taken before the Mississippi Valley was conquered. M. Gibault told him that he would alone, by persuasion, lead Vincennes to throw off its connection with England. Clark gladly accepted his offer, and on the 14th of July, in company with a fellow-townsmen, M. Gibault started on his mission of peace, and on the 1st of August returned with the cheerful intelligence that the post on the "Oubache" had taken the oath of allegiance to the Old Dominion. During this interval, Clark established his courts, placed garrisons at Kaskaskia and Cahokia, successfully re-enlisted his men, sent word to have a fort, which proved the germ of Louisville, erected at the Falls of the Ohio, and dispatched Mr. Rocheblave, who had been commander at Kaskaskia, as a prisoner of war to Richmond. In October the County of Illinois was established by the Legislature of Virginia, John Todd appointed Lieutenant Colonel and Civil Governor, and in November General Clark and his men received the thanks of the Old Dominion through their Legislature.

In a speech a few days afterward, Clark made known fully to the natives his plans, and at its close all came forward and swore allegiance to the Long Knives. While he was doing this Governor Hamilton, having made his various arrangements, had left Detroit and moved down the Wabash to Vincennes intending to operate from that point in reducing the Illinois posts, and then proceed on down to Kentucky and drive the rebels from the West. Gen. Clark had, on the return of M. Gibault, dispatched Captain Helm, of Fauquier County, Virginia, with an attendant named Henry, across the Illinois prairies to command the fort. Hamilton knew nothing of the capitulation of the post, and was greatly surprised on his arrival to be confronted by Capt. Helm, who, standing at the entrance of the fort by a loaded cannon ready to fire upon his assailants, demanded upon what terms Hamilton demanded possession of the fort. Being granted the rights of a prisoner of war, he surrendered to the British General, who could scarcely believe his eyes when he saw the force in the garrison.

Hamilton, not realizing the character of the men with whom he was contending, gave up his intended campaign for the Winter, sent his four hundred Indian warriors to prevent troops from coming down the Ohio,

and to annoy the Americans in all ways, and sat quietly down to pass the Winter. Information of all these proceedings having reached Clark, he saw that immediate and decisive action was necessary, and that unless he captured Hamilton, Hamilton would capture him. Clark received the news on the 29th of January, 1779, and on February 4th, having sufficiently garrisoned Kaskaskia and Cahokia, he sent down the Mississippi a "battoe," as Major Bowman writes it, in order to ascend the Ohio and Wabash, and operate with the land forces gathering for the fray.

On the next day, Clark, with his little force of one hundred and twenty men, set out for the post, and after incredible hard marching through much mud, the ground being thawed by the incessant spring rains, on the 22d reached the fort, and being joined by his "battoe," at once commenced the attack on the post. The aim of the American backwoodsman was unerring, and on the 24th the garrison surrendered to the intrepid boldness of Clark. The French were treated with great kindness, and gladly renewed their allegiance to Virginia. Hamilton was sent as a prisoner to Virginia, where he was kept in close confinement. During his command of the British frontier posts, he had offered prizes to the Indians for all the scalps of Americans they would bring to him, and had earned in consequence thereof the title "Hair-buyer General," by which he was ever afterward known.

Detroit was now without doubt within easy reach of the enterprising Virginian, could he but raise the necessary force. Governor Henry being apprised of this, promised him the needed reinforcement, and Clark concluded to wait until he could capture and sufficiently garrison the posts. Had Clark failed in this bold undertaking, and Hamilton succeeded in uniting the western Indians for the next Spring's campaign, the West would indeed have been swept from the Mississippi to the Allegheny Mountains, and the great blow struck, which had been contemplated from the commencement, by the British.

"But for this small army of dripping, but fearless Virginians, the union of all the tribes from Georgia to Maine against the colonies might have been effected, and the whole current of our history changed."

At this time some fears were entertained by the Colonial Governments that the Indians in the North and Northwest were inclining to the British, and under the instructions of Washington, now Commander-in-Chief of the Colonial army, and so bravely fighting for American independence, armed forces were sent against the Six Nations, and upon the Ohio frontier, Col. Bowman, acting under the same general's orders, marched against Indians within the present limits of that State. These expeditions were in the main successful, and the Indians were compelled to sue for peace.

During this same year (1779) the famous "Land Laws" of Virginia were passed. The passage of these laws was of more consequence to the pioneers of Kentucky and the Northwest than the gaining of a few Indian conflicts. These laws confirmed in main all grants made, and guaranteed to all actual settlers their rights and privileges. After providing for the settlers, the laws provided for selling the balance of the public lands at forty cents per acre. To carry the Land Laws into effect, the Legislature sent four Virginians westward to attend to the various claims, over many of which great confusion prevailed concerning their validity. These gentlemen opened their court on October 13, 1779, at St. Asaphs, and continued until April 26, 1780, when they adjourned, having decided three thousand claims. They were succeeded by the surveyor, who came in the person of Mr. George May, and assumed his duties on the 10th day of the month whose name he bore. With the opening of the next year (1780) the troubles concerning the navigation of the Mississippi commenced. The Spanish Government exacted such measures in relation to its trade as to cause the overtures made to the United States to be rejected. The American Government considered they had a right to navigate its channel. To enforce their claims, a fort was erected below the mouth of the Ohio on the Kentucky side of the river. The settlements in Kentucky were being rapidly filled by emigrants. It was during this year that the first seminary of learning was established in the West in this young and enterprising Commonwealth.

The settlers here did not look upon the building of this fort in a friendly manner, as it aroused the hostility of the Indians. Spain had been friendly to the Colonies during their struggle for independence, and though for a while this friendship appeared in danger from the refusal of the free navigation of the river, yet it was finally settled to the satisfaction of both nations.

The Winter of 1779-80 was one of the most unusually severe ones ever experienced in the West. The Indians always referred to it as the "Great Cold." Numbers of wild animals perished, and not a few pioneers lost their lives. The following Summer a party of Canadians and Indians attacked St. Louis, and attempted to take possession of it in consequence of the friendly disposition of Spain to the revolting colonies. They met with such a determined resistance on the part of the inhabitants, even the women taking part in the battle, that they were compelled to abandon the contest. They also made an attack on the settlements in Kentucky, but, becoming alarmed in some unaccountable manner, they fled the country in great haste.

About this time arose the question in the Colonial Congress concerning the western lands claimed by Virginia, New York, Massachusetts

and Connecticut. The agitation concerning this subject finally led New York, on the 19th of February, 1780, to pass a law giving to the delegates of that State in Congress the power to cede her western lands for the benefit of the United States. This law was laid before Congress during the next month, but no steps were taken concerning it until September 6th, when a resolution passed that body calling upon the States claiming western lands to release their claims in favor of the whole body. This basis formed the union, and was the first after all of those legislative measures which resulted in the creation of the States of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota. In December of the same year, the plan of conquering Detroit again arose. The conquest might have easily been effected by Clark had the necessary aid been furnished him. Nothing decisive was done, yet the heads of the Government knew that the safety of the Northwest from British invasion lay in the capture and retention of that important post, the only unconquered one in the territory.

Before the close of the year, Kentucky was divided into the Counties of Lincoln, Fayette and Jefferson, and the act establishing the Town of Louisville was passed. This same year is also noted in the annals of American history as the year in which occurred Arnold's treason to the United States.

Virginia, in accordance with the resolution of Congress, on the 2d day of January, 1781, agreed to yield her western lands to the United States upon certain conditions, which Congress would not accede to, and the Act of Cession, on the part of the Old Dominion, failed, nor was anything farther done until 1783. During all that time the Colonies were busily engaged in the struggle with the mother country, and in consequence thereof but little heed was given to the western settlements. Upon the 16th of April, 1781, the first birth north of the Ohio River of American parentage occurred, being that of Mary Heckewelder, daughter of the widely known Moravian missionary, whose band of Christian Indians suffered in after years a horrible massacre by the hands of the frontier settlers, who had been exasperated by the murder of several of their neighbors, and in their rage committed, without regard to humanity, a deed which forever afterwards cast a shade of shame upon their lives. For this and kindred outrages on the part of the whites, the Indians committed many deeds of cruelty which darken the years of 1771 and 1772 in the history of the Northwest.

During the year 1782 a number of battles among the Indians and frontiersmen occurred, and between the Moravian Indians and the Wyandots. In these, horrible acts of cruelty were practised on the captives, many of such dark deeds transpiring under the leadership of the notorious

frontier outlaw, Simon Girty, whose name, as well as those of his brothers, was a terror to women and children. These occurred chiefly in the Ohio valleys. Cotemporary with them were several engagements in Kentucky, in which the famous Daniel Boone engaged, and who, often by his skill and knowledge of Indian warfare, saved the outposts from cruel destruc-



INDIANS ATTACKING FRONTIERSMEN.

tion. By the close of the year victory had perched upon the American banner, and on the 30th of November, provisional articles of peace had been arranged between the Commissioners of England and her unconquerable colonies. Cornwallis had been defeated on the 19th of October preceding, and the liberty of America was assured. On the 19th of April following, the anniversary of the battle of Lexington, peace was

proclaimed to the army of the United States, and on the 3d of the next September, the definite treaty which ended our revolutionary struggle was concluded. By the terms of that treaty, the boundaries of the West were as follows: On the north the line was to extend along the center of the Great Lakes; from the western point of Lake Superior to Long Lake; thence to the Lake of the Woods; thence to the head of the Mississippi River; down its center to the 31st parallel of latitude, then on that line east to the head of the Appalachicola River; down its center to its junction with the Flint; thence straight to the head of St. Mary's River, and thence down along its center to the Atlantic Ocean.

Following the cessation of hostilities with England, several posts were still occupied by the British in the North and West. Among these was Detroit, still in the hands of the enemy. Numerous engagements with the Indians throughout Ohio and Indiana occurred, upon whose lands adventurous whites would settle ere the title had been acquired by the proper treaty.

To remedy this latter evil, Congress appointed commissioners to treat with the natives and purchase their lands, and prohibited the settlement of the territory until this could be done. Before the close of the year another attempt was made to capture Detroit, which was, however, not pushed, and Virginia, no longer feeling the interest in the Northwest she had formerly done, withdrew her troops, having on the 20th of December preceding authorized the whole of her possessions to be deeded to the United States. This was done on the 1st of March following, and the Northwest Territory passed from the control of the Old Dominion. To Gen. Clark and his soldiers, however, she gave a tract of one hundred and fifty thousand acres of land, to be situated any where north of the Ohio wherever they chose to locate them. They selected the region opposite the falls of the Ohio, where is now the dilapidated village of Clarksville, about midway between the Cities of New Albany and Jeffersonville, Indiana.

While the frontier remained thus, and Gen. Haldimand at Detroit refused to evacuate alleging that he had no orders from his King to do so, settlers were rapidly gathering about the inland forts. In the Spring of 1784, Pittsburgh was regularly laid out, and from the journal of Arthur Lee, who passed through the town soon after on his way to the Indian council at Fort McIntosh, we suppose it was not very prepossessing in appearance. He says:

"Pittsburgh is inhabited almost entirely by Scots and Irish, who live in paltry log houses, and are as dirty as if in the north of Ireland or even Scotland. There is a great deal of trade carried on, the goods being bought at the vast expense of forty-five shillings per pound from Phila-

delphia and Baltimore. They take in the shops flour, wheat, skins and money. There are in the town four attorneys, two doctors, and not a priest of any persuasion, nor church nor chapel."

Kentucky at this time contained thirty thousand inhabitants, and was beginning to discuss measures for a separation from Virginia. A land office was opened at Louisville, and measures were adopted to take defensive precaution against the Indians who were yet, in some instances, incited to deeds of violence by the British. Before the close of this year, 1784, the military claimants of land began to occupy them, although no entries were recorded until 1787.

The Indian title to the Northwest was not yet extinguished. They held large tracts of lands, and in order to prevent bloodshed Congress adopted means for treaties with the original owners and provided for the surveys of the lands gained thereby, as well as for those north of the Ohio, now in its possession. On January 31, 1786, a treaty was made with the Wabash Indians. The treaty of Fort Stanwix had been made in 1784. That at Fort McIntosh in 1785, and through these much land was gained. The Wabash Indians, however, afterward refused to comply with the provisions of the treaty made with them, and in order to compel their adherence to its provisions, force was used. During the year 1786, the free navigation of the Mississippi came up in Congress, and caused various discussions, which resulted in no definite action, only serving to excite speculation in regard to the western lands. Congress had promised bounties of land to the soldiers of the Revolution, but owing to the unsettled condition of affairs along the Mississippi respecting its navigation, and the trade of the Northwest, that body had, in 1783, declared its inability to fulfill these promises until a treaty could be concluded between the two Governments. Before the close of the year 1786, however, it was able, through the treaties with the Indians, to allow some grants and the settlement thereon, and on the 14th of September Connecticut ceded to the General Government the tract of land known as the "Connecticut Reserve," and before the close of the following year a large tract of land north of the Ohio was sold to a company, who at once took measures to settle it. By the provisions of this grant, the company were to pay the United States one dollar per acre, subject to a deduction of one-third for bad lands and other contingencies. They received 750,000 acres, bounded on the south by the Ohio, on the east by the seventh range of townships, on the west by the sixteenth range, and on the north by a line so drawn as to make the grant complete without the reservations. In addition to this, Congress afterward granted 100,000 acres to actual settlers, and 214,285 acres as army bounties under the resolutions of 1789 and 1790.

While Dr. Cutler, one of the agents of the company, was pressing its claims before Congress, that body was bringing into form an ordinance for the political and social organization of this Territory. When the cession was made by Virginia, in 1784, a plan was offered, but rejected. A motion had been made to strike from the proposed plan the prohibition of slavery, which prevailed. The plan was then discussed and altered, and finally passed unanimously, with the exception of South Carolina. By this proposition, the Territory was to have been divided into states



A PRAIRIE STORM.

by parallels and meridian lines. This, it was thought, would make ten states, which were to have been named as follows—beginning at the northwest corner and going southwardly: Sylvania, Michigania, Chersonesus, Assenisipia, Metropotamia, Illenoia, Saratoga, Washington, Polypotamia and Pelisipia.

There was a more serious objection to this plan than its category of names,—the boundaries. The root of the difficulty was in the resolution of Congress passed in October, 1780, which fixed the boundaries of the ceded lands to be from one hundred to one hundred and fifty miles

square. These resolutions being presented to the Legislatures of Virginia and Massachusetts, they desired a change, and in July, 1786, the subject was taken up in Congress, and changed to favor a division into not more than five states, and not less than three. This was approved by the State Legislature of Virginia. The subject of the Government was again taken up by Congress in 1786, and discussed throughout that year and until July, 1787, when the famous "Compact of 1787" was passed, and the foundation of the government of the Northwest laid. This compact is fully discussed and explained in the history of Illinois in this book, and to it the reader is referred.

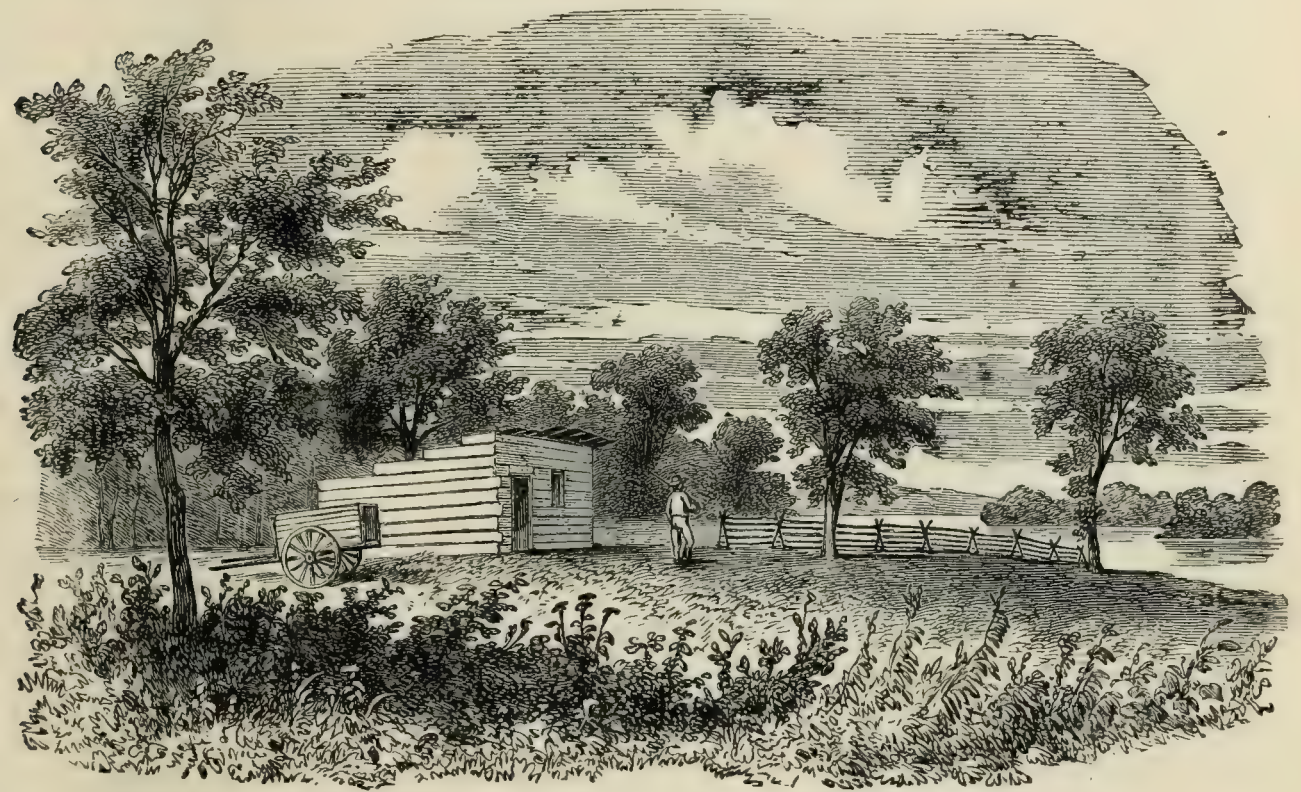
The passage of this act and the grant to the New England Company was soon followed by an application to the Government by John Cleves Symmes, of New Jersey, for a grant of the land between the Miamis. This gentleman had visited these lands soon after the treaty of 1786, and, being greatly pleased with them, offered similar terms to those given to the New England Company. The petition was referred to the Treasury Board with power to act, and a contract was concluded the following year. During the Autumn the directors of the New England Company were preparing to occupy their grant the following Spring, and upon the 23d of November made arrangements for a party of forty-seven men, under the superintendency of Gen. Rufus Putnam, to set forward. Six boat-builders were to leave at once, and on the first of January the surveyors and their assistants, twenty-six in number, were to meet at Hartford and proceed on their journey westward; the remainder to follow as soon as possible. Congress, in the meantime, upon the 3d of October, had ordered seven hundred troops for defense of the western settlers, and to prevent unauthorized intrusions; and two days later appointed Arthur St. Clair Governor of the Territory of the Northwest.

AMERICAN SETTLEMENTS.

The civil organization of the Northwest Territory was now complete, and notwithstanding the uncertainty of Indian affairs, settlers from the East began to come into the country rapidly. The New England Company sent their men during the Winter of 1787-8 pressing on over the Alleghenies by the old Indian path which had been opened into Braddock's road, and which has since been made a national turnpike from Cumberland westward. Through the weary winter days they toiled on, and by April were all gathered on the Yohiogany, where boats had been built, and at once started for the Muskingum. Here they arrived on the 7th of that month, and unless the Moravian missionaries be regarded as the pioneers of Ohio, this little band can justly claim that honor.

Gen. St. Clair, the appointed Governor of the Northwest, not having yet arrived, a set of laws were passed, written out, and published by being nailed to a tree in the embryo town, and Jonathan Meigs appointed to administer them.

Washington in writing of this, the first American settlement in the Northwest, said: "No colony in America was ever settled under such favorable auspices as that which has just commenced at Muskingum. Information, property and strength will be its characteristics. I know many of its settlers personally, and there never were men better calculated to promote the welfare of such a community."



A PIONEER DWELLING.

On the 2d of July a meeting of the directors and agents was held on the banks of the Muskingum, "for the purpose of naming the new-born city and its squares." As yet the settlement was known as the "Muskingum," but that was now changed to the name Marietta, in honor of Marie Antoinette. The square upon which the block-houses stood was called "*Campus Martius*," square number 19, "*Capitolium*," square number 61, "*Cecilia*," and the great road through the covert way, "*Sacra Via*." Two days after, an oration was delivered by James M. Varnum, who with S. H. Parsons and John Armstrong had been appointed to the judicial bench of the territory on the 16th of October, 1787. On July 9, Gov. St. Clair arrived, and the colony began to assume form. The act of 1787 provided two district grades of government for the Northwest,

under the first of which the whole power was invested in the hands of a governor and three district judges. This was immediately formed upon the Governor's arrival, and the first laws of the colony passed on the 25th of July. These provided for the organization of the militia, and on the next day appeared the Governor's proclamation, erecting all that country that had been ceded by the Indians east of the Scioto River into the County of Washington. From that time forward, notwithstanding the doubts yet existing as to the Indians, all Marietta prospered, and on the 2d of September the first court of the territory was held with imposing ceremonies.

The emigration westward at this time was very great. The commander at Fort Harmer, at the mouth of the Muskingum, reported four thousand five hundred persons as having passed that post between February and June, 1788—many of whom would have purchased of the "Associates," as the New England Company was called, had they been ready to receive them.

On the 26th of November, 1787, Symmes issued a pamphlet stating the terms of his contract and the plan of sale he intended to adopt. In January, 1788, Matthias Denman, of New Jersey, took an active interest in Symmes' purchase, and located among other tracts the sections upon which Cincinnati has been built. Retaining one-third of this locality, he sold the other two-thirds to Robert Patterson and John Filson, and the three, about August, commenced to lay out a town on the spot, which was designated as being opposite Licking River, to the mouth of which they proposed to have a road cut from Lexington. The naming of the town is thus narrated in the "Western Annals":—"Mr. Filson, who had been a schoolmaster, was appointed to name the town, and, in respect to its situation, and as if with a prophetic perception of the mixed race that were to inhabit it in after days, he named it Losantiville, which, being interpreted, means: *ville*, the town; *anti*, against or opposite to; *os*, the mouth; *L.* of Licking."

Meanwhile, in July, Symmes got thirty persons and eight four-horse teams under way for the West. These reached Limestone (now Maysville) in September, where were several persons from Redstone. Here Mr. Symmes tried to found a settlement, but the great freshet of 1789 caused the "Point," as it was and is yet called, to be fifteen feet under water, and the settlement to be abandoned. The little band of settlers removed to the mouth of the Miami. Before Symmes and his colony left the "Point," two settlements had been made on his purchase. The first was by Mr. Stiltes, the original projector of the whole plan, who, with a colony of Redstone people, had located at the mouth of the Miami, whither Symmes went with his Maysville colony. Here a clearing had

been made by the Indians owing to the great fertility of the soil. Mr. Stiltes with his colony came to this place on the 18th of November, 1788, with twenty-six persons, and, building a block-house, prepared to remain through the Winter. They named the settlement Columbia. Here they were kindly treated by the Indians, but suffered greatly from the flood of 1789.

On the 4th of March, 1789, the Constitution of the United States went into operation, and on April 30, George Washington was inaugurated President of the American people, and during the next Summer, an Indian war was commenced by the tribes north of the Ohio. The President at first used pacific means; but these failing, he sent General Harmer against the hostile tribes. He destroyed several villages, but



BREAKING PRAIRIE.

was defeated in two battles, near the present City of Fort Wayne, Indiana. From this time till the close of 1795, the principal events were the wars with the various Indian tribes. In 1796, General St. Clair was appointed in command, and marched against the Indians; but while he was encamped on a stream, the St. Mary, a branch of the Maumee, he was attacked and defeated with the loss of six hundred men.

General Wayne was now sent against the savages. In August, 1794, he met them near the rapids of the Maumee, and gained a complete victory. This success, followed by vigorous measures, compelled the Indians to sue for peace, and on the 30th of July, the following year, the treaty of Greenville was signed by the principal chiefs, by which a large tract of country was ceded to the United States.

Before proceeding in our narrative, we will pause to notice Fort Washington, erected in the early part of this war on the site of Cincinnati. Nearly all of the great cities of the Northwest, and indeed of the

whole country, have had their *nuclei* in those rude pioneer structures, known as forts or stockades. Thus Forts Dearborn, Washington, Pontchartrain, mark the original sites of the now proud Cities of Chicago, Cincinnati and Detroit. So of most of the flourishing cities east and west of the Mississippi. Fort Washington, erected by Doughty in 1790, was a rude but highly interesting structure. It was composed of a number of strongly-built hewed log cabins. Those designed for soldiers' barracks were a story and a half high, while those composing the officers quarters were more imposing and more conveniently arranged and furnished. The whole were so placed as to form a hollow square, enclosing about an acre of ground, with a block house at each of the four angles.

The logs for the construction of this fort were cut from the ground upon which it was erected. It stood between Third and Fourth Streets of the present city (Cincinnati) extending east of Eastern Row, now Broadway, which was then a narrow alley, and the eastern boundary of the town as it was originally laid out. On the bank of the river, immediately in front of the fort, was an appendage of the fort, called the Artificer's Yard. It contained about two acres of ground, enclosed by small contiguous buildings, occupied by workshops and quarters of laborers. Within this enclosure there was a large two-story frame house, familiarly called the "Yellow House," built for the accommodation of the Quartermaster General. For many years this was the best finished and most commodious edifice in the Queen City. Fort Washington was for some time the headquarters of both the civil and military governments of the Northwestern Territory.

Following the consummation of the treaty various gigantic land speculations were entered into by different persons, who hoped to obtain from the Indians in Michigan and northern Indiana, large tracts of lands. These were generally discovered in time to prevent the outrageous schemes from being carried out, and from involving the settlers in war. On October 27, 1795, the treaty between the United States and Spain was signed, whereby the free navigation of the Mississippi was secured.

No sooner had the treaty of 1795 been ratified than settlements began to pour rapidly into the West. The great event of the year 1796 was the occupation of that part of the Northwest including Michigan, which was this year, under the provisions of the treaty, evacuated by the British forces. The United States, owing to certain conditions, did not feel justified in addressing the authorities in Canada in relation to Detroit and other frontier posts. When at last the British authorities were called to give them up, they at once complied, and General Wayne, who had done so much to preserve the frontier settlements, and who, before the year's close, sickened and died near Erie, transferred his head-

quarters to the neighborhood of the lakes, where a county named after him was formed, which included the northwest of Ohio, all of Michigan, and the northeast of Indiana. During this same year settlements were formed at the present City of Chillicothe, along the Miami from Middletown to Piqua, while in the more distant West, settlers and speculators began to appear in great numbers. In September, the City of Cleveland was laid out, and during the Summer and Autumn, Samuel Jackson and Jonathan Sharpless erected the first manufactory of paper—the “Red-stone Paper Mill”—in the West. St. Louis contained some seventy houses, and Detroit over three hundred, and along the river, contiguous to it, were more than three thousand inhabitants, mostly French Canadians, Indians and half-breeds, scarcely any Americans venturing yet into that part of the Northwest.

The election of representatives for the territory had taken place, and on the 4th of February, 1799, they convened at Losantiville—now known as Cincinnati, having been named so by Gov. St. Clair, and considered the capital of the Territory—to nominate persons from whom the members of the Legislature were to be chosen in accordance with a previous ordinance. This nomination being made, the Assembly adjourned until the 16th of the following September. From those named the President selected as members of the council, Henry Vandenburg, of Vincennes, Robert Oliver, of Marietta, James Findlay and Jacob Burnett, of Cincinnati, and David Vance, of Vanceville. On the 16th of September the Territorial Legislature met, and on the 24th the two houses were duly organized, Henry Vandenburg being elected President of the Council.

The message of Gov. St. Clair was addressed to the Legislature September 20th, and on October 13th that body elected as a delegate to Congress Gen. Wm. Henry Harrison, who received eleven of the votes cast, being a majority of one over his opponent, Arthur St. Clair, son of Gen. St. Clair.

The whole number of acts passed at this session, and approved by the Governor, were thirty-seven—eleven others were passed, but received his veto. The most important of those passed related to the militia, to the administration, and to taxation. On the 19th of December this protracted session of the first Legislature in the West was closed, and on the 30th of December the President nominated Charles Willing Bryd to the office of Secretary of the Territory *vice* Wm. Henry Harrison, elected to Congress. The Senate confirmed his nomination the next day.

DIVISION OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORY.

The increased emigration to the Northwest, the extent of the domain, and the inconvenient modes of travel, made it very difficult to conduct the ordinary operations of government, and rendered the efficient action of courts almost impossible. To remedy this, it was deemed advisable to divide the territory for civil purposes. Congress, in 1800, appointed a committee to examine the question and report some means for its solution. This committee, on the 3d of March, reported that :

“In the three western countries there has been but one court having cognizance of crimes, in five years, and the immunity which offenders experience attracts, as to an asylum, the most vile and abandoned criminals, and at the same time deters useful citizens from making settlements in such society. The extreme necessity of judiciary attention and assistance is experienced in civil as well as in criminal cases. * * * * To minister a remedy to these and other evils, it occurs to this committee that it is expedient that a division of said territory into two distinct and separate governments should be made ; and that such division be made by a line beginning at the mouth of the Great Miami River, running directly north until it intersects the boundary between the United States and Canada.”

The report was accepted by Congress, and, in accordance with its suggestions, that body passed an Act extinguishing the Northwest Territory, which Act was approved May 7. Among its provisions were these :

“That from and after July 4 next, all that part of the Territory of the United States northwest of the Ohio River, which lies to the westward of a line beginning at a point on the Ohio, opposite to the mouth of the Kentucky River, and running thence to Fort Recovery, and thence north until it shall intersect the territorial line between the United States and Canada, shall, for the purpose of temporary government, constitute a separate territory, and be called the Indiana Territory.”

After providing for the exercise of the civil and criminal powers of the territories, and other provisions, the Act further provides :

“That until it shall otherwise be ordered by the Legislatures of the said Territories, respectively, Chillicothe on the Scioto River shall be the seat of government of the Territory of the United States northwest of the Ohio River ; and that St. Vincennes on the Wabash River shall be the seat of government for the Indiana Territory.”

Gen. Wm. Henry Harrison was appointed Governor of the Indiana Territory, and entered upon his duties about a year later. Connecticut also about this time released her claims to the reserve, and in March a law

was passed accepting this cession. Settlements had been made upon thirty-five of the townships in the reserve, mills had been built, and seven hundred miles of road cut in various directions. On the 3d of November the General Assembly met at Chillicothe. Near the close of the year, the first missionary of the Connecticut Reserve came, who found no township containing more than eleven families. It was upon the first of October that the secret treaty had been made between Napoleon and the King of Spain, whereby the latter agreed to cede to France the province of Louisiana.

In January, 1802, the Assembly of the Northwestern Territory chartered the college at Athens. From the earliest dawn of the western colonies, education was promptly provided for, and as early as 1787, newspapers were issued from Pittsburgh and Kentucky, and largely read throughout the frontier settlements. Before the close of this year, the Congress of the United States granted to the citizens of the Northwestern territory the formation of a State government. One of the provisions of the "compact of 1787" provided that whenever the number of inhabitants within prescribed limits exceeded 45,000, they should be entitled to a separate government. The prescribed limits of Ohio contained, from a census taken to ascertain the legality of the act, more than that number, and on the 30th of April, 1802, Congress passed the act defining its limits, and on the 29th of November the Constitution of the new State of Ohio, so named from the beautiful river forming its southern boundary, came into existence. The exact limits of Lake Michigan were not then known, but the territory now included within the State of Michigan was wholly within the territory of Indiana.

Gen. Harrison, while residing at Vincennes, made several treaties with the Indians, thereby gaining large tracts of lands. The next year is memorable in the history of the West for the purchase of Louisiana from France by the United States for \$15,000,000. Thus by a peaceful mode, the domain of the United States was extended over a large tract of country west of the Mississippi, and was for a time under the jurisdiction of the Northwest government, and, as has been mentioned in the early part of this narrative, was called the "New Northwest." The limits of this history will not allow a description of its territory. The same year large grants of land were obtained from the Indians, and the House of Representatives of the new State of Ohio signed a bill respecting the College Township in the district of Cincinnati.

Before the close of the year, Gen. Harrison obtained additional grants of lands from the various Indian nations in Indiana and the present limits of Illinois, and on the 18th of August, 1804, completed a treaty at St. Louis, whereby over 51,000,000 acres of lands were obtained from the

aborigines. Measures were also taken to learn the condition of affairs in and about Detroit.

C. Jouett, the Indian agent in Michigan, still a part of Indiana Territory, reported as follows upon the condition of matters at that post :

“ The Town of Detroit.—The charter, which is for fifteen miles square, was granted in the time of Louis XIV. of France, and is now, from the best information I have been able to get, at Quebec. Of those two hundred and twenty-five acres, only four are occupied by the town and Fort Lenault. The remainder is a common, except twenty-four acres, which were added twenty years ago to a farm belonging to Wm. Macomb. * * * A stockade incloses the town, fort and citadel. The pickets, as well as the public houses, are in a state of gradual decay. The streets are narrow, straight and regular, and intersect each other at right angles. The houses are, for the most part, low and inelegant.”

During this year, Congress granted a township of land for the support of a college, and began to offer inducements for settlers in these wilds, and the country now comprising the State of Michigan began to fill rapidly with settlers along its southern borders. This same year, also, a law was passed organizing the Southwest Territory, dividing it into two portions, the Territory of New Orleans, which city was made the seat of government, and the District of Louisiana, which was annexed to the domain of Gen. Harrison.

On the 11th of January, 1805, the Territory of Michigan was formed, Wm. Hull was appointed governor, with headquarters at Detroit, the change to take effect on June 30. On the 11th of that month, a fire occurred at Detroit, which destroyed almost every building in the place. When the officers of the new territory reached the post, they found it in ruins, and the inhabitants scattered throughout the country. Rebuilding, however, soon commenced, and ere long the town contained more houses than before the fire, and many of them much better built.

While this was being done, Indiana had passed to the second grade of government, and through her General Assembly had obtained large tracts of land from the Indian tribes. To all this the celebrated Indian, Tecumthe or Tecumseh, vigorously protested, and it was the main cause of his attempts to unite the various Indian tribes in a conflict with the settlers. To obtain a full account of these attempts, the workings of the British, and the signal failure, culminating in the death of Tecumseh at the battle of the Thames, and the close of the war of 1812 in the Northwest, we will step aside in our story, and relate the principal events of his life, and his connection with this conflict.



TECUMSEH, THE SHAWANOE CHIEFTAIN.

TECUMSEH, AND THE WAR OF 1812.

This famous Indian chief was born about the year 1768, not far from the site of the present City of Piqua, Ohio. His father, Puckeshinwa, was a member of the Kisopok tribe of the Swanoese nation, and his mother, Methontaske, was a member of the Turtle tribe of the same people. They removed from Florida about the middle of the last century to the birthplace of Tecumseh. In 1774, his father, who had risen to be chief, was slain at the battle of Point Pleasant, and not long after Tecumseh, by his bravery, became the leader of his tribe. In 1795 he was declared chief, and then lived at Deer Creek, near the site of the present City of Urbana. He remained here about one year, when he returned to Piqua, and in 1798, he went to White River, Indiana. In 1805, he and his brother, Laulewasikan (Open Door), who had announced himself as a prophet, went to a tract of land on the Wabash River, given them by the Pottawatomies and Kickapoos. From this date the chief comes into prominence. He was now about thirty-seven years of age, was five feet and ten inches in height, was stoutly built, and possessed of enormous powers of endurance. His countenance was naturally pleasing, and he was, in general, devoid of those savage attributes possessed by most Indians. It is stated he could read and write, and had a confidential secretary and adviser, named Billy Caldwell, a half-breed, who afterward became chief of the Pottawatomies. He occupied the first house built on the site of Chicago. At this time, Tecumseh entered upon the great work of his life. He had long objected to the grants of land made by the Indians to the whites, and determined to unite all the Indian tribes into a league, in order that no treaties or grants of land could be made save by the consent of this confederation.

He traveled constantly, going from north to south; from the south to the north, everywhere urging the Indians to this step. He was a matchless orator, and his burning words had their effect.

Gen. Harrison, then Governor of Indiana, by watching the movements of the Indians, became convinced that a grand conspiracy was forming, and made preparations to defend the settlements. Tecumseh's plan was similar to Pontiac's, elsewhere described, and to the cunning artifice of that chieftain was added his own sagacity.

During the year 1809, Tecumseh and the prophet were actively preparing for the work. In that year, Gen. Harrison entered into a treaty with the Delawares, Kickapoos, Pottawatomies, Miamis, Eel River Indians and Weas, in which these tribes ceded to the whites certain lands upon the Wabash, to all of which Tecumseh entered a bitter protest, averring

as one principal reason that he did not want the Indians to give up any lands north and west of the Ohio River.

Tecumseh, in August, 1810, visited the General at Vincennes and held a council relating to the grievances of the Indians. Becoming unduly angry at this conference he was dismissed from the village, and soon after departed to incite the southern Indian tribes to the conflict.

Gen. Harrison determined to move upon the chief's headquarters at Tippecanoe, and for this purpose went about sixty-five miles up the Wabash, where he built Fort Harrison. From this place he went to the prophet's town, where he informed the Indians he had no hostile intentions, provided they were true to the existing treaties. He encamped near the village early in October, and on the morning of November 7, he was attacked by a large force of the Indians, and the famous battle of Tippecanoe occurred. The Indians were routed and their town broken up. Tecumseh returning not long after, was greatly exasperated at his brother, the prophet, even threatening to kill him for rashly precipitating the war, and foiling his (Tecumseh's) plans.

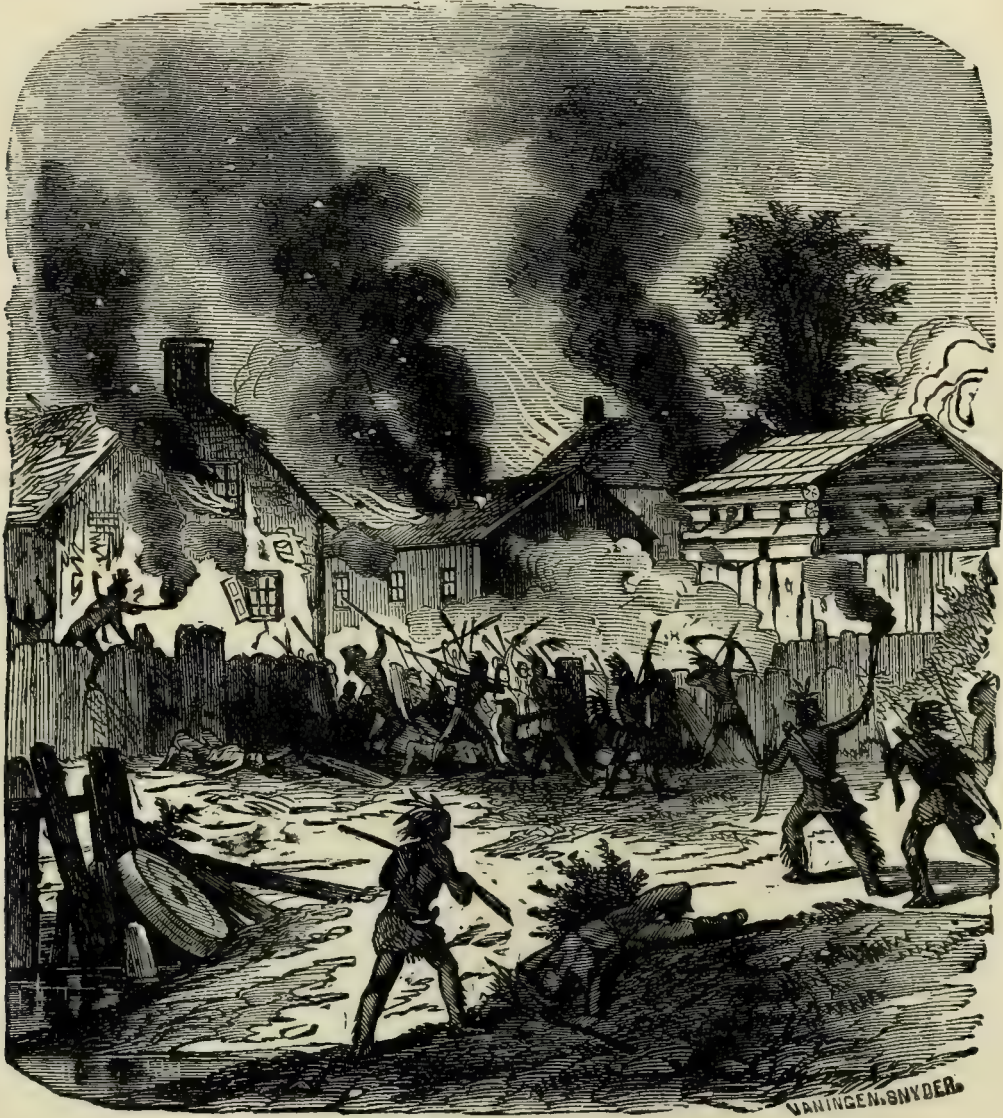
Tecumseh sent word to Gen. Harrison that he was now returned from the South, and was ready to visit the President as had at one time previously been proposed. Gen. Harrison informed him he could not go as a chief, which method Tecumseh desired, and the visit was never made.

In June of the following year, he visited the Indian agent at Fort Wayne. Here he disavowed any intention to make a war against the United States, and reproached Gen. Harrison for marching against his people. The agent replied to this; Tecumseh listened with a cold indifference, and after making a few general remarks, with a haughty air drew his blanket about him, left the council house, and departed for Fort Malden, in Upper Canada, where he joined the British standard.

He remained under this Government, doing effective work for the Crown while engaged in the war of 1812 which now opened. He was, however, always humane in his treatment of the prisoners, never allowing his warriors to ruthlessly mutilate the bodies of those slain, or wantonly murder the captive.

In the Summer of 1813, Perry's victory on Lake Erie occurred, and shortly after active preparations were made to capture Malden. On the 27th of September, the American army, under Gen. Harrison, set sail for the shores of Canada, and in a few hours stood around the ruins of Malden, from which the British army, under Proctor, had retreated to Sandwich, intending to make its way to the heart of Canada by the Valley of the Thames. On the 29th Gen. Harrison was at Sandwich, and Gen. McArthur took possession of Detroit and the territory of Michigan.

On the 2d of October, the Americans began their pursuit of Proctor, whom they overtook on the 5th, and the battle of the Thames followed. Early in the engagement, Tecumseh who was at the head of the column of Indians was slain, and they, no longer hearing the voice of their chief-tain, fled. The victory was decisive, and practically closed the war in the Northwest.



INDIANS ATTACKING A STOCKADE.

Just who killed the great chief has been a matter of much dispute ; but the weight of opinion awards the act to Col. Richard M. Johnson, who fired at him with a pistol, the shot proving fatal.

In 1805 occurred Burr's Insurrection. He took possession of a beautiful island in the Ohio, after the killing of Hamilton, and is charged by many with attempting to set up an independent government. His plans were frustrated by the general government, his property confiscated and he was compelled to flee the country for safety.

In January, 1807, Governor Hull, of Michigan Territory, made a treaty with the Indians, whereby all that peninsula was ceded to the United States. Before the close of the year, a stockade was built about Detroit. It was also during this year that Indiana and Illinois endeavored to obtain the repeal of that section of the compact of 1787, whereby slavery was excluded from the Northwest Territory. These attempts, however, all signally failed.

In 1809 it was deemed advisable to divide the Indiana Territory. This was done, and the Territory of Illinois was formed from the western part, the seat of government being fixed at Kaskaskia. The next year, the intentions of Tecumseh manifested themselves in open hostilities, and then began the events already narrated.

While this war was in progress, emigration to the West went on with surprising rapidity. In 1811, under Mr. Roosevelt of New York, the first steamboat trip was made on the Ohio, much to the astonishment of the natives, many of whom fled in terror at the appearance of the "monster." It arrived at Louisville on the 10th day of October. At the close of the first week of January, 1812, it arrived at Natchez, after being nearly overwhelmed in the great earthquake which occurred while on its downward trip.

The battle of the Thames was fought on October 6, 1813. It effectually closed hostilities in the Northwest, although peace was not fully restored until July 22, 1814, when a treaty was formed at Greenville, under the direction of General Harrison, between the United States and the Indian tribes, in which it was stipulated that the Indians should cease hostilities against the Americans if the war were continued. Such, happily, was not the case, and on the 24th of December the treaty of Ghent was signed by the representatives of England and the United States. This treaty was followed the next year by treaties with various Indian tribes throughout the West and Northwest, and quiet was again restored in this part of the new world.

On the 18th of March, 1816, Pittsburgh was incorporated as a city. It then had a population of 8,000 people, and was already noted for its manufacturing interests. On April 19, Indiana Territory was allowed to form a state government. At that time there were thirteen counties organized, containing about sixty-three thousand inhabitants. The first election of state officers was held in August, when Jonathan Jennings was chosen Governor. The officers were sworn in on November 7, and on December 11, the State was formally admitted into the Union. For some time the seat of government was at Corydon, but a more central location being desirable, the present capital, Indianapolis (City of Indiana), was laid out January 1, 1825.

On the 28th of December the Bank of Illinois, at Shawneetown, was chartered, with a capital of \$300,000. At this period all banks were under the control of the States, and were allowed to establish branches at different convenient points.

Until this time Chillicothe and Cincinnati had in turn enjoyed the privileges of being the capital of Ohio. But the rapid settlement of the northern and eastern portions of the State demanded, as in Indiana, a more central location, and before the close of the year, the site of Columbus was selected and surveyed as the future capital of the State. Banking had begun in Ohio as early as 1808, when the first bank was chartered at Marietta, but here as elsewhere it did not bring to the state the hoped-for assistance. It and other banks were subsequently unable to redeem their currency, and were obliged to suspend.

In 1818, Illinois was made a state, and all the territory north of her northern limits was erected into a separate territory and joined to Michigan for judicial purposes. By the following year, navigation of the lakes was increasing with great rapidity and affording an immense source of revenue to the dwellers in the Northwest, but it was not until 1826 that the trade was extended to Lake Michigan, or that steamships began to navigate the bosom of that inland sea.

Until the year 1832, the commencement of the Black Hawk War, but few hostilities were experienced with the Indians. Roads were opened, canals were dug, cities were built, common schools were established, universities were founded, many of which, especially the Michigan University, have achieved a world wide-reputation. The people were becoming wealthy. The domains of the United States had been extended, and had the sons of the forest been treated with honesty and justice, the record of many years would have been that of peace and continuous prosperity.

BLACK HAWK AND THE BLACK HAWK WAR.

This conflict, though confined to Illinois, is an important epoch in the Northwestern history, being the last war with the Indians in this part of the United States.

Ma-ka-tai-me-she-kia-kiah, or Black Hawk, was born in the principal Sac village, about three miles from the junction of Rock River with the Mississippi, in the year 1767. His father's name was Py-e-sa or Pahaes; his grandfather's, Na-na-ma-kee, or the Thunderer. Black Hawk early distinguished himself as a warrior, and at the age of fifteen was permitted to paint and was ranked among the braves. About the year 1783, he went on an expedition against the enemies of his nation, the Osages, one



BLACK HAWK, THE SAC CHIEFTAIN.

of whom he killed and scalped, and for this deed of Indian bravery he was permitted to join in the scalp dance. Three or four years after he, at the head of two hundred braves, went on another expedition against the Osages, to avenge the murder of some women and children belonging to his own tribe. Meeting an equal number of Osage warriors, a fierce battle ensued, in which the latter tribe lost one-half their number. The Sacs lost only about nineteen warriors. He next attacked the Cherokees for a similar cause. In a severe battle with them, near the present City of St. Louis, his father was slain, and Black Hawk, taking possession of the "Medicine Bag," at once announced himself chief of the Sac nation. He had now conquered the Cherokees, and about the year 1800, at the head of five hundred Sacs and Foxes, and a hundred Iowas, he waged war against the Osage nation and subdued it. For two years he battled successfully with other Indian tribes, all of whom he conquered.

Black Hawk does not at any time seem to have been friendly to the Americans. When on a visit to St. Louis to see his "Spanish Father," he declined to see any of the Americans, alleging, as a reason, he did not want *two* fathers.

The treaty at St. Louis was consummated in 1804. The next year the United States Government erected a fort near the head of the Des Moines Rapids, called Fort Edwards. This seemed to enrage Black Hawk, who at once determined to capture Fort Madison, standing on the west side of the Mississippi above the mouth of the Des Moines River. The fort was garrisoned by about fifty men. Here he was defeated. The difficulties with the British Government arose about this time, and the War of 1812 followed. That government, extending aid to the Western Indians, by giving them arms and ammunition, induced them to remain hostile to the Americans. In August, 1812, Black Hawk, at the head of about five hundred braves, started to join the British forces at Detroit, passing on his way the site of Chicago, where the famous Fort Dearborn Massacre had a few days before occurred. Of his connection with the British Government but little is known. In 1813 he with his little band descended the Mississippi, and attacking some United States troops at Fort Howard was defeated.

In the early part of 1815, the Indian tribes west of the Mississippi were notified that peace had been declared between the United States and England, and nearly all hostilities had ceased. Black Hawk did not sign any treaty, however, until May of the following year. He then recognized the validity of the treaty at St. Louis in 1804. From the time of signing this treaty in 1816, until the breaking out of the war in 1832, he and his band passed their time in the common pursuits of Indian life.

Ten years before the commencement of this war, the Sac and Fox

Indians were urged to join the Iowas on the west bank of the Father of Waters. All were agreed, save the band known as the British Band, of which Black Hawk was leader. He strenuously objected to the removal, and was induced to comply only after being threatened with the power of the Government. This and various actions on the part of the white settlers provoked Black Hawk and his band to attempt the capture of his native village now occupied by the whites. The war followed. He and his actions were undoubtedly misunderstood, and had his wishes been acquiesced in at the beginning of the struggle, much bloodshed would have been prevented.

Black Hawk was chief now of the Sac and Fox nations, and a noted warrior. He and his tribe inhabited a village on Rock River, nearly three miles above its confluence with the Mississippi, where the tribe had lived many generations. When that portion of Illinois was reserved to them, they remained in peaceable possession of their reservation, spending their time in the enjoyment of Indian life. The fine situation of their village and the quality of their lands incited the more lawless white settlers, who from time to time began to encroach upon the red men's domain. From one pretext to another, and from one step to another, the crafty white men gained a foothold, until through whisky and artifice they obtained deeds from many of the Indians for their possessions. The Indians were finally induced to cross over the Father of Waters and locate among the Iowas. Black Hawk was strenuously opposed to all this, but as the authorities of Illinois and the United States thought this the best move, he was forced to comply. Moreover other tribes joined the whites and urged the removal. Black Hawk would not agree to the terms of the treaty made with his nation for their lands, and as soon as the military, called to enforce his removal, had retired, he returned to the Illinois side of the river. A large force was at once raised and marched against him. On the evening of May 14, 1832, the first engagement occurred between a band from this army and Black Hawk's band, in which the former were defeated.

This attack and its result aroused the whites. A large force of men was raised, and Gen. Scott hastened from the seaboard, by way of the lakes, with United States troops and artillery to aid in the subjugation of the Indians. On the 24th of June, Black Hawk, with 200 warriors, was repulsed by Major Demont between Rock River and Galena. The American army continued to move up Rock River toward the main body of the Indians, and on the 21st of July came upon Black Hawk and his band, and defeated them near the Blue Mounds.

Before this action, Gen. Henry, in command, sent word to the main army by whom he was immediately rejoined, and the whole crossed the

Wisconsin in pursuit of Black Hawk and his band who were fleeing to the Mississippi. They were overtaken on the 2d of August, and in the battle which followed the power of the Indian chief was completely broken. He fled, but was seized by the Winnebagoes and delivered to the whites.

On the 21st of September, 1832, Gen. Scott and Gov. Reynolds concluded a treaty with the Winnebagoes, Sacs and Foxes by which they ceded to the United States a vast tract of country, and agreed to remain peaceable with the whites. For the faithful performance of the provisions of this treaty on the part of the Indians, it was stipulated that Black Hawk, his two sons, the prophet Wabokieshiek, and six other chiefs of the hostile bands should be retained as hostages during the pleasure of the President. They were confined at Fort Barracks and put in irons.

The next Spring, by order of the Secretary of War, they were taken to Washington. From there they were removed to Fortress Monroe, "there to remain until the conduct of their nation was such as to justify their being set at liberty." They were retained here until the 4th of June, when the authorities directed them to be taken to the principal cities so that they might see the folly of contending against the white people. Everywhere they were observed by thousands, the name of the old chief being extensively known. By the middle of August they reached Fort Armstrong on Rock Island, where Black Hawk was soon after released to go to his countrymen. As he passed the site of his birth-place, now the home of the white man, he was deeply moved. His village where he was born, where he had so happily lived, and where he had hoped to die, was now another's dwelling place, and he was a wanderer.

On the next day after his release, he went at once to his tribe and his lodge. His wife was yet living, and with her he passed the remainder of his days. To his credit it may be said that Black Hawk always remained true to his wife, and served her with a devotion uncommon among the Indians, living with her upward of forty years.

Black Hawk now passed his time hunting and fishing. A deep melancholy had settled over him from which he could not be freed. At all times when he visited the whites he was received with marked attention. He was an honored guest at the old settlers' reunion in Lee County, Illinois, at some of their meetings, and received many tokens of esteem. In September, 1838, while on his way to Rock Island to receive his annuity from the Government, he contracted a severe cold which resulted in a fatal attack of bilious fever which terminated his life on October 3. His faithful wife, who was devotedly attached to him, mourned deeply during his sickness. After his death he was dressed in the uniform presented to him by the President while in Washington. He was buried in a grave six feet in depth, situated upon a beautiful eminence. "The

body was placed in the middle of the grave, in a sitting posture, upon a seat constructed for the purpose. On his left side, the cane, given him by Henry Clay, was placed upright, with his right hand resting upon it. Many of the old warrior's trophies were placed in the grave, and some Indian garments, together with his favorite weapons."

No sooner was the Black Hawk war concluded than settlers began rapidly to pour into the northern parts of Illinois, and into Wisconsin, now free from Indian depredations. Chicago, from a trading post, had grown to a commercial center, and was rapidly coming into prominence. In 1835, the formation of a State Government in Michigan was discussed, but did not take active form until two years later, when the State became a part of the Federal Union.

The main attraction to that portion of the Northwest lying west of Lake Michigan, now included in the State of Wisconsin, was its alluvial wealth. Copper ore was found about Lake Superior. For some time this region was attached to Michigan for judiciary purposes, but in 1836 was made a territory, then including Minnesota and Iowa. The latter State was detached two years later. In 1848, Wisconsin was admitted as a State, Madison being made the capital. We have now traced the various divisions of the Northwest Territory (save a little in Minnesota) from the time it was a unit comprising this vast territory, until circumstances compelled its present division.

OTHER INDIAN TROUBLES.

Before leaving this part of the narrative, we will narrate briefly the Indian troubles in Minnesota and elsewhere by the Sioux Indians.

In August, 1862, the Sioux Indians living on the western borders of Minnesota fell upon the unsuspecting settlers, and in a few hours massacred ten or twelve hundred persons. A distressful panic was the immediate result, fully thirty thousand persons fleeing from their homes to districts supposed to be better protected. The military authorities at once took active measures to punish the savages, and a large number were killed and captured. About a year after, Little Crow, the chief, was killed by a Mr. Lampson near Scattered Lake. Of those captured, thirty were hung at Mankato, and the remainder, through fears of mob violence, were removed to Camp McClellan, on the outskirts of the City of Davenport. It was here that Big Eagle came into prominence and secured his release by the following order:



BIG EAGLE.

"Special Order, No. 430.

"WAR DEPARTMENT,

"ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, Dec. 3, 1864.

"Big Eagle, an Indian now in confinement at Davenport, Iowa, will, upon the receipt of this order, be immediately released from confinement and set at liberty.

"By order of the President of the United States.

"Official :

"E. D. TOWNSEND, *Ass't Adj't Gen.*

"CAPT. JAMES VANDERVENTER, *Com'y Sub. Vols.*

"Through Com'g Gen'l, Washington, D. C."

Another Indian who figures more prominently than Big Eagle, and who was more cowardly in his nature, with his band of Modoc Indians, is noted in the annals of the New Northwest: we refer to Captain Jack. This distinguished Indian, noted for his cowardly murder of Gen. Canby, was a chief of a Modoc tribe of Indians inhabiting the border lands between California and Oregon. This region of country comprises what is known as the "Lava Beds," a tract of land described as utterly impenetrable, save by those savages who had made it their home.

The Modocs are known as an exceedingly fierce and treacherous race. They had, according to their own traditions, resided here for many generations, and at one time were exceedingly numerous and powerful. A famine carried off nearly half their numbers, and disease, indolence and the vices of the white man have reduced them to a poor, weak and insignificant tribe.

Soon after the settlement of California and Oregon, complaints began to be heard of massacres of emigrant trains passing through the Modoc country. In 1847, an emigrant train, comprising eighteen souls, was entirely destroyed at a place since known as "Bloody Point." These occurrences caused the United States Government to appoint a peace commission, who, after repeated attempts, in 1864, made a treaty with the Modocs, Snakes and Klamaths, in which it was agreed on their part to remove to a reservation set apart for them in the southern part of Oregon.

With the exception of Captain Jack and a band of his followers, who remained at Clear Lake, about six miles from Klamath, all the Indians complied. The Modocs who went to the reservation were under chief Schonchin. Captain Jack remained at the lake without disturbance until 1869, when he was also induced to remove to the reservation. The Modocs and the Klamaths soon became involved in a quarrel, and Captain Jack and his band returned to the Lava Beds.

Several attempts were made by the Indian Commissioners to induce them to return to the reservation, and finally becoming involved in a

difficulty with the commissioner and his military escort, a fight ensued, in which the chief and his band were routed. They were greatly enraged, and on their retreat, before the day closed, killed eleven inoffensive whites.

The nation was aroused and immediate action demanded. A commission was at once appointed by the Government to see what could be done. It comprised the following persons: Gen. E. R. S. Canby, Rev. Dr. E. Thomas, a leading Methodist divine of California; Mr. A. B. Meacham, Judge Rosborough, of California, and a Mr. Dyer, of Oregon. After several interviews, in which the savages were always aggressive, often appearing with scalps in their belts, Bogus Charley came to the commission on the evening of April 10, 1873, and informed them that Capt. Jack and his band would have a "talk" to-morrow at a place near Clear Lake, about three miles distant. Here the Commissioners, accompanied by Charley, Riddle, the interpreter, and Boston Charley repaired. After the usual greeting the council proceedings commenced. On behalf of the Indians there were present: Capt. Jack, Black Jim, Schnac Nasty Jim, Ellen's Man, and Hooker Jim. They had no guns, but carried pistols. After short speeches by Mr. Meacham, Gen. Canby and Dr. Thomas, Chief Schonchin arose to speak. He had scarcely proceeded when, as if by a preconcerted arrangement, Capt. Jack drew his pistol and shot Gen. Canby dead. In less than a minute a dozen shots were fired by the savages, and the massacre completed. Mr. Meacham was shot by Schonchin, and Dr. Thomas by Boston Charley. Mr. Dyer barely escaped, being fired at twice. Riddle, the interpreter, and his squaw escaped. The troops rushed to the spot where they found Gen. Canby and Dr. Thomas dead, and Mr. Meacham badly wounded. The savages had escaped to their impenetrable fastnesses and could not be pursued.

The whole country was aroused by this brutal massacre; but it was not until the following May that the murderers were brought to justice. At that time Boston Charley gave himself up, and offered to guide the troops to Capt. Jack's stronghold. This led to the capture of his entire gang, a number of whom were murdered by Oregon volunteers while on their way to trial. The remaining Indians were held as prisoners until July when their trial occurred, which led to the conviction of Capt. Jack, Schonchin, Boston Charley, Hooker Jim, Broncho, *alias* One-Eyed Jim, and Slotuck, who were sentenced to be hanged. These sentences were approved by the President, save in the case of Slotuck and Broncho whose sentences were commuted to imprisonment for life. The others were executed at Fort Klamath, October 3, 1873.

These closed the Indian troubles for a time in the Northwest, and for several years the borders of civilization remained in peace. They were again involved in a conflict with the savages about the country of the



CAPTAIN JACK, THE MODOC CHIEFTAIN.

Black Hills, in which war the gallant Gen. Custer lost his life. Just now the borders of Oregon and California are again in fear of hostilities; but as the Government has learned how to deal with the Indians, they will be of short duration. The red man is fast passing away before the march of the white man, and a few more generations will read of the Indians as one of the nations of the past.

The Northwest abounds in memorable places. We have generally noticed them in the narrative, but our space forbids their description in detail, save of the most important places. Detroit, Cincinnati, Vincennes, Kaskaskia and their kindred towns have all been described. But ere we leave the narrative we will present our readers with an account of the Kinzie house, the old landmark of Chicago, and the discovery of the source of the Mississippi River, each of which may well find a place in the annals of the Northwest.

Mr. John Kinzie, of the Kinzie house, represented in the illustration, established a trading house at Fort Dearborn in 1804. The stockade had been erected the year previous, and named Fort Dearborn in honor of the Secretary of War. It had a block house at each of the two angles, on the southern side a sallyport, a covered way on the north side, that led down to the river, for the double purpose of providing means of escape, and of procuring water in the event of a siege.

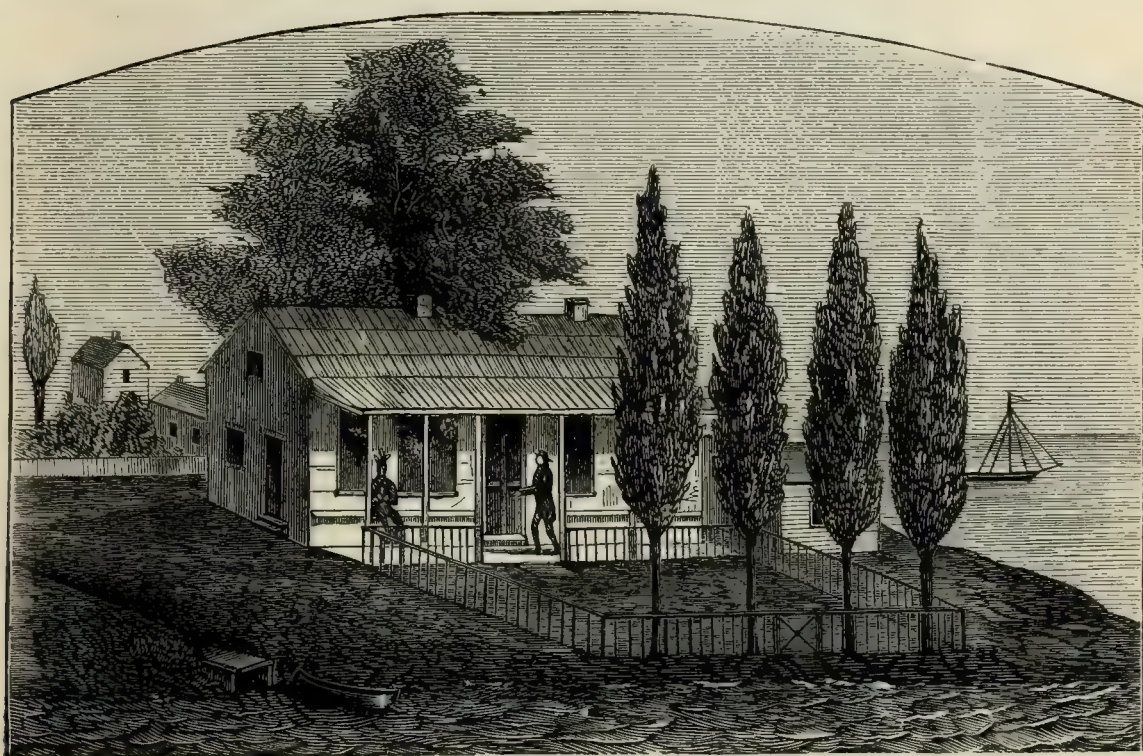
Fort Dearborn stood on the south bank of the Chicago River, about half a mile from its mouth. When Major Whistler built it, his soldiers hauled all the timber, for he had no oxen, and so economically did he work that the fort cost the Government only fifty dollars. For a while the garrison could get no grain, and Whistler and his men subsisted on acorns. Now Chicago is the greatest grain center in the world.

Mr. Kinzie bought the hut of the first settler, Jean Baptiste Point au Sable, on the site of which he erected his mansion. Within an inclosure in front he planted some Lombardy poplars, seen in the engraving, and in the rear he soon had a fine garden and growing orchard.

In 1812 the Kinzie house and its surroundings became the theater of stirring events. The garrison of Fort Dearborn consisted of fifty-four men, under the charge of Capt. Nathan Heald, assisted by Lieutenant Lenai T. Helm (son-in-law to Mrs. Kinzie), and Ensign Ronan. The surgeon was Dr. Voorhees. The only residents at the post at that time were the wives of Capt. Heald and Lieutenant Helm and a few of the soldiers, Mr. Kinzie and his family, and a few Canadian voyagers with their wives and children. The soldiers and Mr. Kinzie were on the most friendly terms with the Pottawatomies and the Winnebagoes, the principal tribes around them, but they could not win them from their attachment to the British.

After the battle of Tippecanoe it was observed that some of the leading chiefs became sullen, for some of their people had perished in that conflict with American troops.

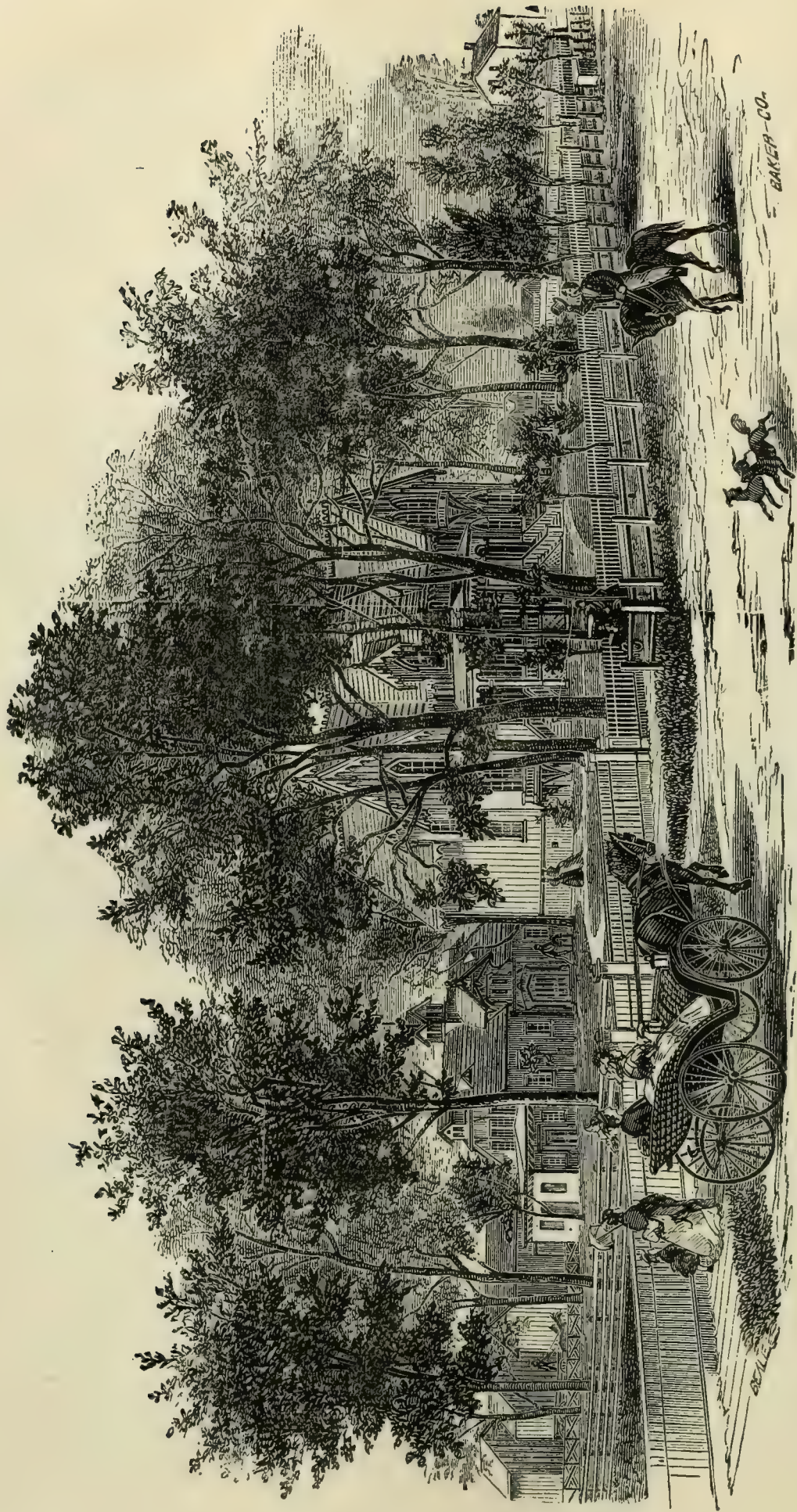
One evening in April, 1812, Mr. Kinzie sat playing his violin and his children were dancing to the music, when Mrs. Kinzie came rushing into the house pale with terror, and exclaiming, "The Indians! the Indians!" "What? Where?" eagerly inquired Mr. Kinzie. "Up at Lee's, killing and scalping," answered the frightened mother, who, when the alarm was given, was attending Mrs. Burns, a newly-made mother, living not far off.



KINZIE HOUSE.

Mr. Kinzie and his family crossed the river in boats, and took refuge in the fort, to which place Mrs. Burns and her infant, not a day old, were conveyed in safety to the shelter of the guns of Fort Dearborn, and the rest of the white inhabitants fled. The Indians were a scalping party of Winnebagoes, who hovered around the fort some days, when they disappeared, and for several weeks the inhabitants were not disturbed by alarms.

Chicago was then so deep in the wilderness, that the news of the declaration of war against Great Britain, made on the 19th of June, 1812, did not reach the commander of the garrison at Fort Dearborn till the 7th of August. Now the fast mail train will carry a man from New York to Chicago in twenty-seven hours, and such a declaration might be sent, every word, by the telegraph in less than the same number of minutes.



VILLAGE RESIDENCE.

PRESENT CONDITION OF THE NORTHWEST.

Preceding chapters have brought us to the close of the Black Hawk war, and we now turn to the contemplation of the growth and prosperity of the Northwest under the smile of peace and the blessings of our civilization. The pioneers of this region date events back to the deep snow



A REPRESENTATIVE PIONEER.

of 1831, no one arriving here since that date taking first honors. The inciting cause of the immigration which overflowed the prairies early in the '30s was the reports of the marvelous beauty and fertility of the region distributed through the East by those who had participated in the Black Hawk campaign with Gen. Scott. Chicago and Milwaukee then had a few hundred inhabitants, and Gurdon S. Hubbard's trail from the former city to Kaskaskia led almost through a wilderness. Vegetables and clothing were largely distributed through the regions adjoining the

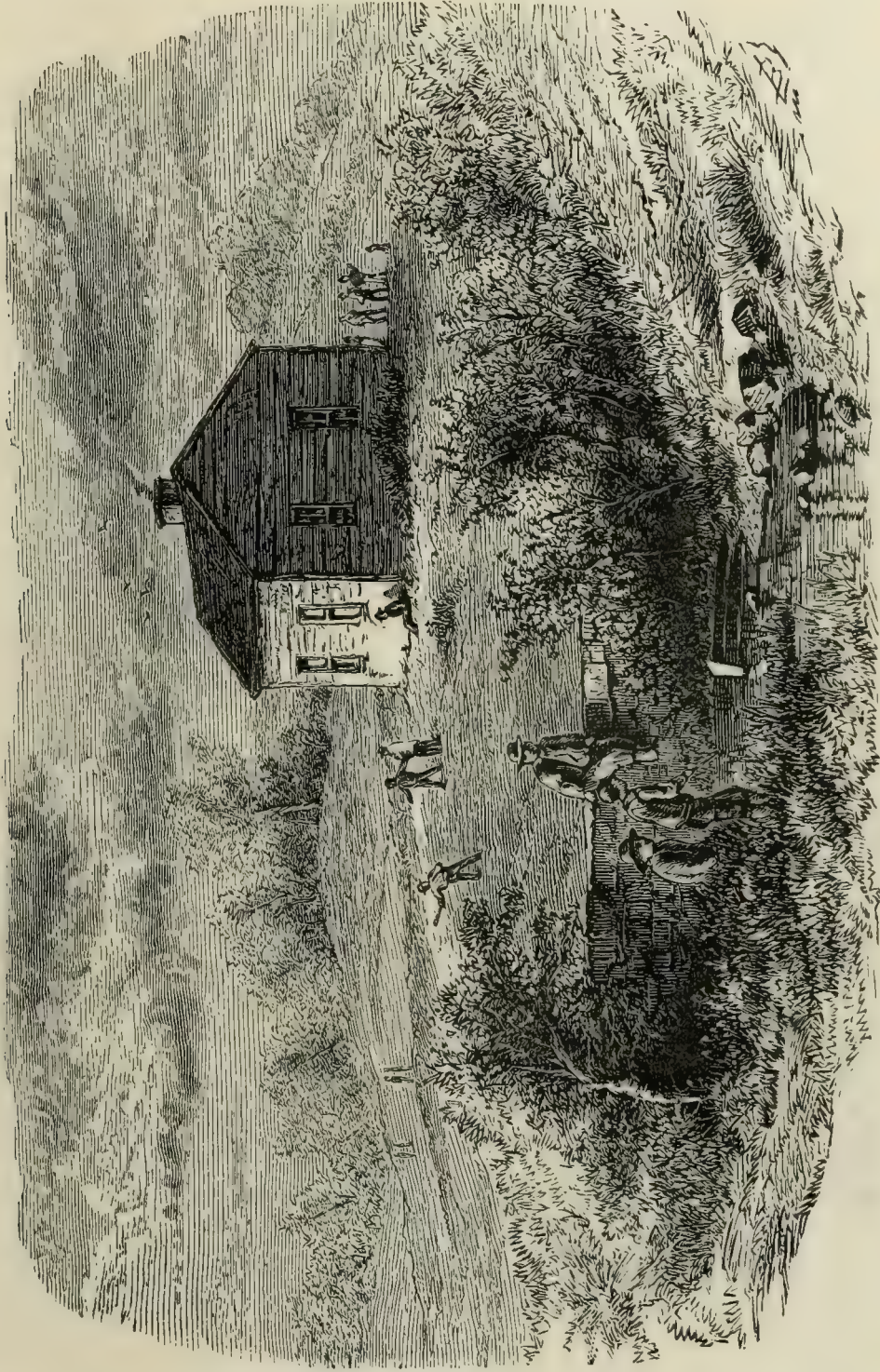
lakes by steamers from the Ohio towns. There are men now living in Illinois who came to the state when barely an acre was in cultivation, and a man now prominent in the business circles of Chicago looked over the swampy, cheerless site of that metropolis in 1818 and went southward into civilization. Emigrants from Pennsylvania in 1830 left behind



LINCOLN MONUMENT, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS.

them but one small railway in the coal regions, thirty miles in length, and made their way to the Northwest mostly with ox teams, finding in Northern Illinois petty settlements scores of miles apart, although the southern portion of the state was fairly dotted with farms. The water courses of the lakes and rivers furnished transportation to the second great army of immigrants, and about 1850 railroads were pushed to that extent that the crisis of 1837 was precipitated upon us,

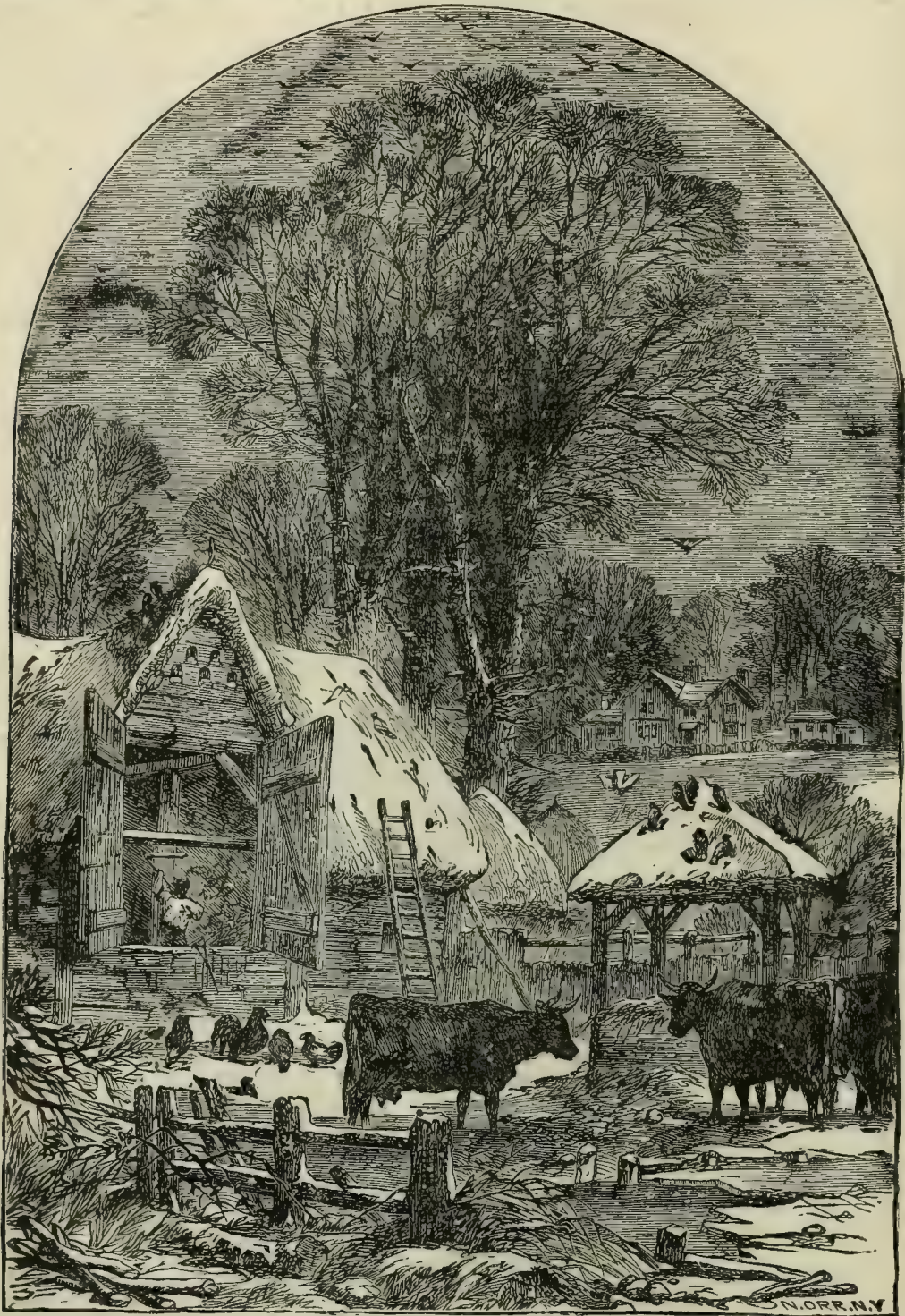
from the effects of which the Western country had not fully recovered at the outbreak of the war. Hostilities found the colonists of the prairies fully alive to the demands of the occasion, and the honor of recruiting



A PIONEER SCHOOL HOUSE.

the vast armies of the Union fell largely to Gov. Yates, of Illinois, and Gov. Morton, of Indiana. To recount the share of the glories of the campaign won by our Western troops is a needless task, except to mention the fact that Illinois gave to the nation the President who saved

it, and sent out at the head of one of its regiments the general who led its armies to the final victory at Appomattox. The struggle, on the

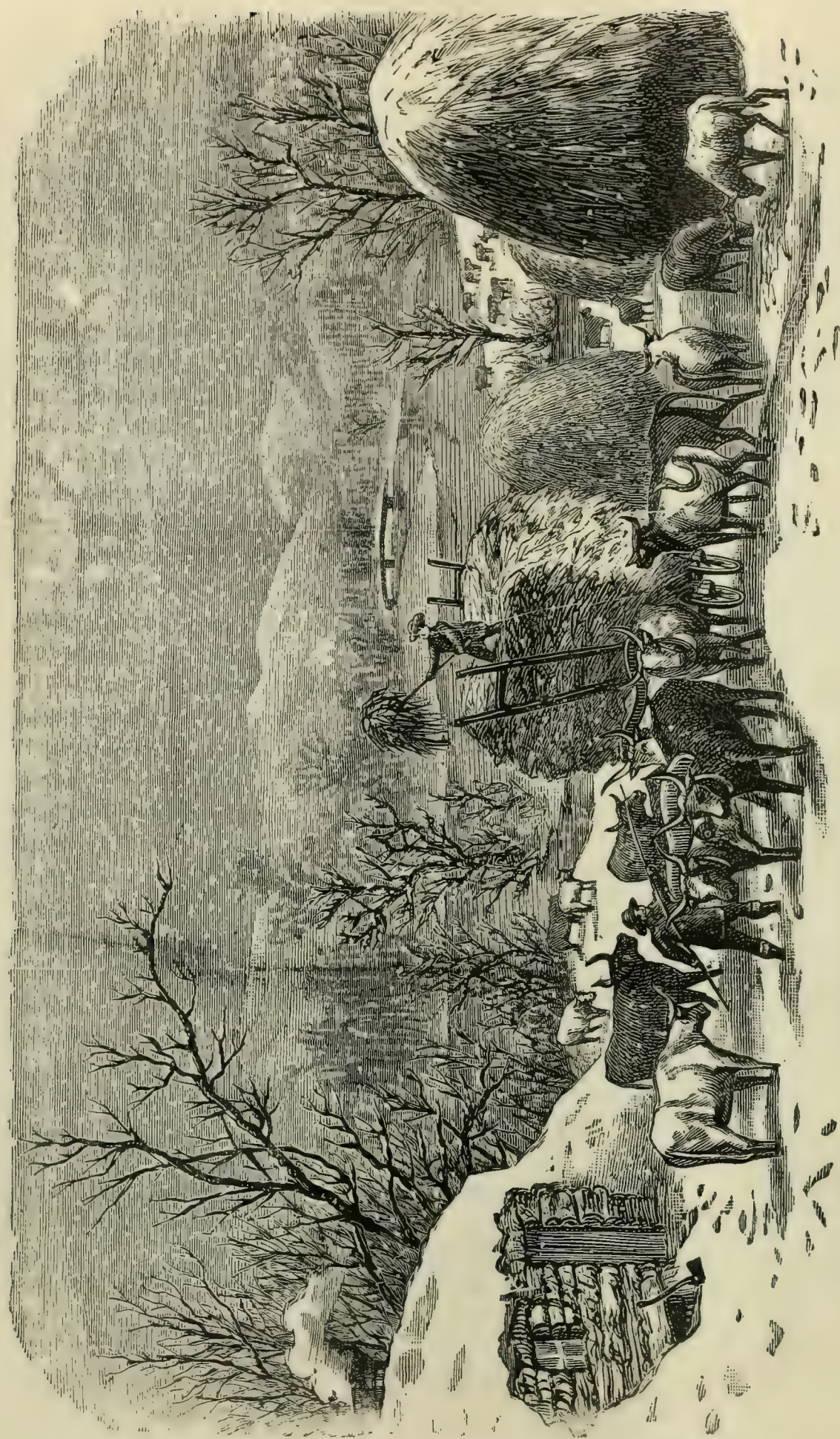


FARM VIEW IN WINTER.

whole, had a marked effect for the better on the new Northwest, giving it an impetus which twenty years of peace would not have produced. In a large degree this prosperity was an inflated one, and with the rest of the Union we have since been compelled to atone therefor by four



SPRING SCENE.



PIONEERS' FIRST WINTER.

years of depression of values, of scarcity of employment, and loss of fortune. To a less degree, however, than the manufacturing or mining regions has the West suffered during the prolonged panic now so near its end. Agriculture, still the leading feature in our industries, has been quite prosperous through all these dark years, and the farmers have cleared away many incumbrances resting over them from the period of fictitious values. The population has steadily increased, the arts and sciences are gaining a stronger foothold, the trade area of the region is becoming daily more extended, and we have been largely exempt from the financial calamities which have nearly wrecked communities on the seaboard dependent wholly on foreign commerce or domestic manufacture.

At the present period there are no great schemes broached for the Northwest, no propositions for government subsidies or national works of improvement, but the capital of the world is attracted hither for the purchase of our products or the expansion of our capacity for serving the nation at large. A new era is dawning as to transportation, and we bid fair to deal almost exclusively with the increasing and expanding lines of steel rail running through every few miles of territory on the prairies. The lake marine will no doubt continue to be useful in the warmer season, and to serve as a regulator of freight rates; but experienced navigators forecast the decay of the system in moving to the seaboard the enormous crops of the West. Within the past five years it has become quite common to see direct shipments to Europe and the West Indies going through from the second-class towns along the Mississippi and Missouri.

As to popular education, the standard has of late risen very greatly, and our schools would be creditable to any section of the Union.

More and more as the events of the war pass into obscurity will the fate of the Northwest be linked with that of the Southwest, and the next Congressional apportionment will give the valley of the Mississippi absolute control of the legislation of the nation, and do much toward securing the removal of the Federal capitol to some more central location.

Our public men continue to wield the full share of influence pertaining to their rank in the national autonomy, and seem not to forget that for the past sixteen years they and their constituents have dictated the principles which should govern the country.

In a work like this, destined to lie on the shelves of the library for generations, and not doomed to daily destruction like a newspaper, one can not indulge in the same glowing predictions, the sanguine statements of actualities that fill the columns of ephemeral publications. Time may bring grief to the pet projects of a writer, and explode castles erected on a pedestal of facts. Yet there are unmistakable indications before us of



LAKE BLUFF.

The frontage of Lake Bluff Grounds on Lake Michigan, with one hundred and seventy feet of gradual ascent.



HIGH BRIDGE, LAKE BLUFF, LAKE COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

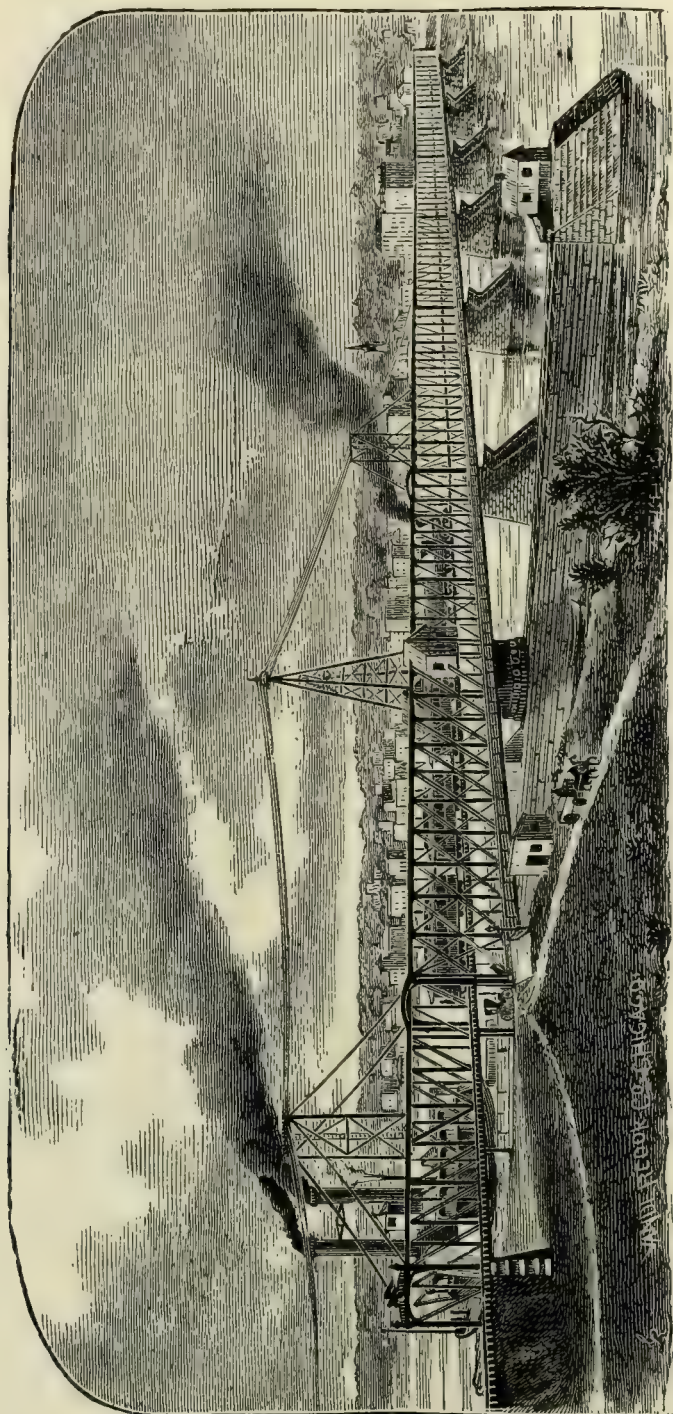
the same radical change in our great Northwest which characterizes its history for the past thirty years. Our domain has a sort of natural geographical border, save where it melts away to the southward in the cattle raising districts of the southwest.

Our prime interest will for some years doubtless be the growth of the food of the world, in which branch it has already outstripped all competitors, and our great rival in this duty will naturally be the fertile plains of Kansas, Nebraska and Colorado, to say nothing of the new empire so rapidly growing up in Texas. Over these regions there is a continued progress in agriculture and in railway building, and we must look to our laurels. Intelligent observers of events are fully aware of the strides made in the way of shipments of fresh meats to Europe, many of these ocean cargoes being actually slaughtered in the West and transported on ice to the wharves of the seaboard cities. That this new enterprise will continue there is no reason to doubt. There are in Chicago several factories for the canning of prepared meats for European consumption, and the orders for this class of goods are already immense. English capital is becoming daily more and more dissatisfied with railway loans and investments, and is gradually seeking mammoth outlays in lands and live stock. The stock yards in Chicago, Indianapolis and East St. Louis are yearly increasing their facilities, and their plant steadily grows more valuable. Importations of blooded animals from the progressive countries of Europe are destined to greatly improve the quality of our beef and mutton. Nowhere is there to be seen a more enticing display in this line than at our state and county fairs, and the interest in the matter is on the increase.

To attempt to give statistics of our grain production for 1877 would be useless, so far have we surpassed ourselves in the quantity and quality of our product. We are too liable to forget that we are giving the world its first article of necessity — its food supply. An opportunity to learn this fact so it never can be forgotten was afforded at Chicago at the outbreak of the great panic of 1873, when Canadian purchasers, fearing the prostration of business might bring about an anarchical condition of affairs, went to that city with coin in bulk and foreign drafts to secure their supplies in their own currency at first hands. It may be justly claimed by the agricultural community that their combined efforts gave the nation its first impetus toward a restoration of its crippled industries, and their labor brought the gold premium to a lower depth than the government was able to reach by its most intense efforts of legislation and compulsion. The hundreds of millions about to be disbursed for farm products have already, by the anticipation common to all commercial

nations, set the wheels in motion, and will relieve us from the perils so long shadowing our efforts to return to a healthy tone.

Manufacturing has attained in the chief cities a foothold which bids fair to render the Northwest independent of the outside world. Nearly



GREAT IRON BRIDGE OF C. R. I. & P. R.R., CROSSING MISSISSIPPI RIVER AT DAVENPORT.

our whole region has a distribution of coal measures which will in time support the manufactures necessary to our comfort and prosperity. As to transportation, the chief factor in the production of all articles except food, no section is so magnificently endowed, and our facilities are yearly increasing beyond those of any other region.

The period from a central point of the war to the outbreak of the panic was marked by a tremendous growth in our railway lines, but the depression of the times caused almost a total suspension of operations. Now that prosperity is returning to our stricken country we witness its anticipation by the railroad interest in a series of projects, extensions, and leases which bid fair to largely increase our transportation facilities. The process of foreclosure and sale of incumbered lines is another matter to be considered. In the case of the Illinois Central road, which formerly transferred to other lines at Cairo the vast burden of freight destined for the Gulf region, we now see the incorporation of the tracks connecting through to New Orleans, every mile co-operating in turning toward the northwestern metropolis the weight of the inter-state commerce of a thousand miles or more of fertile plantations. Three competing routes to Texas have established in Chicago their general freight and passenger agencies. Four or five lines compete for all Pacific freights to a point as far as the interior of Nebraska. Half a dozen or more splendid bridge structures have been thrown across the Missouri and Mississippi Rivers by the railways. The Chicago and Northwestern line has become an aggregation of over two thousand miles of rail, and the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul is its close rival in extent and importance. The three lines running to Cairo *via* Vincennes form a through route for all traffic with the states to the southward. The chief projects now under discussion are the Chicago and Atlantic, which is to unite with lines now built to Charleston, and the Chicago and Canada Southern, which line will connect with all the various branches of that Canadian enterprise. Our latest new road is the Chicago and Lake Huron, formed of three lines, and entering the city from Valparaiso on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago track. The trunk lines being mainly in operation, the progress made in the way of shortening tracks, making air-line branches, and running extensions does not show to the advantage it deserves, as this process is constantly adding new facilities to the established order of things. The panic reduced the price of steel to a point where the railways could hardly afford to use iron rails, and all our northwestern lines report large relays of Bessemer track. The immense crops now being moved have given a great rise to the value of railway stocks, and their transportation must result in heavy pecuniary advantages.

Few are aware of the importance of the wholesale and jobbing trade of Chicago. One leading firm has since the panic sold \$24,000,000 of dry goods in one year, and they now expect most confidently to add seventy per cent. to the figures of their last year's business. In boots and shoes and in clothing, twenty or more great firms from the east have placed here their distributing agents or their factories; and in groceries

Chicago supplies the entire Northwest at rates presenting advantages over New York.

Chicago has stepped in between New York and the rural banks as a financial center, and scarcely a banking institution in the grain or cattle regions but keeps its reserve funds in the vaults of our commercial institutions. Accumulating here throughout the spring and summer months, they are summoned home at pleasure to move the products of the prairies. This process greatly strengthens the northwest in its financial operations, leaving home capital to supplement local operations on behalf of home interests.

It is impossible to forecast the destiny of this grand and growing section of the Union. Figures and predictions made at this date might seem ten years hence so ludicrously small as to excite only derision.



ILLINOIS.

Length, 380 miles, mean width about 156 miles. Area, 55,410 square miles, or 35,462,400 acres. Illinois, as regards its surface, constitutes a table-land at a varying elevation ranging between 350 and 800 feet above the sea level; composed of extensive and highly fertile prairies and plains. Much of the south division of the State, especially the river-bottoms, are thickly wooded. The prairies, too, have oasis-like clumps of trees scattered here and there at intervals. The chief rivers irrigating the State are the Mississippi—dividing it from Iowa and Missouri—the Ohio (forming its south barrier), the Illinois, Wabash, Kaskaskia, and Sangamon, with their numerous affluents. The total extent of navigable streams is calculated at 4,000 miles. Small lakes are scattered over various parts of the State. Illinois is extremely prolific in minerals, chiefly coal, iron, copper, and zinc ores, sulphur and limestone. The coal-field alone is estimated to absorb a full third of the entire coal-deposit of North America. Climate tolerably equable and healthy; the mean temperature standing at about 51° Fahrenheit. As an agricultural region, Illinois takes a competitive rank with neighboring States, the cereals, fruits, and root-crops yielding plentiful returns; in fact, as a grain-growing State, Illinois may be deemed, in proportion to her size, to possess a greater area of lands suitable for its production than any other State in the Union. Stock-raising is also largely carried on, while her manufacturing interests in regard of woolen fabrics, etc., are on a very extensive and yearly expanding scale. The lines of railroad in the State are among the most extensive of the Union. Inland water-carriage is facilitated by a canal connecting the Illinois River with Lake Michigan, and thence with the St. Lawrence and Atlantic. Illinois is divided into 102 counties; the chief towns being Chicago, Springfield (capital), Alton, Quincy, Peoria, Galena, Bloomington, Rock Island, Vandalia, etc. By the new Constitution, established in 1870, the State Legislature consists of 51 Senators, elected for four years, and 153 Representatives, for two years; which numbers were to be decennially increased thereafter to the number of six per every additional half-million of inhabitants. Religious and educational institutions are largely diffused throughout, and are in a very flourishing condition. Illinois has a State Lunatic and a Deaf and Dumb Asylum at Jacksonville; a State Penitentiary at Joliet; and a Home for

Soldiers' Orphans at Normal. On November 30, 1870, the public debt of the State was returned at \$4,870,937, with a balance of \$1,808,833 unprovided for. At the same period the value of assessed and equalized property presented the following totals: assessed, \$840,031,703; equalized \$480,664,058. The name of Illinois, through nearly the whole of the eighteenth century, embraced most of the known regions north and west of Ohio. French colonists established themselves in 1673, at Cahokia and Kaskaskia, and the territory of which these settlements formed the nucleus was, in 1763, ceded to Great Britain in conjunction with Canada, and ultimately resigned to the United States in 1787. Illinois entered the Union as a State, December 3, 1818; and now sends 19 Representatives to Congress. Population, 2,539,891, in 1870.



▲ WESTERN DWELLING.

INDIANA.

The profile of Indiana forms a nearly exact parallelogram, occupying one of the most fertile portions of the great Mississippi Valley. The greater extent of the surface embraced within its limits consists of gentle undulations rising into hilly tracts toward the Ohio bottom. The chief rivers of the State are the Ohio and Wabash, with their numerous affluents. The soil is highly productive of the cereals and grasses—most particularly so in the valleys of the Ohio, Wabash, Whitewater, and White Rivers. The northeast and central portions are well timbered with virgin forests, and the west section is notably rich in coal, constituting an offshoot of the great Illinois carboniferous field. Iron, copper, marble, slate, gypsum, and various clays are also abundant. From an agricultural point of view, the staple products are maize and wheat, with the other cereals in lesser yields; and besides these, flax, hemp, sorghum, hops, etc., are extensively raised. Indiana is divided into 92 counties, and counts among her principal cities and towns, those of Indianapolis (the capital), Fort Wayne, Evansville, Terre Haute, Madison, Jeffersonville, Columbus, Vincennes, South Bend, etc. The public institutions of the State are many and various, and on a scale of magnitude and efficiency commensurate with her important political and industrial status. Upward of two thousand miles of railroads permeate the State in all directions, and greatly conduce to the development of her expanding manufacturing interests. Statistics for the fiscal year terminating October 31, 1870, exhibited a total of receipts, \$3,896,541 as against disbursements, \$3,532,406, leaving a balance, \$364,135 in favor of the State Treasury. The entire public debt, January 5, 1871, \$3,971,000. This State was first settled by Canadian voyageurs in 1702, who erected a fort at Vincennes; in 1763 it passed into the hands of the English, and was by the latter ceded to the United States in 1783. From 1788 till 1791, an Indian warefare prevailed. In 1800, all the region west and north of Ohio (then formed into a distinct territory) became merged in Indiana. In 1809, the present limits of the State were defined, Michigan and Illinois having previously been withdrawn. In 1811, Indiana was the theater of the Indian War of Tecumseh, ending with the decisive battle of Tippecanoe. In 1816 (December 11), Indiana became enrolled among the States of the American Union. In 1834, the State passed through a monetary crisis owing to its having become mixed up with railroad, canal, and other speculations on a gigantic scale, which ended, for the time being, in a general collapse of public credit, and consequent bankruptcy. Since that time, however, the greater number of the public

works which had brought about that imbroglio — especially the great Wabash and Erie Canal — have been completed, to the great benefit of the State, whose subsequent progress has year by year been marked by rapid strides in the paths of wealth, commerce, and general social and political prosperity. The constitution now in force was adopted in 1851. Population, 1,680,637.

I O W A .

In shape, Iowa presents an almost perfect parallelogram; has a length, north to south, of about 300 miles, by a pretty even width of 208 miles, and embraces an area of 55,045 square miles, or 35,228,800 acres. The surface of the State is generally undulating, rising toward the middle into an elevated plateau which forms the “divide” of the Missouri and Mississippi basins. Rolling prairies, especially in the south section, constitute a regnant feature, and the river bottoms, belted with woodlands, present a soil of the richest alluvion. Iowa is well watered; the principal rivers being the Mississippi and Missouri, which form respectively its east and west limits, and the Cedar, Iowa, and Des Moines, affluents of the first named. Mineralogically, Iowa is important as occupying a section of the great Northwest coal field, to the extent of an area estimated at 25,000 square miles. Lead, copper, zinc, and iron, are also mined in considerable quantities. The soil is well adapted to the production of wheat, maize, and the other cereals; fruits, vegetables, and esculent roots; maize, wheat, and oats forming the chief staples. Wine, tobacco, hops, and wax, are other noticeable items of the agricultural yield. Cattle-raising, too, is a branch of rural industry largely engaged in. The climate is healthy, although liable to extremes of heat and cold. The annual gross product of the various manufactures carried on in this State approximate, in round numbers, a sum of \$20,000,000. Iowa has an immense railroad system, besides over 500 miles of water-communication by means of its navigable rivers. The State is politically divided into 99 counties, with the following centers of population: Des Moines (capital), Iowa City (former capital), Dubuque, Davenport, Burlington, Council Bluffs, Keokuk, Muscatine, and Cedar Rapids. The State institutions of Iowa—religious, scholastic, and philanthropic—are on a par, as regards number and perfection of organization and operation, with those of her Northwest sister States, and education is especially well cared for, and largely diffused. Iowa formed a portion of the American territorial acquisitions from France, by the so-called Louisiana purchase in 1803, and was politically identified with Louisiana till 1812,

when it merged into the Missouri Territory; in 1834 it came under the Michigan organization, and, in 1836, under that of Wisconsin. Finally, after being constituted an independent Territory, it became a State of the Union, December 28, 1846. Population in 1860, 674,913; in 1870, 1,191,792, and in 1875, 1,353,118.

MICHIGAN.

United area, 56,243 square miles, or 35,995,520 acres. Extent of the Upper and smaller Peninsula — length, 316 miles; breadth, fluctuating between 36 and 120 miles. The south division is 416 miles long, by from 50 to 300 miles wide. Aggregate lake-shore line, 1,400 miles. The Upper, or North, Peninsula consists chiefly of an elevated plateau, expanding into the Porcupine mountain-system, attaining a maximum height of some 2,000 feet. Its shores along Lake Superior are eminently bold and picturesque, and its area is rich in minerals, its product of copper constituting an important source of industry. Both divisions are heavily wooded, and the South one, in addition, boasts of a deep, rich, loamy soil, throwing up excellent crops of cereals and other agricultural produce. The climate is generally mild and humid, though the Winter colds are severe. The chief staples of farm husbandry include the cereals, grasses, maple sugar, sorghum, tobacco, fruits, and dairy-stuffs. In 1870, the acres of land in farms were: improved, 5,096,939; unimproved woodland, 4,080,146; other unimproved land, 842,057. The cash value of land was \$398,240,578; of farming implements and machinery, \$13,711,979. In 1869, there were shipped from the Lake Superior ports, 874,582 tons of iron ore, and 45,762 of smelted pig, along with 14,188 tons of copper (ore and ingot). Coal is another article largely mined. Inland communication is provided for by an admirably organized railroad system, and by the St. Mary's Ship Canal, connecting Lakes Huron and Superior. Michigan is politically divided into 78 counties; its chief urban centers are Detroit, Lansing (capital), Ann Arbor, Marquette, Bay City, Niles, Ypsilanti, Grand Haven, etc. The Governor of the State is elected biennially. On November 30, 1870, the aggregate bonded debt of Michigan amounted to \$2,385,028, and the assessed valuation of land to \$266,929,278, representing an estimated cash value of \$800,000,000. Education is largely diffused and most excellently conducted and provided for. The State University at Ann Arbor, the colleges of Detroit and Kalamazoo, the Albion Female College, the State Normal School at Ypsilanti, and the State Agricultural College at Lansing, are chief among the academic institutions. Michigan (a term of Chippeway origin, and

signifying "Great Lake"), was discovered and first settled by French Canadians, who, in 1670, founded Detroit, the pioneer of a series of trading-posts on the Indian frontier. During the "Conspiracy of Pontiac," following the French loss of Canada, Michigan became the scene of a sanguinary struggle between the whites and aborigines. In 1796, it became annexed to the United States, which incorporated this region with the Northwest Territory, and then with Indiana Territory, till 1803, when it became territorially independent. Michigan was the theater of warlike operations during the war of 1812 with Great Britain, and in 1819 was authorized to be represented by one delegate in Congress; in 1837 she was admitted into the Union as a State, and in 1869 ratified the 15th Amendment to the Federal Constitution. Population, 1,184,059.

WISCONSIN.

It has a mean length of 260 miles, and a maximum breadth of 215. Land area, 53,924 square miles, or 34,511,360 acres. Wisconsin lies at a considerable altitude above sea-level, and consists for the most part of an upland plateau, the surface of which is undulating and very generally diversified. Numerous local eminences called mounds are interspersed over the State, and the Lake Michigan coast-line is in many parts characterized by lofty escarped cliffs, even as on the west side the banks of the Mississippi form a series of high and picturesque bluffs. A group of islands known as The Apostles lie off the extreme north point of the State in Lake Superior, and the great estuary of Green Bay, running far inland, gives formation to a long, narrow peninsula between its waters and those of Lake Michigan. The river-system of Wisconsin has three outlets — those of Lake Superior, Green Bay, and the Mississippi, which latter stream forms the entire southwest frontier, widening at one point into the large watery expanse called Lake Pepin. Lake Superior receives the St. Louis, Burnt Wood, and Montreal Rivers; Green Bay, the Menomonee, Peshtigo, Oconto, and Fox; while into the Mississippi empty the St. Croix, Chippewa, Black, Wisconsin, and Rock Rivers. The chief interior lakes are those of Winnebago, Horicon, and Court Oreilles, and smaller sheets of water stud a great part of the surface. The climate is healthful, with cold Winters and brief but very warm Summers. Mean annual rainfall 31 inches. The geological system represented by the State, embraces those rocks included between the primary and the Devonian series, the former containing extensive deposits of copper and iron ore. Besides these minerals, lead and zinc are found in great quantities, together with kaolin, plumbago, gypsum,

and various clays. Mining, consequently, forms a prominent industry, and one of yearly increasing dimensions. The soil of Wisconsin is of varying quality, but fertile on the whole, and in the north parts of the State heavily timbered. The agricultural yield comprises the cereals, together with flax, hemp, tobacco, pulse, sorghum, and all kinds of vegetables, and of the hardier fruits. In 1870, the State had a total number of 102,904 farms, occupying 11,715,321 acres, of which 5,899,343 consisted of improved land, and 3,437,442 were timbered. Cash value of farms, \$300,414,064; of farm implements and machinery, \$14,239,364. Total estimated value of all farm products, including betterments and additions to stock, \$78,027,032; of orchard and dairy stuffs, \$1,045,933; of lumber, \$1,327,618; of home manufactures, \$338,423; of all live-stock, \$45,310,882. Number of manufacturing establishments, 7,136, employing 39,055 hands, and turning out productions valued at \$85,624,966. The political divisions of the State form 61 counties, and the chief places of wealth, trade, and population, are Madison (the capital), Milwaukee, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Prairie du Chien, Janesville, Portage City, Racine, Kenosha, and La Crosse. In 1870, the total assessed valuation reached \$333,209,838, as against a true valuation of both real and personal estate aggregating \$602,207,329. Treasury receipts during 1870, \$886,696; disbursements, \$906,329. Value of church property, \$4,749,983. Education is amply provided for. Independently of the State University at Madison, and those of Galesville and of Lawrence at Appleton, and the colleges of Beloit, Racine, and Milton, there are Normal Schools at Platteville and Whitewater. The State is divided into 4,802 common school districts, maintained at a cost, in 1870, of \$2,094,160. The charitable institutions of Wisconsin include a Deaf and Dumb Asylum, an Institute for the Education of the Blind, and a Soldiers' Orphans' School. In January, 1870, the railroad system ramified throughout the State totalized 2,779 miles of track, including several lines far advanced toward completion. Immigration is successfully encouraged by the State authorities, the larger number of yearly new-comers being of Scandinavian and German origin. The territory now occupied within the limits of the State of Wisconsin was explored by French missionaries and traders in 1639, and it remained under French jurisdiction until 1703, when it became annexed to the British North American possessions. In 1796, it reverted to the United States, the government of which latter admitted it within the limits of the Northwest Territory, and in 1809, attached it to that of Illinois, and to Michigan in 1818. Wisconsin became independently territorially organized in 1836, and became a State of the Union, March 3, 1847. Population in 1870, 1,064,985, of which 2,113 were of the colored race, and 11,521 Indians, 1,206 of the latter being out of tribal relations.

MINNESOTA.

Its length, north to south, embraces an extent of 380 miles; its breadth one of 250 miles at a maximum. Area, 84,000 square miles, or 54,760,000 acres. The surface of Minnesota, generally speaking, consists of a succession of gently undulating plains and prairies, drained by an admirable water-system, and with here and there heavily-timbered bottoms and belts of virgin forest. The soil, corresponding with such a superficies, is exceptionally rich, consisting for the most part of a dark, calcareous sandy drift intermixed with loam. A distinguishing physical feature of this State is its riverine ramifications, expanding in nearly every part of it into almost innumerable lakes—the whole presenting an aggregate of water-power having hardly a rival in the Union. Besides the Mississippi—which here has its rise, and drains a basin of 800 miles of country—the principal streams are the Minnesota (334 miles long), the Red River of the North, the St. Croix, St. Louis, and many others of lesser importance; the chief lakes are those called Red, Cass, Leech, Mille Lacs, Vermillion, and Winibigosh. Quite a concatenation of sheets of water fringe the frontier line where Minnesota joins British America, culminating in the Lake of the Woods. It has been estimated, that of an area of 1,200,000 acres of surface between the St. Croix and Mississippi Rivers, not less than 73,000 acres are of lacustrine formation. In point of minerals, the resources of Minnesota have as yet been very imperfectly developed; iron, copper, coal, lead—all these are known to exist in considerable deposits; together with salt, limestone, and potter's clay. The agricultural outlook of the State is in a high degree satisfactory; wheat constitutes the leading cereal in cultivation, with Indian corn and oats in next order. Fruits and vegetables are grown in great plenty and of excellent quality. The lumber resources of Minnesota are important; the pine forests in the north region alone occupying an area of some 21,000 square miles, which in 1870 produced a return of scaled logs amounting to 313,116,416 feet. The natural industrial advantages possessed by Minnesota are largely improved upon by a railroad system. The political divisions of this State number 78 counties; of which the chief cities and towns are: St. Paul (the capital), Stillwater, Red Wing, St. Anthony, Fort Snelling, Minneapolis, and Mankato. Minnesota has already assumed an attitude of high importance as a manufacturing State; this is mainly due to the wonderful command of water-power she possesses, as before spoken of. Besides her timber-trade, the milling of flour, the distillation of whisky, and the tanning of leather, are prominent interests, which, in 1869, gave returns to the amount of \$14,831,043.

Education is notably provided for on a broad and catholic scale, the entire amount expended scholastically during the year 1870 being \$857,816; while on November 30 of the preceding year the permanent school fund stood at \$2,476,222. Besides a University and Agricultural College, Normal and Reform Schools flourish, and with these may be mentioned such various philanthropic and religious institutions as befit the needs of an intelligent and prosperous community. The finances of the State for the fiscal year terminating December 1, 1870, exhibited a balance on the right side to the amount of \$136,164, being a gain of \$44,000 over the previous year's figures. The earliest exploration of Minnesota by the whites was made in 1680 by a French Franciscan, Father Hennepin, who gave the name of St. Antony to the Great Falls on the Upper Mississippi. In 1763, the Treaty of Versailles ceded this region to England. Twenty years later, Minnesota formed part of the Northwest Territory transferred to the United States, and became herself territorialized independently in 1849. Indian cessions in 1851 enlarged her boundaries, and, May 11, 1857, Minnesota became a unit of the great American federation of States. Population, 439,706.

NEBRASKA.

Maximum length, 412 miles; extreme breadth, 208 miles. Area, 75,905 square miles, or 48,636,800 acres. The surface of this State is almost entirely undulating prairie, and forms part of the west slope of the great central basin of the North American Continent. In its west division, near the base of the Rocky Mountains, is a sandy belt of country, irregularly defined. In this part, too, are the "dunes," resembling a wavy sea of sandy billows, as well as the Mauvaises Terres, a tract of singular formation, produced by eccentric disintegrations and denudations of the land. The chief rivers are the Missouri, constituting its entire east line of demarcation; the Nebraska or Platte, the Niobrara, the Republican Fork of the Kansas, the Elkhorn, and the Loup Fork of the Platte. The soil is very various, but consisting chiefly of rich, bottomy loam, admirably adapted to the raising of heavy crops of cereals. All the vegetables and fruits of the temperate zone are produced in great size and plenty. For grazing purposes Nebraska is a State exceptionally well fitted, a region of not less than 23,000,000 acres being adaptable to this branch of husbandry. It is believed that the, as yet, comparatively infertile tracts of land found in various parts of the State are susceptible of productivity by means of a properly conducted system of irrigation. Few minerals of moment have so far been found within the limits of

Nebraska, if we may except important saline deposits at the head of Salt Creek in its southeast section. The State is divided into 57 counties, independent of the Pawnee and Winnebago Indians, and of unorganized territory in the northwest part. The principal towns are Omaha, Lincoln (State capital), Nebraska City, Columbus, Grand Island, etc. In 1870, the total assessed value of property amounted to \$53,000,000, being an increase of \$11,000,000 over the previous year's returns. The total amount received from the school-fund during the year 1869-70 was \$77,999. Education is making great onward strides, the State University and an Agricultural College being far advanced toward completion. In the matter of railroad communication, Nebraska bids fair to soon place herself on a par with her neighbors to the east. Besides being intersected by the Union Pacific line, with its off-shoot, the Fremont and Blair, other tracks are in course of rapid construction. Organized by Congressional Act into a Territory, May 30, 1854, Nebraska entered the Union as a full State, March 1, 1867. Population, 122,993.



HUNTING PRAIRIE WOLVES IN AN EARLY DAY.

EARLY HISTORY OF ILLINOIS.

The name of this beautiful Prairie State is derived from *Illini*, a Delaware word signifying Superior Men. It has a French termination, and is a symbol of how the two races—the French and the Indians—were intermixed during the early history of the country.

The appellation was no doubt well applied to the primitive inhabitants of the soil whose prowess in savage warfare long withstood the combined attacks of the fierce Iroquois on the one side, and the no less savage and relentless Sacs and Foxes on the other. The Illinois were once a powerful confederacy, occupying the most beautiful and fertile region in the great Valley of the Mississippi, which their enemies coveted and struggled long and hard to wrest from them. By the fortunes of war they were diminished in numbers, and finally destroyed. “Starved Rock,” on the Illinois River, according to tradition, commemorates their last tragedy, where, it is said, the entire tribe starved rather than surrender.

EARLY DISCOVERIES.

The first European discoveries in Illinois date back over two hundred years. They are a part of that movement which, from the beginning to the middle of the seventeenth century, brought the French Canadian missionaries and fur traders into the Valley of the Mississippi, and which, at a later period, established the civil and ecclesiastical authority of France from the Gulf of St. Lawrence to the Gulf of Mexico, and from the foot-hills of the Alleghanies to the Rocky Mountains.

The great river of the West had been discovered by DeSoto, the Spanish conqueror of Florida, three quarters of a century before the French founded Quebec in 1608, but the Spanish left the country a wilderness, without further exploration or settlement within its borders, in which condition it remained until the Mississippi was discovered by the agents of the French Canadian government, Joliet and Marquette, in 1673. These renowned explorers were not the first white visitors to Illinois. In 1671—two years in advance of them—came Nicholas Perrot to Chicago. He had been sent by Talon as an agent of the Canadian government to



STARVED ROCK, ON THE ILLINOIS RIVER, LA SALLE CO., ILL.

call a great peace convention of Western Indians at Green Bay, preparatory to the movement for the discovery of the Mississippi. It was deemed a good stroke of policy to secure, as far as possible, the friendship and co-operation of the Indians, far and near, before venturing upon an enterprise which their hostility might render disastrous, and which their friendship and assistance would do so much to make successful; and to this end Perrot was sent to call together in council the tribes throughout the Northwest, and to promise them the commerce and protection of the French government. He accordingly arrived at Green Bay in 1671, and procuring an escort of Pottawattamies, proceeded in a bark canoe upon a visit to the Miamis, at Chicago. Perrot was therefore the first European to set foot upon the soil of Illinois.

Still there were others before Marquette. In 1672, the Jesuit missionaries, Fathers Claude Allouez and Claude Dablon, bore the standard of the Cross from their mission at Green Bay through western Wisconsin and northern Illinois, visiting the Foxes on Fox River, and the Masquontines and Kickapoos at the mouth of the Milwaukee. These missionaries penetrated on the route afterwards followed by Marquette as far as the Kickapoo village at the head of Lake Winnebago, where Marquette, in his journey, secured guides across the portage to the Wisconsin.

The oft-repeated story of Marquette and Joliet is well known. They were the agents employed by the Canadian government to discover the Mississippi. Marquette was a native of France, born in 1637, a Jesuit priest by education, and a man of simple faith and of great zeal and devotion in extending the Roman Catholic religion among the Indians. Arriving in Canada in 1666, he was sent as a missionary to the far Northwest, and, in 1668, founded a mission at Sault Ste. Marie. The following year he moved to La Pointe, in Lake Superior, where he instructed a branch of the Hurons till 1670, when he removed south, and founded the mission at St. Ignace, on the Straits of Mackinaw. Here he remained, devoting a portion of his time to the study of the Illinois language under a native teacher who had accompanied him to the mission from La Pointe, till he was joined by Joliet in the Spring of 1673. By the way of Green Bay and the Fox and Wisconsin Rivers, they entered the Mississippi, which they explored to the mouth of the Arkansas, and returned by the way of the Illinois and Chicago Rivers to Lake Michigan.

On his way up the Illinois, Marquette visited the great village of the Kaskaskias, near what is now Utica, in the county of LaSalle. The following year he returned and established among them the mission of the Immaculate Virgin Mary, which was the first Jesuit mission founded in Illinois and in the Mississippi Valley. The intervening winter he had spent in a hut which his companions erected on the Chicago River, a few leagues from its mouth. The founding of this mission was the last

act of Marquette's life. He died in Michigan, on his way back to Green Bay, May 18, 1675.

FIRST FRENCH OCCUPATION.

The first French occupation of the territory now embraced in Illinois was effected by LaSalle in 1680, seven years after the time of Marquette and Joliet. LaSalle, having constructed a vessel, the "Griffin," above the falls of Niagara, which he sailed to Green Bay, and having passed thence in canoes to the mouth of the St. Joseph River, by which and the Kankakee he reached the Illinois, in January, 1680, erected Fort *Crevecœur*, at the lower end of Peoria Lake, where the city of Peoria is now situated. The place where this ancient fort stood may still be seen just below the outlet of Peoria Lake. It was destined, however, to a temporary existence. From this point, LaSalle determined to descend the Mississippi to its mouth, but did not accomplish this purpose till two years later—in 1682. Returning to Fort Frontenac for the purpose of getting materials with which to rig his vessel, he left the fort in charge of Touti, his lieutenant, who during his absence was driven off by the Iroquois Indians. These savages had made a raid upon the settlement of the Illinois, and had left nothing in their track but ruin and desolation. Mr. Davidson, in his History of Illinois, gives the following graphic account of the picture that met the eyes of LaSalle and his companions on their return :

"At the great town of the Illinois they were appalled at the scene which opened to their view. No hunter appeared to break its death-like silence with a salutatory whoop or welcome. The plain on which the town had stood was now strewn with charred fragments of lodges, which had so recently swarmed with savage life and hilarity. To render more hideous the picture of desolation, large numbers of skulls had been placed on the upper extremities of lodge-poles which had escaped the devouring flames. In the midst of these horrors was the rude fort of the spoilers, rendered frightful by the same ghastly relics. A near approach showed that the graves had been robbed of their bodies, and swarms of buzzards were discovered glutting their loathsome stomachs on the reeking corruption. To complete the work of destruction, the growing corn of the village had been cut down and burned, while the pits containing the products of previous years, had been rifled and their contents scattered with wanton waste. It was evident the suspected blow of the Iroquois had fallen with relentless fury."

Tonti had escaped LaSalle knew not whither. Passing down the lake in search of him and his men, LaSalle discovered that the fort had been destroyed, but the vessel which he had partly constructed was still

on the stocks, and but slightly injured. After further fruitless search, failing to find Tonti, he fastened to a tree a painting representing himself and party sitting in a canoe and bearing a pipe of peace, and to the painting attached a letter addressed to Tonti.

Tonti had escaped, and, after untold privations, taken shelter among the Pottawattamies near Green Bay. These were friendly to the French. One of their old chiefs used to say, "There were but three great captains in the world, himself, Tonti and LaSalle."

GENIUS OF LASALLE.

We must now return to LaSalle, whose exploits stand out in such bold relief. He was born in Rouen, France, in 1643. His father was wealthy, but he renounced his patrimony on entering a college of the Jesuits, from which he separated and came to Canada a poor man in 1666. The priests of St. Sulpice, among whom he had a brother, were then the proprietors of Montreal, the nucleus of which was a seminary or convent founded by that order. The Superior granted to LaSalle a large tract of land at LaChine, where he established himself in the fur trade. He was a man of daring genius, and outstripped all his competitors in exploits of travel and commerce with the Indians. In 1669, he visited the headquarters of the great Iroquois Confederacy, at Onondaga, in the heart of New York, and, obtaining guides, explored the Ohio River to the falls at Louisville.

In order to understand the genius of LaSalle, it must be remembered that for many years prior to his time the missionaries and traders were obliged to make their way to the Northwest by the Ottawa River (of Canada) on account of the fierce hostility of the Iroquois along the lower lakes and Niagara River, which entirely closed this latter route to the Upper Lakes. They carried on their commerce chiefly by canoes, paddling them through the Ottawa to Lake Nipissing, carrying them across the portage to French River, and descending that to Lake Huron. This being the route by which they reached the Northwest, accounts for the fact that all the earliest Jesuit missions were established in the neighborhood of the Upper Lakes. LaSalle conceived the grand idea of opening the route by Niagara River and the Lower Lakes to Canadian commerce by sail vessels, connecting it with the navigation of the Mississippi, and thus opening a magnificent water communication from the Gulf of St. Lawrence to the Gulf of Mexico. This truly grand and comprehensive purpose seems to have animated him in all his wonderful achievements and the matchless difficulties and hardships he surmounted. As the first step in the accomplishment of this object he established himself on Lake Ontario, and built and garrisoned Fort Frontenac, the site of the present

city of Kingston, Canada. Here he obtained a grant of land from the French crown and a body of troops by which he beat back the invading Iroquois and cleared the passage to Niagara Falls. Having by this masterly stroke made it safe to attempt a hitherto untried expedition, his next step, as we have seen, was to advance to the Falls with all his outfit for building a ship with which to sail the lakes. He was successful in this undertaking, though his ultimate purpose was defeated by a strange combination of untoward circumstances. The Jesuits evidently hated LaSalle and plotted against him, because he had abandoned them and co-operated with a rival order. The fur traders were also jealous of his superior success in opening new channels of commerce. At LaChine he had taken the trade of Lake Ontario, which but for his presence there would have gone to Quebec. While they were plodding with their bark canoes through the Ottawa he was constructing sailing vessels to command the trade of the lakes and the Mississippi. These great plans excited the jealousy and envy of the small traders, introduced treason and revolt into the ranks of his own companions, and finally led to the foul assassination by which his great achievements were prematurely ended.

In 1682, LaSalle, having completed his vessel at Peoria, descended the Mississippi to its confluence with the Gulf of Mexico. Erecting a standard on which he inscribed the arms of France, he took formal possession of the whole valley of the mighty river, in the name of Louis XIV., then reigning, in honor of whom he named the country LOUISIANA.

LaSalle then went to France, was appointed Governor, and returned with a fleet and immigrants, for the purpose of planting a colony in Illinois. They arrived in due time in the Gulf of Mexico, but failing to find the mouth of the Mississippi, up which LaSalle intended to sail, his supply ship, with the immigrants, was driven ashore and wrecked on Matagorda Bay. With the fragments of the vessel he constructed a stockade and rude huts on the shore for the protection of the immigrants, calling the post Fort St. Louis. He then made a trip into New Mexico, in search of silver mines, but, meeting with disappointment, returned to find his little colony reduced to forty souls. He then resolved to travel on foot to Illinois, and, starting with his companions, had reached the valley of the Colorado, near the mouth of Trinity river, when he was shot by one of his men. This occurred on the 19th of March, 1687.

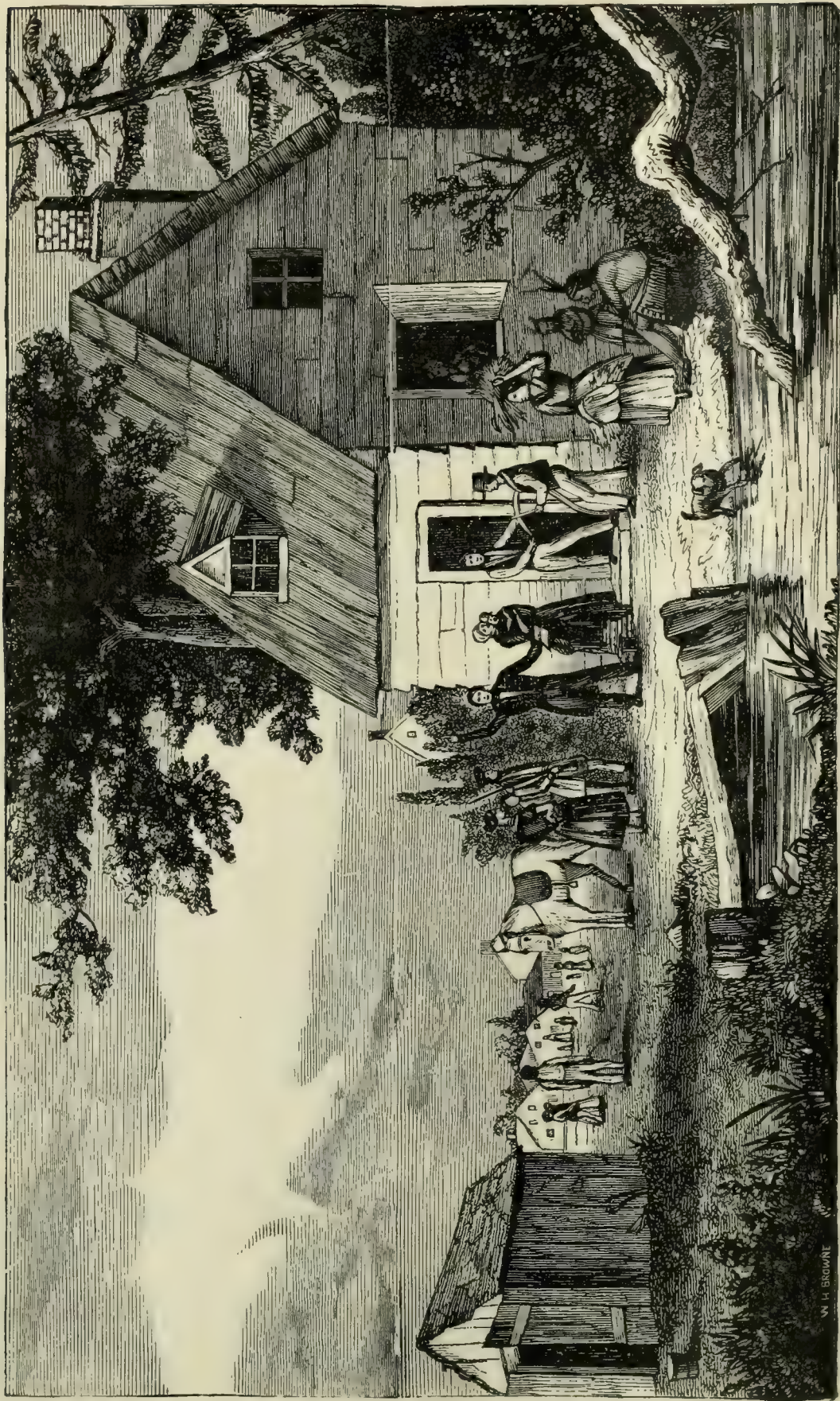
Dr. J. W. Foster remarks of him: "Thus fell, not far from the banks of the Trinity, Robert Cavalier de la Salle, one of the grandest characters that ever figured in American history—a man capable of originating the vastest schemes, and endowed with a will and a judgment capable of carrying them to successful results. Had ample facilities been placed by the King of France at his disposal, the result of the colonization of this continent might have been far different from what we now behold."

EARLY SETTLEMENTS.

A temporary settlement was made at Fort St. Louis, or the old Kaskaskia village, on the Illinois River, in what is now LaSalle County, in 1682. In 1690, this was removed, with the mission connected with it, to Kaskaskia, on the river of that name, emptying into the lower Mississippi in St. Clair County. Cahokia was settled about the same time, or at least, both of these settlements began in the year 1690, though it is now pretty well settled that Cahokia is the older place, and ranks as the oldest permanent settlement in Illinois, as well as in the Mississippi Valley. The reason for the removal of the old Kaskaskia settlement and mission, was probably because the dangerous and difficult route by Lake Michigan and the Chicago portage had been almost abandoned, and travelers and traders passed down and up the Mississippi by the Fox and Wisconsin River route. They removed to the vicinity of the Mississippi in order to be in the line of travel from Canada to Louisiana, that is, the lower part of it, for it was all Louisiana then south of the lakes.

During the period of French rule in Louisiana, the population probably never exceeded ten thousand, including whites and blacks. Within that portion of it now included in Indiana, trading posts were established at the principal Miami villages which stood on the head waters of the Maumee, the Wea villages situated at Ouiatenon, on the Wabash, and the Piankeshaw villages at Post Vincennes; all of which were probably visited by French traders and missionaries before the close of the seventeenth century.

In the vast territory claimed by the French, many settlements of considerable importance had sprung up. Biloxi, on Mobile Bay, had been founded by D'Iberville, in 1699; Antoine de Lamotte Cadillac had founded Detroit in 1701; and New Orleans had been founded by Bienville, under the auspices of the Mississippi Company, in 1718. In Illinois also, considerable settlements had been made, so that in 1730 they embraced one hundred and forty French families, about six hundred "converted Indians," and many traders and voyageurs. In that portion of the country, on the east side of the Mississippi, there were five distinct settlements, with their respective villages, viz.: Cahokia, near the mouth of Cahokia Creek and about five miles below the present city of St. Louis; St. Philip, about forty-five miles below Cahokia, and four miles above Fort Chartres; Fort Chartres, twelve miles above Kaskaskia; Kaskaskia, situated on the Kaskaskia River, five miles above its confluence with the Mississippi; and Prairie du Rocher, near Fort Chartres. To these must be added St. Genevieve and St. Louis, on the west side of the Mississippi. These, with the exception of St. Louis, are among



AN EARLY SETTLEMENT.

the oldest French towns in the Mississippi Valley. Kaskaskia, in its best days, was a town of some two or three thousand inhabitants. After it passed from the crown of France its population for many years did not exceed fifteen hundred. Under British rule, in 1773, the population had decreased to four hundred and fifty. As early as 1721, the Jesuits had established a college and a monastery in Kaskaskia.

Fort Chartres was first built under the direction of the Mississippi Company, in 1718, by M. de Boisbriant, a military officer, under command of Bienville. It stood on the east bank of the Mississippi, about eighteen miles below Kaskaskia, and was for some time the headquarters of the military commandants of the district of Illinois.

In the Centennial Oration of Dr. Fowler, delivered at Philadelphia, by appointment of Gov. Beveridge, we find some interesting facts with regard to the State of Illinois, which we appropriate in this history:

In 1682 Illinois became a possession of the French crown, a dependency of Canada, and a part of Louisiana. In 1765 the English flag was run up on old Fort Chartres, and Illinois was counted among the treasures of Great Britain.

In 1779 it was taken from the English by Col. George Rogers Clark. This man was resolute in nature, wise in council, prudent in policy, bold in action, and heroic in danger. Few men who have figured in the history of America are more deserving than this colonel. Nothing short of first-class ability could have rescued Vincennes and all Illinois from the English. And it is not possible to over-estimate the influence of this achievement upon the republic. In 1779 Illinois became a part of Virginia. It was soon known as Illinois County. In 1784 Virginia ceded all this territory to the general government, to be cut into States, to be republican in form, with "the same right of sovereignty, freedom, and independence as the other States."

In 1787 it was the object of the wisest and ablest legislation found in any merely human records. No man can study the secret history of

THE "COMPACT OF 1787,"

and not feel that Providence was guiding with sleepless eye these unborn States. The ordinance that on July 13, 1787, finally became the incorporating act, has a most marvelous history. Jefferson had vainly tried to secure a system of government for the northwestern territory. He was an emancipationist of that day, and favored the exclusion of slavery from the territory Virginia had ceded to the general government; but the South voted him down as often as it came up. In 1787, as late as July 10, an organizing act without the anti-slavery clause was pending. This concession to the South was expected to carry it. Congress was in

session in New York City. On July 5, Rev. Dr. Manasseh Cutler, of Massachusetts, came into New York to lobby on the northwestern territory. Everything seemed to fall into his hands. Events were ripe.

The state of the public credit, the growing of Southern prejudice, the basis of his mission, his personal character, all combined to complete one of those sudden and marvelous revolutions of public sentiment that once in five or ten centuries are seen to sweep over a country like the breath of the Almighty. Cutler was a graduate of Yale—received his A.M. from Harvard, and his D.D. from Yale. He had studied and taken degrees in the three learned professions, medicine, law, and divinity. He had thus America's best indorsement. He had published a scientific examination of the plants of New England. His name stood second only to that of Franklin as a scientist in America. He was a courtly gentleman of the old style, a man of commanding presence, and of inviting face. The Southern members said they had never seen such a gentleman in the North. He came representing a company that desired to purchase a tract of land now included in Ohio, for the purpose of planting a colony. It was a speculation. Government money was worth eighteen cents on the dollar. This Massachusetts company had collected enough to purchase 1,500,000 acres of land. Other speculators in New York made Dr. Cutler their agent (lobbyist). On the 12th he represented a demand for 5,500,000 acres. This would reduce the national debt. Jefferson and Virginia were regarded as authority concerning the land Virginia had just ceded. Jefferson's policy wanted to provide for the public credit, and this was a good opportunity to do something.

Massachusetts then owned the territory of Maine, which she was crowding on the market. She was opposed to opening the northwestern region. This fired the zeal of Virginia. The South caught the inspiration, and all exalted Dr. Cutler. The English minister invited him to dine with some of the Southern gentlemen. He was the center of interest.

The entire South rallied round him. Massachusetts could not vote against him, because many of the constituents of her members were interested personally in the western speculation. Thus Cutler, making friends with the South, and, doubtless, using all the arts of the lobby, was enabled to command the situation. True to deeper convictions, he dictated one of the most compact and finished documents of wise statesmanship that has ever adorned any human law book. He borrowed from Jefferson the term "Articles of Compact," which, preceding the federal constitution, rose into the most sacred character. He then followed very closely the constitution of Massachusetts, adopted three years before. Its most marked points were:

1. The exclusion of slavery from the territory forever.
2. Provision for public schools, giving one township for a seminary,

and every section numbered 16 in each township ; that is, one-thirty-sixth of all the land, for public schools.

3. A provision prohibiting the adoption of any constitution or the enactment of any law that should nullify pre-existing contracts.

Be it forever remembered that this compact declared that " Religion, morality, and knowledge being necessary to good government and the happiness of mankind, schools and the means of education shall always be encouraged."

Dr. Cutler planted himself on this platform and would not yield. Giving his unqualified declaration that it was that or nothing—that unless they could make the land desirable they did not want it—he took his horse and buggy, and started for the constitutional convention in Philadelphia. On July 13, 1787, the bill was put upon its passage, and was unanimously adopted, every Southern member voting for it, and only one man, Mr. Yates, of New York, voting against it. But as the States voted as States, Yates lost his vote, and the compact was put beyond repeal.

Thus the great States of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin—a vast empire, the heart of the great valley—were consecrated to freedom, intelligence, and honesty. Thus the great heart of the nation was prepared for a year and a day and an hour. In the light of these eighty-nine years I affirm that this act was the salvation of the republic and the destruction of slavery. Soon the South saw their great blunder, and tried to repeal the compact. In 1803 Congress referred it to a committee of which John Randolph was chairman. He reported that this ordinance was a compact, and opposed repeal. Thus it stood a rock, in the way of the on-rushing sea of slavery.

With all this timely aid it was, after all, a most desperate and protracted struggle to keep the soil of Illinois sacred to freedom. It was the natural battle-field for the irrepressible conflict. In the southern end of the State slavery preceded the compact. It existed among the old French settlers, and was hard to eradicate. The southern part of the State was settled from the slave States, and this population brought their laws, customs, and institutions with them. A stream of population from the North poured into the northern part of the State. These sections misunderstood and hated each other perfectly. The Southerners regarded the Yankees as a skinning, tricky, penurious race of peddlers, filling the country with tinware, brass clocks, and wooden nutmegs. The Northerner thought of the Southerner as a lean, lank, lazy creature, burrowing in a hut, and rioting in whisky, dirt and ignorance. These causes aided in making the struggle long and bitter. So strong was the sympathy with slavery that, in spite of the ordinance of 1787, and in spite of the deed of cession, it was determined to allow the old French settlers to retain their slaves. Planters from the slave States might bring their

slaves, if they would give them a chance to choose freedom or years of service and bondage for their children till they should become thirty years of age. If they chose freedom they must leave the State in sixty days or be sold as fugitives. Servants were whipped for offenses for which white men are fined. Each lash paid forty cents of the fine. A negro ten miles from home without a pass was whipped. These famous laws were imported from the slave States just as they imported laws for the inspection of flax and wool when there was neither in the State.

These Black Laws are now wiped out. A vigorous effort was made to protect slavery in the State Constitution of 1817. It barely failed. It was renewed in 1825, when a convention was asked to make a new constitution. After a hard fight the convention was defeated. But slaves did not disappear from the census of the State until 1850. There were mobs and murders in the interest of slavery. Lovejoy was added to the list of martyrs—a sort of first-fruits of that long life of immortal heroes who saw freedom as the one supreme desire of their souls, and were so enamored of her that they preferred to die rather than survive her.

The population of 12,282 that occupied the territory in A.D. 1800, increased to 45,000 in A.D. 1818, when the State Constitution was adopted, and Illinois took her place in the Union, with a star on the flag and two votes in the Senate.

Shadrach Bond was the first Governor, and in his first message he recommended the construction of the Illinois and Michigan Canal.

The simple economy in those days is seen in the fact that the entire bill for stationery for the first Legislature was only \$13.50. Yet this simple body actually enacted a very superior code.

There was no money in the territory before the war of 1812. Deer skins and coon skins were the circulating medium. In 1821, the Legislature ordained a State Bank on the credit of the State. It issued notes in the likeness of bank bills. These notes were made a legal tender for every thing, and the bank was ordered to loan to the people \$100 on personal security, and more on mortgages. They actually passed a resolution requesting the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States to receive these notes for land. The old French Lieutenant Governor, Col. Menard, put the resolution as follows: “Gentlemen of the Senate: It is moved and seconded *dat de notes of dis bank* be made land-office money. All in favor of dat motion say aye; all against it say no. It is decided in de affirmative. Now, gentlemen, I bet you one hundred dollar he never be land-office money!” Hard sense, like hard money, is always above par.

This old Frenchman presents a fine figure up against the dark background of most of his nation. They made no progress. They clung to their earliest and simplest implements. They never wore hats or caps

They pulled their blankets over their heads in the winter like the Indians, with whom they freely intermingled.

Demagogism had an early development. One John Grammar (only in name), elected to the Territorial and State Legislatures of 1816 and 1836, invented the policy of opposing every new thing, saying, "If it succeeds, no one will ask who voted against it. If it proves a failure, he could quote its record." In sharp contrast with Grammar was the character of D. P. Cook, after whom the county containing Chicago was named. Such was his transparent integrity and remarkable ability that his will was almost the law of the State. In Congress, a young man, and from a poor State, he was made Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee. He was pre-eminent for standing by his committee, regardless of consequences. It was his integrity that elected John Quincy Adams to the Presidency. There were four candidates in 1824, Jackson, Clay, Crawford, and John Quincy Adams. There being no choice by the people, the election was thrown into the House. It was so balanced that it turned on his vote, and that he cast for Adams, electing him; then went home to face the wrath of the Jackson party in Illinois. It cost him all but character and greatness. It is a suggestive comment on the times, that there was no legal interest till 1830. It often reached 150 per cent., usually 50 per cent. Then it was reduced to 12, and now to 10 per cent.

PHYSICAL FEATURES OF THE PRAIRIE STATE.

In area the State has 55,410 square miles of territory. It is about 150 miles wide and 400 miles long, stretching in latitude from Maine to North Carolina. It embraces wide variety of climate. It is tempered on the north by the great inland, saltless, tideless sea, which keeps the thermometer from either extreme. Being a table land, from 600 to 1,600 feet above the level of the sea, one is prepared to find on the health maps, prepared by the general government, an almost clean and perfect record. In freedom from fever and malarial diseases and consumptions, the three deadly enemies of the American Saxon, Illinois, as a State, stands without a superior. She furnishes one of the essential conditions of a great people—sound bodies. I suspect that this fact lies back of that old Delaware word, *Illini*, superior men.

The great battles of history that have been determinative of dynasties and destinies have been strategical battles, chiefly the question of position. Thermopylæ has been the war-cry of freemen for twenty-four centuries. It only tells how much there may be in position. All this advantage belongs to Illinois. It is in the heart of the greatest valley in the world, the vast region between the mountains—a valley that could

feed mankind for one thousand years. It is well on toward the center of the continent. It is in the great temperate belt, in which have been found nearly all the aggressive civilizations of history. It has sixty-five miles of frontage on the head of the lake. With the Mississippi forming the western and southern boundary, with the Ohio running along the southeastern line, with the Illinois River and Canal dividing the State diagonally from the lake to the Lower Mississippi, and with the Rock and Wabash Rivers furnishing altogether 2,000 miles of water-front, connecting with, and running through, in all about 12,000 miles of navigable water.

But this is not all. These waters are made most available by the fact that the lake and the State lie on the ridge running into the great valley from the east. Within cannon-shot of the lake the water runs away from the lake to the Gulf. The lake now empties at both ends, one into the Atlantic and one into the Gulf of Mexico. The lake thus seems to hang over the land. This makes the dockage most serviceable; there are no steep banks to damage it. Both lake and river are made for use.

The climate varies from Portland to Richmond; it favors every product of the continent, including the tropics, with less than half a dozen exceptions. It produces every great nutriment of the world except bananas and rice. It is hardly too much to say that it is the most productive spot known to civilization. With the soil full of bread and the earth full of minerals; with an upper surface of food and an under layer of fuel; with perfect natural drainage, and abundant springs and streams and navigable rivers; half way between the forests of the North and the fruits of the South; within a day's ride of the great deposits of iron, coal, copper, lead, and zinc; containing and controlling the great grain, cattle, pork, and lumber markets of the world, it is not strange that Illinois has the advantage of position.

This advantage has been supplemented by the character of the population. In the early days when Illinois was first admitted to the Union, her population were chiefly from Kentucky and Virginia. But, in the conflict of ideas concerning slavery, a strong tide of emigration came in from the East, and soon changed this composition. In 1870 her non-native population were from colder soils. New York furnished 133,290; Ohio gave 162,623; Pennsylvania sent on 98,352; the entire South gave us only 206,734. In all her cities, and in all her German and Scandinavian and other foreign colonies, Illinois has only about one-fifth of her people of foreign birth.

PROGRESS OF DEVELOPMENT.

One of the greatest elements in the early development of Illinois is the Illinois and Michigan Canal, connecting the Illinois and Mississippi Rivers with the lakes. It was of the utmost importance to the State. It was recommended by Gov. Bond, the first governor, in his first message. In 1821, the Legislature appropriated \$10,000 for surveying the route. Two bright young engineers surveyed it, and estimated the cost at \$600,000 or \$700,000. It finally cost \$8,000,000. In 1825, a law was passed to incorporate the Canal Company, but no stock was sold. In 1826, upon the solicitation of Cook, Congress gave 800,000 acres of land on the line of the work. In 1828, another law—commissioners appointed, and work commenced with new survey and new estimates. In 1834–35, George Farquhar made an able report on the whole matter. This was, doubtless, the ablest report ever made to a western legislature, and it became the model for subsequent reports and action. From this the work went on till it was finished in 1848. It cost the State a large amount of money; but it gave to the industries of the State an impetus that pushed it up into the first rank of greatness. It was not built as a speculation any more than a doctor is employed on a speculation. But it has paid into the Treasury of the State an average annual net sum of over \$111,000.

Pending the construction of the canal, the land and town-lot fever broke out in the State, in 1834–35. It took on the malignant type in Chicago, lifting the town up into a city. The disease spread over the entire State and adjoining States. It was epidemic. It cut up men's farms without regard to locality, and cut up the purses of the purchasers without regard to consequences. It is estimated that building lots enough were sold in Indiana alone to accommodate every citizen then in the United States.

Towns and cities were exported to the Eastern market by the ship-load. There was no lack of buyers. Every up-ship came freighted with speculators and their money.

This distemper seized upon the Legislature in 1836–37, and left not one to tell the tale. They enacted a system of internal improvement without a parallel in the grandeur of its conception. They ordered the construction of 1,300 miles of railroad, crossing the State in all directions. This was surpassed by the river and canal improvements. There were a few counties not touched by either railroad or river or canal, and those were to be comforted and compensated by the free distribution of \$200,000 among them. To inflate this balloon beyond credence it was ordered that work should be commenced on both ends of

each of these railroads and rivers, and at each river-crossing, all at the same time. The appropriations for these vast improvements were over \$12,000,000, and commissioners were appointed to borrow the money on the credit of the State. Remember that all this was in the early days of railroading, when railroads were luxuries; that the State had whole counties with scarcely a cabin; and that the population of the State was less than 400,000, and you can form some idea of the vigor with which these brave men undertook the work of making a great State. In the light of history I am compelled to say that this was only a premature throb of the power that actually slumbered in the soil of the State. It was Hercules in the cradle.

At this juncture the State Bank loaned its funds largely to Godfrey Gilman & Co., and to other leading houses, for the purpose of drawing trade from St. Louis to Alton. Soon they failed, and took down the bank with them.

In 1840, all hope seemed gone. A population of 480,000 were loaded with a debt of \$14,000,000. It had only six small cities, really only towns, namely: Chicago, Alton, Springfield, Quincy, Galena, Nauvoo. This debt was to be cared for when there was not a dollar in the treasury, and when the State had borrowed itself out of all credit, and when there was not good money enough in the hands of all the people to pay the interest of the debt for a single year. Yet, in the presence of all these difficulties, the young State steadily refused to repudiate. Gov. Ford took hold of the problem and solved it, bringing the State through in triumph.

Having touched lightly upon some of the more distinctive points in the history of the development of Illinois, let us next briefly consider the

MATERIAL RESOURCES OF THE STATE.

It is a garden four hundred miles long and one hundred and fifty miles wide. Its soil is chiefly a black sandy loam, from six inches to sixty feet thick. On the American bottoms it has been cultivated for one hundred and fifty years without renewal. About the old French towns it has yielded corn for a century and a half without rest or help. It produces nearly everything green in the temperate and tropical zones. She leads all other States in the number of acres actually under plow. Her products from 25,000,000 of acres are incalculable. Her mineral wealth is scarcely second to her agricultural power. She has coal, iron, lead, copper, zinc, many varieties of building stone, fire clay, cuma clay, common brick clay, sand of all kinds, gravel, mineral paint—every thing needed for a high civilization. Left to herself, she has the elements of all greatness. The single item of coal is too vast for an appreciative

handling in figures. We can handle it in general terms like algebraical signs, but long before we get up into the millions and billions the human mind drops down from comprehension to mere symbolic apprehension.

When I tell you that nearly four-fifths of the entire State is underlaid with a deposit of coal more than forty feet thick on the average (now estimated, by recent surveys, at seventy feet thick), you can get some idea of its amount, as you do of the amount of the national debt. There it is! 41,000 square miles—one vast mine into which you could put any of the States; in which you could bury scores of European and ancient empires, and have room enough all round to work without knowing that they had been sepulchered there.

Put this vast coal-bed down by the other great coal deposits of the world, and its importance becomes manifest. Great Britain has 12,000 square miles of coal; Spain, 3,000; France, 1,719; Belgium, 578; Illinois about twice as many square miles as all combined. Virginia has 20,000 square miles; Pennsylvania, 16,000; Ohio, 12,000. Illinois has 41,000 square miles. One-seventh of all the known coal on this continent is in Illinois.

Could we sell the coal in this single State for one-seventh of one cent a ton it would pay the national debt. Converted into power, even with the wastage in our common engines, it would do more work than could be done by the entire race, beginning at Adam's wedding and working ten hours a day through all the centuries till the present time, and right on into the future at the same rate for the next 600,000 years.

Great Britain uses enough mechanical power to-day to give to each man, woman, and child in the kingdom the help and service of nineteen untiring servants. No wonder she has leisure and luxuries. No wonder the home of the common artisan has in it more luxuries than could be found in the palace of good old King Arthur. Think, if you can conceive of it, of the vast army of servants that slumber in the soil of Illinois, impatiently awaiting the call of Genius to come forth to minister to our comfort.

At the present rate of consumption England's coal supply will be exhausted in 250 years. When this is gone she must transfer her dominion either to the Indies, or to British America, which I would not resist; or to some other people, which I would regret as a loss to civilization.

COAL IS KING.

At the same rate of consumption (which far exceeds our own) the deposit of coal in Illinois will last 120,000 years. And her kingdom shall be an everlasting kingdom.

Let us turn now from this reserve power to the *annual products* of

the State. We shall not be humiliated in this field. Here we strike the secret of our national credit. Nature provides a market in the constant appetite of the race. Men must eat, and if we can furnish the provisions we can command the treasure. All that a man hath will he give for his life.

According to the last census Illinois produced 30,000,000 of bushels of wheat. That is more wheat than was raised by any other State in the Union. She raised In 1875, 130,000,000 of bushels of corn—twice as much as any other State, and one-sixth of all the corn raised in the United States. She harvested 2,747,000 tons of hay, nearly one-tenth of all the hay in the Republic. It is not generally appreciated, but it is true, that the hay crop of the country is worth more than the cotton crop. The hay of Illinois equals the cotton of Louisiana. Go to Charleston, S. C., and see them peddling handfuls of hay or grass, almost as a curiosity, as we regard Chinese gods or the cryolite of Greenland; drink your coffee and *condensed milk*; and walk back from the coast for many a league through the sand and burs till you get up into the better atmosphere of the mountains, without seeing a waving meadow or a grazing herd; then you will begin to appreciate the meadows of the Prairie State, where the grass often grows sixteen feet high.

The value of her farm implements is \$211,000,000, and the value of her live stock is only second to the great State of New York. in 1875 she had 25,000,000 hogs, and packed 2,113,845, about one-half of all that were packed in the United States. This is no insignificant item. Pork is a growing demand of the old world. Since the laborers of Europe have gotten a taste of our bacon, and we have learned how to pack it dry in boxes, like dry goods, the world has become the market.

The hog is on the march into the future. His nose is ordained to uncover the secrets of dominion, and his feet shall be guided by the star of empire.

Illinois marketed \$57,000,000 worth of slaughtered animals—more than any other State, and a seventh of all the States.

Be patient with me, and pardon my pride, and I will give you a list of some of the things in which Illinois excels all other States.

Depth and richness of soil; per cent. of good ground; acres of improved land; large farms—some farms contain from 40,000 to 60,000 acres of cultivated land, 40,000 acres of corn on a single farm; number of farmers; amount of wheat, corn, oats and honey produced; value of animals for slaughter; number of hogs; amount of pork; number of horses—three times as many as Kentucky, the horse State.

Illinois excels all other States in miles of railroads and in miles of postal service, and in money orders sold per annum, and in the amount of lumber sold in her markets.

Illinois is only second in many important matters. This sample list comprises a few of the more important: Permanent school fund (good for a young state); total income for educational purposes; number of publishers of books, maps, papers, etc.; value of farm products and implements, and of live stock; in tons of coal mined.

The shipping of Illinois is only second to New York. Out of one port during the business hours of the season of navigation she sends forth a vessel every ten minutes. This does not include canal boats, which go one every five minutes. No wonder she is only second in number of bankers and brokers or in physicians and surgeons.

She is third in colleges, teachers and schools; cattle, lead, hay, flax, sorghum and beeswax.

She is fourth in population, in children enrolled in public schools, in law schools, in butter, potatoes and carriages.

She is fifth in value of real and personal property, in theological seminaries and colleges exclusively for women, in milk sold, and in boots and shoes manufactured, and in book-binding.

She is only seventh in the production of wood, while she is the twelfth in area. Surely that is well done for the Prairie State. She now has much more wood and growing timber than she had thirty years ago.

A few leading industries will justify emphasis. She manufactures \$205,000,000 worth of goods, which places her well up toward New York and Pennsylvania. The number of her manufacturing establishments increased from 1860 to 1870, 300 per cent.; capital employed increased 350 per cent., and the amount of product increased 400 per cent. She issued 5,500,000 copies of commercial and financial newspapers—only second to New York. She has 6,759 miles of railroad, thus leading all other States, worth \$636,458,000, using 3,245 engines, and 67,712 cars, making a train long enough to cover one-tenth of the entire roads of the State. Her stations are only five miles apart. She carried last year 15,795,000 passengers, an average of $36\frac{1}{2}$ miles, or equal to taking her entire population twice across the State. More than two-thirds of her land is within five miles of a railroad, and less than two per cent. is more than fifteen miles away.

The State has a large financial interest in the Illinois Central railroad. The road was incorporated in 1850, and the State gave each alternate section for six miles on each side, and doubled the price of the remaining land, so keeping herself good. The road received 2,595,000 acres of land, and pays to the State one-seventh of the gross receipts. The State receives this year \$350,000, and has received in all about \$7,000,000. It is practically the people's road, and it has a most able and gentlemanly management. Add to this the annual receipts from the canal, \$111,000, and a large per cent. of the State tax is provided for.

THE RELIGION AND MORALS

of the State keep step with her productions and growth. She was born of the missionary spirit. It was a minister who secured for her the ordinance of 1787, by which she has been saved from slavery, ignorance, and dishonesty. Rev. Mr. Wiley, pastor of a Scotch congregation in Randolph County, petitioned the Constitutional Convention of 1818 to recognize Jesus Christ as king, and the Scriptures as the only necessary guide and book of law. The convention did not act in the case, and the old Covenanters refused to accept citizenship. They never voted until 1824, when the slavery question was submitted to the people; then they all voted against it and cast the determining votes. Conscience has predominated whenever a great moral question has been submitted to the people.

But little mob violence has ever been felt in the State. In 1817 regulators disposed of a band of horse-thieves that infested the territory. The Mormon indignities finally awoke the same spirit. Alton was also the scene of a pro-slavery mob, in which Lovejoy was added to the list of martyrs. The moral sense of the people makes the law supreme, and gives to the State unruffled peace.

With \$22,300,000 in church property, and 4,298 church organizations, the State has that divine police, the sleepless patrol of moral ideas, that alone is able to secure perfect safety. Conscience takes the knife from the assassin's hand and the bludgeon from the grasp of the highwayman. We sleep in safety, not because we are behind bolts and bars—these only fence against the innocent; not because a lone officer drowns on a distant corner of a street; not because a sheriff may call his posse from a remote part of the county; but because *conscience* guards the very portals of the air and stirs in the deepest recesses of the public mind. This spirit issues within the State 9,500,000 copies of religious papers annually, and receives still more from without. Thus the crime of the State is only one-fourth that of New York and one-half that of Pennsylvania.

Illinois never had but one duel between her own citizens. In Belleville, in 1820, Alphonso Stewart and William Bennett arranged to vindicate injured honor. The seconds agreed to make it a sham, and make them shoot blanks. Stewart was in the secret. Bennett mistrusted something, and, unobserved, slipped a bullet into his gun and killed Stewart. He then fled the State. After two years he was caught, tried, convicted, and, in spite of friends and political aid, was hung. This fixed the code of honor on a Christian basis, and terminated its use in Illinois.

The early preachers were ignorant men, who were accounted eloquent according to the strength of their voices. But they set the style for all public speakers. Lawyers and political speakers followed this rule. Gov.

Ford says: "Nevertheless, these first preachers were of incalculable benefit to the country. They inculcated justice and morality. To them are we indebted for the first Christian character of the Protestant portion of the people."

In education Illinois surpasses her material resources. The ordinance of 1787 consecrated one thirty-sixth of her soil to common schools, and the law of 1818, the first law that went upon her statutes, gave three per cent. of all the rest to

EDUCATION.

The old compact secures this interest forever, and by its yoking morality and intelligence it precludes the legal interference with the Bible in the public schools. With such a start it is natural that we should have 11,050 schools, and that our illiteracy should be less than New York or Pennsylvania, and only about one-half of Massachusetts. We are not to blame for not having more than one-half as many idiots as the great States. These public schools soon made colleges inevitable. The first college, still flourishing, was started in Lebanon in 1828, by the M. E. church, and named after Bishop McKendree. Illinois College, at Jacksonville, supported by the Presbyterians, followed in 1830. In 1832 the Baptists built Shurtleff College, at Alton. Then the Presbyterians built Knox College, at Galesburg, in 1838, and the Episcopalians built Jubilee College, at Peoria, in 1847. After these early years colleges have rained down. A settler could hardly encamp on the prairie but a college would spring up by his wagon. The State now has one very well endowed and equipped university, namely, the Northwestern University, at Evanston, with six colleges, ninety instructors, over 1,000 students, and \$1,500,000 endowment.

Rev. J. M. Peck was the first educated Protestant minister in the State. He settled at Rock Spring, in St. Clair County, 1820, and left his impress on the State. Before 1837 only party papers were published, but Mr. Peck published a *Gazetteer of Illinois*. Soon after John Russell, of Bluffdale, published essays and tales showing genius. Judge James Hall published *The Illinois Monthly Magazine* with great ability, and an annual called *The Western Souvenir*, which gave him an enviable fame all over the United States. From these beginnings Illinois has gone on till she has more volumes in public libraries even than Massachusetts, and of the 44,500,000 volumes in all the public libraries of the United States, she has one-thirteenth. In newspapers she stands fourth. Her increase is marvelous. In 1850 she issued 5,000,000 copies; in 1860, 27,590,000; in 1870, 113,140,000. In 1860 she had eighteen colleges and seminaries; in 1870 she had eighty. That is a grand advance for the war decade.

This brings us to a record unsurpassed in the history of any age,

THE WAR RECORD OF ILLINOIS.

I hardly know where to begin, or how to advance, or what to say. I can at best give you only a broken synopsis of her deeds, and you must put them in the order of glory for yourself. Her sons have always been foremost on fields of danger. In 1832-33, at the call of Gov. Reynolds, her sons drove Blackhawk over the Mississippi.

When the Mexican war came, in May, 1846, 8,370 men offered themselves when only 3,720 could be accepted. The fields of Buena Vista and Vera Cruz, and the storming of Cerro Gordo, will carry the glory of Illinois soldiers along after the infamy of the cause they served has been forgotten. But it was reserved till our day for her sons to find a field and cause and foemen that could fitly illustrate their spirit and heroism. Illinois put into her own regiments for the United States government 256,000 men, and into the army through other States enough to swell the number to 290,000. This far exceeds all the soldiers of the federal government in all the war of the revolution. Her total years of service were over 600,000. She enrolled men from eighteen to forty-five years of age when the law of Congress in 1864—the test time—only asked for those from twenty to forty-five. Her enrollment was otherwise excessive. Her people wanted to go, and did not take the pains to correct the enrollment. Thus the basis of fixing the quota was too great, and then the quota itself, at least in the trying time, was far above any other State.

Thus the demand on some counties, as Monroe, for example, took every able-bodied man in the county, and then did not have enough to fill the quota. Moreover, Illinois sent 20,844 men for ninety or one hundred days, for whom no credit was asked. When Mr. Lincoln's attention was called to the inequality of the quota compared with other States, he replied, "The country needs the sacrifice. We must put the whip on the free horse." In spite of all these disadvantages Illinois gave to the country 73,000 years of service above all calls. With one-thirteenth of the population of the loyal States, she sent regularly one-tenth of all the soldiers, and in the peril of the closing calls, when patriots were few and weary, she then sent one-eighth of all that were called for by her loved and honored son in the white house. Her mothers and daughters went into the fields to raise the grain and keep the children together, while the fathers and older sons went to the harvest fields of the world. I knew a father and four sons who agreed that one of them must stay at home; and they pulled straws from a stack to see who might go. The father was left. The next day he came into the camp, saying: "Mother says she can get the crops in, and I am going, too." I know large Methodist churches from which every male member went to the army. Do you want to know

what these heroes from Illinois did in the field? Ask any soldier with a good record of his own, who is thus able to judge, and he will tell you that the Illinois men went in to win. It is common history that the greater victories were won in the West. When everything else looked dark Illinois was gaining victories all down the river, and dividing the confederacy. Sherman took with him on his great march forty-five regiments of Illinois infantry, three companies of artillery, and one company of cavalry. He could not avoid

GOING TO THE SEA.

If he had been killed, I doubt not the men would have gone right on. Lincoln answered all rumors of Sherman's defeat with, "It is impossible; there is a mighty sight of fight in 100,000 Western men." Illinois soldiers brought home 300 battle-flags. The first United States flag that floated over Richmond was an Illinois flag. She sent messengers and nurses to every field and hospital, to care for her sick and wounded sons. She said, "These suffering ones are my sons, and I will care for them."

When individuals had given all, then cities and towns came forward with their credit to the extent of many millions, to aid these men and their families.

Illinois gave the country the great general of the war—Ulysses S. Grant—since honored with two terms of the Presidency of the United States.

One other name from Illinois comes up in all minds, embalmed in all hearts, that must have the supreme place in this story of our glory and of our nation's honor; that name is Abraham Lincoln, of Illinois.

The analysis of Mr. Lincoln's character is difficult on account of its symmetry.

In this age we look with admiration at his uncompromising honesty. And well we may, for this saved us. Thousands throughout the length and breadth of our country who knew him only as "Honest Old Abe," voted for him on that account; and wisely did they choose, for no other man could have carried us through the fearful night of the war. When his plans were too vast for our comprehension, and his faith in the cause too sublime for our participation; when it was all night about us, and all dread before us, and all sad and desolate behind us; when not one ray shone upon our cause; when traitors were haughty and exultant at the South, and fierce and blasphemous at the North; when the loyal men here seemed almost in the minority; when the stoutest heart quailed, the bravest cheek paled; when generals were defeating each other for place, and contractors were leeching out the very heart's blood of the prostrate republic: when every thing else had failed us, we looked at this calm, patient man standing like a rock in the storm, and said: "Mr. Lincoln

is honest, and we can trust him still." Holding to this single point with the energy of faith and despair we held together, and, under God, he brought us through to victory.

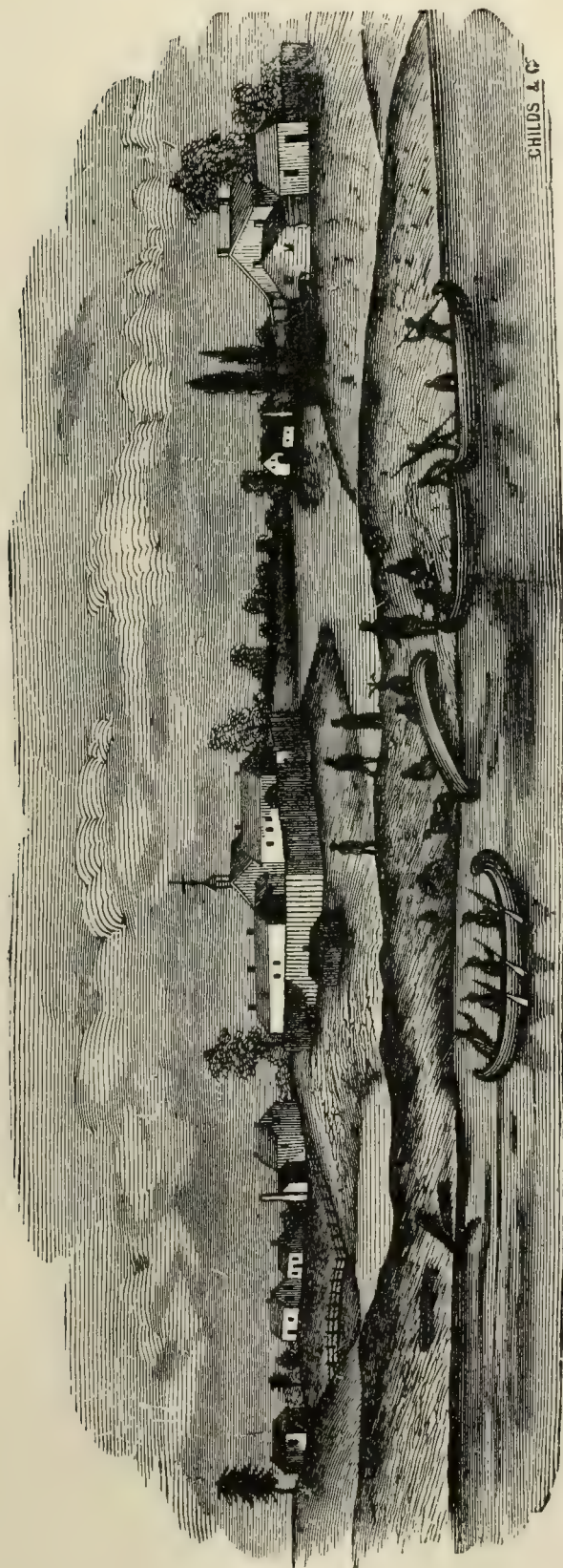
His practical wisdom made him the wonder of all lands. With such certainty did Mr. Lincoln follow causes to their ultimate effects, that his foresight of contingencies seemed almost prophetic.

He is radiant with all the great virtues, and his memory shall shed a glory upon this age that shall fill the eyes of men as they look into history. Other men have excelled him in some point, but, taken at all points, all in all, he stands head and shoulders above every other man of 6,000 years. An administrator, he saved the nation in the perils of unparalleled civil war. A statesman, he justified his measures by their success. A philanthropist, he gave liberty to one race and salvation to another. A moralist, he bowed from the summit of human power to the foot of the Cross, and became a Christian. A mediator, he exercised mercy under the most absolute abeyance to law. A leader, he was no partisan. A commander, he was untainted with blood. A ruler in desperate times, he was unsullied with crime. A man, he has left no word of passion, no thought of malice, no trick of craft, no act of jealousy, no purpose of selfish ambition. Thus perfected, without a model, and without a peer, he was dropped into these troubled years to adorn and embellish all that is good and all that is great in our humanity, and to present to all coming time the representative of the divine idea of free government.

It is not too much to say that away down in the future, when the republic has fallen from its niche in the wall of time; when the great war itself shall have faded out in the distance like a mist on the horizon; when the Anglo-Saxon language shall be spoken only by the tongue of the stranger; then the generations looking this way shall see the great president as the supreme figure in this vortex of history

CHICAGO.

It is impossible in our brief space to give more than a meager sketch of such a city as Chicago, which is in itself the greatest marvel of the Prairie State. This mysterious, majestic, mighty city, born first of water, and next of fire; sown in weakness, and raised in power; planted among the willows of the marsh, and crowned with the glory of the mountains; sleeping on the bosom of the prairie, and rocked on the bosom of the sea; the youngest city of the world, and still the eye of the prairie, as Damascus, the oldest city of the world, is the eye of the desert. With a commerce far exceeding that of Corinth on her isthmus, in the highway to the East; with the defenses of a continent piled around her by the thousand miles, making her far safer than Rome on the banks of the Tiber;



CHICAGO IN 1833.

with schools eclipsing Alexandria and Athens; with liberties more conspicuous than those of the old republics; with a heroism equal to the first Carthage, and with a sanctity scarcely second to that of Jerusalem—set your thoughts on all this, lifted into the eyes of all men by the miracle of its growth, illuminated by the flame of its fall, and transfigured by the divinity of its resurrection, and you will feel, as I do, the utter impossibility of compassing this subject as it deserves. Some impression of her importance is received from the shock her burning gave to the civilized world.

When the doubt of her calamity was removed, and the horrid fact was accepted, there went a shudder over all cities, and a quiver over all lands. There was scarcely a town in the civilized world that did not shake on the brink of this opening chasm. The flames of our homes reddened all skies. The city was set upon a hill, and could not be hid. All eyes were turned upon it. To have struggled and suffered amid the scenes of its fall is as distinguishing as to have fought at Thermopylæ, or Salamis, or Hastings, or Waterloo, or Bunker Hill.

Its calamity amazed the world, because it was felt to be the common property of mankind.

The early history of the city is full of interest, just as the early history of such a man as Washington or Lincoln becomes public property, and is cherished by every patriot.

Starting with 560 acres in 1833, it embraced and occupied 23,000 acres in 1869, and, having now a population of more than 500,000, it commands general attention.

The first settler—Jean Baptiste Pointe au Sable, a mulatto from the West Indies—came and began trade with the Indians in 1796. John Kinzie became his successor in 1804, in which year Fort Dearborn was erected.

A mere trading-post was kept here from that time till about the time of the Blackhawk war, in 1832. It was not the city. It was merely a cock crowing at midnight. The morning was not yet. In 1833 the settlement about the fort was incorporated as a town. The voters were divided on the propriety of such corporation, twelve voting for it and one against it. Four years later it was incorporated as a city, and embraced 560 acres.

The produce handled in this city is an indication of its power. Grain and flour were imported from the East till as late as 1837. The first exportation by way of experiment was in 1839. Exports exceeded imports first in 1842. The Board of Trade was organized in 1848, but it was so weak that it needed nursing till 1855. Grain was purchased by the wagon-load in the street.

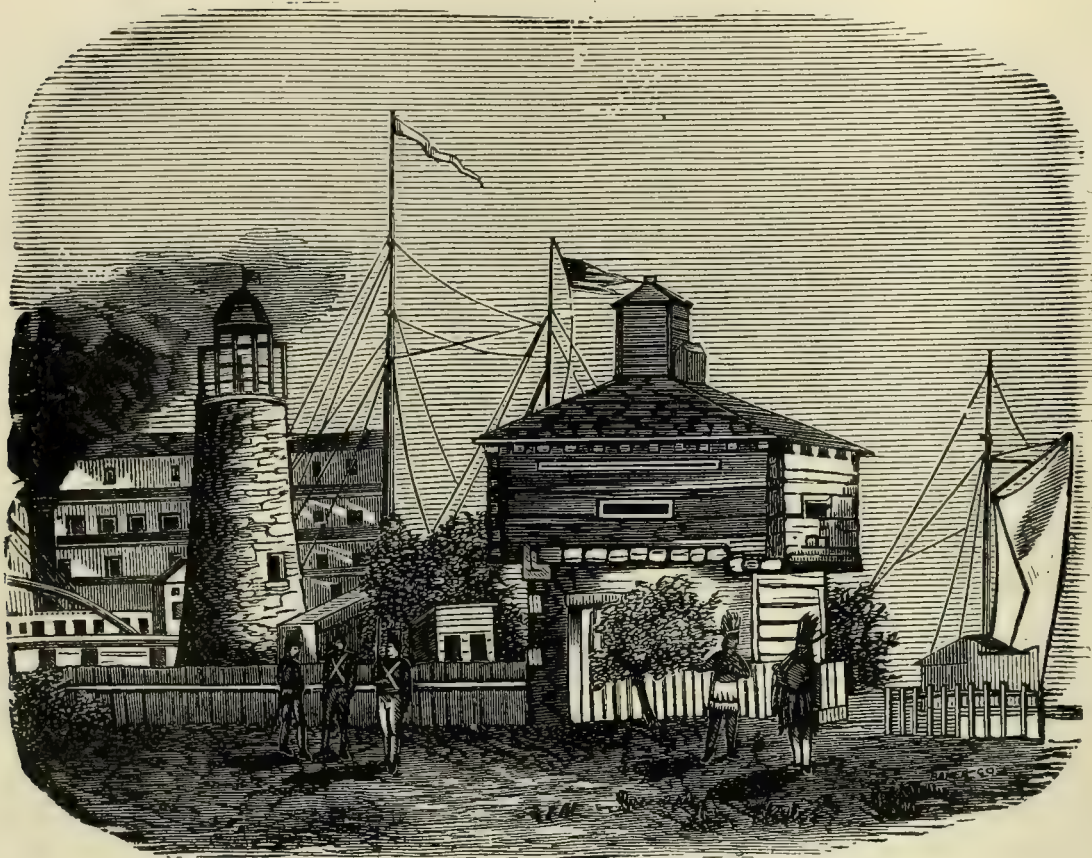
I remember sitting with my father on a load of wheat, in the long

line of wagons along Lake street, while the buyers came and untied the bags, and examined the grain, and made their bids. That manner of business had to cease with the day of small things. Now our elevators will hold 15,000,000 bushels of grain. The cash value of the produce handled in a year is \$215,000,000, and the produce weighs 7,000,000 tons or 700,000 car loads. This handles thirteen and a half ton each minute, all the year round. One tenth of all the wheat in the United States is handled in Chicago. Even as long ago as 1853 the receipts of grain in Chicago exceeded those of the goodly city of St. Louis, and in 1854 the exports of grain from Chicago exceeded those of New York and doubled those of St. Petersburg, Archangel, or Odessa, the largest grain markets in Europe.

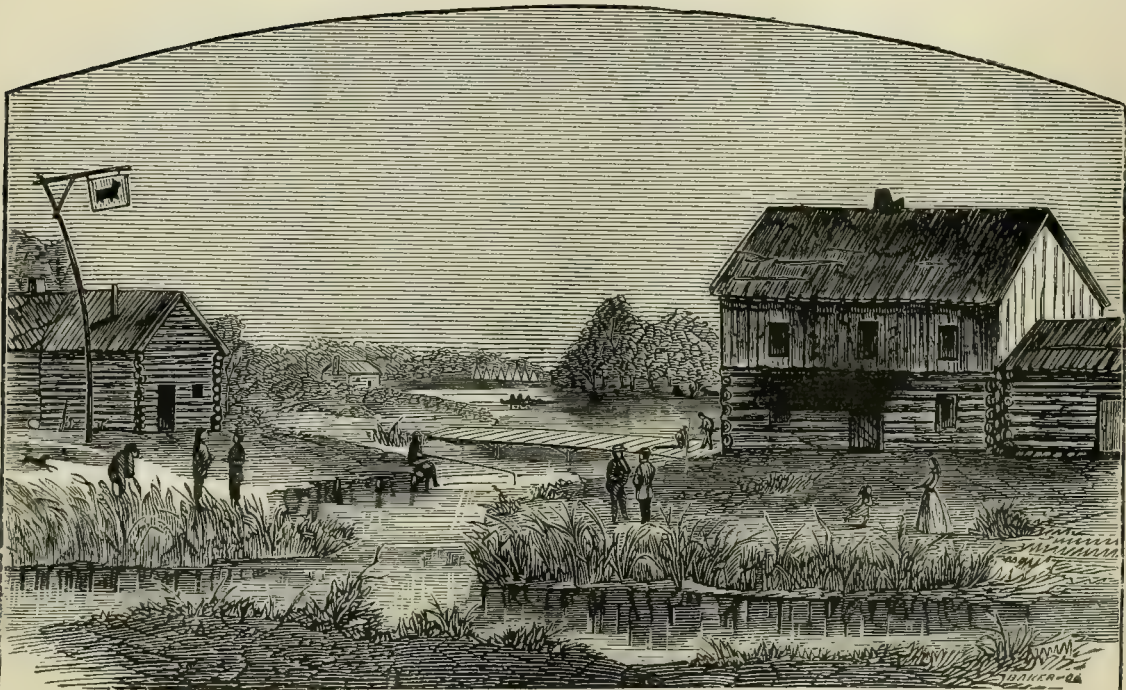
The manufacturing interests of the city are not contemptible. In 1873 manufactories employed 45,000 operatives; in 1876, 60,000. The manufactured product in 1875 was worth \$177,000,000.

No estimate of the size and power of Chicago would be adequate that did not put large emphasis on the railroads. Before they came thundering along our streets canals were the hope of our country. But who ever thinks now of traveling by canal packets? In June, 1852, there were only forty miles of railroad connected with the city. The old Galena division of the Northwestern ran out to Elgin. But now, who can count the trains and measure the roads that seek a terminus or connection in this city? The lake stretches away to the north, gathering in to this center all the harvests that might otherwise pass to the north of us. If you will take a map and look at the adjustment of railroads, you will see, first, that Chicago is the great railroad center of the world, as New York is the commercial city of this continent; and, second, that the railroad lines form the iron spokes of a great wheel whose hub is this city. The lake furnishes the only break in the spokes, and this seems simply to have pushed a few spokes together on each shore. See the eighteen trunk lines, exclusive of eastern connections.

Pass round the circle, and view their numbers and extent. There is the great Northwestern, with all its branches, one branch creeping along the lake shore, and so reaching to the north, into the Lake Superior regions, away to the right, and on to the Northern Pacific on the left, swinging around Green Bay for iron and copper and silver, twelve months in the year, and reaching out for the wealth of the great agricultural belt and isothermal line traversed by the Northern Pacific. Another branch, not so far north, feeling for the heart of the Badger State. Another pushing lower down the Mississippi—all these make many connections, and tapping all the vast wheat regions of Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, and all the regions this side of sunset. There is that elegant road, the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, running out a goodly number of



OLD FORT DEARBORN, 1830.



PRESENT SITE OF LAKE STREET BRIDGE, CHICAGO, IN 1833.

branches, and reaping the great fields this side of the Missouri River. I can only mention the Chicago, Alton & St. Louis, *our* Illinois Central, described elsewhere, and the Chicago & Rock Island. Further around we come to the lines connecting us with all the eastern cities. The Chicago, Indianapolis & St. Louis, the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, and the Michigan Central and Great Western, give us many highways to the seaboard. Thus we reach the Mississippi at five points, from St. Paul to Cairo and the Gulf itself by two routes. We also reach Cincinnati and Baltimore, and Pittsburgh and Philadelphia, and New York. North and south run the water courses of the lakes and the rivers, broken just enough at this point to make a pass. Through this, from east to west, run the long lines that stretch from ocean to ocean.

This is the neck of the glass, and the golden sands of commerce must pass into our hands. Altogether we have more than 10,000 miles of railroad, directly tributary to this city, seeking to unload their wealth in our coffers. All these roads have come themselves by the infallible instinct of capital. Not a dollar was ever given by the city to secure one of them, and only a small per cent. of stock taken originally by her citizens, and that taken simply as an investment. Coming in the natural order of events, they will not be easily diverted.

There is still another showing to all this. The connection between New York and San Francisco is by the middle route. This passes inevitably through Chicago. St. Louis wants the Southern Pacific or Kansas Pacific, and pushes it out through Denver, and so on up to Cheyenne. But before the road is fairly under way, the Chicago roads shove out to Kansas City, making even the Kansas Pacific a feeder, and actually leaving St. Louis out in the cold. It is not too much to expect that Dakota, Montana, and Washington Territory will find their great market in Chicago.

But these are not all. Perhaps I had better notice here the ten or fifteen new roads that have just entered, or are just entering, our city. Their names are all that is necessary to give. Chicago & St. Paul, looking up the Red River country to the British possessions; the Chicago, Atlantic & Pacific; the Chicago, Decatur & State Line; the Baltimore & Ohio; the Chicago, Danville & Vincennes; the Chicago & LaSalle Railroad; the Chicago, Pittsburgh & Cincinnati; the Chicago and Canada Southern; the Chicago and Illinois River Railroad. These, with their connections, and with the new connections of the old roads, already in process of erection, give to Chicago not less than 10,000 miles of new tributaries from the richest land on the continent. Thus there will be added to the reserve power, to the capital within reach of this city, not less than \$1,000,000,000.

Add to all this transporting power the ships that sail one every nine minutes of the business hours of the season of navigation; add, also, the canal boats that leave one every five minutes during the same time—and you will see something of the business of the city.

THE COMMERCE OF THIS CITY

has been leaping along to keep pace with the growth of the country around us. In 1852, our commerce reached the hopeful sum of \$20,000,000. In 1870 it reached \$400,000,000. In 1871 it was pushed up above \$450,000,000. And in 1875 it touched nearly double that.

One-half of our imported goods come directly to Chicago. Grain enough is exported directly from our docks to the old world to employ a semi-weekly line of steamers of 3,000 tons capacity. This branch is not likely to be greatly developed. Even after the great Welland Canal is completed we shall have only fourteen feet of water. The great ocean vessels will continue to control the trade.

The banking capital of Chicago is \$24,431,000. Total exchange in 1875, \$659,000,000. Her wholesale business in 1875 was \$294,000,000. The rate of taxes is less than in any other great city.

The schools of Chicago are unsurpassed in America. Out of a population of 300,000 there were only 186 persons between the ages of six and twenty-one unable to read. This is the best known record.

In 1831 the mail system was condensed into a half-breed, who went on foot to Niles, Mich., once in two weeks, and brought back what papers and news he could find. As late as 1846 there was often only one mail a week. A post-office was established in Chicago in 1833, and the post-master nailed up old boot-legs on one side of his shop to serve as boxes for the nabobs and literary men.

It is an interesting fact in the growth of the young city that in the active life of the business men of that day the mail matter has grown to a daily average of over 6,500 pounds. It speaks equally well for the intelligence of the people and the commercial importance of the place, that the mail matter distributed to the territory immediately tributary to Chicago is seven times greater than that distributed to the territory immediately tributary to St. Louis.

The improvements that have characterized the city are as startling as the city itself. In 1831, Mark Beaubien established a ferry over the river, and put himself under bonds to carry all the citizens free for the privilege of charging strangers. Now there are twenty-four large bridges and two tunnels.

In 1833 the government expended \$30,000 on the harbor. Then commenced that series of manœuvres with the river that has made it one

of the world's curiosities. It used to wind around in the lower end of the town, and make its way rippling over the sand into the lake at the foot of Madison street. They took it up and put it down where it now is. It was a narrow stream, so narrow that even moderately small crafts had to go up through the willows and cat's tails to the point near Lake street bridge, and back up one of the branches to get room enough in which to turn around.

In 1844 the quagmires in the streets were first pontooned by plank roads, which acted in wet weather as public squirt-guns. Keeping you out of the mud, they compromised by squirting the mud over you. The wooden-block pavements came to Chicago in 1857. In 1840 water was delivered by peddlers in carts or by hand. Then a twenty-five horsepower engine pushed it through hollow or bored logs along the streets till 1854, when it was introduced into the houses by new works. The first fire-engine was used in 1835, and the first steam fire-engine in 1859. Gas was utilized for lighting the city in 1850. The Young Men's Christian Association was organized in 1858, and horse railroads carried them to their work in 1859. The museum was opened in 1863. The alarm telegraph adopted in 1864. The opera-house built in 1865. The city grew from 560 acres in 1833 to 23,000 in 1869. In 1834, the taxes amounted to \$48.90, and the trustees of the town borrowed \$60 more for opening and improving streets. In 1835, the legislature authorized a loan of \$2,000, and the treasurer and street commissioners resigned rather than plunge the town into such a gulf.

Now the city embraces 36 square miles of territory, and has 30 miles of water front, besides the outside harbor of refuge, of 400 acres, inclosed by a crib sea-wall. One-third of the city has been raised up an average of eight feet, giving good pitch to the 263 miles of sewerage. The water of the city is above all competition. It is received through two tunnels extending to a crib in the lake two miles from shore. The closest analysis fails to detect any impurities, and, received 35 feet below the surface, it is always clear and cold. The first tunnel is five feet two inches in diameter and two miles long, and can deliver 50,000,000 of gallons per day. The second tunnel is seven feet in diameter and six miles long, running four miles under the city, and can deliver 100,000,000 of gallons per day. This water is distributed through 410 miles of water-mains.

The three grand engineering exploits of the city are: First, lifting the city up on jack-screws, whole squares at a time, without interrupting the business, thus giving us good drainage; second, running the tunnels under the lake, giving us the best water in the world; and third, the turning the current of the river in its own channel, delivering us from the old abominations, and making decency possible. They redound about

equally to the credit of the engineering, to the energy of the people, and to the health of the city.

That which really constitutes the city, its indescribable spirit, its soul, the way it lights up in every feature in the hour of action, has not been touched. In meeting strangers, one is often surprised how some homely women marry so well. Their forms are bad, their gait uneven and awkward, their complexion is dull, their features are misshapen and mismatched, and when we see them there is no beauty that we should desire them. But when once they are aroused on some subject, they put on new proportions. They light up into great power. The real person comes out from its unseemly ambush, and captures us at will. They have power. They have ability to cause things to come to pass. We no longer wonder why they are in such high demand. So it is with our city.

There is no grand scenery except the two seas, one of water, the other of prairie. Nevertheless, there is a spirit about it, a push, a breadth, a power, that soon makes it a place never to be forsaken. One soon ceases to believe in impossibilities. Balaams are the only prophets that are disappointed. The bottom that has been on the point of falling out has been there so long that it has grown fast. It can not fall out. It has all the capital of the world itching to get inside the corporation.

The two great laws that govern the growth and size of cities are, first, the amount of territory for which they are the distributing and receiving points; second, the number of medium or moderate dealers that do this distributing. Monopolists build up themselves, not the cities. They neither eat, wear, nor live in proportion to their business. Both these laws help Chicago.

The tide of trade is eastward—not up or down the map, but across the map. The lake runs up a wingdam for 500 miles to gather in the business. Commerce can not ferry up there for seven months in the year, and the facilities for seven months can do the work for twelve. Then the great region west of us is nearly all good, productive land. Dropping south into the trail of St. Louis, you fall into vast deserts and rocky districts, useful in holding the world together. St. Louis and Cincinnati, instead of rivaling and hurting Chicago, are her greatest sureties of dominion. They are far enough away to give sea-room,—farther off than Paris is from London,—and yet they are near enough to prevent the springing up of any other great city between them.

St. Louis will be helped by the opening of the Mississippi, but also hurt. That will put New Orleans on her feet, and with a railroad running over into Texas and so West, she will tap the streams that now crawl up the Texas and Missouri road. The current is East, not North, and a seaport at New Orleans can not permanently help St. Louis.

Chicago is in the field almost alone, to handle the wealth of one-

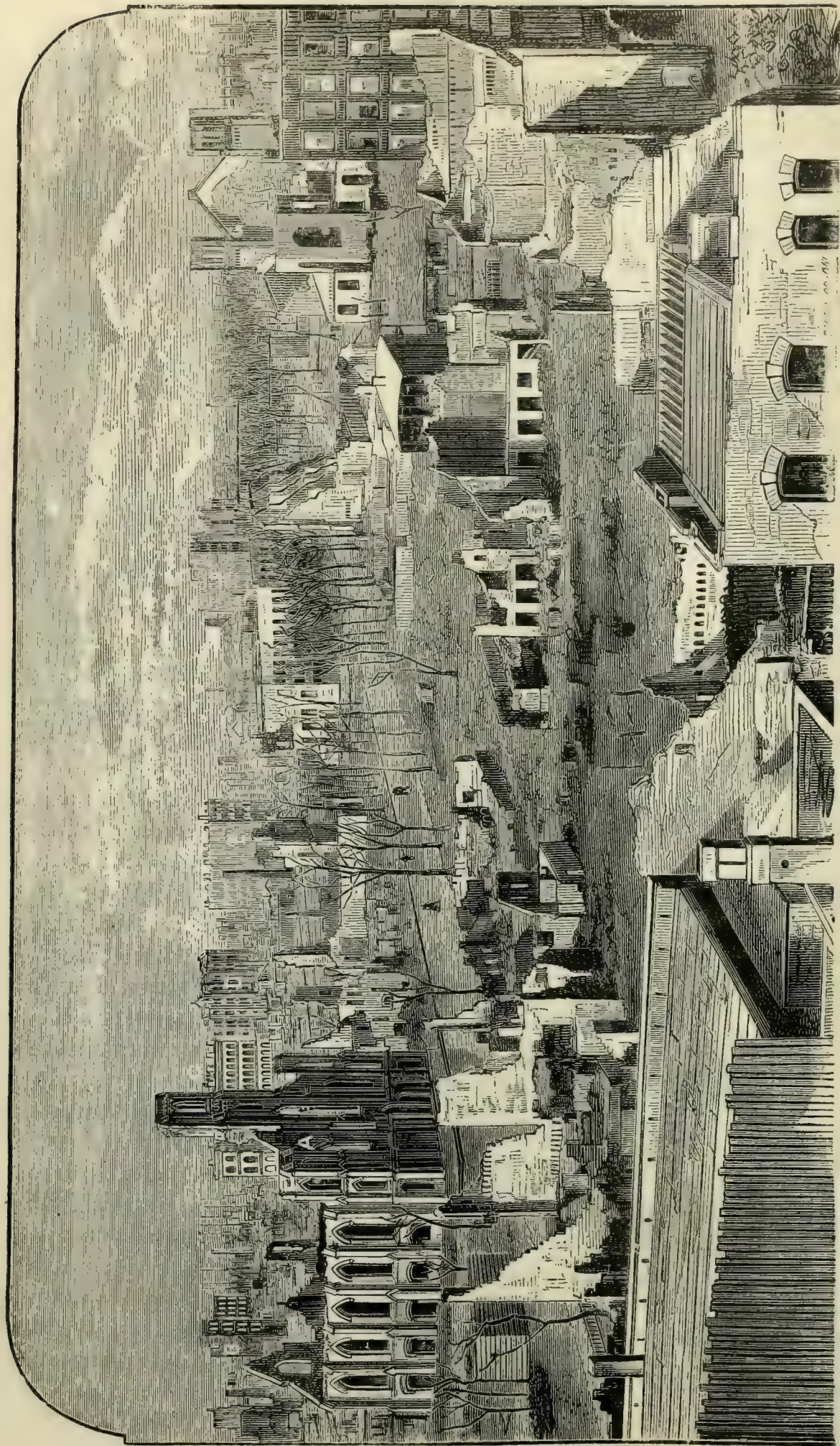
fourth of the territory of this great republic. This strip of seacoast divides its margins between Portland, Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Savannah, or some other great port to be created for the South in the next decade. But Chicago has a dozen empires casting their treasures into her lap. On a bed of coal that can run all the machinery of the world for 500 centuries; in a garden that can feed the race by the thousand years; at the head of the lakes that give her a temperature as a summer resort equaled by no great city in the land; with a climate that insures the health of her citizens; surrounded by all the great deposits of natural wealth in mines and forests and herds, Chicago is the wonder of to-day, and will be *the city of the future*.

MASSACRE AT FORT DEARBORN.

During the war of 1812, Fort Dearborn became the theater of stirring events. The garrison consisted of fifty-four men under command of Captain Nathan Heald, assisted by Lieutenant Helm (son-in-law of Mrs. Kinzie) and Ensign Ronan. Dr. Voorhees was surgeon. The only residents at the post at that time were the wives of Captain Heald and Lieutenant Helm, and a few of the soldiers, Mr. Kinzie and his family, and a few Canadian *voyageurs*, with their wives and children. The soldiers and Mr. Kinzie were on most friendly terms with the Pottawattamies and Winnebagos, the principal tribes around them, but they could not win them from their attachment to the British.

One evening in April, 1812, Mr. Kinzie sat playing on his violin and his children were dancing to the music, when Mrs. Kinzie came rushing into the house, pale with terror, and exclaiming: "The Indians! the Indians!" "What? Where?" eagerly inquired Mr. Kinzie. "Up at Lee's, killing and scalping," answered the frightened mother, who, when the alarm was given, was attending Mrs. Barnes (just confined) living not far off. Mr. Kinzie and his family crossed the river and took refuge in the fort, to which place Mrs. Barnes and her infant not a day old were safely conveyed. The rest of the inhabitants took shelter in the fort. This alarm was caused by a scalping party of Winnebagos, who hovered about the fort several days, when they disappeared, and for several weeks the inhabitants were undisturbed.

On the 7th of August, 1812, General Hull, at Detroit, sent orders to Captain Heald to evacuate Fort Dearborn, and to distribute all the United States property to the Indians in the neighborhood—a most insane order. The Pottawattamie chief, who brought the dispatch, had more wisdom than the commanding general. He advised Captain Heald not to make the distribution. Said he: "Leave the fort and stores as they are, and let the Indians make distribution for themselves; and while they are engaged in the business, the white people may escape to Fort Wayne."



RUINS OF CHICAGO.

Captain Heald held a council with the Indians on the afternoon of the 12th, in which his officers refused to join, for they had been informed that treachery was designed—that the Indians intended to murder the white people in the council, and then destroy those in the fort. Captain Heald, however, took the precaution to open a port-hole displaying a cannon pointing directly upon the council, and by that means saved his life.

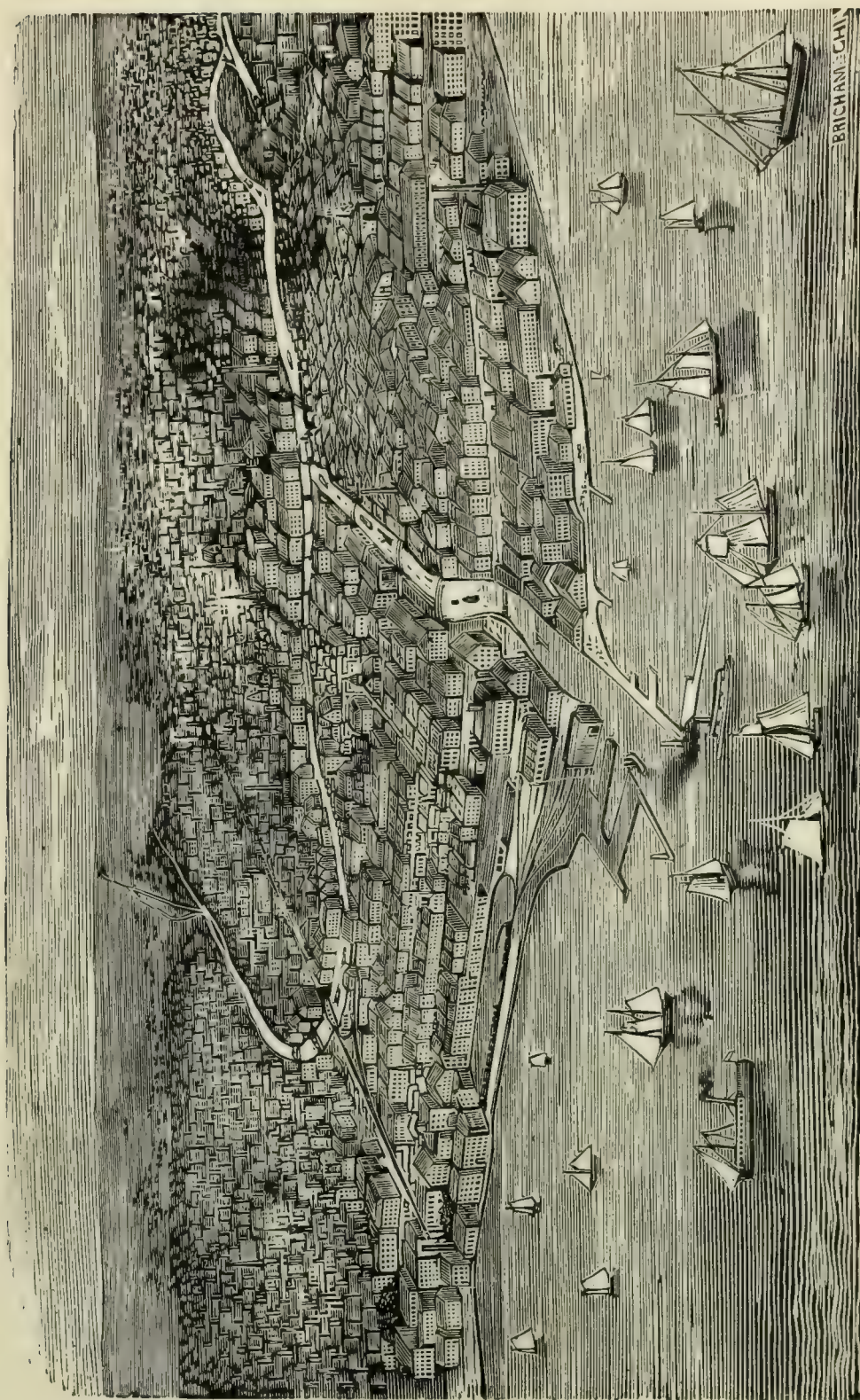
Mr. Kinzie, who knew the Indians well, begged Captain Heald not to confide in their promises, nor distribute the arms and munitions among them, for it would only put power into their hands to destroy the whites. Acting upon this advice, Heald resolved to withhold the munitions of war; and on the night of the 13th, after the distribution of the other property had been made, the powder, ball and liquors were thrown into the river, the muskets broken up and destroyed.

Black Partridge, a friendly chief, came to Captain Heald, and said: "Linden birds have been singing in my ears to-day: be careful on the march you are going to take." On that dark night vigilant Indians had crept near the fort and discovered the destruction of their promised booty going on within. The next morning the powder was seen floating on the surface of the river. The savages were exasperated and made loud complaints and threats.

On the following day when preparations were making to leave the fort, and all the inmates were deeply impressed with a sense of impending danger, Capt. Wells, an uncle of Mrs. Heald, was discovered upon the Indian trail among the sand-hills on the borders of the lake, not far distant, with a band of mounted Miamis, of whose tribe he was chief, having been adopted by the famous Miami warrior, Little Turtle. When news of Hull's surrender reached Fort Wayne, he had started with this force to assist Heald in defending Fort Dearborn. He was too late. Every means for its defense had been destroyed the night before, and arrangements were made for leaving the fort on the morning of the 15th.

It was a warm bright morning in the middle of August. Indications were positive that the savages intended to murder the white people; and when they moved out of the southern gate of the fort, the march was like a funeral procession. The band, feeling the solemnity of the occasion, struck up the Dead March in Saul.

Capt. Wells, who had blackened his face with gun-powder in token of his fate, took the lead with his band of Miamis, followed by Capt. Heald, with his wife by his side on horseback. Mr. Kinzie hoped by his personal influence to avert the impending blow, and therefore accompanied them, leaving his family in a boat in charge of a friendly Indian, to be taken to his trading station at the site of Niles, Michigan, in the event of his death.



VIEW OF THE CITY OF CHICAGO.

BRICHAM & CO.

The procession moved slowly along the lake shore till they reached the sand-hills between the prairie and the beach, when the Pottawattamie escort, under the leadership of Blackbird, filed to the right, placing those hills between them and the white people. Wells, with his Miamis, had kept in the advance. They suddenly came rushing back, Wells exclaiming, "They are about to attack us; form instantly." These words were quickly followed by a storm of bullets, which came whistling over the little hills which the treacherous savages had made the covert for their murderous attack. The white troops charged upon the Indians, drove them back to the prairie, and then the battle was waged between fifty-four soldiers, twelve civilians and three or four women (the cowardly Miamis having fled at the outset) against five hundred Indian warriors. The white people, hopeless, resolved to sell their lives as dearly as possible. Ensign Ronan wielded his weapon vigorously, even after falling upon his knees weak from the loss of blood. Capt. Wells, who was by the side of his niece, Mrs. Heald, when the conflict began, behaved with the greatest coolness and courage. He said to her, "We have not the slightest chance for life. We must part to meet no more in this world. God bless you." And then he dashed forward. Seeing a young warrior, painted like a demon, climb into a wagon in which were twelve children, and tomahawk them all, he cried out, unmindful of his personal danger, "If that is your game, butchering women and children, I will kill too." He spurred his horse towards the Indian camp, where they had left their squaws and papooses, hotly pursued by swift-footed young warriors, who sent bullets whistling after him. One of these killed his horse and wounded him severely in the leg. With a yell the young braves rushed to make him their prisoner and reserve him for torture. He resolved not to be made a captive, and by the use of the most provoking epithets tried to induce them to kill him instantly. He called a fiery young chief a *squaw*, when the enraged warrior killed Wells instantly with his tomahawk, jumped upon his body, cut out his heart, and ate a portion of the warm morsel with savage delight!

In this fearful combat women bore a conspicuous part. Mrs. Heald was an excellent equestrian and an expert in the use of the rifle. She fought the savages bravely, receiving several severe wounds. Though faint from the loss of blood, she managed to keep her saddle. A savage raised his tomahawk to kill her, when she looked him full in the face, and with a sweet smile and in a gentle voice said, in his own language, "Surely you will not kill a *squaw*!" The arm of the savage fell, and the life of the heroic woman was saved.

Mrs. Helm, the step-daughter of Mr. Kinzie, had an encounter with a stout Indian, who attempted to tomahawk her. Springing to one side, she received the glancing blow on her shoulder, and at the same instant

seized the savage round the neck with her arms and endeavored to get hold of his scalping knife, which hung in a sheath at his breast. While she was thus struggling she was dragged from her antagonist by another powerful Indian, who bore her, in spite of her struggles, to the margin of the lake and plunged her in. To her astonishment she was held by him so that she would not drown, and she soon perceived that she was in the hands of the friendly Black Partridge, who had saved her life.

The wife of Sergeant Holt, a large and powerful woman, behaved as bravely as an Amazon. She rode a fine, high-spirited horse, which the Indians coveted, and several of them attacked her with the butts of their guns, for the purpose of dismounting her; but she used the sword which she had snatched from her disabled husband so skillfully that she foiled them; and, suddenly wheeling her horse, she dashed over the prairie, followed by the savages shouting, "The brave woman! the brave woman! Don't hurt her!" They finally overtook her, and while she was fighting them in front, a powerful savage came up behind her, seized her by the neck and dragged her to the ground. Horse and woman were made captives. Mrs. Holt was a long time a captive among the Indians, but was afterwards ransomed.

In this sharp conflict two-thirds of the white people were slain and wounded, and all their horses, baggage and provision were lost. Only twenty-eight straggling men now remained to fight five hundred Indians rendered furious by the sight of blood. They succeeded in breaking through the ranks of the murderers and gaining a slight eminence on the prairie near the Oak Woods. The Indians did not pursue, but gathered on their flanks, while the chiefs held a consultation on the sand-hills, and showed signs of willingness to parley. It would have been madness on the part of the whites to renew the fight; and so Capt. Heald went forward and met Blackbird on the open prairie, where terms of surrender were soon agreed upon. It was arranged that the white people should give up their arms to Blackbird, and that the survivors should become prisoners of war, to be exchanged for ransoms as soon as practicable. With this understanding captives and captors started for the Indian camp near the fort, to which Mrs. Helm had been taken bleeding and suffering by Black Partridge, and had met her step-father and learned that her husband was safe.

A new scene of horror was now opened at the Indian camp. The wounded, not being included in the terms of surrender, as it was interpreted by the Indians, and the British general, Proctor, having offered a liberal bounty for American scalps, delivered at Malden, nearly all the wounded men were killed and scalped, and the price of the trophies was afterwards paid by the British government.



L. H. GILLETT.
SUGAR GROVE TOWNSHIP.



SHABBONA.

[This was engraved from a daguerreotype, taken when Shabbona was 83 years old.]

This celebrated Indian chief, whose portrait appears in this work, deserves more than a passing notice. Although Shabbona was not so conspicuous as Tecumseh or Black Hawk, yet in point of merit he was superior to either of them.

Shabbona was born at an Indian village on the Kankakee River, now in Will County, about the year 1775. While young he was made chief of the band, and went to Shabbona Grove, now DeKalb County, where they were found in the early settlement of the county.

In the war of 1812, Shabbona, with his warriors, joined Tecumseh, was

aid to that great chief, and stood by his side when he fell at the battle of the Thames. At the time of the Winnebago war, in 1827, he visited almost every village among the Pottawatomies, and by his persuasive arguments prevented them from taking part in the war. By request of the citizens of Chicago, Shabbona, accompanied by Billy Caldwell (Sauganash), visited Big Foot's village at Geneva Lake, in order to pacify the warriors, as fears were entertained that they were about to raise the tomahawk against the whites. Here Shabbona was taken prisoner by Big Foot, and his life threatened, but on the following day was set at liberty. From that time the Indians (through reproach) styled him "the white man's friend," and many times his life was endangered.

Before the Black Hawk war, Shabbona met in council at two different times, and by his influence prevented his people from taking part with the Sacs and Foxes. After the death of Black Partridge and Senachwine, no chief among the Pottawatomies exerted so much influence as Shabbona. Black Hawk, aware of this influence, visited him at two different times, in order to enlist him in his cause, but was unsuccessful. While Black Hawk was a prisoner at Jefferson Barracks, he said, had it not been for Shabbona the whole Pottawatomie nation would have joined his standard, and he could have continued the war for years.

To Shabbona many of the early settlers of Illinois owe the preservation of their lives, for it is a well-known fact, had he not notified the people of their danger, a large portion of them would have fallen victims to the tomahawk of savages. By saving the lives of whites he endangered his own, for the Sacs and Foxes threatened to kill him, and made two attempts to execute their threats. They killed Pypeogee, his son, and Pyps, his nephew, and hunted him down as though he was a wild beast.

Shabbona had a reservation of two sections of land at his Grove, but by leaving it and going west for a short time, the Government declared the reservation forfeited, and sold it the same as other vacant land. On Shabbona's return, and finding his possessions gone, he was very sad and broken down in spirit, and left the Grove for ever. The citizens of Ottawa raised money and bought him a tract of land on the Illinois River, above Seneca, in Grundy County, on which they built a house, and supplied him with means to live on. He lived here until his death, which occurred on the 17th of July, 1859, in the eighty-fourth year of his age, and was buried with great pomp in the cemetery at Morris. His squaw, Pokanoka, was drowned in Mazen Creek, Grundy County, on the 30th of November, 1864, and was buried by his side.

In 1861 subscriptions were taken up in many of the river towns, to erect a monument over the remains of Shabbona, but the war breaking out, the enterprise was abandoned. Only a plain marble slab marks the resting-place of this friend of the white man.

ABSTRACT OF ILLINOIS STATE LAWS.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE AND PROMISSORY NOTES.

No *promissory note, check, draft, bill of exchange, order, or note, negotiable instrument* payable at sight, or on demand, or on presentment, shall be entitled to *days of grace*. All other *bills of exchange, drafts or notes* are entitled to *three days of grace*. All the above mentioned paper falling due on *Sunday, New Years' Day, the Fourth of July, Christmas, or any day appointed or recommended by the President of the United States or the Governor of the State as a day of fast or thanksgiving*, shall be deemed as due on the day previous, and should two or more of these days come together, then such instrument shall be treated as due on the day *previous* to the first of said days. No defense can be made against a *negotiable instrument (assigned before due)* in the hands of the assignee without notice, *except fraud was used* in obtaining the same. To hold an *indorser*, due *diligence* must be used *by suit*, in collecting of the maker, unless suit would have been unavailing. Notes payable to *person named* or to order, in order to absolutely *transfer title*, must be indorsed by the *payee*. Notes payable to *bearer* may be *transferred by delivery*, and when so payable *every indorser* thereon is held as a *guarantor of payment* unless otherwise expressed.

In computing interest or discount on negotiable instruments, a month shall be considered a calendar month or twelfth of a year, and for less than a month, a day shall be figured a thirtieth part of a month. Notes only bear interest when so expressed, but after due they draw the legal interest, even if not stated.

INTEREST.

The *legal rate* of interest is *six per cent*. Parties may agree in *writing* on a rate not exceeding *ten per cent*. If a rate of interest greater than ten per cent. is contracted for, it works a *forfeiture of the whole of said interest*, and only the principal can be recovered.

DESCENT.

When *no will is made*, the property of a deceased person is distributed as follows:

First. To his or her children and their descendants in equal parts ; the descendants of the deceased *child* or *grandchild* taking the share of their deceased parents in equal parts among them.

Second. Where there is no child, nor descendant of such child, and no widow or surviving husband, then to the parents, brothers and sisters of the deceased, and their descendants, in equal parts, the surviving parent, if either be dead, taking a double portion ; and if there is no parent living, then to the brothers and sisters of the intestate and their descendants.

Third. When there is a widow or surviving husband, and no child or children, or descendants of the same, then one-half of the real estate and the whole of the personal estate shall descend to such widow or surviving husband, absolutely, and the other half of the real estate shall descend as in other cases where there is no child or children or descendants of the same.

Fourth. When there is a widow or surviving husband and also a child or children, or descendants of the latter, then one third of all the personal estate to the widow or surviving husband absolutely.

Fifth. If there is no child, parent, brother or sister, or descendants of either of them, and no widow or surviving husband, then in equal parts to the next of kin to the intestate in equal degree. Collaterals shall not be represented except with the descendants of brothers and sisters of the intestate, and there shall be no distinction between kindred of the whole and the half blood.

Sixth. If any intestate leaves a widow or surviving husband and no kindred, then to such widow or surviving husband ; and if there is no such widow or surviving husband, it shall escheat to and vest in the county where the same, or the greater portion thereof, is situated.

WILLS AND ESTATES OF DECEASED PERSONS.

No exact form of words are necessary in order to make a will good at law. Every male person of the age of twenty-one years, and every female of the age of eighteen years, of sound mind and memory, can make a valid will ; it must be in writing, signed by the testator or by some one in his or her presence and by his or her direction, and attested by two or more credible witnesses. Care should be taken that the witnesses are not interested in the will. Persons knowing themselves to have been named in the will or appointed executor, must within thirty days of the death of deceased cause the will to be proved and recorded in the proper county, or present it, and refuse to accept ; on failure to do so are liable to forfeit the sum of twenty dollars per month. Inventory to be made by executor or administrator within three months from date of letters testamentary or

of administration. Executors' and administrators' *compensation* not to exceed six per cent. on amount of personal estate, and three per cent. on money realized from real estate, with such additional allowance as shall be reasonable for extra services. *Appraisers' compensation* \$2 per day.

Notice requiring all claims to be presented against the estate shall be given by the executor or administrator *within six months* of being qualified. Any person having a claim *and not presenting it* at the time fixed by said notice is required to have summons issued notifying the executor or administrator of his having filed his claim in court; in such cases the costs have to be paid by the claimant. *Claims* should be filed within *two years* from the time *administration* is granted on an estate, as after that time they are *forever barred*, unless *other estate is found* that was not inventoried. *Married women, infants, persons insane, imprisoned* or without the United States, in the employment of the United States, or of this State, have *two years* after their disabilities are removed to file claims.

Claims are classified and paid out of the estate in the following manner:

First. Funeral expenses.

Second. The widow's award, if there is a widow; or *children* if there are children, *and no widow*.

Third. Expenses attending the last illness, not including physician's bill.

Fourth. Debts due the common school or township fund.

Fifth. All expenses of proving the will and taking out letters testamentary or administration, and settlement of the estate, and the physician's bill in the last illness of deceased.

Sixth. Where the deceased has received money in trust for any purpose, his executor or administrator shall pay out of his estate the amount received and not accounted for.

Seventh. All other debts and demands of whatsoever kind, without regard to quality or dignity, which shall be exhibited to the court within two years from the granting of letters.

Award to Widow and Children, exclusive of debts and legacies or bequests, except funeral expenses:

First. The family pictures and wearing apparel, jewels and ornaments of herself and minor children.

Second. School books and the family library of the value of \$100.

Third. One sewing machine.

Fourth. Necessary beds, bedsteads and bedding for herself and family.

Fifth. The stoves and pipe used in the family, with the necessary cooking utensils, or in case they have none, \$50 in money.

Sixth. Household and kitchen furniture to the value of \$100.

Seventh. One milch cow and calf for every four members of her family.

Eighth. Two sheep for each member of her family, and the fleeces taken from the same, and one horse, saddle and bridle.

Ninth. Provisions for herself and family for one year.

Tenth. Food for the stock above specified for six months.

Eleventh. Fuel for herself and family for three months.

Twelfth. One hundred dollars worth of other property suited to her condition in life, to be selected by the widow.

The widow if she elects may have in lieu of the said award, the same personal property or money in place thereof as is or may be exempt from execution or attachment against the head of a family.

TAXES.

The owners of real and personal property, on the first day of May in each year, are liable for the taxes thereon.

Assessments should be completed before the fourth Monday in June, at which time the town board of review meets to examine assessments, hear objections, and make such changes as ought to be made. The county board have also power to correct or change assessments.

The tax books are placed in the hands of the town collector on or before the tenth day of December, who retains them until the tenth day of March following, when he is required to return them to the county treasurer, who then collects all delinquent taxes.

No costs accrue on real estate taxes till advertised, which takes place the first day of April, when three weeks' notice is required before judgment. Cost of advertising, twenty cents each tract of land, and ten cents each lot.

Judgment is usually obtained at May term of County Court. Costs six cents each tract of land, and five cents each lot. Sale takes place in June. Costs in addition to those before mentioned, twenty-eight cents each tract of land, and twenty-seven cents each town lot.

Real estate sold for taxes may be redeemed any time before the expiration of two years from the date of sale, by payment to the County Clerk of the amount for which it was sold and twenty-five per cent. thereon if redeemed within six months, fifty per cent. if between six and twelve months, if between twelve and eighteen months seventy-five per cent., and if between eighteen months and two years one hundred per cent., and in addition, all subsequent taxes paid by the purchaser, with ten per cent. interest thereon, also one dollar each tract if notice is given by the purchaser of the sale, and a fee of twenty-five cents to the clerk for his certificate.

JURISDICTION OF COURTS.

Justices have jurisdiction in all civil cases on contracts for the recovery of moneys for damages for injury to real property, or taking, detaining, or

injuring personal property; for rent; for all cases to recover damages done real or personal property by railroad companies, in actions of replevin, and in actions for damages for fraud in the sale, purchase, or exchange of personal property, when the amount claimed as due is not over \$200. They have also jurisdiction in all cases for violation of the ordinances of cities, towns or villages. A justice of the peace may orally order an officer or a private person to arrest any one committing or attempting to commit a criminal offense. He also upon complaint can issue his warrant for the arrest of any person accused of having committed a crime, and have him brought before him for examination.

COUNTY COURTS

Have jurisdiction in all *matters of probate* (except in counties having a population of one hundred thousand or over), settlement of estates of *deceased persons*, appointment of *guardians and conservators*, and settlement of their accounts; all matters relating to *apprentices*; proceedings for the *collection of taxes and assessments*, and in proceedings of *executors, administrators, guardians and conservators for the sale of real estate*. In law cases they have concurrent jurisdiction with Circuit Courts in all cases where justices of the peace now have, or hereafter may have, jurisdiction when the amount claimed shall not exceed \$1,000, and in all criminal offenses where the punishment is *not imprisonment in the penitentiary, or death*, and in all cases of appeals from justices of the peace and police magistrates; *excepting* when the county judge is sitting as a justice of the peace. *Circuit Courts* have unlimited jurisdiction.

LIMITATION OF ACTION.

Accounts five years. Notes and written contracts ten years. Judgments twenty years. Partial payments or new promise in writing, within or after said period, will revive the debt. Absence from the State deducted, and when the cause of action is barred by the law of another State, it has the same effect here. Slander and libel, one year. Personal injuries, two years. To recover land or make entry thereon, twenty years. Action to foreclose mortgage or trust deed, or make a sale, within ten years.

All persons in *possession of land*, and *paying taxes for seven consecutive years*, with color of title, and all persons paying taxes for seven consecutive years, with color of title, on vacant land, shall be held to be the *legal owners to the extent of their paper title*.

MARRIED WOMEN

May sue and be sued. Husband and wife not liable for each other's debts, either before or after marriage, but both are liable for expenses and education of the family.

She may contract the same as if unmarried, except that in a partnership business she can not, without consent of her husband, *unless he has abandoned or deserted her*, or is idiotic or insane, or confined in penitentiary; she is entitled and can recover her own earnings, but neither husband nor wife is entitled to compensation for any services rendered for the other. At the death of the husband, in addition to widow's award, a married woman has a dower interest (one-third) in all real estate owned by her husband after their marriage, and which has not been released by her, and the husband has the same interest in the real estate of the wife at her death.

EXEMPTIONS FROM FORCED SALE.

Home worth \$1,000, and the following Personal Property: Lot of ground and buildings thereon, occupied as a residence by the debtor, being a householder and having a family, to the value of \$1,000. *Exemption continues after the death* of the householder for the benefit of widow and family, some one of them occupying the homestead until *youngest child shall become twenty-one years of age, and until death of widow*. There is *no exemption from sale for taxes, assessments, debt or liability incurred for the purchase or improvement of said homestead*. No release or waiver of exemption is valid, unless in writing, and subscribed by such householder and wife (if he have one), and acknowledged as conveyances of real estate are required to be acknowledged. *The following articles of personal property owned by the debtor, are exempt from execution, writ of attachment, and distress for rent:* The necessary wearing apparel, Bibles, school books and family pictures of every person; and, 2d, one hundred dollars worth of other property to be selected by the debtor, and, in addition, when the debtor is the head of a family and resides with the same, three hundred dollars worth of other property to be selected by the debtor; provided that such selection and exemption shall not be made by the debtor or allowed to him or her from any money, salary or wages due him or her from any person or persons or corporations whatever.

When the head of a family shall die, desert or not reside with the same, the family shall be entitled to and receive all the benefit and privileges which are by this act conferred upon the head of a family residing with the same. No personal property is exempt from execution when judgment is obtained for the *wages of laborers or servants*. Wages of a laborer who is the head of a family can not be garnisheed, except the sum due him be in excess of \$25.

DEEDS AND MORTGAGES.

To be valid there must be a valid consideration. Special care should be taken to have them signed, sealed, delivered, and properly acknowledged, with the proper seal attached. *Witnesses* are not required. The *acknowledgement* must be made in this state, before *Master in Chancery, Notary Public, United States Commissioner, Circuit or County Clerk, Justice of Peace, or any Court of Record having a seal, or any Judge, Justice, or Clerk of any such Court.* When taken before a *Notary Public, or United States Commissioner*, the same shall be *attested* by his *official seal*, when taken before a *Court or the Clerk* thereof, the same shall be attested by the *seal* of such *Court*, and when taken before a *Justice of the Peace* residing out of the county where the real estate to be conveyed lies, there shall be added a certificate of the *County Clerk* under his seal of office, *that he was a Justice of the Peace* in the county at the time of taking the same. A deed is good without such certificate attached, but can not be used in evidence unless such a certificate is produced or other competent evidence introduced. Acknowledgements made out of the state must either be executed according to the laws of this state, or there should be attached a certificate that it is in conformity with the laws of the state or country where executed. Where this is not done the same may be proved by any other legal way. Acknowledgments where the *Homestead* rights are to be waived must state as follows: "Including the release and waiver of the right of homestead."

Notaries Public can take acknowledgements any where in the state.

Sheriffs, if authorized by the mortgagor of real or personal property in his mortgage, may sell the property mortgaged.

In the case of the *death of grantor or holder of the equity of redemption* of real estate mortgaged, or conveyed by deed of trust where equity of redemption is waived, and it contains power of sale, must be foreclosed in the same manner as a common mortgage in court.

ESTRAYS.

Horses, mules, asses, neat cattle, swine, sheep, or goats found straying at any time during the year, in counties where such animals are not allowed to run at large, or between the last day of October and the 15th day of April in other counties, *the owner thereof being unknown, may be taken up as estrays.*

No person *not a householder* in the county where estray is found *can lawfully* take up an estray, and then only *upon or about his farm* or place of residence. *Estrays should not be used before advertised*, except animals giving milk, which may be milked for their benefit.

Notices must be posted up within five (5) days in three (3) of the most public places in the town or precinct in which estray was found, giving the residence of the taker up, and a particular description of the estray, its age, color, and marks natural and artificial, and stating before what justice of the peace in such town or precinct, and at what time, not less than ten (10) nor more than fifteen (15) days from the time of posting such notices, he will apply to have the estray appraised.

A copy of such notice should be filed by the taker up with the *town clerk*, whose duty it is to enter the same at large, in a book kept by him for that purpose.

If the *owner* of estray shall not have appeared and *proved ownership*, and taken the same away, first paying the taker up his reasonable charges for taking up, keeping, and advertising the same, the taker up shall appear before the justice of the peace mentioned in above mentioned notice, and make an affidavit as required by law.

As the *affidavit has to be made before the justice*, and all other steps as to appraisement, etc., are before him, who is familiar therewith, they are therefore omitted here.

Any person taking up an estray at any other place than about or upon his farm or residence, or *without complying with the law*, shall forfeit and pay a fine of ten dollars with costs.

Ordinary diligence is required in *taking care of estrays*, but in case they die or get away the taker is not liable for the same.

GAME.

It is *unlawful* for any person to kill, or attempt to kill or destroy, in any manner, any *prairie hen or chicken or woodcock* between the 15th day of January and the 1st day of September; or any *deer, fawn, wild-turkey, partridge or pheasant* between the 1st day of February and the 1st day of October; or any quail between the 1st day of February and 1st day of November; or any wild goose, duck, snipe, brant or other water fowl between the 1st day of May and 15th day of August in each year. Penalty: Fine not less than \$5 nor more than \$25, for each bird or animal, and costs of suit, and stand committed to county jail until fine is paid, but not exceeding ten days. *It is unlawful* to hunt with *gun, dog or net* within the inclosed grounds or lands of another *without permission*. Penalty: Fine not less than \$3 nor more than \$100, to be paid into school fund.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Whenever any of the following articles shall be contracted for, or sold or delivered, and no special contract or agreement shall be made to the contrary, the weight per bushel shall be as follows, to-wit:

	<i>Pounds.</i>		<i>Pounds.</i>
Stone Coal, - - -	80	Buckwheat, - - -	52
Unslacked Lime, - - -	80	Coarse Salt, - - -	50
Corn in the ear, - - -	70	Barley, - - -	48
Wheat, - - -	60	Corn Meal, - - -	48
Irish Potatoes, - - -	60	Castor Beans, - - -	46
White Beans, - - -	60	Timothy Seed, - - -	45
Clover Seed, - - -	60	Hemp Seed, - - -	44
Onions, - - -	57	Malt, - - -	38
Shelled Corn, - - -	56	Dried Peaches, - - -	33
Rye, - - -	56	Oats, - - -	32
Flax Seed, - - -	56	Dried Apples, - - -	24
Sweet Potatoes, - - -	55	Bran, - - -	20
Turnips, - - -	55	Blue Grass Seed, - - -	14
Fine Salt, - - -	55	Hair (plastering), - - -	8

Penalty for giving less than the above standard is double the amount of property wrongfully not given, and ten dollars addition thereto.

MILLERS.

The owner or occupant of every public grist mill in this state shall grind all grain brought to his mill in its turn. The *toll* for both *steam* and *water* mills, is, for grinding and bolting *wheat, rye, or other grain*, one *eighth part*; for grinding *Indian corn, oats, barley* and *buckwheat* not required to be *bolted*, one *seventh part*; for grinding *malt*, and *chopping* all kinds of grain, one *eighth part*. It is the duty of every miller when his mill is in repair, to *aid* and *assist* in *loading* and *unloading* all grain brought to him to be ground, and he is also required to keep an accurate *half bushel measure*, and an accurate set of *toll dishes* or *scales* for weighing the grain. The *penalty* for neglect or refusal to comply with the law is \$5, to the use of any person to sue for the same, to be recovered before any justice of the peace of the county where penalty is incurred. Millers are accountable for the safe keeping of all grain left in his mill for the purpose of being ground, with bags or casks containing same (except it results from unavoidable accidents), provided that such bags or casks are distinctly marked with the initial letters of the owner's name.

MARKS AND BRANDS.

Owners of cattle, horses, hogs, sheep or goats may have *one ear mark* and one brand, but which shall be *different* from his *neighbor's*, and may be *recorded* by the county clerk of the county in which such property is kept. The *fee* for such record is fifteen cents. The *record* of such shall be *open* to examination free of charge. In cases of *disputes* as to marks or brands, such *record* is *prima facie evidence*. Owners of cattle, horses, hogs, sheep or goats that may have been branded by the *former owner*,

may be re-branded in presence of one or more of his neighbors, who shall certify to the facts of the marking or branding being done, when done, and in what brand or mark they were re-branded or re-marked, which certificate may also be recorded as before stated.

ADOPTION OF CHILDREN.

Children may be adopted by any resident of this state, by filing a petition in the Circuit or County Court of the county in which he resides, asking leave to do so, and if desired may ask that the name of the child be changed. Such petition, if made by a person having a husband or wife, will not be granted, unless the husband or wife joins therein, as the adoption must be by them jointly.

The petition shall state name, sex, and age of the child, and the new name, if it is desired to change the name. Also the name and residence of the parents of the child, if known, and of the guardian, if any, and whether the parents or guardians consent to the adoption.

The court must find, before granting decree, that the *parents of the child*, or the survivors of them, have *deserted his or her family* or such child for one year next preceding the application, or if neither are living, the guardian; if no guardian, the next of kin in this state capable of giving consent, has had notice of the presentation of the petition and consents to such adoption. If the child is of the *age of fourteen years or upwards*, the adoption *can not* be made *without its consent*.

SURVEYORS AND SURVEYS.

There is in every county elected a surveyor known as county surveyor, who has power to appoint deputies, for whose official acts he is responsible. It is the *duty* of the *county surveyor*, either by himself or his deputy, to make *all surveys* that he may be called upon to make within his county as soon as may be after application is made. The necessary chainmen and other assistance must be employed by the person requiring the same to be done, and to be by him paid, unless otherwise agreed; but the chainmen must be disinterested persons and approved by the surveyor and sworn by him to measure justly and impartially.

The County Board in each county is required by law to provide a copy of the United States field notes and plats of their surveys of the lands in the county to be kept in the recorder's office subject to examination by the public, and the county surveyor is required to make his surveys in conformity to said notes, plats and the laws of the United States governing such matters. The surveyor is also required to keep a record of all surveys made by him, which shall be subject to inspection by any one interested, and shall be delivered up to his successor in office. A

certified copy of the said surveyor's record shall be *prima facie* evidence of its contents.

The fees of county surveyors are six dollars per day. The county surveyor is also *ex officio inspector of mines*, and as such, assisted by some practical miner selected by him, shall once each year inspect all the mines in the county, for which they shall each receive such compensation as may be fixed by the County Board, not exceeding \$5 a day, to be paid out of the county treasury.

ROADS AND BRIDGES.

Where practicable from the nature of the ground, persons traveling in any kind of vehicle, *must turn to the right* of the center of the road, so as to permit each carriage to pass without interfering with each other. The *penalty* for a violation of this provision is \$5 for every offense, to be recovered by the *party injured*; but to recover, there must have occurred some injury to person or property resulting from the violation. The *owners* of any carriage traveling upon any road in this State for the conveyance of passengers who shall *employ* or continue in his employment as driver any person who is addicted to *drunkenness*, or the excessive use of spiritous liquors, after he has had notice of the same, *shall forfeit*, at the rate of \$5 per day, and if any *driver* while actually engaged in driving any such carriage, shall be guilty of *intoxication* to such a degree as to *endanger* the safety of *passengers*, it shall be the duty of the owner, on receiving *written notice* of the fact, signed by one of the *passengers*, and *certified* by him *on oath*, forthwith to discharge such driver. If such owner shall have such driver in his *employ within three months* after such notice, he is liable for \$5 per day for the time he shall keep said driver in his employment after receiving such notice.

Persons *driving* any *carriage* on any public highway are prohibited from *running their horses* upon any occasion under a *penalty* of a fine not exceeding \$10, or imprisonment not exceeding sixty days, at the discretion of the court. Horses *attached* to any *carriage* used to convey *passengers* for hire must be *properly hitched* or the lines placed in the hands of some other person before the driver leaves them for any purpose. For violation of this provision each driver shall *forfeit twenty dollars*, to be recovered by action, to be commenced within six months. It is understood by the *term carriage* herein to mean any carriage or vehicle used for the transportation of passengers or goods or either of them.

The commissioners of highways in the different towns have the care and superintendence of highways and bridges therein. They have all the powers necessary to lay out, vacate, regulate and repair all roads, build and repair bridges. In addition to the above, it is their duty to erect and keep in repair at the forks or crossing-place of the most

important roads post and guide boards with plain inscriptions, giving directions and distances to the most noted places to which such road may lead; also to make provisions to prevent thistles, burdock, and cockle burrs, mustard, yellow dock, Indian mallow and jimson weed from seeding, and to extirpate the same as far as practicable, and to prevent all rank growth of vegetation on the public highways so far as the same may obstruct public travel, and it is in their discretion to erect watering places for public use for watering teams at such points as may be deemed advisable.

The Commissioners, on or before the 1st day of May of each year, shall make out and deliver to their treasurer a list of all able-bodied men in their town, *excepting* paupers, idiots, lunatics, and such others as are exempt by law, and assess against each the sum of two dollars as a poll tax for highway purposes. Within thirty days after such list is delivered they shall cause a written or printed notice to be given to each person so assessed, notifying him of the time when and place where such tax must be paid, or its equivalent in labor performed; they may contract with persons owing such poll tax to perform a certain amount of labor on any road or bridge in payment of the same, and if such tax is not paid nor labor performed by the first Monday of July of such year, or within ten days after notice is given after that time, they shall bring suit therefor against such person before a justice of the peace, who shall hear and determine the case according to law for the offense complained of, and shall forthwith issue an execution, directed to any constable of the county where the delinquent shall reside, who shall forthwith collect the moneys therein mentioned.

The Commissioners of Highways of each town shall annually ascertain, as near as practicable, how much money must be raised by tax on real and personal property for the making and repairing of roads, only, to any amount they may deem necessary, not exceeding forty cents on each one hundred dollars' worth, as valued on the assessment roll of the previous year. The tax so levied on property lying within an incorporated village, town or city, shall be paid over to the corporate authorities of such town, village or city. Commissioners shall receive \$1.50 for each day necessarily employed in the discharge of their duty.

Overseers. At the first meeting the Commissioners shall choose one of their number to act General Overseer of Highways in their township, whose duty it shall be to take charge of and safely keep all tools, implements and machinery belonging to said town, and shall, by the direction of the Board, have general supervision of all roads and bridges in their town.

As all township and county officers are familiar with their duties, it is only intended to give the points of the law that the public should be familiar with. The manner of laying out, altering or vacating roads, etc., will not be here stated, as it would require more space than is contemplated in a work of this kind. It is sufficient to state that, the first step is by petition, addressed to the Commissioners, setting out what is prayed for, giving the names of the owners of lands if known, if not known so state, over which the road is to pass, giving the general course, its place of beginning, and where it terminates. It requires not less than twelve *freeholders* residing within three miles of the road who shall sign the petition. Public roads must not be less than fifty feet wide, nor more than sixty feet wide. Roads not exceeding two miles in length, if petitioned for, may be laid out, not less than forty feet. Private roads for private and public use, may be laid out of the width of three rods, on petition of the person directly interested; the damage occasioned thereby shall be paid by the premises benefited thereby, and before the road is opened. If not opened in two years, the order shall be considered rescinded. Commissioners in their discretion may permit persons who live on or have private roads, to work out their road tax thereon. Public roads must be opened in five days from date of filing order of location, or be deemed vacated.

DRAINAGE.

Whenever one or more owners or occupants of land *desire to construct a drain* or ditch across the land of others for *agricultural, sanitary or mining purposes*, the proceedings are as follows:

File a petition in the Circuit or County Court of the county in which the proposed ditch or drain is to be constructed, setting forth the necessity for the same, with a description of its proposed starting point, route and terminus, and if it shall be necessary for the drainage of the land or coal mines or for sanitary purposes, that a drain, ditch, levee or similar work be constructed, a description of the same. It shall also set forth the names of all persons owning the land over which such drain or ditch shall be constructed, or if unknown stating that fact.

No private property shall be taken or damaged for the purpose of constructing a ditch, drain or levee, without compensation, if claimed by the owner, the same to be ascertained by a jury; but if the construction of such ditch, drain or levee shall be a benefit to the owner, the same shall be a set off against such compensation.

If the proceedings seek to affect the property of a minor, lunatic or married woman, the guardian, conservator or husband of the same shall be made party defendant. The petition may be amended and parties made defendants at any time when it is necessary to a fair trial.

When the petition is presented to the judge, he shall note thereon when he will hear the same, and order the issuance of summonses and the publication of notice to each non-resident or unknown defendant.

The petition may be heard by such judge in vacation as well as in term time. Upon the trial, the jury shall ascertain the just compensation to each owner of the property sought to be damaged by the construction of such ditch, drain or levee, and truly report the same.

As it is only contemplated in a work of this kind to give an abstract of the laws, and as the parties who have in charge the execution of the further proceedings are likely to be familiar with the requirements of the statute, the necessary details are not here inserted.

WOLF SCALPS.

The County Board of any county in this State may hereafter allow such bounty on *wolf scalps* as the board may deem reasonable.

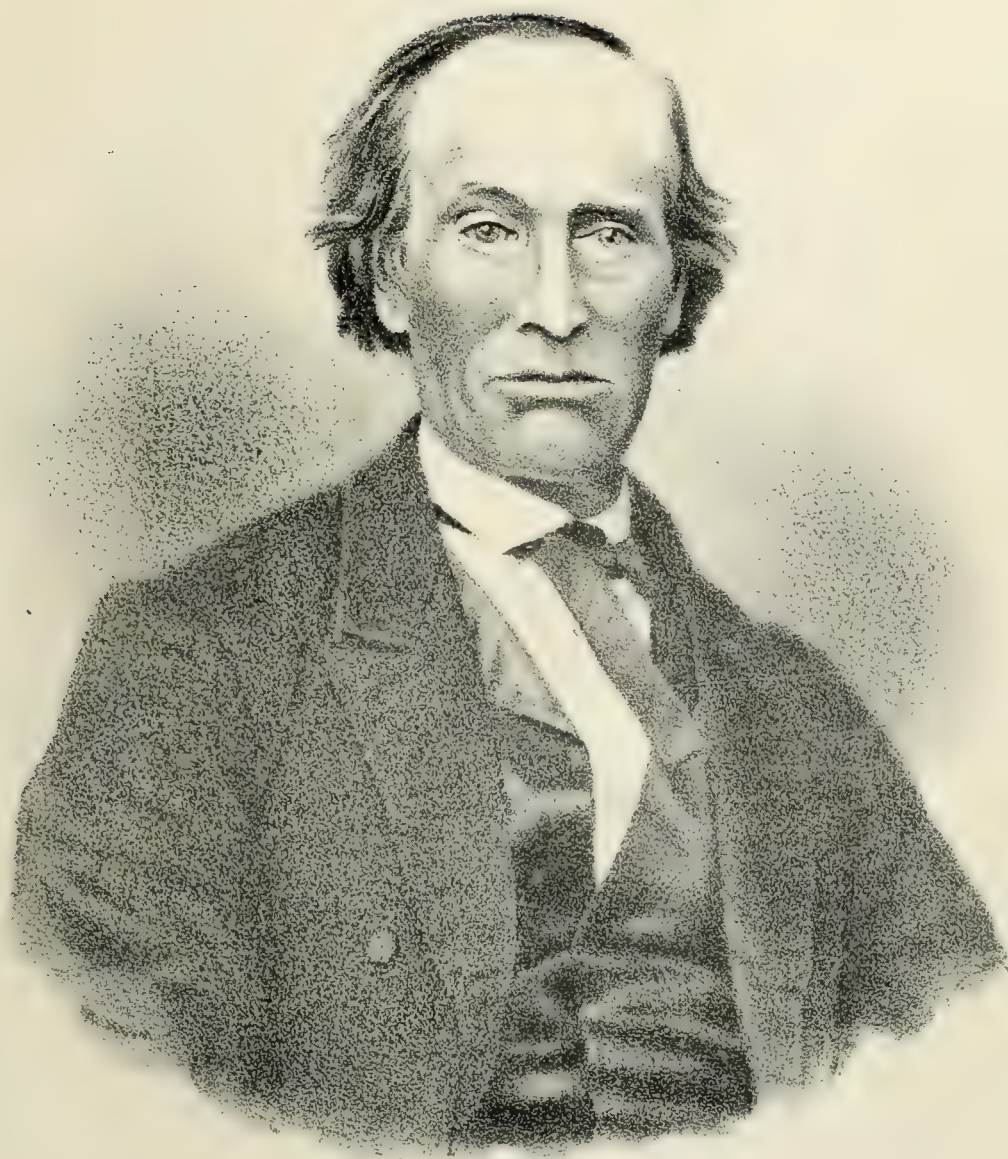
Any person claiming a bounty shall produce the scalp or scalps with the ears thereon, within sixty days after the wolf or wolves shall have been caught, to the Clerk of the County Board, who shall administer to said person the following oath or affirmation, to-wit: "You do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be), that the scalp or scalps here produced by you was taken from a wolf or wolves killed and first captured by yourself within the limits of this county, and within the sixty days last past."

CONVEYANCES.

When the reversion expectant on a lease of any tenements or hereditaments of any tenure shall be surrendered or merged, the estate which shall for the time being confer as against the tenant under the same lease the next vested right to the same tenements or hereditaments, shall, to the extent and for the purpose of preserving such incidents to and obligations on the same reversion, as but for the surrender or merger thereof, would have subsisted, be deemed the reversion expectant on the same lease.

PAUPERS.

Every poor person who shall be unable to earn a livelihood in consequence of any *bodily infirmity, idiocy, lunacy or unavoidable cause*, shall be supported by the father, grand-father, mother, grand-mother, children, grand-children, brothers or sisters of such poor person, if they or either of them be of sufficient ability; but if any of such dependent class shall have become so from *intemperance* or other *bad conduct*, they shall not be entitled to support from any relation except parent or child.



ASA P. FARNSWORTH (DECEASED)
AURORA.



The children shall first be called on to support their parents, if they are able ; but if not, the parents of such poor person shall then be called on, if of sufficient ability ; and if there be no parents or children able, then the brothers and sisters of such dependent person shall be called upon ; and if there be no brothers or sisters of sufficient ability, the grand-children of such person shall next be called on ; and if they are not able, then the grand-parents. Married females, while their husbands live, shall not be liable to contribute for the support of their poor relations except out of their separate property. It is the duty of the state's (county) attorney, to make complaint to the County Court of his county against all the relatives of such paupers in this state liable to his support and prosecute the same. In case the state's attorney neglects, or refuses, to complain in such cases, then it is the duty of the overseer of the poor to do so. The person called upon to contribute shall have at least ten days' notice of such application by summons. The court has the power to determine the kind of support, depending upon the circumstances of the parties, and may also order two or more of the different degrees to maintain such poor person, and prescribe the proportion of each, according to their ability. The court may specify the time for which the relative shall contribute—in fact has control over the entire subject matter, with power to enforce its orders. Every county (except those in which the poor are supported by the towns, and in such cases the towns are liable) is required to relieve and support all poor and indigent persons *lawfully* resident therein. Residence means the *actual* residence of the party, or the place where he was employed ; or in case he was in no employment, then it shall be the place where he made his home. When any person becomes chargeable as a pauper in any county or town who did not reside at the commencement of six months immediately preceding his becoming so, but did at that time reside in some other county or town in this state, then the county or town, as the case may be, becomes liable for the expense of taking care of such person until removed, and it is the duty of the overseer to notify the proper authorities of the fact. If any person shall bring and leave any pauper in any county in this state where such pauper had no legal residence, knowing him to be such, he is liable to a fine of \$100. In counties under township organization, the supervisors in each town are ex-officio overseers of the poor. The overseers of the poor act under the directions of the County Board in taking care of the poor and granting of temporary relief ; also, providing for non-resident persons not paupers who may be taken sick and not able to pay their way, and in case of death cause such person to be decently buried.

The residence of the inmates of poorhouses and other charitable institutions for voting purposes is their former place of abode.

FENCES.

In counties under township organization, the *town assessor* and commissioner of highways are the fence-viewers in their respective towns. In other counties the County Board appoints three in each precinct annually. A *lawful fence* is *four and one-half feet high*, in good repair, consisting of rails, timber, boards, stone, hedges, or whatever the fence-viewers of the town or precinct where the same shall lie, shall consider equivalent thereto, but in counties under township organization the annual town meeting may establish any other kind of fence as such, or the County Board in other counties may do the same. Division fences shall be made and maintained in just proportion by the adjoining owners, except when the owner shall choose to let his land lie open, but after a division fence is built by agreement or otherwise, neither party can remove his part of such fence so long as he may crop or use such land for farm purposes, or without giving the other party one year's notice in writing of his intention to remove his portion. When any person shall enclose his land upon the enclosure of another, he shall refund the owner of the adjoining lands a just proportion of the value at that time of such fence. The value of fence and the just proportion to be paid or built and maintained by each is to be ascertained by two fence-viewers in the town or precinct. Such fence-viewers have power to settle all disputes between different owners as to fences built or to be built, as well as to repairs to be made. Each party chooses one of the viewers, but if the other party neglects, after eight days' notice in writing, to make his choice, then the other party may select both. It is sufficient to notify the tenant or party in possession, when the owner is not a resident of the town or precinct. The two fence-viewers chosen, after viewing the premises, shall hear the statements of the parties, in case they can't agree, they shall select another fence-viewer to act with them, and the decision of any two of them is final. The decision must be reduced to writing, and should plainly set out description of fence and all matters settled by them, and must be filed in the office of the town clerk in counties under township organization, and in other counties with the county clerk.

Where any person is liable to contribute to the erection or the repairing of a division fence, neglects or refuses so to do, the party injured, after giving sixty days notice in writing when a fence is to be erected, or ten days when it is only repairs, may proceed to have the work done at the expense of the party whose duty it is to do it, to be recovered from him with costs of suit, and the party so neglecting shall also be liable to the party injured for all damages accruing from such neglect or refusal, to be determined by any two fence-viewers selected as before provided, the appraisement to be reduced to writing and signed.

Where a person shall conclude to remove his part of a division fence, and let his land lie open, and having given the year's notice required, the adjoining owner may cause the value of said fence to be ascertained by fence-viewers as before provided, and on payment or tender of the amount of such valuation to the owner, it shall prevent the removal. A party removing a division fence without notice is liable for the damages accruing thereby.

Where a fence has been built on the land of another through mistake, the owner may enter upon such premises and remove his fence and material within six months after the division line has been ascertained. Where the material to build such a fence has been taken from the land on which it was built, then before it can be removed, the person claiming must first pay for such material to the owner of the land from which it was taken, nor shall such a fence be removed at a time when the removal will throw open or expose the crops of the other party; a reasonable time must be given beyond the six months to remove crops.

The compensation of fence-viewers is one dollar and fifty cents a day each, to be paid in the first instance by the party calling them, but in the end all expenses, including amount charged by the fence-viewers, must be paid equally by the parties, except in cases where a party neglects or refuses to make or maintain a just proportion of a division fence, when the party in default shall pay them.

DAMAGES FROM TRESPASS.

Where stock of any kind breaks into any person's enclosure, the fence being *good* and *sufficient*, the owner is liable for the damage done; but where the damage is done by stock *running at large, contrary to law*, the owner is liable where there is not such a fence. Where stock is found trespassing on the enclosure of another as aforesaid, the owner or occupier of the premises may take possession of such stock and keep the same until damages, with reasonable charges for keeping and feeding and all costs of suit, are paid. Any person taking or rescuing such stock so held without his consent, shall be liable to a fine of not less than three nor more than five dollars for each animal rescued, to be recovered by suit before a justice of the peace for the use of the school fund. Within twenty-four hours after taking such animal into his possession, the person taking it up must give notice of the fact to the owner, if known, or if unknown, notices must be posted in some public place near the premises.

LANDLORD AND TENANT.

The owner of lands, or his legal representatives, can sue for and recover rent therefor, in any of the following cases :

First. When rent is due and in arrears on a lease for life or lives.

Second. When lands are held and occupied by any person without any special agreement for rent.

Third. When possession is obtained under an agreement, written or verbal, for the purchase of the premises and before deed given, the right to possession is terminated by forfeiture on non-compliance with the agreement, and possession is wrongfully refused or neglected to be given upon demand made in writing by the party entitled thereto. Provided that all payments made by the vendee or his representatives or assigns, may be set off against the rent.

Fourth. When land has been sold upon a judgment or a decree of court, when the party to such judgment or decree, or person holding under him, wrongfully refuses, or neglects, to surrender possession of the same, after demand in writing by the person entitled to the possession.

Fifth. When the lands have been sold upon a mortgage or trust deed, and the mortgagor or grantor or person holding under him, wrongfully refuses or neglects to surrender possession of the same, after demand in writing by the person entitled to the possession.

If any tenant, or any person who shall come into possession from or under or by collusion with such tenant, shall willfully hold over any lands, etc., after the expiration the term of their lease, and *after demand made in writing* for the possession thereof, is liable to pay *double rent*. A tenancy from year to year requires sixty days notice in writing, to terminate the same at the end of the year; such notice can be given at any time within four months preceding the last sixty days of the year.

A tenancy by the month, or less than a year, where the tenant holds over without any special agreement, the landlord may terminate the tenancy, by thirty days notice in writing.

When rent is due, the landlord may serve a notice upon the tenant, stating that unless the rent is paid within not less than five days, his lease will be terminated; if the rent is not paid, the landlord may consider the lease ended. When default is made in any of the terms of a lease, it shall not be necessary to give more than ten days notice to quit or of the termination of such tenancy; and the same may be terminated on giving such notice to quit, at any time after such default in any of the terms of such lease; which notice may be substantially in the following form, viz:

To —, You are hereby notified that, in consequence of your default in (here insert the character of the default), of the premises now occupied by you, being etc. (here describe the premises), I have elected to determine your lease, and you are hereby notified to quit and deliver up possession of the same to me within ten days of this date (dated, etc.)

The above to be signed by the lessor or his agent, and no other notice or demand of possession or termination of such tenancy is necessary.

Demand may be made, or notice served, by delivering a written or

printed, or partly either, copy thereof to the tenant, or leaving the same with some person above the age of twelve years residing on or in possession of the premises; and in case no one is in the actual possession of the said premises, then by posting the same on the premises. When the tenancy is for a certain time, and the term expires by the terms of the lease, the tenant is then bound to surrender possession, and no notice to quit or demand of possession is necessary.

Distress for rent.—In all cases of distress for rent, the landlord, by himself, his agent or attorney, may seize for rent any personal property of his tenant that may be found in the county where the tenant resides; the property of any other person, even if found on the premises, is not liable.

An inventory of the property levied upon, with a statement of the amount of rent claimed, should be at once filed with some justice of the peace, if not over \$200; and if above that sum, with the clerk of a court of record of competent jurisdiction. Property may be released, by the party executing a satisfactory bond for double the amount.

The landlord may distrain for rent, any time within *six months* after the expiration of the term of the lease, or when terminated.

In all cases where the premises rented shall be sub-let, or the lease assigned, the landlord shall have the same right to enforce lien against such lessee or assignee, that he has against the tenant to whom the premises were rented.

When a tenant abandons or removes from the premises or any part thereof, the landlord, or his agent or attorney, may seize upon any grain or other crops grown or growing upon the premises, or part thereof so abandoned, whether the rent is due or not. If such grain, or other crops, or any part thereof, is not fully grown or matured, the landlord, or his agent or attorney, shall cause the same to be properly cultivated, harvested or gathered, and may sell the same, and from the proceeds pay all his labor, expenses and rent. The tenant may, before the sale of such property, redeem the same by tendering the rent and reasonable compensation for work done, or he may replevy the same.

Exemption.—The same articles of personal property which are by law exempt from execution, except the crops as above stated, is also exempt from distress for rent.

If any tenant is about to or shall permit or attempt to sell and remove from the premises, without the consent of his landlord, such portion of the crops raised thereon as will endanger the lien of the landlord upon such crops, for the rent, it shall be lawful for the landlord to distress before rent is due.

LIENS.

Any person who shall by *contract*, express or implied, or partly both, with the owner of any lot or tract of land, furnish labor or material, or services as an architect or superintendent, in building, altering, repairing or ornamenting any house or other building or appurtenance thereto on such lot, or upon any street or alley, and connected with such improvements, shall have a lien upon the whole of such lot or tract of land, and upon such house or building and appurtenances, for the amount due to him for such labor, material or services. If the contract is *expressed*, and the time for the *completion* of the work is *beyond three years* from the commencement thereof; or, if the time of payment is beyond one year from the time stipulated for the completion of the work, then no lien exists. If the contract is *implied*, then no lien exists, unless the work be done or material is furnished within one year from the commencement of the work or delivery of the materials. As between different creditors having liens, no preference is given to the one whose contract was first made; but each shares pro-rata. Incumbrances existing on the lot or tract of the land at the time the contract is made, do not operate on the improvements, and are only preferred to the extent of the value of the land at the *time of making the contract*. The above lien can not be enforced *unless suit is commenced* within *six months* after the last payment for labor or materials shall have become due and payable. Sub-contractors, mechanics, workmen and other persons furnishing any material, or performing any labor for a contractor as before specified, have a lien to the extent of the amount due the contractor at the time the following notice is served upon the owner of the land who made the contract:

To —, You are hereby notified, that I have been employed by— (here state whether to labor or furnish material, and substantially the nature of the demand) upon your (here state in general terms description and situation of building), and that I shall hold the (building, or as the case may be), and your interest in the ground, liable for the amount that may (is or may become) due me on account thereof. Signature, —
Date, —

If there is a contract in writing between contractor and sub-contractor, a copy of it should be served with above notice, and said notice must be served within forty days from the completion of such sub-contract, if there is one; if not, then from the time payment should have been made to the person performing the labor or furnishing the material. If the owner is not a resident of the county, or can not be found therein, then the above notice must be filed with the clerk of the Circuit Court, with his fee, fifty cents, and a copy of said notice must be published in a newspaper published in the county, for four successive weeks.

When the owner or agent is notified as above, he can retain any money due the contractor sufficient to pay such claim; if more than one claim, and not enough to pay all, they are to be paid pro rata.

The owner has the right to demand in writing, a statement of the contractor, of what he owes for labor, etc., from time to time as the work progresses, and on his failure to comply, forfeits to the owner \$50 for every offense.

The liens referred to cover any and all estates, whether in fee for life, for years, or any other interest which the owner may have.

To enforce the lien of *sub-contractors*, suit must be commenced within *three months* from the time of the performance of the sub-contract, or during the work or furnishing materials.

Hotel, inn and boarding-house keepers, have a lien upon the baggage and other valuables of their guests or boarders, brought into such hotel, inn or boarding-house, by their guests or boarders, for the proper charges due from such guests or boarders for their accommodation, board and lodgings, and such *extras* as are furnished at their request.

Stable-keepers and other persons have a lien upon the horses, carriages and harness kept by them, for the proper charges due for the keeping thereof and expenses bestowed thereon at the request of the owner or the person having the possession of the same.

Agisters (persons who take care of cattle belonging to others), and persons keeping, yarding, feeding or pasturing domestic animals, shall have a lien upon the animals agistered, kept, yarded or fed, for the proper charges due for such service.

All persons who may furnish any railroad corporation in this state with fuel, ties, material, supplies or any other article or thing necessary for the construction, maintenance, operation or repair of its road by contract, or may perform work or labor on the same, is entitled to be paid as part of the current expenses of the road, and have a lien upon all its property. Sub-contractors or laborers have also a lien. The conditions and limitations both as to contractors and sub-contractors, are about the same as herein stated as to general liens.

DEFINITION OF COMMERCIAL TERMS.

\$—— means *dollars*, being a contraction of U. S., which was formerly placed before any denomination of money, and meant, as it means now, United States Currency.

£—— means *pounds*, English money.

@ stands for *at* or *to*. lb for *pound*, and bbl. for *barrel*; ₧ for *per* or *by the*. Thus, Butter sells at 20@30c ₧ lb, and Flour at \$8@12 ₧ bbl.

% for *per cent* and # for *number*.

May 1.—Wheat sells at \$1.20@1.25, “seller June.” *Seller June*

means that the person who sells the wheat has the privilege of delivering it at any time during the month of June.

Selling *short*, is contracting to deliver a certain amount of grain or stock, at a fixed price, within a certain length of time, when the seller has not the stock on hand. It is for the interest of the person selling "short," to depress the market as much as possible, in order that he may buy and fill his contract at a profit. Hence the "shorts" are termed "bears."

Buying *long*, is to contract to purchase a certain amount of grain or shares of stock at a fixed price, deliverable within a stipulated time, expecting to make a profit by the rise of prices. The "longs" are termed "bulls," as it is for their interest to "operate" so as to "toss" the prices upward as much as possible.

NOTES.

Form of note is legal, worded in the simplest way, so that the amount and time of payment are mentioned.

\$100.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 15, 1876.

Sixty days from date I promise to pay to E. F. Brown, or order, One Hundred dollars, for value received.

L. D. LOWRY.

A note to be payable in any thing else than money needs only the facts substituted for money in the above form.

ORDERS.

Orders should be worded simply, thus:

Mr. F. H. COATS:

Chicago, Sept. 15, 1876.

Please pay to H. Birdsall, Twenty-five dollars, and charge to
F. D. SILVA.

RECEIPTS.

Receipts should always state when received and what for, thus:

\$100.

Chicago, Sept. 15, 1876.

Received of J. W. Davis, One Hundred dollars, for services rendered in grading his lot in Fort Madison, on account.

THOMAS BRADY.

If receipt is in full it should be so stated.

BILLS OF PURCHASE.

W. N. MASON,

Salem, Illinois, Sept. 15, 1876.

Bought of A. A. GRAHAM.

4 Bushels of Seed Wheat, at \$1.50	-	-	-	-	\$6.00
2 Seamless Sacks	"	.30	-	-	.60

Received payment, \$6.60

A. A. GRAHAM.

ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT.

An agreement is where one party promises to another to do a certain thing in a certain time for a stipulated sum. Good business men always reduce an agreement to writing, which nearly always saves misunderstandings and trouble. No particular form is necessary, but the facts must be clearly and explicitly stated, and there must, to make it valid, be a reasonable consideration.

GENERAL FORM OF AGREEMENT.

THIS AGREEMENT, made the Second day of October, 1876, between John Jones, of Aurora, County of Kane, State of Illinois, of the first part, and Thomas Whiteside, of the same place, of the second part —

WITNESSETH, that the said John Jones, in consideration of the agreement of the party of the second part, hereinafter contained, contracts and agrees to and with the said Thomas Whiteside, that he will deliver, in good and marketable condition, at the Village of Batavia, Ill., during the month of November, of this year, One Hundred Tons of Prairie Hay, in the following lots, and at the following specified times; namely, twenty-five tons by the seventh of November, twenty-five tons additional by the fourteenth of the month, twenty-five tons more by the twenty-first, and the entire one hundred tons to be all delivered by the thirtieth of November.

And the said Thomas Whiteside, in consideration of the prompt fulfillment of this contract, on the part of the party of the first part, contracts to and agrees with the said John Jones, to pay for said hay five dollars per ton, for each ton as soon as delivered.

In case of failure of agreement by either of the parties hereto, it is hereby stipulated and agreed that the party so failing shall pay to the other, One Hundred Dollars, as fixed and settled damages.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands the day and year first above written.

JOHN JONES,

THOMAS WHITESIDE.

AGREEMENT WITH CLERK FOR SERVICES.

THIS AGREEMENT, made the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, between Reuben Stone, of Chicago, County of Cook, State of Illinois, party of the first part, and George Barclay, of Englewood, County of Cook, State of Illinois, party of the second part —

WITNESSETH, that said George Barclay agrees faithfully and diligently to work as clerk and salesman for the said Reuben Stone, for and during the space of one year from the date hereof, should both live such length of time, without absenting himself from his occupation;

during which time he, the said Barclay, in the store of said Stone, of Chicago, will carefully and honestly attend, doing and performing all duties as clerk and salesman aforesaid, in accordance and in all respects as directed and desired by the said Stone.

In consideration of which services, so to be rendered by the said Barclay, the said Stone agrees to pay to said Barclay the annual sum of one thousand dollars, payable in twelve equal monthly payments, each upon the last day of each month; provided that all dues for days of absence from business by said Barclay, shall be deducted from the sum otherwise by the agreement due and payable by the said Stone to the said Barclay.

Witness our hands.

REUBEN STONE.

GEORGE BARCLAY.

BILLS OF SALE.

A bill of sale is a written agreement to another party, for a consideration to convey his right and interest in the personal property. The purchaser must take actual possession of the property. Juries have power to determine upon the fairness or unfairness of a bill of sale.

COMMON FORM OF BILL OF SALE.

KNOW ALL MEN by this instrument, that I, Louis Clay, of Princeton, Illinois, of the first part, for and in consideration of Five Hundred and Ten dollars, to me paid by John Floyd, of the same place, of the second part, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, have sold, and by this instrument do convey unto the said Floyd, party of the second part, his executors, administrators, and assigns, my undivided half of ten acres of corn, now growing on the farm of Thomas Tyrrell, in the town above mentioned; one pair of horses, sixteen sheep, and five cows, belonging to me, and in my possession at the farm aforesaid; to have and to hold the same unto the party of the second part, his executors and assigns, forever. And I do, for myself and legal representatives, agree with the said party of the second part, and his legal representatives, to warrant and defend the sale of the afore-mentioned property and chattels unto the said party of the second part, and his legal representatives, against all and every person whatsoever.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto affixed my hand, this tenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six.

LOUIS CLAY.

BONDS.

A bond is a written admission on the part of the maker in which he pledges a certain sum to another, at a certain time.

COMMON FORM OF BOND.

KNOW ALL MEN by this instrument, that I, George Edgerton, of Watseka, Iroquois County, State of Illinois, am firmly bound unto Peter Kirchoff, of the place aforesaid, in the sum of five hundred dollars, to be paid to the said Peter Kirchoff, or his legal representatives; to which payment, to be made, I bind myself, or my legal representatives, by this instrument.

Sealed with my seal, and dated this second day of November, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

The condition of this bond is such that if I, George Edgerton, my heirs, administrators, or executors, shall promptly pay the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars in three equal annual payments from the date hereof, with annual interest, then the above obligation to be of no effect; otherwise to be in full force and valid.

Sealed and delivered in

presence of

GEORGE EDGERTON. [L.S.]

WILLIAM TURNER.

CHATTEL MORTGAGES.

A chattel mortgage is a mortgage on personal property for payment of a certain sum of money, to hold the property against debts of other creditors. The mortgage must describe the property, and must be acknowledged before a justice of the peace in the township or precinct where the mortgagee resides, and entered upon his docket, and must be recorded in the recorder's office of the county.

GENERAL FORM OF CHATTEL MORTGAGE.

THIS INDENTURE, made and entered into this first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, between Theodore Lottinville, of the town of Geneseo in the County of Henry, and State of Illinois, party of the first part, and Paul Henshaw, of the same town, county, and State, party of the second part.

Witnesseth, that the said party of the first part, for and in consideration of the sum of one thousand dollars, in hand paid, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, does hereby grant, sell, convey, and confirm unto the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns forever, all and singular the following described goods and chattels, to wit:

Two three-year old roan-colored horses, one Burdett organ, No. 987, one Brussels carpet, 15x20 feet in size, one marble-top center table, one Home Comfort cooking stove, No. 8, one black walnut bureau with mirror attached, one set of parlor chairs (six in number), upholstered in green rep, with lounge corresponding with same in style and color of upholstery, now in possession of said Lottinville, at No. 4 Prairie Ave., Geneseo, Ill.;

Together with all and singular, the appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in any wise appertaining; to have and to hold the above described goods and chattels, unto the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns, forever.

Provided, always, and these presents are upon this express condition, that if the said Theodore Lottinville, his heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, shall, on or before the first day of January, A.D., one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, pay, or cause to be paid, to the said Paul Ranslow, or his lawful attorney or attorneys, heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, the sum of One Thousand dollars, together with the interest that may accrue thereon, at the rate of ten per cent. per annum, from the first day of January, A.D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, until paid, according to the tenor of one promissory note bearing even date herewith for the payment of said sum of money, that then and from thenceforth, these presents, and everything herein contained, shall cease, and be null and void, anything herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided, also, that the said Theodore Lottinville may retain the possession of and have the use of said goods and chattels until the day of payment aforesaid; and also, at his own expense, shall keep said goods and chattels; and also at the expiration of said time of payment, if said sum of money, together with the interest as aforesaid, shall not be paid, shall deliver up said goods and chattels, in good condition, to said Paul Ranslow, or his heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns.

And provided, also, that if default in payment as aforesaid, by said party of the first part, shall be made, or if said party of the second part shall at any time before said promissory note becomes due, feel himself unsafe or insecure, that then the said party of the second part, or his attorney, agent, assigns, or heirs, executors, or administrators, shall have the right to take possession of said goods and chattels, wherever they may or can be found, and sell the same at public or private sale, to the highest bidder for cash in hand, after giving ten days' notice of the time and place of said sale, together with a description of the goods and chattels to be sold, by at least four advertisements, posted up in public places in the vicinity where said sale is to take place, and proceed to make the sum of money and interest promised as aforesaid, together with all reasonable costs, charges, and expenses in so doing; and if there shall be any overplus, shall pay the same without delay to the said party of the first part, or his legal representatives.

In testimony whereof, the said party of the first part has hereunto set his hand and affixed his seal, the day and year first above written.

Signed, sealed and delivered in

presence of
SAMUEL J. TILDEN.

THEODORE LOTTINVILLE. [L.S.]

LEASE OF FARM AND BUILDINGS THEREON.

THIS INDENTURE, made this second day of June, 1875, between David Patton of the Town of Bisbee, State of Illinois, of the first part, and John Doyle of the same place, of the second part,

Witnesseth, that the said David Patton, for and in consideration of the covenants hereinafter mentioned and reserved, on the part of the said John Doyle, his executors, administrators, and assigns, to be paid, kept, and performed, hath let, and by these presents doth grant, demise, and let, unto the said John Doyle, his executors, administrators, and assigns, all that parcel of land situate in Bisbee aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit :

[*Here describe the land.*]

Together with all the appurtenances appertaining thereto. To have and to hold the said premises, with appurtenances thereto belonging, unto the said Doyle, his executors, administrators, and assigns, for the term of five years, from the first day of October next following, at a yearly rent of Six Hundred dollars, to be paid in equal payments, semi-annually, as long as said buildings are in good tenantable condition.

And the said Doyle, by these presents, covenants and agrees to pay all taxes and assessments, and keep in repair all hedges, ditches, rail, and other fences ; (the said David Patton, his heirs, assigns and administrators, to furnish all timber, brick, tile, and other materials necessary for such repairs.)

Said Doyle further covenants and agrees to apply to said land, in a farmer-like manner, all manure and compost accumulating upon said farm, and cultivate all the arable land in a husbandlike manner, according to the usual custom among farmers in the neighborhood ; he also agrees to trim the hedges at a seasonable time, preventing injury from cattle to such hedges, and to all fruit and other trees on the said premises. That he will seed down with clover and timothy seed twenty acres yearly of arable land, ploughing the same number of acres each Spring of land now in grass, and hitherto unbroken.

It is further agreed, that if the said Doyle shall fail to perform the whole or any one of the above mentioned covenants, then and in that case the said David Patton may declare this lease terminated, by giving three months' notice of the same, prior to the first of October of any year, and may distrain any part of the stock, goods, or chattels, or other property in possession of said Doyle, for sufficient to compensate for the non-performance of the above written covenants, the same to be determined, and amounts so to be paid to be determined, by three arbitrators, chosen as follows: Each of the parties to this instrument to choose one,

and the two so chosen to select a third ; the decision of said arbitrators to be final.

In witness whereof, we have hereto set our hands and seals.

Signed, sealed, and delivered

in presence of
JAMES WALDRON.

DAVID PATTON. [L.S.]

JOHN DOYLE. [L.S.]

FORM OF LEASE OF A HOUSE.

THIS INSTRUMENT, made the first day of October, 1875, witnesseth that Amos Griest of Yorkville, County of Kendall, State of Illinois, hath rented from Aaron Young of Logansport aforesaid, the dwelling and lot No. 13 Ohio Street, situated in said City of Yorkville, for five years from the above date, at the yearly rental of Three Hundred dollars, payable monthly, on the first day of each month, in advance, at the residence of said Aaron Young.

At the expiration of said above mentioned term, the said Griest agrees to give the said Young peaceable possession of the said dwelling, in as good condition as when taken, ordinary wear and casualties excepted.

In witness whereof, we place our hands and seals the day and year aforesaid.

Signed, sealed and delivered

in presence of

NICKOLAS SCHUTZ,
Notary Public.

AMOS GRIEST. [L.S.]

AARON YOUNG. [L.S.]

LANDLORD'S AGREEMENT.

THIS certifies that I have let and rented, this first day of January, 1876, unto Jacob Schmidt, my house and lot, No. 15 Erie Street, in the City of Chicago, State of Illinois, and its appurtenances ; he to have the free and uninterrupted occupation thereof for one year from this date, at the yearly rental of Two Hundred dollars, to be paid monthly in advance ; rent to cease if destroyed by fire, or otherwise made untenable.

PETER FUNK.

TENANT'S AGREEMENT.

THIS certifies that I have hired and taken from Peter Funk, his house and lot, No. 15 Erie Street, in the City of Chicago, State of Illinois, with appurtenances thereto belonging, for one year, to commence this day, at a yearly rental of Two Hundred dollars, to be paid monthly in advance ; unless said house becomes untenable from fire or other causes, in which case rent ceases ; and I further agree to give and yield said premises one year from this first day of January 1876, in as good condition as now, ordinary wear and damage by the elements excepted.

Given under my hand this day.

JACOB SCHMIDT.

NOTICE TO QUIT.

TO F. W. ARLEN,

Sir: Please observe that the term of one year, for which the house and land, situated at No. 6 Indiana Street, and now occupied by you, were rented to you, expired on the first day of October, 1875, and as I desire to repossess said premises, you are hereby requested and required to vacate the same.

Respectfully Yours,

P. T. BARNUM.

LINCOLN, NEB., October 4, 1875.

TENANT'S NOTICE OF LEAVING.

DEAR SIR:

The premises I now occupy as your tenant, at No. 6 Indiana Street, I shall vacate on the first day of November, 1875. You will please take notice accordingly.

Dated this tenth day of October, 1875.

F. W. ARLEN.

TO P. T. BARNUM, ESQ.

REAL ESTATE MORTGAGE TO SECURE PAYMENT OF MONEY.

THIS INDENTURE, made this sixteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, between William Stocker, of Peoria, County of Peoria, and State of Illinois, and Olla, his wife, party of the first part, and Edward Singer, party of the second part.

Whereas, the said party of the first part is justly indebted to the said party of the second part, in the sum of Two Thousand dollars, secured to be paid by two certain promissory notes (bearing even date herewith) the one due and payable at the Second National Bank in Peoria, Illinois, with interest, on the sixteenth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three; the other due and payable at the Second National Bank at Peoria, Ill., with interest, on the sixteenth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

Now, therefore, this indenture witnesseth, that the said party of the first part, for the better securing the payment of the money aforesaid, with interest thereon, according to the tenor and effect of the said two promissory notes above mentioned; and, also in consideration of the further sum of one dollar to them in hand paid by the said party of the second part, at the delivery of these presents, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, have granted, bargained, sold, and conveyed, and by these presents do grant, bargain, sell, and convey, unto the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns, forever, all that certain parcel of land, situate, etc.

[*Describing the premises.*]

To have and to hold the same, together with all and singular the Tenements, Hereditaments, Privileges and Appurtenances thereunto

belonging or in any wise appertaining. And also, all the estate, interest, and claim whatsoever, in law as well as in equity which the party of the first part have in and to the premises hereby conveyed unto the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns, and to their only proper use, benefit and behoof. And the said William Stocker, and Olla, his wife, party of the first part, hereby expressly waive, relinquish, release, and convey unto the said party of the second part, his heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, all right, title, claim, interest, and benefit whatever, in and to the above described premises, and each and every part thereof, which is given by or results from all laws of this state pertaining to the exemption of homesteads.

Provided always, and these presents are upon this express condition, that if the said party of the first part, their heirs, executors, or administrators, shall well and truly pay, or cause to be paid, to the said party of the second part, his heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, the aforesaid sums of money, with such interest thereon, at the time and in the manner specified in the above mentioned promissory notes, according to the true intent and meaning thereof, then in that case, these presents and every thing herein expressed, shall be absolutely null and void.

In witness whereof, the said party of the first part hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of

JAMES WHITEHEAD,

WILLIAM STOCKER. [L.S.]

FRED. SAMUELS.

OLLA STOCKER. [L.S.]

WARRANTY DEED WITH COVENANTS.

THIS INDENTURE, made this sixth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, between Henry Best of Lawrence, County of Lawrence, State of Illinois, and Belle, his wife, of the first part, and Charles Pearson of the same place, of the second part,

Witnesseth, that the said party of the first part, for and in consideration of the sum of Six Thousand dollars in hand paid by the said party of the second part, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, have granted, bargained, and sold, and by these presents do grant, bargain, and sell, unto the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns, all the following described lot, piece, or parcel of land, situated in the City of Lawrence, in the County of Lawrence, and State of Illinois, to wit:

[*Here describe the property.*]

Together with all and singular the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining, and the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders, rents, issues, and profits thereof; and all the estate, right, title, interest, claim, and demand whatsoever, of the said party of the first part, either in law or equity, of, in, and to the



S. W. BROWNING
FARMER & DAIRY,
DUNDEE TP.

above bargained premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances. To have and to hold the said premises above bargained and described, with the appurtenances, unto the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns, forever. And the said Henry Best, and Belle, his wife, parties of the first part, hereby expressly waive, release, and relinquish unto the said party of the second part, his heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, all right, title, claim, interest, and benefit whatever, in and to the above described premises, and each and every part thereof, which is given by or results from all laws of this state pertaining to the exemption of homesteads.

And the said Henry Best, and Belle, his wife, party of the first part, for themselves and their heirs, executors, and administrators, do covenant, grant, bargain, and agree, to and with the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns, that at the time of the ensealing and delivery of these presents they were well seized of the premises above conveyed, as of a good, sure, perfect, absolute, and indefeasible estate of inheritance in law, and in fee simple, and have good right, full power, and lawful authority to grant, bargain, sell, and convey the same, in manner and form aforesaid, and that the same are free and clear from all former and other grants, bargains, sales, liens, taxes, assessments, and encumbrances of what kind or nature soever; and the above bargained premises in the quiet and peaceable possession of the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns, against all and every person or persons lawfully claiming or to claim the whole or any part thereof, the said party of the first part shall and will warrant and forever defend.

In testimony whereof, the said parties of the first part have hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

Signed, sealed and delivered

in presence of
JERRY LINKLATER.

HENRY BEST, [L.S.]
BELLE BEST. [L.S.]

QUIT-CLAIM DEED.

THIS INDENTURE, made the eighth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, between David Tour, of Plano, County of Kendall, State of Illinois, party of the first part, and Larry O'Brien, of the same place, party of the second part,

Witnesseth, that the said party of the first part, for and in consideration of Nine Hundred dollars in hand paid by the said party of the second part, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, and the said party of the second part forever released and discharged therefrom, has remised, released, sold, conveyed, and quit-claimed, and by these presents does remise, release, sell, convey, and quit-claim, unto the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns, forever, all the right, title, interest,

claim, and demand, which the said party of the first part has in and to the following described lot, piece, or parcel of land, to wit:

[*Here describe the land.*]

To have and to hold the same, together with all and singular the appurtenances and privileges thereunto belonging, or in any wise thereunto appertaining, and all the estate, right, title, interest, and claim whatever, of the said party of the first part, either in law or equity, to the only proper use, benefit, and behoof of the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns forever.

In witness whereof the said party of the first part hereunto set his hand and seal the day and year above written.

Signed, sealed and delivered

DAVID TOUR. [L.S.]

in presence of

THOMAS ASHLEY.

The above forms of Deeds and Mortgage are such as have heretofore been generally used, but the following are much shorter, and are made equally valid by the laws of this state.

WARRANTY DEED.

The grantor (here insert name or names and place of residence), for and in consideration of (here insert consideration) in hand paid, conveys and warrants to (here insert the grantee's name or names) the following described real estate (here insert description), situated in the County of — in the State of Illinois.

Dated this — day of — A. D. 18—.

QUIT CLAIM DEED.

The grantor (here insert grantor's name or names and place of residence). for the consideration of (here insert consideration) convey and quit-claim to (here insert grantee's name or names) all interest in the following described real estate (here insert description), situated in the County of — in the State of Illinois.

Dated this — day of — A. D. 18—.

MORTGAGE.

The mortgagor (here insert name or names) mortgages and warrants to (here insert name or names of mortgagee or mortgagees), to secure the payment of (here recite the nature and amount of indebtedness, showing when due and the rate of interest, and whether secured by note or otherwise), the following described real estate (here insert description thereof), situated in the County of — in the State of Illinois.

Dated this — day of — A. D. 18—.

RELEASE.

KNOW ALL MEN by these presents, that I, Peter Ahlund, of Chicago, of the County of Cook, and State of Illinois, for and in consideration of One dollar, to me in hand paid, and for other good and valuable considera-

tions, the receipt whereof is hereby confessed, do hereby grant, bargain, remise, convey, release, and quit-claim unto Joseph Carlin of Chicago, of the County of Cook, and State of Illinois, all the right, title, interest, claim, or demand whatsoever, I may have acquired in, through, or by a certain Indenture or Mortgage Deed, bearing date the second day of January, A. D. 1871, and recorded in the Recorder's office of said county, in book A of Deeds, page 46, to the premises therein described, and which said Deed was made to secure one certain promissory note, bearing even date with said deed, for the sum of Three Hundred dollars.

Witness my hand and seal, this second day of November, A. D. 1874.

PETER AHLUND. [L.S.]

State of Illinois, }
Cook County. } ss.

[NOTARIAL
SEAL.]

I, George Saxton, a Notary Public in and for said county, in the state aforesaid, do hereby certify that Peter Ahlund, personally known to me as the same person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing Release, appeared before me this day in person, and acknowledged that he signed, sealed, and delivered the said instrument of writing as his free and voluntary act, for the uses and purposes therein set forth.

Given under my hand and seal, this second day of November, A. D. 1874.

GEORGE SAXTON, N. P.

GENERAL FORM OF WILL FOR REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.

I, Charles Mansfield, of the Town of Salem, County of Jackson, State of Illinois, being aware of the uncertainty of life, and in failing health, but of sound mind and memory, do make and declare this to be my last will and testament, in manner following, to wit:

First. I give, devise and bequeath unto my oldest son, Sidney H. Mansfield, the sum of Two Thousand Dollars, of bank stock, now in the Third National Bank of Cincinnati, Ohio, and the farm owned by myself in the Town of Buskirk, consisting of one hundred and sixty acres, with all the houses, tenements, and improvements thereunto belonging; to have and to hold unto my said son, his heirs and assigns, forever.

Second. I give, devise and bequeath to each of my daughters, Anna Louise Mansfield and Ida Clara Mansfield, each Two Thousand dollars in bank stock, in the Third National Bank of Cincinnati, Ohio, and also each one quarter section of land, owned by myself, situated in the Town of Lake, Illinois, and recorded in my name in the Recorder's office in the county where such land is located. The north one hundred and sixty acres of said half section is devised to my eldest daughter, Anna Louise.

Third. I give, devise and bequeath to my son, Frank Alfred Mansfield, Five shares of Railroad stock in the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and my one hundred and sixty acres of land and saw mill thereon, situated in Manistee, Michigan, with all the improvements and appurtenances thereunto belonging, which said real estate is recorded in my name in the county where situated.

Fourth. I give to my wife, Victoria Elizabeth Mansfield, all my household furniture, goods, chattels, and personal property, about my home, not hitherto disposed of, including Eight Thousand dollars of bank stock in the Third National Bank of Cincinnati, Ohio, Fifteen shares in the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and the free and unrestricted use, possession, and benefit of the home farm, so long as she may live, in lieu of dower, to which she is entitled by law; said farm being my present place of residence.

Fifth. I bequeath to my invalid father, Elijah H. Mansfield, the income from rents of my store building at 145 Jackson Street, Chicago, Illinois, during the term of his natural life. Said building and land therewith to revert to my said sons and daughters in equal proportion, upon the demise of my said father.

Sixth. It is also my will and desire that, at the death of my wife, Victoria Elizabeth Mansfield, or at any time when she may arrange to relinquish her life interest in the above mentioned homestead, the same may revert to my above named children, or to the lawful heirs of each.

And lastly. I nominate and appoint as executors of this my last will and testament, my wife, Victoria Elizabeth Mansfield, and my eldest son, Sidney H. Mansfield.

I further direct that my debts and necessary funeral expenses shall be paid from moneys now on deposit in the Savings Bank of Salem, the residue of such moneys to revert to my wife, Victoria Elizabeth Mansfield, for her use forever.

In witness whereof, I, Charles Mansfield, to this my last will and testament, have hereunto set my hand and seal, this fourth day of April, eighteen hundred and seventy-two.

Signed, sealed, and declared by Charles Mansfield, as and for his last will and testament, in the presence of us, who, at his request, and in his presence, and in the presence of each other, have subscribed our names hereunto as witnesses thereof.

CHARLES MANSFIELD. [L.S.]

PETER A. SCHENCK, Sycamore, Ills.

FRANK E. DENT, Salem, Ills.

CODICIL.

Whereas I, Charles Mansfield, did, on the fourth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, make my last will and testament, I do now, by this writing, add this codicil to my said will, to be taken as a part thereof.

Whereas, by the dispensation of Providence, my daughter, Anna Louise, has deceased November fifth, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, and whereas, a son has been born to me, which son is now christened Richard Albert Mansfield, I give and bequeath unto him my gold watch, and all right, interest, and title in lands and bank stock and chattels bequeathed to my deceased daughter, Anna Louise, in the body of this will.

In witness whereof, I hereunto place my hand and seal, this tenth day of March, eighteen hundred and seventy-five.

Signed, sealed, published, and declared to
us by the testator, Charles Mansfield, as
and for a codicil to be annexed to his
last will and testament. And we, at
his request, and in his presence, and in
the presence of each other, have sub-
scribed our names as witnesses thereto,
at the date hereof.

CHARLES MANSFIELD. [L.S.]

FRANK E. DENT, Salem, Ills.

JOHN C. SHAY, Salem, Ills.

CHURCH ORGANIZATIONS

May be legally made by *electing* or *appointing*, according to the *usages* or *customs* of the body of which it is a part, at any meeting held for that purpose, *two* or *more* of its *members* as trustees, wardens or vestrymen, and may adopt a *corporate* name. The chairman or secretary of such meeting shall, as soon as possible, make and file in the office of the recorder of deeds of the county, an affidavit substantially in the following form:

STATE OF ILLINOIS, }
——— County. } ss.

I, ———, do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be), that at a meeting of the members of the (here insert the name of the church, society or congregation as known before organization), held at (here insert place of meeting), in the County of ———, and State of Illinois, on the ——— day of ———, A.D. 18—, for that purpose, the following persons were elected (or appointed) [*here insert their names*] trustees, wardens, vestrymen, (or officers by whatever name they may choose to adopt, with powers similar to trustees) according to the rules and usages of such (church, society or congregation), and said ———

adopted as its corporate name (here insert name), and at said meeting this affiant acted as (chairman or secretary, as the case may be).

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this — day of —, A.D. 18—.

Name of Affiant — — —

which affidavit must be recorded by the recorder, and shall be, or a certified copy made by the recorder, received as evidence of such an incorporation.

No certificate of election after the first need be filed for record.

The term of office of the trustees and the general government of the society can be determined by the rules or by-laws adopted. Failure to elect trustees at the time provided does not work a dissolution, but the old trustees hold over. A trustee or trustees may be removed, in the same manner by the society as elections are held by a meeting called for that purpose. The property of the society vests in the corporation. The corporation may hold, or acquire by purchase or otherwise, land not exceeding ten acres, for the purpose of the society. The trustees have the care, custody and control of the property of the corporation, and can, *when directed* by the society, erect houses or improvements, and repair and alter the same, and may also when so directed by the society, mortgage, encumber, sell and convey any real or personal estate belonging to the corporation, and make all proper contracts in the name of such corporation. But they are prohibited by law from encumbering or interfering with any property so as to destroy the effect of any gift, grant, devise or bequest to the corporation; but such gifts, grants, devises or bequests, must in all cases be used so as to carry out the object intended by the persons making the same. Existing societies may organize in the manner herein set forth, and have all the advantages thereof.

SUGGESTIONS TO THOSE PURCHASING BOOKS BY SUBSCRIPTION.

The business of *publishing books by subscription* having so often been brought into disrepute by agents making representations and declarations *not authorized by the publisher*; in order to prevent that as much as possible, and that there may be more general knowledge of the relation such agents bear to their principal, and the law governing such cases, the following statement is made :

A subscription is in the nature of a contract of mutual promises, by which the subscriber agrees to pay a certain sum for the work described; the consideration is concurrent that the publisher shall publish the book named, and deliver the same, for which the subscriber is to pay the price named. The nature and character of the work is described in the prospectus and by the sample shown. These should be carefully examined before subscribing, as they are the basis and consideration of the promise to pay,

and not the too often exaggerated statements of the agent, who is merely employed to solicit subscriptions, for which he is usually paid a commission for each subscriber, and has no authority to change or alter the conditions upon which the subscriptions are authorized to be made by the publisher. Should the agent assume to agree to make the subscription conditional or modify or change the agreement of the publisher, as set out by prospectus and sample, in order to bind the principal, the subscriber should see that such conditions or changes are stated over or in connection with his signature, so that the publisher may have notice of the same.

All persons making contracts in reference to matters of this kind, or any other business, should remember that the law as to written contracts is, that they can not be varied, altered or rescinded verbally, but if done at all, must be done in writing. It is therefore important that all persons contemplating subscribing should distinctly understand that all talk before or after the subscription is made, is not admissible as evidence, and is no part of the contract.

Persons employed to solicit subscriptions are known to the trade as canvassers. They are agents appointed to do a particular business in a prescribed mode, and have no authority to do it in any other way to the prejudice of their principal, nor can they bind their principal in any other matter. They can not collect money, or agree that payment may be made in anything else but money. They can not extend the time of payment beyond the time of delivery, nor bind their principal for the payment of expenses incurred in their business.

It would save a great deal of trouble, and often serious loss, if persons, before signing their names to any subscription book, or any written instrument, would examine carefully what it is; if they can not read themselves, should call on some one disinterested who can.

CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND ITS AMENDMENTS.

We, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

SEC. 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several states, and the electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State Legislature.

No person shall be a representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of Representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each state shall have at least one Representative; and until such enumeration shall be made the State of New Hampshire shall be entitled to choose three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five, New York six, New Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, and Georgia three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any state, the Executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers, and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SEC. 3. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each state, chosen by the Legislature thereof for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expira-

tion of the second year, of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the Legislature of any state, the Executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the Legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a Senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state for which he shall be chosen.

The Vice-President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided.

The Senate shall choose their other officers, and also a President *pro tempore*, in the absence of the Vice-President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States.

The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried the Chief Justice shall preside. And no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

Judgment, in cases of impeachment, shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust, or profit under the United States; but the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment, and punishment according to law.

SEC. 4. The times, places and manner of holding elections for Senators and Representatives shall be prescribed in each state by the Legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing Senators.

The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SEC. 5. Each house shall be the judge of the election, returns, and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members in such manner and under such penalties as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may, in their judgment, require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

SEC. 6. The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall in all cases, except treason,

felony, and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States, shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

SEC. 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives; but the Senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the House of Representatives and the Senate, shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the President of the United States; if he approve he shall sign it; but if not he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted), after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the Congress, by their adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution, or vote to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment), shall be presented to the President of the United States, and before the same shall take effect shall be approved by him, or, being disapproved by him, shall be re-passed by two-thirds of the Senate and House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

SEC. 8. The Congress shall have power—

To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts, and provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts, and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States;

To borrow money on the credit of the United States;

To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian tribes;

To establish a uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States;

To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures;

To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States;

To establish post offices and post roads;

To promote the progress of sciences and useful arts, by securing, for limited times, to authors and inventors, the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries;

To constitute tribunals inferior to the Supreme Court;

To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offenses against the law of nations;

To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water;

To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years;

To provide and maintain a navy;

To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces;

To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions;

To provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the states respectively the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress;

To exercise legislation in all cases whatsoever over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of particular states, and the acceptance of Congress, become the seat of the government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the Legislature of the state in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock yards, and other needful buildings; and

To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this Constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

SEC. 9. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the states now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the Congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder or *ex post facto* law shall be passed.

No capitation or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any state.

No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one state over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to or from one state be obliged to enter, clear, or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States: and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the Congress, accept of any present, emolument, office, or title of any kind whatever, from any king, prince, or foreign state.

SEC. 10. No state shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, *ex post facto* law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility.

No state shall, without the consent of the Congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws, and the net produce of all duties and imposts laid by any state on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the Treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the Congress.

No state shall, without the consent of Congress, lay any duty on tonnage, keep troops or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another state, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The Executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and, together with the Vice-President chosen for the same term, be elected as follows:

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the Legislature thereof may direct, a number of Electors, equal to the whole number of Senators and Representatives to which the state may be entitled in the Congress; but no Senator or Representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an Elector.

[* The Electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of Electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the House of Representatives shall immediately choose by ballot one of them for President; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list the said House shall in like manner choose the President. But in choosing the President, the vote shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the President,

* This clause between brackets has been superseded and annulled by the Twelfth amendment.

the person having the greatest number of votes of the Electors shall be the Vice-President. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the Senate shall choose from them by ballot the Vice-President.]

The Congress may determine the time of choosing the Electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the United States at the time of the adoption of this Constitution, shall be eligible to the office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the President from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the Vice-President, and the Congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation, or inability, both of the President and Vice-President, declaring what officer shall then act as President, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a President shall be elected.

The President shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States or any of them.

Before he enters on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect, and defend the Constitution of the United States."

SEC. 2. The President shall be commander in chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several states, when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardon for offenses against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice of the Senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the Supreme Court, and all other officers of the United States whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law; but the Congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they think proper in the President alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of departments.

The President shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

SEC. 3. He shall from time to time give to the Congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may on extraordinary

occasions convene both houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all the officers of the United States.

SEC. 4. The President, Vice-President, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION I. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one Supreme Court, and such inferior courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The Judges, both of the Supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall, at stated times, receive for their services a compensation, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SEC. 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this Constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more states; between a state and citizens of another state; between citizens of different states; between citizens of the same state claiming lands under grants of different states, and between a state or the citizens thereof, and foreign states, citizens, or subjects.

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls, and those in which a state shall be a party, the Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction.

In all the other cases before mentioned, the Supreme Court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions and under such regulations as the Congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the state where the said crimes shall have been committed; but when not committed within any state, the trial shall be at such place or places as the Congress may by law have directed.

SEC. 3. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The Congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture, except during the life of the person attainted.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each state to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other state. And

the Congress may, by general laws, prescribe the manner in which such acts, records, and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SEC. 2. The citizens of each state shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states.

A person charged in any state with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice and be found in another state, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the state from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the state having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labor in one state, under the laws thereof escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on the claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

SEC. 3. New states may be admitted by the Congress into this Union; but no new state shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other state; nor any state be formed by the junction of two or more states, or parts of states, without the consent of the Legislatures of the states concerned, as well as of the Congress.

The Congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States or of any particular state.

SEC. 4. The United States shall guarantee to every state in this Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion, and on application of the Legislature, or of the Executive (when the Legislature can not be convened), against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

The Congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this Constitution, or, on the application of the Legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the Legislatures of three-fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress. Provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the Senate.

ARTICLE VI.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into before the adoption of this Constitution shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution as under the Confederation.

This Constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the Judges in every state shall be bound thereby, anything in the Constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the mem-

bers of the several state Legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several states, shall be bound by oath or affirmation to support this Constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the Conventions of nine states shall be sufficient for the establishment of this Constitution between the states so ratifying the same.

Done in convention by the unanimous consent of the states present, the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and of the independence of the United States of America the twelfth. In witness whereof we have hereunto subscribed our names.

GEO. WASHINGTON,

President and Deputy from Virginia.

New Hampshire.

JOHN LANGDON,
NICHOLAS GILMAN.

Massachusetts.

NATHANIEL GORHAM,
RUFUS KING.

Connecticut.

WM. SAM'L JOHNSON,
ROGER SHERMAN.

New York.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON.

New Jersey.

WIL. LIVINGSTON,
WM. PATERSON,
DAVID BREARLEY,
JONA. DAYTON.

Pennsylvania.

B. FRANKLIN,
ROBT. MORRIS,
THOS. FITZSIMONS,
JAMES WILSON,
THOS. MIFFLIN,
GEO. CLYMER,
JARED INGERSOLL,
GOUV. MORRIS.

Delaware.

GEO. READ,
JOHN DICKINSON,
JACO. BROOM,
GUNNING BEDFORD, JR.,
RICHARD BASSETT.

Maryland.

JAMES M'HENRY,
DANL. CARROLL,
DAN. OF ST. THOS. JENIFER.

Virginia.

JOHN BLAIR,
JAMES MADISON, JR.

North Carolina.

WM. BLOUNT,
HU. WILLIAMSON,
RICH'D DOBBS SPAIGHT.

South Carolina.

J. RUTLEDGE,
CHARLES PINCKNEY,
CHAS. COTESWORTH PINCKNEY,
PIERCE BUTLER.

Georgia.

WILLIAM FEW,
ABR. BALDWIN.

WILLIAM JACKSON, *Secretary.*



DR. L. A. CRABTREE
DUNDEE.

ARTICLES IN ADDITION TO AND AMENDATORY OF THE CONSTITUTION
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

*Proposed by Congress and ratified by the Legislatures of the several states,
pursuant to the fifth article of the original Constitution.*

ARTICLE I.

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.

ARTICLE II.

A well regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

ARTICLE III.

No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE IV.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrants shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched and the persons or things to be seized.

ARTICLE V.

No person shall be held to answer for a capital or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a Grand Jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offense to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

ARTICLE VI.

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor; and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

ARTICLE VII.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact

tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States than according to the rules of the common law.

ARTICLE VIII.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

ARTICLE IX.

The enumeration, in the Constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

ARTICLE X.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people.

ARTICLE XI.

The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another state, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign state.

ARTICLE XII.

The Electors shall meet in their respective states and vote by ballot for President and Vice-President, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person to be voted for as president, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice-President, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice-President, and of the number of votes for each, which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate. The President of the Senate shall, in presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of Electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest number not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by States, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice-President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President. The person having the greatest number of votes as Vice-President, shall be the Vice-President, if such number be the majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a major-

ity, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the Senate shall choose the Vice-President; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President shall be eligible to that of Vice-President of the United States.

ARTICLE XIII.

SECTION 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SEC. 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XIV.

SECTION 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States, and of the state wherein they reside. No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

SEC. 2. Representatives shall be appointed among the several states according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed; but when the right to vote at any election for the choice of Electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the executive and judicial officers of a state, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such state, being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged except for participation in rebellion or other crimes, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such state.

SEC. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or Elector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any state, who, having previously taken an oath as a Member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any state Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any state to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each house, remove such disability.

SEC. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any state shall pay any debt or obligation incurred in the aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any loss or emancipation of any slave, but such debts, obligations, and claims shall be held illegal and void.

SEC. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this act.

ARTICLE XV.

SECTION 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States, or by any state, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

SEC. 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ELECTORS OF PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT.

NOVEMBER 7, 1876.

COUNTIES.	Hayes and Wheeler, Republican.	Tilden and Hendricks, Democrat.	Peter Cooper Greenback.	Smith, Prohibition	Anti-Secret Societies.	COUNTIES.	Hayes and Wheeler, Republican.	Tilden and Hendricks, Democrat.	Peter Cooper Greenback.	Smith, Prohibition.	Anti-Secret Societies.
Adams	4953	6308	41	17	....	Livingston.....	3550	2134	1170	....	3
Alexander.....	1219	1280	....	....	....	Logan.....	2788	2595	37	....	....
Bond.....	1520	1142	17	....	....	Macon.....	3120	2782	268	16	....
Boone.....	1965	363	43	2	....	Macoupin.....	3567	4076	114	....	....
Brown.....	944	1495	183	1	....	Madison.....	4554	4730	39	1	....
Bureau.....	3719	2218	145	2	11	Marion.....	2009	2444	209	....	....
Calhoun.....	441	900	....	....	....	Marshall.....	1553	1430	135	....	1
Carroll.....	2231	918	111	1	3	Mason.....	1566	1939	86	3	....
Cass.....	1209	1618	74	7	....	Massac.....	1231	793	20	....	....
Champaign.....	4530	3103	604	....	1	McDonough.....	2952	2811	347	....	....
Christian.....	2501	3287	207	1	6	McHenry.....	3465	1874	34	....	3
Clark.....	1814	2197	236	....	9	McLean.....	6363	4410	518	8	7
Clay.....	1416	1541	112	....	....	Menard.....	1115	1657	10	....	....
Clinton.....	1329	1989	132	....	....	Mercer.....	2209	1428	90	....	2
Coles.....	2957	2822	102	....	....	Monroe.....	845	1651	7	....	....
Cook.....	36548	39240	277	....	....	Montgomery.....	2486	3013	201	....	....
Crawford.....	1355	1643	38	....	....	Morgan.....	3069	3174	109	....	3
Cumberland.....	1145	1407	129	....	....	Moultrie.....	1245	1672	28	....	....
De Kalb.....	3679	1413	65	....	3	Ogle.....	3833	1921	104	....	8
De Witt.....	1928	1174	746	10	3	Peoria.....	4665	5443	95	....	....
Douglas.....	1631	1357	94	....	....	Pope.....	1319	800	5	....	....
DuPage.....	2129	1276	25	....	8	Perry.....	1541	1383	48	....	....
Edgar.....	2715	2883	161	....	....	Piatt.....	1807	1316	117	....	....
Edwards.....	970	466	61	....	....	Pike.....	3055	4040	35	1	4
Effingham.....	1145	2265	43	....	....	Pulaski.....	1043	772	....	....	....
Fayette.....	1881	2421	57	....	....	Putnam.....	646	459	14	....	....
Ford.....	1601	742	204	....	....	Randolph.....	2357	2589	2	....	....
Franklin.....	966	1302	391	....	....	Richland.....	1410	1552	55	....	....
Fulton.....	4187	4669	89	....	1	Rock Island.....	3912	2838	27	....	....
Gallatin.....	703	1140	282	2	....	Saline.....	980	1081	641	....	....
Greene.....	1695	3160	1	....	9	Sangamon.....	4851	5847	29	....	....
Grundy.....	1996	1142	108	....	....	Schuyler.....	1522	1804	115	....	....
Hamilton.....	627	1433	770	....	4	Scott.....	910	1269	182	....	....
Hancock.....	3496	4207	....	....	....	Shelby.....	2069	3553	341	....	....
Hardin.....	330	611	134	....	....	Stark.....	1140	786	96	....	....
Henderson.....	1315	1015	1	....	....	St. Clair.....	4708	5891	99	....	1
Henry.....	4177	1928	340	4	6	Stephenson.....	3198	2758	26	....	3
Iroquois.....	3768	2578	249	14	1	Tazewell.....	2850	3171	44	2	2
Jackson.....	2040	2071	106	....	....	Union.....	978	2155	3	....	....
Jasper.....	....	....	....	....	....	Vermilion.....	4372	3031	288	....	9
Jefferson.....	1346	1667	647	....	....	Wabash.....	650	936	207	....	....
Jersey.....	1345	2166	....	12	....	Warren.....	2795	1984	138	....	1
Jo Daviess.....	2907	2276	140	2	3	Washington.....	1911	1671	39	....	....
Johnson.....	1367	893	61	....	....	Wayne.....	1570	1751	482	....	....
Kane.....	5398	2850	172	....	5	White.....	1297	2066	469	....	4
Kankakee.....	2627	1363	26	....	2	Whiteside.....	3851	2131	133	8	1
Kendall.....	1869	524	309	....	....	Will.....	4770	3999	677	....	....
Knox.....	5235	2632	141	....	1	Williamson.....	1672	1644	41	....	....
Lake.....	2619	1647	55	....	1	Winnebago.....	4505	1568	70	13	2
La Salle.....	6277	6001	514	....	15	Woodford.....	1733	2105	237	1	4
Lawrence.....	1198	1329	27	....	....						
Lee.....	3087	2080	100	2	6						
						Total.....	275958	257099	16951	130	157

PRACTICAL RULES FOR EVERY DAY USE.

How to find the gain or loss per cent. when the cost and selling price are given.

RULE.—Find the difference between the cost and selling price, which will be the gain or loss.

Annex two ciphers to the gain or loss, and divide it by the cost price; the result will be the gain or loss per cent.

How to change gold into currency.

RULE.—Multiply the given sum of gold by the price of gold.

How to change currency into gold.

Divide the amount in currency by the price of gold.

How to find each partner's share of the gain or loss in a copartnership business.

RULE.—Divide the whole gain or loss by the entire stock, the quotient will be the gain or loss per cent.

Multiply each partner's stock by this per cent., the result will be each one's share of the gain or loss.

How to find gross and net weight and price of hogs.

A short and simple method for finding the net weight, or price of hogs, when the gross weight or price is given, and vice versa.

NOTE.—It is generally assumed that the gross weight of Hogs **diminished** by 1-5 or 20 per cent. of itself gives the net weight, and the net weight **increased** by $\frac{1}{4}$ or 25 per cent. of itself equals the gross weight.

To find the net weight or gross price.

Multiply the given number by .8 (tenths.)

To find the gross weight or net price.

Divide the given number by .8 (tenths.)

How to find the capacity of a granary, bin, or wagon-bed.

RULE.—Multiply (by short method) the number of cubic feet by 6308, and point off ONE decimal place—the result will be the correct answer in bushels and tenths of a bushel.

For only an approximate answer, multiply the cubic feet by 8, and point off one decimal place.

How to find the contents of a corn-crib.

RULE.—Multiply the number of cubic feet by 54, short method, or
(207)

by $4\frac{1}{2}$ ordinary method, and point off ONE decimal place—the result will be the answer in bushels.

NOTE.—In estimating corn in the ear, the **quality** and the **time it has been cribbed** must be taken into consideration, since corn will shrink considerably during the Winter and Spring. This rule generally holds good for corn measured at the time it is cribbed, provided it is sound and clean.

How to find the contents of a cistern or tank.

RULE.—Multiply the square of the mean diameter by the depth (all in feet) and this product by 5681 (short method), and point off ONE decimal place—the result will be the contents in barrels of $31\frac{1}{2}$ gallons.

How to find the contents of a barrel or cask.

RULE.—Under the square of the mean diameter, write the length (all in inches) in REVERSED order, so that its UNITS will fall under the TENS; multiply by short method, and this product again by 430; point off one decimal place, and the result will be the answer in wine gallons.

How to measure boards.

RULE.—Multiply the length (in feet) by the width (in inches) and divide the product by 12—the result will be the contents in square feet.

How to measure scantlings, joists, planks, sills, etc.

RULE.—Multiply the width, the thickness, and the length together (the width and thickness in inches, and the length in feet), and divide the product by 12—the result will be square feet.

How to find the number of acres in a body of land.

RULE.—Multiply the length by the width (in rods), and divide the product by 160 (carrying the division to 2 decimal places if there is a remainder); the result will be the answer in acres and hundredths.

When the opposite sides of a piece of land are of unequal length, add them together and take one-half for the mean length or width.

How to find the number of square yards in a floor or wall.

RULE.—Multiply the length by the width or height (in feet), and divide the product by 9, the result will be square yards.

How to find the number of bricks required in a building.

RULE.—Multiply the number of cubic feet by $22\frac{1}{2}$.

The number of cubic feet is found by multiplying the length, height and thickness (in feet) together.

Bricks are usually made 8 inches long, 4 inches wide, and two inches thick; hence, it requires 27 bricks to make a cubic foot without mortar, but it is generally assumed that the mortar fills $\frac{1}{6}$ of the space.

How to find the number of shingles required in a roof.

RULE.—Multiply the number of square feet in the roof by 8, if the shingles are exposed $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches, or by 7 1-5 if exposed 5 inches.

To find the number of square feet, multiply the length of the roof by twice the length of the rafters.

To find the length of the rafters, at ONE-FOURTH pitch, multiply the width of the building by .56 (hundredths); at ONE-THIRD pitch, by .6 (tenths); at TWO-FIFTHS pitch, by .64 (hundredths); at ONE-HALF pitch, by .71 (hundredths). This gives the length of the rafters from the apex to the end of the wall, and whatever they are to project must be taken into consideration.

NOTE.—By $\frac{1}{4}$ or $\frac{1}{3}$ pitch is meant that the apex or comb of the roof is to be $\frac{1}{4}$ or $\frac{1}{3}$ the width of the building **higher** than the walls or base of the rafters.

How to reckon the cost of hay.

RULE.—Multiply the number of pounds by half the price per ton, and remove the decimal point three places to the left.

How to measure grain.

RULE.—Level the grain; ascertain the space it occupies in cubic feet; multiply the number of cubic feet by 8, and point off one place to the left!

NOTE.—Exactness requires the addition to every three hundred bushels of one extra bushel.

The foregoing rule may be used for finding the number of gallons, by multiplying the number of bushels by 8.

If the corn in the box is in the ear, divide the answer by 2, to find the number of bushels of shelled corn, because it requires 2 bushels of ear corn to make 1 of shelled corn.

Rapid rules for measuring land without instruments.

In measuring land, the first thing to ascertain is the contents of any given plot in square yards; then, given the number of yards, find out the number of rods and acres.

The most ancient and simplest measure of distance is a step. Now, an ordinary-sized man can train himself to cover one yard at a stride, on the average, with sufficient accuracy for ordinary purposes.

To make use of this means of measuring distances, it is essential to walk in a straight line; to do this, fix the eye on two objects in a line straight ahead, one comparatively near, the other remote; and, in walking, keep these objects constantly in line.

Farmers and others by adopting the following simple and ingenious contrivance, may always carry with them the scale to construct a correct yard measure.

Take a foot rule, and commencing at the base of the little finger of the left hand, mark the quarters of the foot on the outer borders of the left arm, pricking in the marks with indelible ink.

To find how many rods in length will make an acre, the width being given.

RULE.—Divide 160 by the width, and the quotient will be the answer.

How to find the number of acres in any plot of land, the number of rods being given.

RULE.—Divide the number of rods by 8, multiply the quotient by 5, and remove the decimal point two places to the left.

The diameter being given, to find the circumference.

RULE.—Multiply the diameter by 3 1-7.

How to find the diameter, when the circumference is given.

RULE.—Divide the circumference by 3 1-7.

To find how many solid feet a round stick of timber of the same thickness throughout will contain when squared.

RULE.—Square half the diameter in inches, multiply by 2, multiply by the length in feet, and divide the product by 144.

General rule for measuring timber, to find the solid contents in feet.

RULE.—Multiply the depth in inches by the breadth in inches, and then multiply by the length in feet, and divide by 144.

To find the number of feet of timber in trees with the bark on.

RULE.—Multiply the square of one-fifth of the circumference in inches, by twice the length, in feet, and divide by 144. Deduct 1-10 to 1-15 according to the thickness of the bark.

Howard's new rule for computing interest.

RULE.—The reciprocal of the rate is the time for which the interest on any sum of money will be shown by simply removing the decimal point two places to the left; for ten times that time, remove the point one place to the left; for 1-10 of the same time, remove the point three places to the left.

Increase or diminish the results to suit the time given.

NOTE.—The reciprocal of the rate is found by **inverting** the rate; thus 3 per cent. per month, inverted, becomes $\frac{1}{3}$ of a month, or 10 days.

When the rate is expressed by one figure, always write it thus: 3-1, three ones.

Rule for converting English into American currency.

Multiply the pounds, with the shillings and pence stated in decimals, by 400 plus the premium in fourths, and divide the product by 90.

U. S. GOVERNMENT LAND MEASURE.

A township—36 sections each a mile square.

A section—640 acres.

A quarter section, half a mile square—160 acres.

An eighth section, half a mile long, north and south, and a quarter of a mile wide—80 acres.

A sixteenth section, a quarter of a mile square—40 acres.

The sections are all numbered 1 to 36, commencing at the north-east corner.

The sections are divided into quarters, which are named by the cardinal points. The quarters are divided in the same way. The description of a forty acre lot would read: The south half of the west half of the south-west quarter of section 1 in township 24, north of range 7 west, or as the case might be; and sometimes will fall short and sometimes overrun the number of acres it is supposed to contain.

The nautical mile is 795 4-5 feet longer than the common mile.

SURVEYORS' MEASURE.

7 92-100 inches.....	make 1 link.
25 links.....	“ 1 rod.
4 rods.....	“ 1 chain.
80 chains..	“ 1 mile.

NOTE.—A chain is 100 links, equal to 4 rods or 66 feet.

Shoemakers formerly used a subdivision of the inch called a barley-corn; three of which made an inch.

Horses are measured directly over the fore feet, and the standard of measure is four inches—called a hand.

In Biblical and other old measurements, the term span is sometimes used, which is a length of nine inches.

The sacred cubit of the Jews was 24.024 inches in length.

The common cubit of the Jews was 21.704 inches in length.

A pace is equal to a yard or 36 inches.

A fathom is equal to 6 feet.

A league is three miles, but its length is variable, for it is strictly speaking a nautical term, and should be three geographical miles, equal to 3.45 statute miles, but when used on land, three statute miles are said to be a league.

In cloth measure an aune is equal to $1\frac{1}{4}$ yards, or 45 inches.

An Amsterdam ell is equal to 26.796 inches.

A Trieste ell is equal to 25.284 inches.

A Brabant ell is equal to 27.116 inches.

HOW TO KEEP ACCOUNTS.

Every farmer and mechanic, whether he does much or little business, should keep a record of his transactions in a clear and systematic manner. For the benefit of those who have not had the opportunity of acquiring a primary knowledge of the principles of book-keeping, we here present a simple form of keeping accounts which is easily comprehended, and well adapted to record the business transactions of farmers, mechanics and laborers.

1875.		A. H. JACKSON.	Dr.	Cr.
Jan.	10	To 7 bushels Wheat.....at \$1.25	\$8 75	
"	17	By shoeing span of Horses.....		\$2 50
Feb.	4	To 14 bushels Oats.....at \$.45	6 30	
"	4	To 5 lbs. Butter.....at .25	1 25	
March	8	By new Harrow.....		18 00
"	8	By sharpening 2 Plows.....		40
"	13	By new Double-Tree.....		2 25
"	27	To Cow and Calf.....	48 00	
April	9	To half ton of Hay.....	6 25	
"	9	By Cash.....		25 00
May	6	By repairing Corn-Planter.....		4 75
"	24	To one Sow with Pigs.....	17 50	
July	4	By Cash, to balance account.....		35 15
			\$88 05	\$88 05

1875.		CASSA MASON.	Dr.	Cr.
March	21	By 3 days' labor.....at \$1.25		\$3 75
"	21	To 2 Shoats.....at 3.00	\$6 00	
"	23	To 18 bushels Corn.....at .45	8 10	
May	1	By 1 month's Labor.....		25 00
"	1	To Cash.....	10 00	
June	19	By 8 days' Mowing.....at \$1.50		12 00
"	26	To 50 lbs. Flour.....	2 75	
July	10	To 27 lbs. Meat.....at \$.10	2 70	
"	29	By 9 days' Harvesting.....at 2.00		18 00
Aug.	12	By 6 days' Labor.....at 1.50		9 00
"	12	To Cash.....	20 00	
Sept.	1	To Cash to balance account.....	18 20	
			\$67 75	\$67 75

INTEREST TABLE.

A SIMPLE RULE FOR ACCURATELY COMPUTING INTEREST AT ANY GIVEN PER CENT. FOR ANY LENGTH OF TIME.

Multiply the *principal* (amount of money at interest) by the *time reduced to days*; then divide this *product* by the *quotient* obtained by dividing 360 (the number of days in the interest year) by the *per cent.* of interest, and the *quotient thus obtained* will be the required interest.

ILLUSTRATION.

Require the interest of \$462.50 for one month and eighteen days at 6 per cent. An interest month is 30 days; one month and eighteen days equal 48 days. \$462.50 multiplied by .48 gives \$222.0000; 360 divided by 6 (the per cent. of interest) gives 60, and \$222.0000 divided by 60 will give you the exact interest, which is \$3.70. If the rate of interest in the above example were 12 per cent., we would divide the \$222.0000 by 30 (because 360 divided by 12 gives 30); if 4 per cent., we would divide by 90; if 8 per cent., by 45: and in like manner for any other per cent.

Solution.

\$462.50
.48
370000
185000
60) \$222.0000 (\$3.70
180
420
420
00

MISCELLANEOUS TABLE.

12 units, or things, 1 Dozen.	196 pounds, 1 Barrel of Flour.	24 sheets of paper, 1 Quire.
12 dozen, 1 Gross.	200 pounds, 1 Barrel of Pork.	20 quires paper 1 Ream.
20 things, 1 Score.	56 pounds, 1 Firkin of Butter.	4 ft. wide, 4 ft. high, and 8 ft. long, 1 Cord Wood.

NAMES OF THE STATES OF THE UNION, AND THEIR SIGNIFICATIONS.

Virginia.—The oldest of the States, was so called in honor of Queen Elizabeth, the “Virgin Queen,” in whose reign Sir Walter Raleigh made his first attempt to colonize that region.

Florida.—Ponce de Leon landed on the coast of Florida on Easter Sunday, and called the country in commemoration of the day, which was the Pasqua Florida of the Spaniards, or “Feast of Flowers.”

Louisiana was called after Louis the Fourteenth, who at one time owned that section of the country.

Alabama was so named by the Indians, and signifies “Here we Rest.”

Mississippi is likewise an Indian name, meaning “Long River.”

Arkansas, from Kansas, the Indian word for “smoky water.” Its prefix was really *arc*, the French word for “bow.”

The *Carolinas* were originally one tract, and were called “Carolana,” after Charles the Ninth of France.

Georgia owes its name to George the Second of England, who first established a colony there in 1732.

Tennessee is the Indian name for the “River of the Bend,” *i. e.*, the Mississippi which forms its western boundary.

Kentucky is the Indian name for “at the head of the river.”

Ohio means “beautiful;” *Iowa*, “drowsy ones;” *Minnesota*, “cloudy water,” and *Wisconsin*, “wild-rushing channel.”

Illinois is derived from the Indian word *illini*, men, and the French suffix *ois*, together signifying “tribe of men.”

Michigan was called by the name given the lake, *fish-weir*, which was so styled from its fancied resemblance to a fish trap.

Missouri is from the Indian word “muddy,” which more properly applies to the river that flows through it.

Oregon owes its Indian name also to its principal river.

Cortes named *California*.

Massachusetts is the Indian for “The country around the great hills.”

Connecticut, from the Indian Quon-ch-ta-Cut, signifying “Long River.”

Maryland, after Henrietta Maria, Queen of Charles the First, of England.

New York was named by the Duke of York.

Pennsylvania means “Penn’s woods,” and was so called after William Penn, its original owner.

Delaware after Lord De La Ware.

New Jersey, so called in honor of Sir George Carteret, who was Governor of the Island of Jersey, in the British Channel.

Maine was called after the province of Maine in France, in compliment of Queen Henrietta of England, who owned that province.

Vermont, from the French word *Vert Mont*, signifying Green Mountain.

New Hampshire, from Hampshire county in England. It was formerly called Laconia.

The little State of *Rhode Island* owes its name to the Island of Rhodes in the Mediterranean, which domain it is said to greatly resemble.

Texas is the American word for the Mexican name by which all that section of the country was called before it was ceded to the United States.

POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES.		POPULATION OF FIFTY PRINCIPAL CITIES.	
STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Total Population.	CITIES.	Aggregate Population.
Alabama.....	996,992	New York, N. Y.....	942,292
Arkansas.....	484,471	Philadelphia, Pa.....	674,022
California.....	560,247	Brooklyn, N. Y.....	396,099
Connecticut.....	537,454	St. Louis, Mo.....	310,864
Delaware.....	125,015	Chicago, Ill.....	298,977
Florida.....	187,748	Baltimore, Md.....	267,354
Georgia.....	1,184,109	Boston, Mass.....	250,526
Illinois.....	2,539,891	Cincinnati, Ohio.....	216,239
Indiana.....	1,680,637	New Orleans, La.....	191,418
Iowa.....	1,191,792	San Francisco, Cal.....	149,473
Kansas.....	864,399	Buffalo, N. Y.....	117,714
Kentucky.....	1,321,011	Washington, D. C.....	109,199
Louisiana.....	726,915	Newark, N. J.....	105,059
Maine.....	626,915	Louisville, Ky.....	100,753
Maryland.....	780,894	Cleveland, Ohio.....	92,829
Massachusetts.....	1,457,351	Pittsburg, Pa.....	86,076
Michigan.....	1,184,059	Jersey City, N. J.....	82,546
Minnesota.....	439,706	Detroit, Mich.....	79,577
Mississippi.....	827,922	Milwaukee, Wis.....	71,440
Missouri.....	1,721,295	Albany, N. Y.....	69,422
Nebraska.....	122,993	Providence, R. I.....	68,904
Nevada.....	42,491	Rochester, N. Y.....	62,386
New Hampshire.....	318,300	Allegheny, Pa.....	53,180
New Jersey.....	906,096	Richmond, Va.....	51,038
New York.....	4,382,759	New Haven, Conn.....	50,840
North Carolina.....	1,071,361	Charleston, S. C.....	48,956
Ohio.....	2,665,260	Indianapolis, Ind.....	48,244
Oregon.....	90,923	Troy, N. Y.....	46,465
Pennsylvania.....	3,521,791	Syracuse, N. Y.....	43,051
Rhode Island.....	217,353	Worcester, Mass.....	41,105
South Carolina.....	705,606	Lowell, Mass.....	40,928
Tennessee.....	1,258,520	Memphis, Tenn.....	40,226
Texas.....	818,579	Cambridge, Mass.....	39,634
Vermont.....	330,551	Hartford, Conn.....	37,180
Virginia.....	1,225,163	Scranton, Pa.....	35,092
West Virginia.....	442,014	Reading, Pa.....	33,930
Wisconsin.....	1,054,670	Paterson, N. J.....	33,579
Total States.....	38,113,253	Kansas City, Mo.....	32,260
Arizona.....	9,658	Mobile, Ala.....	32,034
Colorado.....	39,864	Toledo, Ohio.....	31,584
Dakota.....	14,181	Portland, Me.....	31,413
District of Columbia.....	131,700	Columbus, Ohio.....	31,274
Idaho.....	14,999	Wilmington, Del.....	30,841
Montana.....	20,595	Dayton, Ohio.....	30,473
New Mexico.....	91,874	Lawrence, Mass.....	28,921
Utah.....	86,786	Utica, N. Y.....	28,804
Washington.....	23,955	Charlestown, Mass.....	28,323
Wyoming.....	9,118	Savannah, Ga.....	28,235
Total Territories.....	442,730	Lynn, Mass.....	28,233
Total United States.....	38,555,983	Fall River, Mass.....	26,766

POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Area in square Miles.	POPULATION.		Miles R. R. 1872.	STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Area in square Miles.	POPULATION.		Miles R. R. 1872.
		1870.	1875.				1870.	1875.	
<i>States.</i>					<i>States.</i>				
Alabama.....	50,722	996,992	.....	1,671	Pennsylvania.....	46,000	3,521,791	.....	5,113
Arkansas.....	52,198	484,471	.....	25	Rhode Island.....	1,306	217,353	258,239	136
California.....	188,981	560,247	.....	1,013	South Carolina...	29,385	705,606	925,145	1,201
Connecticut.....	4,674	537,454	.....	820	Tennessee.....	45,600	1,258,520	.....	1,520
Delaware.....	2,120	125,015	.....	227	Texas.....	237,504	818,579	.....	865
Florida.....	59,268	187,748	.....	466	Vermont.....	10,212	330,551	.....	675
Georgia.....	58,000	1,184,109	.....	2,108	Virginia.....	40,904	1,225,163	.....	1,490
Illinois.....	55,410	2,539,891	.....	5,904	West Virginia....	23,000	442,014	.....	485
Indiana.....	33,809	1,680,637	.....	3,529	Wisconsin.....	53,924	1,054,670	1,236,729	1,725
Iowa.....	55,045	1,191,792	1,350,544	3,160	<i>Total States.....</i>	<i>1,950,171</i>	<i>38,113,253</i>	.....	<i>59,587</i>
Kansas.....	81,318	364,399	528,349	1,760	<i>Territories.</i>				
Kentucky.....	37,600	1,321,011	.....	1,123	Arizona.....	113,916	9,658	.....	.....
Louisiana.....	41,346	726,915	857,039	539	Colorado.....	104,500	39,864	.....	392
Maine.....	31,776	626,915	.....	871	Dakota.....	147,490	14,181	.....	.....
Maryland.....	11,184	780,894	.....	820	Dist. of Columbia.	60	131,700	.....	*
Massachusetts...	7,800	1,457,351	1,651,912	1,606	Idaho.....	90,932	14,999	.....	.....
Michigan*.....	56,451	1,184,059	1,334,031	2,235	Montana.....	143,776	20,595	.....	.....
Minnesota.....	83,531	439,706	598,429	1,612	New Mexico.....	121,201	91,874	.....	.....
Mississippi.....	47,156	827,922	.....	990	Utah.....	80,056	86,786	.....	375
Missouri.....	65,350	1,721,925	.....	2,580	Washington.....	69,944	23,955	.....	.....
Nebraska.....	75,995	123,993	246,280	828	Wyoming.....	93,107	9,118	.....	498
Nevada.....	112,090	42,491	52,540	593	<i>Total Territories.</i>	<i>965,032</i>	<i>442,730</i>	.....	<i>1,265</i>
New Hampshire...	9,280	318,300	.....	790	<i>Aggregate of U. S..</i>	<i>2,915,203</i>	<i>38,555,983</i>	.....	<i>60,852</i>
New Jersey.....	8,320	906,096	1,026,502	1,265					
New York.....	47,000	4,382,759	4,705,208	4,470					
North Carolina...	50,704	1,071,361	.....	1,190					
Ohio.....	39,964	2,665,260	.....	3,740					
Oregon.....	95,244	90,923	.....	159					

* Last Census of Michigan taken in 1874.

* Included in the Railroad Mileage of Maryland.

PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD;

POPULATION AND AREA.

COUNTRIES.	Population.	Date of Census.	Area in Square Miles.	Inhabitants to Square Mile.	CAPITALS.	Population.
China.....	446,500,000	1871	3,741,846	119.3	Pekin.....	1,648,800
British Empire.....	226,817,108	1871	4,677,432	48.6	London.....	3,251,800
Russia.....	81,925,490	1871	8,003,778	10.2	St. Petersburg.....	667,000
United States with Alaska...	38,925,600	1870	2,603,884	7.78	Washington.....	109,199
France.....	36,469,800	1866	204,091	178.7	Paris.....	1,825,300
Austria and Hungary.....	35,904,400	1869	240,348	149.4	Vienna.....	833,900
Japan.....	34,785,300	1871	149,399	232.8	Yeddo.....	1,554,900
Great Britain and Ireland...	31,817,100	1871	121,315	262.3	London.....	3,251,800
German Empire.....	29,906,092	1871	160,207	187.	Berlin.....	825,400
Italy.....	27,439,921	1871	118,847	230.9	Rome.....	244,484
Spain.....	16,642,000	1867	195,775	85.	Madrid.....	332,000
Brazil.....	10,000,000	.....	3,253,029	3.07	Rio Janeiro.....	420,000
Turkey.....	16,463,000	.....	672,621	24.4	Constantinople.....	1,075,000
Mexico.....	9,173,000	1869	761,526	.....	Mexico.....	210,300
Sweden and Norway.....	5,921,500	1870	292,871	20.	Stockholm.....	136,900
Persia.....	5,000,000	1870	635,964	7.8	Teheran.....	120,000
Belgium.....	5,021,300	1869	11,373	441.5	Brussels.....	314,100
Bavaria.....	4,861,400	1871	29,292	165.9	Munich.....	169,500
Portugal.....	3,995,200	1868	34,494	115.8	Lisbon.....	224,063
Holland.....	3,688,300	1870	12,680	290.9	Hague.....	90,100
New Grenada.....	3,000,000	1870	357,157	8.4	Bogota.....	45,000
Chili.....	2,000,000	1869	132,616	15.1	Santiago.....	115,400
Switzerland.....	2,669,100	1870	15,992	166.9	Berne.....	36,000
Peru.....	2,500,000	1871	471,838	5.3	Lima.....	160,100
Bolivia.....	2,000,000	.....	497,321	4.	Chuquisaca.....	25,000
Argentine Republic.....	1,812,000	1869	871,848	2.1	Buenos Ayres.....	177,800
Wurtemberg.....	1,818,500	1871	7,533	241.4	Stuttgart.....	91,600
Denmark.....	1,784,700	1870	14,753	120.9	Copenhagen.....	162,042
Venezuela.....	1,500,000	.....	368,238	4.2	Caracas.....	47,000
Baden.....	1,461,400	1871	5,912	247.	Carlsruhe.....	36,600
Greece.....	1,457,900	1870	19,353	75.3	Athens.....	43,400
Guatemala.....	1,180,000	1871	40,879	28.9	Guatemala.....	40,000
Ecuador.....	1,300,000	.....	218,928	5.9	Quito.....	70,000
Paraguay.....	1,000,000	1871	63,787	15.6	Asuncion.....	48,000
Hesse.....	823,138	.....	2,969	277.	Darmstadt.....	30,000
Liberia.....	718,000	1871	9,576	74.9	Monrovia.....	3,000
San Salvador.....	600,000	1871	7,335	81.8	Sal Salvador.....	15,000
Hayti.....	572,000	.....	10,205	56.	Port au Prince.....	20,000
Nicaragua.....	350,000	1871	58,171	6.	Managua.....	10,000
Uruguay.....	300,000	1871	66,722	6.5	Monte Video.....	44,500
Honduras.....	350,000	1871	47,092	7.4	Comayagua.....	12,000
San Domingo.....	136,000	.....	17,827	7.6	San Domingo.....	20,000
Costa Rica.....	165,000	1870	21,505	7.7	San Jose.....	2,000
Hawaii.....	62,950	.....	7,633	80.	Honolulu.....	7,633

POPULATION OF ILLINOIS, By COUNTIES.

COUNTIES.	AGGREGATE.					
	1870.	1860.	1850.	1840.	1830.	1820.
Adams.....	56362	41323	26508	14476	2186	-----
Alexander.....	10564	4707	2484	3313	1390	626
Bond.....	13152	9815	6144	5060	3124	2931
Boone.....	12942	11678	7624	1705	-----	-----
Brown.....	12205	9938	7198	4183	-----	-----
Bureau.....	32415	26426	8841	3067	-----	-----
Calhoun.....	6562	5144	3231	1741	1090	-----
Carroll.....	16705	11733	4586	1023	-----	-----
Cass.....	11580	11325	7253	2981	-----	-----
Champaign.....	32737	14629	2649	1475	-----	-----
Christian.....	20363	10492	3203	1878	-----	-----
Clark.....	18719	14987	9532	7453	3940	931
Clay.....	15875	9336	4289	3228	755	-----
Clinton.....	16285	10941	5139	3718	2330	-----
Coles.....	25235	14203	9335	9616	-----	-----
Cook.....	349966	144954	43385	10201	-----	-----
Crawford.....	13889	11551	7135	4422	3117	*23 2999
Cumberland.....	12223	8311	3718	-----	-----	-----
De Kalb.....	23265	19086	7540	1697	-----	-----
De Witt.....	14768	10820	5002	3247	-----	-----
Douglas.....	13484	7140	-----	-----	-----	-----
Du Page.....	16685	14701	9290	3535	-----	-----
Edgar.....	21450	16925	10692	8225	4071	-----
Edwards.....	7565	5454	3524	3070	1649	3444
Effingham.....	15653	7816	3799	1675	-----	-----
Fayette.....	19638	11189	8075	6328	2704	-----
Ford.....	9103	1979	-----	-----	-----	-----
Franklin.....	12652	9393	5681	3682	4083	1763
Fulton.....	38291	33338	22508	13142	1841	-----
Gallatin.....	11134	8055	5448	10760	7405	3155
Greene.....	20277	16093	12429	11951	7674	-----
Grundy.....	14938	10379	3023	-----	-----	-----
Hamilton.....	13014	9915	6362	3945	2616	-----
Hancock.....	35935	29061	14652	9946	483	-----
Hardin.....	5113	3759	2887	1378	-----	-----
Henderson.....	12582	9501	4612	-----	-----	-----
Henry.....	35506	20660	3807	1260	41	-----
Iroquois.....	25782	12325	4149	1695	-----	-----
Jackson.....	19634	9589	5862	3566	1828	1542
Jasper.....	11234	8364	3220	1472	-----	-----
Jefferson.....	17864	12965	8109	5762	2555	691
Jersey.....	15054	12051	7354	4535	-----	-----
Jo Daviess.....	27820	27325	18604	6180	2111	-----
Johnson.....	11248	9342	4114	3626	1596	843
Kane.....	39091	30062	16703	6501	-----	-----
Kankakee.....	24352	15412	-----	-----	-----	-----
Kendall.....	12399	13074	7730	-----	-----	-----
Knox.....	39522	28663	13279	7060	274	-----
Lake.....	21014	18257	14226	2634	-----	-----
La Salle.....	60792	48332	17815	9348	-----	-----
Lawrence.....	12533	9214	6121	7092	3668	-----
Lee.....	27171	17651	5292	2035	-----	-----
Livingston.....	31471	11637	1553	759	-----	-----
Logan.....	23053	14272	5128	2333	-----	-----

POPULATION OF ILLINOIS—CONCLUDED.

COUNTIES.	AGGREGATE.					
	1870.	1860.	1850.	1840.	1830.	1820.
Macon	26481	13738	3988	3039	1122	-----
Macoupin	32726	24602	12355	7926	1990	-----
Madison	44131	31251	20441	14433	6221	13550
Marion	20622	12739	6720	4742	2125	-----
Marshall	16950	13437	5180	1849	-----	-----
Mason	16184	10931	5921	-----	-----	-----
Massac	9581	6213	4092	-----	-----	-----
McDonough	26509	20069	7616	5308	(b)	-----
McHenry	23762	22089	14978	2578	-----	-----
McLean	53988	28772	10163	6565	-----	-----
Menard	11735	9584	6349	4431	-----	-----
Mercer	18769	15042	5246	2352	26	-----
						*21
Monroe	12982	12832	7679	4481	2000	1516
Montgomery	25314	13979	6277	4490	2953	-----
Morgan	28463	22112	16064	19547	12714	-----
Moultrie	10385	6385	3234	-----	-----	-----
Ogle	27492	22888	10020	3479	-----	-----
Peoria	47540	36601	17547	6153	(c)	-----
Perry	13723	9552	5278	3222	1215	-----
Piatt	10953	6127	1606	-----	-----	-----
Pike	30768	27249	18819	11728	2396	-----
Pope	11437	6742	3975	4094	3316	2610
Pulaski	8752	3943	2265	-----	-----	-----
Putnam	6280	5587	3924	2131	1310	-----
Randolph	20859	17205	11079	7944	4429	3492
Richland	12803	9711	4012	-----	-----	-----
Rock Island	29783	21005	6937	2610	-----	-----
Saline	12714	9331	5588	-----	-----	-----
Sangamon	46352	32274	19228	14716	12960	-----
Schuyler	17419	14684	10573	6972	62959	-----
Scott	10530	9069	7914	6215	-----	-----
Shelby	25476	14613	7807	6659	2972	-----
Stark	10751	9004	3710	1573	-----	-----
						*5
St. Clair	51068	37694	20180	13631	7078	5248
Stephenson	30608	25112	11666	2800	-----	-----
Tazewell	27903	21470	12052	7221	4716	-----
Union	16518	11181	7615	5524	3239	2362
Vermilion	30388	19800	11492	9303	5836	-----
Wabash	8841	7313	4690	4240	2710	-----
Warren	23174	18336	8176	6739	308	-----
Washington	17599	13731	6953	4810	1675	1517
Wayne	17558	12223	6825	5133	2553	1114
White	16846	12403	8925	7919	6091	4828
Whitesides	27503	18737	5361	2514	-----	-----
Will	43013	29321	16703	10167	-----	-----
Williamson	17329	12205	7216	4457	-----	-----
Winnebago	29301	24491	11773	4609	-----	-----
Woodford	18956	13282	4415	-----	-----	-----
						*49
Total	2539891	1711951	851470	476183	157445	55162

PRODUCTIONS OF AGRICULTURE, STATE OF ILLINOIS, BY COUNTIES.—1870.

COUNTIES.	Improved Land.	Wood'nd	Other un-	Spring	Winter	Rye.	Indian	Oats.
Total	Number.	Number.	Number.	Bushels.	Bushels.	Bushels.	Bushels.	Bushels.
19,329,952	5,061,578	1,491,331	10,133,207	19,995,198	2,456,578	129,921,395	42,780,851	
Adams.....	287,926	112,576	19,370	16,191	947,616	20,989	1,452,905	759,074
Alexander.....	13,836	17,761			42,658	30	244,220	21,627
Bond.....	145,045	42,613	1,915	700	368,625	6,240	1,064,052	461,097
Boone.....	137,307	29,886	2,658	241,042	599	35,871	466,985	579,127
Brown.....	57,062	35,491	25,608	13,276	117,502	4,742	337,769	70,852
Bureau.....	398,611	41,866	15,803	465,236	724	43,811	3,030,404	987,426
Calhoun.....	37,684	63,442	2,754	75	221,298	186	234,041	26,231
Carroll.....	186,864	29,793	33,302	418,073	260	25,721	1,367,965	775,100
Cass.....	92,902	33,493	6,604	12,165	127,054	2,772	1,146,980	168,784
Champaign.....	419,368	16,789	58,502	102,577	123,091	45,752	3,924,720	721,375
Christian.....	191,472	19,803	19,173	18,360	504,041	10,722	1,883,336	383,821
Clark.....	118,594	102,201	5,420		195,118	7,308	614,582	212,628
Clay.....	146,922	80,612	5,225	1,894	85,737	3,221	1,019,994	269,945
Clinton.....	150,177	48,868	8,722	500	610,888	1,619	813,257	446,324
Coles.....	208,337	45,214	3,274	2,651	154,485	8,825	2,133,111	315,954
Cook.....	348,824	19,635	17,337	144,296	4,904	20,171	570,427	1,584,225
Crawford.....	105,505	78,350	27,185	60	212,924	15,497	581,964	136,255
Cumberland.....	75,342	40,334	5,604	550	84,697	14,798	403,075	171,880
DeKalb.....	334,502	17,722	6,551	398,059	190	21,018	1,023,849	1,087,074
DeWitt.....	168,539	29,548	17,633	106,493	11,695	11,540	1,311,635	216,756
Douglas.....	147,633	11,897	7,316	7,683	65,461	9,017	1,680,225	225,074
DuPage.....	164,874	17,243	3,851	106,096	693	7,532	331,981	860,809
Edgar.....	265,458	66,803	14,282	13,283	247,360	37,508	2,107,615	290,679
Edward.....	58,912	57,585	830		122,703	528	352,371	129,152
Effingham.....	120,343	56,330	26,206	77	195,716	19,755	620,247	386,073
Fayette.....	187,196	93,460	16,786		351,310	25,328	962,525	497,395
Ford.....	141,228	2,996	63,976	42,571	1,008	11,577	565,671	154,589
Franklin.....	80,749	3,994	86,710	365	111,324	5,195	653,209	222,426
Fulton.....	228,132	123,823	4,076	193,669	223,930	131,711	1,508,768	261,390
Gallatin.....	49,572	68,750	2,565		83,093	512	509,491	27,164
Greene.....	175,408	93,242	29,653		577,400	415	1,051,313	64,029
Grundy.....	193,999	6,256	4,505	21,700	150	4,931	295,971	269,332
Hamilton.....	88,996	93,878	3,343	129	92,347	11,672	735,252	203,464
Hancock.....	311,517	43,385	18,480	181,378	232,750	133,533	1,510,401	579,599
Hardin.....	28,117	44,771	107	13	32,306	865	172,651	26,991
Henderson.....	140,954	34,705	14,243	161,112	69,062	96,430	1,712,901	229,286
Henry.....	265,904	12,620	31,459	462,379	445	35,766	2,541,685	668,367
Iroquois.....	322,510	22,478	63,498	57,160	10,480	23,259	799,810	430,746
Jackson.....	78,548	87,642	5,991	890	329,036	524	611,951	149,931
Jasper.....	90,867	67,023	12,250		87,808	9,165	461,345	149,214
Jefferson.....	118,951	94,888	778		100,553	5,934	887,981	285,949
Jersey.....	94,147	51,427	1,363		558,367		519,120	71,770
Jo Daviess.....	156,517	82,076	45,779	282,758	555	7,185	1,286,326	874,016
Johnson.....	57,820	3	79,141		92,191	2,468	343,298	74,525
Kane.....	240,120	34,646	399	188,826	325	23,618	674,333	785,608
Kankakee.....	312,182	10,978	10,598	103,466	480	12,935	637,399	772,408
Kendall.....	164,004	14,244	2,283	90,681	1,249	5,165	681,267	468,890
Knox.....	330,829	41,566	25,155	267,764	7,654	113,547	2,708,319	787,952
Lake.....	207,779	21,072	24,399	168,914	221	5,871	517,355	699,069
LaSalle.....	533,724	48,117	2,356	271,181	2,193	48,309	3,077,028	1,509,642
Lawrence.....	87,828	72,738	3,273		264,134	1,121	656,361	131,386
Lee.....	322,212	12,071	7,409	450,793	2,260	14,829	1,656,978	903,197
Livingston.....	377,505	12,462	41,788	120,206	1,339	26,165	1,182,690	659,300
Logan.....	321,709	17,394	408	198,056	40,963	37,232	4,221,644	490,226
Macon.....	205,259	18,153	9,115	55,239	196,613	29,222	2,214,468	454,648
Macoupin.....	231,058	81,224	7,343	160	861,398	2,404	1,051,544	459,417
Madison.....	257,032	89,450	13,675	550	1,207,181	3,685	2,127,548	475,252
Marion.....	173,081	61,579	4,142		173,652	14,517	1,034,057	389,446
Marshall.....	166,057	28,260	2,976	106,129	900	36,135	1,182,903	362,604
Mason.....	209,453	31,739	31,013	73,261	125,628	49,182	2,648,721	272,660
Massac.....	25,151	33,396	30		72,316	544	133,126	22,097
McDonough.....	261,635	52,547	14,035	273,871	36,146	52,401	1,362,490	280,717
McHenry.....	230,566	53,293	57,998	401,790	270	29,264	1,145,001	910,397
McLean.....	494,978	40,366	49,087	211,801	10,955	39,824	3,723,379	911,127
Menard.....	134,173	34,931	13,952	36,152	45,793	4,287	1,973,88	235,091
Mercer.....	222,809	45,977	22,588	289,291	13,203	40,778	2,054,968	452,889
Montroe.....	92,810	83,369	666		651,767	1,425	543,718	152,251
Montgomery.....	276,682	47,804	8,495	59	744,891	3,299	1,527,899	668,424
Morgan.....	293,450	60,217	1,376	18,196	357,523	5,535	3,198,835	198,724
Moultrie.....	144,220	24,783	13,112	17,128	196,436	6,670	1,753,141	263,992
Ogle.....	316,883	43,643	14,913	497,038	5,580	157,504	1,787,066	141,540
Peoria.....	170,729	48,666	2,516	92,361	31,843	99,502	969,224	334,892
Perry.....	93,754	68,470	220		350,446	1,016	384,446	338,760
Piatt.....	94,454	5,978	13,897	26,382	39,762	9,248	1,029,725	130,610
Pike.....	233,785	128,953	9,302	130	1,057,497	25,303	1,399,188	161,419
Pope.....	55,980	87,754			70,455	2,309	315,958	67,886
Pulaski.....	19,319	12,516			44,922	223	195,735	16,511
Putnam.....	37,271	17,184	4,174	28,137	796	7,707	334,258	86,519
Randolph.....	140,764	162,274	1,170	450	1,031,022	3,235	510,081	414,487
Richland.....	75,079	50,618	2,025		150,268	3,401	482,594	204,634
Rock Island.....	155,214	31,239	20,755	243,541	2,279	20,002	1,459,651	276,575
Saline.....	72,309	70,393	809	200	83,011	568	531,516	69,793
Sangamon.....	421,748	51,085	19,932	89,304	247,658	23,072	4,388,763	397,718
Schuyler.....	96,195	62,477	21,294	56,221	165,724	20,841	440,975	119,359
Scott.....	85,331	44,633	1,610	18	266,105	936	752,771	13,462
Shelby.....	310,179	74,908	9,314	15,526	452,015	23,684	2,082,578	637,812
Stark.....	138,129	12,375	2,783	124,630		30,534	1,149,878	316,726
St. Clair.....	231,117	76,591	2,016	2,550	1,562,621	1,008	1,423,121	476,851
Stephenson.....	234,857	43,167	13,701	527,394	2,118	135,362	1,615,679	960,620
Tazewell.....	229,126	45,268	14,846	132,417	72,410	59,027	2,062,053	505,841
Union.....	75,832	83,606	5,300		180,231	1,737	679,753	124,473
Vermilion.....	350,251	53,078	31,122	44,806	249,558	52,476	2,818,027	436,051
Wabash.....	54,063	37,558	509		202,201		421,361	110,793
Warren.....	266,187	27,294	14,583	186,290	5,712	72,212	2,982,853	601,054
Washington.....	177,592	55,852	1,931		672,486	2,576	836,115	533,398
Wayne.....	147,352	146,794	10,486	266	164,689	8,665	1,179,291	404,482
White.....	92,398	78,167	869		184,321	418	870,521	119,652
Whitesides.....	289,809	21,823	37,310	457,455	264	31,658	2,162,943	880,838
Will.....	419,442	24,261	6,335	195,286	1,996	8,030	1,131,458	1,868,682
Williamson.....	128,448	116,949	1,648	176	170,787	6,228	655,710	180,986
Winnebago.....	241,373	37,238	15,237	408,606	2,468	137,985	1,237,406	86,033
Woodford.....	225,504	25,217	23,135	178,139	108,307	20,426	2,154,185	744,581



S. S. Mann

ELGIN.

HISTORY OF KANE COUNTY.

KANE COUNTY occupies a territory of 540 square miles, extending from McHenry on the north to Kendall on the south, and bounded on the east by Cook and DuPage Counties and on the west by DeKalb. It originally comprised thirty-six townships, eighteen of which are now embraced in DeKalb and three in Kendall, while one of the others has been divided since the township organization, leaving sixteen within its present area. It contains nineteen cities, villages and hamlets, many of the most extensive manufactories in the State, about 105 miles of railroad in successful operation, and has few equals among the counties of the entire country in the variety and extent of its resources. Its chief source of wealth, however, is its rich prairie soil, drained by the beautiful Fox River, which traverses its eastern range of townships from north to south, and by several smaller streams and tributaries, the most important of which are Big Rock, Blackberry, Mill, Ferson's, Tyler's and Kishwaukee Creeks. Something less than one-fourth of its area is covered with woodland; and its timber, when the country was new, was of a superior quality, including black walnut, hickory and the many varieties of oak, which are still common in its groves. Its geological deposits which appear to the view are limestone. All exposures of rock are, with one slight exception, along the banks of the river. At any point along the valley, a removal of a few feet of soil discloses this rock, which, at Batavia and vicinity, appears as an excellent building stone. Flag-stone, of any required surface or thickness, may there be obtained, which is usually of a buff or reddish yellow hue. An artesian well, bored at the C., B. & Q. car shops, in Aurora, disclosed, first, 30 feet of alluvial deposit, followed successively by 108 feet belonging to the Niagara limestone group, 165 feet to the Cincinnati group, 232 feet to the Galena and Trenton deposits, and, finally, by 158 feet of the buff and reddish-yellow sandstone. But few fossils have ever been unearthed in the county, and of these few the remains of a mastodon, found near Aurora and now preserved in Jennings Seminary, are the most important. Further notice of them will be made in the chapter upon Aurora Township. Peat is extensively ranged over portions of the surface of the northern townships, especially in Rutland and Hampshire, and in many sections a

fine quality of brick-clay is obtained, from which brick very similar to the celebrated Milwaukee brick is manufactured. Water is found in nearly every part of the county by sinking wells from ten to fifteen feet below the surface.

As will be inferred from the above statement, the general nature of the surface is level or but slightly rolling, there being but few hills worthy of the name in the entire county. In summer, the traveler, standing upon the slight elevations along the river bank, may behold for miles the rolling table lands stretching far away toward the rising or setting sun, like cultivated gardens, broken only by the occasional groves, the frequent farm houses, with their clustering barns, the tall poplars around them or the well-built fences and green hedges.

Having thus briefly noticed the boundaries, the topography and the geological features of the country, we hasten to detail, at greater length, its

SETTLEMENT.

There is probably no county in Illinois that has accumulated its population from such various sources as has Kane County. From first to last there have been no less than ten distinct and separate nationalities which have furnished, not individuals only, but colonies, who have made their settlements in the borders of the staunch old county; representatives of whom, in greater or less number, are among the residents to-day.

Beginning with the Hoosiers, who came into the county as early as 1833, following closely upon the rear guard of Scott's army upon the settlement of the Sauk, or, as it is commonly known, the Blackhawk war, we find settlements successively of Yankees, from Massachusetts and New York; Scotch, Irish, Pennsylvania Dutch, Welsh, French, Scandinavians, Germans, and, lastly, the war gave us, as one of its legacies, Sambo. Gen. Scott pushed the Indians back with his little army, which cut its way through the Little Woods, fording the river at the big bend near what is now known as Silver Glen, and left its trail broad and deep across the prairie through the townships of Elgin, Plato and Burlington.

Not only did the artillery and supply trains leave a broad track in their wake, but Death also traveled with the column, and, under the dread name of cholera, took captive many prisoners who have never yet been mustered for exchange, but whose bones have mouldered away on rounded slopes in Plato, where the mounds may be seen and noted to-day. As Scott solved the Indian question in Illinois, people from Virginia, Kentucky, Southern Indiana and Illinois, all called by the general name of "Hoosiers," came into the county, in big canvas-covered wagons drawn by four or five yoke of oxen, and called "prairie schooners." They located on the southern side of groves and in sunny exposures beside streams and springs, and fenced only as much land as would suffice for a little corn, and gave themselves up generally to the pleasures of the chase, game being abundant. They were hardy people, fond of pioneer life, regardless of the forms and ceremonial restraints of advanced civilization,

but noted for their neighborly kindness and hospitality. They lived a careless, easy life, and on the irruption of the Yankees, as a general thing, went again to the border, at that time in Iowa. They were generally inclined to Methodism in their religious views, and took naturally to it when Bishop Asbury's itinerating preachers came to the front.

The Alexanders came to Geneva from Southern Illinois, about 1835, and John Tucker, a fine courtly gentlemen from Virginia, came about 1836-7, and with his sons, Charles and John R., and several daughters, settled in Campton, on what is still held as the Tucker homestead. Some of the daughters married into the Corron families, thus connecting two of the oldest families in the county. Richard J. Hamilton, Col. Strode and Buckner J. Morris, largely interested at that time in Kane County, also came from Kentucky, but located in Chicago. Bird built a log house on his claim near the ravine, just north of A. M. Herrington's farm house, in Geneva. Haight built his house near the large spring just opposite the old Webster House that was in Geneva. Crow built on the east side of the river. Newton Shelby took up the site of East St. Charles, and sold all of the claim north of the main street to Calvin Ward, in 1835, for \$75. J. M. Laughlin made his claim at Round Grove, east of St. Charles, and subsequently purchased it of the Government. He married into the family of Gartons, who lived near him. John Hammers took up the old Western Enterprise Claim, just east of St. Charles Village, and subsequently sold out and moved to Hoosier Grove, northeast of Elgin, where, with Abe Leatherman, he soon gathered about them a fine sturdy lot of brother Hoosiers, many of whom are still living in the western part of Cook County, and make Elgin their market. Wm. Franklin located the claim now known as the Gray farm, near Laughlin's, and the Stewarts located on the Dutton farm. At Dundee, around its sheltering mounds so picturesque and beautiful, and beside its clear, unfailing springs, Rice and Dewees squatted and built the Spring Mills, supplied with power by the springs which flow from the mounds, which subsequently have proven to be valuable sources of wealth in material for the justly celebrated white brick of Dundee. They also built the usual accompaniment, in those days, of a grist-mill, a distillery to provide a market for the corn raised in the county, on the principal that as corn in the raw was unpalatable, yet if it was worked up into whisky, a little of it could be worried down.

Wm. Welch also came, an old veteran, whose history reaches back into the bloody days of Boone, in Kentucky, and who was one of Boone's companions in many a weary hunt and dangerous campaign. In 1812, Mr. Welch took a supply train from Blue Lick, Ky., through the unbroken wilderness in Ohio, Pennsylvania and New York, to the army at Sackett's Harbor on Lake Ontario. It was a thrilling story to hear "Uncle Billy" relate this episode in his life. Benj. Marks, a relative of the Welches, entered large tracts of land in the townships of Elgin and St. Charles at the land sale, the patents for which from the

Government, signed by John Tyler, President, are on record in our Recorder's office. The Oatmans came early and staid late, Jesse Oatman being still an honored resident of the town of Dundee. The Ashbaughs, a large family of large boned, muscular men and women, came and settled down in the north-western part of the town, and Andrew, one of the sons, still resides on the old homestead. The Ashbaughs had a huge Hoosier breaking plow, with which, and a team of eight yoke of oxen, they broke up prairie in nearly every town in the northern part of the county. The Ashbaughs and their breaking team were an institution in the early history of the county, and no record of those times would be complete without honorable mention of their doings.

Strode, a brother of the Colonel, settled just north of the town line, where he took up a large tract of land and subsequently bought it of the Government, and which he held until within a short time ago. John R. Tucker bought a large tract of land in the northern part of Campton, and added farm to farm until, at his death, his heirs divided up among themselves as noble a patrimony as has fallen to any children in the county. On the old Tucker homestead can be viewed one of the rarest landscapes in this region.

Just south of the house, as the road rises to the summit toward St. Charles, the beholder stands in the center of a magnificent sweep of prairie and timber. To the west and southwest stretches a natural basin of prairie, the horizon of which is bounded by the wooded slopes in the southern part of the town. To the northwest lie the fertile lands of Burlington, and north and northeast he looks out over the splendid farms of Plato and Elgin with the city's spires in the distance. Eastward are the woods on the river, and the slopes beyond in Du Page County. Southeast, St. Charles nestles on the banks of the Fox, and the Court House—the judgment seat to many a willing and unwilling litigant—shows its white walls, distance lending its enchantments in concealing the ugly iron spots in its surface which so vex the eye on nearer inspection. Southward, the view is closed in by the grove of noble old oaks, a portion of the original forest which has been left standing, thanks to the discovery of coal and its general use for fuel.

There is another fine view on the old Oatman homestead, north of the present village of Dundee. The house, a roomy and capacious one, is built at the foot of a finely wooded bluff nearly a mile from the river; and in front of it, and reaching to the river, is a magnificent field of bottom land, as level as a house floor, which takes a circular sweep southward until it is shut in by the bluff, which, at the distance of nearly a mile, comes down to the river, from which it rises abruptly from that point to the village two miles below.

These old Hoosier families did not all “go West,” however, on the advent of the Eastern men, but intermarried with the new comers, and raised up children, who have become and are a pride to their families and an honor to our county. Many of our most worthy and honored citizens to-day are representatives of those old families. Among them are Jesse Oatman, Thomas R.

Welch and Andrew Ashbaugh, of Dundee; George Hammers, whose daughter is the estimable wife of D. F. Barclay; Leatherman and M. J. Amick, of Elgin; the Corrons, Robert, Joseph P. and Wesley, of Clintonville and Campton; J. M. Laughlin, of Round Grove; Julius Alexander, of Geneva, beside many others, descendants of the first white men who came to the county to stay and make for themselves a local habitation and a name within its borders.

The first ripple of the incoming tide of Eastern immigration from New York and New England showed itself in 1834 in Kane County, while Waubansie, the war chief of the Pottowattomies, and his people yet held possession of the country. In 1835, Capt. C. B. Dodson removed the old chief and his tribe to Council Bluffs and Kansas, and the beautiful ridge on the west bank of the Fox, just north of Aurora, in which the tribe had buried its dead for many suns, was claimed by McNamara and others; and soon the bones of the once powerful tribe were exposed by the plowshare, and the implements of the chase placed beside the dead warriors gathered as relics or cast aside as rubbish. Waubansie was the friend of the whites, and strongly resisted his removal from the scenes of his youthful exploits and the acts of bravery of his later years; but the decree was inexorable; the white man wanted his land, and the old warrior turned from his home much in the same humor his pale-face brother would if a stronger power than he could say, "My people want this country, therefore you will move on."

New England and New York gave Kane County a class of men who established its reputation for good order on a firm basis, organized its legal existence, began its system of manufactures which have been so wonderfully developed, laid the foundation of its excellent schools, built its early churches and gave it its splendid farms, the real source of all its wealth. Other good men and true have come in from other parts and nobly helped in the splendid achievements of success and fame, who will be named under the heads of other colonizations. Massachusetts sent of her sons from 1835 to 1840, as follows: The "Hub" gave us Charles Patten, of the "old corner," C. A. Buckingham, the different Clark families, Scott and his son Charles, Samuel N. and the family of Marshall Clark, Peter Sears, Cleveland, Whiting and Haskins at Geneva; Major Osborn at Batavia, and Hunt and the Brookses at St. Charles. The Wards and Durants came from the Connecticut Valley and settled in St. Charles; the Bunkers of Geneva and Kaneville were New Bedford men, while the Berkshire hills, gorgeous in their glories of crimson and gold, gave up the Kingsleys, Wilmarths, Hoxies, Masons, McClouds, Brownings, Slades, Parkers and Wells, at Dundee and vicinity, and the Judds at Sugar Grove. The Aments, Alexis Hall, the Longs, the Severances of Big Rock, who settled in what was called the "Colony" in that township, W. B. Plato at Aurora, and the Danfords—five brothers—Eben, the inventor of the double motioned sickles for mowing machines and the super-heating steam generator, at Geneva, all came from the old Bay State. Dr. Le Baron, our late worthy and competent State Entomologist, came from classic Andover.

From Vermont, whose chief products, say the old geographers, are men and good horses, came the Bradleys, Corless, Austins, Ordways, Hewitts, Shermans, Wanzers, Lobdells and Dr. Goodwin, of Dundee; the Ransteads, Buzzells, Calvin Pratt, Dr. Tyler and the Abbotts, of Elgin; Starks and Rich, of Rutland; the Allens, of Hampshire; the Fersons, father and six boys, S. S. Jones, Minard, the Wheelers, three brothers, Dick, Adam and Dr. Charles, of St. Charles; the Conants, Kelseys and Lillies, of Geneva; D. W. Annis, the Merrills, the Youngs, the Whites and Wheelers, of Blackberry, and the McDoles, Paulls, Thompsons, Seaveys and P. Y. Bliss, the old veteran, of Sugar Grove. Col. Lyon came from Vermont, and so did Harry Boardman, whose father settled the estate of the hero of Ticonderoga, as the administrator of the rough old patriot. They both settled at Batavia. Ralph C. Horr, the first Justice of the Peace in Aurora, and Rob Mathews came from the same Green Mountain State, and the Angells, who live north of Aurora.

The New Hampshire men were, among others, Dr. Hale, of Dundee; the Merrills, Asa, Barzillai and Gil., all of whom have gone to the "undiscovered country;" the Manns, of whom Adin and William R. only now remain; the Welds, who have three doctors left, and the whole tribe of Kimballs, whose sons and daughters in and about Elgin are legion. J. P. Bartlett, of Campton, Ephraim and Otho Perkins and the Dearborns, at St. Charles, and the Pingrees, of Rutland, are also to be counted in the list of the Granite State. Maine gave some Pennys, and St. Charles got them all. The Carrs settled at Nelson's Grove.

The Nutmeg State, notwithstanding her "blue laws," sent us some splendid material for government work, among whom we find Charles Hoyt, Seth Stowell, R. W. Lee and W. G. Hubbard. The first two were prominent citizens of Aurora and Plato, and the latter are still so numbered among the solid men of Kaneville and Elgin.

Little Rhody remembered and gave from her "ten-acre lot," among others, the Carpenters, of Carpenterville, and Charles McNamara, who appropriated Waubansie's cemetery and a large tract beside to his own use, but according to law, nevertheless.

The Empire State sent out an army, first and last, who not only viewed the land, but entered in and took possession thereof and sent back for new recruits to fill up the vacant and waste places. The Genesee Valley, where the finest cultivated farms in the Union are to be seen, is represented by the Roots, Wilsons, Churchills, Smiths, Waldrons, Kemps, Grimes and Lords, who settled in Batavia, Kaneville and Elgin in 1835-9. Oneida County gave her quota, and among them we find the Giffords, Hezekiah, James T. and Abel; the Hatchs and the Raymonds, Augustine and George B., of Elgin; and Isaac Marlett, of Aurora. About Schenectady and Albany once lived the Wilcoxes, Mallorys, Kelly, Mansfield, the Pecks, the Lawrences, the Jenneys, Herricks, Barritts and John Hill, but they all turned their faces westward, and lo! are

their names not written in the records of the towns of Elgin, Dundee and Rutland?

From the grassy meadows of Orange County, which boasts its high-priced butter, came good old Father Brewster and took up the magnificent farm that lies in four townships and two counties, DuPage and Kane. P. R. Wright came from the Genesee country, and the great metropolis sent us William V. Plum, of Aurora. The Bairds, Howards, Irwins, Conklins, Ingersols and Browns, of St. Charles, and the Padlefords and Andersons, of Elgin, came from Buffalo, and the Truesdalls, Shermans, French, Prudens, Hindsdells, Campbells and Augustus Adams, of Elgin, and the Dunhams and Mark Fletcher, of St. Charles, and G. W. Gorton, of Aurora, had their homes in Central New York. The McCartys, Joseph, Samuel and David, came from Elmira in 1834, and laid the foundation for the leading city in numbers and political influence of the county—Aurora. The Quakers of Madison County were moved by the spirit of emigration, and per consequence we find the Teffts, Mitchells, Gilberts and Knoxs pitching their tents in Elgin and vicinity, but, unlike the Arabs, have not “folded them and silently stolen away.” Dan Smith, of Dundee, came from near Ogdensburg, and old Gen. McClure from the lake region, and T. H. Thompson from Tompkins County. Washington County was represented by the Van Nortwicks, Barker and House at Batavia, and Chemung County by E. D. Terry, Wyatt Carr, Charles Bates and Burr Winton at Aurora. N. B. Spaulding, formerly Sheriff of the county, and O. D. Day, of Aurora, came from Otsego. The Stolps, of Aurora, came from Syracuse, and George R. Makepiece from Utica. Edwards, Bosworth and Hunt, of Dundee; Allen P. Hubbard, the first Clerk of the Circuit Court; James Risk, once Sheriff; R. C. Mix, W. H. Hawkins, John Scott, the Gibsons, Sawyer, Anson Pease, Esquire Rawson and Platt, of Blackberry, were all Knickerbockers. From Plattsburg, of glorious memory, came America Gates, who had three brothers, the quartette bearing the name of the four continents. Europe, Asia, Africa and America, and the Wilders. Old Cortland gave the Allens and Z. Squires, of Aurora. There are others, no doubt, who came from these two great sections of the country, whose names have been omitted; but we cannot name all of the good men who have helped to give Kane County her proud position in the Empire State of the West, for she counts such men by the hundreds among her citizens.

C. B. Dodson and the Herringtons, James and Crawford, came from the Keystone State, and so did David Dunham. The Lakes, Theodore, who died January 12, 1876, and Zaphna, who made the town of West Aurora a beginning, were Buckeyes from Ohio.

New Jersey, which, in the early days of which we write, was not the State of Camden and Amboy, sent Henry Warne, who with his three stalwart boys, John, Elisha and Gid, made his claim good to many broad acres in Campton and Blackberry, and Wm. Lance, the centenarian, made his home in the latter town in May, 1834, and lived on the old homestead till he fell asleep, with

a record made up of 104 years of varied experience. Both families are represented by numerous branches in the county to-day.

New Brunswick cannot be classed with New England, although it is but just a step from one to the other, but having sent of her "blue noses," who have been eminent citizens of the county, it is not proper that they should be left out, and we note them now. They were Robert Moody, the old Justice of St. Charles, whose court was an institution of the early days of the county, and his brother Archibald, whose estate was the first administered on in the county, three Young brothers, Samuel, Gideon and Joel, the Grays and J. T. Wheeler, at St. Charles, and the Stringers and Bishops of Elgin, and Reads of Campton. Dr. Eastman came from Canada also.

Christopher Payne is said to have been the first actual settler in the county, though Haight came and took up a claim at Geneva, in June, 1833, but left it again and did not return till the next year. Payne came in October, 1833, and located at the head of the Big Woods, just east of Batavia. He came from the South direct to the county, but was originally from New York State, so that State has the credit of giving the first settler to the county. Payne came to Naperville, in 1831. The Winter of 1831-32 was one of unusual severity. No provisions were to be had any nearer than the Wabash, from whence he came, and thither he and another party took up a weary and perilous march of 140 miles for food. They had ox teams and camped out every night in groves, being compelled to lay by many days from the fierceness of the winds and the severity of the weather. They took a bee-line from Naperville to the Wabash, and finally arrived safely home with food sufficient to last them through the Winter. He counted that trip the hardest and most perilous undertaking of his life.

The land of the Druids, Wales, sent a colony of the Cymri into Big Rock, the pioneers of whom were John Pierce, from South Wales, and Edward Whildin and Maurice Pierce, from North Wales, the first named coming in the Spring of 1836, and the latter during the same year, and the settlement of the town by the Welsh is due more to them than any one else. In 1837, Richard Roberts and R. Whildin came. In 1840, a large addition was made to the Welsh colony, among whom were Morgan Lewis, William Griffith, William Ashton, Thomas Evans and John Whildin, all from North Wales. Thomas Meredith, father of our "Tom," came in 1842. The Davis families, the Jones', Williams', Hughes', Vaughns, Thomas', Michaels and Owens, are all from the land of the leek.

There was an old Welshman named Manchester, who managed to exist by his wits, stopping where night found him, and paying for his board and lodging with his tongue, who used to travel up and down the country in a very early day; and was in his way a very noted character. He had a panacea for all the ills flesh is heir to, and whenever any one complained of being sick, no matter what the symptoms were, whether headache or a sore toe, he invariably gave

his universal prescription, which was: "Keep your head cool, your feet dry and your heart free from anger and vain ambition, and you will do."

Another branch of the great Celtic race, namely the Irish, colonized at Rutland. They first came in 1839 or 1840. Owen Burke came to Elgin in 1840, and was there two years before going to his farm. He came direct from the Green Isle, but at and about the same time, from 1840 to 1842-3, a large number came in from the canal and settled in and about Rutland. Among them were the following leading ones: The Farrells, Halligans, Hennessys, Gallighans, Donohues, Dewires, Clintons, O'Briens, and Coyles. They were mostly all Catholics, and staunch Democrats. The Hays', Haydens and Freemans are also large freeholders in Rutland. The Irish people have, as is well known, settled in all parts of the county, but the only Irish colony was in Rutland and the western part of Dundee. They came by families direct from the old sod, and built their altars and gathered around them, as in their old homes they had left in Erin across the sea.

In the north of Ireland, King Robert Bruce established, in the fourteenth century, colonies of Lowland Scotch, who were descended from the Saxons, Danes and the old Vikings of Norway, who successively overran and conquered the "tight little island" from Land's End to the Highlands. From the descendants of these colonies in the north of Ireland came the Moores, Rileys, Christies, Eakins, Hunters, Lynchs, Hoods and Atchisons, and settled in the southern and western part of Rutland.

"Auld Scotia" sent us a direct importation from her lowlands of sturdy, hardheaded Presbyterians, who took as naturally to Abolitionism, when they struck the soil of the land of freedom, as they did to the principles of John Knox. They settled in the towns of Dundee, Elgin and Plato, and came by families, and the first ones as soon as 1839-40. There was an association called the "Aberdeen North American Investment and Loan Company," which, by its manager and agent, W. Taylor, bought large tracts of land in all of the northern tier of counties in the State. There is an agreement on record in the Recorder's office of the county between the said company and Taylor, defining his power and authority, acknowledged before John Blaikie, "Provost and Chief Magistrate of Aberdeen, Scotland." At the same time, there were established some Scottish banks in Chicago and Milwaukee, which transacted the business of the Scotch colonies, beside that of many others. Messrs. Murray & Brand established one, a private bank, at Chicago, and bought largely of the lands of Kane County. George Smith, one of the institutions of the Northwest for fifteen years, had his principal bank at Chicago, which he managed himself, with a branch at Milwaukee managed by Alexander Mitchell. His bank was known as the "Wisconsin Fire and Marine Insurance Company," and he issued notes which were always redeemable in gold, and were justly considered the soundest currency in circulation for ten years or more. George Smith's vast wealth was pledged for its redemption, by George Smith's

word, which word, it is needless to say, was never broken, in that particular at least.

It was the discovery of a counterfeit \$10 bill on this bank that took Allan Pinkerton from the cooper shop and started him on the road which has led to his world-wide fame. A stranger came into Dundee one summer afternoon in 1850, and Pinkerton, who was then a Deputy under B. C. Yates, High Sheriff of the county, going out of his cooper shop on the hill, down into the village, met him, and, being somewhat struck with his appearance, accosted him casually, and soon fell into familiar conversation with him. The stranger was somewhat wary at first, but Pinkerton's frank, bluff ways and broad Scotch accent reassured him, and he began to be communicative. Pinkerton soon learned enough to satisfy himself that the stranger had something valuable to discover, too much so in fact for development then and there, and therefore it was arranged that on the next day the two should go to some retired spot and the stranger would unbosom himself to his new friend. An evening of social chat and enjoyment was spent, and the stranger retired for the night. The next day Pinkerton and the stranger took their way to the mounds that rear their beautiful rounded summits to the northwest of the village, and there upon the greensward, beneath the umbrageous shade of the old oaks, the stranger laid before the canny Scot several packages of crisp \$10 notes on the Wisconsin Fire and Marine Insurance Company's bank, made from plates engraved by the stranger himself, who proceeded to develop the whole plan of operations and what he desired his new friend to do in the premises. Pinkerton's virtue was at once alarmed (?), and assuming an air of insulted dignity he drew from his pocket a pair of iron bracelets, and clapping on the stranger's wrists, had in limbo one of the sharpest counterfeiters of his day—"Old Craig." He brought his prisoner down to Geneva, where he was locked up, but was never brought to trial, he being fortunate enough to break out and take himself out of the jurisdiction of the court. From that time Allan Pinkerton left barrel making and gave his attention to detective business, with what success the whole world knows.

The Scotch families who came into Dundee were the Pinkertons, Robert and Allan, the Dempsters, Allisons, Binnies, Crichtons, Thompsons, Hills, Alstons, Egglestons, Archibalds, Griffiths, Howes, Todds, Duffs, McCullucks, Campbells, Morrisons (Murdoch and his boys), and McAllisters and McQueen.

In Rutland, there is a Grant and a McGregor, descendants, maybe, of the old clansmen who, meeting at a narrow pass in the highlands of insufficient width to allow one to pass by the other, refused at each other's bidding to lie down and let the other pass over his body, but drew their brands and began a bloody, desperate fight:

" Each looked to sun and stream and plain
As what they ne'er might see again ;
Then foot and point and eye opposed,
In dubious strife they darkly closed."

But, neither party gaining any advantage, they grappled one another in a fierce, murderous endeavor to throw each other over the cliff. They could each say to the other :

“ No maiden’s hand is round thee thrown ;
That desperate grasp thy frame might feel
Through bars of brass and triple steel !
They tug, they strain, down, down they go,”

to the bottom of the abyss at the foot of the precipice, stark and stiff as “ Red Murdock.”

If the Rutland Grants and McGregors are descendants of those plucky fighters, they have forgotten the old feuds of their ancestors, for the farms of the two families lie side by side, and, for aught that appears, are the best of “ neebors.”

The McCornacks, Alexander and William, true as steel to their principles of right, and the Glens, also made their homes in Rutland, and the Sheldons, Shirras, Whites and Thomas Martin settled in Elgin, and so also did the Frazers, descendants of the old Gaelic Highlanders. Walter Wilson and his son, John C., came in 1834 from Glasgow, and located west of St. Charles village about two miles, and John C. is living near his original farm yet. He says the family lived in their wagon all one season, till they got their cabin up, and then they had no floor but mother earth for two years after, and the first panel door brought into county he brought in 1836, from Chicago.

Robert Moody, although coming from New Brunswick into the county, was a full-blooded Scot. There came a colony of Scotchmen and settled southwest of Aurora, but they are all in Kendall County now. They gave their old home names to their localities, and so we find, on the maps of the county, McGregor and Rob Roy Slough and Creek. Rob Roy Slough was quite a noted landmark in the early records and surveys of the county.

The Scotch colony has given the world another man whose fame has reached as wide a range as Pinkerton’s—William Dempster, the sweet ballad singer, whose strains and melodies have entranced courts of Kings and Presidents and charmed the common people everywhere. Wherever the language of music is understood, there have Dempster’s Scottish songs found him friends and admirers. As we think of him, it almost seems as if we could hear the plaintive warblings of “ Highland Mary,” blending with the stirring notes of “ Bonnie Dundee.”

The Scotch colonists in Dundee were great sticklers for their religious views ; and though they, for a while, sat under Father Clarke’s mild, persuasive preaching, when Mr. Davis came into the pastorate they began to grow uneasy, and, finally, went off by themselves and established a church, and have worshiped in their own forms ever since.

Peter Innes, also, came from the land of Wallace and Bruce in an early day, and settled in Aurora, and has been long noted for his strict integrity and

temperance principles. Peter says his worst fault is building houses for other people to inhabit. Another loyal son of the land of the thistle, and who glories in the tartan and the memories of historic Scotland, is Malcolm Robert Bruce, of Aurora, for aught we know a lineal descendant of King Bobby himself. He has as much persistence as the ancient Bruce had, as his well-fought contests with the city authorities of Aurora over his LaSalle street front will witness. He had some experience, too, in the rebellion of 1848, in Ireland, with Mitchell, O'Brien and their compatriots.

In the town of Hampshire and the western part of Kaneville, there is dwelling a sturdy, thriving class of worthy citizens, known as Pennsylvania Dutch. The first ones came into the county as early as 1844 or 1845. Old John Wales, the old "Justice of the Peace," entered land in Hampshire as early as June, 1845. Mr. Wales did as much, or more probably, to induce the settlement of his people in Kane County, than any one else. He was followed by Aurand, Litner, the Reams brothers, Becker, Munch, the two Klicks, Kearn, Gift, Ebert, Wertwine, Hubner, Swartzenderfer, Gilkerson, Getzelman, Levy, Shallenberger, Waidman, Hauslein, Zeigler, Heins, Tyson, Daum, Kemmerling, Deuchler and Garlic. They or their immediate descendants are still living in Hampshire and vicinity.

In 1850 or soon afterward, they organized a church, called and known as the Evangelical Association of North America, and built a house of worship.

Those who settled in Kaneville and the adjoining portions of DeKalb County were summed up by Dr. Potter thus: "Runkel, Schneider, Wolf and Platt, Biser, Hummel and Gerlack, Zeigler, Lintner, Labrant, Mower, Kaler, Kessler, Schweitzer, Sower, Ramer, Eberly, Kulp and Grimm, Myers, Haish and Mose Hill, the slim Berrier, Bartmess, Rowe and Shoop, with Koonz and Cuter fill the group."

The doctor used his license as a poet to make Mose Hill do duty in the euphony of the rhyme, but he was neither slim nor a Dutchman.

Besides those named in the doctor's versification, there were Van Valkenburg, Harter, Gusline, Gusler, Keyser and George Dauberman, all in Kaneville. They came in 1846 and afterward, buying their land of Uncle Sam in the Fall of the first named year. Their religion is the same as that of their Hampshire brethren, and they have a church just across the line from DeKalb County. They hold their camp meetings alternately at Lone Grove and Pigeon Woods, and attend them *en masse*. They are devoted pietists, and get up considerable excitement in their revival meetings, which are held every Winter. A description of their family worship may be interesting here. When the day's work is over, the father or head of the house reads some portion of the Scriptures, and then all, large and small, join in singing a hymn, after which they all kneel and the head of the family offers a prayer. He closes his petition, when the mother takes up the supplication and pursues it to such length as she chooses, and when she closes, the oldest child, whether male or

female, offers his or her prayer, and is succeeded by the whole flock more or less, according to age, down to the lisping infant who can just say, "Now I lay me down to sleep," when all respond with a hearty amen, and arise and prepare for bed. They usually use their native tongue in their worship, and, although not understood at all scarcely by their English speaking guest, who may be a witness to their solemn order, yet the fervor which characterizes their exercises never fails to interest the beholder.

In and near Aurora there settled some of the Mohawk Valley Dutchmen, and among them we find the Grays, Wagners, Adam Phy, Kecks and Van Alstines. The Van Sickles and Van Fleets came from New Jersey.

The old Vikings of Norway and Sweden, whose descendants are known as Scandinavians, Danes and Finns, are numerous represented in Geneva, St. Charles, Elgin, Campton and Virgil. Among the first ones were Gunner, Anderson and Anderson Gunderson, who furnished much litigation for the Circuit Court, and merriment as well, when the title of the various suits they had upon the dockets were called, and Andrew Peterson, John Hokanson and Carl Olson. In 1853-5, the great body of Swedes came first to Geneva and St. Charles.

Eben Danford was then in full blast, making his double motioned iron reapers and mowers at Geneva, and many of the Swedes settled on the east side of the river. They also settled at St. Charles, buying up the Little Woods in small tracts and clearing off the stumps, and have now snug little homesteads all over that once famous neck of woods. They pushed west almost into Campton and Virgil, and north into Elgin, and have made most excellent citizens. Some of our best artisans are Swedes, as the National Watch Factory at Elgin, and the car shops at Aurora, and various other manufactories of the county will abundantly testify. Among the noted ones are C. P. Gronberg, the reaper inventor; B. Kindblade, who will make anything from a cambric needle to an electric engine or piano-forte; Peterson, the watchmaker; Rystrom, the carriage manufacturer; and another Peterson, in Geneva, who makes ladies' fine shoes. The leading men among these are the Lungreens, Peter and sons (Charles and August), Peterson, England, Nord and Abrahamson, at St. Charles, and A. P. Anderson, at Batavia, who is by the way, a shining example of what industry and continuity will do for a man to gain him a competency. But a very few years ago Anderson was a journeyman tailor in Geneva, and to-day he is the owner of as fine a stone block as there is in Batavia, besides other good property. He has attended strictly to business, and is now reaping the fruits of his active, judicious efforts; also B. Kindblade, of Batavia; Andrew Rystrom, formerly one of the city fathers of Geneva; and Landborg, the blacksmith, at the latter place. This people are, as a general thing, frugal and industrious, and make the best of help on the farm, in the manufactory, or in mercantile pursuits. The Swedish girls are noted for their tidiness and skill in domestic affairs, and many of them have become so far metamorphosed into

Yankees that they have married into Yankee families. and are mixing up their blood with the genuine Bunker Hill crimson. They were at first Lutherans (or a branch of that denomination) in their religious affiliations, and great sticklers for their church rules and demands. They paid their big and little "collects" with a promptness that would make the face of a tax collector in this year of grace radiant with joy. Christmas is their great holiday. Their churches then are trimmed with festoons and wreaths of evergreens, and services begin as early as two or three o'clock Christmas morning, and last all day, and for the whole week succeeding. They have a central church at Geneva, whither they come from all directions every Sunday, rain or shine. There has been, within the past three or four years, quite a secession from the Lutheran Church to Methodism among them.

A mistake which occurred at the Circuit Clerk's office of Kane County, some years ago, sent two brothers into their new allegiance with different family names, which are still maintained. B. and Frank Kindblade were brothers, but when Frank made his declaration of intention to become a citizen of this glorious republic, by reason of his meager knowledge of the English language, he gave his name as Kimball as near as he could be understood, and when his final certificate was issued Frank became known no more as Kindblade, the name his brother bears, but Kimball.

The ancestry of this people is an honorable one, and of which they may well be proud. The Scandinavian race has given to the world some of its greatest intellects, in science, literature and the arts. Tycho Brahe, the founder of practical astronomy and instructor of the great Kepler, and Linnæus, the great botanist, whose works are the standard in that science to-day, lead the grand procession. Ericsson, the master mechanic and inventor of the caloric engine and various other helps for man, as well as the projector and constructor of the "cheese box on a raft" that met the Confederate ram, Merrimac, in Norfolk Bay, and sent her back from her work of destruction to her covert, crippled and disabled, giving joy to millions of loyal hearts, many of whom look upon the little Monitor's appearance just at the opportune moment as something scarcely less than providential, is also an honored member of that procession.

In music, this fair-haired and blue-eyed race has given us a divine trinity, viz. : Ole Bull, the incomparable violinist ; Jenny Lind, the Swedish nightingale, whose warblings have entranced the world, and Christine Nilsson, the matchless queen of song, before whose throne millions have bowed and worshiped.

In literature, the gifted and noble woman, Fredrika Bremer, whose books are read in almost every tongue, stands out like a beacon on a mountain top ; and what child is there who has not laughed and cried by turns over the fairy tales of the northern magician and king of youth, Hans Christian Andersen, whose gentle, loving life has been crowned with a happy, serene and peaceful close?

The first white men who came into the wilderness of the Northwest were Pere Marquette, the great Jesuit missionary, Joliet, the merchant, and La Salle,

the trader and explorer. The first two explored the Mississippi as far south as Arkansas in 1673, and returned by way of the Illinois to Chicago, then an Indian village. The latter spent the Winter of 1680 near Peoria. Marquette died on the shore of Lake Michigan. When the fur trade was opened, the French voyagers became the avant couriers of the new commerce, and intermarried with various Indian tribes, and trapped and hunted and acted as guides to the later expeditions. French families came in very early, and made settlements at the sites of Dubuque, Mackinaw, Green Bay, St. Louis and Kaskaskia. There are several reservations in Cook County set off to the French half breeds; one on the Aux Plaines is known now as the Lafrombois tract or reservation. There are others to "Billy Caldwell," Robinson and Miranda. One of them covered the present site of Wilmette, and was called Ouilmette.

The Baubiens came very early to Chicago, while it was but a garrison, in fact. Mark Beaubien is now living at Naperville. The French have settled in Kane County in but one locality—Aurora. There quite a large colony has settled first and last, commencing in 1845 and running up to 1855, and later even. We find the LaClaires—Peter and Alexander—buying land in the Big Woods, then a large body of magnificent timber, in 1845. Leon Mayeaux—sometimes spelled Layon Mayo, Layean Mayeau, Layhew Mayhew, and Layo Mayhew—came about the same time, and so did old Stephen Mowrey. Among the earlier French settlers at Aurora may be named Touissaint, La Tranquillite, Peter Leplant, Charles Benoit (sometimes spelled Benwire and Benway), Leander Baltasand, the Leveques, Bernard Tonnar, Francis Nadeau, Alfred Deslauriers, Frank Sylvester, Ed. Vouchee, Louis Lebont, Joseph Robere, Louis Suviner, Peter Brasseaux, Louis LeBeaux, James Jaquenon, Jean Baptist Hubert, Joseph Ratelle, Benoit Moisant, Joseph Lamoureaux, Louis Laplanck, U. Laundre, Nick Presche, and last, though by no means least, C. F. Jauret, the Master Mechanic of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad, and inventor of some contrivance for use on railways which is being extensively used. The religion of our French citizens is generally Catholic.

The Durants of St. Charles and Raymonds of Elgin are descendants of some of the old Huguenot families of France.

The German immigration, which began in the Northwest about 1836, with a single family, has become an irruption. Commencing on the shore of Lake Michigan, the ever increasing army has moved steadily westward in an unbroken phalanx, through Cook, Lake and Du Page Counties into Kane, with but few interruptions. Here and there it has met a community of original settlers, which has resisted its advance, but it speedily flanked it, and passed on to new conquests beyond, leaving the garrison behind to beleaguer and capture by detail the few outposts remaining, and take full possession of the land. The western towns of Cook County, which twenty years ago had scarcely a German inhabitant, are now mostly occupied by them. Nearly every sale of a farm in the counties above named, including the eastern portion of Kane

County, is made to a German. The eastern portion of Dundee, Elgin, Geneva, Batavia and the Big Woods—or what was once that fine body of timber—are almost wholly occupied by this energetic, pushing, thriving race of Saxons. They have subdued the once famous Big Woods, and what, but twenty years ago, was one solid body of splendid oak, hickory and maple, is now finely cultivated farms, with scarcely a stump to be seen to tell the story of what was once there. The German is found everywhere, and in all kinds of business. He makes money, and is satisfied to make but a little, but he contrives, in whatever business he enters, to make his income exceed, be it ever so little, his outgo; hence, we hear of no German paupers. The German is given to sociality, and hence he spends his money freely among his friends, especially with his own family, if he has one. Father, mother and children enter alike into the pleasure of the hour, whatever it may be. The Germans have attained to such prominence in numbers in Kane County, they have become important factors in politics, especially in Dundee, Elgin and Aurora. Scarcely an election is held in those towns, at which there is not some German elected to an office. They support, cheerfully, the public school, and such as are church members are zealous and consistent.

John Glos settled in St. Charles, where, for several years, he followed his trade of cabinet making, at which he was an adept. He came, in 1836, direct from Germany, to which he never returned until the year 1874, when he went to revisit the scenes of his boyhood in the Fatherland which all Germans love, no matter how pleasant their surroundings are here, nor how many years may have passed since they left “dear Bingen on the Rhine.” Mr. Glos has held many offices of trust in Du Page County, in which his residence has been for the greater portion of his sojourn in this country. The first German who came to Kane County was John Peter Snyder, who still resides at North Aurora.

Levi Footh, a Bohemian, drove stage from Chicago to Galena, through Elgin, in 1839–40, for Frink & Walker. He subsequently purchased Government lands in Virgil, where he now resides, together with several brothers who have since joined him from his native land.

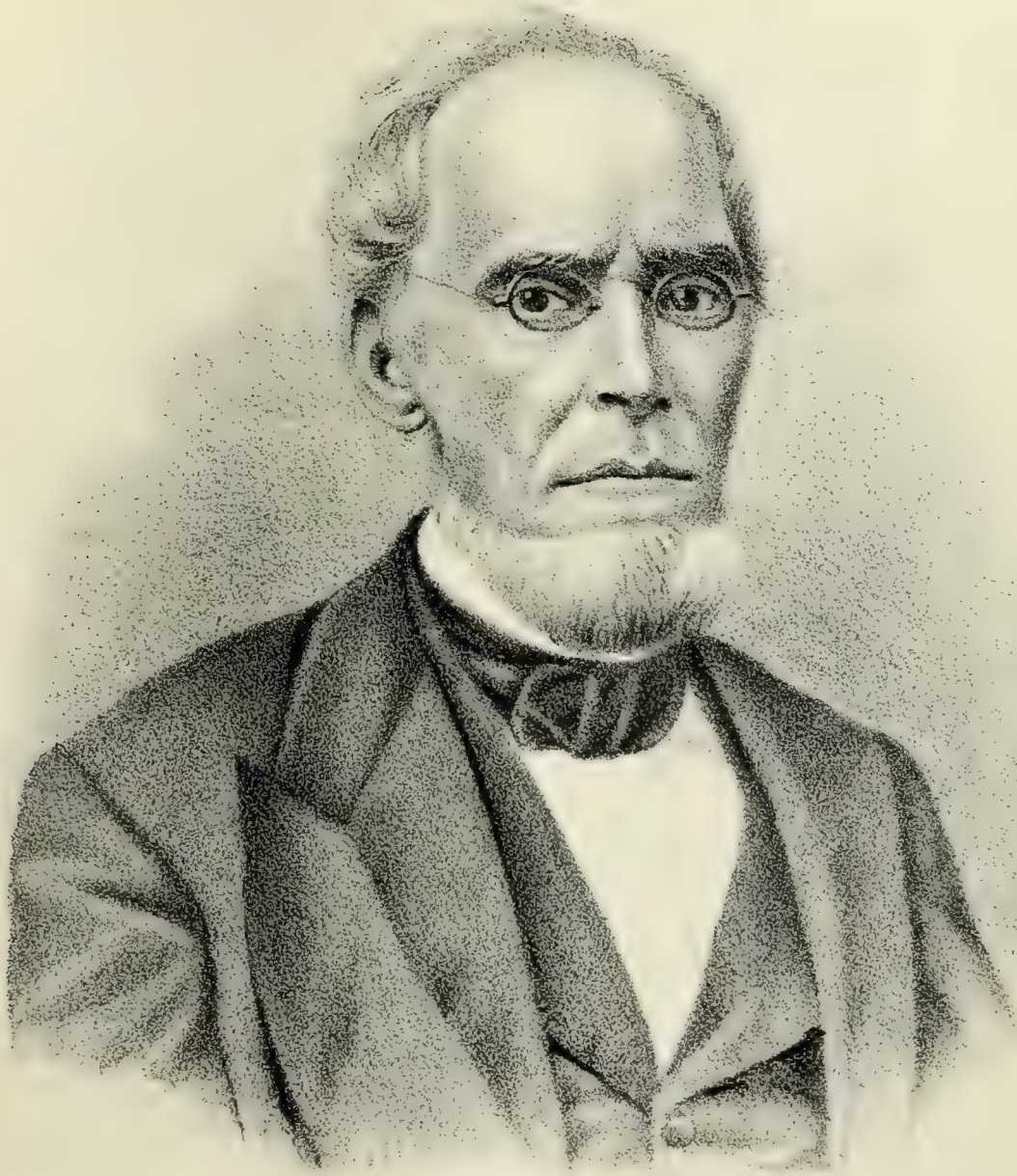
Joseph Kapis came to Elgin in 1845, and worked in the woolen factory and subsequently also bought land in Virgil.

Jacob Mueller (now known as Jacob Miller) so well known as the manufacturer of cigars at Aurora, first located at Elgin in 1853 or thereabouts.

Martin Straussel came into Elgin in 1848, from Chicago, where he came about 1840.

Schweigert bought land in Section 1 of Aurora, in 1846, right in the heart of the Big Woods, and Adam Hartmann, in 1848, located near him.

A large number of Germans came into Kane County in 1848. Among those who are or have been prominent and leading men among them, are the following in addition to those above named: At Elgin, Joseph Pfordresher,



Geail Borden
ELGIN.

Charles Siedel, William Damisch, Christopher Sohle, Fred Fehrman, Adolph Sass, Joe Pabst, Henry Bierman, William Heideman and the Adlers.

In Dundee, whither they first came in 1853, Fred Haas, proprietor of the celebrated Spring Mills, Henry Plinke, the Lutheran Minister, and Hagen, proprietor of the brick yards, and Geo. Pfisterer.

The Schochs, a large family and their relatives, settled in the east part of Geneva and adjoining town in Du Page, with several other families from the same part of Germany.

Fred Drahms, a fine mechanic, came from the shores of the Baltic Sea, and settled in Geneva as early as 1854. His son, August, went into the United States service during the rebellion, while he was a mere boy, so small that his cavalry overcoat dragged on the ground. He subsequently studied for the ministry and is now an eloquent divine, located near San Francisco.

In Aurora, the largest number of Germans settled, coming in from 1850 and on. Among them are the following notable ones: The large family of Lies, with their relations; John Plein, and Reising, the Youngles brothers, and a score or more of the Cassalmans and their kindred, Frieders as many more, Freidweiler, Joseph Deimel, the Wolfs, Lugg, of the firm of Lugg & Plein; John and Joseph Reising, the merchants; Chas. Blasey, the brewer; Dr. Jassoy, Weise, Encke, Hammerschmidt, Breeswick, John Adam Brunnenmeyer, John Joseph Scharschug, Eitelgeorge, Felsenheld, Morris Henoch, Fred Rang, George Pfaffle, Henry Fickensher, Rutishauser, Goldsmidt, the Metzners, Canisius, Staudt & Karl, the druggists; Rev. Ernst, Henry Buhre, the Lutheran minister; Nicholas Stenger, Leins, the exquisite painter who decorates the Pullman palace cars at the car shops, and whose handiwork may be seen and enjoyed in the beautiful frescoes in Staudt's drug store; and lastly Gus Pfrangle, the worthy Postmaster at Aurora.

In Sugar Grove we find two sturdy farmers, John Banker and Nicholas Henkes, and Ruteshell and Ohlinger are their neighbors across the line in Blackberry.

A. T. Fischer bought the Elliott farm in Campton, a splendid property, valued at \$20,000.

In Plato, Adam and Randolph Bode, Reibel, Betzlinger and Ripberger and others are the representatives of the Northern Goths that overran Rome.

Hampshire Collectors gather taxes from Kasermann, Schweiger, Reinike, Shetter Blazer, and others from the Rhine; and in Burlington, George E. Schaiver, Grallemont and Meith pay tribute. Anton Loser, J. F. Thorwarth and others are leading merchants in Aurora.

Among the Germans who have occupied public positions in Kane County, may be named Charles J. Metzner, for several years State's Attorney for the Twenty-eighth Circuit, and his brother Carl, Clerk of the Aurora Court of Common Pleas; John Reising, Supervisor of Aurora; John Plain, Collector, and August Pfrangle, Postmaster of the same city.

The tenth and last colonization in Kane County is that of our American citizens of African descent, the bulk of whom came in as contrabands of war during the rebellion caused on their account. There have been colored persons abiding among us ever since the county was organized, in 1836; but who the first one was that cast his shadow on, and left his footmark in, the soil of old Kane, it is hard to tell. The first one came by the underground railroad, but, not liking the country, went immediately to Canada. Not being deemed worthy of consideration before they were entitled to suffrage, they existed simply as hewers of wood and drawers of water to the Philistines with whom they sojourned. But times change if men do not, and the day came round when "the might was with the right," and Sambo was a voter. At once he rose to the level of his citizenship, and from obscurity and disregard he passed into notice and consideration. Candidates at once included him among their *friends*, and shook hands with him and "cow-shedded" him and "stood treat" and cajoled and flattered him, and tried to induce him to vote for them, just the same as they did his white compeers.

The colored people have the privilege of the schools now, and the rising generation—which is coming on thick and fast—ought to be intelligent and influential. Many of the young men among them are educating themselves, and by the excellent progress they have already made, give promise of more than average ability. Young Brown, of Aurora, and Terrell, of Geneva, are good specimens of their class, and are studious and industrious, and are bound to rise. The colored people are settled mostly in the river towns of the county. They have churches at Elgin, St. Charles, Batavia and Aurora, which are well attended.

While there never was a regular colony of Englishmen settled in Kane County, yet there have been, in various localities, individuals, sporadic cases, from the land upon whose empire the sun never sets, who are entitled to honorable mention in this history. John Smith, with his boys, Henry and sunny-hearted Tilden, were Englishmen, and lived just east of Dundee village, on the farm where Tilden and his father died, and on which Henry now resides. James Knott & Sons were merchants in Elgin, and established an unblemished reputation for integrity and financial ability. Ed. Merrifield also lived east of the city for many years. The father to Ed. and Vinnie Lovell was an Englishman, and gave to Elgin two remarkably fine sons. Ed. is a rising young lawyer, and Vincent S. (which was his father's name before him) is an equally promising journalist, having held a prominent position on the *Albany Argus* for several years. John Lovell, an uncle of the above named young men, lives in Plato, and has been and is a prominent citizen of the town. The Meads, Greeks, Marshalls, Pitwoods and Christian came to St. Charles. Dr. Mead became an eminent physician and surgeon, and was most successful in the treatment of insane persons, and many of his ideas have, since his removal from the country, been incorporated in the management of our hospitals for the

insane. This Dr. Mead must not be confounded with Dr. Thompson Mead, of Batavia, who was a Yankee, or at least American born. Dr. John Thomas, an Englishman, came first to Virginia, thence to Kendall County, and then to St. Charles, where he established, in 1841, a newspaper and called it the *St. Charles Patriot, Fox River Advocate and Kane County Herald*. If the editorials in the paper were as long proportionately as its name, there was more work done on it, editorially, than on all the papers in the county now. Ward Rathbone was an early settler in Geneva, and prominently known throughout the county. Later on, in 1844-9, there came four brothers from Halifax, England, named James, Joseph, John and Benjamin Wilson. Three of them settled in Geneva, and one in Virgil, but he subsequently moved to Geneva. Two of the brothers were printers, and published successively the *Geneva Mercury and Advertiser* and *Kane County Republican*. Joseph was clerk for an Charles Patten at the "Old Corner" for twenty years. Benjamin published interlinear translation of the Greek Testament, translated and compiled by himself, called the "Emphatic Diaglot." It is a valuable assistant to the student.

In Batavia, Joel and J. O. McKee and George B. Moss located very early. Joel McKee and Moss run, for several years, the flouring-mills at the north end of the town. Mr. McKee's reputation and character were as white and pure as his flour. He was a Christian gentleman in every sense of the word, and when he died Kane County lost one of her really good and true men. Mr. Moss was very much of a gentleman, and died highly respected by all who knew him. Both gentlemen left sons who are now residents of the county. The McKees were not Englishmen, but were from the Bruce colonies in the north of Ireland. James Risk, formerly Sheriff of the county, also came from the latter locality, as did Dr. H. M. Crawford, of St. Charles. Shepherd Johnston, known as the banker Johnston, and Richard Summers, settled in Big Rock. Johnston was the father of Shepherd Johnston, Jr., for a long time Secretary of the Board of Education of Chicago, and Charles Johnston, formerly Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Aurora. Summers was father of the well-known Dick Summers, "mine host" of the Richmond, in Chicago, for many years before the big fire of October, 1871.

W. B. West and Peter H. Johnson settled in Blackberry, although subsequently Mr. West came to Geneva. Mr. West was widely known, having been engaged in banking for many years. He was one who made as good a bargain for himself as he could, but, when once his word was given, it was sure to be made good in the time promised. He never oppressed a man nor pushed him, when he showed any disposition to keep his obligations, and was ever willing to extend the time of payment when the debt could not readily be met at maturity, and that, too, when the security was not A 1. His judgment was most excellent, and he met with but few losses in business. Out of a personal estate left by him of \$200,000 there was but a small amount that proved worthless, and that, too, after a banking business of forty years. A daughter of Mr.

West married Hon. N. N. Ravlin, Representative to the State Legislature from Kane County for two terms, and Chairman of the Board of Supervisors for several years. His only surviving son is at present in California, engaged in atlas publishing, with Thos. H. Thompson, a son of another old settler of Kane County, in Dundee. Mr. West was once beguiled, and he often laughingly told the story, though at his own expense. Charley Sexton, a "dead beat," who once lived in Geneva, went to Mr. West to get his note for \$50 discounted for sixty days, offering to take \$25 for it and leave his watch as security. Mr. West did not exercise his usual caution in examining the security offered, but discounted the note and laid the "collateral" away in his safe. When the note matured, Sexton was *non est*, and Mr. West, on examination, found the watch left as security to be worth about five dollars. Mr. West acknowledged himself fairly beaten for once, and charged the loan up to profit and loss.

Peter H. Johnson has one of the finest farms in Blackberry. Johnson's Mound, the highest point of land in the county, is situated on the farm, and Mr. Johnson's dwelling is built on a commanding point on the side of it, and overlooks the country for miles around. It is a great summer resort for picnics and excursions. Major J. H. Mayborne, also an Englishman, came to this country in 1825. From that date until 1846, he remained in the State of New York, engaged in the pursuit of agriculture and study of law. Removing thence to Chicago, he remained there until 1848, when he made his home in Geneva, where he has since been well known as an able and honorable attorney. His services, during the war of the rebellion, were important, and he held, at its close, the rank of Major, by which title he is still familiarly known. Since then, he has held the important civil office of State Senator for four years, and was elected Supervisor in 1872, a position which he still retains. He is regarded throughout the county as a man of fine legal attainments, and is well known beyond his own immediate section. Mark Yeoman and the Sharps, Reads and Henrys settled in Virgil. Benjamin Boyes, a prosperous merchant in Geneva, came from England to Geneva in 1844, but only stayed till the following Spring, when he went into the town of Northfield, Cook County, where he remained until the year 1863, when he returned to Geneva and embarked in the mercantile business. The first job of work he did in Geneva was to make a pair of boots for David Howard, who was at work at that time (1844) building the stone flouring-mill on the west side of the river. Mr. Boyes had worked one month at the shoemaker's trade in England, but still tried his hand at boot making, and Mr. Howard looked at the work rather doubtfully, but thought they would answer to wear in the water, and accepted them. Mr. Boyes did not make any more boots. We do not know of a descendant of the heroic John Sobieski, of unhappy Poland, in Kane County, unless it be our worthy citizen, David L. Zabriskie, of St. Charles. He may be, for aught we know, a true descendant of the iron-crowned king; but if he is not he is every whit as gallant and courteous a gentleman.

The great agglomeration of people, from the different nations of the earth, who have made their homes in Kane County, is what has made the old county what she is; has transformed the virgin prairie and primeval forests into well tilled farms, thriving villages and busy cities; has brought her from a wilderness, traversed only by the feet of the red man in pursuit of game or his enemies, to her rank among the foremost counties in the Empire State of the West. Coming from different countries, speaking different tongues, having different tastes, following different customs, yet all have had but one aim, to make the home of their adoption prosperous and happy. To that end they have subdued her soil, enlarged her manufactories, established her beneficent institutions, enhanced her value and extended her political influence, until now, in proportion to her area, she has no superior and but few equals among her sister counties in the State. She has furnished statesmen for the halls of Congress, and Generals and leaders for the armies of the nation. No one class of her varied population can claim all of her virtues, nor is it to be charged with all the vices incident to communities and people. In the war of the rebellion, all classes sprang forward to uphold the flag with rare and noble unanimity, and bore it on to victory on many blood-stained fields. All, all have borne aloft the shield of old Kane, and sung pæans to her praise.

The native American mind tends to self government as naturally as the babe turns to the maternal font for nourishment; and the early organization of Kane County into a body corporate with a legal existence, while there were less than two hundred legal voters within its borders, is proof of that proposition. At the time of the first election in Kane County, there was none of the large foreign population in the county which has subsequently settled in it, save the Youngs and Wheeler, of New Brunswick, Germans, and John Glos and John P. Snyder; also Walter Wilson and the Moodys from bonnie Scotland. The organization, with the above exceptions, was entirely the work of the American born population. Kane County, at that time, included in its limits its present territory, all of DeKalb County, a portion of McHenry as now organized, and a portion of Kendall County, but the first election was held at Geneva, in the log house of James Herrington. The election was for county officers to put the machinery of a legal existence into operation, and there were 180 votes polled. For the office of Sheriff, James Herrington, the father of our Representative to the General Assembly, received 91, and B. F. Fridley, whose home was then in Oswego, 89 votes. Asa McDole received 115 votes for Coroner, while his opponent, Haiman Miller, received 58. Relief Duryea had 96 votes for Recorder of Deeds, the office at that time and up to 1849 being a distinct and separate one from the Clerk of the Circuit Court, and Calvin Pepper one vote. Mark W. Fletcher received 141 votes for County Surveyor, and Colton Knox 29. The vote for County Commissioners, which was the style of county government then, was as follows: Solomon Dunham 155, Eli Barnes 172, Ebenezer Morgan 119, E. D. Terry 22, Ira Minard 70, Allen P.

Hubbard 2. Allen P. Hubbard, Nathan Collins and John Griggs were the Judges, and James T. Wheeler and Selden M. Church, Clerks of the election. The three Judges are dead, Mr. Wheeler is living on his old homestead just north of St. Charles village. Of the candidates voted for, Fridley and Fletcher are living in the county, the first in Aurora and Fletcher on his original farm north of St. Charles on the east side of the river. The most, if not all, of the others are dead.

There seemed to be something wrong about this first election, for on the 1st day of August following another general election was held for the same officers, which resulted differently. There were also members of Congress and the General Assembly elected at the same time, and the facilities for voting were increased wonderfully. Instead of all being required to come to Geneva to vote, there were nine voting precincts, viz.: Ellery, which comprised a portion of Kendall County; Orange, which was in the central part of DeKalb and western part of Kane County; Syckamore (as it is spelled on the returns); Pleasant Grove, in the southern part of the present territory of McHenry County; Kishwaukee, southwest part of Kane and part of Kendall; Somonauk, in DeKalb; Fox River at Aurora, or McCarty's Mills, as it was then called; Sandusky at Geneva, extending from Clybourne's to near Elgin, and west to what is now Kaneville; and Lake, which included everything north of the last precinct named, to the county line. At this election there were 351 votes polled, as follows:

FOR CONGRESSMAN.		FOR SHERIFF.	
William L. May	285	Benjamin F. Fridley.....	225
John T. Stewart	66	Samuel Cory.....	102
FOR STATE SENATOR.		Ira Minard	5
William Stradden.....	298	FOR RECORDER OF DEEDS.	
George W. Howe.....	50	David Dunham.....	285
FOR REPRESENTATIVE.		Elijah S. Town	35
Henry Madden.....	189	FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR.	
John W. Mason.....	148	Mark W. Fletcher.....	242
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.		Levi Lee.....	84
Thomas H. Thompson (Dundee)	323	Horatio Gibson.....	5
Claudius Townsend (Aurora).....	324	FOR CORONER.	
Mark Daniels (Geneva)	235	Asa McDole.....	324
Eli Barnes	65		
Jesse C. Kellogg.....	22		

The abstracts of this election are signed by R. C. Horr, Jonathan Kimball, Justices of the Peace, and Mark W. Fletcher, Clerk of the County Commissioners' Court of Kane County.

Where Mr. Fletcher got his appointment, the records of the county do not show at present, as the records of the County Commissioners have not been in the County Clerk's office for several years, but his bond being filed June 6, 1836, would appear to show that he must have been appointed by the Commissioners themselves. He was not elected by the people until the Fall of 1837, when he was elected both Clerk of the County Commissioners' Court and Clerk of the

Circuit Court, and held both offices until 1846, when Josiah L. Warner was elected to the former office, and he was Clerk only of the Circuit until December, 1848, when he was succeeded by Charles B. Wells, and his long term of official service expired, and he retired to his farm, Cincinnatus-like, surrounded by children and children's children, and enjoying a quiet and serene voyage down the current, into the broad expanse of a limitless ocean.

Both of the Justices certifying the abstracts are dead, and nearly all of the persons voted for likewise—Fridley, Fletcher and Town only living in the county at the present time.

At this election, the Sandusky Precinct cast 95 votes, Lake 25 (Mr. Thompson, with his well known modesty, refraining from voting for himself and getting but 24), and the Fox River Precinct 78. These comprised all or pretty much all of the present territory of Kane County. This was the election which really set up our county government, and from which it has grown to its present splendid proportions.

Ralph C. Horr and Ebenezer Morgan were elected Justices of the Peace some time previous to July 30th, for that day they, together with Mr. Fletcher, County Commissioners' Clerk, certify to the abstract of votes of a special election, held at T. H. Thompson's house, in Lake Precinct (Dundee and Elgin), for two Justices and Constables, when Wanton Parker was elected Justice in Dundee, and Jonathan Kimball in Elgin, and Seth Green, Constable in the former place, and Samuel J. Kimball in the latter; 35 votes being cast.

The Judges at that election were Thomas H. Thompson, Jonathan Kimball and Thomas Deweese, and the Clerks Isaac Fitts and Wanton Parker. In the Orange District, they elected, on the 1st of August, Mark Daniels, Justice, and Joel Jenks, Constable. On the 7th November following, the people of Lake Precinct wanted more justice, or law, and so they called their Constable, Seth Green, to the bench, giving him a unanimous vote of 29 ballots; and at McCarty's Mills they had quite a spirited contest over the office, giving B. F. Phillips 39 votes and Jonathan Benney 20; George W. Gorton, too, had 44 votes for Constable, against 7 votes for Harry White. Ira Minard and Elijah S. Town had, in the meantime, been elected Justices in the central part of the county, and signed the November abstracts.

Since the 1st of June, the few voters in the county had been keeping track of the various elections which had been held; but an important one was coming, to which, important to them as these had been, they were but as a tallow dip to a gas jet. The Presidential campaign of 1836 was in full vigor, and "Young Hickory" was pushing the Whigs hard. On the 7th of November, the election was held, at which there were only 334 votes polled. The Pleasant Grove returns are not on file. That precinct cast 10 votes in August. The Democratic electors received 235 votes, and Whigs 93. There was another set of electors, who received 4 votes, but who they favored is not stated.

Lake Precinct cast 42 votes, only 10 for the Whigs. Sandusky cast 118 votes, 97 of which were for the Democratic ticket. Fox River Precinct (Aurora) cast 71 votes, and 19 of them were against "Matty Van." Orange gave the Democrats all but 4 out of 26 votes, and these 4 did not go to the Whigs, but were the only ones in the county cast for the odd lot.

New names appear on the poll lists at this election which have not been seen before. The Sandusky poll was presided over by Judge Isaac Wilson, William Van Nortwick, father of Hon. John Van Nortwick. Read Ferson, Mark W. Fletcher and James T. Wheeler were the Clerks. On the Fox River (Aurora) list are the names of Bob Mathews, N. B. Spalding, the Isbells, Nick Gray, Ayers, Van Fleets, Charles Bates and Daniel Eastman.

To close up the year in good shape, the people in the center of the county held an election for Constables, and managed to get up a nice little fight while it lasted. Wm. B. Arnold and Asahel P. Ward received 21 votes to 18 for David Howard and Charles Ballard.

In 1837, the elections were still frequent. The newly organized county was rapidly filling up, and special elections for Justices and Constables were held in various precincts, and, August 7th, an election for county officers was held, at which two new officers were added to the roster of the county government, viz., County Treasurer and Probate Justice of the Peace. The first election of County Clerk by the people was also held at that time. The vote was as follows: Isaac Wilson (father of Hon. I. G. Wilson) received 122 votes for County Treasurer, Joseph W. Churchill had 114 votes for County Commissioner, and Mark W. Fletcher had 119 votes for Clerk of the County Commissioners' Court.

There were but four precincts where votes were cast—Fox River, Sandusky, Lake and Fairfield. The latter precinct included Campton, Plato and vicinity, and cast twenty-two votes. Elias Crary, Joel Harvey (father of George P. Harvey, E. E. and J. D. Harvey) and James Corron were Judges, and Stephen Archer and Henry K. Bartlett were Clerks. Joel Harvey and H. R. Bartlett divided the vote for Justice of the Peace, Harvey leading his competitor a single vote. There was not much canvassing necessary in those days, and candidates' purses were not exhausted before they made their election sure. David Dunham received a single vote in the county for Commissioner, and that was given in Fairfield by one William Bennett. The voters, in those days, had to declare their preferences openly, as all voting was *viva voce*. There was no dodging nor smuggling in votes, but every man, when he came to the poll, declared the man of his choice, and down it went on the poll list opposite his name. Doughfaces had to run a gauntlet that settled their affinities indisputably. At the Sandusky Precinct, Calvin Ward and John W. Russell were elected Constables. At Aurora, Asa McDole was elected Justice of the Peace over E. D. Terry, who received twenty-one votes. There were nineteen men who declined to vote for county officers, who voted for their own neighbors to

dispense justice to them. John Griggs, Sr., was elected Justice in Fairfield, in June. Nathan H. Dearborn was elected Justice, David Howard, Constable, at Sandusky, March 31st, receiving fifty-eight votes, and, in October following, Hendrick Miller was elected Justice, and James Brown Constable, in the same precinct. The latter was a genius in his way. He used to own the farm that Eben Danford now owns. He was once called upon to arrest a suspected criminal, and he summoned a posse to assist in the grave undertaking. They assembled and went into the old hotel, where the object of the august array of the dignity of the people of the State of Illinois was unconsciously smoking, and the Constable thus addressed him: "We arrest and *distrain* you in the name of the people. Have you any weapons about you?" The apprehended said he had a jack-knife. "You will please pass it over, then, and go with me and this 'ere posse. Julius (to one of the posse), you go ahead and I'll bring up behind." And the procession filed away to the county jail.

In December, Elgin held her first election as a separate constituency, electing James T. Gifford, Justice, and Eli Henderson, Constable, and casting 42 votes, among them nine Kimballs and two Giffords, and the heads of the tribes of Merrill, Mann, Jenne, Renwick, Lovell, Welch, Stone and Ranstead.

In Dundee (still called Lake), Dr. John R. Goodno was elected to the bench, and John Oatman, Jr., Constable. On the poll list of the latter place are the names of the Carpenters, E. W. Austin and Gen. McClure.

On the 1st day of May, 1837, the question of a division of the county, forming De Kalb County out of the three ranges west of the present county line and as that county is now organized, was submitted to the people of the county. The election resulted in 171 votes for and 83 votes against division. Sandusky Precinct gave 43 votes for and 30 against. Somonauk, in the territory to be set off, voted solidly against the division—43 votes. Kishwaukee gave 2 votes against, and Sycamore 8 the same way, and Orange, in the same territory, solidly for division. Sandusky was the only precinct voting on the question in the present territory of the county. This was the beginning of the troublesome question of county division in Kane County. That question, and the removal of the county seat, was almost constantly a bugbear in the eyes of the people, until they got a \$100,000 Court House as a rider of the question, and that broke down the nag and spoiled him for any future race, and Geneva breathed free, being rid of a horrible nightmare.

In 1838, the towns began to get into their present boundaries on the river, and new precincts were established. Charleston, as St. Charles was first called, held its first election in August, which was the general election for State officers, Congressmen, county officers, etc.—104 votes. In December, Alexander H. Baird was elected Justice of the Peace, which office he held uninterruptedly nearly, if not quite, thirty years. He is now in Kansas. Dundee gained its present name this year, and elected Zephaniah M. Lott Constable, over his competitor, E. W. Vining, casting 40 votes. Deerfield Precinct comes

in, too, which embraced Rutland and Hampshire. On the 6th of August, an election for two Justices was held, and John Van Velzer, Thomas H. Whittemore and Elijah Rich each received 11 votes. The County Clerk put their names in his hat and shook them up and drew out the lot to settle which two of the three should have the honors and emoluments of the office, and Rice and Whittemore were the lucky men. Philo Noble and William Robbe were elected to execute their commands. Rock Precinct, including Big and Little Rock, elected Archibald Sears as its Judge, in June. In Sandwich, Calvin Rawley was elected Constable in March. He was a character known far and wide by his peculiarity of wearing a sword when in the discharge of his official duties. If he was called on to arrest or summon or subpoena a person, he buckled his good sword on, and, with all the dignity of the commonwealth resting upon his shoulders, he read the warrant or writ in a manner so impressive he commanded the respect and risibilities of his auditor in equal degree.

August 6th, 1838, the general election was held, at which the vote in the county was as follows:

FOR GOVERNOR.		FOR ASSEMBLY.	
Thomas Carlin, Democrat.....	511 ✓	Jos. W. Churchill, Democrat.....	231
Cyrus Edwards, Whig.....	323	Geo. W. Howe, Whig.....	339 ✓
		S. S. Jones,.....	1
FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.		FOR SHERIFF.	
Stinson H. Anderson, Democrat.....	511 ✓	B. F. Fridley, Democrat.....	552 ✓
W. A. Davidson, Whig.....	321	Leonard Howard, Whig.....	129
		Wm. L. Church, Whig.....	122
FOR CONGRESS.		FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.	
Stephen A. Douglas, Democrat.....	517	Colton Knox, Democrat.....	405
John T. Stuart, Whig.....	311	Ira Minard, Democrat.....	432
		Geo. E. Peck, Democrat.....	519 ✓
		Thomas H. Thompson, Whig.....	343
		A. P. Hubbard, Whig.....	418
		James McClure, Whig.....	295
FOR STATE SENATE.		FOR CORONER.	
Allen H. Howland, Democrat.....	248	Asa McDole, Democrat.....	452 ✓
William Stadden, Democrat.....	256	Samuel Sterling, Whig.....	340
John W. Mason, Whig.....	315 ✓		

At this election, St. Charles supported her own citizen, Leonard Howard, against B. F. Fridley, giving him 92 votes out of her 103 polled. Mr. Minard also led his colleagues Knox and Peck, getting 100 votes, while T. H. Thompson had but 6. It looks as though the candidates traded then as they do now sometimes. But in Dundee Mr. Minard received 48 votes to Mr. Thompson's 24, and they were both splendid men. Fridley carried off every vote in Dundee, while Churchill had only the Democratic poll, 51. Elgin stood 47 Democratic to 26 Whig, Sandusky 84 to 57, Aurora 129 to 69, St. Charles 59 to 45, Rock Precinct 55 to 27, Fairfield (Plato and Campton) 34 to 9, and Deerfield, the present and for years past the stronghold of the Democracy in Kane County (Rutland), gave 14 Whig to 9 Democratic votes. Since then, a different population has moved into that territory. Fridley received every vote, however, and he was the only scratch on the ticket. The returns from Dundee

have on them the names of I. C. Bosworth and Dempster, Grant and Rankin, the first comers of the Scotch colony.

Caleb A. Buckingham, one of the Boston company, kept the poll list at Geneva in his very neat chirography. On the list are the names of Joshua E. Ambrose, the Baptist missionary, and John N. Donals, the father of the present Mrs. James C. Baird, of St. Charles, and whose claim was just south of the Judge Lockwood homestead, and included 160 acres of the best timber in the Big Woods, which remained intact up to three or four years ago, when Mrs. Baird sold it to L. P. Barker, who has bought and cleared off more acres of solid timber, in that grove, than any other man. The Batavia and Blackberry people all voted at Sandusky then. On the Fox River list, the names of three Stolps, J. G., John, Jr., and Joseph, appear; also a Knickerbocker, Plato Judd, and Isbells and a long array of familiar names, and some entirely unfamiliar, they have disappeared long ago from the records of the county. Silas Reynolds was one of the Clerks of election. The next county election was held in August, 1839, the Democrats electing their candidates by a vote of about 550 to 265 Whig. N. B. Spaulding was elected County Commissioner; David Dunham, Recorder; Joel Harvey, Treasurer; Peter J. Waggoner, County Surveyor; Horace N. Chapman, Probate Justice, and M. W. Fletcher, County Clerk. Fletcher received 787 votes; Calvin Ward, 4, and R. V. M. Croes, 1 vote for the latter office. Thomas H. Thompson, of Dundee; Charles S. Clark, of Geneva; Harry Boardman, of Batavia; Nehemiah King, of Aurora, and A. P. Hubbard, of Batavia, were the Whig standard bearers. Localities in those days cut no figure, but the best men they could pick up were taken, irrespective of locality.

At the August election in 1839, several of the precincts elected Justices and Constables. In Sandusky there were six candidates for Justices, but Charles Ballard, at Batavia, and C. B. Dodson, at Clybourne's, won the titles and emoluments. Dr. Pierre A. Allaire was elected in Ellery Precinct, now Oswego. N. B. Spaulding, who had changed his residence from Aurora to Dundee, was elected Justice in Lake Precinct, against seven other competitors; I. C. Bosworth, now of Elgin, receiving a single vote. His partner, Alfred Edwards, now deceased, also received a similar token of his fitness for the constabulary force. Burgess Truesdell was elected Justice in Elgin, and "Father" Crary, as he was called in later years, received the same position in Fairfield (now Campton and Plato). Robert Corron was chosen to read the greeting of the people of the State of Illinois to unwilling hearers, in the same bailiwick. William B. Plato was elected to dispense justice to those dwelling where Aurora now sits a queen.

Blackberry held her first election, as a separate precinct, January 8, 1839, and elected Samuel Platt and Roswell W. Acers Justices; but in August she voted again for the same officers, and chose William B. West and Mr. Platt. Mr. West then gained his cognomen of "the 'Squire," which he held until his

death. The unique signatures of David Wheeler and Mr. West are appended to the returns, and show but little change in all the years of their busy lives.

A vacancy occurred in the office of Coroner, and a special election was ordered, in November, 1839, to fill it, at which David Livingston was elected, receiving 79 votes, to 69 for James T. Gifford, of Elgin; Bosworth, 4; Edwards, 2; and Eaton Walker, 2—the three latter all being in Dundee. Drs. Tefft and Root, of Elgin, each also received a vote, and Mr. Plato had 2. This election possessed little interest to the people, but Blackberry, having lately come to her privileges of an independent constituency, did not neglect the opportunity thus offered to make her record among the archives of the county, and she sent in her returns for the day's work, with just five names upon them, to wit: Abner Rawson, David Wheeler, W. B. West, Marcus White and Hiram S. Reed, and these were the Judges and Clerks who certified to the returns.

In those days, any citizen of the county could vote anywhere he happened to be, and at this election, C. B. Dodson, David Dunham and James Brown, all residents of Sandusky Precinct, are found voting in Fairfield Precinct; and as Mr. Gifford received every vote cast, the query is raised whether or no they were out on an electioneering trip. Sandusky, also, gave all of her votes to Mr. Gifford, but McCarty's Mills were too much for him, and the candidate from the south part of the county won the contest.

The election of August, 1840, for county officers was very closely contested, 1,291 votes being polled, of which James Risk received 647 and Leonard Howard, 623 for Sheriff; "Bob" Mathews, 679, and Elijah Lee, 511, for Coroner; William B. West, 693, and Nathan C. Mighell, 598, for County Commissioner; Dr. Henry A. Miller, 687, and James Brown, 605 votes for County Treasurer. The last two candidates were from Geneva; Messrs. West and Mighell from the rural districts—the "back towns." "Bob" Mathews was from Aurora; Lee and Risk from Batavia, and Howard from St. Charles. Locality had its influence at that election, sure.

At a special election August 15, this year (1840), Robert Moody was elected Justice of the Peace, and many laughable stories are told of his court, which was a great institution in those early days. S. S. Jones and B. F. Fridley were practicing attorneys in the palmy days of Justice Moody, and were almost invariably pitted against each other in the numerous cases they had before the hard-headed Magistrate, whose strong common sense made up any deficiency there might have been in his legal knowledge. "Shortage" in the latter respect was excusable in those early days, when statutes were not as plenty as now, where jobs are so easily smuggled into their printing. On one occasion, when the two lawyers had a trial in his court, before a jury, after the testimony was in and arguments made, the court began to instruct the jury after the manner of Judge Ford, the then presiding Judge of the Circuit Court. Mr. Fridley interposed and said he must not instruct the jury. The

court asked why not. Jones, seeing the point for fun, said, certainly, it was quite proper that the court should instruct. Again Fridley interfered, and again the court replied, "Sure, Judge Ford instructs the jury, and why shouldn't I?" "Certainly, certainly," said the mischievous Jones, "the court can instruct the jury." Again the Justice essays to lay down the law, and again is opposed by the persistent Fridley. At length the court, with his Scotch temper fully roused, says, in his broad Scotch accent, "Weel, Muster Fredley, sin ye are sae strenuous about it, ahll note instruct the jury; but one thing ah wull say, ye've made a vera bahd case o' it."

At the August election, Sugar Grove comes in with her first returns as a separate independency, under her baptismal name, which has never been changed. She cast 84 votes, and elected her first Justice and Constable, Isaac S. and Ira H. Fitch being the honored recipients of her official favors, respectively.

The Presidential contest of 1840, between Van Buren and Harrison, brought out 1,584 votes, and the military prestige and the high tide of song of

"Tippecanoe and Tyler too,
With them we can beat little Van,
Oh! Van, Van, Van is a used up man,"

carried the county for the Whigs by 36 majority. Among the familiar names on the list of Electors are those of John A. McClernand on the Democratic ticket and Abraham Lincoln and "Buck" Morris on the other. Washington Precinct, now Plato, comes to the front and brings her first offering of separate self-government. Among the returns of this election she cast 47 Whig and 32 Democratic votes, and elected Joel Root and John S. Lee Justices of the Peace. St. Charles cast 97 Democratic and 93 Whig votes. The poll book, which was made by James T. Wheeler, is a perfect model of neatness. It is ruled on blank paper, and the names of the Electors printed on the head of the sheet with a pen, and the names of the voters written with great care, and not a blot appears on it from first to last.

The Fox River Precinct cast 118 Democratic and 113 Whig votes, Elgin 110 to 97 the same way; Sandusky cast 70 to 77 the other way; Dundee gave the Democrats 49 votes and the Whigs 119; Sugar Grove cast 62 votes and gave the Whigs 33 of them; but Blackberry led her sister town 4 votes and gave 42 of them to the opposite party; Deerfield (Rutland) gave but 12 of her 52 votes to the farmer of North Bend, but Fairfield more than paired off with her by giving 44 of her 59 votes to the hero; Big and Little Rock reversed the list again and counted up for the Kinderhook Fox 94 votes to 50 for his military competitor.

At the election of August, 1841, another office was enrolled upon the county's official roster, that of School Commissioner. Ira Minard received 506 votes to 437 cast for C. B. Dodson. There were 959 votes polled, and Allen P. Hubbard was elected County Commissioner, Bela T. Hunt Treasurer and William C. Kimball Coroner. James H. Ralston received 497 votes against 476 for John T. Stewart and 28 for Frederick Collins for Congress.

Dundee outgrew its territorial name of Lake, and took upon herself her new name. The name could not have been distasteful to the Scotchmen whose homes were within her borders. The poll list is made out by Charles B. Wells, and though a younger looking chirography, it is no neater or more uniform than the Captain's is, now albeit thirty-seven years of hard labor have occupied his head and hand since then.

The election of August, 1842, was for State and County officers and Assemblymen, and also for or against a Convention to amend the Constitution. There were 1,240 votes polled. Thomas Ford, the Democratic candidate for Governor, received 750; Joseph Duncan, the Whig candidate, 457, and Chas. W. Hunter, the first standard bearer in the county of the old Liberty party, received 32 votes. Thirteen of the Liberty votes were cast in St. Charles, and were John L. Wilson, Dean Ferson, Robert Moody, Jr., Millen Bennett, D. W. Elmore, Samuel Young, Isaac Preston, Justin Crafts, Robert Moody, Sr., Lucius Foote, Reuben Beach, Calvin Ward and Thomas Barland. Elgin gave but 6 votes for the Old Guard, and they were J. H. Scott, Hezekiah Gifford, John W. Hoagland, Abel Walker, Calvin Carr and Ralph Grow. Geneva and Batavia (Sandusky) had 3 votes for the Abolitionists, and they were those of Sylvanus Town, John Gregg and Joseph Worsley. Aurora had 10 men who were brave enough to stand up for freedom for all, black or white, and they were C. Cook, S. K. Ball, B. H. Smith, D. W. Moffitt, Edwin Lockwood, Benjamin Howell, Kimball Favor, Dr. Huson Root, Isaac M. Howell and Lucian Farnam.

The Liberty party had a regular ticket in the field, but not all of the votes polled for Governor were given for the rest of the ticket, the votes being cast more by way of protest than anything else. James T. Gifford received 7 and Sylvanus Town 8 votes for Senator. The county voted 628 votes for, to 171 against the Convention. Ira Minard received a majority of the votes for Senator. McHenry, DeKalb and Kane Counties composed the Senatorial District, and Mr. Minard was elected. DeKalb cast 401 votes and McHenry 750; Kane casting more than both.

N. B. Spaulding was elected Sheriff, Shepherd Johnston County Commissioner, and Wm. C. Kimball Coroner. Franklin Precinct was set off at this election, and comprised Virgil in its territory. There were 39 votes polled, and Simeon Bean and Henry Krows were elected the first Justices, and Milton Thornton and John V. McKinley, Constables. There were 27 Democratic and 12 Whig votes polled. In October of the same year, the people of the county chose L. Howard Probate Justice of the Peace over S. S. Jones, his competitor. St. Charles, whose citizens they both were, gave Howard a majority of 61. The poll was but 530 votes. Previous to the election of August, 1842, Kendall County had been organized, the three southern towns of Kane County taken into the territory of the new county, leaving Kane County as it is at present constituted.

The election of August, 1843, was for Congressman and county officers. Long John Wentworth was the Democratic candidate, on his first term, and beat Giles Spring, his Whig competitor, 247 votes in Kane County. There were 1,468 votes polled, and the Abolitionists had gained a large per centage during the year, casting 175 votes. Fletcher was elected County Clerk; G. W. Gorton, Recorder; S. S. Jones, Probate Justice; E. R. Allen, Treasurer; and Dr. Hale, School Commissioner, but he would not serve, and a special election was held in the Fall, and Wyatt Carr elected. Thomas E. Dodge was elected County Commissioner. Burlington took her place among her sister towns in the county at this election, and elected Ebenezer Norman and J. C. Ellithorp her first Justices.

The Presidential election of 1844 was hotly contested. The Democrats carried the day by just one vote less than a majority over Whigs and Abolitionists. The Democratic poll was 1,046, the Whig 748, and the Liberty vote 299. There are familiar names on the list of Electors. Govs. Wood and French, W. A. Richardson, Col. Dement, Isaac N. Arnold and Judge Purple were among the Democratic Electors, while S. Lisle Smith and J. J. Brown, the brilliant orators, Abraham Lincoln, U. F. Linder, whose names are household words, were among the Whigs. Owen Lovejoy, it is needless to say, was one of the Liberty men.

S. Lisle Smith and Lincoln were passionate admirers of Henry Clay, the candidate of the Whigs for the Presidency. Smith's eulogy on Clay at Niagara Falls, at the obsequies of the dead statesman, is said to be one of the finest productions in the way of pure eloquence of the age. Smith was quick at retort and repartee, and a fine speaker on the stump, and always ready to make a speech. Once, while going down the lakes, he was called on to make a speech, and as his forte was politics, and the campaign was hot, he naturally made a partisan speech, which did not suit the Democratic part of his audience, and they gathered in the back end of the cabin of the steamer, and at last expressed their dissent to Smith's sentiments by hissing. No sooner had he heard this sign of disapproval than he stopped abruptly in his argument, and began an eloquent recital of the formation of man and his situation in Eden. With glowing and impassioned eloquence he pictured to his rapt auditors the temptation and fall of man. He then drew another scene, the presentation of the Son as a sacrifice for sin, the acceptance of the offer, His life on earth, and His tragic death. "But," said the speaker, his eye kindling as he spoke, and his audience in almost breathless silence, "Death could not hold Him, the fetters of the grave were broken, the rock was rolled away, the Redeemer came forth in immortal youth and vigor, and all heaven rejoiced and all *hell hissed*. Remember that, my hearties, all *hell hissed*." There were no further interruptions to that speech.

John J. Brown used to practice in our Circuit Court in early days, and as late as 1849-50. He was an able advocate, merciless in his sarcasm, and could

give and take with the best at the bar or in the hustings. U. F. Linder was known by an expression that was in common use by him, as "For God's sake" Linder. He was a voluble and frothy talker.

At the election in August, 1844, N. B. Spalding was elected Sheriff; Wm. C. Kimball, County Commissioner; Charles Metcalf, Treasurer, and N. H. Dearborn, Coroner. There were 1,641 votes polled, and the Liberty men cast 268 of them, but the Democracy had a handsome majority over both the opposing parties. There were some of the best men of the county candidates for office that Summer. See what an array of men are here: For Sheriff, N. B. Spalding, Gilman H. Merrill and James T. Wheeler; County Commissioner, Wm. C. Kimball, Allen P. Hubbard and Joel McKee; Wm. G. Hubbard for County Treasurer, and Clement H. Goodwin for Coroner. The candidates for Congress were John Wentworth, Buckner S. Morris and John H. Henderson. Long John labored faithfully for his constituents, whether of his political faith or not. Any of them was promptly attended to, to the most minute detail, from a package of seeds to a harbor appropriation. Therefore, he held his position for term after term. His accommodating ways paid him, at elections, heavy interest.

In August, 1845, Royalton (Kaneville) was set off into a separate constituency, and elected Milton M. Ravlin and John Bunker Justices, and R. W. Lee and Robert Carter Constables, to set the judicial life in motion. At the election there were only county officers elected, and the vote was small and scattering, the successful candidates getting but about 400 votes. Silas Reynolds, of Sugar Grove, was elected County Commissioner; Alfred Churchill, School Commissioner, and James Hotchkiss, County Treasurer.

August, 1846, was a general State and Congressional election, and a full vote was polled, 1,857 votes. The Liberty men, from a so-called handful of fanatics, beneath the notice of the other two parties, had become the second in numbers, casting 533 votes for Owen Lovejoy for Congress, against the Whigs' poll of but 414, and the Democratic vote of 910. Later on, in 1848, this strength was utilized by a coalition of the Whigs and Abolitionists, that put C. B. Wells into the Circuit Clerk's office, and gave B. C. Yates the shrievalty.

The election of August, 1847, was hotly contested. Three tickets were in the field, and each drew its full party support, varied in some instances according to the popularity or unpopularity of the several candidates. For Delegates to the Convention to amend the State Constitution, there were nine good men in the field, the district of which Kane County was a part being entitled to three members. B. F. Fridley, Wm. B. Plato and Isaac G. Wilson, were the Democratic candidates and received 783, 831 and 720 votes respectively. Augustus Adams, of Elgin; Thomas Judd, of Sugar Grove, and Alfred Churchill, were the candidates of the Whigs, and polled 1,144, 1,051 and 971 votes respectively. Allen Pinkerton, Nicholas Hard and J. P. Bartlett were the Liberty men, and received 200, 315 and 318 votes respectively.



A. M. A. Livingston
GENEVA.

The county officers elected were Josiah L. Warner, Whig, County Commissioner's Clerk, over A. M. Herrington, Democratic, by 35 majority; Alexander V. Sill, Whig, Probate Justice, over S. S. Jones, by a majority of 199; Elijah H. Swartout, Recorder, over Joel McKee, Liberty, by 377, and over G. H. Merrill, Whig, by 203 majority. Thomas H. Whittemore beat his Whig competitor, Thomas H. Thompson, 95 votes, for County Commissioner, and Thomas A. Scott, Democrat, was elected County Treasurer and Assessor by a majority over James Brown, the Whig candidate, of 225. Mr. Scott, who was then and is now a worthy citizen of Geneva, says the County Commissioner refused to furnish him with blank books for his use in taking the assessment of the county, but made him take foolscap paper and tie the sheets together in lieu thereof. The stationery bills of a whole year then were not equal to a month now, but there was not anything like the use of it then as now. Then the vote of the county was but 2,000 and now it is three times as many.

James Carr, the Democratic candidate for County Surveyor, led all of his colleagues, he receiving 1,037 votes, to 727 for William A. Tanner and 326 for W. R. Mann. John W. Hapgood beat Thomas Judd 7 votes in the race for School Commissioner. At this election, the townships or precincts were complete as they now stand, except Geneva and Batavia were still called Sandusky Precinct, and voted at Geneva. Hampshire was set off into a separate precinct, and Deerfield (Rutland) was changed to Jackson.

In 1848, there were four general elections, the first one on March 6th, on the adoption of the new Constitution, which the Convention had framed and submitted to the people for their approval, and the separate provisions to be voted on independently. The second was the regular August election of State and county officers and members of the Legislature. The third and first judicial election held in the county, for Judges and Clerks of the Supreme and Circuit Courts, in September; and the fourth and last, the Presidential election, in November.

At the constitutional election in March, there were 1,108 votes cast for the adoption, and 348 for the rejection of the new organic act. On the two-mill tax, for the support of schools, there were found 221 persons with hardihood and ignorance enough to vote no, but 1,176 saw its benefits and voted aye. The returns of Burlington did not get in in time to be canvassed. Sugar Grove, which has to-day one of the best public schools in the State, had 2 votes against the two-mill tax; Jackson (Rutland), 26; Little and Big Rock, 2; Dundee, 25; Sandusky, 42; Hampshire, 5; Royalton, 5; Fairfield, 4; Blackberry, 19; St. Charles, 20; Washington, 6; Franklin, 6; Aurora, 36; and Elgin, 25. These towns would hardly vote so to-day.

At the August election there was a coalition between the Whigs and Abolitionists, but it did not succeed in placing in office any one except B. C. Yates, and his success was attributable as much to his personal popularity as to the coalition. He had the highest vote of any candidate at the election,

1,034. He was a Whig, but several of the Whigs voted against him out of personal friendship to Jim Hotchkiss, his competitor. Mr. Plato had the next highest vote, 979, for State Senator, against J. F. Farnsworth, who received but 393. From the vote the Abolitionists on the ticket received, it looks as though the Whigs did not fully carry out their agreement. Dr. Dyer, the candidate for Governor, received but 416 votes, and L. C. P. Freer, candidate for Secretary of State, 414, and the balance of the State officers received the same. The candidates for Congressmen were Wentworth, J. Y. Scammon and Owen Lovejoy. Scammon was a Whig and received 543 votes, and Lovejoy, the Liberty candidate, got the straight Abolition vote, 418. For Assemblyman, the Whigs voted for their man, and the Abolitionists for theirs. John Scott, of Plato, and John King, of Aurora, were candidates for County Commissioner, and Scott received 897 votes to 720 for King. Seth Marvin got the regular Democratic vote for Coroner, 909, and Geo. B. Paine, of Batavia, the Whig vote. Andrew Pingree had 899 votes for County Surveyor, and Adin Mann, 679. Batavia voted separately, at this election, from Geneva, and cast 229 votes. Mr. Plato was elected Senator, and E. W. Austin and Horace W. Fay, Representatives. The district was composed of De Kalb and Kane Counties.

The new Constitution made radical changes in the government of counties, terminating the County Commissioners' Court in 1849, and establishing the County Court, consisting of one Judge and two Associates, after the manner of Vermont, which led D. W. Annis to remark that the duty of the Associate Justice was to keep the flies off the Chief Justices. New Justices of the Supreme Court were elected, and also Circuit Judges to hold the Circuit Courts, the Supreme Court Justices having formerly held the Circuit Courts, and then altogether in banque they formed the Supreme Court, and decided upon the legality or illegality of their own decisions in the courts below. The duties of the Supreme Court Justices were onerous, and not very liberally compensated, \$1,200 per annum being paid previous to 1848, but reduced to \$1,000.

The new Constitution went into effect April 1, 1848, and the first election held under it was held September 4th, at which election Theophilus L. Dickey, a most courteous and genial gentleman of good legal standing and a Henry Clay Whig, from Kentucky, was chosen Judge of the Ninth Judicial Circuit, in which Kane County was situated. Benj. F. Fridley was his competitor. Dickey made a most excellent Judge, dispatched business rapidly, and rarely made an erroneous decision. He took but few cases under advisement, but decided them off hand, his ready memory of the law doing him efficient service in that respect. At one time during his term of office, while holding court in McHenry County, Joel H. Johnson, the Clerk of the Court, was sick, and he sent to Chas. B. Wells, then Clerk in Kane County, to act in his behalf at Woodstock. Mr. Wells responded, and in two days' time Judge Dickey called and disposed of finally, or for the term, 150 cases, and Mr. Wells himself, with-

out any assistance, had the record fully written up, ready for the Judge's signature, on the morning of the third day, and the court adjourned.

Judge Dickey was fond of a good story (and is now, and can tell one most charmingly), and often relaxed his dignity, while on the bench, to indulge in something more than a broad grin at the sallies of wit that passed between the counselors at the bar. He had been accustomed to see something of the sports of the ring, in his residence in Kentucky, and one day, while trying a case in the first court house built in the county, on the present site of the Swedish Church in Geneva—an old frame building, standing as late as 1850—before Judge Ford, he saw through the window the long, brawny arm of one of the members of the bar of Kane County, then, as now, raised up, with a clinched brown fist at the end of it, in the act of descending upon some object. Forgetting the awful presence of the court whom he was addressing, he sprang upon the table to get a better view of the owner of the fist, and shouted out as he saw it descend heavily on the scone of a brother limb of the law, "A fight! a fight! by Jupiter!" and rushed out of the court room, amid the laughter of the bar. The squabble was over by the time he reached the scene of hostilities, and, coming back into court, he made a graceful apology for his impulsiveness, saying that he "never could see fight without desiring to take a hand in it himself." He took, in later years, a hand in a fight of larger dimensions, making an honorable record at the head of a regiment of cavalry in the War of the Rebellion.

Judge Caton was elected, at that same election, the Justice for the Third Division of the Supreme Court, and Lorenzo Leland, Clerk. B. C. Cook was chosen State's Attorney for the Ninth Circuit, and Charles B. Wells, Clerk of the Circuit Court and ex officio Recorder of Kane County; Benjamin F. Hall, of Aurora, the founder of the *Aurora Beacon*, and subsequently lost on the *Lady Elgin*, on Lake Michigan, was his Democratic competitor. Mr. Wells received 693 votes and Hall, 643. The office of Recorder of Deeds did not attach to the Circuit Clerk, however, until September, 1849, when E. H. Swarthout's term of office expired.

The fee for recording then was eight cents per folio of 100 words, a regular form of warranty deed costing eighty-one cents, or, as it was expressed cabalistically on the instrument, "6-6." The forms of deeds, since then, have kept pace with the increase of fees, until both are as long as the purse. Those were the palmy days of the gray goose-quill, the sand-box, the wafer and blue foolscap; but these things are now kept in some old smoke-browned antiquary's cabinet, having given way and made place for "Gillot's No. 404," blotting pad, mucilaged envelopes and cream-laid legal cap. Then, the clerks plodded over the miscellaneous record, taking everything in its turn, whether warranty or quit-claim, trust-deed or mortgage, articles of agreement or satisfaction piece, and spread them at length on the plain white page, numbered by the copyist as he went along. Now, the different kinds of instruments—and their name is

legion—have each their separate form printed, and the blanks are filled up with neatness by the white fingers of dainty misses.

In the good old days of "Fletch" and Ford, when the jackknife and Virginia plug used to pass back and forth between Clerk and Judge as the docket was being called and cases tried, the floor of the Clerk's office was diversified with lakelets and pools of the juice of the half masticated weed, and the water view embellished with islets of the refuse quids. Now, this office is carpeted with ingrain, upon which the footfalls of the houris that hold their court therein are not heard. Then, the atmosphere was thick and nauseating with the smoke from villainous pipes and more villainous tobacco; now, the odor is of mignonette and jockey club. Then, it was hard to distinguish between judicial swearing and the non-judicial oaths that were administered. There are none now but legal oaths in those precincts sacred to the goddesses who dispense to us the luxuries of summons, subpoenas, attachments, ne-exeats, mandamuses, certioraris and fee bills.

The Presidential election of 1848 brought out the largest vote that had at that time been polled in the county, 2,858 votes being cast. Of these the Free Soil candidates, Van Buren and Adams, carried away the largest number—1,220; Old Zach Taylor came next, and scored 855, while Cass and Butler had a moiety of 783. S. A. Hurlbut, U. F. Linder and O. H. Browning were among the Electors on the Whig ticket; S. S. Hayes, still true to his early teachings, was one of the Democratic electors, and Wm. B. Ogden, Thomas Hoyne and Jonathan Blanchard were among the Free Soilers.

The vote in the several towns was as follows:

	<i>Whig.</i>	<i>Dem.</i>	<i>Free Soil.</i>
Geneva	60	44	46
Dundee.....	74	68	131
Hampshire	56	41	45
Burlington	18	41	38
Batavia	53	53	73
Sugar Grove.....	62	18	35
Blackberry	24	18	40
St. Charles	162	141	159
Fairfield (Campton).....	21	19	50
Jackson (Rutland)	8	47	13
Jefferson (Big Rock).....	12	35	35
Franklin (Virgil).....	21	23	38
Royalton (Kaneville).....	24	12	18
Washington (Plato).....	20	16	37
Fox River (Aurora).....	100	60	240
Elgin	140	147	222
	855	783	1,220

Geneva held her first separate town election this year, and elected Allen P. Hubbard Justice, and Nathan P. Herrington Constable.

In 1849, the only general election was the regular one on November 6, at which the question of township organization was submitted and adopted by a vote of 1,786 to 34, and county officers were elected as follows: Isaac G. Wilson, County Judge; Andrew J. Waldron and Marcus White, Associate Jus-

tices; James Herrington, County Clerk; Joseph Kimball, School Commissioner; D. M. Green, County Treasurer, and Andrew Pingree, County Surveyor. There were three tickets in the field, as in 1848, but the old ship swung back to her Democratic moorings, where she remained without change until the gale of 1856, when she broke away from her fastenings and scudded into the Republican harbor, from which she has not ventured at any general election since, although she has made several trial trips at off years, and has become somewhat uncertain on a simple county issue to anxious nominees of the conventions. Judge Wilson received the largest number of votes at the election of 1849, given to any candidate—1,037, being but three more than Mr. Yates received the year before, on the opposite ticket for Sheriff. A. P. Hubbard, Whig, received 724 votes, and J. F. Farnsworth 320; James Herrington received 811 votes for County Clerk, T. C. Moore 719, and Paul R. Wright, 548. Both of the latter gentlemen were subsequently elected to the office of Circuit Clerk, Mr. Wright in 1856, and Mr. Moore in 1860. Mr. Wright was an old-line Abolitionist, and was the first one of that original party ever elected to a county office in the county. Mr. Wright, despite the opprobrium attached to his political faith, received a handsome plurality at the election of November, 1849, in Elgin, where he resided, and was, of course, best known. In Dundee, also, he led his competitors. Mr. Moore's vote of 30 majority in Batavia, where he lived, also shows in what estimation his friends held him. Mr. Herrington also led his party ticket at his home in Geneva.

In the Spring of 1850, the first Board of Supervisors was elected, and were as follows: Aurora, Russell D. Mix; Batavia, M. M. Mallory; Geneva, William Cheever; St. Charles, F. H. Bowman; Elgin, J. W. Brewster; Dundee, T. H. Thompson; Rutland, E. R. Starks; Plato, John S. Lee; Camp-ton, J. P. Bartlett; Blackberry, R. W. Acers; Sugar Grove, E. D. Terry; Big Rock, J. D. Dunning; Kaneville, M. M. Ravlin; Virgil, J. H. Snook; Burlington, Cyrus Phelps; Hampshire, Julius A. Starks.

The first meeting was held June 4, 1850, and William Cheever, of Geneva, was chosen the first Chairman. The members were not at home on the powers of the Board, but they made a bold front, and resolved they were equal to any emergency that might arise in relation to business heretofore done by the County Commissioners' Court or County Court, and voted to proceed at once to the performance of their duties, "promptly, cautiously and with the utmost economy." Then they appointed a committee to get the opinion of Judge Wilson, of the County Court, on the power of the Board to settle with the Sheriff, who was, and had been prior to 1850, the Collector of Taxes. The committee reported, the next morning, that Judge Wilson held that the Supervisors had not power to organize until the first Monday after the general election in November, 1850, and until that time the management of the fiscal concerns of the county remained with the County Court. But the members of the Board did not acquiesce in his honor's views, but went on as they had already resolved,

and took measures for a settlement with the Sheriff, and allowed bills and drew jurors, and adjourned until the annual meeting, in November.

The first town meetings held in the county, in 1850, placed the county government in the present system, the workings of which are familiar, and completes the history of the organization of the civil life of the county.

The first court held in the county was a term of the Circuit Court begun on the 19th day of June, 1837. It was held by Hon. John Pearson, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court, in the log house of Mr. James Herrington, which stood by the big spring that flows out of the ledge, just under the lower terrace, in Geneva. (This old homestead served for hotel, school room, court room, church and public hall for many years.) Alonzo Huntington was State's Attorney in attendance on the court, and Allen P. Hubbard was Clerk the first day, but on the second day Mark W. Fletcher received the appointment from Judge Pearson, and took possession of the office, which he held until the election of 1848, when he was succeeded by Charles B. Wells. Selden M. Church, however, was the first appointed Clerk, but before court was held he removed to Rockford, and Mr. Hubbard received the appointment, from Judge Ford, September 21, 1836. Mr. Hubbard took his official oath before E. S. Towne, Justice of the Peace. B. F. Fridley was the Sheriff, and gave bonds in \$10,000, with Joel Jenks, George W. Gorton, Nick Gray and Dr. Madden as his securities. George W. Gorton was his Deputy. Asa McDole was the Coroner.

The first Grand Jury impaneled in the county was at this term, and were as follows: Isaac Wilson, Foreman; Sidney Kimball, Allen Ware, J. T. Wheeler, Wm. Van Nortwick, Samuel McCarty, Nicholas Gray, Edward Keys, James Squires, B. F. Phillips, O. W. Perkins, Ansel Kimball, Wallis Hotchkiss, John Van Fleet, W. T. Elliott, John Ross, Friend Marks, Solomon Dunham, Marshall Stark, George Johnson and Lyman Barber. The grand inquest found five indictments—three for larceny and two for riot. The rioting grew out of claim fights in the southwest part of the county, and the parties indicted appeared at the second term of the Court, held in September following, and confessed that they could not deny the charges of the indictment against them, and prayed the mercy of the Court, which they received in the shape of \$5.00 fine, and costs of court. This procedure on their part was a little different from "Hank" McLean's plea to the indictment found against him in the McHenry Circuit Court for malicious mischief. McLean had a little ranch up above Algonquin, which he had enclosed with an apology for a fence made of brush, and such material as he could get together without much effort. His neighbor kept a flock of sheep, and the fence did not prove to be much of an obstacle to their long legs, and they bothered McLean somewhat, by breaking into his garden. He chased them out several times; and at last, losing his temper, he managed to kill one of the depredators. This raised a storm; and at the next setting of the Circuit, the aggrieved neighbor went before the Grand Jury, and laid his complaint before that body, and they found an indictment.

The State's Attorney got hold of the real state of facts, and desiring some sport, drew up a most elaborate indictment. He charged that the defendant, one Henry, alias Hank, McLean, against the peace and dignity of the people of the State of Illinois, with malice aforethought and evil intent, did, with clubs, bludgeons, guns, pistols, swords and other murderous instruments, beat, bruise, wound, maim and do to death, certain animals, to-wit: sheep, lambs, rams, wethers and ewes, of the property of Atkinson, living then and there in the peace of the people. As soon as the indictment was filed in the Court, it was whispered around that there would be fun on the trial, and McLean was ordered to be ready, and an early day set for the hearing. The business of the Court was pushed through rapidly, and the afternoon of the term, when everybody was jolly and ready for fun, the case of the people vs. Henry S. McLean was called and the defendant arraigned, the indictment slowly and measuredly read by the Clerk, and then the Court, in solemn judicial dignity, asked the question, "Is the prisoner at the bar guilty or not guilty in manner and form as charged in the indictment?" McLean then arose from his half bent, slouching position, and standing erect, replied, "May it please the Court, if I should say I am not guilty, I should lie; and if I should say I am guilty in manner and form as charged in the indictment, I should tell a d——d sight bigger lie; therefore, I stand mute!" The roar that shook the building, at this plea, so disturbed the blind and steady-handed goddess, she dismissed the case, and her devotees adjourned to the hotel for a jolly wind up of the judicial proceedings.

The first Petit Jury of the county was as follows: Calvin Ward, Reed Ferson, Benj. H. Smith, E. K. Mann, S. H. Hamilton, James Latham, Charles Latten, John V. King, Jas. Ferson, John W. Douglas, Asa Merrill and Gideon Young. The term lasted three days, and there were in the time five jury trials, four changes of venue granted, fourteen judgments, amounting to \$5,400, rendered, twenty suits continued, and five dismissed. The first order entered on the record was a rule to "plead by to-morrow morning," entered June 19, 1837, in the suit of Hugh C. Gibson and three female Gibsons vs. G. W. and Harrison Haynes and John Miller. The same order was entered in the case of seventeen plaintiffs vs. Thomas G. Getman, Thayer and the Haynes. The same seventeen plaintiffs recovered one cent damages and their costs of suit against the defendants.

Ransom Olds, Aaron Burbank, Jona. Kimball, Elizur Burbank and D. W. Elmore failed to respond to the process of the court, and attachments were ordered against them, but they came in at a subsequent term and purged themselves of their contempt, and were dismissed with the costs. On motion of Jas. M. Strode, Jacob B. Mills was allowed to practice as an attorney in the court, and H. N. Chapman was similarly privileged on the motion of Giles Spring. John Douglas was the first alien who renounced his allegiance to his native country, and took Uncle Sam for his future Cæsar. He was a Scotchman, and filed his declaration on the second day of the court.

The second term of the court was held in September, 1837, by Judge Thomas. At this court, the afterward famous controversy of Anson Pease vs. John Peter Schneider, and John Peter Schneider vs. Anson Pease, first made its appearance on the docket, from which it did not disappear until after 1850. It grew out of the claim of the water power at Schneider's, now known as North Aurora. Pease was a litigious fellow, and a local rhymester, whose habitat was Aurora, in the early days, thus done him up in verse :

“ Is-c M-r-l-t and Anson Pease
Are the very d—l to laugh and tease,
Of whisky punch they'll drink enough
To fill Fox River from bluff to bluff.”

The County Commissioners' Court had charge only of the fiscal concerns of the county, allowed the bills, levied the taxes and settled with the Sheriff, who was Tax Collector then. The first session of the court was in 1836, and the court was composed of Thomas H. Thompson, Claudius Townsend and Mark Daniels, County Commissioners, with Mark W. Fletcher, as Clerk.

The Elgin bar has ever been noted for its legal and forensic ability. Among its honored names are the first ones who came to the village, while it was yet a hamlet of but a few houses, and who practiced in the old Thirteenth Circuit, viz. : E. E. Harvey, who went into the military service at the call for volunteers in the Mexican war, and gave his life for the country, dying in Mexico; P. R. Wright, formerly Circuit Clerk, and now a resident of California; I. G. Wilson, Judge of the old Thirteenth, and afterward the Twenty-eighth Circuit Court, and now an eminent member of the Chicago bar; Chas. H. Morgan, formerly Judge of the Elgin and Aurora Courts of Common Pleas, and later U. S. Judge in one of the Territories; Edmund Gifford, also a Judge in New Orleans; and last, though not least, Sylvanus Wilcox, who so worthily occupied the bench of the Twenty-eighth Circuit. Judge Wilcox is the only one of the above named eminent lawyers who has an abiding place in Elgin.

The Probate Court, as first organized, was a very simple institution, consisting solely of a Probate Justice of the Peace, who was his own Clerk. No Sheriff or Bailiff guarded his tribunal or made his presence awe-inspiring by his cry of “Oyez! oyez!” but in the simple guise of a Justice of the Peace, he settled the estates of the dead, dividing them among the living according to law or the will of the decedent.

The first estate administered upon in the county was that of Archibald Moody, who died July 27, 1836. Letters of administration thereon were granted to Lydia C. Moody, his widow, by Mark Daniels, Probate Justice, June 6, 1837, which was the first recorded act of the court. The Administratrix gave bonds in the sum of \$2,000, with Gideon Young as security.

The first will probated in the court was that of Warren Tyler, of St. Charles. It was dated September 10, 1837, and admitted to record on the testimony of Thomas P. Whipple and Mark Fletcher, November 6, 1837, this being the

second act of the court, and the first act of Isaac Wilson, Probate Justice. Diadema Tyler and Thomas P. Whipple were appointed Executors, and gave bonds in the sum of \$6,000, with Reed Ferson and Ephraim Perkins security. The principal bequest was 360 acres of land, to which decedent held a claim under the claim laws of the country.

The first letters of guardianship issued were to Moses Shelby, as guardian of Rebecca Gillespie, on November 5, 1838, with Thomas P. Whipple as security in \$200 bonds.

The old seal of the Probate Court was a copper block, with a weeping willow and tomb stone, emblematic, in those days, of the grief for the dead, but in the present it is more impressive of the cost of the funeral, and the wasting of the estate in settlement.

The Probate Justices gave way to the County Court in 1849, when Isaac G. Wilson, a son of the Isaac Wilson who performed the last two official acts above mentioned, was elected County Judge under the new Constitution, and James Herrington, County Clerk. These officers were elected in November, 1849, commissioned in December, and held the first term of the County Court, for county business, the following January, commencing on the 10th day of the month, 1850. The court was composed of Isaac G. Wilson, County Judge; Andrew J. Waldron and Marcus White, Associate Justices, and James Herrington, Clerk. The court allowed pauper bills to the amount of \$138; court expenses, \$165, and miscellaneous bills, \$13. The court also granted John D. Wygant, of Batavia, and William G. Webster, of Geneva, grocers' licenses for a year for \$25 each. It is needless to say the groceries to be sold were *wet* groceries. The bonds of the County Judge, County Collector and Justices and Constables were approved, except some that were informal, which were rejected and new ones filed. Roads were ordered reviewed and re-located, and an order passed that no more bills for the laying of roads would be allowed by the court. A. P. Hubbard and Thomas A. Scott were appointed a committee to examine into the financial condition of the county, and report its status at the March term of the court, which they did, and their report ordered printed; but it is not recorded nor on file, and whether the county had much or little indebtedness, we cannot now know.

Gen. Elijah Wilcox, of Elgin; Dr. D. D. Waite, of St. Charles, and W. B. Gillett, of Sugar Grove, were appointed a committee to divide the county into towns, according to the terms of Section 6 of the law of 1849, relating to township organization. They made a report and divided the county as it now stands, except as to the division of Geneva and Batavia, which was effected subsequently. They called Rutland, Jackson; Plato, Homer, and Virgil, Franklin, but they were soon after changed as they are now known, E. R. Starks giving the name of his native town in Vermont to Jackson, and the town of Homer being honored with the name of our then worthy citizen and State Senator, Plato.

Orsemus Wilson, Esq., Poor Master of Batavia, was directed to get Schultz, a pauper, boarded for less than \$1.25 a week, if he could. Wm. R. Parker, Justice of the Peace, was told to hold on and not to issue any *capias* against Alvin Hyatt, whom he had found guilty of an assault and battery, and fined \$15. The Court selected a Grand and Petit Jury for the March term of the Circuit Court, and adjourned. The last term of the court for county business was held June 3, 1850, and then the Supervisors took the purse strings of the treasury in hand, and have held them ever since.

The first settlement of the Treasurer of the county was made December 1, 1838, and the whole amount of funds received by him was \$548.54, including thirty license fees, and fines. His compensation was \$10.87. The County Treasurers, from 1836 to 1841, received as the total amount of revenue of the county during the time the sum of \$3,982.07. The commissions amounted to \$47. They couldn't afford to pay much to make their election sure. David Dunham was Recorder of Deeds from August 1, 1836, to September 1, 1843; but that was not much of a bonanza, for he used to write up his records in his store on rainy days, and other times when business was not pressing. The whole seven years of his official term are comprised in the first three books of the Recorder's office, and number 997 instruments.

The first tax levied in the county was in the year 1836, and was laid on personal property only, real estate not being taxable until 1847, five years after the land sales in 1842. The amount of the levy was about eight hundred dollars, and B. F. Fridley was Sheriff and *ex officio* County Collector, and John Griggs was County Assessor. The first tax levied after real estate became taxable was in 1847. The assessment of lands and village lots amounted to \$446,185, and of personal property to \$321,320. The taxes levied were for State purposes, \$2,839; county purposes, \$2,302.54, and for roads, \$1,535.01. Total, \$6,677.29.

The first instrument recorded in the county was an agreement for a deed between James Crow and Wallace Hotchkiss, for lands which said Crow claimed—300 acres of prairie and 160 acres of timber. The prairie land was on the east side of the Fox River, in Batavia, and the timber was in the Big Woods. The amount of purchase money was \$2,000. This instrument was filed for record January 23, 1837, and recorded in book 1, page 1.

The first village plat recorded was that of Geneva, on May 8, 1837, at 11 o'clock A. M., in Book 1, page 9; and St. Charles—or as it was then called and recorded, Charleston—filed her plat the same day, at 2 o'clock P. M., and it follows Geneva in the same book, on page 11. The first deed recorded is one from Richard J. Hamilton and James Herrington, by Mark W. Fletcher, their attorney in fact, to Kane County, for a block of ground in Geneva, known as the public square. This was the original court house block, on which the original court house was built.

The first mortgage filed for record *was a deed* from James Herrington to Jacob Miller, both of Geneva, July 5, 1837. It conveys a two-thirds interest

in 110 acres of timber on the east side of the river, in Geneva, and was the original claim of Haight and Bird. Miller gave Harrington an agreement to re-convey on the payment of \$300 in one year, with 12 per cent. interest, quarterly. This was the only way security could be given on real estate, as the laws of the United States made it unlawful to mortgage the land until patents were issued for it.

Large tracts of land were entered at the land sale, by parties in trust for others, and bonds given for deeds in payment of the sums advanced, and such interest as was agreed upon. Right here comes to mind an incident growing out of that practice, partially in Elgin, which shows that the confidence game was practiced in early times as well as later in that city.

In Western New York lived, in 1840-41 and later, a man named William Mills, familiarly known and called by many of the early settlers in Elgin, as "Billy" Mills. He was a noted man among the people of Elgin, in those early days, and was a man of wealth and good report. Some time in the Spring of 1845 or 1846, a genteelly dressed and self-possessed gentleman came into the stage house at Tibbals', in Elgin, and represented himself to be a nephew of "Billy" Mills, of New York. He had come out to loan money and make investments, and wanted a good room, regardless of expense, and so Tibbals put the best room of his really good hostelry at his service, and treated him as the nephew of as prime a favorite as Billy Mills ought to be shown.

The news of the arrival of a nephew of Billy Mills was soon noised abroad, and the fact that he had lots of money to loan and invest was as soon known. He was at once the center of attraction. The farmers who had bought their land through others, and were paying 18 to 24 per cent. for the accommodation, immediately began to negotiate with the nephew of his uncle for loans to pay up the said advances, and at much lower rates of interest. Many, too, sought for further accommodations, to reloan the money at an advance on the rate the nephew charged. The days of Spring lengthened into Summer, and the Summer heats began to strengthen, and still the nephew basked in the sunshine of "Uncle" Billy's fame and prestige, without a cloud or passing shower to disturb his tranquility. He suggested to his host, from time to time, that he was ready to pay his bill on presentation—"expected another remittance from Uncle Billy soon; had loaned Deacon —— a little cash to take up the mortgage on his farm; would be all right as soon as another letter came," etc. Tibbals said it was all right, and continued to feed him in good style and drive him around the country behind a pair of spanking bays. One day, which he had set for fulfilling his engagement, the people came with their bonds and mortgages drawn up in the most approved style, tricked out in sealing wax and red tape, to get the money to consummate the projects of their hearts, and move into the splendid castles in Spain which many of them had already erected. But the mails had failed to come in, and the disappointed ones were put off till another day. The day came, and with it again came the people and their secu-

rities, and also a letter from Billy Mills himself, to some one whose suspicions had been aroused and had communicated with Mills in regard to the "nephew," stating that the "nephew" was no relative of his, but was imposing on the good people of Elgin. The people looked foolish, as their castles disappeared, and especially those who had indulged in such rosy dreams of money loaning. But Tibbals, when the truth flashed upon him, was furious. If "our army swore terribly in Flanders," then Tibbals was worthy of a full Brigadier's commission in it. He mounted in hot haste his buck-board, and drove off at a slashing pace to Geneva to get sundry writs of *capias*, *ne exeat* and attachment, whereby he might get indemnity for the outlay he had made for the said nephew's comfort. The writs were duly issued and served upon the boarder, with an unknown *alias*, and in due course of time the trial came on before the Circuit Court and a jury. John J. Brown, the eloquent advocate in Chicago, at that time was retained by the defendant, and interposed a plea of *non compos mentis*. He did not try to rebut the evidence that was piled up by the prosecution, but rather sought to make the testimony stronger by the cross-examination. The evidence being all in, and the counsel for the plaintiff having closed his case, the defense took the floor and began one of those impassioned appeals to the jury for which Mr. Brown was so noted. He showed *conclusively* to the jury and audience that the defendant, instead of being harassed by grasping creditors and unfeeling bailiffs, *should be tenderly cared for by Christian men and women!* The Court was convulsed with suppressed laughter, the jury and audience were in tears, and Tibbals himself rose and, wiping his eyes, stalked out of the court room, muttering to himself, "I'll be d—d if I knew I was such a wretch as to prosecute such a poor fool as that!"

Among the first things established in the county for the general good, was the Yankee institution—the public school. With the yearning for a wider acreage and larger gains, was the kindred spirit of knowledge how to attain to and use the increased facilities when they should be in hand. And so, by the time the settlers, in 1834, had built their shanties and staked out their claims, they looked for the school master, and, lo! he was in their midst, and from the land where the pedagogue, male and female, is indigenous—Vermont. In the fall of 1834, a Mr. Knowles was enthroned in East Batavia, with the hazel brush as a scepter, to rule over and teach nine infantile subjects. The throne room was in a log cabin on Col. Lyon's claim, about one mile east of the river; and was the first school house built in the county. The school ma'am was but a short way behind, and her name was Prudence Ward, and her kingdom was in Ira E. Tyler's log house, in St. Charles, and she began her reign in 1835. This year, too, a Mr. Livingston taught school in East Geneva. The female pedagogues multiplied in the land greatly, so much so, that the male of the species, for a season, became extinct. Miss Charlotte Griggs, in Plato; Miss Amanda Cochrane, in Dundee; Miss Harriet Gifford, in Elgin, and Mrs. Sterling, of Geneva, being the first teachers in their respective localities, all before the close of the year 1837.

The first teachers' institute or normal school held in the county was convened in 1850, at the old court house in Geneva, under the fostering care of Father Brewster, who was the School Commissioner. Prof. Sweet was the Director, and John B. Newcomb, of Elgin; Achsah Waite, of St. Charles; Miss Fox, of Elgin, and Miss Kidder, afterward the wife of D. L. Eastman, of St. Charles, were chief assistants. The mystery of a minus quantity—"one less than nothing"—was lucidly explained by Miss Waite to many whose lives since then have been striking illustrations of the theorem. The first institute will never be forgotten by those who participated in it. The Marys and Fannys and Williams and Johns, how they did parse—but never declined—the verb "to love!" How they rattled on about the uttermost parts of the earth, and yet thought the sweetest place on earth was just there in the class. How the problem of two and two make four was solved in a twinkling, when the class in arithmetic was ordered to the Unitarian Church, and Mary Ann, of Big Rock, and the little black-eyed Miss W., from Sugar Grove, paired off with the young schoolmasters of Aurora. A certain cosy farm house in the southwestern part of the county will tell how two of these former mathematicians solved that other more difficult problem of life, and demonstrated that *three from two make five!* Newcomb drilled us all in phonetics, and Sweet "elocuted" for our benefit, and we followed in concert until such a howl rose up the Genevans rushed to see what lunatic asylum had turned its inmates out for a holiday. The school-ma'ams that were, and those that would be, came in such numbers they could not all be accommodated at the residences of the people; but Father Brewster—God bless the good old man—was equal to the occasion, and so he called for supplies of bedding and rations, and soon the dancing hall of the Geneva House—then occupied and kept by Mr. Sterling—was transformed into a dormitory and kitchen, and the girls added to their theories the additional accomplishment of practical living. As we think of the two hundred and more girls, old and young, then present, we ask, with Holmes,

"Where are the Marys and Anns and Elizas,
Living and lovely of yore?
Look in the columns of old Advertisers—
Married and Dead by the score."

Elgin claims the first academy and the first college in the county. The academy was chartered in 1839, but was not opened until 1855, when the college was built and transferred to the academy, and the two companies merged in one.

The first sermon preached in the county was by Rev. N. C. Clarke, in 1834, in the log house of Christopher Payne, the first actual settler in the county, east of Batavia. Mr. Clarke was one of the early missionaries sent out into the West to tell the "glad tidings" to the pioneers, and gather them into church societies and Sunday schools. He was one of God's noblemen, of a kindly, affectionate manner, truthful and sincere, and one who drew men to

better things by his own gentle and consistent ways quite as much as by his persuasive exhortations. No breath of suspicion ever attained him, but he seemed to stand on the mountain top, in the clear sunlight of truth and morality, always, from his first entrance into the county, until loving hands bore him tenderly to the beautiful city of the dead that overlooks his old homestead, in Elgin.

His colleagues were Elder J. E. Ambrose and Elder Kimball. These men traveled on foot or on horseback, among the early settlers around Chicago, stopping where night overtook them, and receiving the hospitalities of the cabin, without money or without price. Reverently asking the blessing of God upon all that they did, their lives were simple and unostentatious, their wants few and easily satisfied; their teaching plain and unvarnished, touched with no eloquence save that of their daily living, which was seen and known of all men. Though of different religious sects—one being a Congregationalist, one a Baptist, and the other a Methodist—yet no discord was ever manifested between them, but a united effort was made by them to show men the way to better things by better living, and thus, finally, to reach the best of all, God and heaven. They were not only physicians for the soul's cure, but they sometimes ministered to the body's ailments. They married the living, and buried the dead; they christened the babe, admonished the young and warned the old; they cheered the despondent, rebuked the wilful and hurled the vengeance of eternal burnings at the desperately wicked. When other orators were scarce, they sometimes mounted the rostrum on the Fourth of July, and highfaluted for the edification of the people, like other patriotic mortals. Wherever they came they were welcome, and notice was soon sent around to the neighbors and a meeting was held. For years they could say literally, as did the Master before them: "The foxes have holes, and the birds of the air have nests, but (we) the sons of men have not where to lay our heads."

Father Clarke, in St. Charles, and Elder Ambrose, in Elgin, finally settled down and were located over respective congregations of their own faith, and Elder Kimball, the Methodist, in Bloomingdale. Father Clarke has gone to his rest, sincerely mourned by all who had ever known him.

The first church in the county was organized in Batavia, in 1835. It was of the Congregationalist faith, and another one of the same faith was organized in Elgin, in 1836. The first Methodist Episcopal churches were organized in Aurora and Elgin, in 1837. The Baptists organized a society in 1836, in St. Charles. The Unitarians organized a society in Geneva, in 1837, and about that time the Universalists organized one in St. Charles. The first Roman Catholic gathering was probably in Rutland, though Aurora claims the first church up as late as 1848, or after. The first Congregational minister in the county was Father Clarke; the first Baptist, Elder Ambrose; the first Methodist, Rev. William Kimball; the first Unitarian, A. H. Conant, and the first Universalists, Andrew Pingree and William Rounseville. The first church

buildings erected exclusively for worship were those of the Congregationalists in Batavia and Dundee, in 1840, though the Universalists began theirs in 1838, but it was not finished until 1843. Aurora built her first church in 1843, for the Methodists, and Elgin hers, in 1840, for the same society, and Geneva, for the Unitarians, in 1843. In 1850, there were eighteen church edifices, valued at \$30,000, and capable of seating about five thousand persons. The first Sunday school in the county was organized in Batavia, in 1835, but the schools multiplied rapidly, one being organized wherever children could be gathered in, even if there were not a half a dozen to begin with.

Bishop Chase, of the Episcopal Church, the founder of Jubilee College, at "Robin's Nest," near Peoria, held a service under the ritual of that church, in St. Charles, in 1838, in the school house then standing on the corner near Dr. Crawford's present residence. It was quite a noted event in those days. The Bishop was a tall and large man, had white hair and was a very fine looking old man, and in his Episcopal robes of scarlet was an august looking personage. The Episcopalians in St. Charles at that time were Dr. Thomas P. Whipple and R. V. M. Croes, the latter a son of an Episcopal clergyman, of New York City. The Bishop was entertained by Dr. Whipple. The Herringtons, at Geneva, and Joseph W. Churchill, at Batavia, were also Episcopalians. Churchill was a bluff, nervous fellow, and much attached to the forms of his church. One Sunday, as he and his daughter were going to church, he asked her if she had got her prayer book. She said, "No father, I forgot it," Churchill blurted out: "Forget your prayer book! Go and get it! You might as well be in — as in an Episcopal church without a prayer book."

There was a time when a great religious awakening swept over the community, and Father Clarke, assisted by two clergymen from Boston or thereabouts, had charge of the revival. Naughty rumor had been busy with the names of the two men from the old Bay State, and it was whispered that one of them had found it convenient to leave his creditors to get their just claims paid by suffering fifty per cent. loss on the same; while of the other it was said that he had literally taken to himself a wife, in that he had taken a wife of some other man, and she was then with him in the (then) village of Elgin. These rumors were subsequently found to have more than a mere substratum of truth.

While the religious awakening was at its height, Mr. Clarke and the two assisting ministers called pastorally on the people, and, among others, visited Mr. P. G. Patterson, and talked with him kindly, admonishing him to try and reform. Patterson listened patiently and quietly to his visitors, and at length Mr. Clarke asked him what he thought of what had been said. Patterson, looking up to Mr. Clarke, said, feelingly: "Mr. Clarke, you are a good man and a kind neighbor, and I thank you for your visit, but, as for the other gentlemen, all I have to say is, *I pay twenty shillings to the pound, and live with my own wife.*" The interview closed abruptly, for there was no room for further argument.

AURORA TOWNSHIP.

Had ancient mythology been ransacked, it would have been impossible to have found a name containing a more pleasing and purely imaginative history than the one which this township bears ; and it may be added with equal truth that the picturesqueness of the valley, stream, prairie and hill with which it is diversified renders it worthy to be associated with a conception which was the personification of ideal beauty. Forty-four years ago, however, the Eos of the Greeks, the Aurora of the Latins, shed her smiles over its fields, now marked with farmhouse, granary, mill and village, and beheld only a wilderness. Its broad acres were uncultivated, its forests—then magnificent—allowed to run to waste and only serving as a home for the Indian and the wolf and their wild neighbors. But the Sac and Fox War was precipitated, and then all was changed. Scott's army was sent in pursuit of the cowardly wretches, who had glutted their vindictive hate with the blood of women and children, and a new era was ushered in.

SETTLEMENTS.

Among the earliest ones to avail himself of the return of peace and of the measures on foot to move the friendly Indians under Waubansie from the State, was Jacob Carpenter, who came to Chicago from Logan County, Ohio, in November, 1832. In December of the following year, having spent the Summer and Fall at Naperville, which then contained some half a dozen families, he took up land and built a log house on the east side of Fox River, about half a mile from the spot now occupied by the village of Montgomery. This house was the first in Aurora Township and one of the first in Kane County, and was occupied by Carpenter and his family the week before Christmas.

In the following April, Elijah Pierce, Carpenter's father-in-law, also from Logan County, followed him to the new country, and built a second shanty on the same side of the river and nearer the bank than Carpenter's, where for years he kept entertainment for man and beast. There the stage horses on the Chicago & Galena Road were regularly changed as long as the route ran by way of Montgomery. His accommodations were not as good as may now be found at the Palmer House, or even in Aurora, but they were the best which could then be obtained nearer than Naperville. His shanty had one room, which served as kitchen, dining room, sitting room, parlor and bedroom ; and Mr. Wm. T. Elliott, who came from Tioga County, N. Y., and took up an adjoining claim in June, 1834, says that he has seen forty people—men, women and children—packed away in promiscuous order for the night, upon the floor of that room.

At that time, no Government surveys had been made anywhere in the vicinity. All were squatters, and all were obliged to go to Ottawa, for the transaction of any public business.

Mr. Elliott, our worthy informant, who still resides, at the age of 67, upon his original claim, is responsible for being the author of the first romance which the annals of the county furnish. He "was a goodly stripling then," and, casting his eyes around among the damsels of the land, he saw none so comely as Rebecca Pierce. It may be a matter of doubt if the country afforded any other damsel during the first year of his residence, but, be that as it may, we have it on good authority that *Rebecca was fair* and seventeen, and willing to place her head in the matrimonial slipping-noose, but here the cruel parent who figures in all romances interposed his veto. It is not material what reasons he urged or even if he urged any at all. His refusal produced the usual effect, and everything went on in the regular order found in any one of Mrs. Southworth's novels. Wm. T. said "Wilt thou cleave unto me in spite of Pa Pierce?" and Rebecca answered "*I will.*" The next morning a youth might have been seen wending his way along the road which led to Ottawa. He raised his eyes and saw a man approaching. It was Mr. Pierce, the last person whom he cared to meet. Mr. Pierce advised him in a friendly manner, as parents are apt to assume in such circumstances, to make no more attempts to obtain his daughter, as they would be useless, and receiving from Mr. Elliott the gratifying assurance that *he would have Rebecca or die in the attempt*, he went on his way—rejoicing, perhaps. On reaching Ottawa, forty miles from home, the ardent lover proceeded at once to the office of the County Clerk, whose reign extended over a vast territory, but small population, and asked for a marriage license. The lady's age was demanded and the license promptly refused. The Clerk, however, at the request of Mr. Elliott, examined the marriage law, and informed him that he might marry, if he would publish a notice of his and the lady's intentions two weeks previous, in church. He, therefore, returned disappointed and discouraged. Fortune seemed to favor him now, for as he approached his cabin he met that zealous and exemplary pioneer "Father Clark," to whom he unbosomed himself, and was told that he should be "cried in meetin' come next Sunday." Father Clark published him, as agreed, in Naperville, and, in due time, tidings came to the enraged parent, who vowed that the marriage should never take place. Now, Mr. Pierce went to Chicago for nearly all the groceries used in his business as landlord. Thinking that only one week had expired since the announcement of marriage, he left home with a light heart, it may be supposed, and chuckling, as he rode along over the ruts, to think that the man who so yearned to call him "Father," had walked to Ottawa and back for a marriage license in vain. Wm. T. and Rebecca, meanwhile, were chuckling, too, for on this morn the two weeks had expired. In the afternoon, Rebecca went visiting. There was no suspicion, as her lover, who had a field of wheat near by, had passed the house at noon with his cradle upon his shoulder. Later in the afternoon he returned, met Miss Pierce, and Father Clark united them. When the unreasonable father returned, he felt greatly discomfited, and, though not a man given to unseemly mirth, some say that he danced a horn-pipe many times around

his shanty, but, having thus become calm, he reasoned, after a night's sleep, that it would be the part of wisdom to make no more disturbance. Accordingly, Mr. and Mrs. Elliott commenced housekeeping, and their marriage, which occurred August 3, 1835, was the first in Aurora Township.

Their daughter Emeline—now Mrs. Joseph Denny, of Aurora—whose birth occurred August 5, 1836, was the first white child born within the limits of the present township.

Mr. and Mrs. Elliott are among the most respected of the early settlers, and, to all appearances, will witness a score more of years of the progress the town, which they first found containing less than a half dozen of dwellings.

Land was not dear in those early times, and, as proof of this, it may be stated that Mr. Pierce bought a claim of 380 acres, most of which is now within the city limits, for \$7.00. This tract was afterward owned by B. F. Fridley, who came to Aurora in 1835, and is still living in the city.

On the 20th of September, 1836, Thomas Carpenter died, after a short illness. It is a fact worthy of note, that he was the first settler in Aurora Township, and the first who died there outside of the present city limits. He was also one of the very first who settled in the county, and was only four months later than Christopher Payne, the earliest pioneer.

Another very early settler in this township was John Peter Snyder, a German, from Erie County, Penn., who arrived in Chicago with his family July 10, 1832. Finding all the country around in confusion from the recent Indian atrocities, and the efforts of the Government to suppress them, he took passage to Michigan, instead of unloading his goods, and remained there until the following September, and then returned to Chicago, where he lay ill for two weeks or more. He then went to Naperville, where he found a settlement already established, and stayed there during the Winter and the following Summer, and, being a millwright, put up a small saw-mill for one of the Napers. During his first Fall there (1832), he had explored the country around North Aurora, in company with Lansing Sweet, a brother-in-law of the Napers, but, fearing the Pottawattomies, had made no claim. In the Fall of 1833, in company with his brother, John Nicholas—more popularly known as "Peter John," who now lives near Plano, Kendall County—he took up a claim on Blackberry Creek, and built another saw-mill. Indeed, they seem to have had a peculiar fondness for such work, for, according to John Peter, he and "Peter John" were located, in the Fall of 1834, on land now occupied by the North Aurora Manufacturing Company's Works, hammering away at still another saw-mill. When he arrived there in 1834, he says that the McCartys had commenced their improvements below. Certainly, the country was indebted to the Snyders for some valuable improvements, for after the first explorers have located in a new country, the greatest benefit is conferred, not by the one who erects a school house or a church, but by the man who builds a mill. They precede all

other improvements, and are the beacon-lights in the van of civilization. The dam across the river at North Aurora was also built by the Snyders.

The first mill was burned a number of years after its completion, and John Peter built another, which is still standing.

Meanwhile other settlers had located in the country around, and at first taking up claims by squatter right, and afterward purchasing of the Government, the township had become rapidly settled.

In the Fall of 1835, Daniel Gray, from Montgomery County, N. Y., visited the West, where his brother, Nicholas, had located the previous Spring, on a farm now within the limits of Kendall County. Pleased with the new country, he made immediate preparations to settle there, and in the Fall of 1836, having removed his family from New York, he built the first frame house in the village, which he named from the county he had left. It was located in the south part of the place, near the west bank of the river, was about 22x38 feet, and, having been moved from its original site, is still used as a dwelling.

MANUFACTURES AND BUSINESS.

Daniel Gray was a man of indomitable energy and enterprise. Mills and manufactures sprung up at his bidding, as by magic, and Montgomery, although the little village has still good prospects for the future, would doubtless have had a far more brilliant history had he lived. No sooner had he settled in the place than he commenced improvements on a grand scale. A store, foundry, reaper and header manufacturing shop over one hundred feet in length, a second foundry built of stone, and one of the best stone grist-mills in the country, appeared in rapid succession, furnishing employment for thirty or more hands, and Mr. Gray was making preparations for still more extensive business operations, in the establishment of a manufactory of stationary engines, when, in the Winter of 1854, he died. The store had burned a number of years previous. The stone foundry has subsequently been used for a short time as a manufactory for cotton batting, but is now idle, as is the large building formerly used as a manufactory. The flouring mill is now doing a good business, and running twenty-four hours in the day. Hord, Emmons & Co. are the present proprietors, the manufactured article enjoys a good reputation throughout the West, and is shipped in sacks to all parts of Northern Illinois.

A large cheese factory, built in 1874, and which, we are informed, is doing a good business for the farmers, stands on the opposite side of the street. The place also has a small sash and blind factory, two stores and an excellent stone depot for the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad, which crosses Aurora Township from east to west, and passes along the edge of the village.

Turning now for a moment to North Aurora, we find several small manufactories there which deserve brief mention. The grist-mill, a good wooden building, was commenced in 1862; the sash, door and blind factory was built some fifteen years ago; the foundry, now employing about fourteen hands, was

erected in the Spring of 1874, and a large and elegant building, to be used as a store, was put up the same year. All are owned by the North Aurora Manufacturing Company. A cheese factory of magnificent dimensions, the property of J. H. Boswell, was built in 1875. It has used 6,500 pounds of milk during the past Summer (1877), and manufactured cream cheese, which was shipped to Liverpool, England, during a part of the season.

The station is thirty-five miles west of Chicago, on the old State Road. It has two stores; the one on the east side, built in 1874, the other occupying one end of the cheese factory. The place is four miles from the city of Aurora, on the branch railroad which connects Aurora with Batavia, on the east side of the river. The railroad company have built a depot there.

Like Montgomery, North Aurora has excellent water power, and there are a number of residences, in the immediate vicinity, on either side of the river. About half a mile distant, John Peter Snyder still resides, looking as young as many men at 45, although he claims to be 76, and says he has kept his youth so well because he had such easy times when the country was new. The extension connecting Aurora with Batavia and Geneva, by way of the West Side, crosses the township within half a mile of North Aurora.

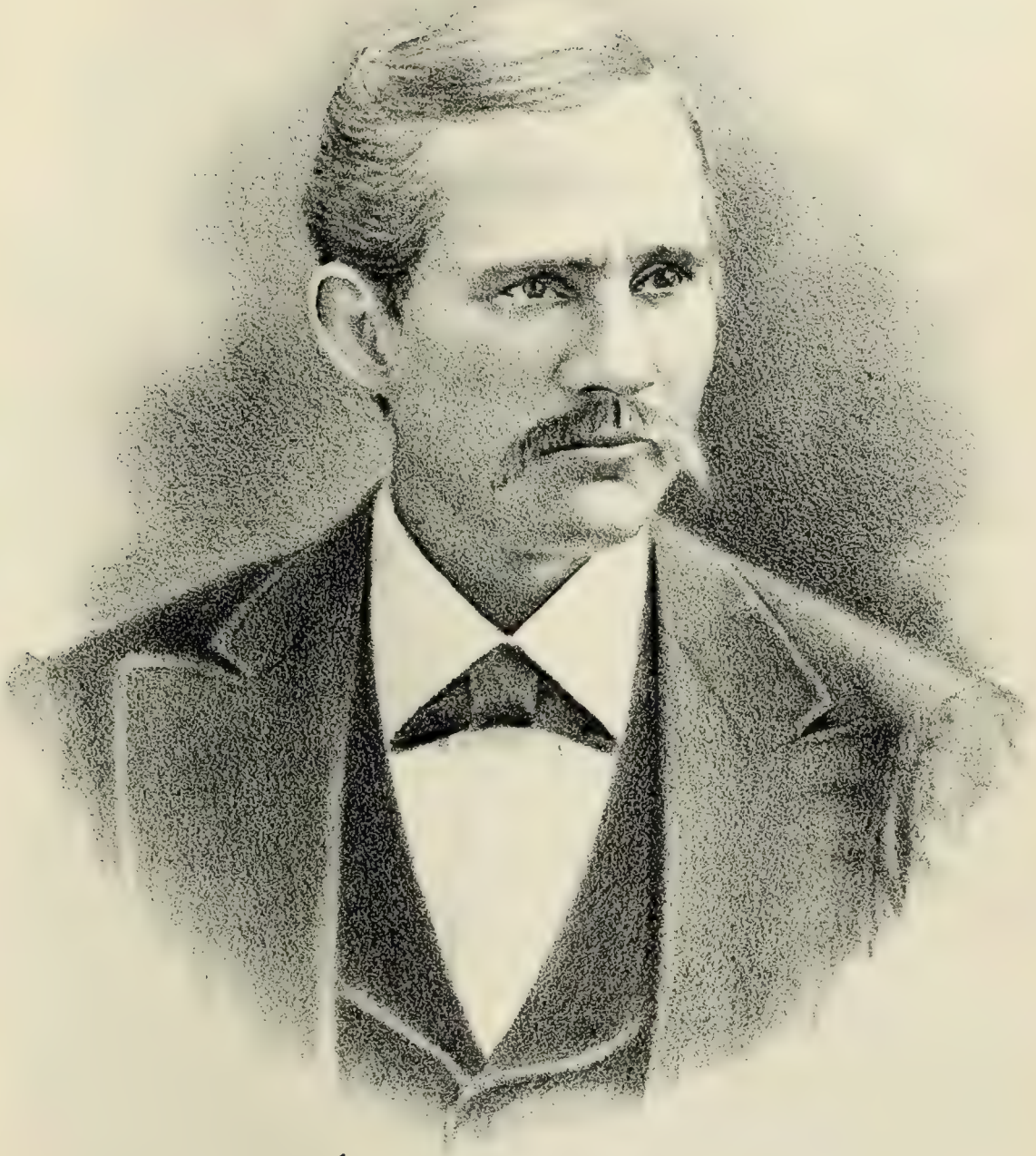
SCHOOL HOUSES.

As early as 1839, a small frame school house stood in Montgomery, and the first term was taught in it by a young lady. Mrs. Ellis, then Mrs. Carpenter, now residing in the village, states that her little boys went there to school as early as the winter of 1838. The teacher was paid by subscription. The house is now used as a dwelling by Mr. Harrison Young. Another school was started, at quite an early period, near North Aurora, and others followed throughout the districts more remote from the river, until the adoption of the School Law brought about the present condition. A fine public school building, erected some twenty years ago, stands in Montgomery.

POST OFFICES.

An attempt was made by the settlers near Montgomery to obtain a post office as early as 1836, but the stage route being changed about that time, the attempt was given up for full ten years. At length, when the manufactories established by Daniel Gray had made the village of sufficient importance, the project was renewed, and Hiram Border was commissioned the first Postmaster. This post office, and the one at North Aurora, established January 18, 1869, with A. H. Stone as its first Postmaster, are the only ones in the township.

The village of Montgomery was at first surveyed not long after Daniel Gray's arrival, and it was then laid out at a spot somewhat below its present site. It was in this original plat that the school building was put up, and it has not been removed to the position of the more modern place. The earliest marriage within its present corporate limits was that of Ralph Gray, in 1843;



H. W. Wheeler

EDITOR & PUBLISHER ST. CHARLES LEADER.

the earliest death within the same bounds was that of De Witt, a son of Daniel Gray, in the Fall of 1844. The

GEOLOGY

of Aurora Township may well be mentioned, as it contains some fossil remains which render it interesting to the student. These have been, for the most part, found in a variety of its limestone, of which two are found, one of which is quarried for building purposes. The huge granite boulders which abound throughout the prairie country, and are generally referred to the Drift Period, are occasionally seen in all parts of the township, being often formed of a conglomerate, but not unfrequently of pure granite. They are popularly called "hard heads." Brick clay is common in several sections, and there are several beds of good sand for building purposes. But by far the most interesting trophies which can be ranged under the head of geology were unearthed by the workmen on the railroad, as they were excavating, about a quarter of a mile above the depot, within the city limits, in the Fall of 1850. These were the tusks of a mastodon, and eight molar teeth. Supposing the first tusk to be a stick, it was nearly destroyed by them, but the second was obtained in an almost perfect state of preservation, and measures nine feet in length. The largest tooth weighed seven and a fourth pounds. The tusk and several of the teeth are preserved in Jennings Seminary.

SOLDIERS.

In common with the other townships of the county, Aurora furnished her full quota during the late Rebellion. It is beyond our limits to trace the record of all of those brave men who hastened to protect their country in her hour of need. Their names are enrolled in indelible characters upon the pages of fame, and, though the bones of many of them bleached upon the Southern plains, and their bodies rotted in prison pens or fell on the field of battle, yet their memory will live forever among the good and true.

NAME, POSITION, ETC.

Aurora Township occupies the most southeasterly position of the townships of Kane County. It is bounded on the north by Batavia, on the east by Du Page County, on the south by Kendall, and on the west by Sugar Grove Township. It is known as Township 38, North Range 8 east of the Third Principal Meridian, and its population, by the last census, was 2,033. Its assessed valuation will be found in connection with the following sketch of the

CITY OF AURORA.

Within the bounds of the above described Congressional Township there has arisen, within forty-three years, a city which, while it exceeds in size all the others along the banks of Fox River, is surpassed by none of them in the beauty of its location.

EARLY SETTLEMENT.

On the 25th of November, 1833,* Joseph McCarty, a millwright, living in Chemung County, near Elmira, N. Y., left his home, in company with a single companion, one Jeffry †Beardslee, to seek his fortune in the West. Unlike so many others who have left Eastern homes with a similar object in view, he had mapped out a definite course before starting, and decided upon the exact spot where he designed to locate. Proceeding across the country to the head waters of the Alleghany, where a sufficient stop was made to construct a "dug-out" of suitable dimensions to convey two passengers and a small chest of tools down the river, the young men launched their rude craft, and floated leisurely toward the mouth of the stream so aptly described by the elegant and poetic Frenchmen in the name which they applied to it, "*Beautiful.*" Their journey to Pittsburgh was exceedingly arduous during much of the way, owing to its frequent interruptions from rapids and mill-dams, where they were obliged to land and unload their boat, and drag it over the country to a point below. But they at length arrived there without serious accident, and, abandoning their pirogue and taking passage on a small steamer, they pushed on toward the Mississippi. It may be well to state here that their destination was the head of navigation on the Illinois River, where Mr. McCarty, deceived by the inaccurate maps of the State, supposed that he would find excellent water power and mill privileges, where he believed that a great city would eventually arise; but on reaching Cairo it became evident to him that it would be impossible to complete their journey until the following Spring, as all nature furnished indubitable signs of the speedy approach of winter. They accordingly went into winter quarters at Cape Girardeau, then a thriving town, where it would seem from various entries in Mr. McCarty's account book that they worked at odd jobs during the cold weather to pay for their board. At the opening of Spring they continued their journey to the Illinois, and up the stream to the place selected, where they discovered that it was not the desirable position represented, and that it had already been claimed by a party which had preceded them but a few weeks. They accordingly directed their journey to Ottawa, then an insignificant settlement of a few small houses, where, hearing of a good site for a mill up the Fox, McCarty hired a prospector, Robert Faracre by name, to accompany them; and following the course of the river they arrived, on the first day of April, 1834, at the Indian village occupied by Waubansie, chief of the Pottawattomies, and two or three hundred of his warriors, just north of the present site of the city of Aurora, on the west side of the river, on what was afterward known as the McNamara farm. The banks of the river, which have long since been stripped of much of their sylvan glory, were then thickly wooded, and along the east side the native forest trees had attained a remarkable size in many places, and formed a continuous wood

* Entry in an old account book, in handwriting of J. McCarty.

† The orthography as written at that time in an old account book.

extending from the vicinity of the present city to Batavia. This forest, afterward known as the "Big Wood," the Indian village, and the whole of the land now occupied by the city of Aurora, had been included in a tract ten miles square, set apart by the United States Government as an Indian reservation, but had subsequently been purchased by treaty with Waubansie and his tribe, just previous to the arrival of McCarty, Beardslee and Faracre, as recorded above. On approaching that part of the river bank opposite Stolp's Island, a landscape of unusual beauty was presented to their view. The river there wound gradually to the west from the almost direct southerly course above, and, continuing to a point some five hundred yards below the southern extremity of the island, assumed in a graceful curve its former direction. The ripples dancing over the limestone bed were as clear as

"The bright waters of that upper sphere,"

while the tangled shrubs with which the margin of the island was covered, the stately and grand forests of oak which rose gloomily along the eastern bank, all contributed to form a delightful picture to the eye of the eastern *voyageurs*, accustomed from their earliest remembrances to such scenes, but wearied for weeks with gazing over the trackless and uninterrupted prairies, which stretch away across the country which they had just traversed. The natural fall, too, and the island partially obstructing the channel, formed the advantages which they had sought so long, and McCarty immediately laid claim to about 360 acres on the east side, and proceeded to make good his title by erecting thereon a log cabin about 10x12 feet in dimensions; and later, in order to enjoy the entire right to the water power, he took up another claim of about 100 acres on the opposite side of the river, on which he built a similar shanty. The log house on the east side was the first dwelling within the limits of the city, and was located about seventy-five feet directly east of the spot where the old grist-mill stands. The nearest white settler at that time was Elijah Pierce, who lived three miles down the river with his family, at the place now occupied by the village of Montgomery. The nearest neighbor on the east was not less than ten miles away. Naperville contained a few families, and there was a family living on Rock Creek, about twelve miles west of the Indian village; while still another, arriving about the same time as McCarty and Beardslee, put up a shanty in the vicinity of Batavia. The Indians displayed considerable curiosity in the proceedings of their white neighbors, and frequently visited them, begging bread, tobacco and whisky. They were friendly, and at the time of Black Hawk's raid, two years previous, Waubansie had warned the scattered settlers of the impending danger, thus meriting, if he did not receive, their eternal gratitude. During the Summer of 1834, McCarty and his men occupied the shanty upon the east side, doing their own cooking, with the exception of their bread, which was prepared by Mrs. Pierce, down the river, and carried home in flour sacks. In the meantime, a dam had been commenced and

was steadily progressing, and the timbers for a saw-mill having been prepared, the neighbors within a radius of fifteen miles were invited to the raising. It is said that about a dozen men came. In October, a more convenient house was commenced, and the first settlers were thinking of making a gigantic stride in the direction of an advanced civilization, by inhabiting a dwelling 14x18, when their numbers were augmented by the arrival of Samuel McCarty, a younger brother of the one who then owned Aurora. Some weeks previous, Joseph McCarty had sent him a glowing account of the wilderness where he had pitched his tent, and he had immediately settled his business as a millwright, in Chemung County, and, taking the most direct route for Illinois, had arrived at Waubansie's reservation on the 6th of November, 1834, three weeks from the day of his departure from home, having journeyed a part of the distance in the same stage with the late Ira Minard, one of the pioneers of St. Charles. Previous to his arrival, his brother had purchased for him, of a squatter, a claim of 400 acres south of his own, for which he paid the sum of \$60. Of this squatter we can obtain no satisfactory information, no reference to him occurring in the early records of these times, save in this connection only, and he was doubtless one of those wandering characters who appear in all new countries, but who vanish like the native animals before the advance of civilization, and his biography has no connection with the rise and progress of Aurora. In the following December, as the pioneers were sadly in need of a hostess, Stephen A. Aldrich and family* were received into their dwelling, Mrs. A. being the first white woman known to have trodden the pathless wilds of Aurora. The city then contained eight inhabitants, viz.: the two McCartys, Beardslee, Faracre, Mr. and Mrs. Aldrich, and two small children.

During the same month and year, R. C. Horr, who had previously emigrated, with his family, from Canada to a point further south, came to the reservation with the intention of removing his household goods thither if the prospect appeared favorable. Finding the place all that he had anticipated, he bought of the McCartys the first acre of land sold by them, which was situated where some of the principal business houses in the city have since arisen, and paid for it the sum of \$2.00, agreeing, also, to build thereon a dwelling and a tannery, the former of which was subsequently erected; but Mr. Horr, meeting with reverses in business, failed to fulfill the stipulation in regard to the latter. He removed his family in the Spring of 1835, and became a useful member of the growing settlement, being elected the first Justice of the Peace.

As the Aldriches remained but a short time in Aurora, Horr may be considered the first permanent settler after the McCartys.

Under the successive blows and joint exertions of all the male members of the settlement, the mill and dam were soon completed. An old mill-book, now in the possession of Samuel McCarty, shows that the first sawing was done for Mr. Wormley, of Oswego, Ill., on the 8th day of June, 1835.

* They afterward removed to Sangamon County, Illinois.

In the same year, a tide of emigration from the East reached Fox River, and gave the first promise of prosperity to the little settlement then known as McCarty's Mill.

We notice upon the old mill-book, referred to above, the names of R. C. Horr, James Leonard, Levi and George Gorton, B. F. Phillips, the first cabinet maker in the place, Joseph and Lyndorf Huntoon, Winslow Higgins, William Brown and Mr. Barker; beside whom we may mention Dr. Eastman, the first settled physician, and wife, R. M. Watkins and wife, Seth Read, Theodore Lake, Charles Bates, Elgin Squires, William T. Elliott, Peter Mills, E. D. Terry, Richard Terry and many others, in the years immediately following, if our space would permit.

The Higginses, who arrived in August, 1835, and settled on the east side of the river, and the Huntoons, who came immediately after, were the earliest of these. They came direct from Naperville, Canada, and were connected by marriage, Mrs. Higgins being a daughter of Joseph Huntoon and a sister of Lyndorf. They brought three horses, two cows and a yoke of oxen with them, and at once set about constructing a frame house, which was completed during the year, and was the first dwelling of the kind erected in the place. It stood on the present site of E. R. Allen's warehouse, was an exclusively home-made structure, Mr Higgins having manufactured the shingles from red oak, the material which formed the entire building, and was about 16x20 feet in dimensions, two small wings being subsequently attached. It has since been removed to North Broadway, opposite the round-house, where it still remains. About the same time, a frame building was finished by Samuel McCarty, which is still in existence, having been somewhat reconstructed.

It is difficult for us now, with the conveniences and luxuries of the metropolis at our doors, to realize the many privations which the pioneers were often obliged to undergo at that comparatively recent date. They had to go to Ottawa or Chicago for all their supplies. The nearest grist-mill was forty miles down the river, at a place then called Green's Mill, now Dayton. The country swarmed with Indians, who stole their horses, and with wolves, who confiscated the smaller domestic animals; the settlers often knew by experience the meaning of hunger, and they shook with the ague from December to June.

Shortly after the arrival of the Higginses and Huntoons, they found themselves one morning without horses, while the fresh tracks indicated that they had been taken in the direction of Chicago. There was one remaining steed in the place, which Mr Huntoon mounted, and hurried away on the trail of the thieves. They were easily followed from the tracks, as none of the Indian ponies were shod, while those which they had stolen left deep impressions in the soft sod at nearly every step. Mr. Huntoon pursued them to the Indian encampment, within sight of the agency, but there lost track of them. He then applied to the Indian agent, describing the property, which was recovered after a thorough search.

Complaint was made to the Chief in command, who proposed that his dishonest subjects should be rigidly punished; but upon a reconsideration of the circumstances, both the agent and Mr. Huntoon concluded that, since the Indians were so vastly superior to the settlers in numbers that they could have annihilated them if their resentment was aroused, it was deemed prudent to allow the thieves to depart, after a sharp reprimand.

But few difficulties of this kind occurred, however, as the Pottawattomies left the country during the following Fall; and Mr. Burr Winton, who is now living in Aurora, at the age of 76, and who came to the place October 9, 1836, states that the last Indian had gone when he arrived.

But some of the other embarrassments due to their isolated position, and the diseases peculiar to all of the Western country at the time of its first settlement, were not to be overcome with as much ease. The ague afflicted all alike, and Dr. George Higgins, now a practicing physician in Aurora, a son of the early settler, and who was only a small boy when he accompanied him from Canada, gives some doleful accounts of his father's sufferings with the disease which reduces its victim to a skeleton, but, according to popular belief, never kills.

A Miss Squires, who lay sick with the ague, in the lower room of Mr. McCarty's house, while the workmen were shingling it, stated, in good faith, that she shook so severely that they were frightened from the roof. The two Huntoon families and the Higginses—eleven in all—occupied one and the same dwelling for a time after their arrival, and the doctor states that on one occasion, during their first year in the new country, their grain which had been carried to Green's mill failed to return as soon as they had expected it, and the last article of food in the house was devoured. In this strait, the grandmother, whom he represents as one of the keen, scheming Yankee women who never failed to suggest an invention adapted to the demands of any emergency, sifted a small quantity of bran, mixed it with water (the cows were dry), and cooked a cake, which he says was the most delicious morsel that he ever tasted. This process was repeated three times, and she was finally reduced to the necessity of mixing and baking the portion of the bran which would not go through the seive, before the grist arrived. But famine never stalked into the settlement after the first year's crop was harvested, and the stories told of the fertility of that virgin soil are almost incredible. In 1836, Mr. Higgins hired an acre of land of the McCartys, upon which he planted potatoes, agreeing to take three-fourths of the crop as his share. His share was 300 bushels. Benjamin Hackney, who arrived in the settlement several years later, raised forty-two bushels of winter wheat to the acre, weighing about sixty-two pounds to the bushel, which was the eleventh crop on the same land.

After 1835, settlers flocked into the place by scores, and from that date its destiny was manifest. In this year, the original plat of the city was laid out, the survey of which must have occurred late in the Fall, as Mr. Samuel Mc-

Carty, who superintended it, and who is still an honored resident of the city, states that the ground was frozen to such an extent that some difficulty was experienced in driving the stakes. The village, as first laid out, extended from Flag street, on the north, to Benton, on the south, and some six blocks back from the river.

It was in this year, also, that the first public religious services were held in the settlement, the first sermon being delivered by a Congregational clergyman from Ottawa, in Mr. Horr's house. Rev. Mr. Springer, of the Methodist Church, followed close in his track and preached occasionally during the Fall and Winter of 1836-7. The year 1835 is likewise memorable as the one in which death first appeared in the village. A Miss Elmira Graves, an invalid, brought from the East by her friends, with the hope that a change of climate would effect a cure, died late in the Fall, and was buried near the corner of Benton and La Salle streets, a point then believed to be beyond the possible limits of the city, but now nearly in the heart of it.

In the same year, the water power, with the McCarty claim on the West Side, was sold for \$500, to Z. Lake. Two saw-mills were subsequently built upon it, the last of which stood upon the site now occupied by the ruins of the Black Hawk Mills. The rapid increase in the population from the arrival of immigrants during the Fall of 1835, and the Spring and Summer of 1836, made it apparent to the least enterprising that some immediate steps should be taken toward supplying the want of a grist-mill. Hauling grain forty miles was an item of labor which could ill be afforded by men dependent upon their daily toil, and, accordingly, in 1836, the McCarty brothers commenced, and afterward, having formed a partnership with Robert Miller, finished the long-wished-for institution during the following year, the first grist being ground in it February 8, 1837.

Previous to this date, Aurora had had a school. Her first settlers had come from a portion of the country proverbial for the dissemination of knowledge among its inhabitants, and where the school teacher was considered as essential a factor in the body politic as the farmer or the mechanic. Accordingly, it has been a matter of some controversy to determine when the *first* school was started, and it seems to be admitted on all hands that it is difficult to point to a time, after the first boy or girl appeared in the town, when there was not one.

According to Mr. Burr Winton, a man by the name of Livings, from Syracuse, N. Y., appeared in the settlement, early in the Winter of 1836, and told the settlers that they ought to have a school. This axiom was readily received, "but," said they, "we have no house." A small slab shanty stood near the river, on the East Side, and Mr. Livings, pointing to it, said that it might well be turned into an alphabet dispensary, and that he would willingly teach there, for three months, if the settlers would assure him twenty-five pupils, at \$1.50 each. A subscription paper was circulated and the required sum pledged, but, on

opening the school, only fourteen children appeared, the entire juvenile force of the village. The school, however, progressed for several weeks, but the measles breaking out among the pupils, it was closed before the three months had expired. The pedagogue betook himself from Aurora to Chicago, where he was subsequently found dead in a hay loft, having committed suicide.

Two rude houses were subsequently erected, one on the East and the other on the West Side, in the former of which a Miss Julia Brown taught the first term, and has frequently been incorrectly cited as the first teacher in the place. Men were generally employed as teachers in the Winter, and women in the Summer, and, for a number of years, rude huts, built for the purpose, or rooms in private dwellings, were used as school rooms. The teachers were generally paid by subscription, the present elaborate school law being then unknown. Three Directors were appointed, in Aurora, at an early day, and Burr Winton, one of the first board, says that he was obliged to pay a teacher for one quarter, amounting to about twenty-eight dollars, from his own private purse.

The old State Line Road between Chicago and Galena crossed Fox River, previous to 1836, at Gray's (now Montgomery), and there was no road between Naperville and Aurora. The mail for McCarty's Mill, as Aurora was then called, was obtained at Naperville.

In the above mentioned year, however, Samuel McCarty and some of his men staked a road to that place; also west to Big Rock, and erected rude bridges where they were needed. Mr. McCarty then consulted with the mail-contractor, offering to board his drivers and teams a month, gratis, if he would take the new route. The offer was accepted, and Mr. Winton, who was then living in Mr. McCarty's house, relieved him of part of his agreement, and boarded the drivers during the month himself.

It was then proposed to have a post office, and at the suggestion of Mr. Winton, a meeting (November, 1836) of the citizens was called to take action in regard to it. Mr. R. C. Horr was chosen Chairman, and, the assembly declaring themselves in favor of Mr. Winton as their Postmaster, a petition was drawn up, and, with their signatures appended, together with that of the nearest Postmaster, according to a common custom, and presented to the proper authorities; and in March, 1837, Mr. Winton entered upon the duties of the office, which he held for ten years, with honor, at the expiration of which time he resigned.

It would be natural to suppose that the institution which the pioneers had sought for so long would have received liberal patronage, and that an extra mail-bag might have been required to carry the messages which would pour hourly into its letter-boxes, but such was not the fact, and Mr. Winton states that he believes that the amount due the Department, from the office, during the first quarter, did not exceed \$10.00. It must be recollected, too, that it cost twenty-five cents to send a letter then.

Some difficulty arose in deciding upon a name for the office, a part of the inhabitants being in favor of perpetuating the memory of the friendly old Chief

of the Pottawattomies, by calling it Waubansie, and various other proposals were made, but Mr. E. D. Terry having suggested Aurora, Homer's "rosy-fingered" goddess received the honor, and the village as euphonious and classic a name as could have been conferred upon it.

In the Fall of 1836, a hotel, 16x31, was put up on the present site of the Tremont House, by E. D. & Richard Terry.*

Up to this time, plastered walls were unknown in the place, but as it was the general belief that some approach to metropolitan elegance should be attempted in the new building, the limestone with which the river banks abounded were collected in sufficient quantities and burned in a log fire. When this difficulty in obtaining lime was thus overcome, another appeared in the fact that there was neither a plasterer nor trowel nearer than Chicago. There was a blacksmith, however, in the person of Mr. King, on the West Side—a true son of Vulcan—who could make anything which taxed the ingenuity of the heathen patron of his art, except a thunderbolt; and, an old saw being presented to him, a trowel speedily appeared therefrom, with which Richard Terry plastered the walls.

At a period a little later, James Leonard put up a building on the West Side, on River street, which was used as a hotel, but in those days every man who had ten square feet of spare room, kept tavern.

In the Fall of 1836, a bridge was built across the east channel of the river, by voluntary subscription, but being a light wood structure it was swept away, by a freshet in the following Spring.

In the Spring of 1838, a subscription paper was circulated to obtain funds to rebuild the bridge. This document is still in existence, and stipulated that the amount subscribed should be paid in four separate payments, the first to be made on the first of April, the second on the first of June, the third in July, and the fourth in August. It cost about \$2,000. The McCartys headed the list with \$500. This bridge was in turn swept away, and was again rebuilt across the east channel in 1843 (by subscription list).

Aurora was now on the highway to prosperity, with taverns, stores, shops, a post office, schools, stage route, and everything which betokens the thriving village, when the financial storm of 1837 swept over the country. All Northern Illinois was flooded with worthless Michigan securities, and many of the inhabitants of the coming city suffered in common with settlers in all parts of the State, but they eventually arose above the tempest.

The progress of Aurora was at no time stayed, the tide of immigration continuing as before and valuable additions were received this same year to the population, among which we may mention J. G. Stolp, who came from Onondaga Co., N. Y., in the Spring; Geo. McCullum, Robert Mathews and his family, Isaac Marlett, Wm. V. Plum, Clark Wilder, Messrs. Sawtall, Wallace and Campbell.

* Now living in another county.

Various important topics seem to have agitated the village during the year, prominent among which was the temperance question. A society was organized early in the Winter, with E. D. Terry as President, and Perseus Brown, also known as "Dr." and "Cooper" Brown, as Secretary, and Dr. O. D. Howell (then a school teacher), acting under its direction, delivered the first temperance lecture in the town. Spirituous liquor was then as common an article of trade as cut nails or calico prints, and the society did not pretend to inculcate total abstinence among its members, but simply the temperate use of alcoholic drinks. But there was one in the society, Mr. Brown, the worthy Secretary, who was as radical in his denunciation of drink and the drunkard as are any of our modern teetotalers. He would neither use the beverage himself nor in any possible way, however remote, would he assist any one to use it. If a man brought him a barrel to repair, he had been known to ask for what purpose he wished to use it, and if he replied "to hold whisky," some other cooper than "Cooper" Brown must mend it. This eccentric but conscientious man was drowned some years later, by accident, in Fox River.

The year 1837 also witnessed the building of a carding mill on the upper end of the island, by J. G. Stolp, which was subsequently moved to a point further down the river, where the business developed into its present proportions, Stolp's Woolen Mills being now known throughout the West.

In 1838, Mr. Winton suggested the feasibility of purchasing a *Town Library*; and, as the suggestion was favorably received, an association was formed for that purpose, each member paying \$2.00 for a share. One hundred dollars were thus raised and expended in the purchase of popular and instructive works, Harpers' Family Library forming an important part of them. Although the interest in the library diminished to a considerable extent, at one time, it has never been allowed to perish, and during the last fifteen years has been increased by successive additions, until at the present time it contains upward of two thousand volumes, embracing all the various departments of literature and science, standard works upon history and philosophy, complete sets of the books of all the best writers of romance and books of reference, many of which are to be found in no private library in the city. A great advance was made in its history in the fall of 1864,* when a number of the most influential and intelligent men in the city conceived the plan of establishing a reading room in connection with it. Previously, the few books which had been collected had been generally kept in the private house of the Librarian, and had often become scattered and many of them lost; but since the date above named, the library has steadily increased.

CHURCHES.

In the Fall of 1837, the first church in the place was organized under the direction of the Methodist Episcopal Conference. Rev. Worthington Wilcox was its first pastor, and the first meeting of the society was held at the house

* In that year it was chartered.

of Samuel McCarty. Its first church edifice was erected in 1843, the membership at that time having increased from seven or eight to between thirty and forty. The names of the first Board of Trustees were Samuel McCarty, C. H. Goodwin, Mr. Brown, C. F. Goodwin and John Gilson. The present imposing stone edifice was commenced in 1871 and dedicated December 27th, 1874. It cost about \$50,000, and will seat 1,200. Before the Methodists had commenced their first building, the Universalists had established a society, August 8, 1842, and in the same year had built a church. Its first pastor was Rev. G. W. Lawrence. Their elegant stone building now standing, on the East Side, at the corner of Main street and Lincoln avenue, was erected in 1866. If the moral status of a city is to be measured by the number of its churches, Aurora will rank high among her sister cities, for no less than nineteen buildings dedicated to the worship of God now rise in her midst. The first Baptist organization commenced its existence March 29, 1844. It was established about two miles from the city, in a little school house in Mr. Vaughn's neighborhood. There were at first only ten members, and Rev. J. Blake officiated as pastor. About 1847, they decided to hold their services in the village, and in 1851 commenced to build a church, which was completed in the following year, and is still occupied by them. Catholic priests from Elgin and Chicago were in the habit of visiting the few members of their church who had settled in Aurora, as early as 1848. They frequently held meetings in school houses or in private dwellings, but it was not until 1849 or 1850 that Bishop Vandeveld purchased of Austin Mann nineteen acres of land for church purposes. This property was situated on Broadway, and is now a part of the tract occupied by the tracks and buildings of the C., B. & Q. Railroad. A church was erected on this tract about 30x40, and, after standing there about a year, was blown down. Father La Bell was the pastor. It was afterward raised again and occupied a short time, but Messrs. Hall having donated to the church two lots, located on the corner of Pine and Spruce streets, and two more lots having been purchased, a stone building, 102 feet in length by 42 in width, was erected in 1855-6. This edifice remained a number of years; a pleasant parsonage was built near it, and the society was becoming independent, when it took fire and burned down. A Cathedral was then built on Fox street, which is still occupied. The German Catholics met for a time with their English-speaking brethren, but in 1859 they resolved to erect a separate building, where they might hold worship in the language of "*vaterland*." Accordingly, two lots were purchased, where the church and parsonage now stand, the former being built during the year 1860. It is about 50x100 feet. Rev. Father Westkamp was the first pastor. The membership of each of these Catholic Churches is very large. The French Catholics built a church about eight years ago, and are still occupying it.

In 1868, forty-three members removed, by letter, from the First M. E. Church to form the Galena Street Church, on the West Side. They now have a fine edifice and are in a prosperous condition. The German Evangelical

Society built, in 1858, on Watson street, on a lot donated by Benjamin Hackney. As their building was small and the society had prospered from the first, they purchased the old building on Main street, of the Universalist Society, after it had been abandoned by the original owners, and have held their services there ever since. On the 4th of November, 1860, the Free Methodists organized a society in Aurora. They occupied a hall on Broadway as a place of worship for three years; but in October, 1863, they dedicated a commodious brick church on Lincoln avenue. A parsonage was subsequently built, and the society is now prosperous. The present Presbyterian organization was started in 1858. In June, 1859, Rev. A. Hamilton took charge of the society as the first pastor. During the Fall and Winter of 1861, a small house of worship was built. Later they divided, and built a small brick church on the East Side.

The First Congregational Church was organized in the Presbyterian form, with seventeen members, June 10, 1838, but was changed in name and government July 1, 1848. Its substantial stone building, on the corner of Main and Park streets, was dedicated in January, 1857.

On the 1st of July, 1858, a colony of thirty, from the First Congregational Church, left its fold to form the New England Congregational Church. A house was built on Locust street, and Rev. George Hubbard, their first minister, commenced his labors therein in March, 1859.

Twenty-seven members from the First Baptist Church assembled on the 2d day of June, 1857, in the old Congregational Meeting House, and organized the Second or Union Baptist Church. A call was forthwith extended to Rev. Lewis Raymond, of Sandusky, Ohio, and the pastorate was accepted by him. At the close of the first year, they numbered 110, and now form one of the permanent religious societies of the place. The old Congregational Church was purchased and enlarged by them.

The Episcopal Church is situated on South Lincoln avenue, No. 19. Rev. W. C. Hopkins is rector. It is an old organization, having been commenced on the 25th of May, 1850, under the superintendence of Rev. Henry Safford.

The German Lutherans first assembled, as a society, in Aurora, December 5, 1853. Rev. C. H. Buhre officiated as their first pastor. They struggled along until 1855 without a meeting house, holding their religious services, a part of the time, in the third story of a building then owned by Mr. Harroun, afterward purchased by Thomas Russell; but in that year they put up the edifice still occupied by them, on the corner of First avenue and Jackson street, on land given them by Benjamin Hackney.

There is also a Swedish branch of the Lutheran Church, with the church building located at 29 Galena street.

Rev. J. Schaefer organized the German Methodist Church, in 1859, with only six members, as follows: Messrs. Bauman, Stoll, Eitelgeorge, Wissinger, Ziegler, Shoeberlien and Schmidt. In two years, the membership increased to

thirty. The church building was erected during that time. It is located at 62 Fox street.

Aside from the above, there is the African Methodist Episcopal Church, which was organized in July, 1868, and the African Baptist Church, which was organized the year previous.

EDUCATION

has received no less attention than religion, and Aurora was the very first city in the State to adopt a system of public schools. Her first pioneer efforts in this direction have been already mentioned.

Late in the Fall of 1839, the earliest substantial school building was erected in the public square, on the East Side, at a cost of over \$300, which was raised by private subscription. The building was put up under the management of Col. Brown, and it was also used for religious assemblies. The first pedagogue who occupied it was a Mr. Moffat. This house eventually became too small, and in 1847, when the number of children in the district was 346, it was thought time to have a new building, but, owing to successive delays in levying money, and various misunderstandings, the proposed house was not completed until 1851. In 1854, it was found to be too small, and an addition was made to it.

Later, a school house was built in the northern part of the city, and, in 1862, two smaller buildings were put upon the lot where the main building stood.

In 1863, another school house was demanded, and it was urged by many of the citizens that it should be an expensive one, sufficiently ample to supply the demands of a rapidly increasing population. In the Fall of 1864, it was decided that a new site should be purchased and a building of suitable dimensions erected. This building, which was of brick, 74x96 feet and four stories high, was dedicated, with appropriate public ceremonies, on the 5th day of September, 1866.

There are now five school houses on the East Side, as follows: The East Branch, a small wooden building, at the corner of New York and Smith streets; the Indian Creek School, wood, two rooms; the Brady School, corner of Superior and Union streets, brick, two stories high, with eight rooms; the Young School, located at the corner of Fifth street and Center avenue, a brick building, three stories high, having twelve rooms; and the Central School, brick, four stories high, and containing fifteen rooms, besides an office used by the Board of Education. Over two thousand pupils are enrolled, and thirty teachers are employed.

It would be interesting to note some of the peculiarities of the able system which has been adopted by W. B. Powell, the Superintendent, but our space will not admit of it.

It will be understood that the above-mentioned buildings are all on the East Side, and that the remainder of the city is under a separate management.

The first school on that side is said to have been opened in 1836, by Miss Angeline Atwater, afterward Mrs. N. B. Spalding, in an old log house on the bank of the river. There were only eight or ten pupils, but the building was not large enough to accommodate even that number. In 1839, a small frame building was constructed for a school house, on land then owned by Mr. R. Wilder.

The West Side steadily filled up, and again and again the cry was raised by the youngsters for more room, and as often a new school house was given them. In 1852, the school attendance was about one hundred and sixty. In 1867, it was 650. The district is now managed under the School Law of 1872, and it boasts sixteen school rooms, with facilities for accommodating 800 pupils.

It remains to notice but one other institution of education, viz., Jennings Seminary.*

As early as 1850, Rev. John Clark, an old and honored member of the Rock River M. E. Conference, advanced the idea of establishing a denominational institution in Aurora, for the education of youth in all branches pertaining to a liberal education. His plan at first met with but little favor, but still he continued to advance it among the citizens of the town and elsewhere, with the utmost persistence, from year to year, until at length the attention of some of the leading citizens was obtained. Mr. Clark, however, did not live to see the accomplishment of his earnest desires, for, on the 11th of July, 1854, while in charge of a Chicago pastorate, he was called from this world to his final reward.

But other able men continued his work, and in February, 1855, a charter was obtained from the Legislature for the institution, requiring, however, that \$25,000 should be subscribed, for the erection of the proposed building. In February, 1856, this sum had been promised, and the Trustees proceeded to take proposals for the work.

It would be uninteresting to trace the entire history of its progress, and the many threatened failures before the building was finished. It is sufficient to state that the year 1857 had passed before the magnificent pile which now rises on a beautiful knoll, on South Broadway, and overlooks the entire city, was completed.

The entire cost of house and grounds exceeded \$70,000. The main building is 125x40 feet, while a wing extends on the rear, 75x45 feet, and, aside from this, there is a side building, 40x30 feet. The roofs are fire-proof, and the main building is separated from the rear building by fire-proof partitions.

G. W. Quereau was elected its first Principal, in October, 1858—although there had previously been a small school in a portion of the house—and sustained the duties of his position with eminent success until his resignation, in 1873. Rev. C. E. Mandeville was elected to fill the vacancy. The seminary

* Named from Mrs. E. Jennings, of Aurora, its most liberal patron.

was closed a year ago for repairs, but was re-opened for the Fall term of the present year (1877) under the superintendence of Rev. M. E. Cady. The curriculum comprises an English course, an academic course, the college preparatory course, a scientific and commercial course, eclectic course and musical course.

None but the most accomplished and thorough teachers are employed, and Jennings Seminary ranks among the best denominational institutions in the West.

MANUFACTURES AND RAILROADS.

But to return to 1837, from which we digressed to trace the educational and religious history of Aurora. In that year, George McCollum built, on his present stand, a carriage and plow manufactory, which was subsequently operated in the exclusive manufacture of wagons and carriages, and is still in successful operation. From ten to fifteen men are employed. Mr. McCollum came from Susquehanna County, Pa., in 1836, and worked for King, the first blacksmith in the town, during a part of that year. A larger carriage shop was established fourteen years ago, on the East Side, by Brown & Meyer, who are now doing the most extensive business of the kind in the vicinity.

During the years 1839-43, inclusive, numerous settlers flocked to Aurora, among whom we notice the names of O. D. Day, Wyatt Carr, R. C. Mix, Charles Hoyt and the Hall brothers. Hoyt came from Cleveland, O., in the Spring of 1841, and having bought of Zaphua Lake the land along the west bank of the river, with an undivided half of the water power, built thereon a four-story grist-mill, 40x50 feet in dimensions, and carrying four sets of stones. R. C. Mix was the millwright. This, at the time, was the largest flouring mill on Fox River, and was a landmark all over the West. The flour made ranked with the best in the market, and Blackhawk Mill continued in successful operation, with scarcely a day's interruption, until the morning of October 26, 1875, when the building was destroyed by fire. It was then owned by R. A. Alexander.

Mr. Hoyt had sold it, in 1856, to Squires & Whitford, and had erected, on the land now occupied by Hoyt & Brothers Manufacturing Company, a small shop for the manufacture of stave machinery. The building was subsequently used by Reeves & Carter, manufacturers of the Grouberg Reaper, and later by Carter & Pinney, as a general repair shop, and came into the possession of the present proprietors, sons of Charles Hoyt, in the Fall of 1868. Since then, having been much enlarged, it is devoted to the manufacture of all kinds of wood-working machinery—planers and matchers, chain-feed surfacers and resawers being a specialty. Over forty hands are usually employed.

In 1847-8, some of the enterprising business men of Aurora proposed to connect their town by railroad with the Galena & Chicago road, now known as the Galena Division of the Chicago & Northwestern. Hon. L. D. Brady, then

a member of the Legislature, secured a charter for the Aurora Branch Railroad Company. In 1850, the road was commenced, and finished in the Fall of 1851, having cost, with an engine, two passenger and twelve freight cars, about \$100,000. Stephen F. Gale, of Chicago, was its first President. In 1852, the charter was so amended that it empowered the company to extend the road "in a southwesterly direction, on the most practicable route, to a point fifteen miles north of LaSalle, and where such extension may intersect any railroad, built or to be built, northward from the town of LaSalle, in LaSalle County, and there to form a connection with any such railroad." The name was then changed to The Chicago & Aurora Railroad, and a conjunction, being formed with the Military Tract and Peoria & Oquawka roads, direct railroad communication was opened between Aurora and the Mississippi in 1855. Since this date, her railroad facilities have increased to a remarkable extent, tracks having been laid as follows: First, the main line extension, running direct between Aurora and Chicago, which, with the road running west, now forms the main line of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Road; then the Ottawa, Oswego & Fox River Valley Road, built by C. H. Force & Company, to which Aurora subscribed \$60,000, the terminus of which is Streator; the Chicago & Iowa Road, running west to the Mississippi by way of Rochelle, and built by F. E. Hinckley, the citizens of Aurora taking \$100,000 stock, and finally an extension of the Ottawa, Oswego & Fox River Valley Road, to Geneva, along the west side of the river. Occupying many acres of ground, on the East Side, on Claim street and Lincoln avenue, are the extensive shops, tracks and depots of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad. The shops alone give employment to over eight hundred hands. Volumes might be written describing these manufactories and the perfect and systematic order which is to be found in every department of them, but we have only the space to say that the various parts, both wood and iron, of locomotives and coaches are here constructed, and advise the reader to visit them himself. On the 18th day of May, 1873, the greater part of the works were destroyed by fire, involving a loss of a quarter of a million of dollars, but they were immediately rebuilt on a more extensive plan than before. The company is one of the most prosperous in the country. The general agent of its complex business at Aurora is Mr. Wm. H. Hawkins, one of the early settlers, who came to the town in 1837.

The Aurora Silver Plate Manufacturing Company also deserves mention as contributing essentially to the business prosperity of the city. It was organized in 1869 by a joint stock company, under a charter from the Legislature. Its founders were Chas. L. Burphee, Daniel Volentine, Geo. W. Quereau, O. N. Shedd, D. W. Young, Chas. Wheaton, Samuel McCarty, J. G. Stolp, M. L. Baxter, Wm. Lawrence, Wm. J. Strong and James G. Barr. The capital, at the present time, is \$100,000. They employ sixty-five hands. The building, which is situated on the island, covers 20,000 square feet of floors, and their rolling mill is the only one of the kind found west of Cincinnati. The



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ELGIN.

above, with the Aurora woolen-mills, mentioned on another page, completes the history of the great manufactories of Aurora. There are several other less noted establishments, but, although each are of importance to the city, and one, at least, employs a number of hands, we can scarcely be expected to notice in a history of the county.

DEATH OF JOSEPH MCCARTY.

Before the wonderful progress which we have recorded had been made, and ere the hum of machinery and the scream of the locomotive had resounded through the busy city, its founder, Joseph McCarty, was quietly sleeping in his grave. In 1839, while working in the field, he was suddenly attacked with hemorrhage of the lungs. All possible medical assistance was rendered, but from that day he steadily declined. Being advised to seek a more genial climate, he took with him a friend, Mr. Enoch Terry, still living in the city, and proceeded to the South, where, after wandering in vain in search of health and strength, he died, near the center of the State of Alabama, at the age of thirty-one.

In 1842, Theodore Lake laid out the village of West Aurora. To illustrate the rapidity with which real estate arose about that time, we may cite a single case of its transfer. Benjamin Hackney bought a farm on the East Side in 1844, for which he paid \$2,500, and after dividing it into town lots, sold it for \$50,000.

NEWSPAPERS.

The newspaper history of Aurora has been quite interesting. The first publication was a Democratic sheet called "*The People's Platform*," issued by Isaac Marlett about 1846, but soon removed to St. Charles, then a more important town than Aurora. "*The Weekly Beacon*" first appeared June 1, 1847, and was then edited by the Hall Brothers, M. V. and B. F., the former a Whig, the latter a Democrat. It was accordingly conducted on neutral principles, and at one time had two departments, in which the politics of both of the respective parties were advocated. B. F. Hall finally disposed of his share in the concern, when it became a Whig paper. In 1853-4, James W. and Dudley Randall purchased it, and soon after removed the office to the East Side. It then passed through various hands in rapid succession, as follows: William Goldy, a good job printer; the late N. S. Greenwood, of Waterman, DeKalb Co., an intelligent farmer; George Brewster, a Chicago editor; until, on the 6th of September, 1856, "*The Daily Beacon*" appeared, with Hon. A. C. Gibson as editor. The editorship was next assumed by Mr. Brewster, who was followed by one Day, and Day by Augustus Harman, who continued its publication until the consolidation of the *Beacon* and *Guardian*, July, 1857, when J. W. Randall and Simon Whitely became proprietors of the *Republican Union*, as the newspaper was named. This joint proprietorship lasted but a

single month, when Mr. Whitely took the materials of the old *Guardian*, a Democratic sheet which had been established by him in 1852, to his old quarters and resumed separate publication under the title of the *Republican*. The creditors of Mr. Randall took possession of the old *Beacon* office, and it was sold to pay debts. In September, 1857, Augustus Harman, who had been editor, and O. B. Knickerbocker, who had been the compositor for J. W. Randall, came into possession of the *Beacon* material and revived its publication. They continued in partnership until June, 1848, when Mr. Harman retired, and, with Miss Ellen Beard, who afterward became Mrs. Harman, commenced the publication of the *Reformer*. On the 1st of January, 1859, Mr. George S. Bangs formed a partnership with Mr. Knickerbocker, and the *Beacon* was enlarged. This proprietorship continued until March, 1866, when Bangs sold his interest to Knickerbocker, and, in October of the same year, J. H. Hodder purchased an interest in the paper, and it has been issued since that date under the proprietorship of Knickerbocker & Hodder. For the history of the *Beacon* we are indebted to its editor. *The Aurora Herald* was established in 1866, by Thomas E. Hill, and is one of the permanent institutions of the city. Its present proprietor, Pierce Burton, purchased it in 1871. *The Aurora Daily News* was first issued on the 18th of March, 1874, by Messrs. Siegmund & Faye. On the 1st of February, 1876, Mr. W. B. Hawkins, formerly editor of the Indianapolis *Courier*, purchased a half interest in the establishment. It is the only daily paper published in the city. *The Aurora Volksfreund* was established in the Winter of 1868, by Peter Klein, its present editor and publisher, and is the only German paper published in the Fox River Valley. Klein & Siegmund were the first proprietors, but in the Summer of 1871, Mr. Klein bought out Mr. Siegmund. It is a handsome sheet, and seems destined to become eminently successful.

FLOOD.

The year 1847 witnessed the greatest flood which has devastated the banks of Fox River since their first settlement. A sudden thaw late in the Winter broke up the ice while it was still thick, and Stolp's Island was completely submerged, while the saw-mill, Eagle Mills, Moore & Howe's wagon factory and the sash factory of Reader & Merrill were all more or less damaged. The total loss was estimated at \$100,000.

ORGANIZATION AND INCORPORATION.

In 1845, the village of East Aurora was organized. Her first board of officers were elected to hold office until 1847, and were Daniel Eastman, President; Daniel McCarty, Perseus Brown, Luke Wheelock and P. J. Wagner, Trustees. In 1854, West Aurora was incorporated under the general law, and elected Myron V. Hall, President; D. B. Waterman, B. Street, George McCollum and A. Richardson, Trustees. A charter was obtained, incorporating

both sides under one city government, during the session of the Legislature for 1856-7, and the first election under the new order was held the first Tuesday of the following March, resulting as follows: For Mayor, B. F. Hall; for Aldermen, J. D. Clark, W. V. Plum, Holmes Miller, J. B. Stolp, William Gardner, R. C. Mix, L. Cottrell and S. L. Jackson. The present Mayor is F. L. Bartlett.

COURT HOUSE.

A portion of land on the island was deeded by J. G. Stolp for a Court House, and the ground was broken for the foundation in July, 1859. It was not until 1865 that it was sufficiently completed for the reception of the post office, and during that year the portion of the work which still remained unfinished was performed. Most of the work was done in 1864. The building is an imposing stone structure, and was erected at a cost of over \$69,000. It contains the post office, court room, a public hall, jail, library room and several other well-finished apartments, rented as offices, and is an honor to the city and a source of commendable pride to its citizens. In 1868, the old wooden

BRIDGES

were removed—one to Montgomery, the other to North Aurora, where they now span the river; and in the following year the beautiful and substantial iron ones now crossing the stream at Aurora were put up by the town.

MEMORIAL BUILDING.

Shortly after the war, the ladies of Aurora, by various means, commenced raising funds for the erection of a soldiers' monument. Years passed, and successive additions were made to the amount in the hands of their treasurer, until, in 1876, it was resolved to put the original design into execution, or in some other manner devote their savings to the perpetuation of the memory of the brave sons of the town who had given their lives in the defense of their country. Accordingly, architectural designs were obtained, and a small but beautiful stone memorial building was raised upon the island just east of the Court House, at a cost of about four thousand dollars, where it now stands, an appropriate mausoleum. It is intended to use it as a library building, when completed, and the Grand Army of the Republic proposes to place a statue upon the pedestal, upon its summit, which will cost \$1,000 or more.

POSITION, RESOURCES, ETC.

Aurora is beautifully situated, at a favorable point for commerce and manufactures, on the gently undulating hills which slope from either bank of Fox River, at a point about forty-five miles from its mouth. It covers an extent of two and a half miles north and south by two and a fourth miles east and west. Its water power is extensive and unfailing; it possesses excellent quarries of

building stone, in positions easily accessible ; and, in general, its natural advantages are unsurpassed. Its population, by the census of 1870, was 11,162, since which time it has materially increased, and may safely be estimated at the present time (1876) at upward of thirteen thousand. The assessed valuation of its property, in connection with that of the township, was \$4,394,431, and it contains, aside from the institutions which we have enumerated, palatial residences and business blocks, hotels, mills, shops, a fire company, a police force, various orders, and all the organizations and advantages usually found in a city of its size and importance.

BATAVIA TOWNSHIP

forms the southern portion of Town 39 north, Range 8 east of the Third Principal Meridian. It is bounded on the north by Geneva, east by Winfield, Du Page County ; south by Aurora, and west by Blackberry, and is crossed from north to south by Fox River, and by the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, the Fox River Valley and a branch of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroads. Its surface is well watered by small tributaries of the Fox, and diversified, like that of the entire tier of towns along the valley of the river, with low hills, rolling prairies, and occasional patches of woodland.

SETTLEMENT.

To Batavia and the village in the heart of it belongs the honor of the first settlement in the county—that of Christopher Payne, in the Summer and Fall of 1833, a further account of which will be found in the sketch of the village. His claim was on the east side of the river, and his house within the village limits. Some doubt has arisen about Payne's settlement being the first, several of the old settlers, and among them E. S. Town, Esq., declaring that Payne himself had told them that he had entered the county in June, 1833, and had there found Daniel S. Haight living upon a claim upon the present site of Geneva, afterward owned by James Herrington. But Capt. C. B. Dodson, than whom there can be no higher authority, explains this apparent anachronism by the assurance that Payne had repeatedly told him that he had broken land near the head of Big Woods, in the Summer of 1832, but had made no regular claim at that time, and had left the county and remained at Naperville until the Indian war had ceased. In September of the following year, his family settled at Batavia. Haight, meantime, had left the county, but subsequently returned and was on his claim in the Spring of 1834. As a house was ready, in September, 1833, to receive Payne's family, it is tolerably certain that he had taken up his claim early in the Summer. From these facts, and the general belief of early settlers, we shall agree with previous writers upon the subject, and consider Payne's settlement the first in Kane County.

Col. Joseph Lyon, from the Empire State, settled in Batavia early in 1834, and remained in the village throughout its settlement and progress until 1875, when he left for Stockton, California, his present home. Few men have ever possessed more fully the esteem of their townsmen. He was a soldier in the War of 1812, and was, for a number of years before his removal to California, the oldest settler in the county. Capt. C. B. Dodson, now the oldest, settled at Clybournville, a mile and a half south of Batavia village, in June, 1834. But Clybournville was only a prospect then, and is only a memory now. No sooner had Capt. Dodson settled than he commenced building the first saw-mill in the county, at the mouth of Mill Creek, and the first store, for trade with the Indians. In the same year, a partnership was formed between himself and Mr. Clybourn, of Chicago, and the settlement at the mouth of the creek was named in honor of Capt. Dodson's partner. Great preparations were made to trade with the Indians, and an old hunter, one Caldwell, from Michigan, was kept in the swamps with the redskins, as an agent. The store was often filled with the skins which were purchased for almost nothing and sold for but little more. A young Indian chief was obtained to stay in the store, for the purpose of teaching the American clerk his language, and for communicating with his own race—as few of them understood the English language well—and Capt. Dodson himself soon learned to speak the Pottowattomie vernacular with nearly as much fluency as his mother tongue. His life has been a remarkably eventful one, both before and after his arrival in Illinois. It required no small amount of courage and determination to settle—almost the only European—amid hordes of the hereditary enemies of the white race, conciliated within a comparatively recent period, and well aware that the government was plotting to cheat them out of their land. Capt. Dodson was well acquainted with Waubansie and Shabbona, and describes the former as a man of splendid personal appearance, who always carried a long spear as a badge of his exalted position in his tribe. He never spoke the language of the conquering race well, but independently used his own, whether in conversation with his tribe or with others. In 1835, Dodson & Clybourn took a contract from the Government to remove the Indians to Council Bluffs and Kansas. Waubansie lingered upon his hunting grounds, reluctant to go, until many of his friends had left, but was at length induced to leave at the solicitation of Capt. Dodson. He was the last of his tribe to go, however, and it may be doubted if he would have gone at all, had not the squaws been induced to take their places in the wagons prepared for them, and the journey commenced. Then he followed, and left the valley of Fox River forever. Previous to their departure, Col. Lyon had made an unsuccessful attempt to civilize one of them. The result illustrates the lazy nature of the race. Neuqua, eldest son of Waubansie, was an intelligent young man and a general favorite among the settlers. As he wandered into a field one day, where Col. Lyon was at work, the latter staked out a small piece of land plowed and ready to plant, and told him that if he would put the seed in the

ground, he should have the entire crop for his trouble. The idea pleased him, and he promised to be on hand the next morning. True to his pledge, he appeared at the time designated, but with him came a dozen or more squaws, with hoes upon their shoulders. Col. Lyon remonstrated, informing him that the bargain was that he should perform the work *himself*, and intimated that the land was not staked out to afford him an opportunity to give practical illustrations of woman's rights. But in vain was the attempt. Neuqua replied, "Me hunt the meat, squaw hunt the corn," and would not touch a hoe. This chief is said to have raised a regiment of Pottawattomies in Kansas, and assisted the Northern army in Missouri during the late war.

We have it from the authority of 'Squire Town, that James Vanatta was located upon a claim east of Batavia village, previous to January, 1834, and one Corey, about the same time, was settled on a tract adjoining. During the latter part of December, 1833, James Nelson took up a claim and built a cabin in a grove known to the early settlers as Nelson's Grove, about two miles west of the village, and moved into his house in January, 1834. The place is now known as the Carr farm. John Gregg, the first blacksmith in the township, settled on what is now known as the Griffith place, east of the village, early in the Spring of 1834. His services were in great demand, as he was an excellent workman, and the prairie breakers used to come to his shop from Rockford—a journey which required a week to perform and return—to get their plows repaired.

The first death in the township was that of a child of one Myers, who kept house for Capt. Dodson in 1834, and the first death of an adult, that of Mrs. Ward, in the Fall of the same year.

Settlers flocked in during 1835, 1836 and 1837, and before the close of the year 1838 we find, aside from those already mentioned, J. W. Churchill, William Van Nortwick, Joel McKee, James Risk, James Rockwell, Dr. D. K. and Horace Town, William Vandeventer, Isaac Wilson, George Fowler and James Latham, all permanently located in Batavia. Clybournville, although it was proposed to locate the county seat there in 1836, never became more than an exceedingly small hamlet, but Batavia village, just north of it, attained the position which the cluster of shanties at the mouth of Mill Creek never gained. The history of that village is the history of Batavia Township, since little of historical importance has transpired in the latter since its settlement. Its fertile farms passed from squatter claims to Government purchases without excitement, or injustice to any man, since the settlers had formed regular claim organizations, in common with the other townships, and each tract was purchased and retained by the original owner at a dollar and a quarter per acre. From that day to this, the quiet but steady occupation upon which all others depend has been pursued and abundantly rewarded. The assessed valuation of its land in 1876 was \$665,007.

EDUCATION

has received more than usual attention in this township, and it claims the first school in the county. This was taught in a log house on Col. Lyon's claim, a mile east of the village, in the Fall of 1834. The teacher was a Vermonter, by the name of Knowles, and the average number of pupils in attendance, nine. The estimated valuation of school property in Geneva and Batavia, for the year 1876, was \$70,000, nearly \$40,000 of which is contained in Batavia.

WAR RECORD.

There came a time in Batavia's history when the usual uneventful course of daily pursuits was broken, and every patriotic soul burned with indignation—the day when the wires proclaimed throughout the land that the national flag had been fired upon. Then did the township first in the county in settlement, schools and progress of every description take her place among the first in the defense of the country. Three companies were enrolled in the village during the war—one for the Forty-second, one for the Fifty-second and one for the One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Illinois regiments. Among the officers from Batavia may be mentioned Col. E. D. Swain, now in Chicago; Major H. K. Wolcott, and Col. D. C. Newton, still residents of Batavia; Major Adin Mann and Capt. E. S. Stafford, since removed West, and F. P. Crandon, who enlisted in the First Maryland Cavalry. The names of those who fell upon the numerous Southern battle fields, or perished in those cursed prisons, we have not the statistics to obtain; but wherever their graves may lie—scattered though they may be throughout the South, or removed to Northern cemeteries—a grateful nation honors them.

“And freedom shall awhile repair
To dwell a weeping hermit there.”

CITY OF BATAVIA.

The manufacturing village of Batavia is situated on both banks of Fox River, about two miles by rail from Geneva, and seven miles from Aurora.

The first claim taken up within its limits, which is also generally considered the first in the county, was made by Christopher Payne, in October, 1833, on the east side of the river. Much dispute has occurred concerning Payne's nativity, some contending that he was a North Carolinian, and others that he entered the county from nearly every point of the compass; but E. S. Town, Esq., who settled on the West Side, in June, 1834, upon the place now occupied by C. W. Porter, and who was well acquainted with Payne, and possesses an excellent memory of early events, states that he had frequently told him that he hailed from the Empire State, but had been a wanderer nearly all his life. Like the celebrated character whose name, with a varied orthography, he bore, he could say that the world was his home. He came from North Carolina to

Illinois; and Capt. Dodson states that he entered Kane County and broke land in 1832, but left during the Indian troubles. He was a *pioneer* by nature, ever hovering on the outer edge of civilization, and seldom remaining long enough in one place to enjoy the fruits of his labors. He had been in Naperville previous to settling in Kane County, but had not remained there long. He claimed that he had first entered the county and broken some land near the head of "Big Woods," but that his family had not come until the following year (1833). According to Mr. Town, he was one of the roughest men in the world, but possessed of a generous and kind nature. Capt. Dodson also states that he was one of nature's noblemen. He was extremely hospitable, and his little sixteen square log shanty, the first in Batavia, was frequently crowded with strangers. It has long been torn down and forgotten. It may also be considered the first tavern in the place, as Payne there entertained all the explorers who sought his door as long as he remained in Batavia, and it was the general and only resort. When Mr. Town, Harry Boardman,* afterward well known in Batavia, and a gentleman whose name has no connection with this history, visited the "Big Woods," in June, 1834, they found Payne comfortably located with his family, a parcel of land under cultivation, and a yoke of oxen. That night there were sixteen lodged in his house. As Mrs. Payne was spreading the blankets upon the floor for the guests, one of them remarked that he could not imagine where she could dispose of them all, to which the good woman replied that there would be plenty of room as she *had* lodged twenty-three there by tucking her children under her own bed. Mr. Town settled in the same month (June, 1834), on the West Side, and during the same year the settlement was increased by the arrival of Col. Lyon, James Latham, Joel McKee, James Risk, Titus Howe, and Wm. Vanderverter, all of whom took up claims near the present corporation limits. Col. Lyon arrived on the 24th of April, 1834, and remained in town during its settlement and much of its progress, but is now residing in California. James Latham likewise removed to California, where he died. Joel McKee died at his residence near Batavia some years ago. James Risk emigrated to Kansas, and Howe and Vanderverter are in their graves. Howe was the first to utilize the water power of the town, by building a dam and a frame for a saw-mill at the lower end of the island in 1835, but the dam was carried away in a flood the following Spring. The property was purchased by Van Nortwick, Barker, House & Co., and the saw-mill removed and operated by them further up the stream.

In 1835, a number of families settled in and about Batavia, among them Judge Wilson, William Van Nortwick and his son, John, and J. W. Churchill. The first was the father of Hon. Isaac G. Wilson, well known through the county, and located on the claim taken by Christopher Payne, the latter removing to parts unknown, according to his usual custom. The house which Judge Wilson erected is now occupied as a residence by Frank Snow, on the

* Died near Naperville, 1877.

original site. To Wilson, who emigrated from Batavia, N. Y., the name of the town and village is due.

William Van Nortwick located on the West Side, and is long since deceased. His son is one of the most prominent manufacturers in Batavia, or in the State. J. W. Churchill has emigrated west.

The settlement of the country occupied by the present village had not been completed, by any means, in 1838, for Mr. J. Rockwell, who came in that year, and is now living in the place, says that there were not more than a half dozen families within its limits at the time of his arrival. Among them were Horace Town, deceased, and G. W. Fowler, still one of the prominent business men of the place.

During the earliest years of the occupation of the "Head of Big Woods," the nearest post office was Naperville. Letters came to that point for settlers in all parts of the region now known as Kane County, and some are now in existence directed "Naperville, Head of Big Woods," and "Naperville, McCarty's Mill." Owing to mistakes which frequently occurred, where so little was known of the country, it was often more convenient to receive messages from civilization at the Chicago office, and Mr. Town states that during his first year in Batavia he went there for his newspaper. But the settlers had not long to endure this inconvenience before a post office was established at Geneva; and in 1842, Judge Wilson was appointed the first Postmaster in Batavia.

A school was opened as early as 1835, and possibly in 1834, in a small log house. One Cleghorn was the earliest pedagogue.

In 1835, Father Clark preached the first sermon, in a grove near Payne's residence; and in June, of the same year, Joel McKee established the first store in town, on the West Side, near the northern line of the present corporation.

The first resident physician in the town was Dr. D. K. Town, the commencement of whose practice there dates from 1839. He is still a resident of the place, although retired from practice.

In 1835, J. W. Churchill located in the village as the first attorney, and in the following year was elected to the State Senate. He removed to Davenport, Iowa, about 1853.

The original plat of the village was laid out upon the East Side, in 1837, by Van Nortwick, Barker, House & Co.; that of the West Side in 1844, by John Van Nortwick.

A bridge was constructed in 1837 across the Fox River, and paid for by subscription; and in 1843, a second one, further up the stream. In 1854, the bridge from the East Side to the island was built, of the stone for which Batavia is so justly noted. In 1857, owing to some deficiency in its structure, a portion of it was carried away by a freshet, but it was immediately rebuilt by the town, in its present durable form, with six arches. It has cost \$9,000,

the manufactured article to all parts of the civilized world. Mr. Daniel Halliday, the inventor of the mill, is one of the best known and most respected business men in the country, and has contributed largely to the prosperity of the village. One hundred men are employed on an average in the shops. The company is incorporated and John Van Nortwick is the President.

Challenge Mills.—The Challenge Mill Company, engaged in the manufacture of the Nichols Wind Mill, feed mills, corn shellers, and pumps, commenced operations under the proprietorship of Burr & Armstrong, in 1867. Two hands performed the work at the commencement, but in 1869 the business was enlarged, and from that date to 1871, from thirty to fifty men were employed. On the 10th of March, 1872, the building was destroyed in the conflagration which also consumed the Batavia Mills. The loss of the Challenge Mills was in the neighborhood of \$45,000, \$20,000 of which was covered by insurance, but only \$150 of the insurance was ever obtained. The company immediately commenced building on a larger scale than before, and on the afternoon of April 24, one month and fourteen days from the time of the destruction, the wheels were again set in motion. The number of men employed varies from twenty-five to sixty, and the mills made are too well and favorably known to need any praise.

Batavia Foundry.—In 1867, Mr. A. N. Merrill started a small foundry at Batavia. Mr. D. R. Sperry subsequently purchased an interest in the concern, and in 1869 bought out Merrill. The foundry is now worked under the name of D. R. Sperry & Co., and has been engaged for some time in job work. From thirty to fifty hands are employed, and the hollow-ware and other products shipped enjoy a wide-spread reputation.

Osgood & Shumway's Foundry.—In the Summer of 1872, Merrill & Shumway commenced the foundry business in the stone building on the island now occupied by Osgood & Shumway. The firm was changed to Merrill & Osgood for a period of less than a year, and in 1875 became known under its present name. A machine shop is attached to the foundry, and the number of tons of iron used in the works during the past year (1877) is 600. From thirty to forty men are employed. The business is principally contract work. There are, aside from the above, two other small foundries in the village.

The Batavia Manufacturing Company is engaged in the construction of Nichols' Centennial Wind Mill, a patent tire-shrinker and several the or small but standard articles. The company has but recently commenced on the island, near Osgood & Shumway's foundry, but the quality of the articles which are presented for the public patronage make the prospects of success extremely probable.

Cheese Factory.—A cheese factory has been opened in a substantial stone building, upon the ruins of the old flax-mill, during the past season (1877). Its cheese is highly recommended by competent judges of the merits of the article, and we are told that the factory has been generally patronized by the farmers of the immediate vicinity.

QUARRIES.

To her quarries, next to her great manufacturing interests, has Batavia been indebted for her prosperity. In about 1842, Z. Reynolds opened the first on the West Side, since which time no less than ten have been operated successfully, so far as success depended upon finding a quality of stone adapted to all building purposes. It is obtained from two inches in thickness to three feet and three inches, and of as large an area as can be moved. Single blocks eight to ten inches thick, nine feet wide and twenty feet long have been shipped from the quarries to Chicago. It is a quality of limestone, and equal to any limestone quarried for building.

Extensive kilns have been built by J. T. & F. P. Brady above one of the quarries which had not proved a financial success; and from the limestone, which lies ten feet deep above the building stone, they are manufacturing an excellent quality of lime.

A history of the quarries and their successive transfers from owner to owner to the present time would not interest the general reader. Hundreds of hands have found employment in them, and they have not only contributed to the prosperity of the place by bringing wealth from outside and furnishing employment for its laborers, but by placing at convenient distances, and for a merely nominal sum, a material with which to build its schools, churches, manufacturing establishments, business blocks, many of its private residences and the sidewalks of its principal streets, lasting as the eternal hills.

RAILROADS.

The O., O. & F. R. V. Railroad and the C., B. & Q. are sufficiently noticed in the chapter upon Aurora. Each enter Batavia, and each have depots within the corporation limits. In 1873, the Chicago & Northwestern Road, wishing to use the Batavia stone for building its extensive shops in West Chicago, laid a track from Geneva to Batavia and opened a convenient and handsome depot there on the 5th of May. Many of the citizens, who had hitherto shipped their freight over the other roads, immediately commenced business with the Northwestern, and it now furnishes a thoroughfare for the transportation of more than half the freight that leaves the village. The entire business of the branch track amounts to \$40,000 per annum; that of the C., B. & Q., from Batavia, \$19,000, and the Fox River Valley, about \$7,200. Nine trains leave the Batavia depots daily.

The business of the Western Union Telegraph Company, at the C., B. & Q. depot, amounts to about \$50.00 per month.

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a cost of some \$1,200; but as it became unsuitable to the requirements of the growing village, it was determined by the citizens to erect a structure which should be an honor to their enterprise and intelligence as long as time permitted it to stand. Accordingly, in 1867, the imposing pile, which is the first object to greet the eye on approaching the village, was commenced and completed in the following year, at a cost of \$27,100. It contains four departments, five teachers are employed, and 216 pupils receive instruction there. Present Principal, A. S. Barry.

East Side.—The East Side School, although less ambitious in its architecture, is a large structure of the same durable material, completed in 1860 at a cost of about nine thousand dollars. It is located in District No. 6. Six teachers are employed in its several departments, and 472 pupils are in attendance. O. T. Snow is the present Principal.

CHURCHES.

Congregational.—Mention has already been made of the early preaching of Rev. N. C. Clark, whose first sermon in Kane County was delivered in August, 1834, at the house of Christopher Payne. During the following year, the old records state that he again preached in an old school house on the east side of the river, within the limits of a farm now owned by Spencer Johnson; and that on the 8th of August, 1835, the Congregational Church, known as "Big Woods Church," was first organized as a Presbyterian church, with fourteen members. This was the first organized religious denomination in Kane County. On the 29th of January, 1841, the first Presbyterian Church was dedicated in the village, and on the 11th of November, 1843, the change was made in name and form, and the church became Congregational. Later, members were dismissed to assist in the organization of churches at Elgin, St. Charles, Geneva and Aurora. In 1853, the old building was enlarged; and in 1856, the second house of worship was erected, at a cost of about thirteen thousand dollars, being at the time of its completion the best church edifice on Fox River. The old building was afterward purchased by the Catholics. The membership of the Congregational Church has been increased from the original fourteen to 200.

The Methodist Episcopal denomination was one of the very earliest to appear in Batavia, as in nearly every other new country. The building now occupied by them was erected in 1852, and cost \$4,000. Present membership, 177.

Baptist.—The Baptist Church, called at first the Regular Church of Christ, at Big Woods, was organized June 16, 1836. Its first members were Isaac Wilson and Susanna Wilson, his wife, Major Osborn and Sophia Osborn, his wife, Hiram Park, Malesson Haynes, Levi Ward, Fanny Wilson, Silas T. Ward, William E. Burt and Lydia Hurlburt. Elder R. B. Ashley was its first pastor. After the Congregationalists had built a church, the Baptists occupied it alternately with them for a number of years, but, in 1850, they built the house of worship which they still occupy. The present membership is 110.

Episcopal.—Many years ago, an Episcopal Church was formed in Batavia, and, in process of time, a wooden building was put up; this occurred about twenty years ago, but the building, being poorly constructed, was blown down. The organization, however, still exists, and meetings are held in Buck's Hall, the Rector from Geneva, Rev. N. J. O'Brian, officiating. Present membership, sixty-eight.

Catholic.—The Catholics organized about 1855, and have since occupied the old Congregational Church. Several years ago, an effort was made to erect a new building, and the foundation was laid on the East Side, but it remains unfinished to date.

The German Methodist Episcopal organization was formed in Batavia under the name of the German Evangelical Association of North America, about 1860, and their building erected in 1866, which they still occupy. It stands on the east side of the river, and is a small but well-built wooden edifice.

Colored Methodist Episcopal.—No sooner had the result of the late war decided the future destiny of the colored population in this country, than a number of that race flocked to Batavia and, in 1865, put up a small wooden church. Present membership, about twenty-five.

The Disciples organized in the village with eleven members, in December, 1852, and reorganized in February of the following year. M. W. Lord was the first preacher. In 1867, they had attained sufficient strength to build a church, and have continued steadily increasing.

Swedenborgian.—In the Fall of 1868, a Swedenborgian organization was formed in Buck's Hall, under the leadership of H. O. Snow. There were but fifteen members at first, but their numbers have increased slowly, and at present the membership is about twenty-three. In the Fall of 1874, they purchased a lot on the West Side and made preparations to build, but the financial crisis occurring about the same time, and several of the members suffering thereby, the project was postponed and the lot sold. The society still meets regularly in the original place of worship.

The Free Will Baptists undertook to form a permanent society in the place a few years ago, but, being few and weak in numbers, never attempted to build, and at length discontinued preaching.

Swedish Methodist Episcopal.—In September, 1870, Rev. August Weigren preached to a small Swedish congregation in the village. In the following year, a church having been organized, efforts were made to build, the result of which was the little brown wood church on the West Side, completed in 1872. There are now about thirty-six members.

Independent Swedish Evangelical Lutheran.—Four members of this branch of the Swedish Evangelical Lutheran Church, in Batavia, used to meet in private houses for worship in 1870. There were no other members of that organization in the place, but others came, and in 1872, they rented Fowler's Hall, and in 1876, built a small wood church on the West Side. Rev. I. N. San-

gren was their first preacher. The organization is still small, numbering not more than sixteen members.

Swedish Lutheran.—Fifty-two members were dismissed, in 1872, from the Swedish Lutheran Church, in Geneva, to organize a church in Batavia. The old stone school house was purchased and converted into a very comfortable house of worship, in which Rev. Mr. Lyndale, the resident Pastor in Geneva, preached once in two weeks. The members steadily increased, and at the present time the membership is one hundred, enjoying regular preaching weekly from a resident Pastor, Rev. Mr. Ternstadt.

In the Spring of 1835, a Union Sabbath School, the first in the county, was organized in Batavia.

PUBLIC LIBRARY.

About ten years ago, a society, formed by the young people of the village for literary purposes, commenced a library. The use of the volumes was limited to members of the organization, and outsiders were not allowed to remove them from the shelves. Several of the intelligent business men feeling the need of a collection of books to which all should have free access, the society was induced to contribute its collection to that purpose, and with liberal subscriptions in money from many of the citizens, 700 volumes were obtained. This number has been increased, by general subscriptions, to 1,000. The rules of the association are exceedingly liberal. Any one—a resident of the village or a stranger—above fourteen years of age, is allowed to remove a volume at a time and retain it for two weeks. It contains many valuable works of romance and books of reference, history and biography. Its officers are John Van Nortwick, President; J. O. McClellan, Vice President; Wm. Burnham, Treasurer; F. H. Buck, Librarian. It is supported by subscription, some of the citizens contributing largely for its increase and support. Its President has given \$100 annually since its organization.

BELLEVUE HOSPITAL.

E. S. and Dr. D. K. Town were, from the commencement of the village, among the most enterprising in the promotion of every object which was projected for its prosperity, and accordingly, in 1853-4, they built, with the assistance of others, prominent among whom were John Van Nortwick, Joel McKee and Rev. Stephen Peet, an institution of learning, on the West Side, which enjoyed, for about ten years, a high reputation. The adoption of the school law rendered the continuation of the school less essential to the welfare of Batavia, and the building was, therefore, sold and fitted for a private asylum for the insane. It is built of cut stone; cost, originally, some \$20,000. and \$10,000 have since been expended upon it. It commands a beautiful view, and is thus appropriately named. The grounds connected with the building are under excellent cultivation, and the green-houses cover an area of



HON IRA MINARD (DECEASED)
ST CHARLES.

10,000 square feet. No serious accident has occurred since the hospital was opened. It is under the medical care of Dr. R. J. Patterson, formerly Medical Superintendent of the Indiana State Hospital for the Insane, late Medical Superintendent of the Iowa State Hospital for the Insane, and formerly Professor of Medical Jurisprudence in the Chicago Medical College.

The institution is arranged with special reference to the treatment of patients who possess means to defray their expenses, and one of the main objects sought is to give the entire establishment the character of a home, and not a prison. Hence the insane and useless restraints which are often thrown around the unfortunate patient in other hospitals are here removed, together with everything revolting to the senses, while luxury and elegance abound on all sides. "Who enters here bids hope farewell" needs not to be engraved above its doors, as upon a majority of the so-called asylums, and the patient who cannot recover under the kind treatment of its genial owner and Superintendent may be said to be indeed incurable.

THE PRESS.

About 1852, a Democratic campaign paper, called the *Expositor*, was started in Batavia, by James Risk and others, but, before becoming firmly established, it died a natural death. Subsequently, a second attempt, by other parties, to establish a paper proved equally futile; but, in 1869, Messrs. Roof & Lewis issued the first copy of the *Batavia News*, which has been published ever since. In May, 1870, Mr. O. B. Merrill purchased Roof's interest, and, in October of the same year, was bought out by Mr. Lewis, its present editor and proprietor. It claims to be independent in politics, is a six-column quarto, 30x44, and is printed on a steam power press. Circulation, 480. The *Fox River Times* was issued by Roof, Gates & Fox, in the Summer of 1876, and was an eight-column folio, surpassing, in the neatness of its typography, every other paper on Fox River. It died in less than three months.

INCORPORATION.

Batavia was incorporated as a village in April, 1856. Its first Trustees were John Van Nortwick, Orsamus Wilson, M. N. Lord, D. U. Griffin and George E. Corwin. Few villages possess greater advantages, natural or artificial. Aside from those which have been mentioned are its excellent water power and its favorable distance from the great city of Chicago, while it already contains the common protections and social organizations of large cities—a fire company, cornet band, Masonic Lodge, and various other associations.

GENEVA TOWNSHIP.

Geneva occupies the northern part of Town 39, North Range 8 East of the Third Principal Meridian, and contains Geneva village, the county seat. The township is north of Batavia and south of St. Charles; is crossed from east to

west by the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad, along the west side of Fox River by the Fox River Valley Road and the St. Charles branch of the Chicago & Northwestern.

SETTLEMENT.

Settlements were made along the river banks a year, at least, before those in the country east and west, the first being within the present corporation limits, and mentioned in the sketch of Geneva village. Fox River was no chain of stagnant mill ponds then, but clear as a New England brook meandering from its home in the mountains. Its banks were not less beautiful than now, though that beauty was of a milder type. Forests covered the rolling table lands, which were too low to be called hills by the eastern explorer, and too rugged to be designated as prairies by the Western pioneer. The deer still rambled along its slopes, and were hunted by men as wild as they; and all nature strove to present a combination of varied objects picturesque as fancy can portray, and charming even to the eyes of the settlers who had wandered there from the hills and valleys of the Quaker State, unsurpassed in their majesty and romantic beauty. The living sources of information concerning the settlement of this township can give no record of its events in which they participated previous to April, and but a limited one previous to June, 1834. All prior events are obtained from what was told them when they came by settlers then in the country, and from exceedingly limited and often unreliable written accounts. Such men as Haight, Crow, Corey and Andrew Miles were not literary in their habits. They never questioned whether the "pen was mightier" than anything or not, nor dreamed that they were making history. And had they foreseen the future they would no doubt have contented themselves with forming its past without recording it. A drink of whisky or a fight had more charms to them than the perpetuation of their memory by posterity, and had their immortality depended upon themselves, their names would have been stricken from the county records in 1837. They were a brave, a hardy, an honest class of men, and their vices were such as were common to the border, and which civilization would have removed and replaced, possibly, by more degrading ones. They drank to excess, they fought like Bengal tigers, but always in what they considered a fair way, and deceit or fraud were utterly foreign to their natures. Their word was more binding to them than any written obligation, and countless thousands could be safely trusted in their hands. They were honest men—"the noblest works of God." Haight's record will appear in the sketch of Geneva village. Of Crow little is known, except that he took up a claim on the east side of the river in 1833, or early in 1834, sold early, and had left the township in the Spring of 1835. Samuel Corey, one of the stalwart Hoosiers from the Wabash, lived on the place now owned by George Acers, on the north edge of Batavia, in June, 1834, where he had been living for several months at least. Capt. C. B. Dodson states that he often

transacted business for him, and that he had trusted him with large sums of gold, and had found him always reliable and trustworthy, but apparently as careless as he was honest. He would ride off over the country with two or three thousand dollars in his saddle-bags, and stopping at one of the rude Hoosier houses would hang up his saddle, wealth and all, out doors for the night. On being cautioned against such a reckless course, he claimed that none would steal *traps* that the owner appeared to consider worthless. An accident illustrative of his reckless character occurred to him in 1834, and nearly ended his life. One day Capt. Dodson appeared in his presence ready for a journey. "Where are you going?" said Corey; to which Dodson replied, "To the first wedding in the country, that of Volney Hill," who lived in Du Page County. Corey answered him with an oath that he was going too, as he had a pair of steelyards that he had borrowed of Capt. Naper, and which he must return; "and, by G—," he added, "I'll give you the worst race you were ever led." Dodson informed him that he would be happy to have him undertake it, and mounting their horses they started off at a desperate speed. But Corey, hampered with the steelyards, was soon brought up against a tree, knocked senseless from his horse, and lay like one dead upon the ground. On being restored, his first word was an oath, and an assurance that he would go to the wedding anyhow; but he was more seriously injured than he at first supposed, was confined to his bed for several days, and wisely refrained in the future from horse races when trammelled with anything more than his own weight. Miles, who is represented by our worthy informant as a good-natured, lazy and ignorant native of Indiana, had taken up a claim upon the East Side, and was living in a miserable shanty, upon Capt. Dodson's arrival, but was bought out by him previous to 1835. He was one of the earliest settlers in the county, and was doubtless upon his claim late in 1833. But the earliest living informant regarding this region is Mrs. C. B. Dodson, then Miss Warren, who was one of a party of six from near Warrenville, Du Page County, who explored Geneva in a lumber wagon in April, 1834. The party was induced to make the journey from the representations of Frederick Bird, her brother-in-law, who had previously been along the banks of Fox River, and described Geneva as "the most beautiful country that lay out doors." He settled in the same year on the farm now owned by Eben Danford, and was residing there in April, 1835, but about that time sold his claim to Samuel Sterling, removed to the vicinity of Rockford, where he subsequently died. He was a native of New York. Capt. Dodson states that upon his settlement at the mouth of Mill Creek, in June, 1834, Wheeler was living upon the Curtis farm, and he represents him as very similar in character to Andrew Miles, and a native of the same State. According to Hon. James Herrington, the Curtis place was occupied in the Spring of 1835 by Allen Ware, a bachelor from Virginia, who is portrayed by him as in rather better circumstances than his neighbors, living in a comfortable cabin, with a barn—good for those days—near by, and an orchard of young apple trees near his

door. Just below this place, in June, 1834, lived another Hoosier, Arthur Aken, but his claim was sold early, and he continued with so many of his class to break land for others to cultivate. Ware also left before the country had emerged from its original wild state. Capt. Dodson further states that Edward Trimble, from the Pan Handle part of the Old Dominion, was living on the East Side, upon the farm now owned by Mrs. Sterling, when he arrived in the country, and that during the same year (1834) his marriage to a daughter of Christopher Payne occurred at the house of the bride's father, where he (Dodson) had the pleasure of dancing at the wedding, on the puncheon floor. Every township claims the first death, marriage and birth in the county, but our informant assures us that this is without doubt the first of the numerous first weddings. Trimble left the country in 1836, and was subsequently killed by Indians in the far West. His brother, William Trimble, settled in the village. The same reliable informant tells us that one Latham settled between Payne and Miles in Batavia, early in 1834, and that late in 1833, James Nelson, the settler in honor of whom Nelson's Grove was named, had built a cabin there, and that the Bowmans and Lairds, from Pennsylvania, had squatted among the Pottawattomies, in Aurora Township, in the same year.

These earliest settlers were, as has been seen, mainly from Indiana. Several of them were in the country in 1833, and of these it may now be considered impossible to state which was first. From a statement made by Payne to 'Squire E. S. Town and others, Haight is generally considered to have preceded the others; but, in regard to the priority of time of several of the earliest of those in the present township of Geneva, nothing positive can be stated. They were a simple and generous people, honest themselves, as has been stated, and, as is often the case among such people, believing in the honesty of every one. An illustration of this faith in others is given by the authority who has already been so frequently quoted. Col. Archer, of Indiana, formerly from Kentucky, was a great man in 1836, for he held the high position of an Illinois & Michigan Canal Commissioner, compared with which the Governor of one of the Western States was as a mole hill to the Pharos of Alexandria; but this potentate was a Hoosier. He was a gentleman, however, possessed of a nature which won the friendship both of the low and mighty; was possessed of an ample fortune, and an only daughter, whose name was Eliza, whose chief delight was to squander it. This girl was, in many respects, unique among her sex, not in being spoiled by her parents, but in the possession of a stature almost gigantic, a foot which would rival in magnitude a plantation negro's, and a disposition to which fear was utterly unknown. With all these shocking deformities, Eliza Archer possessed the feminine characteristics of a handsome face and form. Previous to her importation to Chicago, where she was attending school, at the time this incident commences, she had whiled away her leisure hours by riding wild colts, barebacked and unbridled, over the southern fields, and in frightening her unhappy father in various other ways, too shock-

ing to the modern belle to be here narrated. At school, she did precisely as she pleased—lavished money in reckless profusion upon her person, neglected her studies, took off her shoes and stockings in recitation, appeared barefooted in the school room, and was generally decidedly independent. Still, Miss Archer was a good young lady, and the above are merely slight eccentricities which her friends readily forgave.

Capt. Dodson took a contract, during the year, 1836, to construct the canal, and became acquainted with Col. Archer. At that time, Dodson owned, aside from his Clybournville and Geneva property, a mill on the Kishwaukee, which he wished to dispose of previous to signing the contract. Accordingly, he stated to the Colonel that he would like to wait a few days before concluding their arrangements regarding the canal, and told him that he was going on a journey Westward the next morning. "How far are you going?" said Col. Archer. "To Rock River." "Do you know my daughter, Eliza?" Dodson, who had met her while visiting his future wife, who attended the same school, replied that he did. "Well, then," said Archer, "she is going to Rock River, too; can't you take her?" Dodson said he was going horseback. "Just the way she goes," said the Colonel. A party of Chicago's "upper ten" had determined to leave the town the next day on an exploring trip across the prairie, and Capt. Dodson was anxious to accompany them as far as their paths lay in the same direction. The prospect of being delayed by Miss Archer was not at all agreeable, but, rather than displease the genial Colonel, he consented. While eating dinner on the next day, the party passed, and, soon after, Capt. Dodson followed with the lady, who had filled her saddle-bags with provisions for the journey, and hurried on to overtake the advanced company, whom they came up with just in the edge of town. Miss Archer's shoe was down at the heel, as usual, as they approached, and hovered over the surface of the earth like a gigantic snow-shoe or a small canoe suspended in the upper air from her toe. Col. Hamilton, one of the party, noticing its peculiar appearance, she explained by saying that those shoes were "old Whitlock's," her landlord's, and that she had given him hers, as his own were too small for him.

Col. Hamilton informed them that the best road to their destination was by way of the old army trail, across Kane County, and soon after, the company separated, the two who were bound for Rock River taking the course designated. At night, they drew up at Kent's House, at Meham's Grove, where the young lady amused the company with her wit and passed for Dodson's wife, until bedtime dispelled the illusion.

Arriving, the next day at noon, at the cabin of a Mr. Gifford, many miles west of their lodging place of the previous night, the stubborn damsel refused all entreaties to stop and take dinner, and, hurrying her horse past the place to a grove a mile or more away, dismounted from her horse, "Packenham," and, having secured him, proceeded to unburden the saddle-bags and eat.

Capt. Dodson followed her example. Then mounting their horses, Miss Eliza held hers long enough to observe that she was dying with thirst, and then

“—loosed him with a sudden lash ;
Away ! away ! and on they dash,
Torrents less rapid and less rash.
Town, village—none were on their track,
But a wild plain of far extent,
And bounded by a forest black.”

They rode till their thirst was insupportable, their tongues swollen and they ready to drop from their steeds, when, turning his eye to the left, Capt. Dodson noticed a little lake almost hidden in the trees, which they had approached and nearly passed. Wheeling his horse, he reeled to the bank and drank as if whole waves could never satisfy him. His rash friend, too, with even less than her usual modesty, stretched herself at full length, drowned her thirst, and then declared that Packenham should go into the water and get cool. But our informant had noticed that the shore was formed of a thin muck, which sunk beneath the slightest pressure, and told her, in decided terms, that she must not attempt to ride in, as the horse could not possibly turn without falling. This was enough to determine her *to ride in*, if all Illinois opposed her, and *in she went*, for, on attempting to regain the shore, Dodson's words were verified ; the horse went down and, having her shoe in the stirrup, Miss Archer sailed, with her costly wrappings, into the mud and water ; but, regaining her hands and feet at the moment Packenham arose, she scrambled out ahead of him just in season to escape being trodden beneath his hoofs. “There,” she laughed, as she arose from the mud, “I've lost old Whitlock's shoe.” But, to shorten a long story, they arrived at the Rock River without any further adventures, Miss Archer having ridden, incrustated in mud, from the little lake in the condition in which she emerged from her involuntary baptism, swam the river, and she was welcomed by her friends on the opposite shore. Mr. Dodson left their house the next day, traveled to his destination, and, after selling his mill property, returned for the lady, whom he had warned to be ready, that he might not be delayed. But upon his arrival she had made no preparation to return, and after her horse had been led to the door she suddenly concluded, at the solicitations of her friends, that she would not go. The suggestion of the persecuted Dodson that her father would expect her and require an explanation from him were of no avail, and he was obliged to leave without her. Miss Archer made her appearance some ten days after his arrival in Chicago, greatly to the relief of the Colonel and Capt. Dodson, the latter of whom had, until then, been treated with marked coldness since his arrival without her. This journey was, probably, the most romantic of the early ones across the country.

Capt. Dodson, the first of the early settlers now living in the county, still resides in the village of Geneva. Mrs. Dodson is also living. Miss Archer subsequently married a planter, and lives in one of the Southern States, and

we are informed that Col. Archer, her father, now more than 80 years of age, was a member of the last Illinois Legislature.

The wonderful strides which have been made in forty years in the progress of all parts of the county cannot be better appreciated than by observing that upon that memorable drive whole townships were passed without the appearance of a house, fence or single evidence of civilization, and there was not a railroad then in the entire State of Illinois. The absence of wood and water deterred, for several years, settlers from locating in Geneva Township east and west of the cluster of pioneers along the river. Particularly on the West Side, where a small prairie stretched away into the present Township of Blackberry, was this absence of woodland calculated to discourage Eastern men; but before the close of the year 1839 the real value of this section was seen to be superior, in many respects, to any other in the township, and the land had been generally taken up. Its value has greatly increased since then, not merely from its being settled and cultivated, but from the disappearance of many of the sloughs, which formerly rendered large tracts along Mill Creek worthless. This creek was reported by the Government Surveyors as a navigable stream for steamers—a statement too prodigiously absurd to require comment, and conclusive evidence to any one who has attempted to cross it, excepting by the regular highways, that the author of it had been “ditched” there. Among the earliest of the immigrants to perceive that the prairie land was worth taking up were a Mr. Cheever, on the place now known as the Lilly Farm; William Sykes, who settled about 1839 southwest of the village, upon the present Town place; Lyman German, about 1837, on the East Side, upon land now owned by Messrs. Joy & Woolston, while John R. Baker was on the banks of the “stream navigable for steamers” previous to the sale of Government land. Scotto Clark, who came from Boston in 1837, and purchased from Wheeler, also Peter Sears, who were early settlers upon the East Side; Robert Lester, originally from the north of Ireland, later from Canada, settled in the same year upon the same side, having purchased of Julius Alexander, then residing upon the tract, and is living there still, while Eben Danford purchased the old Bird place, upon the opposite side, which is his residence to this day.

FIRST DEATH AND BIRTH.

Andrew Mills died in 1836, and was the first adult buried in the old village cemetery.

In 1835, the first birth in the township occurred, being in the family of Edward Trimble.

EARLY ROADS.

In these early times there were few routes of travel, but the whole country lay open to the tramp, and he could take his choice for a footpath. The highway was bounded by the rising sun on the east and the setting sun on the west,

instead of fences as now, but there were a few main paths from important points, which even then were followed with little variation. These were at first trails, the origin of which must be sought beyond the limits of history, amid the traditional lore of the Kickapoos or the Pottawattomies, the later occupants of the soil. They existed when the first white wanderer entered Kane County, and for aught that is known to the contrary, some of them were old when La Salle sailed down the Illinois River in the Winter of 1679-80.

The most noted and doubtless the only one of these trails through Geneva extended from Chicago westward to Geneva village, past the present site of the cheese factory, south of the big spring, near Haight's old house, and thence on across the township to Galena. This trail was traveled by the Herringtons, in 1835, and by the earlier settlers, and a part of it at least was at a later date surveyed and regularly laid out, thus becoming the permanent thoroughfare.

The road from Geneva to St. Charles, on the West Side, was surveyed by Mark Fletcher, in 1838. It is now one of the most beautiful drives in the country, is graveled from St. Charles to Batavia, and is always good, whatever may be the condition of the highways in other parts of the country. No road in Northern Illinois traverses a more beautiful country or one in which wealth has been more generally expended upon every home. Scarcely a poor dwelling appears throughout the entire drive the grounds around nearly all are under excellent cultivation, while the same uninterrupted elegance and wealth continue to Aurora, a distance of eleven miles. The road follows the various curves of the river during almost the entire distance, and, seen with its ripples sparkling in a Summer's sun, through the occasional openings in the foliage, it recalls to the pleasure seeker the days when a deeper mantle of leaves overhung its banks and no manufactories or mills blackened its wavelets.

SCHOOLS.

The first school in Geneva was taught in the Winter of 1835-36, by Mrs. Samuel Sterling, on the place now owned by E. Danford, north of the village. The school house was the Samuel Sterling residence, built of logs, and, unlike the other houses in the neighborhood, had a stone floor of the original limestone flagging, lying just as the last universal convulsion had left it. It stood on the river bank where the ledge lies but a short distance below the surface of the ground. Mrs. S. was hired by Mr. Herrington, and paid by subscriptions from the few settlers in the vicinity, and ruled over about a dozen pupils.

The next schools were located in the village, and will be noticed under the proper head.

After the school law went into operation, Geneva became intimately connected with Batavia, in the management of her public institutions of learning, and several of her districts lie partly in one township and partly in another.

There are now nine school districts in the two townships, all of which are supplied with houses and are generally under competent management.

The estimated valuation of the school property in Geneva Township and village is about \$30,000. In no one of the institutions indicative of an advanced civilization has progress been more apparent than in the facilities for education in this and the adjoining townships.

Forty years ago, there were only two schools within an extent of a dozen miles up and down the river and directly westward to the vicinity of Dixon, and these two were in operation during only four or five months in the year.

COUNTY POOR HOUSE.

The county poor farm is situated on the East Side, and extends slightly beyond the township line of Batavia. It was formerly owned by E. Lee, and the house, once occupied by his family as a dwelling, was fitted for the first poor house, but being found inconvenient for the purpose, both in size and structure, a substantial stone building was put up in 1872, at a cost of about \$15,000. The farm occupies 180 acres.

CITY OF GENEVA.

As common, in townships containing county seats, the history of Geneva centers in the village of the same name, which lies two miles, by rail, from Batavia, and nearly the same distance from St. Charles. Its streets are laid out with more regularity than those of any other village or city in Kane County, and, though not noted for manufactures or the amount of business transacted in them, they are marked by elegant homes, the owners of which are—many of them—engaged in business in Chicago, and have never endeavored to render the village a bustling, noisy place, but simply a quiet suburban retreat—a

“Sweet auburn, loveliest village of the plain.”

Its society is considered among the most cultivated and accomplished in the county, and several of its old families, as the Dodsons, Pattons, Herringtons, Alexanders and others, have resided within its limits for many years and remember the time when the village contained not a dozen dwellings. An old record of town plats in the Recorder's office shows that the place was surveyed May 8, 1837, by Mark W. Fletcher, County Surveyor, and that the proprietors were, then, James Herrington and Richard Hamilton. The original plat contained some 300 acres on the nearly level plain upon the West Side. To Daniel S. Haight, already mentioned, the honor of making the first

SETTLEMENT

is due. An authority of unimpeachable veracity* affirms that Haight was making improvements on the bank of the river in June, 1833, and another equally good informant states that early in the same month and year, Haight and

* E. S. Town, Esq., of Batavia, who obtained his information from Payne.

James Brown, who subsequently settled at Nelson's Grove, came on a prospecting tour to the banks of Fox River valley. The former was one of the most respectable of the Hoosier pioneers—is represented as a tall and well-formed man—honest, and not given to drunkenness. The early settlers always selected a position near some good spring as a site for building, and Haight's shanty of unhewn poles or small logs stood just west of where the cheese factory now stands, near one long distinguished from others in the vicinity as the "Big Springs." There is abundant proof that he resided there early in 1834, but whether he ever regarded Geneva as his permanent abode may be doubted, since in the Summer of that year he left and was absent in Chicago and Naperville several weeks, returning in the Fall and selling to James Herrington in the Winter of 1834-5. He subsequently removed to Rockford, laid the foundation of the town on the east side of the river, lived and died there. The next house within the present village limits was put up by Arthur Akin, near McWayne's spring. James Herrington came from Meadville, Pennsylvania, with his family, consisting of his wife, five boys and two girls, in May, 1833, and stopped in Chicago, where Mary, a third daughter, was born. The great metropolis of the West was then chiefly noted for its low grogeries, and Mrs. Herrington, wishing to educate her family under more moral influences, strongly objected to remaining. No civilization was, in her opinion, preferable to the type there found, and accordingly, in April, 1835, the family removed to the place purchased of Haight the previous Winter. This excellent lady (Mrs. Herrington) is still living in the village, at the age of seventy-eight, possesses a remarkable memory concerning the settlement from 1835, and has been of great service in furnishing items of early history for this chapter. The Herrington residence was built further up the bank, west of Haight's little dwelling and just south of a solitary tree, now standing, which has since grown there. The building was, for a long time, the most ambitious structure to be found in a circuit of many miles, and was built of hewn logs, and on the plan of those so frequently described as "double log houses" in the History of Western Pennsylvania, where the Herrington family were prominent and where the name is still met with among the records of some of the early institutions of Mercer County. A painting of the house is still in existence, in which it is represented as a long, homely structure, with two low stories, while three chimneys project two or three feet from the ridge of the roof and a low porch overhangs the five windows upon the east side. The dwelling was constructed almost wholly of oak, but had a good white-ash floor and butternut shingles. All the settlers, in 1836, and the years immediately following, found shelter and refreshments therein; there the first election and court in the county were held, and there it was decided what the name of the county seat should be. It was, in short, the first hotel in the village, and in many respects the most important house in the county. It has long been torn down and removed. Mrs. Herrington states that the first meal in their new house was

cooked and eaten upon a pile of logs, near the spring, which was doubtless a more agreeable place to dine than Haight's vacated shanty, which was converted into a store (the first in the place) in the same year, and furnished with a stock of goods by Mr. Herrington. L. M. Church was the first clerk who sold to the people of Geneva and vicinity, and was followed in the same store by David Dunham, who remained with Mr. Herrington until elected County Recorder. Indians were numerous, and encamped on the island just below. They were excellent customers, when they possessed any article of exchange, but most audacious thieves, and one of them, commonly known as "Indian Jim," after selling his horse for a drink of whisky, to Augustus Herrington*—now Solicitor for the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad—returned the next night and stole the beast.

Nothing could surpass the river and its wild scenery then. Not an old settler speaks of it without becoming immediately enthusiastic. Hour after hour, in the calm days of Summer, the swarthy Pottawattomie fisherman might be seen in his light canoe, erect as the spear of a single prong which he poised in his hand, as he glided over the quiet surface of the stream. A thousand fantastic forms appear on either bank as he floats along past the bubbling spring upon his right and the little emerald-crowned island rising like a water nymph on the left; but his eyes are blinded to all but the finny swarms that revel in the transparent element below. Ten, fifteen, or even twenty feet are no security from his keen eye and unerring aim, and monsters which are never drawn from that river in the present degenerate days were then secured daily. If a single dam presented for a time obstructions to the streams of life which ascended from the Mississippi in the Spring, it was merely a temporary one, broken by every flood; and the old settlers say that it was not unusual to obtain, in Fox River, fish weighing sixty or seventy pounds.

In 1836, a number of immigrants flocked to Geneva, and in the same year Kane County was organized, and named from Hon. Elias K. Kane, one of the first United States Senators from Illinois, upon its admission to the Union, in 1818.

Clybournville contested for the honor of being the county seat with Geneva, but all know the result. Geneva, or Herrington's Ford, as it was then called, was obviously a more central point, and besides, *it had a post office* established the year previous, under the name of La Fox, with James Herrington as first Postmaster. "Daddy" Wilson carried the mail on horseback between Naperville and Geneva, and made the trip once in two weeks. That belonging to Geneva was carried in his pockets, and they were never weighed down. Several of the settlers, like those of Aurora, were anxious to have their village called Waubansie, but, as in the sister town, a name much more agreeable to the ears was chosen, at the suggestion of Dr. Dyer, formerly from Geneva, N. Y., and now living in Chicago.

United States District Attorney, under Buchanan.

During this same year, James Herrington erected a more convenient store-house in the village. Crawford Herrington, a brother of James, had settled, in the Summer of 1835, upon the claim taken by Arthur Akin, and his son, James, born early in 1836, was probably the first child born in the village.

Margaret Herrington, a sister of Hon. James Herrington, and whose birth occurred November 3, 1836, was the first female child born in the place, and the first birth after the village was laid out.

During the same memorable year, N. B. Spaulding, living on the present Clark Wilder farm, in Aurora, came with his betrothed bride, Miss Angelina Atwater, to Geneva, and was married in the village. Their marriage license is said to have been the first granted in the county.

The first sermon in Geneva was preached during the same year, in James Herrington's house, by Rev. N. C. Clark. In that year, Logan Ross settled in the village, and the clink of the anvil was first heard there. Running horses, foot-racing, wrestling and fighting were at that time the principal amusements of the place, and in all the athletic sports Ross was known far and wide as the champion.

The year 1837 witnessed the building of the first court house, a small wooden edifice, used until the erection of the stone building, still standing upon the original site, but vacant since the completion of the magnificent structure commenced in 1856, and now occupied for the dispensation of justice. The lower story is used as a jail.

The second building was commenced in 1843, and completed in 1844, and cost the county only the small sum of about \$800, since the citizens generally assisted in labor and by furnishing materials; but the house now occupied has cost the county not less than \$125,000. Wm. Derby was the contractor. Twelve sessions—three of the Circuit and nine of the County Court—are held therein yearly.

The year 1837 is likewise memorable as the year of the arrival in the village of a colony, consisting of Caleb A. Buckingham, Charles Patten and Scotto Clark, from Boston, with Abram Clark, brother to the latter, and his wife, from Westminster, Vt., who left the former place on the 13th of September, by way of the canal to Buffalo, and thence by steamer to Chicago, arriving on Fox River, at Geneva, upon the 1st day of October. All settled within the present limits of the village, Scotto Clark building just north of where Mr. Belden now lives, and his brother and family living in the same dwelling, and keeping house for him; while Buckingham opened the first law office in the place, and practiced with great success for a time, but died in Chicago in 1840, before attaining the eminence to which his brilliant talents would have promoted him but for his untimely decease.

In the Winter of 1837-8, Scotto Clark and Charles Patten returned East. the latter for a stock of merchandise, which, upon his return, in the following May, he placed in a small store upon the corner where the block which he now

occupies has since been raised. One Isaac Claypool then had a small stock of goods in the village, but remained in business but a short time.

Among Geneva's prominent men were Dr. Henry Madden, afterward widely known in the county and State. Dr. Henry A. Miller, who married a daughter of Judge Wilson, of Batavia, was the first resident physician in Geneva, and had a wide practice throughout Kane County. At the time of Patten's arrival, Mark Daniels, one of the early purchasstrs, was living in the place; also, Hendrick Miller, who built in the village the first distillery on Fox River. Julius Alexander, from Southern Illinois, located within the present corporation limits, in July, 1837, upon the East Side, where he built a blacksmith shop the same year.

There were several arrivals in 1838, among them John Chambers, from Tompkins County, N. Y., and Peter Sears, who was part owner of the claim purchased by Scotto Clark, on the East Side, and came from Boston with the family of the latter.

About the same time, the first bridge was constructed at Herrington's Ford, by Gilbert & Sterling, but was swept away before completion. Several built since then have met the same fate, and one, erected in 1857, at a cost of \$22,000, was removed to make way for the elegant iron structure, 522 feet long, built in the Winter of 1868-9; cost, \$16,000. The first dam was built early in 1837, and was immediately followed by a saw-mill, on the East Side, which Mr. James Herrington referred to in a communication to the *Chicago Democrat*, in May of that year, as "nearly completed." Sterling, Madden & Daniels were the builders. In 1844, Howard Brothers built the first grist-mill, upon the opposite bank.

In 1839, the village lost by the death of James Herrington, one of its most energetic and able business men, and as has been seen, one of its earliest settlers.

SCHOOLS.

The first building in the village used exclusively for school purposes was the wing of the present elegant stone house, and was built upon the same site in 1855. Later, a brick building was put up upon the East Side. Previous to 1873, each side was a part of a separate district, but in that year the building upon the West Side was erected, at an expense of \$25,000, the two districts were consolidated, and the old brick building has since been used as a primary department. Both schools are now under the efficient management of Mr. C. E. Mann, the County Superintendent of Schools and one of the most successful teachers in the State. The large school contains five departments. Average attendance on both sides, 234; total enrollment, 335.

CHURCHES.

Methodist Episcopal.—In 1837, Hiram G. Warner, a local preacher of the Methodist Episcopal denomination, preached to a small congregation in Geneva in the old court house. In the following year, Revs. Wilson and Gaddis

visited the town, and a class was formed consisting of three members living in the present limits of the village, whose names were Alison Abbott, Julius Alexander and Marietta Warner, and for some time services were held in the tavern owned by one Hendrick Miller and kept by James Hotchkiss. The class was at length added to the St. Charles Circuit, embracing Aurora, Batavia and St. Charles. In 1844, the first measures toward building a house of worship were taken by Rev. E. C. Springer. A lot was procured from the county, deeded to the Trustees in 1850 for one dollar, and in the same year a building was put up, which was occupied for twenty years, when, in 1870, a larger and more convenient house was first thought of. In the following year, the matter received general attention from the members; in 1872, the ground was broken for the foundation, and before the end of the year services were held in the new building, which was not finished, however, until 1874. It is a stone structure, and by far the finest church in the place. Present membership, 110.

Episcopal.—The records of this church date back to 1838, when Rev. A. H. Cornish, one of the missionaries, addressed a congregation containing only eight members, but no pastor was located in the village until 1855, when Rev. J. H. Waterbury settled there, and a stone building was shortly erected, costing \$8,000. The present membership is twenty-six. W. J. O'Brian is Rector, in connection with church at Batavia.

Congregational.—This was one of the earliest religious societies in the village, having received its first start from the ministration of Rev. N. C. Clark, as recorded upon another page. It now contains a large and wealthy membership and a good house of worship.

Unitarian.—The constitution of this society was formed in Geneva, and signed by twenty-two members, in 1842. Rev. Augustus Conant occasionally officiated as pastor. Efforts were immediately made to build a church, and on the 24th of January, 1844, the stone one now occupied was dedicated. Rev. Mr. Conant continued his labors as pastor until 1857. In 1874, the church building was repaired, and is now well adapted to the purpose for which it was designed. Rev. R. L. Herbert is the present pastor. The membership is about fifty.

The Disciples at one time attained the position of an established organization in Geneva, but of late years the society has been on the decline, and now numbers only a dozen members.

Free Methodist.—About thirteen years ago, a Free Methodist Church was organized within the corporation, and a small stone building erected, where services were regularly held for several years, but, being encumbered, it was sold, in 1873, to the Swedish Methodist Episcopal Society, and the members allied themselves with the Free Methodist Society at St. Charles.

The Swedish Lutheran Church was established about 1852, in St. Charles, and a building put up a year later. Rev. Erlan Carlson, now pastor in Andover, first officiated to the society, which then contained about fifteen members.

About 1855, the Church made Geneva its central point. In 1862, Mr. Carlson was succeeded by Rev. Mr. Sederstam, now in charge of a pastorate in Minnesota, and, in 1867, he was in turn followed by Rev. C. Lendell, now preaching in Chicago. Rev. C. H. Lodergren, the present pastor, followed in 1874. There are now 250 members.

Swedish Methodist Episcopal.—Years ago, traveling preachers of the Swedish Methodist Episcopal denomination occasionally addressed diminutive gatherings of their people in Geneva. A society was formed, with some sixteen members, about 1866, but dwindled away until there were but three members. It revived, however, under the preaching of Rev. Albert Errickson, and now boasts about sixty members, who enjoy regular weekly preaching from a resident pastor, Rev. S. B. Newman.

MANUFACTURES.

In 1850, Eben Danford obtained a patent for the Danford Reaper and Mower, of which he was the inventor, and commenced the manufacture of the machines about 1851, upon the East Side, in partnership with Capt. J. D. Webster; some fifty men were employed; but in 1857 the company failed. Danford & Howell opened a foundry in the vacated buildings in 1862, but dissolved partnership about four years later. The business was then continued in the same site a number of years by W. H. Howell, who at length erected, at a cost of \$18,000, including tools, the buildings which he still occupies upon the West Side. From thirty-five to forty hands are employed. The "Geneva Fluting Iron" (of which W. D. Turner is the inventor), smoothing irons, pumps and various fixtures are manufactured.

The flouring-mills of Geneva form the most important business interest of the village. Three companies are in successful operation—Bennett Brothers & Coe upon the East Side, and John Burton on the West Side, who are employed in merchant work; James T. Hards on the West Side, engaged in the custom business. Hards and Burton occupy separate parts of the same mill—the one built by Howard Brothers. In 1868, it was repaired by Smith, Hards & Wright, and was used both as a merchant and custom mill. Later, the merchant portion, which occupies the north end of the building and contains four sets of stones, was used by Smith & Wright, while Hards confined his business to the other portion, which contained but two sets. Smith & Wright's portion subsequently passed into the hands of the present proprietors. Half of the brick mill owned by Bennett Brothers & Coe was erected as a paper mill by Alexander & German in about 1846. It then passed into the hands of O. M. Butler, was then owned by C. B. Dodson, and purchased from him by the present owners. An addition of equal size was made of brick on the north side of the original part in 1868, and in its furnishings is considered the best flouring establishment on Fox River. It contains nine sets of stone and a capacity for manufacturing one hundred barrels of flour per day.

Geneva was organized under the general statutes in 1856, later by special charter, and is governed by a President and a board of four Trustees. Capt. C. B. Dodson was the first President.

WAR RECORD—1860-65.

An independent cavalry company was organized in the village by Capt. C. B. Dodson, in 1861, and was assigned as a body-guard to General Steel, remaining with him until discharged. William Wilder, now in Honolulu, was First Lieutenant; John Bundy, afterward Major, and now editor of the *Religio-Philosophical Journal*, Second Lieutenant, and Charles Herrington, afterward killed in the employ of the C., B. & Q. Railroad Company, Orderly Sergeant. Company D, of the Fifty-second Illinois, and Company G, of the One Hundred and Forty-first, were, also, enrolled in the place. In the former, Judge Isaac G. Wilson, now in Chicago, was Colonel; Nathan Herrington, now of Blackberry, Captain; Louis H. Everts, First Lieutenant, who returned as Major, and is now principal partner in the firm of L. H. Everts & Co., of Philadelphia, one of the leading publishing companies in the East. In this regiment, Joseph Kessler returned as Lieutenant and C. B. Wells, Commissary.

Company G, of the One Hundred and Forty-first, was enlisted by Captain Charles Herrington. George Gilman, from Blackberry, where he still resides, First Lieutenant; Chester Steward (deceased), Second Lieutenant.

Aside from these, Hon. J. H. Mayborne—now one of the most eminent members of the Kane County bar—went to the war as Paymaster, with the rank of Major; Thomas Clark as Captain in a colored regiment, and Frank Clark as a Lieutenant. Four of the sons of James Herrington, Nathan, Alfred, Charles and Thaddeus (deceased), served their country through its years of peril, and returned in safety; and there were many more, who occupied lower ranks, but rendered equally efficient service, to whom their country will forever remain indebted.

THE PRESS.

In 1851, the Wilson Brothers established a small sheet in Geneva called *The Advertiser*. In about 1867, the name was changed to *The Geneva Republican*, which passed into the possession of S. L. Taylor in 1870, and was sold to Tyrrell & Archer in the following year. Tyrrell left the company in 1873, when the paper went into the hands of McMaster, Archer & Wheeler, who published it until 1875, when Charles Archer became the sole proprietor and editor. It is a neatly printed folio, 24x36, circulation about 500.

The Chicago & Northwestern Railroad, already mentioned in the foregoing sketch of the township, has an excellent stone depot in the village, 112 feet in length, and corresponding in its other dimensions.

The population of the village, as nearly as can be estimated from returns examined, is about 1,670.



Daniel Pingree, M.D.
N. E. PLATO TOWNSHIP.

ST. CHARLES TOWNSHIP.

Settlements were made in St. Charles Township early in 1834. John M. Laughlin, now residing at Round Grove, just across the boundary line of St. Charles, within the limits of Du Page County, was living in Coles County, Ill., in the Spring of 1834. Setting out from thence to visit his native home in Virginia, he retraced his way through Lawrence County, Indiana, where he found a colony preparing to make a settlement in Northern Illinois. Possessed of an adventurous spirit, and being urged by several of the company to cast his lot with them, and assist in driving their cattle, he complied, and to him we are indebted for a history of the settlement which followed. The party consisted of Elijah Garton and family, comprising wife and six unmarried children; John W. Gray and wife, who was a daughter of Garton; Albert Howard and family of six children, Thomas Steward and four children, and our informant. They were far better prepared than most emigrant parties for life on the prairies, as Garton drove 100 sheep, an equal number of cattle, six pairs of oxen, and eight span of horses, to Round Grove, where they arrived on the 8th of May. Garton settled upon the south side of the timber, in St. Charles, and immediately commenced a log cabin on the edge of the prairie, which is still remaining in a tolerable state of preservation—the oldest house in the township. Gray settled in Du Page County, where Laughlin now lives, and Howard on the northwest corner of the grove, on land at present occupied by Mark W. Fletcher. Early in the same Spring, Rice Fay, from the “Bay State,” took up his claim and built a little below the site now occupied by the residence of John Keating, at Fayville, but did not settle until the following Fall. His tract lay upon Scott’s old trail, which crossed the township from east to west. About the same time, a man named Brigham, a bachelor, settled upon the west of Fay. One of the Trimbles was then living just within the edge of St. Charles, south of the Geneva line.

Summer passed, and early Autumn found several other squatters and permanent settlers in different parts of the township. Foremost of these arrivals was that of Friend Marks and family, from the State of New York, who squatted on the farm now owned by George Plummer, and built at the northeast corner of the grove. Then followed William Arnold, from Indiana, who, with wife and children, located not far from the present site of John C. Wilson’s stone house, where he laid claim to about four hundred acres; and Alexander Laughlin, from the same State, who took up the tract now owned by Moses Colton. Walter Wilson and family, from Glasgow, Scotland, found their way to the Western wilds in the same year, and, stopping a few days at Jacksonville, whither his son and son-in-law Thomas Wilson and Thomas Barlau had wandered in 1833, they then proceeded together to St. Charles Township, where they arrived early in September, and settled on the place since known as

the Ponsonby farm, on Section 19. Marks had at that time completed the body of a large house at Plummer's Grove, but it was still roofless; while Arnold's family were living in their wagon, on the West Side, near the site now occupied by the residence of William McWilliams; and Alexander Laughlin had but just arrived.

Wild was the life they led then. Not a road, or even cow path, crossed St. Charles, and, with the exception of the one in the northern part of the township, no very clearly marked trails. Just before the arrival of the Wilson family, John C. and Thomas had been sent ahead to spy out the land, and, in company with a gentleman of color, who bore the appellation of Harry, they crossed the river at Payne's, and, following up until they came to a little brook flowing into a creek, took up their claim. While they were exploring the land, Harry wandered away up the river and became lost in the woods. Night came on, and he was unable to retrace his steps. Picking his way in the darkness and through the mazes of the forest, he suddenly observed a light ahead of him, and a few moments later, came to a halt near a camp of Pottawatomies. The warriors, wrapped in their blankets, lay dozing around their camp fires in lazy abandonment, while the hard working, abused and greasy looking squaws waited upon them, bringing sticks to replenish the embers, or now and then throwing a fresh morsel of dog flesh or a plump rat or gopher into the boiling kettle, while snarling curs contested for the refuse morsels. It was a romantic scene, as the curling smoke arose in serpentine windings and mingled with the dark leaves of the oak or the maple foliage gilded by the early frost. And Harry crept nearer, until the crackling of a stick brought the watchful dogs with angry yelps to his heels. "Ugh!" grunted the warriors, and with one single motion stood before him. Questions were asked and answered satisfactorily, and the terrified African was invited to partake of their hospitality. All night he lay among them, scarcely daring to stir, for whenever he turned upon his hard bed or moved hand or foot a bark from the dogs was immediately responded to by a grunt from some suspicious warrior, and the attention of the whole company was immediately fixed upon him. Never, he used to affirm, after his return, did he pass so restless a night. Sleep left his eyelids, and upon the earliest break of day he arose and followed the river and creek back to the Wilson claim.

Charles B. Gray, now on the southeast' corner of Section 23, who came to the township in May, 1835, states that he has seen a column of Indians marching in single file, according to their usual custom, which extended from the corner near the residence of William Matteson eastward to Round Grove. They were always treated with wholesome respect by the settlers, and never committed more serious depredations than by occasionally stealing corn and pumpkins. They were not addicted to anything akin to modesty, however, and one of the company which Mr. Gray mentions left his column, and approaching the point where he stood observing them, requested a donation of watermelons, and

as this festive fruit was not to be obtained, contented himself with confiscating the cucumbers in the vicinity.

Indian camps were located upon the present site of the city of St. Charles, and our informant states that he has seen 200 warriors, squaws and papooses where the clink of the hammer and anvil and the hum of the mills are now heard. And other native vagrants were not less numerous throughout the township.

Wolves carried off the sheep, howled beneath the cabin windows, and were shot within twenty feet of the doors. Mr. Laughlin states that during the year after their arrival, one of Mr. Garton's cattle died, was dragged forth upon the prairie, and seven wolves successively shot while devouring the carcass. Fifty deer were frequently seen in a single herd, and the same informant states that he shot them upon the Garton farm in numbers too great to present to the skeptical eye of the modern reader. He had brought from the South two magnificent grayhounds, which, to use his own expression, "could run down any animal that ever walked;" and in brilliant colors does he portray the excitement of the chase as witnessed from the old cabin door. Pointing out the deer, bounding leisurely along the prairie, to his canine companions, they would leave him as an arrow let loose from the bow. They seemed to fly, only touching the ground at every tenth or twelfth spring. Soon the deer, becoming alarmed at the approaching messengers of death, quickens his pace, and anon makes his strongest and swiftest bounds, but all in vain. The hounds are upon him, and one of them seizing him by the muzzle, he is flung to the earth, while the other fastens his jaws upon his throat, and he roams the prairies no more. Shortly after the Wilson settlement, but during the same Fall, a colony arrived from New Brunswick, consisting of Mrs. Young, Stephen and Joel Young and his sister Jerusha, D. C. Young, Robert Moody, wife and two children; Samuel Young, wife and one child, and J. T. Wheeler, having left home in July and landed in Chicago the 19th of September. The last settled upon a farm upon the West Side, just north of the city, and still resides there. Robert Moody and Samuel Young located within the limits of the present city, and will be mentioned on another page, while Joel Young took up his abode upon the present Park's farm, between St. Charles and Geneva. The company stopped between Naperville and Warrenville, with Gideon Young, who had previously settled there, but who removed in the Spring of 1835 to the farm now owned by A. G. Fowler. John Kittridge, from New Hampshire, was building a house upon the farm now owned by N. C. Joy, in the Fall of Wheeler's arrival, and the latter, with Joel Young, obtained their bread there of Mrs. Kittridge, while Wheeler's house was being put up. They slept on the ground. In the same Fall, T. A. Wheeler, from Vermont, visited the township and took up a claim now owned by heirs of Joseph Switzer, but being injured in assisting James T. Wheeler to build his house, he returned to his eastern home and sent out his brother Richard to hold his claim. He afterward returned, and the brothers

both lived many years in the township. Richard is now living in Michigan, while his brother's widow resides upon a farm on Section 26, east of the city, owned by her husband previous to his decease. The land upon that side along the timber was generally taken up in 1834. Joseph Pemberton, a bachelor, from Coles County, Illinois, settled early upon the place now owned by Benjamin Vinicke and Joseph Crawford; also a bachelor located with one Lee, on a claim which included the present Disbro farm. Nathan Perry took up the land now owned by Mark Dunham during the same year, and built thereon an exceedingly primitive cabin, with neither glass, nails nor boards in the entire structure. The inconveniences incident to the isolated position of the settlers at that time can scarcely be exaggerated. During the Winter of 1834, supplies began to fail the party from Lawrence County, and Garton and Howard drove to La Fayette, on the Wabash, with ox teams, to replenish their store. During the greater part of the distance, the temperature was between twenty and thirty degrees below zero. Much of the prairie which is now arable and contains some of the most valuable land in the country then lay throughout a large part of the year submerged beneath the waves, and when, in the following June, Laughlin made a journey to Chicago with two yoke of oxen, he was obliged to wade the entire level country east of Oak Ridge and swim the Des Plaines River. Wm. Welch, from Michigan, and his son-in-law, Tucker, also James Davis, all found homes on the East Side in 1834. During the year 1835, settlers and land speculators poured into the township in swarms, and by the close of the year 1837, we consider it safe to state that there was not an acre of land worth taking, in St. Charles, unclaimed. To accommodate the herd of immigrants westward and bring custom to his doors, Friend Marks broke a road during rainy days from his house to Herrington's Ford, in 1835. This track was traveled for many years, was probably the first regularly laid road in the township, and led to the first tavern, at Mark's. The unfortunate landlord fell into the hands of land sharks when the Government sale took place, lost his claim, left the township and shortly afterward died. Walter Wilson died in the township some ten years ago. His son, John C., lives on the southwest section, on a farm recently purchased of Hugh Huls, having remained upon the first claim over twenty years, and erected nearly all the Buildings now standing thereon.

Thomas Wilson married the only daughter of Alexander Laughlin, removed with him to Whiteside County, after remaining a short time in St. Charles Township, and is still living, although Mr. Laughlin has been dead several years.

William Arnold sold his claim to Levi Brown, about 1840, and removed to the banks of Rock River, where he died the same year. The honest old pioneer, Garton, and his wife both rest in the ancient graveyard near the camp ground. But the earliest death in the township was that of Stephen Young, who departed this life May 8, 1835, was buried on the north line of the J. T.

Wheeler farm, and afterward removed to the first burying ground in the city, which stood on the site of the West Side school. The first sermon delivered upon the west side of the township was preached at his funeral by a Congregational clergyman named Perry, a relative of the Perrys upon the East Side, then living upon the Mark Dunham farm. He subsequently preached a number of times at Mr. Wheeler's house. Religious services had previously been initiated at the house of John Kittridge, by the organization of a Bible class, early in the same year. There were not more than seven members at first, but their numbers increased, as time went on, and the services, which originally embraced merely singing, prayer and the study of the Scriptures, were rendered more interesting for those who participated in them by the reading of a sermon every Sunday. The place of worship, too, was frequently changed, as the country filled up, and each family of those who attended was expected to furnish accommodations occasionally.

At that time, the borders of Ferson's Creek were entirely covered by a thick growth of blue beech, and in this wood the Indians were encamped. While the Wheeler family were away at church, one Sunday, a party of these red skins came to the house, and, with their usual modesty, demanded a pipe and tobacco of Mrs. Young, who was, ere this, Mr. Wheeler's mother-in-law by his marriage with her daughter, Jerusha, at Warrenville, on the 15th of the preceding January. Mrs. Young answered their importunity by lending them her own pipe, for she was an elderly lady, and addicted to the use of the narcotic weed. The Indians smoked until satisfied, and then walked away without returning it. But the brave old lady was not to be baffled in this manner. Following them and shouting at the top of her voice until they halted, she immediately seized the pipe, which was held in the mouth of one of the astonished warriors, and ordered him to give it up. The cowardly always feel awed by the bravery of the brave, and an Indian is a coward by nature. Therefore, instead of resisting and walking on, or hurling the old lady to the earth, he quietly yielded, and Mrs. Young returned with the precious property, from which the sweet incense arising soon testified to the satisfactory result of the only collision between one of the representatives of the white and Indian races recorded in the annals of St. Charles Township.

In the Fall of 1835, death visited the Garton family, and Alzira, a twin sister of Mrs. C. B. Gray, was laid in the grave—the first in the old burying ground at Round Grove.

In the same year, Rev. N. C. Clark, also Rev. Jesse Walker, a missionary to the Pottawattomies and Kickapoos, preached several times at the house of Elijah Garton, and in January, of the same year, John M. Laughlin married Emily, the daughter of Elijah Garton, at the house of the bride's father. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Hubbard, Baptist preacher, from Warrenville. This was the first marriage in the township. The earliest birth was that of a child of Samuel Young, in the Spring of the same year.

On the 8th of May, upon the day of Stephen Young's death, Solomon Dundam, from the State of New York, arrived on the place now owned by his son Mark. Mark Fletcher also purchased the farm where he still resides, in the same season, but remained a number of years in Geneva before settling upon it.

The year 1835 was rendered memorable by the arrival of Daniel Marom, the first blacksmith in the township, who built a shop in the timber at Norton's Creek. Also, of Thomas Steward, in the Fall, while Nathan Pierce, whose son, James Pierce, is now a resident of Aurora, was an early settler upon the Hoag place.

In 1836, crowds came, and from that date the history of St. Charles becomes one of a whole community and no longer of individuals. But there was one who settled in June of that year, upon the farm now owned by his son, who deserves special notice—Rev. D. W. Elmore, a graduate of Union College, a man of splendid education and of opinions far in advance of his age, who purchased 100 acres at Fayville, of one Brigham, a bachelor, who had squatted there the previous year and built a log house. The pet object of Mr. Elmore's life was the establishment of an industrial or manual-labor school, in which impecunious young men might obtain the means for a liberal education by working certain hours in each day upon a farm connected with the proposed institution. For this purpose, he took up 300 acres of land adjoining the Brigham claim, wrote much and talked more upon the subject, but, to their shame be it said, many of his cotemporaries regarded his philanthropic schemes as the dreams of a visionary, and his hopes were never realized. While working in the field, on the 29th day of July, 1854, a terrific storm arose, lightning struck upon three separate places on his farm, and, one of the bolts having pierced him, he passed forever beyond the disappointments of this world.

A majority of the remaining American settlers in the township came from 1837 to 1845, and among them may be mentioned, in the former year, Amos Stone, from Massachusetts, now of Belle Plaine, Iowa, who located upon land in Sections 4 and 5, worked his farm by day and made shingles for a living by night, until the roofs of nearly all of his neighbors' houses were furnished; the Bisbys, in the same year, in the western part of the township; George Plummer, who settled where he now lives, in 1844; Harlow Hooker, in October, 1839; Stephen Fellows, deceased; and Robert Lincoln, deceased, on the farm now occupied by his sons.

A colony of Swedes arrived about 1852, which has since received occasional additions by new emigrations from the Scandinavian Peninsula. Among the first of this race who appeared in the township may be mentioned Charles Samuelson, now a resident of Elgin; John Colson, at present with L. C. Ward, of St. Charles; and, in 1853, Peter Lungreen and sons, August, who is also with Ward, and Swantey, who has since removed to Elgin.

One of the earliest stone houses in the township was erected by D. W. Elmore, in 1841, at Fayville, and is still occupied as a dwelling. Rice Fay's

stone house, now owned by John Keating, was put up shortly after, and strangers were frequently entertained there during the following years. Much historical and romantic interest centers around this section. Villages without a name are sometimes found by the wanderer through the earth's broad expanse, but here we find no less than three names without a village.

Shortly after Mr. Elmore's arrival, he laid out a number of lots at the bend in the river, and named the position Asylum; a few of the lots were purchased, a post office established named Fayville, and kept, at different times, by Messrs. Fay, Nelson, Wait and Elmore, and a small saleratus factory started by Elmore & Burdick, which, however, continued in operation but a short time. The post office was discontinued, and, at a later date, another established and called Silver Glen, which has met a similar fate.

During the most halcyon days of the place, which people once dreamed would arise, a stone house, which now stands in ruins, a little west of John Keating's mansion, was put up and occupied several years, for various purposes, being used at one time by Russell & Calhoun, as a blacksmith shop, and then passing into the hands of a man named Acres, whose spouse kept a low groggery therein and sold "reaming sweets that drank divinely," to the youth far and near. After making night hideous with their unholy orgies, for a number of weeks, and disturbing the slumbers of good people, the den was at length closed, and the inmates turned upon the cold world, in consequence of an unusually sanguinary drunken row, in which a young man working for Mr. Elmore was killed.

Tradition says that, after hearing of the affair, a reverend father of the Catholic Church visited the spot, and, indignant at the brutal lawlessness of certain of his flock, who had been frequent visitors at the house, cursed it in the name of his God, and no man, continues our informant, has ever inhabited it from that day to this. The roof is fallen in, and its deserted walls stand, a habitation for the owl and the bat.

"And over all there hangs a cloud of fear;
A sense of mystery the spirit daunted,
And said, as plain as whisper in the ear,
'*The place is haunted!*'"

The region is peculiarly interesting to an admirer of the beauties of nature. The ground is rugged on both sides of the river, which makes an abrupt curve to the west a mile above, and at this point resumes its southerly course. Several little islands darken the transparent stream, and one, the upper, is covered with a luxuriant growth of low reeds and willows; a natural but thin covering of trees softens the rude angles in the hills, from whose rocks two noisy brooks, one above and the other below the Elmore farm, leap from successive terraces, forming sparkling cascades, on their way to the river; and the residences in the vicinity—all of stone quarried from the ledges which form their adamantine foundation—present, when seen through the leafless branches of

December, and contrasted with the shadows of the trees inverted in the still water, along the river bank, a view as pleasing, in all its outlines, as any which will be found in a journey through the country.

Far away to the north, the smoke wreaths from the manufactories of Elgin may be seen in a clear day, while the spires of St. Charles rise on the south.

The earliest saw-mill outside of the city limits was erected about 1845, by Lewis Norton, on Norton Creek. The builder left his home in the following year for the Mexican War, and but little work was ever performed in the new building.

Claim organizations were common in St. Charles previous to the land sale, and were productive of some good and some evil results. Jumping of claims was never tolerated, and records are not wanting of settlers visiting a pseudo-claimant *en masse*, and leveling his shanty to the ground, or setting fire to it. On the other hand, a great evil was done when Section 16, which the government had set apart for school purposes in each township, was sold to claimants in St. Charles for the mere pittance of ten shillings per acre, thus cheating the town out of not less than \$9,600.

Schools were organized, as elsewhere in the county, long before there was any regular district organization. In 1839, a little log school house stood just inside the line of the fence now surrounding Jerome Elmore's yard. Schools were taught later in various houses within the neighborhood, for a time in an old log building on the present Foley place, in the deserted stone house and in Amos Stone's barn. But in 1857, a stone house, expressly designed for school purposes, was built in Fayville, or District 2, as it had then become, and is standing there to this day. A wood building was erected not far from the residence of Harlow Hooker (District No. 3,) at a very early day, but was replaced, in 1876, by a new house, the most elegant one in the township, at a cost of \$1,500. District No. 1, on the road to Elgin, on the west side of the river, contains an old wood building, valued at \$600. District No. 9 has a brick building, in good condition, worth \$800, built ten or twelve years ago. District No. 4 has a wood building, on the West Side, valued the same as District No. 9, and District No. 6 contains the neat white school house opposite the Widow Wheeler's place, valued at the same sum. The entire school property of the township may be estimated at \$5,100.

The assessed valuation of the township in 1877, at fifty cents on a dollar, was: Real estate, \$472,836; personal property, \$71,464.

In 1851, the cemetery, now owned by William Irwin, was laid out upon the East Side. It contains ten acres, and is beautifully located, thirty-two feet north of the corporation limits. The lots are laid out ten by twelve feet, a road, fifteen feet wide, surrounds it upon the inside of the fence, and two of the same width cross it, one from east to west, the other from north to south. The grounds are well shaded, and several beautiful monuments arise among the trees.

The manufacturing interests of the township are confined to the products of the dairy. In the Spring of 1869, Martin Switzer opened a cheese factory near his place, on the west side of the river, and operated it until October, 1876, when it was sold to Robert Wright, and worked by him until May, 1877, and was then closed.

The Spring Brook Factory was first built and operated in 1867, by Mr. Larkin; was then continued, with rather indifferent success, by various parties, until purchased by Newman & Thompson, who, in 1876, built a new factory upon the old site, and supplied it with all the modern improvements. It stands in the front rank among establishments of the kind, and is doing an excellent business.

The township is noted principally for grain raising and the manufacture of butter and cheese. It lies south of Elgin, north of Geneva, east of Campton Township and west of Du Page County, and is crossed on the northeast corner by the Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

CITY OF ST. CHARLES.

SETTLEMENT.

Dean Ferson is now the earliest settler living in St. Charles city or township. Starting with his brother Read from Weathersfield, Windsor County, and Ira and George Minard from Windham County, Vermont, he came to Chicago in September, 1833. After stopping a few days, Read and the Minards returned, the former appearing again in Chicago in the following May, and Ira Minard in August. Shortly after Read Ferson's arrival, and during the same month, the two brothers set out for Fox River, crossed at Batavia, stayed over night with Nelson at the Grove, thence passed to Geneva, where they stopped with Daniel S. Haight, and next day, coming to St. Charles, took up the claim where the stone house owned by George Ferson now stands, on the west side of the river, and built a log shanty. There were at that time six houses in the present corporation limits, including Ferson's, wholly or partially completed. First of these was the nearly finished hut belonging to one Chunn, and standing near the little run on the east side of the river. Of the owner but little is known, excepting that he came early in 1834—possibly late in 1833—and left before the county had been generally settled. The body of a log house built by a man named Crandall, from Ohio, stood near the present site of the residence of Capt. Bowman, was purchased by James Herrington, and subsequently sold to one of the Youngs. Another roofless cabin, built by a native of the Buckeye State, who had left the country and never returned to make good his settlement, stood just east of the place recently purchased by George Minard of Gen. J. F. Farnsworth. Ephraim Perkins was located upon the East Side, just west of the George Minard place, and William Franklin had

a log house upon the Bridges farm. Evan and Newton Shelby laid claim to all East St. Charles about the time of the arrival of the Ferson brothers, who assisted the former, late in May, in building his log house, which stood near the place now owned by Dr. Crawford. This was the seventh house in the future city. The Shelbys and Franklin* had left their homes in Indiana just previous to the Garton and Laughlin party, but were overtaken by them at Lockport, Indiana. Franklin's house may be considered the first *permanent* residence in the place, since, if there were any settlers previous to him, they never completed their dwellings, and left within a year after arriving. It may also be stated that there was not a settler within the limits of the city—with the very doubtful exception of Chunn—previous to the Spring of 1834. Franklin sold his claim early, and located upon the farm now owned by Charles B. Gray. All of these old dwellings were torn down many years ago. Ira Minard arrived with his wife in October, 1834, returned East, but came back in the following December, and lived with Read and Dean Ferson until April, 1835, when he built a cabin upon a claim where the State Insane Asylum now stands, at Elgin, and removed there. But in the following year, we find him again in St. Charles, which thenceforth became his home until his recent death. His name, however, was well known in business circles throughout Northern Illinois, and the field of his operations was never limited by any narrow township bounds. He moved to a small log house upon the river bank, on the East Side, in the Spring of 1836, and about the same time purchased the part of the Shelby claim lying south of Main street, while the part north of that street, bordering upon the river and comprising about nine acres, was sold by Calvin Ward, from Massachusetts—who had obtained it from Evan Shelby—to Minard, Ferson and Hunt.

Ward had settled with his family, in the Fall of 1835, in a cabin near the position now occupied by Doyle's blacksmith shop, his purchase being the part of the Shelby claim lying north of Main street and extending from the public square to the river.

B. T. Hunt came from Massachusetts, in 1836, and is still in business in St. Charles.

The West Side was settled by Robert Moody, Gideon, Samuel and Joel Young, although claims had previously been made upon the land as above mentioned.

In May, 1835, Warren Tyler and his son Ira D., with their families, from Cayuga County, N. Y., moved to Naperville, and in the following August continued their journey to St. Charles, where they settled—the former upon the claim purchased of John Hammers, a very early settler upon the East Side, where he had built a "double log house," without nails or glass; and the latter upon a tract previously taken up by a squatter named Isaac Rice. Both settlements were upon the extreme eastern limits of the present city.

*John M. Laughlin.

Alexander Ferson, father of Read and Dean, came with his large family in June of the same year, and settled in the township near the present Bryant Durant place. Among his sons were Robert and George, now engaged in the grain business in the town.

In 1836, the settlement was further increased by the arrival of Leonard and David Howard; William G. Conklin, in July; Joseph Sibley, John Andrus and the Bairds, all from Buffalo; Horace Bancroft and Dr. Nathan Collins, N. H. Dearborn, in the Summer, from Plymouth, N. H.; Asa Haseltine, from Vermont, in the Fall, and William Dickinson. Valentine Randall was also an early settler about this time.

Leonard Howard's first settlement was made at Geneva, on a claim purchased of Edward Trimble, but he was frequently in St. Charles, from the time of his arrival in Kane County; and in 1837, having sold to Scotto Clark and purchased a claim of Gideon Young upon the West Side, he settled thereon. He now resides upon the East Side, having taken a prominent part in the building up of the town. His brother is also living.

William G. Conklin also resides upon the East Side. Sibley is now in Kansas; John Andrus, the Bairds, N. H. Dearborn and William Dickinson are still residents of St. Charles; Horace Bancroft recently died in Michigan, and Haseltine many years ago in St. Charles.

Among the settlers, about 1837, may be mentioned James Lovell, now in De Kalb County; Rev. N. C. Clark (deceased); Keyser, of pottery notoriety, and John Scott, who died during the past year (1877).

The Pennys, from Maine, were early in the town; and John Glos, the first German settler.

1838 brought, in March, Aaron Blanchard, well known throughout the city. In June, the late S. S. Jones; while Asael Bundy and Abel Millington came during the same year.

Dr. DeWolf came from Western Pennsylvania, in 1840.

P. J. Burchell (deceased), R. J. Haines and Judge Barry were early comers; while William Marshall, from England, commenced as a blacksmith in the village, in 1848, with scarcely a penny, and now owns a good farm between St. Charles and Campton.

But long ere this latter date, scores of immigrants had arrived, whose names cannot now be given; and it becomes inconvenient to form complete lists of the settlers later than 1836.

NAME.

The town was christened Charleston,* by Minard and Ferson, but since it was afterward discovered that there was another Charleston in Coles County, a meeting was called in 1839, to re-christen the village. Various names were suggested, and many of the New Yorkers were in favor of Ithaca, while John

* From Charleston, N. H.

Glos, the enterprising German already mentioned, was positive that none of his countrymen could ever be induced to immigrate to a place the name of which was cursed with a *th* sound, and suggested one which he considered more euphonious, but upon which there arose a diversity of opinion. At length, S. S. Jones having mentioned the name of "St. Charles" as a compromise, it received a majority of the votes, and *St. Charles* it remains.

FIRST MARRIAGE, BIRTH, BURIAL, ETC.

Dean Ferson and Prudence Ward were married at the log house of the bride's father, by the Rev. D. W. Elmore, September 14, 1836—being the first couple married in the place.

On Christmas Day, 1837, David Howard's first child was born and named *Frances Christmas*, in honor of the holiday. This was the first birth within the present corporate limits.

The old grave yard upon the East Side was given to the town by Ephraim and Otho W. Perkins, Minard, Ferson and Hunt, in 1838; and the first person buried there was James Wright, in the Fall of the same year.

S. S. Jones, one of the ablest men who has called St. Charles "home," was its first attorney; was subsequently editor of the *Religio-Philosophical Journal*, was eminently successful both as a lawyer and a writer, but met a violent death in 1876.

The earliest physician in the town was Dr. Nathan Collins, the date of whose arrival has already been mentioned.

Several professional men appear in the new town about the same time and a little later, among them Lawyer Miller, Mr. Clark, the first resident clergyman, Doctors G. W. Richards, Waite, DeWolf, and Crawford.

The name of Dr. Richards is now remembered by the early settlers, from the riot which his practices occasioned and which resulted in the death of himself and one of his students. The doctor was a man of undoubted ability, but extremely independent and radical in his views. He neither feared his fellow man nor regarded their prejudices, and where it was possible to choose between two lines of action preferred to astonish and shock rather than to conciliate. He had opened a medical school at St. Charles, where it had long been rumored by many of the people that his students were possessed of hyena proclivities. At length positive proof was obtained that the body of a Mrs. Runyon, a young married lady, who had recently died near Sycamore, had been removed from the grave and taken to his dissecting table; the robbers were tracked to Richards' doors, and the indignant father and husband of the deceased spread the story of the outrage throughout the northern part of DeKalb County. An armed mob, composed of some of the most respectable citizens of that county, joined by a delegation from Geneva, swelling the ranks to about three hundred, marched to the doctor's residence, formed in the street in line of battle, and appointed a committee to wait upon him and demand the body. They were

not only refused but treated with the utmost contempt. Shots were exchanged; John Rood, one of the doctor's students, was mortally wounded through the body, and Richards was so injured by a ball through one of his lungs that he died, in Dubuque, four years later, from its effects. There has been some diversity of statement regarding the person responsible for the first shot, but it is the general belief that it was fired from the house. After these warlike measures, it was promised that the body should be given up to the friends of the deceased. A number of the students and others were despatched to remove it from the place where it had been secreted and it was delivered to the relatives at a designated spot between St. Charles and Geneva. The school was closed, and the young student who was wounded died a few days later.

EARLY DWELLINGS AND INSTITUTIONS.

A company under the name of Minard, Ferson & Hunt was formed in 1836, and laid the foundation of the new town. A store* built by them in the Spring of the year, where Minard & Osgood's Block now stands, was the first frame building in the place. During the same season, the company built a dam across the river, and erected a saw-mill on the East Side, just above where the ruins of the carding mill now stand. The old building remained there a number of years, but was taken down about 1850. The earliest frame dwelling house was erected by N. H. Dearborn, just opposite the present site of the bank. The building is still standing, and used as a barn. Minard, Ferson & Hunt's old store is also in existence.

In 1841, the first brick dwelling in the place was built by B. T. Hunt, from a kiln of brick manufactured by John Penny in the public square, upon the East Side.

The earliest hotel had been raised four years previous, by David Howard, and, with an addition upon the west end, was known in later years as the St. Charles Hotel, and kept by the late P. J. Burchell. William Knight kept tavern in it for a time, and was followed by B. T. Hunt, who completed and dedicated it on the 4th of July, 1838, by the first public ball in St. Charles.

The Western Enterprise and Franklin Houses were built about 1840. The former, by James Mead, is now used as a barn by Edgar Dunning; the latter, a brick building, is standing upon the West Side.

The Mallory House, formerly the Howard House, was built by Leonard Howard, in 1848, and, having been in the possession of various parties, is now kept by B. D. Mallory. It is a brick building, of convenient dimensions.

The intelligence of the early settlers in this city is denoted by the circumstance that one of the first schools in the county was taught there in the Fall and Winter of 1835-36. The building was Hammer's old log house, then owned by Warren Tyler, and the teacher was Prudence Ward, now Mrs. Dean Ferson.

* Thomas E. Dodge was the builder.

A little slab school house was built in the Winter of 1836-37, on Pierce & Adams' corner, and, in 1839, the citizens raised by subscription a sufficient fund to build a single-story frame school house on Lot 5, Block 23, just west of the Universalist Church, and hired as their first pedagogue a young man named Knox, who had been clerk in the store of Minard, Ferson & Hunt. While employed in his new vocation, Mr. Knox died. Other teachers took his place, and schools were continued during the following years until the building became inconvenient. Several successive private or public schools were then opened—one in the basement of the Methodist Church, another in the Universalist, and others in the Baptist—and in this manner education was obtained under difficulties, until 1854-55, when the Public School building was put up on the West Side. Two years later, the one on the East Side was erected. Both are of brick, large and convenient. The former, in District No. 8, is valued at \$16,000; the latter, in District No. 7, is valued at \$15,000.

Some difficulty was experienced by the early settlers in obtaining a post office, as St. Charles was not upon any regular mail route. It was at length voted, however, to obtain the mail from Elgin, at the expense of the citizens. The first Postmaster, Horace Bancroft, was appointed in 1837, and brought the first mail from Elgin in his pocket handkerchief. His office stood upon the present site of McKeever's store, and was built by Leonard Howard. The Postmasters who followed were, in their order of succession, C. A. Brooks, P. J. Burchill, J. T. Durant, P. C. Simmons, Albert Hayden and A. V. Lill; the latter, one of the early settlers, was appointed in 1861, and has retained his position, with honor, for seventeen years.

Bancroft was also the first blacksmith in the village, and made the irons for the first saw-mill, which was in operation in November, 1836. He likewise had an ear for other melody than anvil choruses and brought the first piano to the place.

Abel Millington was a man of more than ordinary energy, and had no sooner settled in the growing town than he commenced, in the Spring of 1838, the erection of one of the most essential elements to its success, a grist-mill, upon the West Side, upon a claim purchased of Gideon Young. The foundation was laid by Leonard Howard. Unfortunately for the town, Mr. Millington died in the Fall of the same year. The mill is now owned by R. J. Haines.

The original plat of the town was surveyed and laid out for *Ira Minard, Read Ferson, Calvin Ward and Gideon Young, in the Spring of 1837, by Mark W. Fletcher, County Surveyor. Numerous additions have since been made upon both sides of the river.

The earlier settlers of the town crossed the river by means of a ferry; but in the Summer of 1837, business had increased to such an extent that a bridge was deemed a necessity, and accordingly a wooden structure was raised, at a

* We give the names of the proprietors as they are given upon the plat in the Recorder's Office.

cost of about \$700. It was subsequently carried away, and several have since been built in the same place, one of which was put up about 1857, at a cost of \$5,000, and was replaced, at a cost of \$8,500, by the elegant iron one which still spans the river.

About 1838, Joseph Keyser, from Pennsylvania, who arrived in the town the previous year, started a pottery, and commenced the manufacture of brown earthenware, on the south side of the lot now owned by J. S. Christian. But the business not proving as remunerative as he had expected, he loaded his goods into a small boat, and, with his family, sailed down the river, and was seen in St. Charles no more.

A. N. Locke built a carding-mill in 1837, which for a time succeeded, and gave employment to about twenty-five hands, but is now standing vacant, upon the East Side.

Ira Minard took an active part at this time in all the enterprises for the promotion of the welfare of the town, was elected one of the first Justices of the Peace, in 1836, and to the State Senate in 1842. In the latter year, he started, in company with L. B. Flint, a castor and linseed oil manufactory, between the paper-mill and Miller's blacksmith shop; but the business was unsuccessful, and the building was sold for a store, to O. M. Butler, about 1850, and burned down some years later.

In 1840, Read Ferson built a blacksmith shop on the East Side, which was converted, in the following year, into a paper-mill, by William Debit. Paper is said to have been made in it for some time by hand, but Debit soon quit the business, when the property was owned for a short time by R. J. Haines and P. C. Simmons, and at length by Butler & Hunt, who first fitted it with suitable machinery. The West Side paper-mill was built by Butler & Hunt, 1847-8, and was subsequently greatly enlarged, but was nearly destroyed by fire in the Summer of 1856. It was repaired, however, and great additions made; was employing eighty hands, and making 7,000 pounds of print paper per day, when it was again burned, February 5, 1866, and has never been rebuilt. The stone walls alone are standing, and the property has been in litigation for ten years. The East Side grist-mill was built about 1845, by E. C. Chapman.

The first house of worship was the little school house upon Adams & Pierce's corner, which was used by all societies, and was soon abandoned for school purposes. Father Clark first preached in it, but long before its erection, and some say as early as 1834, there had been preaching in the vicinity. On the 4th of March, 1837, the Congregational Church was organized, with nine members, to wit: Robert Moody, Elizabeth Moody, Alexander Ferson, Abigail Ferson, Dean Ferson, Prudence Ferson, John Fisk, Calvin Ward and Abby Ward. The meeting for organization and the first communion service was held at the log house of Robert Moody. Father Clark met for worship with this small flock for nearly a year, in private houses. His pastorate continued for

three years and a half, during which time he gathered a church of about twenty-five members. In July, 1841, he resigned, to accept a call from the church at Elgin. In 1842, preparations were made to build, which resulted in the completion of the present edifice, in November, 1848. In 1844, twenty members were dismissed, to form a church at Wayne Center; and in 1851, eight more were dismissed to form the church at Campton. Present membership about 140.

The Baptist Church was organized in the Winter of 1835, in the house of John Kittredge, and comprised, during the years immediately following, members from St. Charles, Dundee, Elgin and Campton, who held their central point at Rice Fay's double log house, at Fayville. While meetings were held there, churches were organized, at Elgin, Dundee and Campton (then Fairfield), from this single germ. The parent church was then moved to St. Charles, where the building now occupied was erected, about 1853, and repaired and enlarged in the Summer of 1876.

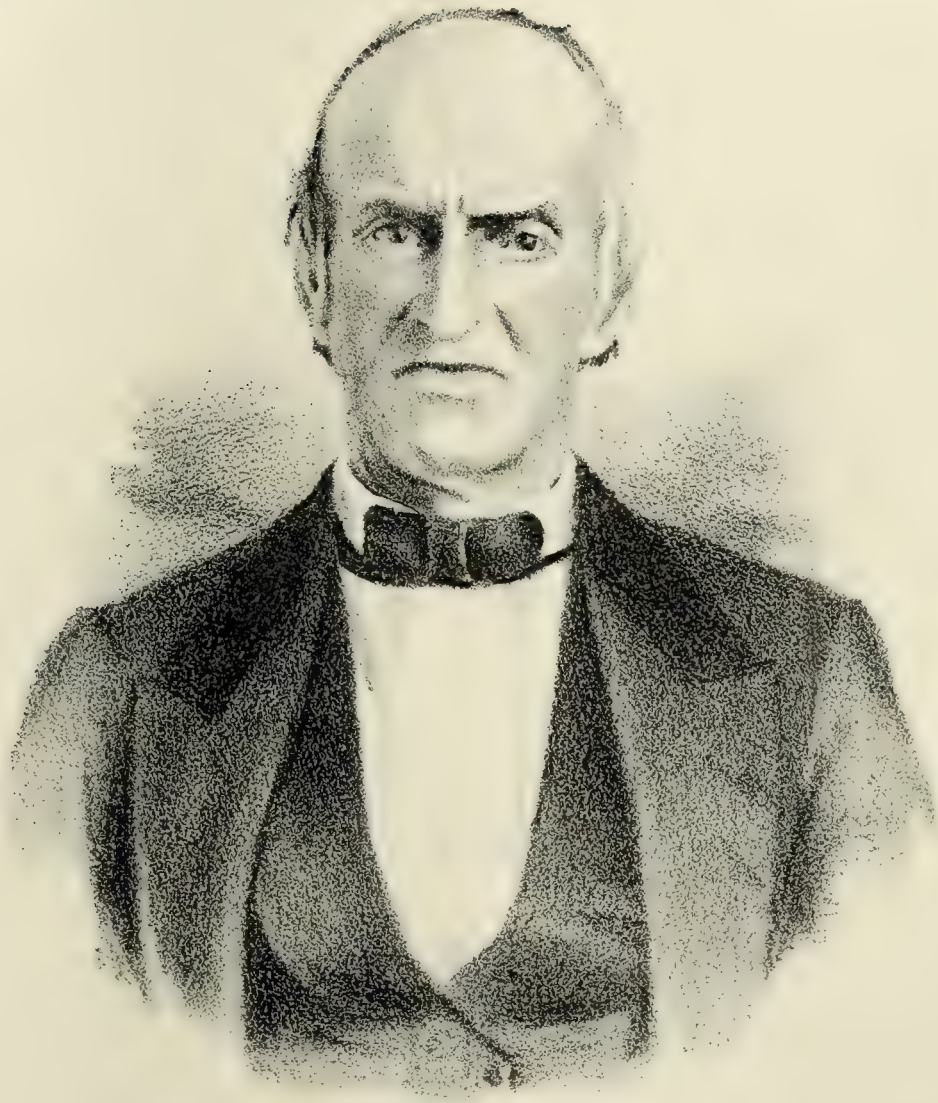
A Universalist society existed in the place at a very early day, and the building commenced in the Fall of 1839 was the first in the place, and probably the first in the State. Rev. William Roundsville, who organized the society, was the first pastor. Preaching was held for a time in the old school house, previous to building, and Rev. A. Pingree, now of Pingree Grove, was active in establishing the organization. It ran down, however, about 1857, and for years the building has been closed.

The Methodist Episcopal Society was one of the first formed in the village, and commenced a church building about 1843, which has since been greatly improved. As its early records have been lost, or destroyed, we have no means of obtaining an extended account of the organization of the society. It is prosperous, and one of the largest religious denominations in the city.

In 1859, according to the statement of a reliable Free Methodist, a number of the members of the Methodist Episcopal Church became unusually noisy from "*getting blessed*." The pastor, D. C. Howard, unused to such a racket, undertook to keep them quiet, but signally failed. They objected to his interference; a meeting was called to take their case in hand, and twenty-one of them were expelled. Organizing immediately, under the celebrated Dr. Redfield, they resolved themselves into a Free Methodist Church. Their building was originally an elevator, belonging to T. A. & R. A. Wheeler, and standing just north of where S. S. Jones' vacated elevator now stands. It was purchased of the original owners June 20, 1860, and is still used as the house of worship. There are now between fifty and sixty members.

In 1843, mass was held in the house of Michael Flannery, by Father Keegan; but previous to this date, Father O'Donnell, from Joliet, had visited the Catholics of St. Charles occasionally, and administered to their spiritual wants. In 1851, a stone church, the only one of this material in the place, was commenced, on the West Side. The membership is large, and the number on the increase.

The first bell in the town was placed upon the Congregational Church, in 1847.



JAMES MANN
BURLINGTON TOWNSHIP

THE PRESS.

Journalism commenced in Kane County with the publication at St. Charles of a small sheet devoted mainly to the presentation of certain religious views of Dr. John Thomas, its editor, who had moved to the place from Kendall County, and brought a small press with him. It was short lived, however, and about the Fall of 1841, Dr. Thomas commenced the publication of the *St. Charles Patriot, Fox River Advocate and Kane County Herald*, which eventually failed—perhaps from a lack of vital energy to keep its name before the public—but after continuing a number of years. In the fall of 1842, it was burned out and the press destroyed, but Ira Minard purchased another for the good of the place, and the paper was issued as *The Fox River Advocate* for some time, by Dr. D. D. Waite. *The Prairie Messenger* was started in 1846, by Smith & Kelsey, changed hands several times, and went down like its predecessors. In the years which followed there successively appeared *The People's Platform*, *The Democratic Platform*, *The Kane County Democrat*, *The Democratic Argus*, *The St. Charles Argus*, and *The St. Charles Transcript*. It should also be mentioned that a Universalist paper was started in January, 1842, by Rev. William Rounsville and Seth Barnes; was continued for about a year, when it was removed to Chicago, where it was published in the following years under the title of *The New Covenant*. *The St. Charles Transcript* commenced its career under S. L. Taylor, March 1, 1871. Having received a bonus of about \$400 from the citizens of the town in consideration of its establishment, the editor placed it under the able management of Samuel W. Durant, to whom whatever merit it possessed was due, as but a small part of Mr. Taylor's energies were devoted to it. In July, 1871, it was purchased by Tyrrell & Archer, who published it until June, 1873, when it was sold to Frank McMaster and H. N. Wheeler. It was then a seven-column folio, with a circulation of about 300. The name was changed to *The Northern Granger* in the same Fall, and again to *The St. Charles Leader*, in December, 1874, when it was enlarged to a six-column quarto. Since then it has been steadily increasing in influence and importance, and in November, 1875, was for the first time issued from a cylinder power press, having been previously struck off on one of the diminutive and bungling hand concerns. In 1876, one of its able editors, Frank McMaster, sold his interest to his partner, who remains the sole editor and proprietor. In June, 1877, a new departure was taken in country journalism, by introducing upon its title page an elegant engraved heading, the design being one of especial local interest. In politics the *Leader* is Democratic, its circulation is about 1,200, while its rank among the papers of the county, in energy, vigor of thought and the independence of its views, is clearly indicated by its title. Its office is also one of the best in the county in the convenience of its equipment for newspaper and job work. In September, 1874, a diminutive publication was commenced by Tyrrell, the former editor of the *Transcript*, but it went on after a six months' struggle.

FIRES.

Several destructive fires have occurred aside from those already mentioned. Two stores have been destroyed upon the site of the building afterward erected by Minard & Osgood, and now occupied by W. F. Osgood & Co.; and a conflagration, in 1843, destroyed the buildings west of Hunt's Mills. Epidemics have also visited the place and spread destruction in their track, and at this point a few brief remarks upon the prevailing

DISEASES

of the county when first settled, and their modifications and successors, will not be irrelevant to the subject under consideration, since no other town in the county suffered as much from them at one period as did St. Charles, although its location is—generally speaking—extremely healthful. As in other regions of the West, intermittent and remittent bilious fevers sorely afflicted the pioneers, and probably shortened the lives of many; yet, when “there were scarcely well people enough to take care of the sick,” the mortality from the above diseases was surprisingly light. Their effect was rather to postpone improvements and retard labor. But pernicious fevers properly belong to a lower latitude. Dysentery and erysipelas were far more malignant and fatal than now. About 1847, the intermittents began to give way to typhoid fevers—rare previously—and, though generally mild, the latter carried off quite a number, until about 1857, when diphtheria and cerebro-spinal diseases displaced it to a marked extent. From 1857 to the present time, diphtheria has made many households desolate; while its ally and next of kin, scarletina, has been increasing the bills of infantile mortality. It would seem that the most striking change of diseased action was a relief from bilious and malarious maladies, and an increase of those affecting the blood and nerves. Since the abatement of malaria, consumptive disease is also probably a little on the increase. These discouraging statements are more than offset, however, by the increasing vigor of the general population, and by the rapidly diminishing death rate from infantile dysentery and cholera infantum, which are not one-fourth as prevalent nor one-tenth as fatal as in 1845. Then, these complaints commenced in May, but now, they are deferred until August, and “Dr. Frost” comes to the relief of the juvenile sufferers. On the whole, the health of the people has steadily improved since the first settlement, and St. Charles and the vicinity are now—and ever have been—as salubrious, at least, as any locality in the State. Malarious diseases yielded to the lowering of the beds of the river and water courses, constantly going on, thus increasing the rapidity of their currents; the cultivation of the soil, the thinning of the densest strips of timber, prairie fires, better water, and other causes; and the hope will be doubtless realized that blood and nervous diseases will also yield to hygiene when more generally taught in the public schools.

The above meager notice will be more complete by adding a short account of the visit of Asiatic cholera to Kane County, which first appeared in Aurora

in 1849, and, invading all the river towns with more or less fatal results, disappeared in 1854. It may be safely estimated that from three hundred to three hundred and fifty victims yielded to the cold embrace of the destroyer in the above period, within the limits of the county. Two-thirds of these were foreign emigrants, who brought the seeds of the disease with them. This was notably the case in St. Charles, where the Swedes suffered the most—the cholera decimating a small colony. We have it on the best authority that cholera killed far more people than is now commonly imagined, as its presence was often denied by well meaning people, and physicians denounced for calling public attention to genuine cases. This policy was sometimes suicidal. It was at first hoped and believed that Dr. Eastman, a talented physician, of Aurora, had hit upon an efficient treatment, but events proved that no physician in the county or elsewhere could boast of signal success in staying its ravages where it had once appeared; and more than one of Dr. Eastman's own family fell victims to the epidemic. A few dozen *sporadic* cases, so-called, occurred in Elgin, Batavia, Clintonville, and even in Geneva, during the Summers of those five years, and quite a number of them were fatal; but, in 1852, St. Charles had to bear the brunt of the disease, which appeared there in its most malignant form.

The name of Dr. H. M. Crawford deserves honorable mention here for his faithful treatment of the sufferers, and for the warning which he sounded in season and in the face of strong opposition, thus preventing, in a great measure, the fearful spread of the contagion which must otherwise have occurred. No doubt there are many who daily walk the streets of St. Charles whose lives were saved by him at that time; and he risked his own for the public welfare, as so many zealous physicians have done from time immemorial. As already mentioned, the Doctor was one of the last of the early settlers, having sailed from Ireland, where he had received a thorough education at various colleges, and arrived in New York in the Spring of 1848. Forming an unexpected liking for the Americans, he made the tour of the States, and, being delayed in St. Charles by a snow storm, in the Fall of the above year, he was induced to settle in the town and practice his profession. He soon established a reputation, scarcely paralleled in the State, as a surgeon and physician, and his practice has been unsurpassed, at least for devoted and laborious philanthropy. In July, 1852, a case of cholera occurred on the East Side, the patient being one of the first arrivals of a considerable body of Swedes. Dr. Crawford, who was called to attend him, quietly advised his immediate isolation, and also the separation of the sick from the well in other families—suspecting the existence of cholera germs among them. The suggestion was disregarded. “It is only *typhus*,” said some, and the cold pestilence was allowed to take refuge by other firesides. As many as a dozen of those exposed to the contagion took refuge in an abandoned cooper's shop, which was soon a hospital, while other houses occupied shortly presented the same appearance. Dr. Crawford and one faith-

ful nurse stood to their posts, night and day, unaided and alone, for nearly a week, until some benevolent ladies came to the rescue with full hands and kind hearts, and the village authorities, with their eyes now opened by the death of some five citizens and nearly twice as many Swedes, hastened to establish a hospital, and appointed Dr. Crawford as physician in charge. These hastily improvised shanties stood on the Aldrich place (then woods), north of the town, and, although the death rate was high, the needed generosity of the St. Charles people was nobly exhibited, and all done which could be done under the circumstances.

The nurse who assisted Dr. Crawford in the first outbreak sacrificed her life to save her suffering friends and neighbors, and the writer regrets his inability to ascertain her name. After a first attack of cholera, she relapsed from going to her work too soon and despite the best efforts of her physician, succumbed among those she had helped to save. The annals of the human race present few instances of a more exalted heroism than that exhibited by this nameless woman, and her memory should be forever embalmed in the hearts of the citizens of St. Charles. The glory of the conqueror or the statesman is mean and contemptible compared with hers, for personal interest could have had nothing to do with her devotion. When the inevitable decay which awaits all that man can build has become the last inhabitant of the village in which she suffered and died, and its shapely masses of material shall have crumbled back into the original dust from whence they arose, let her faithfulness be remembered. Especially should her own countrymen honor her with an immortality which the granite shaft or marble mausoleum can never confer. Let them teach her story to their children as soon as they are old enough to understand the meaning of words, as one of the rarest recorded exhibitions of philanthropy, and let *them* in turn continue its rehearsal to *their* offspring, from generation to generation, down to the most distant ages.

At least seventy-five persons lost their lives at this time in the city and township of St. Charles alone; and it is clear that as many more would have died had it not been for the heroic devotion of a few who made an unselfish effort in their behalf.

During this epoch, several cases of an amusing as well as tragic character occurred. One illustrates the toleration of "heroic" and even poisonous doses by cholera patients. John Maguire, living east of St. Charles, came home from Chicago in the clutches of the prevailing disease. His son hastened to St. Charles, only to see Dr. Crawford taking his departure, on a fleet horse, in a furious rain storm. A vial dropped unbroken from his pocket in a pool of water, and, seeing that he could not overtake the doctor, the young man hied home with the medicine. The father, in the agony of the disease, seized the vial as the son approached and swallowed at a dose the contents, viz., one oz. of laudanum and an equal amount of creasote. He is still living, in the State of Iowa.

A powerful Swede, fifty years of age, would trust to nothing but prayer and water, and waded, while in cholera, into the middle of the river and raising his

hands in supplication to Heaven, fell into the deep water. He was rescued from the stream only to die of the disease in a few moments after being conveyed to the old "cooper shop" for medical treatment.

A family of Pennsylvanians by the name of Camp, consisting of husband, wife and six children, passed through St. Charles, westward, in July of the following year, when they were attacked with cholera on the road west of the town. Three, including Mr. C., died on the road in a deserted log shanty, which stood above King's Mill Creek, near where Lake's cheese factory now stands, in Campton Township. When under the shelter of this poor refuge the balance of the family were gathered, the insatiable monster was not at all contented with his havoc, but immediately siezed upon all the others. The neighbors bravely flocked to their assistance. Dr. Crawford was called, and at the end of three days and nights of unremitting labor pronounced all safe, with careful management. One interesting and beautiful girl of 19, who had hung tremblingly in the balance between life and death for three days, was cheerful again and convalescent. The mother was ordered to see to it that no food should be given unless by the hand of the doctor, and she was not to be raised in the bed. But no sooner did the uncontrollable sleep overcome for a few minutes the giver of this order, than the poor girl, yielding to the morbid desire for food, persuaded her mother to fetch her a tin cup of bread and milk, a large spoonful of which she greedily swallowed. A faint cry awoke the doctor, whose head had rested against a projecting log, the cup was snatched from the trembling hand and the head quickly lowered, but all efforts at resuscitation were unavailing, and Annie Camp, like a rosebud stricken from the stem by some rude blast, was laid with her father and three brothers on the north bank of the little stream.

RAILROADS.

The railroad history of this city is of melancholy interest. After the Chicago & Galena Railroad Company had extended their track from Chicago to Turner Junction, the people of St. Charles began to discuss the prospect of obtaining a further extension to their own town. Ira Minard was active in advocating the feasibility of the plan, and subsequently liberal in securing its operation.

In 1849, a road was commenced from the city to connect with the Chicago & Galena track, three miles northwest of the Junction; and on the 12th of December, in the same year, the first train entered St. Charles, and the scream of the locomotive was heard for the first time in Kane County, or in the Fox River Valley. In the following August, the Chicago & Galena Road completed their track to Elgin, and changed their route from St. Charles to that place. The citizens of St. Charles, seeing that the salvation of their town depended upon the thoroughfare which they had opened, took the matter into their own hands and ran two trains a day from their town to the Junction. Ira Minard controlled it until

October, 1856, when it passed into other hands. The depot stood upon the East Side, just east of the position now occupied by the Free Methodist Church. B. D. Mallory was the Agent from August to November, 1850, and Leonard Howard from the latter date until 1857.

In 1853, Minard and others obtained a charter for the St. Charles & Galena Air Line Road, into which the charter previously granted for the Branch Track was merged. Ira Minard became President of the company, and heavy stock was taken all along the line; while at Galena the people contributed handsomely, as the road would, when completed, furnish them a competing thoroughfare with the Chicago & Galena Road and the Illinois Central, as well as a more direct route to Chicago.

The Chicago & Galena Road, commenced with the ostensible purpose of extending to Galena, had never approached nearer that town than Freeport, but from there had depended upon the Illinois Central track. The inhabitants of the place, groaning under the monopoly of a single thoroughfare, rejoiced at the prospect of completion. In an evil hour, one E. C. Litchfield, from Cazenovia, N. Y., appeared in St. Charles, representing that he and his friends possessed sufficient means to build the railroad if he was allowed to take a controlling interest in the stock. He was permitted to subscribe for it, the thoroughfare was commenced and graded from Chicago to St. Charles, the culverts were generally built; also, the piers and abutments for a bridge across Fox River, and the track was laid for nine miles from Chicago. Minard had staked his whole ample fortune, \$80,000, upon the success of the enterprise, while hundreds of poor men all along the line had taken stock for all they owned. It must be understood that Litchfield had promised that the road should be finished, and that it should not previously pass out of his hands into the possession of the Chicago & Galena, or any other competing line.

Never was a villainous scheme more successfully executed. When the controller of the stock had crippled the only man who had any power to oppose him, and was assured that any opposition to his own designs would result in that man's ruin, he coolly informed Minard that he had concluded to sell his stock to the Chicago & Galena Company, and promised to make ample reparation for any *personal* inconvenience which such a course might occasion him, if he would raise no objections. He was thus permitted to take his choice when there was no choice to take. The refusal and loss of his property could not have helped his friends, who were already ruined, nor saved his town, which was then doomed; and he, accordingly, took the course which any other sane man would have taken. The road ended at the Des Plaines River, and the grading upon the west bank of the Fox River, since it was not for the interest of the Chicago & Northwestern Company to continue it; \$700,000, paid by the hard-working farmers and industrious mechanics across the State, was lost, and many families reduced from wealth to poverty, and the useless piers stand to this day in Fox River, appropriate monuments to the perfidy of E. C. Litch-

field. Minard has been unjustly blamed for his course in the disaster, but it is sufficiently apparent from the above that he was guiltless. The loss of the railroad was the severest blow ever given to the prosperity of St. Charles. It nearly annihilated the village for more than fifteen years. She had arisen triumphantly from pestilence and repeated conflagrations, but now many false prophets gravely shook their heads and quoted, with a dolorous whine, Byron's line,

"'Tis Greece, but living Greece no more,"

and declared that she would never rise again. But prophets are sometimes mistaken, as the sequel shows; and intelligent manufacturers were not so blind to their interests as to overlook such water power as the river affords at this point, nor were families of means and culture, who chanced to visit the town, unsusceptible to the charms of its natural surroundings. Glancing carelessly from the hill, on the West Side, up the river beyond the great stone piers, "to him who in the love of nature holds communion with her visible forms," the view is one which will never be forgotten. And then, where in Northern Illinois can the spot be found which rivals in beauty the grounds on the opposite bank, belonging to L. C. Ward, with the residence which rises above them, recalling in its commanding position and graceful architecture the stories of the Alhambra? Such scenery had its effect, and the town gradually awoke. In 1870, in consideration of an agreement entered into with the *Chicago & Northwestern Railroad, by which the company promised, for the sum of \$35,000, to be paid by the citizens of St. Charles, to build and operate perpetually a track connecting the place with the main line at Geneva, trains again entered the village. The entire cost of the road, including right of way, exceeded \$45,000. The depot still used is a reconstructed dwelling, built by Capt. Richard Sargent. Since the completion of this track, business, which had already given some indications of reviving, has more than doubled, and the town may be considered in a more prosperous condition than ever before. In 1875, the place, which had formerly been under village government, became a city under the general statutes, and elected a Mayor and Board of Aldermen. The first Mayor was Dr. J. K. Lewis, one of the early physicians, the son of an old settler, and a man in every way qualified to hold the position.

MILITARY RECORD.

Few cities of its size in the State present a more brilliant war record than St. Charles. The names of all her soldiers appear upon another page in this work, but a few deserve special notice. Among these Gen. J. F. Farnsworth occupies the front rank. By him the Eighth Illinois Cavalry was organized, in 1861, a regiment the most active of all the cavalry regiments in the Army of the Potomac. The General went out as Colonel, but was subsequently promoted. J. S. Van Patten, now in the Kane County Bank, was Quartermaster. Com-

* The new name for the old Chicago & Galena Railroad

pany A was raised in the city, and Company I in the county. Of the former, William G. Conklin (Second Lieutenant in the Sixth Illinois during the Mexican war) went as Captain, was promoted to the office of Major and resigned. The Colonel of the regiment (Farnsworth) served from 1861 to 1863, was in all the battles in front of Richmond, in 1862; at Antietam, Fredericksburg, South Mountain, and many of the smaller cavalry skirmishes, but in 1863 resigned to take his place in Congress, where he had been a Representative for four years before the outbreak of the rebellion, and where he remained for ten years after leaving the army. Previous to the great struggle, he had figured in the organization of the Republican party, was a strong Abolitionist and contributed in no small measure toward the Anti-slavery movement. He still resides in St. Charles. It should here be mentioned that Capt. Conklin did gallant service in the Mexican war, as did Lieut. Lewis Norton, now in California. Thirty-four men of the ninety-four who enlisted for that struggle in the company formed in St. Charles, were killed or died of diseases contracted during their absence. In the Seventh Regiment (war of rebellion) we notice the names of George Sill and D. B. Chamberlin, still residents of the place. The Seventeenth Illinois Cavalry also rendezvoused at St. Charles in the Fall of 1863, where they were organized by Gen. Farnsworth. In the Thirty-sixth A. H. Barry, well known at the Kane County bar and at present a resident of Elgin, was Major, and John Elliott, one of the first Board of Aldermen in St. Charles, was First Lieutenant. The latter was captured by the rebels and had many thrilling adventures and hair-breadth escapes. The laws of the South were at that time the "Laws of Draco," and on one occasion Mr. Elliott was delivered to the civil authorities for some trivial offense and sentenced to be hanged. He escaped by breaking through a box-car, in which he was confined, and still preserves an unbroken spinal column in the city where he enlisted.

In the Fifty-second, Capt. F. H. Bowman, now in the hardware business, H. N. Wheeler, editor of the St. Charles *Leader*, and Frank McMaster, now in Colorado, may be mentioned.

Dr. H. M. Crawford went as Surgeon in the Fifty-eighth, and found abundant scope for his high talents at Fort Donelson and Shiloh, where he earned an enviable record. At the battle field, the the regiment was broken up and decimated, and the doctor was assigned to the post of Chief Operator and to the charge of general hospitals, until its re-organization, in 1864. At the hospitals of Monterey and Corinth, he exerted himself so arduously in the care of the sick and wounded, that his health became seriously impaired. By a leave of absence, however, after the second battle of Bull Run, it was recruited, and he returned to the appointment of Chief Surgeon in Hospital No. 4, in Jackson, Tenn., and was subsequently promoted to Chief of Hospitals at La Grange, Tenn., where he again injured his health by his unremitting labor for the comfort of his patients. Light duties at Vicksburg were imposed in place of the laborious ones at La Grange. He was next Brigade Surgeon on Sherman's raid to

Meridian, then Division Surgeon on Red River Expedition, and was Chief Operator for A. J. Smith's corps after Pleasant Hill and Yellow Bayou. From thence he again joined his regiment, and, after filling various other appointments with credit to himself, was honorably discharged in the Spring of 1865.

N. T. Roach was Commissary in the same regiment.

Capt. Richmond, now of Chicago, was a favorite of the One Hundred and Twenty-seventh, and well deserving of the good will of his regiment, while Samuel W. Durant attained an honorable record in the same regiment as Quartermaster.

ST. CHARLES TO-DAY.

The cloud of desolation which at one time threatened to envelop all the interests of the town has, as we have seen, passed by, and the streets, from the crevices of whose sidewalks the grass was beginning to grow, are now thronged daily with life and activity, while several important manufactories are in successful operation. Prominent among these is the Hardware Company, represented and controlled by S. L. Bignall, which gives employment to fifty-five men, and melts 1,000 tons of iron a year. The iron business was commenced about 1844, by Burdick & Clark, who built a small foundry, which subsequently passed into the hands of John Lloyd, who remained sole proprietor or partner in the business until his death, when, after some changes in ownership, it became the property of S. L. Bignall & Co., who sold, in 1876, to the S. L. Bignall Hardware Company, the stock company by which it is now owned. Pumps, wind-mills, grind-stone fixtures, sad irons, corn shellers, and various articles for which Mr. B. possesses letters patent are manufactured. The buildings have recently enlarged to more than triple their original size, and the foundry and machine shops, combined, rank as one of the great manufactories of Fox River.

Brownell & Miller's paper mill, which is the old Debit mill enlarged, is operated in the manufacture of straw wrapping paper, of which about a car load is shipped weekly to Chicago. The quality is said to be as good as any in the market, and the company employ eighteen hands. The present proprietors purchased the building of O. M. Butler in 1867, and Mr. Miller states that it was the first manufactory of the kind west of the Ohio.

The St. Charles File Company—J. P. Doig and J. T. Gallagher—commenced operations in St. Charles in June, 1877, in the large stone shop back of Haines' mill, having previously been in the same business, between six and seven years, in Chicago, and gained in the meantime a No. 1 reputation for their files, which have, in a great measure, superseded the English ones, with which the Western market was previously stocked. They employ twenty-two skilled workmen.

Louis Klink's Wagon and Carriage Shop, commenced in 1866, was the first establishment of the kind which has made that industry successful in St. Charles. His sales during the past year amounted to \$20,000. The Doyles

also have a similar manufactory, upon the east side of the river, and are considered excellent workmen.

St. Charles Mills, on the East Side, and already referred to, were purchased from William G. Conklin, in September, 1877, by A. Fredenhague, who operates them for both custom and merchant work. The building contains three run of stones, and four hands are employed.

R. J. Haines' mill, upon the West Side, has received mention upon another page.

One of the great interests of the city is the dairy business, and farmers for a circuit of five miles send milk here to supply the cheese and butter factories. The building of the St. Charles Dairymen's Association, upon the East Side, one of the finest cheese factories in the United States, was erected in the Spring of 1872, cost \$11,500, and has since received additions and improvements to the amount of \$3,500. The association was chartered by the State, in April, 1877, and operates the factory for the patrons, making and selling the products, and deducting from the market price two and one-half cents per pound for the manufacture of cheese, and five cents for butter.

The following statistics will convey to the reader a clear understanding of the extent of its patronage :

REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1877.

	No. Pounds Milk Received.	No. Pounds Cheese Made.	No. Pounds Butter Made.		No. Pounds Milk Received.	No. Pounds Cheese Made.	No. Pounds Butter Made.
January	192,000	14,907	5,443	July	609,000	48,994	8,993
February	215,000	16,037	5,800	August	548,000	45,009	8,564
March	288,000	21,511	7,325	September	465,000	35,402	10,751
April	319,000	22,841	7,611	October	360,000	28,000	9,000
May	502,000	40,883	8,388	November	310,000	24,000	7,750
June	652,000	54,331	9,356	December	300,000	24,000	7,750

Within the past Summer (1877), Martin Switzer has erected, upon the West Side, on the bank of a never-failing spring-brook, a stone cheese factory of vast dimensions, which will doubtless eventually obtain much of the patronage of that part of the township. As it has only been operated a part of the season, no fair estimate of the amount of its yearly business can be presented.

Leaving now the manufactories for the mercantile interests of the town, we find several large and elegant business blocks : W. F. Osgood's, L. C. Ward's and the one built on the West Side by John Gloss, during the Summer of 1877 ; also, on the East Side, the gigantic pile of stone which William Irwin, one of the early settlers, has been more than a score and a half of years in rearing. "You'll never again see the man," observed its honest and industrious builder, as he pointed to it, "who has piled up such a mass of material as that with his own fingers ;" and we left him, convinced of the truth of his statement.

ELGIN TOWNSHIP.

Solitary wanderers, returning to New England firesides, from prospecting tours to the Great West, in 1832-3, were regarded with a feeling akin to superstition by the neighbors, who flocked to hear their reports. The interest manifested by the dwellers beyond the sea, for the navigators from the New World, in the early part of the sixteenth century, could not have far exceeded theirs, for they beheld in the voyagers, whom they quizzed with Yankee pertinacity, men who had reached the end of the world and had seen sights never before beheld by any but the semi-barbarous trappers, Indians, a few explorers and military expeditions. Even those who studied the primary geographies, among those Eastern hills, at a more recent date, can remember when Indiana was regarded as the last State within the confines of civilization, while Minnesota was the grand "jumping off place"—"that undiscovered country from whose bourne no traveler returned." No reports from the West could be too exaggerated to find ready believers; and despite his proverbial shrewdness, many a credulous Yankee was firmly convinced that herds of wild buffalo thundered through the streets of Chicago by day, and prairie wolves howled under the windows of Peoria by night. Stories of the climate and soil were equally exaggerated and one of these, portraying Michigan as the long lost Garden of Eden, at length reached, in 1833, a little village in New Hampshire, where there lived, in rather straitened circumstances, a young man by the name of Isaac Stone. With a friend, E. K. Mann, he took his carpet bag and bid farewell to the Green Mountains, the White Mountains and the purling brooks of those mountains, and went forth in quest of the fortunes that were to be obtained in Michigan, "without money and without price."

In process of time, the young men reached a place called White Pigeon Prairie, and there they halted, and, having hired as laborers to the farmers of that country, remained until the following year, when they were attacked with intermittent and bilious fevers, and, if Mr. Stone is not mistaken in this part of his narrative, "shook down two or three log shanties," and thus rendered themselves unpopular. "I liked the country," said he, "and I liked the people, but I never did like ague," and therefore they left the State; Mann, whose condition had become dangerous, returning to his Eastern home, and Mr. Stone proceeding to Chicago.

Finding nothing in that place to induce him to remain, he continued Westward, and after much wandering up and down the country, found himself, early in the Spring of 1835, upon the bank of Fox River, at Elgin, where he says that he found a pioneer named Ransom Olds,* residing in the northern part of

* Further investigation has convinced us that Mr. Stone's statement concerning this man is correct; and Ransom Olds' cabin was the first one erected by a white man within the present limits of Elgin city or Township. He arrived there early in 1835, and left the town years ago.

the present city limits, in a finished log house, upon a claim afterward owned by Reuben Jenne. Proceeding southward, he came to the claims taken by the Giffords, who will be further mentioned in the chapter upon the city. These men were building their first log cabin. Mr. Stone further states that Olds sold his original claim about a year later, and took up the land now owned by Oscar Lawrence.

Journeying from the river to the west, Mr. Stone came to the tract where he now resides, a mile and a half from the spot afterward occupied by the post office of Udina, and being pleased with the situation and convinced that it was far enough removed from the river to insure freedom from the prevailing diseases of Michigan, he staked out a large claim and built his cabin.

A little later, Mr. Mann, who had recovered and learned of his comrade's settlement, made his appearance and took up his abode in the same cabin, having previously come to an agreement in regard to a division of the claim, when either one should take unto himself a wife. Thus they lived several years, participating in the hardships of their wilderness home; and here for a time we will leave them to follow the fortunes of other settlers in the township.

While Stone and Mann were in Michigan, an enterprising young man from a section far removed from New Hampshire was preparing to settle in the same Western State, which seems to have had peculiar attractions for pioneers from every part of the country. This man was Joseph P. Corron, of Nicholas Co., Va. (now West Virginia), who left his home in 1834, and proceeded to the Wolverine State, remaining a year in Cass County, and then, with a brother-in-law, Jacob Amick, and one John Donalds, betook himself to the Fox River, which he reached at Batavia, April 28, 1835. Donalds had been at this place in the previous year, and taken a claim a little below the present site of the village. Early in the history of the settlement, he left his land and traversed almost the entire West, from Texas to Oregon, and never returned. Mr. Amick took up a claim at Plato Corners, in the Spring of 1836.

From Batavia, Mr. Corron journeyed to the Garton settlement at Round Grove, and thence to the land where he now resides, near South Elgin, and took up the claim which joined one just taken by Mr. Laughlin, who now occupies the old Garton farm.

At this time, George Tyler was living just north of Elgin, on land now owned by McNeal and McAllister; and later in the Summer of 1835, John Spitzer located in St. Charles Township. Still later, in the Fall of the same year, Mr. Corron was rejoiced at the arrival of neighbors, Anson Leonard, from the State of Ohio, and a man named Duncan, from New York, who took up adjoining claims.

In October, 1835, Mr. Corron married Miss Hannah A. Tucker, the daughter of a family who had settled just the other side of the township line on the south. The marriage ceremony was performed in Chicago.

In the meantime, other settlers were coming; and prominent among them was Dr. Joseph Tefft, still an honored resident of the city of Elgin. Leaving

Madison Co., N. Y., with a colony composed of himself and wife, his father and family, Dr. Nathan Collins and family, and P. C. Gilbert, with their teams, he had stopped for a time at a place known as Yankee Settlement, upon the Des Plaines River, and from thence the male members of the company went West, prospecting—crossed Fox River at Aurora, then visited the small settlement at Blackberry, and afterward returning to the river, followed it to Herrington's store on the present site of Geneva, where they were assigned a lodging in the storeroom, and left there during the night. Dr. Tefft still expresses himself astonished at the unsuspecting nature of a man who would trust entire strangers alone with his valuable stock of goods. From this point they struck north, to the settlement of Ira Minard, on the present Asylum farm, and finally settled in the vicinity; Dr. Collins taking a claim upon the west side of the river, where South Elgin now stands. Dr. Tefft was upon the opposite side, and Jonathan Tefft, his father, another about a mile east of Elgin, within the present limits of Cook County. This was late in the Fall of 1835. The party had passed the Kimball emigrants, when on their way to the Des Plaines, but upon arriving in their cabins in December, they found them already located in Elgin.

Great annoyance was experienced by the Teffts and Collinses, from the delay of their goods, which had been shipped to Chicago. Many times they went to that frog pond by the lake to inquire for them, but for a long time no tidings were received, and they failed to arrive in port until the following June, when the most of them were found to be spoiled from a bath taken during a gale in Lake St. Clair. Such a loss at that period of the settlement was almost irreparable. Supplies of all kinds were obtained at the expense of long journeys to some of the earlier established towns; and some, flour for example, could not be obtained at any reasonable price. But the peopling of Elgin progressed steadily, the settlers contenting themselves with the coarsest kind of fare in the absence of the comforts of their Eastern homes; and the last months of the year 1836 found cabins dotting the prairie from South Elgin to Dundee. Early in that year, Asa Gifford, now a resident of Cook County, had located on a claim south of and adjoining that of his brother, Hezekiah, who was the first claimant in the Bluff City, although not the first to build there. During the Spring of the same year, Truman Gilbert settled upon the farm which he still occupies, at South Elgin.

Though far inferior, now, in population, the prospects of that village were fully as good then as were those of Elgin. A number of settlers had clustered around it, shops and mills arose nearly as early as in the place which was destined to eclipse it, and for more than two years the only physician in the vicinity was settled there. A school house also arose in the edge of the woods, just east of the place, upon the Laughlin claim, in 1837; and there Miss Maria Tefft gathered the little boys and girls from throughout the neighborhood and taught them the three R's ("reading, 'riting and 'rithmetic"), until she herself entered

the matrimonial school as the wife of E. K. Mann, in the following year. The little log school house was erected by Isaac Spest and Thomas Mitchell, who purchased the Laughlin claim, in 1836; Joseph and James Corron, the latter having settled near his brother's claim, in the same year; and the Teffts. James Corron has been years in his grave, and the same may be said of Thomas Mitchell. Mrs. E. K. Mann also died long ago, in Beloit, Wis., and her husband, more recently, in extreme poverty, in Kane County.

In the Fall of 1836, a dam was commenced by Gilbert & Tefft, about eighty rods below the present one, at South Elgin, and the place which it was hoped would arise was called Clintonville, from De Witt Clinton, the eminent New Yorker. During the Winter, the dam was finished, but was carried away the next Spring. It was well built, but a mistake was made in constructing it upon the sand instead of placing it on the rocks above. In the following year, therefore, a second one was commenced by Gilbert, Tefft & Collins, and this time placed in the proper position. As a result it remained, and, in 1838, a saw-mill was built upon the East Side, and was soon in operation removing the forests in the neighborhood; and three frame dwellings soon took the place of log ones. And now a long period ensued, when Clintonville remained stationary. True, about 1838, the industries of the settlement were increased, as well as the noise, by the arrival of Samuel Hunting, a blacksmith, but further than this little worthy of note occurred until July 3 and 4, 1847, when the village was laid out on the West Side for Dr. Tefft and B. W. Raymond, by Adin Mann, County Surveyor. It was the design of Mr. Gilbert, who laid out, the East Side somewhat later, to build up a temperance town, and he therefore ascertained the intentions of purchasers previous to selling them lots. The first one which he disposed of was bought by a young man in whom he had perfect confidence, but was immediately deeded to one Nathan Williams, from Elgin, who put up a distillery near the line afterward taken by the railroad, and commenced the manufacture of liquors. Rather discouraging for temperance. It was likewise discouraging for the village, and may be said to have partially paralyzed it. Its history henceforth became one of distilleries for a number of years. Williams was in the center of the place, and the owner not making the business successful, soon sold; and others followed him, each successive owner leaving the buildings in a worse condition than the last, until hopes were entertained by temperance people that the business would never be revived in them. About this time, one Mason, from Chicago, appeared upon the scene, purchased the decaying buildings for a trifle, and rebuilt them at an enormous expense. Probably not less than \$50,000 was devoted to the preparation for the manufacture of alcohol. But he had scarcely commenced operations when officials detected him in an attempt to defraud the Government, and his plans were suddenly nipped in the bud. The buildings again went to waste, and were at length burned down, having been supposed to have taken fire from a passing locomotive.

But previous to these events, a man of great enterprise had become identified with the village, and did much to make it an important town. About 1848, G. M. Woodbury proposed to the owners of the place to take the water power and keep the dam in repair forever, and erect a flouring-mill upon either side, upon condition that he should be granted mill sites and water privileges. The offer was accepted, and a stone mill, 40x60 feet, and three stories high, arose upon the East Side, in accordance with the terms of the contract. The privilege upon the opposite side was sold to H. Brown, and the agreement in regard to it was likewise fulfilled. Woodbury attached a stone distillery to his mill about 1850, and operated both for several years; but subsequently left the township, and the property was in litigation until a comparatively recent period.

In 1849, a store was built by Woodbury upon the East Side, and supplied with a stock, such as is usually found in country establishments of the kind. The building is now standing, and used as the office of the Steel Company.

While the foregoing events were taking place, a settlement was being established at Udina, commenced in 1836 by one of the Merrills, from the Granite State, and followed by his father, brothers and uncle, their names being Richard, two Asas, Gilman and Jesse. Richard died after a short residence in the West. As their settlement was upon the Chicago and Galena stage route, they had the benefit of stages in 1837, and of a post office, which was named Udina, about a year later. Asa Merrill was the first Postmaster, and his office was a log house, standing where John and James Robinson now live. Not one representative of the family can now be found in the vicinity of their old settlement. The post office was the first in Elgin Township. The office at South Elgin, or Clintonville as it was then called, was established about the time that the railroad was laid. The first preacher was one of the itinerant representatives of the Methodist Episcopal Church, who traveled through the county in 1835. The first birth was that of a child of Sidney Kimball, born in November, 1837, in a house situated on land now owned by C. H. Larkins. Returning to South Elgin, we find a bridge constructed across the river at the point where Woodbury Mill stands, about 1850. A portion of it was subsequently carried away by a freshet, and repaired. Later, the entire structure was removed and the present iron one erected. In 1852, a paper-mill was commenced in this village, by Dr. Erastus Tefft, and operated for several years, first in the manufacture of wrapping and later for roofing paper; but at length it collapsed. During all the early years of the history of this village, B. W. Raymond took a prominent part. Dr. Joseph Tefft, however, is the most closely identified with its rise and progress. Dr. Collins soon removed to St. Charles, and left him the only physician in the township. A physician's practice then varied considerably from that of the present day. The doctor's extended from the south line of the township northward for twenty miles or more, and so far east and west. There were no good roads, and his journeys were made upon an old gray horse, which the settlers still living remember well. He rode at all seasons, and was

often obliged to swim streams, as bridges were unknown in the township when he begun his practice, or cross trackless prairies in the darkest nights, with no landmark but the light from some distant cabin, glimmering like a sickly fire-fly, or befogged will-o'-the-wisp. In 1859, the Free Methodist Society had sprung up and become sufficiently strong to erect the church edifice still standing in South Elgin. About this time, the dairy business began to receive attention. Previously there were not over 800 cows in the entire township. Now there are at least 12,000. The country, which was every acre of it claimed at that time, produced only about 4,000 pounds of butter and 1,000 pounds of cheese per annum. Now there are 2,000,000 pounds of cheese, and 550,000 pounds of butter made annually in the same area. Aside from the vast amount of milk required in the manufacture of these luxuries of civilization, three car loads are sent daily to Chicago, and the condensing factory uses the milk from 1,000 cows. The first butter factory in the West was the one at Elgin, now under the management of the Elgin Butter Company. Now the reputation of both the butter and cheese of this city is known from Liverpool to San Francisco, and from Canada to the Gulf of Mexico. The cheese factory at Udina was erected by a stock company, composed of the farmers in the neighborhood, in 1870, and has been in operation ever since. Only a small business has been done during the years 1876 and 1877, owing to the financial troubles, which have injured all the industries of the country. The factory at South Elgin was opened in the Spring of 1873, by Tefft & Hoag, the present proprietors, in a building now occupied as a store by Charles Hoag. In March, 1874, the building now used was put up, and there the great celebrity of the butter and cheese manufactured by the company has been attained. The factory possesses peculiar advantages from having three large springs near at hand, of unusual size and containing water at a very low temperature, while the amount of milk received compares favorably with that of any other factory in the United States. A variety store was opened in Udina some fifteen years ago by Wesley Fletcher, and is now used as a dwelling by Milton Harger. There is now but one store in that part of Elgin, and it is kept by Charles Bean.

The South Elgin Fork Factory commenced operations April 1, 1875, under the proprietorship of James H. Gifford. Ten hands are employed, and 200 dozen hay, manure and spading forks manufactured per month. The business has proved successful and the forks hold a high rank in the market. Iron rakes are likewise made in great numbers. The machinery of the establishment is operated by water power.

In 1876, the *South Elgin Steel and Malleable Iron Works* commenced the manufacture of skates and small castings, under the control of a joint stock company, with an authorized capital of \$15,000. At one time about thirty men were employed. The foundry was entirely new, with blast furnace and capacity for forty molders. A very superior skate was made, probably the best



Andrew Pingree

UNIVERSALIST MINISTER OF PINGREE GROVE.

in the market for the price, but owing to general mismanagement, as all the stockholders freely admit, the machinery and buildings were recently sold at Sheriff's sale.

Mr. Panton, the present owner of the West Side Flouring-mill, has a cheese and butter-tub factory which gives employment to six coopers and which contains machinery operated by a shaft extending from the adjoining mill.

Another general cooper shop, in the same village, is owned by Charles Klock—steam being the motive power—and requires the services of twelve workmen. According to the testimony of Mr. Hoag, of the neighboring factory, Mr. Klock makes a very superior butter tub.

Aside from the above, South Elgin possesses a tannery, owned by Gahan & Hutchins, employing five men: also three stores, two on the East and one on the West Side.

It now remains for us simply to notice the progress made in the schools of the township since the days when its institutions of learning were limited to the little log school house in the grove near South Elgin. There are now nine school districts outside of the city limits, all of which contain comfortable houses and support schools during the greater part of the year. They are numbered 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 11. District No. 2 contains a brick edifice a number of years old. All the other houses, including No. 8, the one in South Elgin, are built of wood. The estimated valuation of school property is \$25,300.

Elgin Township is Congressional Township 41, North Range 8, East of the Third Principal Meridian. It contains thirteen and a half miles of railroad; Fox River crosses it further to the east of the center than in any of the other river townships in the county. Tyler Creek traverses its northern sections; while other small streams flow from the center southward. It is thus well watered, but contains little waste land and is peculiarly adapted to the dairying business, which has been pursued by the inhabitants with such magnificent results.

CITY OF ELGIN.

With some unimportant changes in the relative positions of the savage hordes who occasionally made it their hunting ground, the land now occupied by the city of Elgin remained, in the early Spring of 1835, as it had been since the discovery of the continent.

Early explorations had been confined to the east and south, and, though Scott's army had cleared the way three years previously, the vast resources of this valley were at that date undeveloped; no cabin appeared with the curling smoke from the fire of the pioneer, and no claim lines betokened the earliest settlement. Desolation reigned in the midst of the "Garden of the World," and silence, interrupted only by the chirp of some feathered songster, the bark

of the prairie wolf or the triumphant yell of the dark hunter, as he brought down the vigilant buck.

But the settlers were on their way, and in order to fully comprehend the immediate causes which led to the peopling of Elgin, it will be necessary to retrace our steps to the previous year, when there dwelt in the county of Oneida, State of New York, a man by the name of Hezekiah Gifford. Having heard of a land in the West, fertile beyond all that he had ever seen, wealthy in water privileges, and abounding with ample supplies of wood, "a land of streams," of fields already cleared for the harvest and waiting for the plowman, he sold his property in the East and repaired to Buffalo. Taking passage thence on a steamer for Detroit, with a Mr. Duryea, with whom he had formed an acquaintance in Buffalo, he arrived, after a stormy voyage, went by stage thence to St. Joseph, when he boarded a schooner and was landed in due time safe in the native mud of Chicago. That city—now the pride of the West—was then scarcely a suitable dwelling-place for a colony of prairie dogs or gophers. Its dirt-begrimmed cabin walls and vile streets, in which pigs and geese wallowed in filthy happiness, presented no attractive features for any higher orders of creation; while in place of theaters during the week, and churches on Sundays, the inhabitants enjoyed daily dog-fights and drunken rows. There were, however, some good and law-abiding citizens even in that hamlet, and the generally depraved condition was owing, in great measure, to the lower classes of emigrants who sought refuge there, and the reeking saloons which were kept open for their especial benefit. While wending his way along the streets of this "beautiful West," Messrs. Gifford and Duryea descried a man approaching with a yoke of oxen, and hailing him ascertained that his name was Ferson, and that he lived upon the banks of Fox River, the goal for which they had started when they left New York. They accordingly secured places in his cart, and, taking the old army trail, after a weary journey, in which they were frequently obliged to walk, were at length landed at the log hut owned by Mr. Ferson and his brother, on the west side of the river, where St. Charles now stands. Having partaken of their hospitality in the shape of some good venison steaks and coffee, and obtained the rest of which they were so sorely in need, they proceeded down the river, following an Indian trail to Aurora, where they found a lone cabin and its owner, Joseph McCarty, near by digging granite boulders to form the first dam. From this point, they went to the present site of Yorkville, thence to Indian Creek and Somonauk, and finally to the vicinity of Blackberry, where they found a man by the name of Hollenbeck, comfortably settled; and having taken up claims near him, returned to New York, where Mr. Gifford directed his steps to the home of his brother, James T. Gifford, in Yates County, and related the story of his adventures.

In such vivid colors did he portray the beauties of the Fox River country, that James T., who was a man of unusual energy, determined to sell his farm at the earliest opportunity and emigrate West in the Spring. Meanwhile, Heze-

kiah visited his father's family, in Oneida County, and some friends, in Chenango County, where he married, and, returning to his brother, who had disposed of his property during his short absence, both started with a team and lumber wagon, which was loaded with tools and provisions for man and beast, and arrived in Chicago on the 24th day of March, 1835, having driven the entire distance. Having received glowing accounts of a place then called Milwaukee Bay, now Milwaukee, they directed their course northward from Chicago with a man named Goodwin; they did not meet a single soul on the way, and were so poorly supplied with the necessities of life, they were obliged to divide their few biscuits with their horses. Arriving at their destination, they ascertained, to their great disappointment, that all the land about the present city of Milwaukee had been claimed, and accordingly formed the determination to proceed southwesterly to the country visited by Hezekiah in the previous season. The horses which they had ridden from Chicago were accordingly delivered to Mr. Goodwin, who was about to return, and the Giffords took up their line of march across the country, but were soon obliged to return, having lost their way; and, wandering to the south of Milwaukee, reached the lake at the site of the present city of Racine. Here they became acquainted with one Jack Jumbeau, one of the waifs which the earlier French occupancy had left upon the shore of life, a half-breed trader and trapper, and a fair type of the *coureurs du bois*, so frequently alluded to in Parkman's admirable History of the Conspiracy of Pontiac. Jack told them that he knew the country well, and that by taking the trail from his door they would reach Fox River in half a day. They, therefore, made the attempt again, and this time successfully, for, at the period stated by the trapper, the stream appeared in the distance, and they were soon upon its solitary banks. Following it to the south, they walked for miles without meeting a sign of human habitation or of life until, as they were beginning to be wearied by their tedious journeyings, they discovered a lone Indian in a canoe, whom they hailed and induced to convey them to the opposite bank. Their inquiries of this dusky *Charon* in regard to settlers were answered unsatisfactorily, and, night coming on, they slept upon the ground without supper. Upon the earliest break of day, they were up and on the march. Creeks were waded and marshes crossed, yet still nothing but a wilderness spread out before them. At length, after they had been some thirty hours without a morsel of food, Hezekiah Gifford observed a small hut in the distance. With quickening paces they hastened to obtain the succor which it promised, but the "ancient mariner's" disappointment awaited them. There were no children playing near its doorway, no obstreperous cur ran out to meet them. "The silence was unbroken," and when they shouted, there was no response. Approaching and peering in, they beheld the body of a dead Pottawattomic warrior, in a sitting posture, wrapped in his blanket and adorned with many trinkets, indicative of his rank and importance. This was all that the hut contained, and it was merely a rude sarcophagus, common among the Indian tribes. Their feelings

can better be imagined than told, for they were nearly famished, and starvation stared them in the face.

Weakened by hunger and travel, they continued southward. Night again settled around them, and with it rain, and they awoke, wet and chilled, from a sleep disturbed by the howling of wild animals near their cold couch. Early in the day, they came to Nipersink Creek, in the present county of McHenry, and were obliged to wade the stream, which was waist-high, holding their clothes above their heads. Having reached a point near the present town of Algonquin, they were rejoiced at the sight of a human figure moving in the distance. Approaching, they found, to their great joy, that the stranger was a white man, who was at the time engaged in the pioneer employment of splitting rails, and informed the travelers that he worked for Samuel Gillan, whose cabin was near. James Gifford was so rejoiced to hear this that he exclaimed in ecstasy, "Oh, now we'll have a good meal!" and the hired man conducted them to the door, where they were kindly received by Mr. and Mrs. Gillan, and were soon enjoying the good meal anticipated. After a refreshing sleep and a hearty breakfast, they left the dwelling of their liberal host, and a few miles further brought them to the present site of the city of Elgin, where they were enchanted with the beauty of the scenery—the rapidity of the clear stream, the woodland on either bank, almost free from underbrush, and the fields as beautiful as if already waiting the harvest—and here they determined to locate. Accordingly, James T. laid claim to the land still known as "James T. Gifford's plat of Elgin," while his brother took up a tract further south, upon the same side of the river (east), and including the grounds now occupied by the National Watch Factory. Having learned from Mr. Gillan that a Mr. Welch was living at the head of Little Woods, within the present limits of St. Charles Township, they then proceeded to his place, as a mere act of courtesy, and afterward returned to Chicago for their horses and wagon. As they were about to leave that place, two days after, on their return, a man stopped them on Randolph street; stated that his name was Joseph Kimball; that he was looking for a mill site; inquired if they knew of a good location, and their place of residence. On being told that they came from Fox River, the gentleman inquired the way there, received his directions, and the Giffords started for their claims. It may here be mentioned that James T.'s cabin was built within the present limits of the little triangular square near the present residence of Mr. Davidson.

A description of the mode of constructing the houses in the Elgin of that day may not be uninteresting, as contrasted with the modern architecture. The shanties were built of logs, unhewed, and consisted of one or two rooms, according to the amount of time at the disposal of the builder. In case there were two, they were known as double log houses, and were constructed by piling up two pens side by side. The roofs were of shingles, two feet long and more, split from oak logs, and generally unshaved, and, there being no nails in the settlement, they were bound down by poles laid across them and extending the

full length of the roof, each tier of shingles resting upon two similar poles which formed the rafters, and ran lengthwise, instead of obliquely, as in these dangerous days. The first binding-pole, and the nearest to the eaves, was held in its place by resting upon two or more wooden pins driven through the shingles, the next one depending for support upon several sticks of proper length, the lower ends of which rested upon the lower pole, while the upper ends formed a base. Thus the entire row of poles were held in position by the pins underneath the lower one. The floors (when they had any) were of puncheons, and the doors, of the same material, were hung upon wooden hinges. Uncouth as these first cabins must have been, they are said to have afforded excellent shelter for the inmates. The grotesque roofs seldom leaked, and the corn dodgers eaten by their ample fire-places tasted (according to the testimony of the old settlers) as good as the finer fare of the present day by a modern coal stove, behind the solid protection of brick walls.

Mr. Hezekiah Gifford's cabin was built near where the residence recently owned by George S. Bowen stands. The Giffords had not long returned from Chicago when Samuel J., G. W., Russell and Jonathan Kimball, parties with whom Joseph Kimball had communicated, made their appearance at the settlement, and announced their intention of making claims in the vicinity. The two previous settlers were, of course, rejoiced at this prospect of having near neighbors, gave the visitors a hearty welcome, and the claim lines were soon staked out, Mr. Samuel J. Kimball choosing the land now owned by Walter and Joseph Kimball, his house being still in existence near the residence of the latter; while Mr. Jonathan Kimball also took up a tract upon the West Side, within the present corporation limits. G. W. Kimball settled at first a number of miles south, but subsequently moved to Elgin, where he has since died. Russell Kimball also settled within the city limits, but removed at an early day. Mr. Joseph Kimball, who had made the inquiries of the young men in Chicago, died while on a journey East for his family. During the early Spring of this year, the Giffords went to a small settlement upon the banks of the Du Page and purchased four yoke of oxen, and from thence James T. went to Chicago, where he found his brother Asa* and Mrs. Hezekiah Gifford, who had just arrived from the East. Accompanying him back to Fox River, Mrs. Gifford was for six weeks the only white woman in the settlement. She had but just established herself in her new home when a company of the "noble sons and daughters of the forest" called upon her—not for the purpose of paying their respects, as civilization would have suggested to their untutored minds—but to beg for flour and other supplies, which the savage is unable to obtain save by trade with the settlers. Often they would bring her fish and venison, which they would offer to exchange for these products so rare among them as to be regarded as dainties, and on one occasion when the lady was alone a band of about twenty walked into the cabin and one essayed to help himself to flour. Mrs. Gifford, although

* Now living in Cook County.

nearly frightened to death, assumed a bold air, and gave the audacious gentleman a push which sent him reeling across the cabin and produced shouts of laughter from his companions, who always admire a brave "squaw." They soon left the dwelling without taking further liberties, but meeting Mr. Gifford, were conducted back and presented with all the flour that he could spare. Indeed, it may well be doubted if any could be dispensed with for a less important consideration than the friendship of the savages, for the scarcity of mills throughout the country was sorely felt at this time. Journeys were made to Green's Mill (now Dayton), and a settlement near Joliet, where a set of mill stones had been attached to a saw-mill, but both of these buildings were continually crowded with customers, and grain was not unfrequently stored in them for a week, awaiting the proper time for grinding. As a previous writer has suggested, they "ground slowly," like the mills of the gods, but, unlike them, not particularly small. But Mr. James T. Gifford, equal to any emergency, conceived the idea of constructing a cheap substitute, for pulverizing the wheat and corn nearer home. An immense stump was hollowed out to form a mortar, within which a huge pestle was fitted, and attached to a long pole, balanced upon a post like the well-sweep which raised the "old oaken bucket;" and here the grain was pounded as occasion demanded.

And now the settlers began to feel the need of a road to the outer world, and accordingly one was staked to Meacham's Grove, since known as Bloomingdale. Late in the same Spring, James Gifford visited his former home in the East, and upon his return was accompanied by his family, consisting of his wife and five children, and also by his two sisters, Experience and Harriet, the latter of whom still resides in Elgin.

In June, 1835, P. J. Kimball, Sr., settled upon the spot where Mr. Borden's dwelling now stands, and with him came two ladies—rare accessions to the Fox River settlements then—Mrs. Kimball and her daughter. And now the hope, presumptuous though it at first seemed, began to dawn that there might one day be a town in that beautiful valley, and Mr. James T. Gifford startled his brother and sister-in-law one day by saying, without previous warning, "What shall we call the town?" Hezekiah arose in astonishment, while his wife nearly fainted, but, regaining her breath, she gasped some reply which indicated that she was not a credulous woman and was not to be imposed upon. "Well," said James T., "I have a Scotch name for it, and a short one, 'Elgin.'" It should here be observed that Mr. Gifford was very fond of the old tune by the same name, which Burns has immortalized, and likewise of old "Dundee," and that he had previously applied the latter to a small village in New York. But Mrs. Gifford could not recover in a moment, and now ventured to inquire if they really supposed stages would ever run there. "To be sure we do," replied both the brothers, and, in 1837, the energetic James T. having laid out in the previous year the Galena road as far as Belvidere, Mrs. Gifford saw two stages pass in one day into Elgin. Mr. Gifford had

labored diligently to secure the passage of the stages through the town, as there was some effort made to establish the line by way of St. Charles. He even went to Washington and spent several weeks there, at his own private expense, presenting inducements for a mail route through his place. His labors were signally successful, and the place formerly known as State Road became legally Elgin. The first post office was established in his house in January, 1837, the mail being carried a short time from Chicago on horseback. The same log building served also as the first school house in the Summer of 1836, Miss Harriet Gifford being the "wielder of the birch and rule." Her juvenile monarchy contained but ten subjects, who are said to have been governed with skill and kindness.

Religious exercises commenced in Elgin upon the first Sunday after the arrival of the Gifford family, when Miss Harriet Gifford read a sermon in her brother James' log cabin. Later, regular services were held each Sabbath in the same dwelling, conducted by Russell Kimball or Deacon Philo Hatch, the latter having settled upon the East Side, upon the lot since known as the Webb place. The James T. Gifford house seems to have been the first public building for all purposes—preaching, courts and public meetings—and was even of more importance than town houses to larger places.

On the 4th of July, 1836, the first celebration of the people of Elgin, or "State Road," as it was still called, occurred, as follows: The road previously blazed to Meacham's Grove was such that the wayfaring man might err therein unless diligent attention was given to the blazed trees through the woodland and the furrows across the prairie. Accordingly, several teams were attached to a fallen tree at Elgin, and the settlers, turning out *en masse*, drove them to a point half way between the two places, leaving a deep track the entire way, and were there met by a delegation from the grove with a similar path marker, and all were refreshed by an Independence dinner of corn cake, cold bacon and coffee.

At an election held for Lake Precinct, at the house of Thomas H. Thompson, within the limits of the present township of Dundee, on the first day of the same month, Jonathan Kimball was chosen Justice of the Peace, and S. J. Kimball Constable for Elgin.

On the 10th of October following, the first election in the town of Elgin was held, at the public house of Hezekiah Gifford, erected the same year, upon the site afterward occupied by the Presbyterian Church. Political life, thus commenced, received new vigor on the 9th of October, in the following year, when the second election in the place occurred at the same hotel, which was then owned by Eli Henderson. On this occasion, James T. Gifford was elected Justice of the Peace, and Eli Henderson, Constable.

The year 1836 is remembered as the date when the first religious society was regularly organized in the town. In February of that year, Rev. John H. Prentiss, of Joliet, and Rev. N. C. Clark, then of Naperville, met, by invita-

tion, a small congregation at the house of J. T. Gifford, where, after a sermon by the former gentleman, it was determined to form a church as soon as convenient.

In the following May, the determination was carried into effect, under the direction of Father Clark, of the Congregational denomination. Mr. Clark subsequently removed to Elgin, where he enjoyed for many years the love and reverence of all his townsmen, and died lamented by all.

The first male white child born in Elgin appeared upon the stage of life November 28, 1836, and is now well known to the citizens of the place as Joseph Kimball. The first death, that of Miss Mary Ann Kimball, a daughter of P. J. Kimball, occurred in May of the same year; and the first marriage, at the house of Jonathan Kimball, when his daughter was joined in wedlock with Sidney Kimball. It will be observed from the above that the Kimball family was sufficiently numerous to form a respectable hamlet by themselves.

The first cemetery was situated upon land now owned by Mrs. Horace French, and there the body of the lady mentioned above was buried. The later burying ground was laid out in 1844, and the remains of many of those deposited in the former ground were disinterred and removed there. Through the care of a former sexton of this necropolis, a perfect record has been kept of all bodies deposited therein—a volume which cannot be too highly appreciated.

In 1836, the Indians left, to the great joy of the settlers; for, although friendly and generally harmless, they were a source of constant dread to the timid, and were more bold and impudent in their importunity than the tramps who now traverse the country, from Maine to California. The thought that a licensed rattlesnake sleeps upon the doorstep is not pleasant to a brave man, even if he knows that the reptile may be propitiated by an abundance of food, and by carefully observing the rule to go around him; and a very similar sentiment may be said to have existed in the minds of the early pioneers toward their red neighbors. They dared not use them otherwise than respectfully. Their demand for "pennyack," "quashkin" and "goonatosh" always received an answer of peace and a liberal donation, even if the settler had scarcely enough of these supplies to last his own family a single day, for he knew that the slightest insult would rouse the war hounds from the lair. Despite all the sentiment which has been wasted upon them, a careful study of their habits, from the most favorable reports of those acquainted with them, will convince any sane man that the "*abused*" Pottawattomies were, even in the most favorable light in which we can view them, a lazy rabble of armed thieves and vagrants. In the year of their departure, the Elgin people received a terrible fright, by a courier arriving in the village, from the north, with a report that the Chippeways had dug up the hatchet, and were on their way toward Fox River in overwhelming numbers. A public meeting was called and measures of defense at once taken, but the Indians failed to make an appearance, and the settlement was troubled with reports of them no more.

In the Fall of 1836, a frame addition was made to Gifford's Tavern, which was originally of very moderate dimensions for a public house, being only 16x24 feet. Until April, 1875, this addition was standing.

Not long after this, the Elgin House, kept for many years by a man by the name of Tibballs, was erected by William S. Shaw, at the corner of Chicago and Center streets, where it was considered one of the most magnificent hotels in the West. A part of it is now the Elgin House, kept by William Spendlove. Tibballs left Elgin when the railroad came, confident that grass would thenceforth grow in the streets; and in the Spring of 1851, the hotel was converted into a seminary, under the management of Misses E. and E. E. Lord, now of Chicago.

The closely contested election for Governor, in 1837, and the Congressional contest between Stephen A. Douglass and John T. Stewart, aroused a vast amount of enthusiasm in Elgin, and nearly every legal voter is supposed to have cast his ballot. The election was held at Eli Henderson's house, and resulted in 47 votes for Carlin and Anderson, Democratic candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor; while Edwards and Davidson, Opposition, received 26 votes. The number cast for Douglas was 45, to 26 for Stewart. The Congressional District included nearly all Northern Illinois.

In 1837, Mr W. C. Kimball came to the growing hamlet and set about developing its resources with Mr. S. J. Kimball and James T. Gifford. A dam was built across the river by Folsom Bean, a mill-race dug upon the West Side by Mr. Kimball and upon the east by Mr. Gifford, while the former put up a saw-mill and the latter quite a good grist-mill, which stood for years at the head of the race. Later, it was used for a slaughter-house, and finally burned by incendiaries. An old settler states that it required all the men then living between St. Charles and Alconquin to raise the saw-mill. It is still standing.

In June, 1838, Dr. Tefft, who, as has been heretofore seen, had been in the township since 1835, removed to the village, where he built the first frame house in the place, upon land now occupied by the market. About the time of his arrival, another physician, Dr. Elmore, settled upon the place now occupied by Mr. Carpenter. In the following year he commenced keeping hotel in the house built by Hezekiah Gifford for that purpose, and left the town shortly after.

About the same year, one Judd, Elgin's first blacksmith, made his appearance in the village. Previously, a brother of Judd had preceded him and burned a coal-pit for the coming smith. While engaged in this work, a small shanty provided for his accommodation caught fire and burned down. This was the first conflagration in Elgin. The blacksmith left about 1839, and was followed by another worker in iron and steel—Jason House by name.

Several other arrivals should be noticed at this time, among them B. Healy, the first harness-maker; Harvey Raymond, Burgess Truesdell, Alfred Hadlock, William Shaw, John and Vincent Lovell. Elgin people, as we have seen, had suffered great inconvenience, during the early years of the settlement, from the

lack of a bridge. On one occasion, it is said that two young ladies, who were visiting upon the West Side, were obliged to take off their shoes and stockings and wade the river to reach the opposite bank. Such a state of affairs began to appear extremely scandalous to the village, and the citizens resolved upon the immediate erection of a bridge. A rude wooden structure was accordingly raised in 1837, one of the abutments standing immediately in front of, and within two or three feet of, Healy's shop, so much has the channel of the stream been narrowed since that day. In 1849, the bridge was carried away by a freshet, and was replaced by a more substantial one of the same material, which remained until 1866, when it was removed for a handsome iron one. The Elgin people now imagined that they had secured for themselves a permanent bond between the river banks, and one which would defy alike the wear of time and the fury of the elements. What, then, was their disappointment when it went down beneath the weight of a drove of cattle, and when, after being replaced, a portion of the new structure shared a like fate on the 4th of July, 1869. The curse of *Sisyphus* seemed to have been imposed upon them: but they bravely recommenced their work, and this time with success, for, after the third attempt, the bridge has held itself in place. A new iron bridge of different design was constructed in 1870 from a point near the watch factory to the opposite side.

Mercantile enterprise was first displayed in Elgin by the appearance, in 1836, of a frame store on Block 9, upon the north side of Chicago street. In the same year in which it was raised, Samuel Stoars commenced selling goods in a small log store, and was soon after joined in business with F. Bean, the partnership continuing for several years. The dam, built by the latter, went out the following April, but was replaced by another during the Summer.

Chicago was now beginning to rise from the mud, and a market could generally be found there for all the Western products. A reliable authority states that from 1838 onward, wheat never sold for less than thirty cents, nor corn for less than twenty cents per bushel, and pork was often firm at \$1.50; and at that time prices seldom rose far above these figures. Let farmers who complain of the present hard times read this and be happy. As early as 1835, Mr. J. T. Gifford had sketched a plan of that part of the city now known as J. T. Gifford's plat of Elgin, extending from Division street on the north, to Prairie street on the south, and from Chapel street to the east bank of the river; but there is no record of a survey among the plats in the Recorder's office until August 3, 1842, where we are informed that a described tract upon the east side of the river was regularly laid off in lots and streets, for the proprietor, James T. Gifford, by J. P. Wagner, County Surveyor. On the 12th day of February, in the following year, a similar service was performed by the same gentleman for W. C. Kimball, the proprietor of the West Side. Settlers for all points West had been pouring into Elgin almost daily for more than a year, when, in 1838, B. W. Raymond and his partner, S. N. Dexter, appeared in the village

and bought one-half of the J. T. Gifford claim. To Mr. Raymond Elgin is greatly indebted for many of the improvements which followed, for although not an actual resident, he displayed a remarkable interest in its progress, contributed liberally for the establishment and support of the Elgin Academy, was for a long time one of the leading merchants, was a partner in the foundry of Augustus Adams & Co., instrumental in establishing the woolen mill built by S. N. Dexter, in 1844, and in securing the location of the watch factory, of which he became President. During the year 1838, the Baptists, who had met for some time in the house of Hezekiah Gifford, organized a society under the Rev. J. E. Ambrose, and for several subsequent years met with other religious organizations in a frame building, 25x30 feet, which stood at the northeast corner of Du Page and Geneva streets, and is still well remembered by the Elgin people as the Elgin Chapel. It was raised principally through the liberality of Mr. Gifford, and was used both for church and school purposes, and was surmounted by a small tower, and the first bell hung in the village. Several denominations were nurtured during their infancy within its walls. We will have occasion to allude to it again. From 1839 to 1840, no extensive enterprises were launched, but the steady growth of the town continued during the interval, and new arrivals constantly appeared. In the latter year, great interest was taken in the Presidential election, the Whig element having attained considerable strength in the village. As a list of the voters may be of interest as illustrative of the increase in the population during five years, and the political changes since that day, we give the following as recorded. The names prefixed with a W. represent those who voted the Whig ticket:

Colton Knox, Edward E. Harvey Geo. W. Renwick, David Hunter, (W.) Erasmus Davis, Philo S. Petterson, (W.) Benjamin Hall, (W.) Thomas Frazier, (W.) Wm. V. Clark, (W.) Thomas Hammers, (W.) James P. Corron, Wm. Conley, Thomas Calvert, Aaron Harwood, Lewis Ray, Charles H. Hayden, Joseph S. Burdwick, Anthony Phillips, Caleb Kepp, W. S. Shaw, (W.) Luther C. Stiles, Asabel B. Hinsdell, Seth Green, George Hammer, Justice Stowers, Hiram Williams, Jonathan Kimball, Joseph Tefft, Wm. C. Kimball, (W.) Burgess Truesdell, (W.) Charles W. Mappa, (W.) George Hassan, (W.) Asa Merrill, John W. Switzer, James Hoag, (W.) Otis Hinckley, (W.) Abel Walker, Francis Wells, Samuel Waterman, David Hammer, David Welch, John Hill, (W.) George E. Smith, (W.) James Sutherland, (W.) Finley Frazier, Daniel B. Taylor, Geo. W. Hammer, Geo. R. Dyer, (W.) Lorenzo Whipple, (W.) Erastus Bailey, (W.) Lyman Rockwood, Guy Adams, (W.) Myron Smith. (W.) Lewis Tupper (W.), Ralph Stowell, Whitman Underwood, (W.) Halsey Rosenkraus. Lyman Williams, Jonathan Tefft, Jr., (W) Moses Wanzer, (W.) Norman Stephens, (W.) S. A. Wolcott, Ransom Olds, Jas. M. Howard, (W.) Ralph Grow, (W.) Perry Stephens, (W.) Calvin Carr, Ira Earl (W.), Solomon Hamilton. (W.) Asa Gifford, John B. Scovell, (W.) John Lowell, (W.) E. A. Mittimore, William B. Howard, (W.) Aaron Bailey, Alfred Hadlock, Wm. W. Welch, (W.) Harvey Gage, Elisha

Sprague, John Flinn, Pierce Tobin, (W.) Benjamin Burritt, (W.) N. C. Clark, (W.) Walcott Hart, Benjamin Williams, Geo. W. Kimball, (W.) Harvey Raymond, (W.) Charles B. Tucker, Jesse Abbott, Isaac Stone, John S. Calvert, (W.) Hezekiah Gifford, Amos Tefft, (W.) Wm. R. Mann, Lewis Eaton, Abraham Leatherman, (W.) Peter Burritt, Daniel Leatherman, Samuel Parker, Nathan E. Daggett, (W.) Craig Duncan, (W.) Thomas Mitchell, (W.) Calvin Hall, Adin Mann, Isaac West, Jonathan Tefft, A. W. Hoag, (W.) Anson Leonard, John Guptill, Joseph Corron, (W.) L. S. Tyler, George Hammer 2d, Amos Clark, Elijah Clark, (W.) Philo Sylla, (W.) James H. Scott, (W.) Philip H. Sargent (W.), Solomon H. Hamilton, (W.) John Ternworth, (W.) Vincent S. Lovell, Sidney Heath, (W.) James Parker, (W.) Orange Parker, James Todd, (W.) Chaplin W. Merrill, Horace Heath, Richard A. Heath, Hiram George, (W.) William A. Moulton, Simon Deke, W. M. Bellows, Abel Pierce, (W.) Joshua E. Ambrose, Benjamin Adams, Samuel Minard, (W.) Asa Rosenkrans, (W.) P. J. Kimball, Jr., (W.) Charles Merrifield, (W.) Byron Smith, (W.) John June, S. P. Burdick, Owen Burk, Aurelius Barney, Chas. S. Tibballs, (W.) Artemus Hewett, (W.) Christopher Branham, Daniel Guptail, (W.) Humphrey Huckins, (W.) Henry Serman, Marcus Ranstead, (W.) A. D. Gifford, (W.) Alphonso Whipple, Josiah Stephens, (W.) Alfred Gurlean, (W.) Geo. Sawyer, Samuel Kimball, Geo. F. Taylor, (W.) P. M. Goodrich, (W.) Anson Underwood, (W.) Jas. H. Rowley, (W.) John Cromer, (W.) David Corlis, (W.) Geo. W. Rowley, (W.) Alexander Plummer, Wm. W. Welch, Luther Herriek, (W.) Halsey Adams, Alfred C. Ordway, Samuel Hunting, Russell F. Kimball, Abraham Cawood, (W.) E. K. Mann, N. K. Abbott, (W.) Horace Benjamin, (W.) Thomas Bateman, Samuel J. Kimball, Berry Branham, Wm. Plummer Kimball, A. S. Kimball, Joseph Kimball, Charles Kimball, (W.) Aaron Porter, (W.) Gould Hinman, (W.) A. R. Porter, Jason House, (W.) Jarvis Smith, (W.) Seth Slawell, Franklin Bascomb, Mark Adams, (W.) Stephen De Long, James West, Thomas Burbanks, Moses Gray, Elijah Waterman, Almond Fuller, (W.) Jas. T. Gifford, John Ranstead, D. B. McMellen, Isaac Hammer, (W.) Isaac Otis, Rowland Lee, Alexander McMellen, Folsom Bean, Judah H. Fuller, Philo Hatch, Amos Stone. It will be seen that this list contains the voters of the entire township.

In the same year (1840), the legal profession was first represented in Elgin, the practitioner being Edward E. Harvey, a former student of Joseph Churchill, Esq., of Batavia, and a brother of Geo. P. Harvey, still a resident of the city. Mr. Harvey was a good speaker and a successful lawyer, remaining in Elgin until 1847, when, having received a commission as Captain, he raised a company of volunteers and led them to the seat of war in Mexico, where he died in the following year, near Cerro Gordo, at the age of 32. In 1841, Isaac G. Wilson, the son of Judge Wilson, of Batavia, settled in Elgin and commenced the legal practice. He was a thoroughly educated attorney, being a graduate of the Cambridge, Mass., law school, and held the office of Clerk of the Circuit Court

in McHenry County. Having practiced in Elgin until 1849, he was then elected Judge of the County Court, and in 1850 removed to Geneva. In 1852, he was elected Judge of the Circuit Court, which office he held until 1867; he is now practicing his profession in Chicago. From 1846 to 1850, Judge Wilson and Sylvanus Wilcox were law partners. The practice thus ably commenced was continued by Edmund Gifford, from 1845 to 1861; Paul R. Wright and A. J. Waldron; Charles H. Morgan, from 1847 to 1863; E. S. Joslyn, from 1852 to the outbreak of the rebellion; John S. Riddle, from 1857 to 1862; Thomas W. Grosvenor, from 1858 to 1861; Joseph Healy, E. W. Vining, A. H. Barry, R. N. Botsford, J. W. Ranstead, Wm. H. Wing, W. F. Lynch, Eugene Clifford, Henry B. Willis, Cyrus K. Wilbur, John McBride and others. Many of the above left their professions to serve their country in the late war, and some died from wounds received upon the battle field.

Several of the medical profession have already been noticed. Among others who followed, Dr. Anson Root deserves especial notice as one who assisted in building up the town, having purchased one-fourth of the original James T. Gifford claim and settled with his family, about 1839, in a log house, which occupied a position near the present residence of J. A. Carpenter. His death occurred in Elgin in February, 1866. In the following years (from 1839), Drs. Treat, Fairie, R. S. Brown, E. Tefft, C. Torry, J. Daggett, E. Sanford, V. C. McClure, O. Harvey, T. Kerr, Paoli, E. Winchester, Peebles, B. P. Hubbard, E. A. Merrifield, B. E. Dodson, Wetherel, D. O. B. Adams, N. F. Burdick, Fred Bartels, Berkhauser, George Wilbar, Cutts and Pulaski successively appeared in the town, and forming leagues with the naturally salubrious climate, have generally succeeded in keeping the population in an excellent state of preservation. But in 1845, intermittent and bilious fevers, which had so afflicted all the settlements, became epidemic and raged with fearful havoc. The inhabitants became panic-stricken, and fled the place; nearly every remaining settler was prostrated with the prevalent disease, and it is even asserted that one man, whose wife had died from its effects, could with difficulty find sufficient assistance to bury her in a decent manner. James T. Gifford removed to a little village in Wisconsin, with the hope of protecting his children from the general destruction, but the pestilence followed him, and two of his family died there. Returning after the health of the village was restored, he remained in active business until August, 1850, when he fell a victim to the Asiatic cholera. He was one of the noblest and most generous men that ever lived, a philanthropist by nature, and his memory is still cherished by the inhabitants of the city, to the prosperity of which he contributed so largely. The spot where his cabin stood, although now in the heart of the town, has been set apart from the encroachments of business blocks and dwellings, and is devoted to the public, as was the life of the truly good man who once dwelt there.

But, returning to 1840, we find an important change in process in the business part of Elgin. Previous to that date, it was believed that the "hub "

of the town—the grand center from which all the mercantile interests were to radiate—was to be the part of Center street near its intersection with Chicago street, but about this time Mr. Raymond erected the store formerly occupied by Stewart's bakery, and, subsequently, business centered there. The post office was also moved to the building since known as Roberts' meat market, which also served as the office of Judge Wilson. A little later, great financial difficulties arose, and threatened, for a time, to suspend the progress of the town. The Illinois State Bank, the great source of supply to the West, refused to redeem its notes, and went down amid the ruin of thousands; but the Marine and Fire Insurance Company's notes were substituted as legal tender, and Elgin once more continued in her upward career to success. About 1840, Burgess Truesdell established an extensive cocoonery in the village, and quantities of the silk manufactured went into the market, but not proving financially successful the enterprise was relinquished.

The first train entered Elgin early in February, 1850, and the occasion was one of great rejoicing to the inhabitants. The village remained for two years the western terminus of the Chicago and Galena track, and the swarms of explorers, settlers and pleasure-seekers for all points West were landed at her depot, where crowds of hackmen met them with their discordant yells and efforts to carry them to any hotel in town, or wherever they might wish to travel west of the place. The old depot still stands near the building recently erected near the old Raymond store, used later by the Stewarts as a bakery. That corner is historic, and those years were years of wonderful progress for Elgin. Hotels sprang up, business prospered, and the streets were filled with residents and strangers daily. Among the new public houses was the one erected by P. J. Kimball, Jr., near the depot, and, when the road crossed the river, Mr. W. C. Kimball built the Waverly House, still well-known throughout the Northwest. But like all the towns along the river, Elgin was doomed to a season of great business stagnation, and the night was approaching. The railroad was continued west, business left with it, and during the years which followed, the only life which the village contained proceeded from several important manufacturies, among them an extensive tannery, owned by B. W. Raymond. For a time, it was hoped that the Fox River Valley Road would be completed to the great lumber districts of Wisconsin, and thus open a trade in that product, but the road ended at Geneva, Wis., and the village sunk down deeper than ever into the lethargy which the removal of the western terminus had produced. Great manufacturing companies, however, were induced, by the favorable situation and the wise liberality of the citizens, to establish their shops and factories in the town, and thus, as will be seen, the dying commercial interests were revived.

In February, 1854, Elgin became a city, with Dr. Joseph Tefft for the first Mayor, and Charles S. Clark, R. L. Yarwood, L. C. Stiles, P. R. Wright, E. A. Kimball and George P. Harvy the first Board of Aldermen. The gen-

eral financial cloud of 1857 lowered gloomily over the young city, but she had begun to recover her wonted prosperity, when the news of the capture of Fort Sumter threw the entire place into the wildest indignation. In one week after the tidings were received, the first company for the first regiment of Illinois volunteers was ready to leave for the battle field. No town in the county has a more glorious war record than Elgin, as will appear upon a careful scrutiny of statistics given upon another page of this work. The first company was mustered into the service upon the 15th of April, 1861, and was again mustered in, after its first term of service had expired. Another company entered the service from Elgin, with the Thirty-sixth Regiment, in 1861; a third was contributed to the Fifty-second in the same year, and later in the Fall, a fourth to the Fifty-fifth. The Forty-eighth Regiment was enrolled in 1862, and in it went a large quota from Elgin. She also contributed a company to the Sixty-ninth Regiment—three months men—and on the 5th of September, 1862, sent two companies for the One Hundred and Twenty-seventh. The Elgin Battery was mustered into the service in the Fall of the same year; and in the Summer of 1864, two companies left the place with the One Hundred and Forty-first Regiment. Aside from the above glorious list, individuals left as volunteers in other regiments, throughout the entire struggle. Scarcely a battle was fought, without some representatives of the patriotic little Bluff City participating therein, and the names of some of them are immortal. But long before the outbreak of the war, and years previous to other events above recorded, the

SCHOOLS

of Elgin were firmly established, and scores of the men and women of the present city were obtaining within them the intellectual culture which has contributed to give the place a front rank among the river towns.

In 1838, Miss Gifford, who had taught the first school during the previous year in her brother's log house, was seated upon the throne in the Elgin chapel, or Union Church, where many little boys and girls were taught the rudiments of an education.

Some three years later, Mr. Adin Mann taught in the new church which the Methodists had recently erected; and, later, Rev. Mr. Bolles and others wielded the ruler in the same building.

During the Winter of 1841-2, Miss Ballard, now Mrs. Nathan G. Phillips, had opened a small school, south of the business part of the town, in an unoccupied dwelling belonging to Horace Heath.

But each of these institutions was merely temporary, and no suitable house was dedicated exclusively to education until 1844, when one was completed, by private subscription, upon the lot now occupied by the residence of Dr. Tefft. Miss Harvey, afterward Mrs. P. R. Wright, was the teacher for a number of years; but, in 1845, additional accommodations being found to be necessary, Mr. R. W. Padelford circulated a subscription paper, and, as a result, the brick

school house was commenced, which was completed two years later and dedicated in January, 1848. It was then the most elegant school house in the northern part of the State. Mr. Ballard was employed as Principal, on a salary of \$400 a year, while Mrs. Ballard and Miss Graves, now Mrs. J. J. Town, were assistant teachers.

About three years later, the School Law was adopted, and then the day of subscriptions for the support of education was at an end. Each man's tax was henceforth apportioned, and since that day there has been no interruption in the steady progress of the Elgin schools.

In 1854, they were by special charter placed under the control of the city, Edmund Gifford being elected Superintendent; Mr. Curtis, Principal in District No. 1, and Mr. Cole in District No. 2. Various changes have since been inaugurated.

In November, 1855, the new school house was dedicated in District No. 3, and Mr. Daggett opened the school as its first Principal. In 1857, the new brick building was erected, for the occupation of the high school, and was dedicated in the Fall of the same year.

About this time, the citizens, after discharging several teachers, began to observe that competent instructors could not be secured upon the same scale of prices paid for splitting rails or for farm labor, and, accordingly, we find Mr. Heywood receiving the once fabulous compensation of \$1,000 per annum.

Nine schools were taught in the city during the successive years, from 1859 to 1866, and ten teachers employed. The average attendance ranged from 427 to 468. Two new school houses were built about 1867, one in the First, the other in the Sixth Ward.

During the year 1869, the schools were re-graded and a complete census of the pupils taken by Mr. C. F. Kimball, the Superintendent, and also Principal of the high school. The result was as follows: White children, from 6 to 21 years, 1,545; colored children, from 6 to 21 years, 30; total, 1,575. At this time the entire white population of the city was 4,804; colored, 91; total, 4,895.

At the same time, more school room being needed, the old church formerly occupied by the Baptists was purchased by the City Council for \$5,000, and three schools were opened therein, in 1870, enrolling nearly 200 pupils. In 1873, the schools passed from the municipal control and adopted the general school law of the State. A new school house, two stories high, was raised the same year, adjoining the high school. At present there are sixteen schools in successful operation upon the East Side, with nineteen teachers, while the West Side supports three schools, with four teachers. Mr. W. H. Bridges is the Superintendent of the whole.*

Aside from the public institutions of learning, several have been established by private enterprise, at various times. Of these, the Elgin Seminary, started in the Spring of 1851, by the Misses Lord, now of Chicago, should be noticed.

*For the above educational items we are indebted to Mr. C. F. Kimball, the former Superintendent.



L. M. Kelley

ELGIN

It was first opened in the basement of the Congregational Church, and a house on DuPage street, now owned by Mr. C. K. Anderson, served as the boarding department. It was designed, principally, for the education of young ladies, although several young men were admitted during its history. It was removed to the Elgin House in 1852, which was fitted for its reception, with the house now standing next east of it, and there continued until 1856. During the intervening years, it attained a high reputation under the management of Rev. Daniel S. Dickinson (deceased), A. R. Wright (now of Sioux City) and others. The original charter of the Elgin Academy was granted to Solomon Hamilton, Colton Knox, George McClure, Vincent C. Lovell, Luther Herrick, Reuben Jume and Burgess Truesdell, by act of the Legislature of Illinois, approved February 22, 1839. After an unsuccessful attempt, in 1843, to erect a building and establish a school under this charter, the lot owned by the Free Will Baptists was purchased, in 1855, by a stock company organized under the charter as amended February 14 of the same year. This amended charter still remains in force, the peculiarly liberal spirit of which may be seen by the following extract:

“SEC. 7. The said institution shall be open to all religious denominations; and the profession of no particular religious faith shall be required either of officers or of pupils.”

Previous to the sale of their lot, the Free Will Baptists had laid thereon the foundation of an institution of learning, to be called the Northern Illinois College, and upon this arose the Elgin Academy. The school was opened for students December 1, 1856, with Robert Blenkiron, a teacher of great ability and culture, as its first Principal. He was followed successively by James Sylla, Clark Braden, C. C. Wheeler, Dr. Nutting, W. T. Bridges, B. C. Cilley, A. S. Barry and A. G. Sears.

The war record of the Academy was a glorious one, sending, as it did, seven commissioned officers, six non-commissioned staff officers, twenty-one non-commissioned officers and twenty-three privates.

In 1872, the course of study in the normal department was enlarged by the addition of the natural sciences, physiology and laws of health—branches which have been retained in the course ever since.

In the years 1873-4, \$1,500 were expended in beautifying the grounds and in making the school building more suitable to the purpose for which it was designed. A heavy debt with which the institution had been incumbered was liquidated during those years, and the year 1875 opened with renewed prospects of success, and since then has been steadily advancing. The course of study embraces all the higher branches required by the students desiring a liberal education; also, the fine arts, music, drawing and painting. Since September, 1870, A. G. Sears has been the Principal.

The foregoing notice of the educational facilities of Elgin would be incomplete without a sketch of the rise and progress of the

TOWN LIBRARY.

In March, 1872, the General Assembly of Illinois passed an act providing for the support, by taxation, in each town, city or village, of a public library, under the control of six Directors. Section 6 of this act reads as follows:

“Every library or reading room established under this act shall be forever free to the use of the inhabitants of the city or township where located, always subject to such reasonable rules and regulations as the library board may adopt, in order to render the use of said library and reading room of the greatest benefit to the greatest number.”

On the 2d day of April, 1872, the town of Elgin voted to organize a library under the above act, and, on the following April, a Board of Directors were elected at the annual town meeting, as follows: Zebina Eastman, I. C. Bosworth, E. C. Lovell, J. A. Spillard, J. W. Ranstead and W. H. Hintze.

A tax of \$3,000 was collected in the same year, and a correspondence opened with some of the leading publishers of the world, by a committee of two of the Directors.

In December, 1873, the books and furniture of the Young Men's Christian Association library, previously formed in Elgin, was purchased by the Board of Directors, for \$250, and removed to the third story of the Bank Block, on the corner of Chicago street and Douglas avenue, where rooms were leased and fitted for the use of the library.

In February, 1874, the circulating library of Denison & Burdick, containing 700 volumes, was purchased for \$500; and other purchases were made in Chicago, which swelled the number of volumes to 2,000.

In 1875, Mr. E. C. Lovell made the tour of Europe, and was directed by the Board to expend a certain amount for the library. The result was the purchase of the entire Tauchnitz edition of British writers, and many other valuable works—some of them exceedingly rare. The selections, from the commencement, have indicated unusually good taste in the Directors. While all the standard and popular authors of English and American fiction and poetry are to be found upon the shelves, history has been made the specialty, and there is scarcely a work in the English language, of any special merit in that department, which may not be found in this valuable collection. Science, too, has not been overlooked, and all the more popular works under this head may there be found. Books of reference, comprising lexicons of the various languages, atlases and cyclopædias, astonish the visitor with their vast amount of erudition upon every conceivable subject. Several of the most frequently quoted authorities upon English and American law have been gathered in, and a room is devoted to works prepared under the direction of the United States Government, comprising State papers, agricultural reports, geological surveys.

etc. There are now between 4,000 and 5,000 volumes in the entire library—1500 of them having been obtained by the Lovell purchase. The annual tax for the support of the institution is \$2,100. In addition to this, donations are received from any individuals disposed to assist by money or books. Not less than 120 persons attend the reading rooms daily, which are kept open until 10 o'clock at night; and where all the news of the world may be found, as given by 25 weeklies, 8 dailies, 16 monthly journals, and the *North American Review*.

In the Spring of 1874, Mr. Louis H. Yarwood was appointed sole librarian, an office which he still retains, having contributed much by his industry and good sense to render the benefits of the library available to all. The present Board of Directors are J. S. Wilcox, E. C. Lovell, W. H. Hintze, J. A. Spillard, Geo. D. Sherwin, and D. F. Barclay.

THE PRESS.

No place in the county has been so productive of newspapers as Elgin. Their name is legion, and they commenced in 1845, with the publication of a Baptist and Anti-Slavery sheet, by a joint stock company composed and edited by Spencer Carr, Rev. A. J. Joslyn and Rev. Wareham Walker. It was subsequently removed to the State of New York, and was succeeded in Elgin, in 1847, by the *Elgin Gazette*, which continued until consolidated with the *Advocate*, in 1874. In 1851, the *Fox River Courier* commenced its brief existence in support of the political views of the Whigs, but, never proving a financial success, the publication was soon suspended. The *Elgin Palladium* followed, in 1853, edited by Mr. Hough, and was changed about three years later to the *Kane County Journal*, published by Lyman & Smith. In 1858, a Democratic paper was established by Grosvenor & Willis. In 1865, the *Second District Democrat* took its place, succeeded in turn by the *Elgin Chronicle*, edited by Ed. Keogh, and finally merged into the *Watchman*, after being purchased by E. C. Kincaid. The *Lady Elgin*, a monthly paper, under the control of operatives of the watch factory, commenced her career in 1872, edited and published by Bertha H. Ellsworth, Alida V. Ahle and Lydia A. Richards. It afterward passed through some important changes, and had attained a circulation of 1,500, when its publication ceased during the past year. The publishers of the *Dundee Citizen* issued an edition in Elgin in the Fall of 1874, and called it the *Elgin Republic*. It continued to be published until the Spring of 1877, when it became the *Elgin Free Press*, with C. Stoddard Smith, editor and publisher. Since then it has been steadily gaining ground and now claims a circulation of 1,000. Its size, 28x44, folio. The office is well arranged for job work. The *Elgin Advocate* was established in 1871, by S. L. Taylor, its present editor and proprietor, and has proved the most successful newspaper enterprise launched in the city. It absorbed the *Gazette* in 1874, and since then had an uninterrupted career of prosperity. The newspaper work of the office

is but a small fraction of the entire business—book binding, blank book manufacturing and job printing requiring the services of sixteen hands. Its office occupies a front rank among those west of Chicago, both in its favorable location and the convenience of its furnishings. The circulation of the *Advocate* is between 2,000 and 3,000; its size a seven-column quarto; politics, Republican. The *Elgin Times* was established by Ed. Keogh, in 1874. No changes have occurred in its management, and it now claims a circulation of 600. It is an eight-column folio, 24x36, and politically "Greenback." In December, 1874, Dudley Randall issued the first number of the *Daily Bluff City*, suspended its publication for a few days, and recommenced it in January, 1875. In the following August, W. J. Christie purchased a half interest, and in the Fall of the same year it was enlarged from a three to a four-column folio. In June, 1876, it was again enlarged by an additional column, and became a six-column folio in the following Fall. It is now owned by W. J. Christie & Co., C. E. Gregory, editor. A daily paper was started by Dudley Randall, in 1875, but scarcely survived the first quarter. The *Elgin Daily News* was first issued June 17, 1876, by the Elgin Printing Company, with F. H. Taylor as manager. It is a five-column folio, and Republican in politics. Its job printing establishment is quite extensive, six men being employed in the office. Two monthly papers are also issued from Elgin, both commenced in 1874—the *Informer* and the *Gospel Trumpet*. Each has a large circulation.

CHURCHES.

As has been already seen, the Congregational Church was the first organized in Elgin, and dated May 12, 1836. We copy the following from the records:

ELGIN, May 12, 1836.

A number of members of Presbyterian and Congregational Churches met, by appointment, at the house of James T. Gifford. The meeting was opened by prayer. Rev. N. C. Clark was chosen Moderator, and James T. Gifford, Clerk. On motion, *Resolved*, that it is expedient to have a church formed in this place, and that its form of government be Congregational. The Rev. N. C. Clark then proceeded to organize a church, composed of the following members, who presented letters from sister churches, gave their assent to the Articles of Faith, which were adopted as the Articles of the church, and solemnly entered into covenant:

George McClure, Philo Hatch, Laura Gifford, Relief Kimball, Sarah E. McClure, Reuben Jume, Experience Gifford, Mary Ann Kimball, Julia McClure, James T. Gifford, Ruth G. Dixon. The first house of worship was the Elgin Chapel, occupied, jointly, with the Baptists, but in 1843, the Congregationalists sold their interest to the Baptists, and in July, of the same year, the present building was commenced. It was enlarged, however, and repaired in 1869 and 1870; is now in a very prosperous condition, and has enjoyed many seasons of revival. The membership is 300; and the Pastors, in their

regular succession, from its commencement, Rev. Nathaniel C. Clark, from September 1, 1837, till June 13, 1845; Rev. Marcus Hicks, from July 17, 1845, to April 19, 1847; Rev. N. C. Clark, from July 29, 1847, till July 13, 1851; Rev. William H. Starr, from September 1, 1851, until his death, March 6, 1854; Rev. William E. Holyoke, from March 20, 1854, till September 14, 1858; Rev. J. T. Cook, from April, 1859, till the same month of the following year; Rev. N. C. Clark, from May 1, 1860, until September 1, 1862; Rev. Fred. Oxnard, from September 1, 1862, until November 1, 1866; and lastly, Rev. C. E. Dickinson, the present Pastor, who commenced his labors May 12, 1867.

Baptist.—On the Sabbath following the 12th day of September, a religious meeting was held at the cabin of Hezekiah Gifford, and, as stated on a previous page, a sermon read by Miss Harriet Gifford. About the 1st of October, in the same year, Hezekiah, Asa and Harriet Gifford met with a few other Baptist brethren and sisters, at the house of Mr. Kittridge, in St. Charles Township, for devotion, and were organized into a Baptist Church, under the name of the Little Wood Baptist Church. The Elgin Baptists continued to meet with this congregation, near, and subsequently, at Fayville, until the 14th of July, 1838, when Rice Fay, Esther Fay, Asa Gifford, Marietta C. Gifford, Abel D. Gifford, Harriet E. Gifford, Hezekiah Gifford, Luther Herrick, Sarah Hamilton, Samuel J. Kimball, Clarinda J. Kimball, Nancy Kimball and James C. Stone, having taken letters of dismissal, met at the house of Hezekiah Gifford, where a church was organized, called the Baptist Church of Christ of Elgin. Luther Herrick (Cook County) was the first Deacon, and Hezekiah Gifford, Church Clerk. Rev. Joshua Ambrose was employed to preach every alternate Sunday, for \$150 a year, while Mr. Clark, the Congregational Pastor, preached during the remaining Sabbaths. During the year 1838, under the ministration of the Rev. R. B. Ashley, a great revival swelled the ranks of the church members. The sincerest friendship and good will prevailed during these early years, while the two Christian societies worshiped together. This may be illustrated by the fact that the Baptist and Congregational Pastors were met upon the Sabbaths by nearly the same congregations. The glory of God was then sought in preference to the up-building of any sect; and the conversion of members, nearly every year, testified that the object was fully attained. During the Winter of 1842-3, the coldest since the first settlement of the country, an addition, 24 x 20 feet, was made to the chapel, and in the following Spring the Congregational interest in the building was purchased by the Baptists. Here they continued to meet regularly until 1849, when the cobble-stone building was erected, which remained their spiritual house for twenty-one years, at the expiration of which time it was converted into a school building. The Pastors, in their order of succession, have been Revs. A. J. Joslyn, Levi Parmley, C. N. Chandler, Levi Parmley, Benjamin Thomas, A. J. Joslyn (supply), Charles K. Colver, Wm. P. Everitt and L. M. Woodruff, now in charge. During the pastorate of Mr. Everitt, extending from 1869 to 1872,

the present brick edifice was erected at a cost of over \$35,000, and dedicated on the 5th of October, 1871. It is the most imposing edifice of the kind in the place. The membership exceeds 400.

Methodist.—A sermon was preached by a Methodist minister in Elgin in 1835, and a class formed by settlers in the township, and across the line in Cook County. In the following year, a sermon was preached by Rev. Washington Wilcox west of the city, and occasional sermons followed in various parts of the circuit until 1839, when the church was located for a time in the village, at the Union Chapel, a part of which is now the residence of Dr. Jaeger. A camp meeting held the same year greatly increased the membership by additional converts. In 1840, a church was completed 25x42, on land donated by James T. Gifford. Diminutive as was this chapel, it was amply large for the congregation. The land upon which it stood is still the church lot. The timber was given by the Messrs. Hammers; George Hammers made the oak shingles, and Horace Benham did the carpenter work for \$150. When the brick church now occupied by the society was built, in 1866, the former was sold to the colored Baptists, removed and occupied by them until destroyed by fire March 28, 1875. The membership is now about four hundred.

Catholic.—Rev. M. De St. Palais, a zealous and devout priest of the Catholic Church, and now Bishop of Vincennes, was the first who addressed congregations of his faith in Elgin. For about four years. he labored in the place, administering to the spiritual wants of his flock once in two or three months, and at the expiration of that time was followed by Father Doyle, after whom came Rev. Wm. Feely, who was priest in Elgin from 1845 to 1852. During his pastorate, a lot was donated to his church by James T. Gifford, and a church edifice, still occupied, was immediately commenced thereon. From 1852 to 1857, Rev. James Gallagher officiated as Pastor, and was succeeded in the two following years by Rev. M. Carroll. Next followed the long pastorate of Rev. A. Eustace, from 1859 to 1868, succeeded by Rev. T. Fitzsimmons, an earnest temperance worker, who accomplished much good in the city. In addition to his efforts in behalf of morality, Father Fitzsimmons inspired his congregation with a sufficiency of his own zeal to undertake the building of an academy on Center street, at a cost of \$15,000, to be managed by a religious community of sisters, to whom he donated a house upon Gifford street, where they intend to board a number of the young lady students after the academy has been opened.

Universalist.—A liberal movement was instigated, principally by the Universalists and Unitarians, in the years 1847–8, resulting in the erection of the church on Center street, now occupied by the Free Methodists. Rev. Mr. Conant was the first Pastor. The church was soon sold, and preaching was afterward held in the Masonic Hall, and later in the Free Will Baptist Church, where Rev. O. A. Skinner officiated for some time as Pastor. Mr. Skinner being called to the Presidency of Lombard University, the church declined, and no meetings were held until the Winter of 1865–6, when Rev. H. Slade re-

organized it, and the edifice now occupied at the corner of Center and Du Page streets was built. In 1871, Mr. Slade left, and was succeeded by Rev. W. S. Balch, who in turn resigned in 1876. At present, Mr. Slade is supplying the church, which numbers about one hundred members.

Presbyterian.—The Presbyterian Church, of Elgin, was formed by the Chicago Presbytery (N. S.), February 8, 1853, with twenty-five members from the Congregational Church. A small building, standing on Center street, south of the Methodist Episcopal Church, was purchased, and Rev. A. W. Henderson commenced his pastorate therein in June, 1854. Leaving, in August, 1856, he was succeeded, in March, 1858, by J. V. Downs, who remained until March, 1861. The organization, meanwhile, flourished; but, owing to removals about this time, became weakened, and was dismissed.

The present organization called "The First Presbyterian Church of Elgin" was organized on the 4th of May, 1855, by the Chicago Presbytery of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, with twenty-five members. The first Board of Elders was composed of James Christie and George Kilpatrick. Rev. J. B. McCorkle was elected to the pastorate in September, 1855, and administered to the wants of the congregation until April, 1864. The house of worship, at the corner of Center street and Dexter avenue, was erected in the Spring of 1856. After the resignation of Mr. McCorkle, a vacancy occurred in the church for three years, during which it was supplied by the Presbytery. At the expiration of that time, Rev. D. C. Cooper was called to the pastorate, in May, 1867, and served until September of the following year. On the 18th of August, 1867, the congregation, with their Pastor, Mr. Cooper, withdrew from the Synod of the Reformed Church, and united with the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church (O. S.) Rev. Samuel Hare then supplied them, from October, 1869, to January, 1871; after which, Rev. Donald Fletcher supplied them, until October, 1872. During Mr. Fletcher's stay, the old church on Center street was sold to the Swedish Evangelical denomination, for \$3,000, and an elegant new church erected on the corner of Chicago and Center streets, at a cost of nearly \$15,000. It was beautifully furnished, and contained one of the most elegant chandeliers west of Chicago, and was surmounted by the finest bell in the city. It was dedicated to the service of God July 11, 1872, but, by a mysterious dispensation of Providence, took fire, December 5, and burned down. Its destruction was a severe blow to the society, but the present chapel was immediately commenced, and is very neatly furnished, and designed merely as a lecture room of a larger structure to be built in the near future. Rev. Robert McKenzie followed Mr. Fletcher to the pastorate, and was succeeded, in February, 1874, by Rev. W. L. Boyd, who remained until February, 1876, when a vacancy occurred until the following October. The present Pastor, Rev. Alexander Alison, then accepted a call from the congregation, and under his ministration the church has doubled during the past year. The membership is at present 160.

German Evangelical Association.—In 1855, Rev. Mr. Logschute, a missionary of the German Evangelical Association, visited Elgin and preached twice at the house of Henry Runge. Later in the same year, Rev. A. Schnacke addressed congregations of Germans in the city, and was followed by Revs. Authis, George Vetter, G. V. Lechler and Ragatz, during whose preaching camp meetings were held and a number of souls converted. The meetings were much disturbed, at first, by certain of the rabble and nondescript vagabonds who are always found about the streets of cities; and, on one occasion, an attempt was made to burn the preacher's stand, upon the camp ground; but these annoyances disappeared as their numbers increased. In 1859, under the pastorate of Rev. H. Hintze, a house was purchased of B. W. Raymond and D. Hewitt for \$300, and fitted up for a church. This meeting house stood opposite the Congregational Church, on Center street, had previously been occupied by other religious denominations, but had passed into the hands of private owners. Revs. E. Schneider, Mussulman and Carl Gaztstadter followed, and afterward came Rev. C. Wagner, from 1863 to 1865, under whose pastorate the Sunday school was organized. Revs. John Kiest, V. Forkel and E. M. Sindlinger succeeded, the ministration of the latter extending from 1867 to 1869, followed by Christian during the two following years. The Free Methodists having meanwhile erected a house of worship for which they were unable to pay, it was exchanged, in 1870, with the Evangelical Association for their small building and \$3,000. The pulpit has since then been filled in succession by Revs. M. Stumm, B. C. Fehr, T. Alberding, who was retained for three years, and F. Busse, the present Pastor. Membership, 150.

Episcopal.—There are no records in existence stating when church services were first held by the Episcopal denomination in Elgin. The parish was organized on Ash Wednesday February 17, 1858. Rev. J. H. Waterbury, now of Boston, was the first Rector, remaining with the parish for eighteen months, and the first services after the organization were held in the Free Will Baptist Church. Rev. F. Esch was next employed, and, after a vacancy extending over a short period, was followed by S. D. Pulford, who remained until 1860. A vacancy in the pastorate then occurred, until 1866, when Rev. D. C. Howard officiated for a few Sabbaths, but left during the year. From that date until 1870, the church continued to decline, but during that year aroused, temporarily, and employed Rev. George Wallace as Rector, who remained only until 1871. S. J. French officiated from 1874 to 1875, when, after a short interval, Rev. W. W. Estabrooke, the present Rector, succeeded. Number of communicants, eighty.

German Lutheran Evangelical, St. John's.—This church was organized upon the 1st of October, 1859. Revs. Winder and Muller were the earliest of its preachers in Elgin. On the 26th of February, 1860, the first election of Trustees took place, L. Schneidwend, John Long and Frederick Fehrman being selected to fill the important position. The building formerly occupied

by the Free-Will Baptists was purchased for \$550, and was used until 1876, when the brick edifice now used was erected upon the same ground, at a cost of about \$10,000. The old house of worship is still standing and used for Sabbath schools and business meetings. The names of the Pastors who have successively addressed the congregation are: Revs. F. Renecke, R. Dulon, Chas. Israel, W. Buhler, F. W. Richmann and H. F. Fruchtenicht, the present Pastor, who has officiated since 1875.

German United Evangelical, St. Paul's Church, separated from the above organization, in Elgin, on the 1st of October, 1875. Preparations were immediately made to erect a house of worship, which was commenced the same year, and finished upon the 23d of July, 1876. It cost, with the lot, \$10,000. The membership has increased since its organization, from seven to thirty. Rev. R. Katerndahl was the first Pastor, followed by Rev. Gustav Koch, who still officiates.

Free Methodist.—In the Fall of 1865, Rev. C. H. Underhill, organized a Free Methodist Church, in Elgin, with four members, and, subsequently, continued his labors in the city until the Spring of 1867. Meanwhile, an elegant church building was erected on a lot purchased at the corner of Milwaukee and Center streets. This house was 40x60 feet, and building and lot cost about \$7,000. The membership had been increased at that time to forty-five, and the society continued to prosper during several successive administrations. In 1870, Rev. D. M. Sinclair was appointed to fill the pastorate, and, in consequence of his mismanagement, the church greatly declined, resulting in the final disposal of their building in exchange for the one formerly occupied by the German Evangelical denomination. The present membership is about twenty.

The *Swedish Evangelical Church* was organized in January, 1870, and, in September, 1871, purchased the church formerly owned by the Presbyterians, at the corner of Dexter avenue and Center street, for \$3,000. The membership, which was at first forty-five, has now greatly increased.

African Baptist.—One hundred gentlemen and ladies of color arrived in Elgin from the sunny South, in the Autumn of 1862, and their number was largely increased by arrivals in subsequent years. In 1866, the Second, or colored, Baptist Church was formed, Rev. A. J. Joslyn ministering as Pastor for some time. A portion of the old Methodist Church was purchased, fitted as a house of worship and occupied until it was destroyed by fire, on the 28th of March, 1875, since which time the Court House has been used for the same purpose. The present membership is about thirty.

The Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane is situated in Section 23, about a mile southwest of the business portion, but within the city limits of Elgin; and the farm connected with the institution embraces 510 acres, of which 150 were donated by the citizens of Elgin, and the remainder purchased by the State. The buildings stand upon an elevation 3,000 feet from the river

bank, and seventy above the water level, thus affording a pleasing view from the upper portico of the river bend upon the east, the railroads following either bank, the smoke clouds rising from the manufactories of South Elgin below, and the clustering spires and dwellings of the more ambitious town on the north. The slope to the river bank is very gradual, and the scenery in the vicinity is of the quiet and cultivated cast so often met with in this State. The main river road passes through the farm in front of the hospital. The ground plan of the entire edifice includes a main or center building, occupied by the officers and employes, two irregularly shaped wings, of which one is occupied by male, the other by female patients, and a rear building for the domestic department and machinery. The entire frontage of the building, including the wings, is 1,086 feet; that of the main building, sixty-two feet. The main structure is four stories, the wings three stories, and the material is Dundee brick, with stone caps and sills, which give the whole an imposing appearance. There are twenty-four wards—twelve in each wing—light and airy, and supplied with bay windows and conservatories for flowering plants, while the entire hospital is equipped with all modern appurtenances for convenience, safety and health, including hot and foul-air ducts, fire apparatus, railways, and dumb-waiters for the distribution of food, dust-flues, speaking tubes, double-bladed iron fans, for forced ventilation, etc. The outline and arrangement of the Government Hospital for the Insane, in Washington, universally acknowledged as one of the best in the world, has been carefully observed in the construction of the Asylum at Elgin. The buildings were originally designed for the accommodation of only 300 patients; but, when completed, it was found that they were amply sufficient for the demands of 500, as shown by a recent report of the Trustees. In 1869, the Legislature made the first movement toward the establishment of the Hospital, by enacting a law providing for the necessary appropriation. A commission of nine persons, to wit: Samuel D. Lockwood, of Kane County; John H. Bryant, of Bureau; D. S. Hammond, of Cook; Merritt L. Joslyn, of McHenry; Augustus Adams, of DeKalb; Benjamin F. Shaw, of Lee; William Adams, of Will; William R. Brown, of Massac, and A. J. Matteson, of Whiteside, was appointed by Governor Palmer, in accordance with the provisions of this statute, for the purpose of selecting a suitable location for the proposed Northern Hospital.

Various towns of the northern counties having been visited, a careful consideration of the advantages offered by each resulted in the selection of the site now occupied. The inducements offered by the citizens of Elgin included 160 acres of land, valued at \$16,000, a spring valued at \$2,500, and freightage over the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad to the amount of \$3,000. Three Trustees were now appointed by the Governor, to adopt plans for the buildings, and superintend their erection. The original board consisted of C. N. Holden, of Chicago; Henry Sherman, of Elgin, and Dr. Oliver Everett, of Dixon. In 1873, Hon. C. W. Marsh, of Sycamore, was substituted for Dr. Everett, and

in 1875, Edwin H. Sheldon, of Chicago, was appointed in the place of Mr. Holden. The north wing was completed first, and was opened, to receive patients, April 3, 1872, after a public and formal inspection on the 2d of February, when the Governor of the State and many distinguished guests were present, and were regaled with a complimentary dinner by the ladies of the city.

The main or center building was finished in April, 1874, and the south wing was ready for use in the following July; but, owing to a neglect on the part of the Legislature to appropriate a fund for the support of the patients, it was not opened until April, 1875. The present census of the Hospital is 500, equally divided between the sexes.

The following is a list of the officers:

President—Hon. C. W. Marsh, Sycamore.

Trustees—C. W. Marsh; Frederick Stahl, Galena; I. C. Bosworth, Elgin.

Secretary—R. W. Padelford, Elgin.

Treasurer—Hon. J. A. Carpenter, Elgin.

Resident Officers—E. A. Kilbourne, M. D., Superintendent; Richard S. Dewey, M. D., John J. Crane, M. D., Assistant Physicians; C. H. Woodruff, Clerk; Mrs. F. M. Porter, Matron; Edward Wellinghoff, Lizzie Dougherty, Supervisors.

THE ELGIN AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY

is a stock company, organized in the Fall of 1869, with a capital of \$10,000. Forty-two acres within the city limits were immediately purchased, and inclosed by a fence eight feet high. The floral hall is one of the finest in the State, and the race-course and amphitheater are in an excellent condition, while the fairs, which are held annually, have always proved successful. At present the company is composed of about 300 members.

BOARD OF TRADE.

The first attempt to establish a Board of Trade in Elgin was inaugurated by Dr. Tefft during a meeting of the Northwestern Dairymen's Association, assembled in that city. A committee was appointed, at his suggestion, composed of three persons, viz.: Dr. Stone, Mark Dunham and C. C. Church, to meet at Dunham's house and form a constitution for an association, whose object should be the trade in dairy products. Twenty-seven cheese and butter factories in Kane County, and a still larger number in adjoining counties, now dispose of their products through this channel; and the organization is well known both in this country and in Europe. The sales during the year 1877, to December 12, as obtained from Dr. Tefft, who has been the President since the commencement of the organization, amounted to \$1,059,000.

MANUFACTURES.

We now approach the great industries of Elgin, to which her prosperity is due. Prominent among these, though one of the more recent in the date of its

establishment, is the *Elgin National Watch Factory*. Several residents of Chicago organized, in 1864, a joint stock company, called the National Watch Company, and acting under a charter granted by the Legislature. The citizens of Elgin, being informed of these proceedings, and learning that no location for manufacturing had been decided upon, appointed a committee to ascertain the inducements necessary to secure the establishment of the buildings in their city. The committee consulted with B. W. Raymond, the President of the company, and always, as heretofore seen, the friend of Elgin; an examination of grounds about the place followed, resulting in the conclusion that those at present occupied would be satisfactory, and the offer by the company to locate thereon, if thirty-five acres were donated and \$25,000 of stock taken in Elgin. Considerable difficulty was experienced in meeting these conditions, but it was at length surmounted through the wise liberality of Henry Sherman, Benjamin F. Lawrence, Walter L. Pease and Sylvanus Wilcox, and in 1866 the company moved into the new establishments, which comprised a central building three stories high, with basement 40x40; a two-story and basement south wing, 28x87; a west wing of the same height, 28x100; a one-story west wing, extending from the south wing, 25x35, for a dial room, and a one-story wing on the west, opposite the dial room, 30x65, for the engine and boiler room. A west wing was added to the front, 28x100, two stories, with basement, in 1868, and two years later the south wing was extended, 28x100, two stories, with basement. The buildings were again greatly enlarged in 1873-74. During five years and ten months from the date of the charter, the company manufactured their machinery, erected their buildings and placed 42,000 watches in the market. In five years from the commencement upon the first watch, 125,000 were manufactured, and a world-wide reputation attained. Six hundred hands are employed, nearly one-half of whom are ladies.

A *Woolen Mill* was erected in 1844, five stories high, 80x34 feet, and for three years employed a large force of operatives. In 1856, it was sold to Harvey & Renwick. The latter then became the sole owner, and for some time previous to 1866, it had been on the decline. In that year it was purchased and enlarged by the Fox River Manufacturing Company, which has since then employed from forty to fifty hands, and made from 300 to 500 yards of cloth per day. The machinery is valued at \$100,000. A brick block, 50x80 feet, was erected by the Company in front of the factory, in 1870, and is used for stores and newspaper offices.

Gronberg, Bierman & Co., commenced the manufacture of agricultural implements on River street, near Division street, in 1870. Their specialty is the National Combined Reaper and Mower, but a large amount of general casting and repairing is likewise done.

In the same year, O. Barr & Son commenced the making of agricultural implements on the same street, and have won a deserved celebrity for the manufactured articles.

The year 1870 seems to have been unusually productive of manufacturing establishments, which brought wealth and a name to Elgin, for aside from the above the *Elgin Iron Works* were established during that year, and have since employed about thirty hands regularly.

The Elgin Butter Company also dates from 1870, and has made an aggregate of 144,000 pounds of butter and 190,000 pounds of cheese per annum. The former commands the highest price in market.

The Milk Condensing Factory commenced operations four years earlier, under a company of which Gale Borden, whose name will be handed down to posterity as the inventor of the process, was President. In 1868, Mr. Borden and his associates in New York purchased the stock, and the company name became "The Illinois Condensing Co." The same Company controls the Borden Condensed Milk Company, the New York Condensed Milk Company—both in New York—and the Borden Meat Preserving Company, at Borden, Texas. The factory at Elgin is the largest of these establishments, employs thirty men and twenty-six women, and pays out \$8,000 per month.

Mr. Borden died in 1874. His biography will be found upon another page.

The vast proportions which the dairy business has assumed in Elgin have given employment to several companies, established for the manufacture of dairy goods, viz.: vats, engines, boilers, cans, churns, pails, etc.

The Elgin Packing Company, established in 1870, is devoted to canning fruits and vegetables, and employs about one hundred and fifty men, women and boys during the packing season.

Besides these, there is a great array of manufactories of various products, some of them extensive, but which our limited space will prevent us from more than merely mentioning. Among them are two tanneries, one of which employs from eighteen to twenty hands; the boot and shoe manufactory of Russell Weld, established by Groce Brothers & Co. in the Fall of 1873, and which employs ten workmen; a number of large wagon and carriage shops; three flouring mills, and minor shops in almost endless variety. In fine, there are few cities, large or small, which possess so many institutions as Elgin calculated to bestow a universal fame. Her streets are well paved, and lighted by the Elgin Gas Company, her business blocks imposing, her schools and churches an honor, her opera house, erected in 1870, unusually good for a place of the size, while no less than four fire companies and a police force protect her property. Several secret societies furnish social enjoyment for the few, a number of the more public associations form resorts for the many, a military company, and last, but not the least important, three good cornet bands delight the ear with music.

No accurate census reports of the population can be referred to, but it may be safely estimated at between 7,000 and 8,000.

DUNDEE TOWNSHIP.

Joseph Russell and Jesse Newman, from La Porte County, Indiana, accompanied by the wife of the latter, who acted as their cook during the journey, came to Fox River in October, 1834, and at length found their way to land, now farming a portion of the township of Dundee, where they took up a claim. After remaining a few days, they retraced their steps to the Hoosier State; and, having spent the Winter there, returned about April (1835), with their families, thus becoming the first white settlers of the township. While preparations were being made for building a house, the families lived in a tent pitched on a tract of land near Carpentersville, upon which the residence of Mr. Marshall was erected in later years.

Mr. Jesse Miller, who settled in 1834, in Cook County, and now resides in Algonquin, McHenry County, states that he assisted Newman in raising a log cabin upon that tract during the Spring of 1835, and that there was then not another house in Dundee. There were wigwams, however, and they were still inhabited when the Oatmans arrived, a year later, as will hereafter appear. Some time after Newman's habitation had been completed, Mr. Russell built a log cabin upon the East Side, which remained until within three years, a few rods below the brick yard. Newman died after a residence of a few years. Like a majority of the other settlers, the Newmans and the Russells were in only moderate circumstances at the time of their arrival, and had left civilization with the hope of bettering their condition. They, therefore, experienced most of the inconveniences incident to new settlers, but possessed an advantage over some, from the fact that they owned teams and a few cattle; both families were scions of the "Old Dominion" stock.

Later in the Summer of the same year, Thomas Deweese, living in McLean County, Illinois, left his home without any previous preparation, informing his wife that he was going bee-hunting. Days and weeks passed before he returned, and then he appeared as suddenly as he left, and told of adventures which he had had in an unsettled part of the country several days' journey to the North, whither he had resolved to immigrate. This unsettled region was the present township of Dundee; and before Fall he had removed all of his effects there. Few men figured more extensively in the early settlement. He was exceedingly enterprising; possessed of an adamant constitution and all the hardy qualities which contribute to form the successful pioneer; but his friends say that he was unscrupulous in many of his proceedings. Arriving early, as has been seen, he laid claim to a vast extent of territory, embracing all the best claims in the township, upon which he erected, or pretended to erect as proofs of his ownership, a log house, a majority of which could not have been used as habitations by any forms of animal-life, requiring more extensive shelter than the native wolves or gophers. He then surrounded himself with a gang of

pugilists, plug-uglies and nondescript vagabonds, who obeyed him in all things; and, with their aid, expelled from his claims any man attempting to settle thereon without first having purchased of him. This custom gave rise to many broils and fights, but by far the greater number of the settlers preferred to buy of him rather than defy his wrath.

In May, 1835, Mr. A. R. Dempster located on the East Side, on a farm now owned by George Giddings. Mr. Dempster is still one of the most respected residents of Dundee Village, and we are indebted to him for some of the incidents of pioneer life which follow. He states in an article entitled "Reminiscences," which recently appeared in the Dundee *Record*, that after crossing Fox River, at Ketchum's Woods, the first man whom he met was Mr. Newman, and that the names of the settlers within three or four miles were Mr. Russell and wife, son Joseph and son-in-law Jesse Newman, John Jackson, Dr. Parker, Mr. Moore, Mr. Burbank and George Taylor on the West Side, while upon the East Side were Benjamin Irick, Mr. Van Asdell, Jesse Miller, at Miller's Grove, and the Hawleys, a little north of that point. Thos. Deweese, already mentioned, came that Summer, as did Gen. McClure, who became the first Postmaster, at McClure's Grove, in 1837, and John M. Smith, to the north of him.

The post office took the name of the grove, and the Postmaster's record may be found in the annals of the last war with Great Britain. At Hoosier Grove, southeast of Dundee, there were several settlers at this time, among them the Hammers, Branhams and others, from Indiana.

Prominent among the Pottawattomie Indians, who still lingered, in meager numbers, along the river, was a chief by the name of Nickoway, who, with his followers, inhabited a cluster of wigwams a little below where the brickyard now lies. This once powerful tribe had dwindled to an insignificant hamlet of hucksters and beggars. They visited the whites almost daily, bringing honey, game and fish, which they willingly exchanged for flour, rum and tobacco, generally giving the settler a good bargain. But they were no less importunate when they had no articles of exchange, and deemed beggary as honorable as trade.

Mr. Jesse Oatman, who will receive further notice in the sketch of Dundee Village, relates a curious incident of a visit which he and several of the other settlers made to the Indian wigwams, shortly after his arrival. They found the families comfortably situated, for Indians, with four or five acres of land in cultivation, about eighty rods below the brickyard. There were six huts and perhaps twenty-five Indians. As the strangers entered the dwelling of the principal warrior, the mother of the family was engaged in plucking the feathers from a sandhill crane, which one of her relatives had shot. This operation was quickly performed as she merely pulled the larger feathers from the wings and tail. She then poured a few beans into a kettle of water, doubled up the bird, without any further dressing, and with head, smaller feathers and entrails

in their natural position, placed it upon the beans, to stew, and hung the kettle over the fire. This was the first Sunday dinner which Mr. Oatman saw prepared in Dundee, and it is scarcely necessary to add that he took occasion to leave before it was cooked, regardless of the earnest solicitations of the hospitable squaw that he should remain and eat.

Another settler states that, upon stopping, at a somewhat later date, at the Indian settlement, a younger and fairer Pocahontas was busy making corn bread. The dough was placed in the pan or kettle, and as it was not sufficiently moist to be readily moulded into a smooth surface, the tidy maiden spat upon her hands and thus worked it into the proper shape. Each of these anecdotes is fairly illustrative of the real domestic habits of the many Minnehahas immortalized in song; while, for a true portrait of "Lo" himself, a darker chapter would be required than can be given in a History of Kane County.

About 1835, Henry Smith and Mr. Freeman located west of Dundee Village, where George Giddings now lives. The Ashbaughs, upon what is now the McNeal place, were likewise among the earliest in this region. On the 28th of June, 1835, Catharine Dempster, afterward Mrs. Malcomb McNeal, now deceased, was born at her father's old homestead, and was the first white child born in Dundee Township. At this time, there was no physician for a circuit of many miles, the man mentioned above as Dr. Parker not being a regular practitioner. His wife, however, had attained some reputation among the pioneers as an *accoucheure*, and was generally employed in their families.

About 1836, the population of the township was increased by the arrival of the Bucklins, Mr. Manning, George W. Browning, George Hall, Mr. Bangs and the Perrys. John Allison and William Wilburn were in the township, and assisted in building Deweese's mill, the same year. Mr. Welch settled with his large family upon the East Side.

The first death in the township was that of the aged father of Thomas Deweese, in October, 1836. The body was laid at rest on the East Side upon a hill which overlooks the surrounding country, and now forms a part of the Hull estate. A marble slab was raised to mark the spot, and, although no fence protected it and the lot at length became a pasture, the time-blackened stone stood unbroken through the storms and changes of more than forty years until, in 1877, it was removed, with the remains, to the burying ground.

A number of new arrivals, in 1837, rejoiced the earlier squatters with the hope that Dundee might at one day be as populous as the Eastern and Southern homes which they had left. Among these new comers were William Hall, a Scotchman, who founded the fine nursery; G. Hoxie, who settled in the Fall on a farm now owned by William Lampkin, and T. H. Thompson, who settled on the West Side and was for many years County Commissioner, the first Supervisor, and a man highly honored. The year 1838 witnessed the arrival of C. V. Carpenter, Daniel, his brother, and W. R. Heminway, now Postmaster in Dundee Village.



Mervin Fabon
AURORA.

Among the earliest marriages in the township were those of Alexander Gardiner with Sallie Miller (1837), and Capt. Jamison to a daughter of Gen. McClure. The first physician was Dr. John R. Goodnow, from New Hampshire, who purchased a claim, embracing about eight hundred acres, of Thomas Deweese, in 1837.

In 1839, G. W. Bullard, from Massachusetts, settled on the East Side. Mr. Dempster states that, of those in the township when he came to the country, scarcely an individual is now living. This genial Scotchman is a brother of the celebrated ballad singer and composer, W. R. Dempster, and many of his townsmen contend that, in his younger days, his voice was fully equal to his more illustrious kinsman's. It was customary, years ago, to call for a song from him on general public occasions, and he invariably elicited the heart-felt applause of the assemblies. Once, he had hurried from home to attend a political meeting, forgetful that he was liable to be called upon, and without doffing his farm suit. When it became known that he was present, some merciless granger shouted the name "Dempster!" and it was immediately taken up on all sides, and he was obliged to emerge from his place of concealment and go to the front in his old clothes. "He appeared confused, at first," said our informant, "as he commenced to sing 'A Man's a Man for a' That,' but as he came to the line 'Our hodden gray, and a' that,' he raised his head and sung as he had seldom sung before. Clear and full rose his voice, and many an old settler hears the echoes of that song to this day. The man *was* the man for a' that, and he was a man possessed of all the generous impulses and the high sense of honor peculiar to the true sons of Old Scotia." His fiery temper and impulsive nature often caused him trouble, but he was ever ready to make full reparation for any wrong committed under their influence, and several amusing anecdotes are told illustrative of this disposition.

On one occasion, while he was busy near his house, a neighbor's horse, which had given him great trouble, came near him and commenced pilfering. Mr. Dempster dropped his axe, and, driving him away, returned again to his work. Raising his head, after a few moments, he beheld the horse returned and again in mischief. Without a moment's thought, he hurled the axe at him. It described a number of curves through the air and, descending, hit the beast, severing the hamstring and entirely ruining him. The unfortunate perpetrator of the deed, who had repented before the helve had left his hand, went immediately to his neighbor and frankly related the whole circumstance, offering to pay for a portion of the horse, as he looked upon the act as accidental. But the provoked neighbor failed to discover the accident, accused him of wilfully destroying his property, and claimed restitution for the full value. Mr. Dempster then agreed to pay whatever arbitrators, chosen by each of them, should decide would be right. The men were named, and, having rendered a verdict to the effect that he was holden for the entire cost of the animal, about \$125,

he paid it without a murmur. It must be understood that such a sum was enormous to a settler of only limited means.

On another occasion, an ox, belonging to Mr. Russell, had given Mr. Dempster much annoyance, by breaking down his fence and eating his corn. He had repeatedly complained to the owner, and at length told him, that if his ox broke into his field again, he would make beef of the animal. Mr. Russell laughed at him, not thinking, for a moment, that he would put the threat into execution. Mr. Dempster found the ox in the corn field, the next morning, eating, as usual; and without a moment's reflection, seized his rifle and shot him through the body. As in the horse trouble, he went immediately to the owner, and offered to pay all damages; but Mr. Russell was not so easily conciliated. He was a powerful man, while Mr. Dempster was rather beneath the medium height, and he accordingly proposed to take vengeance upon the spot. Mr. Dempster, knowing that he was no match for his angry neighbor, excepting in a foot-race, led him a journey up a neighboring hill, in which the more portly man soon lost breath, and he was able to talk with him in safety. It was then agreed that the ox should be butchered; that Mr. Dempster should purchase a quarter of the beef, and that the remainder should be peddled out among the neighbors. In this manner, more than the estimated value was obtained. About half a mile below the village of Dundee, one Davis attempted to build a dam at a very early day—hired a number of men to work for him, and partially dug a mill-race—but possessing no means sufficient to complete it, he suddenly left the country and his debts, and hied him for parts unknown. The township of Dundee was surveyed under the direction of the United States Government, by William Melbourn, in April, 1840.* Some years after this event, an incident occurred near Dundee Village, which awakened the sympathy of the entire neighborhood. Mr. James Howie was splitting rails near the river, when his son, about 14 years old, entered a boat with a boy about his own age, the son of James Sherrer. Mr. Howie cautioned them, and then continued his work, while the boys rowed to the opposite bank, amused themselves there for a short time, and started to return. When they had nearly reached the land, Mr. Howie's attention was attracted by an unusual splashing. Raising his eyes, he observed the boys tetering the boat in sport, from side to side, and while he yet looked, it capsized. Neither of the boys could swim; and after a short struggle, both of them drowned. The bodies were recovered, and buried with unusual ceremony.

About twenty-four hours after the burial, three medical students from a college which need not be named called upon Dr. Abner Hager, who was living in the village, was well acquainted with the occurrences, but not bound by ties of relationship, or especial friendship to the families of the deceased, and represented to him that they wished his assistance in obtaining the bodies secretly for the dissecting table, as they were in perfect health until the accident occurred,

* From a copy of the Surveyor's field notes, in the possession of Rev. A. Pingree, of Pingree Grove.

and were therefore unusually valuable from a scientific standpoint. Powerful inducements were offered for his cooperation, but to his lasting honor, be it told, he refused, threatening exposure if they made the attempt. They left him with execration, and Mr. Jesse Oatman having been informed of their designs, watched the graves until no further protection was necessary. The doctor is now living in Marengo, McHenry County. The first school in Dundee was taught in 1838, upon the hill on the east side of the river, by Miss Amanda Cochrane, now Mrs. Moses Wanzer, who had come to the township late in the Fall of the previous year, with Marshall Sherman and Cyrus Larkin, who settled two and a half miles west of the village. Since then, the township has steadily progressed in its educational facilities. It contains at present twelve school districts, three having been consolidated to build the graded school house in Dundee Village. Three of the school buildings are constructed of stone, two of brick and the remainder of wood. The school tax for the year 1877 was \$8,075.

A cheese factory was erected in the Spring of 1877 by Sidney Wanzer, two miles and a half from the village, on the West Side. It is a good wooden building and has a fair patronage. Another was built in the same year and on the same side of the river, four miles from the village, by J. T. Mason. It is a large wood and stone structure and is doing an extensive business. Milk is purchased of the patrons. The year 1877 seems to have been unusually productive for cheese factories, and on the 1st of May one built by Jesse Oatman & Sons commenced operations on the West Side, nearly opposite Carpentersville. It is 28x44 feet in dimensions, exclusive of the engine room, and has a capacity for 10,000 pounds of milk *per diem*. The proprietors purchase of the farmers. Dundee is one of the best dairy townships in the United States, and further statistics of the vast quantities of milk manufactured and shipped from its depot will be found in connection with the village history. Many of the farms are excellent, and one owned by Mr. William Sutfin has taken the premium as the best kept farm in the county.

Passing up the east bank of the river from Carpentersville, the tramp will behold a peculiar building, among the trees, upon the opposite side. The dome which comprises the entire structure is covered with tin, which, glistening in the sunlight, renders it visible for a long distance. It was built in 1856 as a Spiritual church, under the direction of a medium. E. W. Austin, Leister Woodard and Henry Petrie were the Trustees. It cost about \$1,000; was built by subscription, but never successfully used for the purpose for which it was designed, and is now a dwelling.

The township is the most northeasterly in the county, is crossed by the Fox River Branch of the Chicago and North-Western railroad, is bounded on the north by McHenry County, on the east by Cook, on the south by Elgin Township, and on the west by Rutland, and contained, by the census of 1870, 2,079 inhabitants.

DUNDEE VILLAGE

was laid out in 1836, for John Oatman and sons, Thomas Deweese and Thomas L. Shields, by Mark W. Fletcher, County Surveyor. Oatman and Shields had come from McLean County, Ill., in the same year, the former being the father-in-law of both Deweese and Shields. Joseph Russell was the first settler in the village. In the Spring of 1836, Thomas Deweese commenced the erection of the Spring Mills, which are still in successful operation. The motive power was obtained from several large springs upon the East Side, a much cheaper mill site than the river bank, as the power in that stream at this point is not good. The Spring Brook, however, tumbles down a height of forty feet, furnishing excellent facilities for moving an overshot wheel, and thousands of bushels of grain have been ground there since operations were first commenced in the old building. The settlers hailed its establishment with rejoicing, for no other institution was as much needed. It passed from Deweese's possession into the hands of Isaac Rice, since which time it has been owned by various proprietors, and is now operated by Charles Nolte, who uses steam power during a part of the year.

The Oatman family was one of the most prominent among the early settlers in this region. They came, originally, from Kentucky, and at the time of their immigration to Dundee, consisted of John Oatman and wife, sons Joseph, Hardin, Clement, Jesse, Ira, William, James, John, Jr., Pleasant and three daughters. The family, with the exception of Jesse, removed, in company with Deweese and Shields, to Texas in 1849, where John, Sr., died November 29, 1877, near Austin, at the age of 90. Joseph, also, has been in his grave for many years. Clement is a clergyman in Texas; Hardin is a physician in Missouri, and John, Jr., a farmer in the same State. Jesse, who came to the village in 1837, is a merchant in Dundee, and the traveler may wander the country through without finding a more genial gentleman or one more generally respected in his town. He was a soldier in the Black Hawk war, and assisted in burying the mutilated victims of the Indian Creek massacre in what is now Freedom Township, La Salle County. Ira Oatman is now an eminent physician in Sacramento, Cal.; William is practicing the same profession in Austin, Texas, and Pleasant is a resident of Denver, Colo. Solomon Acres and Seth Green were among the settlers whom they found in Dundee Township at the time of their arrival. The Oatmans brought a small stock of goods to the place, when they came, which they offered for sale in the first building erected upon the West Side, or Dundee proper. This house was a frame one, no log cabin having been built, at any time, within the limits of that village. It stood on the northeast corner of Block 12, across the street from where the Baptist Church now stands. It changed proprietors several times, and finally burned, L. N. Bucks being the last owner.

The first hotel upon the same side of the river was opened by Hardin Oatman about 1838, who was succeeded by Henry Townsend. About 1840, a hotel was opened on the opposite side by David Hammer.

In 1838, Increase Bosworth opened a store, and subsequently forming a partnership with Mr. Edwards, sold a large amount of goods during the following years. The first bridge at Dundee was built in the Winter of the same year. It was a wood structure, and, having been carried off in a freshet, was replaced by one which was at length removed for the iron one which still spans the stream. A grocery and liquor shop was opened by David Hammer, near the Spring Mills, about the time that the hands were engaged in building the latter. About this time it became apparent to the few settlers in and about Dundee that the place might, at some future day, need a name. A meeting was accordingly called for the partial purpose of determining what it should be. Various ones were suggested, but when at length a young Scotchman, named Alexander Gardiner, a laborer upon the mill, suggested "Dundee," the name of the place that from whence he came, it received a majority of votes. It was on this occasion the building was erected afterward converted into a hotel, and kept for many years by Jesse Oatman. Among the settlers who came while the mill was in process of completion was one who hired as a day laborer, pretending to no special skill of any kind. It was soon discovered, however, that he was an educated man and a good physician. His name was Goodnow, already mentioned as the first physician in the town. He was elected one of the first Justices of the Peace, presided over many claim trials, and was long well known in the northern part of the county. Seth Green was also a Justice of the Peace as early as 1837. About 1838, Rev. D. W. Elmore, from Fayville, preached the first sermon in the village, in Messrs. Oatman's store. The first teacher has already been mentioned. The second was a Mr. Burbank, who came to the place with Dr. Goodnow, and is now Dr. Burbank, of Chicago. In the Spring of 1839, several of the settlers clubbed together and built the first school house in the village. The next building of the kind was constructed of brick, and built upon the land now occupied by the residence of George H. Bullard, the builder being A. C. Kibby, who still lives in Dundee. It was put up by a tax upon the district, and used until the erection of the elegant Union School, which is now the pride of the town, and was the result of a combination for building purposes of Districts 5, 8 and 9, or East and West Dundee and Carpentersville. It was built in 1872-3, stands in the north part of the village, on the west side of the river, cost \$20,000, is well graded, and under the management of Prof. M. Quackenbush.

The last claim-fight in this township, so noted at an early day, for difficulties of the kind occurred early in 1839, when Eaton Walker, from one of the New England States, settled on a fractional eighty on the East Side, lying partially within the present village limits, and previously claimed by Thomas Deweese. There had been no improvements upon the land, and Mr. Deweese had not the

slightest right to it. After Walker had commenced the foundation of a house, he was visited by the man who claimed the greater part of the township, and informed that he was trespassing upon his property, and advised him to leave it. Walker replied that his own right was superior, as he had made the first improvement and held possession. A short time elapsed, when David Hammers appeared upon the scene, claiming that Deweese had deeded the property to him, and ordering Walker to leave. But the unterrified Yankee continued his labors, assisted by his brother-in-law, Mr. Hemenway. Threats and maledictions were poured upon him, but in vain; and the cellar of the house had been nearly completed, when a gang of men, with teams and rails, came on from the country and commenced fencing the field. Thomas Deweese headed them, and they were well supplied with liquor and exceedingly noisy. Mr. Walker repaired to Elgin and procured the assistance of a young Constable, John Lovell, but the rioters only laughed at him and proceeded with the fence. It was about 9 o'clock in the morning when they commenced—there were between fifteen and twenty of them—and they continued their operations, meanwhile reviling Walker and Hemenway until about 2 in the afternoon, when the former, who was a man of few words, told them to “quit.” As no notice was taken of this order, Mr. Lovell was requested to perform the duties of his office, in which he signally failed, being shoved back with contempt by the mob, while Sol Acres and Sam Hammers commenced making warlike demonstrations toward Walker, Deweese standing near, meanwhile, and urging them on. Walker defended himself with ease, for he was one of the most powerful and athletic men in that region, when Hammers picked up the limb of a tree and broke it over his arm, and Acres joined in the attack without further hesitation. Deweese had been approaching Hemenway during this time, and now, having reached a favorable position behind him, dealt him a blow upon the cheek which knocked out one of his teeth and laid him senseless upon the ground. Just as he fell, he states that he saw Walker, who was still struggling against the two brawny assailants, draw a knife from his pocket and plunge it into Acres’ neck. A stream of blood gushed from the wound, and he dropped without another blow. Walker raised the knife again to deal a quietus to Hammers, but that worthy, thinking that “discretion was the better part of valor,” wisely withdrew. Not so with Deweese, however. He was as bold a man as the country afforded, terrible in a fight, and accordingly he seized a rail and would have leveled Walker to the ground had he not rushed toward him and caught it as it was descending, and stabbed him twice upon the head. Deweese was then content to stand back, with threats that he would kill Walker and assurances that he was not afraid of him. Walker assured him that he would not leave a breath in the body of the next man who approached him with malicious intentions. The rioters took their wounded from the place, and he was left in possession of the field. An attempt was afterward made to indict Walker for assault with murderous weapons. Deweese was one of the Grand Jury, but was excused from taking part in the

consideration of the case, and a verdict of no cause of action was the result. This was the most sanguinary claim fight which ever occurred in Kane County. Walker died at his home in the village in the Fall of 1876, and Dewese has slept in a Texan grave for years. His family still reside in Texas, and one of his sons was a Captain in the Confederate army. Mr. Hemenway is Postmaster in the office which was established in the village upon its removal from McClure's Grove. When past 50 years of age, he enlisted and served throughout the late war without losing a day in the hospital.

Company I, of the Fifty-second Illinois, organized in Geneva, was composed, to a great extent, of Dundee men, who did gallant service for their country in her life struggle.

A Congregational Church was organized in the place about 1839, followed a little later by one of the Baptist denomination. In 1841, the former had become sufficiently strong to build a house of worship, which was abandoned for a new brick building, erected in 1853. There were but eleven members at the time of the organization. Now there are about one hundred. The Baptists formed a church early, and built a frame edifice in the same year as the Congregationalists, but have rebuilt since the war. The Methodist Episcopal Society erected a cheap building about 1844, and in 1856 replaced it by the frame church still used. As early as 1848, the Episcopalians held their first religious services in Dundee, Rev. Mr. Philo officiating; but it was not until 1864 that regular services were commenced by Rev. Peter Arvedson, in the Congregational Church. When the Baptists left their building, it was purchased by this society for \$450, and repaired. There are now about twenty communicants. The Rector from Elgin officiates. The German Methodist Episcopal organization purchased, in 1874, a church built years before by the Scotch Presbyterians, a society which had been but short lived. At the time of the purchase, the German society had been in existence in the place a number of years. Rev. F. Mertin was the first preacher. There were now about twenty members, the number having remained nearly unchanged since the organization. The German Lutheran Society was established some two years previous to the above denomination, and held the first preaching in the school house on the East Side, the first clergyman being Rev. Henry Serfling. In 1864, a house of worship was built of the beautiful brick for which the town is so justly noted, and the church has probably the largest membership of any in Dundee. The same society erected a school house in 1874, on the East Side, in which instruction is given in the German language, by two teachers, to about seventy-five pupils. Among the first Germans who came to the village were Henry Havercamp, Henry Bartling, Anton Bummelman, John Bauman and Charles Rover. At present, the East Side is settled mainly by the Teutonic race. The Dundee people claim that they cannot support a lawyer, and the facts seem to justify the statement. It is a village where peace and harmony prevail; still in the years which have passed several gentlemen of the legal profession have made

their homes there. And whether the town was more prone to iniquity then, or whether their presence rendered it less so, doth not appear. The first of these gentlemen was C. B. Wells, about 1841, and since then C. C. Hewitt and E. W. Vining have successively taken his place for limited periods. The first cooper was Allan Pinkerton, whose fame as a detective has since spread to every hamlet and house from Nova Scotia to Texas. At the time of his arrival in Dundee, his goods were left at the hotel, about a block from Oatman's corner, where his shop stood, and he had not sufficient money to hire them carted, but took them to their destination on a wheelbarrow.

In 1842, H. E. Hunt drove a team from the State of New York to the township, and three years later, commenced keeping grocery in a store built at a cost of only \$75, where his dwelling stands. He now occupies the finest business block in Dundee, which was erected in 1871, on the West Side. It is built of the Dundee brick; contains Hunt's extensive dry goods store, a bank, and the printing office of the Dundee *Record*. The manufacture of brick has been, during the past, the most important industry of Dundee. The clay is of a superior quality; and the brick, when burned, are of a delicate cream color. The business was commenced as early as 1852, near the house of Jesse Newman. Subsequently, Hull & Gillett manufactured them for a time, upon the West Side; and later, the same parties operated a yard where the Methodist Episcopal Church now stands, on the opposite side. About twenty-five rods south of this point, E. H. Hager & Co. are now manufacturing them. Several millions of brick, from Dundee, were used in the building of the Insane Asylum, at Elgin. From three to four millions of them have been made in the village yearly, and the clay is practically inexhaustible. About 1844, a foundry was built on the East Side, by A. C. Kibby and William Carley, who operated, for a short time, employing five or six hands; but the business proving unsuccessful, was discontinued, and the building is now used as a pump factory, by Mr. D. Waterman.

The newspaper history of Dundee has been extensive, considering the size of the town, and commenced about 1855, when a Mr. Farnham published, for a short time, the "*Dundee Advocate*." Some eleven years later, the "*Dundee Weekly*" was commenced by Mr. P. Sevic, and was continued a number of years, being owned, at one time, by C. P. Thew, and purchased of him, in the Spring of 1871, by R. B. Brickley. In 1875, the "*Dundee Citizen*," formerly the *Algonquin Citizen*, commenced its brief career in the village, under the editorship of George Earlie; but after a single year, was removed to the center of journalism, Elgin, and sold, at length, to J. Stoddard Smith, who published it, until recently, as the *Elgin Free Press*. It is now owned by Taylor & Van Gorder. On the 29th of March, 1877, S. L. Taylor, of Elgin, published the first number of the "*Dundee Record*." Dr. Cleveland, of Dundee, a gentleman of rare culture, was employed as editor, and later, in the same year, purchased the establishment of the proprietor. It is now an eight-page paper, with

a supplement, containing scientific, educational and home departments—each under special assistant editors—and as a family paper, is one of the best of the numerous publications in the country. Circulation, about 500.

As already shown, Dundee is one of the greatest dairy regions in the country. Aside from the butter and cheese factories already mentioned, one was built in the village, in the Spring of 1874. It is a large building, constructed mainly of wood and owned by a stock company. The stock is valued at \$6,000, and the patronage extensive. Six or seven of the largest dairies in the township send their milk to the condensing factory, in Elgin, and the freight upon the milk shipped direct from the Dundee depot to Chicago may be seen by the following statistics :

For January, 1877.....	\$1,774 08	For July, 1877.....	\$2,445 30
February, 1877.....	1,714 68	August, 1877.....	2,207 70
March, 1877.....	2,041 38	September, 1877.....	1,835 46
April, 1877.....	2,003 76	October, 1877.....	1,918 62
May, 1877.....	2,348 28	November, 1877.....	1,728 06
June, 1877.....	2,403 72	December, 1877.....	1,919 76

A single milk ticket, paying for the transportation of eight gallons, costs nineteen and four-fifths cents.

In 1877, a steam grist-mill was built upon the East Side, near the railroad depot, and is operated by George Taylor. Previous to its last erection, it was twice destroyed by fire within the space of a year.

Dundee, East and West, is composed of two separate villages, having a President and Council for each side, but they are so closely connected geographically and socially, that it has been deemed expedient to devote but one chapter to both. They are situated southeast of the center of the township, about five miles north of Elgin, in a portion of the valley unusually rugged and beautiful.

VILLAGE OF CARPENTERSVILLE.

A mile northwest of Dundee lies the Village of Carpentersville. Here the valley widens, and the railway which followed the river to the village below diverges to the east at that point, leaving the more northerly place with no thoroughfare but the wagon road. Yet Carpentersville possesses advantages which more than offset this inconvenience and has gained a name as a manufacturing center. The village was first settled in 1837, by Daniel G. and Charles V. Carpenter. In the Spring of 1838, John Oatman & Sons and Thomas L. Shields built a mill-dam there, with the intention of conveying the power to Dundee, and about the same time erected a saw-mill and commenced converting the surrounding forests into lumber. Valuable black walnut logs were drawn there from Plum Grove, Cook County, and the patronage was equally extensive upon all sides. The mill was sold early to George J. and S. H. Peck, who sold it to Joseph Carpenter, from Providence, R. I., uncle of the present proprietor.

In 1844, a carding-mill and cloth-dressing establishment was started between Dundee and Carpentersville, by William Dunton, who operated it for five or six years, and then sold it to J. A. Carpenter, who removed it to Carpentersville, where it was continued as a cloth-dressing factory for some time; was finally enlarged and converted into a manufactory of stocking yarn and flannel. It went into the possession of the present stock company in 1866. From twenty to thirty hands are employed, and the stock is valued at about \$25,000. J. A. Carpenter owns an extensive part of it, and of nearly every manufacturing and business establishment in the village.

The grist-mill, still running upon the East Side, was erected about 1845, and is now owned by Mr. Carpenter.

The village was surveyed and laid out July 15, 1851; and about the same time, the first bridge was built, by subscription, Mr. Carpenter defraying nearly the entire expense. It was replaced by an iron one in 1869. About 1855, a school house, two stories high, was built, the upper part being used as a hall by the Sons of Temperance, who have succeeded in maintaining an active organization in Carpentersville since 1851.

But by far the most important institution in the place is the mammoth manufacturing establishment of the Illinois Iron and Bolt Company. In 1853, Mr. George Marshall opened a shop for the manufacture of reapers and agricultural implements. The business was continued, in a small way, until 1864, when a radical change was made, a joint stock company formed, and the manufacture of thimble skeins, sad irons, pumps, copying presses, garden and lawn vases, seat springs, etc., commenced. The buildings are of vast proportions, including a foundry and machine shop. The main structure is of brick, and was erected in the Summer of 1871. In the following season, a wooden building, where the large brick office now stands, was destroyed by fire, and replaced, the same year, by the present one.

A brick foundry was built, in 1875, in connection with the larger shop. The stock amounts to \$110,000, of which Mr. Carpenter owns a controlling interest, and became Manager, in July, 1868. Over 120 hands are employed, and the annual sales amount to \$200,000. The manufactured articles are sold from Maine to California.

The Star Manufacturing Company (agricultural works) was established in 1873, in a large building belonging to J. A. Carpenter. It is a stock company, employing about twenty hands, engaged in making horse powers, cultivators and feed cutters. These, with a small planing-mill, upon the East Side, complete the main manufacturing establishments of the place.

The post office was established in the village about 1866. The mail is obtained from Dundee.

During the Fall of 1877, the appearance of Carpentersville was much improved by an elegant business block, built by T. L. Whitaker, who has an extensive trade in dry goods and groceries.

The vast deposits of peat, extending over several hundred acres, east of Carpentersville, have received some attention during the past year, and the proprietors entertain the hope that in the near future, the demand for it as an article of fuel may be sufficient to warrant them in making efforts for its removal.

SUGAR GROVE TOWNSHIP.

As a Congressional township, Sugar Grove is known as Township 38 north, Range 7 east of the Third Principal Meridian. It occupies a position west of Aurora, north of Kendall County, south of Blackberry and east of Big Rock Township. Its surface, though gently undulating, presents more of the features of the prairie than that of the adjoining township on the east, and its name, Sugar Grove, was given by the Indians, from a beautiful grove of sugar maples situated mainly in Section 9. The earliest settlers recollect seeing the remains of sugar camps, scars upon the trees, and sap troughs strewn upon the ground, at the time of their arrival in the country, and there is no doubt that the Potawatommies had manufactured there, as late as 1833, the saccharine food, which they seem to have relished next to whisky. The first

SETTLEMENT

in the township was made by a party from Ohio and New York, composed of James, Isaac C. and Parmeno Isbell, James Carman, an old gentleman by the name of Bishop and Asa McDole. All but the last hailed from Medina County, Ohio, and on their way to the new country, in a cart drawn by two yokes of oxen, had overtaken, at a place then known as the Black Swamp, in Wood County, Ohio, Asa McDole, who had left his home, in the State of New York, several weeks previous, and was also traveling toward the setting sun. They agreed, therefore, to cast their lots together, like the company who lay "at Southwark at the Tabard," some five centuries before, and thus continued their journey to Oswego.

Mr. James Isbell, who owned one of the *ox teams, and was our worthy informant, states that there were then but two houses in the place, one on each side of the river. Crossing there, they proceeded to the northwest, and arrived in Sugar Grove on the 10th day of May, 1834, eighteen days after the Ohio party had left home. Taking up their abode in a vacated Indian wigwam, which stood in the edge of the grove, they commenced building a more convenient residence, and early in the Summer occupied it. This shanty was the first built by white men in Sugar Grove Township, and was located within the limits of Section 9.

Later in the same Summer, Mr. Bishop left the settlement and took up his abode further south.

*The other belonged to Lyman Isbell. James Isbell also drove in four cows, two belonging to himself, the others to Lyman.

As Lyman Isbell, an older brother of Isaac and James, was expected, with their mother, sister and his own family, consisting of his wife and two children, a log house was built, on a more ample plan, to receive them. It stood not far from the residence of P. Y. Bliss, and some of the logs from its walls are still in existence.

In due time the expected friends came and took possession of the house, during the month of July. They drove into the township a span of horses, the first seen there; while it is supposed that no white woman or children had crossed its boundaries previous to the arrival of Mrs. Lyman Isbell and her children, old Mrs. Isbell and her daughter, Miranda. It may be well here to state that the Ohio parties now remaining in Sugar Grove were all related; James, Isaac C. and Lyman Isbell being brothers, from Granger Township, Ohio, while Parmeno was their nephew, from Copeley Township, and Carman, a brother-in-law of Lyman Isbell, had left a home in Bath.

On the Fourth of July, James Isbell went to Oswego, purchased a bottle of whisky, and returning, drank it with his friends.* There were five persons at this celebration, and it was the first held in Sugar Grove.

Of the original settlers, Asa McDole now sleeps in the graveyard, near the residence of P. Y. Bliss. Parmeno and Carman have also gone to their final resting place; and I. C. Isbell, now in California, and James Isbell, our informant, now living in Batavia, at the age of 77, are all that are left. Lyman Isbell is likewise in his grave.

During the Winter of 1834-5, Joseph Ingham settled on the creek, east of the place now owned by Esquire Densmore. A number followed in the Spring and Summer of 1835, among whom we may mention a Mr. Gould, who located near the Densmore farm, and returned East after a few years. Rodney McDole, first settler, now living in the township; Cyrus Ingham, a son of Joseph, mentioned above, who came out, bringing his father's family, and Harry White. Many others flocked in in rapid succession during this and the years immediately following. Silas Reynolds, a native of Sullivan County, New York, who still resides near Sugar Grove post office, and who settled in the township on a tract which he still owns, in the Spring of 1836, states that he found, upon his arrival, the following men living around him, aside from those already named: Silas Gardner, Samuel Cogswell, Joseph Bishop, Samuel Taylor, Silas Leonard, Isaac Gates, Nathan H. Palmer and Lorin Inmann. The Barnes', too, were early settlers on Blackberry Creek, as was a Mr. Horr, west of the present site of the cheese factory, and Jonathan Gardner, from the shores of Lake Ontario. The latter became homesick, after a short residence in the West, pined for the fishing coasts of his native bay, and, after sighing through the settlement for a time that he would rather have what "gudgeons" he could catch from the shores he had left, at a single haul, than all the land in Illinois, he returned home, where he no doubt remains, still fishing. But the land in Illinois is

*This was the first celebration in Kane County.

worth more than his fish, now. Thomas Judd, from Franklin County, in the old Bay State, settled in Sugar Grove, in the Fall of 1836. Land had begun to rise even at that date, and Mr. Judd paid I. C. Isbell \$200 for his claim, forty acres of which was timber. In the same Fall, H. B. Densmore located in the township, where he still remains. In 1857, Mr. Densmore was elected Town Clerk, and has retained the office ever since. P. Y. Bliss, one of the oldest and most respected residents in Sugar Grove, who settled on his present location in 1837, states that, in riding from his residence, in the following year, direct to Geneva, he passed not a house, furrow nor fence of any kind, and that the old Court House at the county seat was the first building which appeared to his view. In the year of his arrival, B. F. Fridley was High Sheriff, being the second elected in the county. Several settlers took up claims, that same year, in the vicinity of Jericho. Reuben Johnson, I. S. Fitch, the Austins and Capt. Jones were among them. A number of settlers flocked in during the year 1838, and among them Ira M. Fitch, now a Justice of the Peace in Aurora, and the founder of the Fitch House, in the Spring of 1867.

CLAIMS.

The land throughout this and the adjoining townships had not been surveyed by the Government at the time of its settlement, but was taken up by the pioneers, and staked out in farms of such shape as suited their convenience, the main consideration being that there should be a grove of good timber included within the limits. The beautiful and fertile *prairie* farms, which are now the most valuable in the country, were then considered almost worthless, and were the last to be claimed. The various tracts were known as "squatters' claims," and they were cultivated and eventually fenced with the same zigzag boundary lines which are found in all the farms, townships and counties in the Eastern States to this day. But in 1839 and '40, the United States Surveyors came and placed those inflexible lines which swerved not for farm, house nor garden, and in June, 1842, the sections were sold at auction in Chicago. Parts of several claims were thus frequently embodied in one section, and sold to a single purchaser. Much injustice might thus have arisen from settlers losing their improvements, had they not formed regular claim organizations, placing themselves under bonds to observe certain salutary measures for the general welfare. A special agent was selected to bid in the sections or parts of sections for \$1.25 per acre, on the day appointed for the sale, naming as the purchaser in each case that settler who owned the largest share in the tract sold. At the end of the sale, each settler who had purchased any portion of his neighbor's farm deeded it back to him at the same price which was paid for it. Col. S. S. Ingham was the purchasing agent of the farms of Sugar Grove. From the above explanation, the reason why none of those farms have straight section lines will be evident. It is impossible to repress, if we would, a sincere admiration for the calm and philosophical course pursued by the settlers of this township during

its entire history. They were men of more than common intelligence, possessed of broad and liberal ideas upon all subjects, and a far-reaching sagacity. Hence there has never been any narrow and suicidal policy, nor grappling for spoils in any of their public acts, while the efforts which have been made to promote general intelligence would have been creditable to a city containing many times the population of Sugar Grove, which has not a single village. Peace and good order prevailed through the period when many sections are scenes of violence and crime. For years there was nothing like an aristocracy to be found within its limits, and Mr. Densmore, who passed through there, says "they were the happiest days in the country." Harmony and a general reciprocation of good services was too common to be generally noticed, and Mr. P. Y. Bliss gives the following as an illustration of this statement: Mr. I. C. Isbell called at his store one morning and announced that, as he intended to kill a steer on the following Saturday, Mr. B. might tell any of the neighbors who happened around to call at his house and get a piece of beef. On the day named, a number of the settlers appeared and found the steer slaughtered and the quarters standing out against a post waiting for them, with a knife and hatchet near at hand with which to cut off whatever part they wished. Thus the meat was divided among them gratis.

FIRST DEATH, BIRTH, MARRIAGE, ETC.

Death commenced his work among the settlers before they had completed their second year in the West. The first to fall was a child of Carman's, in 1835. Others followed, and a broken and disfigured slab lying upon the ground in the old graveyard, near the residence of P. Y. Bliss, states that Asa McDole, one of the founders of Sugar Grove, died September 16, 1839. On the 7th day of August, two years previous, he had been elected the first Justice of the Peace in the township, while Sugar Grove was still a part of the old Fox River Precinct.

In the Fall of 1835, the first marriage in the township, that of Dr. N. H. Palmer and Miranda Isbell, occurred; and on the 19th of August, in the same year, Charlotte, a daughter of I. C. Isbell, was born. This has been generally considered the first birth in Sugar Grove, although the McDoles and some others claim that the birth of A. G. McDole, a son of Rodney McDole, was prior to it. It is safe to say, at least, that McDole's was the first male, and Isbell's the first female child.

ROAD, TAVERN, POST OFFICES, STORE, ETC.

A road ran through Sugar Grove, on the way from Chicago to Dixon, as early as 1834, and, in 1836, a tavern stood upon the route on Section 14, and was kept by Robert Atkinson. The old building is now used as a dwelling, on the original site.

Several years more passed before a post office was obtained, and it was not until 1840 that one was established, near the center of Section 15, at the house

of Thomas Salter, its first Postmaster, who still lives in Aurora at the advanced age of 89. About two years later, one was located at Jericho, I. S. Fitch being in charge of it. These offices are still known as Sugar Grove and Jericho, the former having been removed to Sugar Grove Station. Later, the Grouse and Winthrop offices were established, but the latter is now no longer in existence.

On the 22d day of November, 1838, a man popularly known as "Boss" Read, who still lives in Blackberry, erected for P. Y. Bliss a frame house, which is still occupied by its original owner, on its original site. In the Spring of 1839, the Methodists held their quarterly meeting in one of its rooms, before it was quite completed; but religious exercises had been introduced into the township some time previous, the first sermon having been delivered by the devout and conscientious "Father" Clarke.

On the 1st of June, 1839, Mr. Bliss filled the new building with such goods as are demanded by the country trade, and opened the first mercantile establishment in the township. Its trade extended over a territory reaching from Dundee to Yorkville, and from the borders of Kane County on the east to Johnson's and Shabbona Groves, DeKalb County, on the west. No other store in Kane County ever drew such a wide range of custom, and, according to Mr. Bliss, the annual sales exceeded those of any other in the county by thousands of dollars. In order to have exceeded the sales of any establishment by thousands, the population must have increased very rapidly during the two or three preceding years, for when, in 1837, a vote was taken for the division of Kane and De Kalb Counties, the ballot stood 170 for to 83 against the erection of the proposed new county. It is known, however, that it had increased thus rapidly, and that real estate had become proportionately dear, while, in the main, other property which had been previously introduced into the settlements at a greater expense had become relatively cheaper.

"In 1836," says Mr. Silas Reynolds, "a calf was worth \$10 in Sugar Grove, while in 1837 a yearling, in 1838 a two-year-old and in 1839 a three-year-old sold for the same price." Not at all encouraging for the farmer who had kept the calf, in 1836, with the hope that it would increase in value.

The first cemetery in the township was situated, in 1839, in the low ground near the slough, east of the residence of P. Y. Bliss, but, after interring one of the old settlers there in a grave half filled with water, the neighbors of the deceased unanimously concluded that it would be sacrilege to bury another friend in such a location, and, accordingly, a burying ground was purchased a little north of the former position and in a place adapted for the purpose. It is now surrounded by a good stone fence, and contains several elegant and costly monuments.

Sugar Grove has, at various periods in its history, established organizations which are seldom found in rural districts, and never excepting among a population of superior intelligence. Prominent and first among these was the

FARMERS' INSTITUTE,

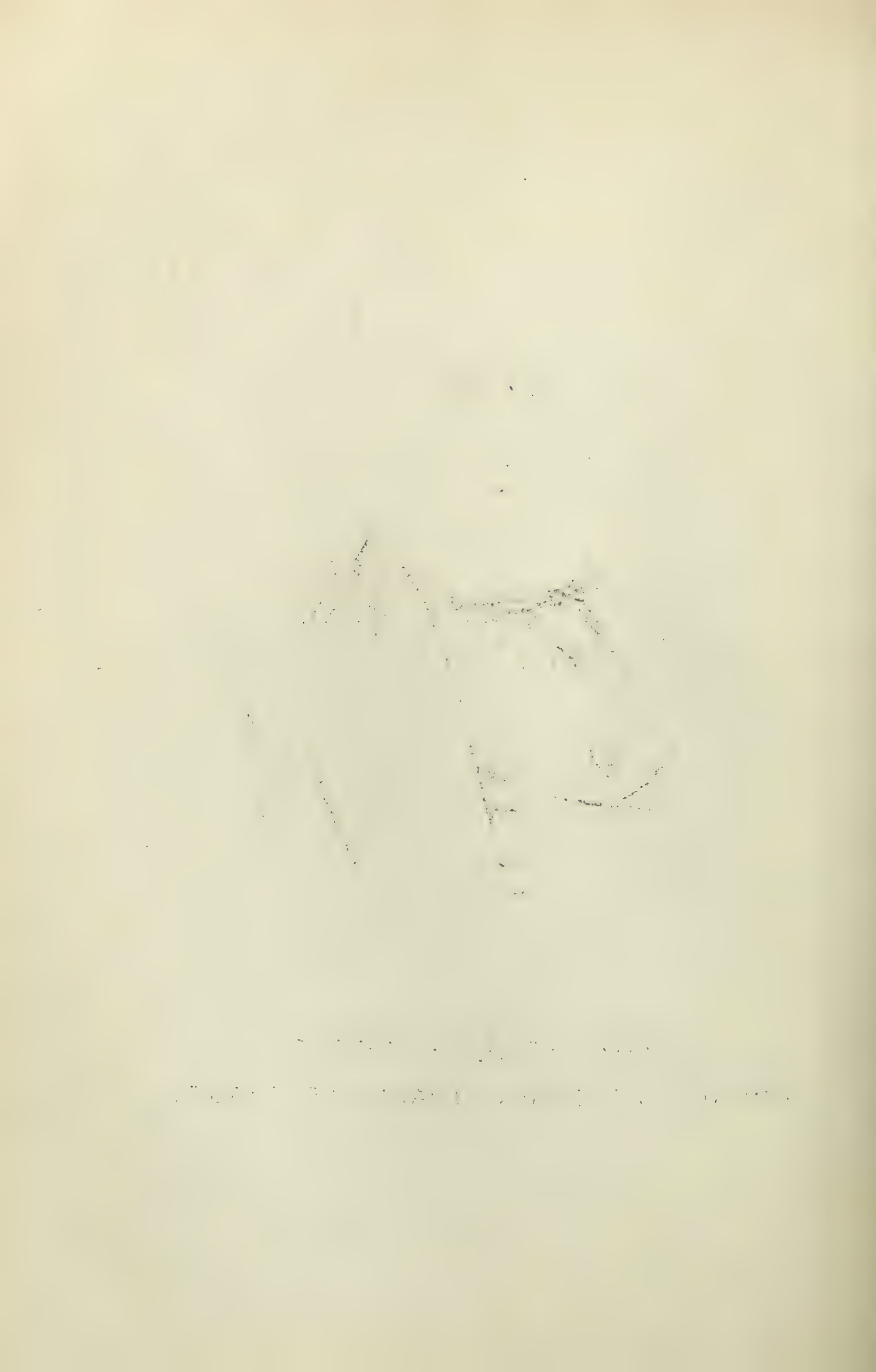
organized in 1841, for mutual improvement, by the interchange of ideas upon agriculture and every theme of general interest. The proceedings of its first meeting were published in the first number of the *Prairie Farmer*, and many useful ends were accomplished under its direction in the following years, which it would have been difficult to effect by any other means. The business statistics of the township, collected by the Club, and read by Mr. Thomas Judd before a meeting called in St. Charles to consider the feasibility of extending the Chicago & Galena Railroad west of that place, were taken as a basis on which to compute the estimated products of the other townships, and had their due proportion amid the various other considerations, which led the company to extend it. The second State Fair in Northern Illinois was held at Aurora. In the previous year it had met at Naperville, with the promise by the citizens of that place that a free dinner would be given on the grounds. The dinner was a failure. The citizens of Aurora resolved to excel their sister town, and not disappoint the assembled multitudes, and, accordingly, announced that on that occasion all should eat and be filled. The day approached, and the farmers of Sugar Grove were called upon to assist in the preparations. Several of the delegates from the Institute, who met with Aurora to consider the matter, proposed a warm dinner, but this proposal seemed so utterly impracticable to the people of Aurora that they laughed at them. But Sugar Grove resolved that there should be hot tea and coffee, and warm vegetables, with meats enough to supply the State, if necessary, and to this end a plan of operations was arranged by the Farmers' Institute. A steer, three years old, was dressed, and sent around the township in parts to be cooked, while pigs, turkeys and chickens were killed without stint. Coffee and tea were boiled in huge brass kettles, and vegetables cooked in caldron kettles on the ground, and after all had enjoyed a repast such as Kane County never furnished before or since, Mr. Judd states that "they took up of the fragments that remained twelve baskets, and distributed them to the citizens of Aurora." When Kansas, suffering from drouth and anarchy combined, sent a wail eastward for help, the Farmers' Institute of Sugar Grove donated 1,000 bushels of wheat and sent them to her. Two

PUBLIC LIBRARIES

have exercised an important influence in the mental culture of the inhabitants of the township. According to some of the early settlers, sectional jealousy was first introduced through them; but be that as it may, their beneficial effects can scarcely be over estimated. Sectional feeling must have appeared of necessity, as the entire township became settled, and the fact that it was ushered in with the first library should count for naught in a consideration of the value of the library itself. The first one was organized in the winter of 1843, by the farmers resolving themselves into a company of stockholders. Three of them headed the list by purchasing shares to the amount of ten dollars



DR. JOSEPH TEFFT
PRESIDENT ELGIN BOARD OF TRADE.



each, and others followed with smaller sums. The books were first kept at the house of S. G. Paull, Section 16, and the collection bore the name of Farmers' Library. The old records show that the books were most industriously read, and additions were occasionally made to their number until, in 1851, there were 264 volumes, embracing valuable works upon a variety of topics. Many of them are now in the school house, in District 7. The second library was known as the Independent Farmers' Library, and was established during the Winter following the organization of the first. It was kept at Col. Ingham's, two and a half miles from the other. The books have now become scattered.

In 1846, the first

BRICK HOUSE

in the township was built, by Silas Reynolds, on Section 10, where it is now used as a dwelling, by Millard Starr. Previous to that time, a peculiar

TRAGEDY

was enacted near Jericho, which may be mentioned, as it resulted in the death of one of the earliest settlers in that vicinity. Mrs. I. S. Fitch had taken a young and friendless girl into her family, and had cared for her as a mother until she arrived at a marriageable age, when she became the wife of Reuben Johnson, who has been mentioned as one of the early settlers near Jericho. Mrs. Johnson had occasionally shown symptoms of insanity, but no danger was apprehended from her, and when suffering from her temporary attacks she had been allowed her liberty, and had generally taken refuge with her old friend Mrs. Fitch, whose house was near her own. On the day on which the following events occurred, Mrs. Fitch was alone in her house employed about her domestic duties, when Mrs. Johnson entered in a high state of excitement. Mrs. Fitch, however, being accustomed to see her thus, continued with her work, and was busied with her back turned toward the young woman, when she crept slyly behind her with a razor, and cut her throat from ear to ear. The unfortunate lady ran to the door screaming to her son, who was at work in the field near by. He hastened to the house and, by holding the severed arteries, prevented the flow of blood until surgical aid could be obtained, but while the wound was being dressed she died. More than thirty-five years have passed since that day, and Mrs. Johnson, still a raving maniac, lives at her home in Jericho. Mrs. Fitch was buried in a field near her house, but a number of years afterward her remains were exhumed and placed in the cemetery. On raising her coffin from the grave, the attention of her son was directed to the enormous weight which it appeared to contain, and on removing the lid the body was found to be *a solid mass of stone!*

It was in 1847 that the delegates were chosen to form a new Constitution for the State of Illinois, but it was not until August 2, 1850, that the first town meeting, under the new Constitution adopted, met at the house of S. G. Paull to

elect officers for Sugar Grove. Ira Fitch was chosen Moderator, and W. B. Gillett (now of Aurora), Clerk. The following officers were then elected (we give their present residence after their names; if deceased, it is also denoted):

Supervisor—E. D. Terry (Kendall County).

Town Clerk—Henry Nichols (California).

Assessor—S. S. Ingham (deceased).

Overseer of Poor—Ezekiel Mighell (Aurora).

Commissioners of Highways—Jesse McDole (deceased), Ephraim Case (Aurora), S. G. Paull (deceased).

Justices of the Peace—Ira Fitch (Aurora), Wm. Thompson (Aurora).

Constables—Charles Abbott (deceased), I. J. Sanford (Iowa).

Collector—Ira Fitch.

Supervisors of Roads—Joseph Inmann (Iowa), Ira Fitch, J. J. Denny (deceased), L. Nichols (gone West), Wm. Thompson, R. Smith (gone East), E. D. Terry, A. Casselman (Sugar Grove), S. G. Paull, L. Benjamin (Sugar Grove), I. Barnes (deceased).

It was also voted that the town meetings be held in future at the Center School House, which was built in the Fall of 1848, and was located in District No. 7. The number of voters, as shown by the records of the first meeting, was 102.

EDUCATION

early received attention from the citizens of Sugar Grove. A number of the settlers, in the years 1835-6-7, came from New England, celebrated from a time "beyond which the memory of man runneth not to the contrary" as the home of education and intelligence. They brought with them the ideas native to the soil of Massachusetts and Vermont, and hence schools and teachers came with them.

The township now contains seven schools, all of which are in successful operation. One of them—as it is, no doubt, far in advance of any other district school in the State—deserves special notice. We refer to the one in District No. 7. All of the branches usually taught in high schools and academies, with the exception of the languages, may there be pursued, if desired; but the special aim has been to furnish a course adapted to an intelligent farming people. Its history is brief: With one of the citizens of Sugar Grove, Mr. Thomas Judd, the idea of an agricultural school had long been a favorite one. Mr. F. H. Hall had, for a number of years, been in charge of the West Side School, in Aurora, and being possessed of a nature which led him to seek "the low of cattle and song of birds," etc., he had purchased a farm in Sugar Grove, where he was in the habit of repairing for health and recreation. The farmers of the township, believing that Mr. Hall was the man to make a district school successful, if any one could, at the suggestion of Mr. Judd a proposition was made him to leave his position at Aurora, and he at length consented to do so

if a building 36x54 feet and two stories high were furnished him, and he could be insured \$150 per month.

About this time, the question of a new town house began to be agitated, the farmers from the northern part of the township desiring to have it located about 100 rods north of the location occupied by the old building, erected in 1848, while the balance of the township insisted that the former site should be retained. The contest grew warm, and a town meeting was called for a general ballot.

Mr. Judd, wishing to assist in securing his favorite scheme and at the same time prevent the perpetuation of sectional jealousy, announced a picnic for the same day, and all the township was invited. At the same time, Mrs. Snow, one of the most enthusiastic converts to the school project, extended invitations to many of the principal business men of Aurora.

The day arrived, and with it a crowd. During the entertainment, Mr. Hall presented to the assembled multitude the object of the picnic, and called for subscriptions. \$1,400 were taken on the spot. This, with subsequent donations from residents of the township, and the district tax, swelled the subscriptions to \$4,500.

The house was commenced in the Fall of 1875, and, with a good barn and horse shed, is paid for. Mr. Judd and L. H. Gillett subscribed \$500 each, and the former contributed the land upon which the building stands, and in 1876 erected, for the accommodation of pupils coming from a distance, a hotel, at a cost of \$12,000. The school is supplied with a library of 500 volumes, and excellent philosophical and chemical apparatus. The regular course of study includes agricultural chemistry, breeds of cattle, and all studies which pertain directly to farming. Forty teams are fastened in the stalls daily, and a majority of the pupils from outside of the district come a distance of ten miles. The system upon which the school is managed is probably the most successful to be found in any district school in the State, and the normal class from the institution is furnishing the surrounding country with teachers, who will, it is hoped, introduce as far as possible the same admirable methods in other districts. In nothing is reform more imperatively demanded than in the common schools of this and other States; and any institution which has for its object, in part, the accomplishment of this end, should meet with the approbation of every intelligent citizen.

The assessed valuation of the school property of Sugar Grove is \$9,800. The new town house was erected near the school house, in District No. 7, at a cost of about \$1,500.

CHURCHES.

The only church standing wholly within the township was commenced in Jericho in May, 1855, and completed and dedicated the following Winter, at a cost of about \$2,500. A subscription to the amount of about \$500 was obtained from the farmers in the immediate neighborhood; from \$250 to \$300 from a fund

procured by the Congregational Society in the East to aid weak societies in the West, and the balance was furnished by Deacon Reuben B. Johnson. The building was dedicated as Mount Prospect Free Mission Church. The Methodist Episcopal Society has occupied it part of the time, but the building has generally been considered a Congregational Church. Both societies are now extinct, and no regular services have been held in the house for a number of years. It is used principally for funerals. The burying ground for the southern portion of the township lies just adjoining.

CHEESE FACTORY,

in Section 14, was built about 1865. Although a small building, a good business is done.

Sugar Grove Township furnished her full quota of soldiers for the late war, and their record was glorious in the Forty-second, Fifty-second and One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Regiments.

The township contains some of the best farms in the State, is well supplied with timber and water, is crossed from east to west by the Chicago & Iowa Railroad, thus giving easy facilities of transportation for its abundant produce; is inhabited by a wealthy and intelligent population, and is admitted to be the banner township of Kane County. Its population in 1870 was 792. The assessed valuation of its property in 1876, \$674,127, and the average assessed valuation of its land, \$24.91 per acre.

KANEVILLE TOWNSHIP.

Kaneville, like Virgil, was one of the latest settled townships in the County. Several farms remained unsold as late as 1845, while at the public Government sale only forty acres of its unsurpassed prairie lands were disposed of. Yet Kaneville was partially populated years before.

Job Isbell, a bachelor, from Ohio, settled in the Fall of 1835, on what is now the Owen estate, erected the body of a log cabin, cut and stacked a quantity prairie hay, and returned to his home in the Buckeye State, where he died. James Isbell, his brother, who was then living in Sugar Grove Township, removed in the Spring of 1837, to his vacant claim, and commenced improving it.

But, previous to this, the first *permanent* settler had established himself in the township. This man, who is still living upon his original claim, and is by no means an old man yet, is known throughout the vicinity as Amos Miner. In 1836, he resided in Wayne Co., N. Y.; his worldly possessions consisted of a wife and one small child, Rosaline, a hoe and an axe; and finding the financial outlook black, as it always is for a man in his circumstances, he determined to make a desperate move. A friend, Levi Leach, was about immigrating, with his family, to Michigan; he accordingly cast his lot with him, traveled by way

of the Erie Canal and the Lakes to Detroit, and thence by teams to a point in Calhoun County, about one hundred miles distant. After a short delay at this place, Mr. Leach went on a prospecting tour to Fox River, purchased a claim in Du Page County, and returned for his family. His representations of the climate and soil of Illinois were so favorable that Mr. Miner, who had found no inducements to remain in his present location, resolved to accompany him to his new home. But here a difficulty arose. Mr. Miner's assets were not far in excess of his liabilities, and he found it impossible to hire a passage for his family to Chicago. Mr. Leach's condition was more favorable; he possessed some money, ox teams and goods, and, in Mr. Miner's trouble, offered to convey Mrs. Miner and her daughter over the country with his own family. The proposal was gladly accepted. Mr. Miner found it more convenient to make the journey by way of the great lakes, and, bidding farewell to his family, walked back to Detroit, and took passage on a steamer about the middle of July, for Chicago. A voyage through the straits of Mackinaw was a dreary one then, and the ports at which the boat stopped were nearly as desolate as they had been since the creation. Ft. Machilimackinac was not materially different from the fort captured by the Indians in 1763. A number of squalid Indians lay upon the beach; the houses were few and small, and the garrison had nothing to do but go through the daily routine of military duty, which was scarcely sufficient to keep them awake from morning till night. Further up Lake Michigan, Mr. Miner found Milwaukee, containing nothing but two or three shanties, inferior to many settlers' huts to be seen even at that day in the wilderness of Illinois. In due time, the traveler was landed at the head of the Lake, in the hamlet since known throughout the habitable world, and thence walking to Mr. Leech's claim, near Warrenville, he found no tidings of his friends, who had gone from Michigan by the more direct route. After waiting a week in anxiety for their arrival, he started on foot to meet them, and after walking eight miles, arriving within two miles of Naperville, he found the party encamped.

They had traveled through the marshes of Indiana, enduring incredible hardships; had often been swamped and obliged to haul their loads from the mire by attaching the cattle to the hind ends of the carts; had camped in sloughs among snakes and mosquitoes, and, on reaching a point near La Porte, had been obliged to stop on account of the illness of Mrs. Miner and Mr. Leech's aged mother. After the invalids had recuperated, they had proceeded on their way and met Mr. Miner as stated above.

Such were the hardships of thousands who settled in the Great West. It was August before the friends met, and the entire party proceeded to Mr. Leech's claim, where Mr. Miner remained until October, when a Mr. Sperry, who had taken land in Blackberry Township, called at the settlement to purchase a team which Mr. Leech had advertised for sale. Having concluded a bargain, and desirous of a teamster to drive one of his yoke of oxen back to Blackberry, Mr. Miner offered his services and after a tedious drive, fording the

river at Aurora, reached Mr. Sperry's partially built house, which, owing to the cracks between the logs admitting daylight from all sides, was afterward known far and wide as "Sperry's light-house."

The next day was Sunday, and Mr. Miner having heard of unclaimed land in the West, walked to the Smith, Platt and Vanatta settlements, all of which were in Blackberry Township, thence to Lone Grove, where he took up the claim, embracing a liberal strip of timber, where he now resides.

It is a peculiar circumstance, but one easily explained, that nearly all of the earlier settlers selected timber or rolling lands instead of prairie. They were Eastern men, and naturally prejudiced in favor of Eastern scenery; and then their distance from lumber markets made it essential that there should be some wood upon their tracts with which to build their first cabins and supply them with fuel. At that time, the magnificent timber with which the groves abounded was no minor inducement. Those who have only seen Northern Illinois in its present aspect will be inclined to regard this statement with astonishment, since scarcely a tree above mediocre size can be found in an entire grove; but then, entire forests of the choicest oak and black walnut towered for a hundred feet above the surrounding prairie.

After marking his claim, Mr. Miner returned to Du Page County, where he employed himself at such odd jobs as the primitive condition of the country afforded until February, 1837, when Mr. Vanatta came to the settlement, begging assistance for Mr. Lance, of Batavia, whose house had recently been destroyed by fire, one of his children, 7 years old, perishing in the flames. Upon his return, Mr. Miner accompanied him, walking from Mr. Vanatta's house to his own claim, wading Blackberry Creek, which had frozen and recently thawed, and cut a sufficient number of logs to build a house, sleeping upon the ground and living upon cold lunches in the meantime. In April, with the assistance of some of the Blackberry settlers, his house was raised, and on the 10th of May, 1837, his family occupied it. For two years he had no team, and was obliged to pay a man five dollars an acre for breaking the first five acres of land which he cultivated, and drive the team besides. As he had no money, he split 2,500 rails to satisfy the prairie breaker's demands; and in the same season completed his house, fenced his land and raised a good crop of sod corn, buckwheat, beans and vegetables. His first cow was purchased four miles east of Warrenville, and paid for during the summer by working in the harvest fields for farmers in Sugar Grove. Mr. Leech signed a note with him as security. While Mr. Miner was away at work, his wife and child were left alone for a week at a time. The price paid for binding was twelve shillings a day. Thus, like Robinson Crusoe, all his comforts and luxuries came directly from his own labor. During the Summer, there was only one neighbor, James Isbell, nearer than Blackberry Township, but in the Fall, Mr. Alfred Churchill, from Batavia, N. Y., purchased, for fifty dollars, a claim which had been taken up by John B. Moore, who, subsequently, settled in what is now Virgil Township. Mr. Churchill was

a prominent man among the early settlers; an early Superintendent of Schools, a member of the Constitutional Convention and an actor in various responsible positions. He remained in the township until his death, in 1868. Shortly after the arrival of the Churchill family in their new home, an event of great importance, in an unsettled country, occurred at the house of Mr. Miner in the birth of a daughter, Mary, on the 27th of November, 1837. She is still living, and is now Mrs. Robert Alexander, of Campton Township.

The Summer of the following year found several other families located in the neighborhood, first of whom were the Inmans, from the State of New York, and later, Daniel Wentworth, from New Hampshire, who settled upon the bank of the creek, on a place now occupied by Silas Hayes. The McNairs were, likewise, early residents of the town.

On the 24th of February, 1838, the first marriage in the township took place, James Isbell and Sarah Moore being the couple. The bride, who was a daughter of J. B. Moore, of Virgil, died many years ago, but Mr. Isbell is still living at Batavia. John Bunker settled about this time on a claim now owned by Mr. Hoyt.

In 1839, Miss Fayette R. Churchill—now Mrs. David Hanchett—taught, in her father's house, the first school in the township, and during several succeeding Winters was the only schoolma'am in Kaneville, or Royalton, as the township was then called. Miss Churchill was, also, the first teacher in the first log school house, which stood near the center of the township, on a place now owned by Mr. Hough. The old building is now gone from the memory of the younger inhabitants, but was considered a suitable dwelling place for learning in its day. It was built of logs, Messrs. Churchill, Miner and Isbell being mainly instrumental in its construction. Mr. David Hanchett made his home in the township in 1847.

Unfortunately, although Kaneville was settled by an intelligent people, and was, as already noticed, one of the later townships to be taken up, its records are far from satisfactory, from a historical point of view. The minutes of the proceedings of the Board of Trustees of Schools, which were doubtless one of the most valuable sources of information, have either been lost or destroyed, and the records of the earliest church organization are frequently indited by a gentleman of exceedingly emotional nature, who has made note of the spiritual status of the members rather than of the times and places of holding the meetings. Enough still remains, however, from the recollections of early settlers to show that a Sabbath school was commenced in the house of Mr. Bunker, previous to the formation of a church of any denomination; that a Christian minister, by the name of Van Deuzer, delivered the first sermon in the township, at the house of Mr. Alfred Churchill, and that Rev. Augustus Conant preached at the same place later in the year. There was no regular place in the township for divine worship until 1847, when the members of the Baptist Church, previously formed in Blackberry Township, began to meet in the first frame

school house in Kaneville. Mr. James Lewis, from Ohio, originally from Connecticut, was an active member; and there were a number of communicants from several of the adjoining townships—Big Rock, Sugar Grove and Blackberry. But there had been preaching previously by the same denomination in Kaneville, when Elder Whittier officiated at the house of Mr. Bunker, October 20, 1844. Rev. Thomas Ravlin, of Kaneville, commenced his pastorate in the same church, and died,* before the expiration of a year, September 6, 1846.

During the year 1845, a preacher of the Methodist Episcopal denomination addressed a small congregation at the old school house, and afterward at Mr. Miner's residence. A number of years followed before any society erected an edifice dedicated exclusively to the worship of God. Meanwhile, various important events occurred; foremost among which must be reckoned the establishment of a post office, called Avon, at the house of Mr. Churchill. During the previous years, there had been no office nearer than Blackberry, but now settlers were accommodated once a week with mail brought to their own neighborhood. Mr. Churchill was both Postmaster and mail carrier from the Blackberry office. Mr. Miner went to Naperville for his first mail in 1837, a distance of over twenty-five miles.

In June, 1845, H. S. Gardner, the first blacksmith in the township, settled near its northern boundary, where he still resides. The first frame house in Kaneville was the one built by Mr. Bunker immediately after his arrival. Mr. Bunker was a very tidy and practical farmer, and an honored resident of the township in which he settled, until 1862, when he fell dead in his house. Mr. Churchill's death was equally sudden. The rights of the settlers in Kaneville, as elsewhere in the county, were protected by claim organizations. Many were too poor at the time of the land sale to purchase the farms upon which they had made improvements, and, but for a general union between them for mutual protection, strangers might have purchased their dwellings, land and crops at the price of unimproved sections. Under the claim societies, however, such an act of injustice toward any squatter would have brought upon the offender the vengeance of the entire settlement. Attempts to defraud a claimant of his land, whether authorized by law or not, were therefore generally unsuccessful. But one project of this kind was not altogether a failure, and occasioned discord among neighbors for years. It occurred as follows: James Isbell's tract had extended over a portion of Section 16, which the law of the State had set apart, in each township, for school purposes. This section, in Kaneville, had been divided into ten and twenty-acre lots and offered for sale by the town, at low rates, in order that claimants might not lose their improvements, made before the survey of the land. Two ten-acre lots were upon Isbell's claim, and had been appraised at six and seven dollars per acre, with the understanding that in the auction sale no one should bid above those figures. But several of the neighbors of Mr. Isbell, desiring the valuable timber with which the land

* This was probably the second death in the Township. J. B. Moore's, who died at the house of his son-in-law, was the first.

was covered, raised his bid, and obliged him to pay over sixteen dollars an acre for one of the lots, while the other was raised to such a high price that he refused to contend for it longer, and it was struck off to another man. Mr. Isbell was naturally enraged, and, going to Chicago upon his earliest opportunity, entered at the land office the claims of his neighbors who had wronged him, and purchased them at Government rates. The owners declared him a thief, and threatened to shoot him, but he coolly replied that he would re-deed the land on condition that the balance above the appraised sum which he had paid for his ten acres should be returned to him, together with the price which he had paid for their land. Resistance was useless, and the gentlemen reluctantly consented.

Even at that early time, malefactors had begun to disturb the peace of the generally tranquil township, and there is a report of money having been stolen from one of the settlers and an innocent man being charged with the offense. Hog and stock thieves were not uncommon in the county previous to 1840, and Kaneville had her quota. The anecdotes of their unlawful proceedings are, some of them at least, amusing, and two of them, although the scenes recorded occurred outside of Kaneville Township, may be recorded here. The name of Rev. Mr. Elmore is prominent in the history of the northern part of St. Charles as an educated and philanthropic preacher of the Baptist persuasion. He was never wealthy, although his acres were broad and fair, and he was often perplexed, during the first years of his residence in the county, to obtain a comfortable subsistence for himself and family. One Fall, in regard to the date of which deponent testifieth not, he had prepared several hogs for the market, and was nearly ready to butcher them, when on an evil morning he awoke, and, proceeding to feed them according to his usual custom, he found no trace of them left. He rubbed his eyes to be sure that he was awake, and then examined the premises, but with no satisfactory results. There was not a single clue to the mystery. They had gone, and had evidently "gone up," too, for there was no indication of their having escaped upon the surface of the earth. He had read of children being "*spirited*" away, but the thought of three or four hogs, each weighing 500 pounds, being conveyed from this world in that manner was of itself sufficiently absurd, and was forthwith dismissed. After a few inquiries among his neighbors, he gave up all hope of recovering the property, offered a prayer for the thief, we suppose, as was his duty, and settled down to the practice of the more careful economy which his reduced circumstances necessitated. Years rolled on, successive Autumns changed to Winters, Winters to Springs, and Summers to Falls, but the lost pork never returned and was at length forgotten. Nearly a decade had passed, and Mr. Elmore's land had increased in value and his condition in life become more favorable, when a stranger approached his gate one day with a flock of sheep.

"I believe these sheep belong to you," said the man.

"You must be mistaken," replied Mr. Elmore. "I have bought no sheep."

"Do you remember, a number of years ago," continued the stranger, "that you lost some fat hogs one night?"

The reverend gentleman assured him that the circumstance was still vividly impressed upon his mind.

"Well," he replied, "the man who stole those hogs lives in Wisconsin. During the years which have elapsed since that night, the crime has rankled in his bosom until he has been driven to seek peace of mind by making ample restitution. He accordingly presents you with these sheep, sufficiently valuable to pay the principal and interest for the pork, and requests that you will accept them, asking no questions, and thus restore him to the condition from which he fell when he stole those hogs."

He opened the gate, and the sheep ran into the yard, while Mr. Elmore again rubbed his eyes, not quite sure that he was awake. Then, bidding him good day, the man walked rapidly off, and Mr. Elmore never saw him again.

Aurora and the vicinity were notorious as the abiding places of thieves and robbers, who carried on a good trade in ill-gotten spoils. One of them, a lank and ungainly reprobate, "stole a pig and home he ran." He was arrested and indubitable evidence given of his guilt. B. F. Fridley was engaged to defend him, and, if the story is true, informed his client that his only hope was in taking "leg bail." The day of the trial arrived, witnesses were called and examined, and a clear case proven against the defendant. The counsel for the plaintiff deemed it unnecessary to say a word, and delivered the case to the jury without any attempt to influence them. Fridley then arose and delivered an eloquent harangue. He ranged the fields of law from the days of Blackstone to his own times, he reveled amid the clouds of fancy, built up men of straw and knocked them down again, and ended with a splendid peroration in which he appealed to the jury, in the name of the American eagle and the principles of eternal justice, to protect accused innocence from the defaming tongue of slander. "Now," said he, "gentlemen of the jury, I have proven this man's innocence beyond the possibility of a reasonable doubt!" and with this he emphasized his last word by a tremendous blow upon the table, which knocked it over in front of the Sheriff, whereupon the "innocent client" darted from the door as if all the warlocks and witches in "Kirk Alloway" were at his heels. He had gained at least a half mile before the Court awoke from his astonishment, and then pursuit was useless.*

One of the earliest roads in the County was laid through Kaneville Township, from Sugar Grove to Ohio Grove. The first claim mentioned as purchased at the Government sale by James Isbell was located on Section 21. M. M. Ravlin and John Bunker were the first Justices of the Peace, and were elected in 1845, under the old precinct division of the county. In the same year, Rev. Thomas Ravlin purchased the claim on which Kaneville village now stands of Willard Inmann, for about three dollars per acre, and afterward

* We give this story merely as one of the popular legends of the county, not believing for a moment that so honorable a gentleman as B. F. Fridley ever connived at the escape of villainy from justice.

entered and purchased it of the Government. His house stood near the present site of the Baptist Church. The Avon post office was short lived, and, in 1848, the office at Kaneville village was established under N. N. Ravlin, and was at first supplied by the Sugar Grove office. The name of the township was changed upon the year of its establishment as follows: Nearly all Northern Illinois formed at that time one Congressional District, and "Long John" Wentworth was the member of Congress from that district. A petition was presented for a post office, to be called Royalton; but upon making the application it was ascertained that there was another office of the same name in the State. Not wishing to disappoint his constituents, Long John substituted, upon the spur of the moment, the name of Kaneville, and told the people that they might change it at their convenience if it was not satisfactory. It met with general approval, and instead of changing the name of the office, the township also was henceforth known as Kaneville. The village has been supplied with daily mails and stages for about fifteen years from Blackberry Station. About 1852, William Hall built a small hotel, which was the only public place of entertainment in the village until 1869, when B. & A. Carey erected the present ample addition. In 1855, preparations were made by the Baptist Society to build its first house of worship, which was dedicated in October of the same year. The church has greatly increased since its organization, and is now prosperous. A Methodist Episcopal Church was organized early at Blackberry, and removed to Kaneville about the same time as the Baptist organization, where for several years it enjoyed, with the latter congregation, alternate preaching at the old village school house. A church edifice was at length erected, in which Rev. S. Stover preached the first sermon, and this building was replaced in the Fall of 1875 by the present elegant structure. The old school house was superseded in the Summer of 1857 by the building still in use, in which N. F. Nichols, now a lawyer in Aurora, was the first principal. The first store in the village, as well as in the township, was built in the Fall of 1852, by one Goodwin, sold to Hathorn, and at length went into the possession of B. A. Coy, who sold to J. H. Scott, the present proprietor. It has been much enlarged since its erection by Goodwin, and contains an unusually large stock of goods for a country store, the sales amounting to from \$35,000 to \$40,000 per annum. Frank Perry started in business at his present stand, on the opposite side of the street in 1874. A Catholic Church was organized early in Kaneville Township, and subsequently removed to Lodi, in the history of which a sketch of it will be found. The township contains at the present time eight school houses, all frame buildings, and a majority of them well adapted to the purpose for which they were constructed. The one in District No. 8 was put up in 1872, at a cost of \$1,000; and the one in District No. 3 in 1876, at about the same price. The entire valuation of school property is \$6,500; the assessed valuation of the township, \$586,542. The farms of Kaneville Township are surpassed by few in the world, and the farm houses are

among the most elegant in the county. The original houses of the old settlers have disappeared, as the above statement would imply, and owing to the excellence of the soil, stimulated by the wise and frugal management of the land-owners, they were able, when the time came, to rebuild, to replace the log huts and slab shanties by mansions, many of which might well be used as architectural models by the farmers throughout the entire country. Their clean white walls may be seen across the rolling prairie for miles, contributing to the general beauty of the scene, and contrasting strongly with the dark fields of corn which every Autumn sun will find waving around them. The population of the township, by the census of 1870, was 1,003. It lies south of Virgil, joins Blackberry upon the west, and is Congressional Town 89, North of Range 6, East of the Third Principal Meridian.

VIRGIL TOWNSHIP.

The Spring of 1837 found the territory now embraced within the township of Virgil unsettled, save by three isolated families who had sought homes there during the previous season. The extensive sloughs spread over the region traversed by the crooked and insignificant Kishwaukee had delayed the peopling of these otherwise rich and desirable sections for many moons after the alluvial lands along Fox River had been subjected to the plow and the smoke had arisen from settlers' cabins throughout the entire valley, from Algonquin to Ottawa. The old Oregon and St. Charles Road had been laid out two years before the period of which we write, and traversed for miles a country in which there was not a single white inhabitant. North of this, and likewise extending from east to west, the road from St. Charles to Coltonville, the defunct capital of De Kalb County, was surveyed by Capt. Barnes, in 1837. Thus Virgil became one of the few townships in the county which had roads before it contained inhabitants. Aside from the cause mentioned which retarded the settlement, and which has now in a great measure disappeared, leaving Virgil one of the best farming townships in Northern Illinois, there was one proceeding from other than natural sources. Early in 1836, Luther Merrill, with his family, from the State of New Hampshire, found his way to the eastern edge of the township, south of the center, and, having erected a miserable log hut, laid claim to all the country extending from the southern line of the town north to Lilly Lake, near the residence of James Outhouse, and west to De Kalb County. An old settler declares with reckless hyperbole that his claim included all God's creation, and that he would have taken De Kalb County in addition if the rest had not been all that he could conveniently watch. The general verdict of those who knew him pronounced Mr. Merrill a man of unusual energy. His family has now left the country. The land monopoly which he formed had the effect which might have been expected, until settlers utterly disregarded his

claim, as they should have done from the first, and established themselves upon reasonably large tracts, without asking his consent or paying his exorbitant prices.

Itinerant preachers had visited Virgil previous to 1837, and it is difficult to decide who was the first of these missionaries. Though not inspired with the zeal of the Jesuits who had entered Illinois more than a century and a quarter before, they were still, as a class, devout and conscientious men, working for the glory of God and the good of their race rather than for any personal ambition or emolument. We will start with one who left St. Charles in the Fall of 1838, on the Oswego Road, and, following him on his journey to De Kalb County, will there leave him to pursue his way, but will rejoin him as he enters Virgil on his return trip by way of the only remaining road across the township at that time. He is an honest and consistent follower in the path that John Wesley laid out, and as he enters upon an old gray horse the country since named Virgil, his eyes are opened for sinners to save. It is late in the Fall, and the occasional patches of woodland, dyed in carmine and gold, and resplendent beneath the last ray of the setting sun, inspire his mind with vague fancies of the beautiful as he rides along. He is not a man of sentiment or one accustomed to commune with Nature, yet even for him the glory of the scene through which he passes has its inspiration. But the thought that the hour of supper has arrived inspires him more, and now, a small cabin appearing, he determines to alight and ask the hospitality which his stomach demands. He is kindly received, as all travelers were in those days, and is soon seated by the rude fire-place, asking questions. From the replies given he ascertains that the name of his host is John B. Moore, former resident of Wood County, Ohio, and that he came to Chicago, with his family, consisting of wife and nine children, in July, 1836, and, continuing his journey thence without delay, crossed the Fox River at Geneva, and at length reached the residence of an old friend, James Isbell, in Sugar Grove, where he stopped two or three weeks. Finding much of the land there claimed, and hearing of the rich tract at the north taken up by Merrill, he had determined to proceed thither. With his large family of sons and the Isbells, he had mustered quite an army, and, without asking leave of any one, had built his cabin and established himself in the new quarters. Mr. Merrill had visited him while he was erecting his abode, but, seeing so many men engaged in the work, had made no objections; and from that day the Merrills and Moores had continued the policy of carefully avoiding each other. Mr. Moore further informs his guest that it was a wild country when he came, and that he had seen 500 Indians encamped just south of him, in 1836. Having remained until morning, and performed the ceremonies which his piety suggested, the preacher continues his journey with refreshed body and a self-satisfied mind. Mr. Moore remained upon the place where he found him until about 1841, when he died. His son, John O. Moore, now resides a little west of the old farm which is the present home of Thomas Anderson.

But the missionary proceeds on his tramp. He has made inquiries of Mr. Moore, concerning all the settlers across the country to the DeKalb line, and already feels quite well acquainted with them; so he ought, for he knows their family histories better than they do themselves. He soon approaches the residence of the first one, which is of logs, like the one just left, while various improvements in the vicinity indicate that the settlement was made at least two years before. And such our friend knows to be the fact, for the house was built by James Outhouse, a previous owner, who had come from St. John, New Brunswick, in the Fall of 1836, with his wife and two children, and having learned of the Merrill claim, had left his family at Blackberry, and traveled across the country to the cabin of the pretended owner of some thirty-six square miles, where he was informed that *he could have 200 acres for \$300, and not a cent less.* With this assurance he returned to Blackberry, and was told by D. W. Annis, that *he* would not pay any such outrageous price; that \$100 was enough, and that if Merrill was not satisfied with that amount, he would furnish men enough to build a log house upon any part of the land which Outhouse should select, and help him to defend it. Accordingly Mr. Outhouse presented this view of the case to Mr. Merrill, telling him that the land which he claimed had never cost him a cent, and that he might take \$100 for 200 acres, or he should take the land by force, and pay him nothing for it. After due consideration, Merrill concluded that he would accept the offer. Outhouse moved to the land already mentioned, but sold, in 1837, to William Kendall, who immediately disposed of it to two Pennsylvania Dutchmen, Mallo and Spangler, who were in possession when our missionary passed it, and who resided there some five years. Mallo was noted throughout the township as the first brickmaker. It appears that the brick which he manufactured were not used in building any houses in the neighborhood, but merely for chimneys and wells. Next west of this land, arose the low shanty of one Klinepeter, another Pennsylvanian, who had come to the country about the same time as his countrymen on the east; but before reaching his house, the traveler had passed a sight very common in that part of the country then, but uncommon to him, as he had recently come from the East. Looking off to the south, a dark cloud appeared spread over the prairie, but moving rapidly toward the spot where he was concealed by some low bushes along the road side. Drawing his reins, he waited for the nearer approach of the objects, to solve the mystery. In a few moments a vast herd of deer was clearly distinguished; and as they approached, the reverend gentleman counted forty-five* before they took fright, and changed their course for the nearest grove. The traveler watches them until they disappear, and then drives on. The man who was then occupying the neighboring shanty remained upon the place until his death; and several years later, his widow married a Mr. Smith, who now occupies the farm. Here the traveler bids farewell to the settlements of Kane County, and a little later crosses the

*Several of the settlers have assured us that they have seen as many as fifty in a single herd.

line. Returning several days later, upon the other road, he arrives in the middle of the afternoon at the cabin of Milton Thornton (who removed from his original claim some four years ago to Geneva), and there our traveler inquires his way, and asks about the settlers along the home route, then drives along to the residence of the Read family, of whom he has learned everything of the last stranger, for he is an inquisitive man, as has already appeared. He has learned that the father's name is Joshua, and that he has but recently arrived from New Brunswick with his family of seven sons and several daughters, and that one of the older daughters is the wife of James Outhouse, who had sold his claim to his father-in-law, and removed to the farm which he now owns in Campton Township. Musing on the changes constantly going on in this western country, the parson draws his horse up at the house, to obtain a drink. While he is thus employed, we will give a brief sketch of the Reads, who settled a large part of the township.

The original homestead was situated upon Section 24, where Charles, the second son, now resides. Eliphalet, the oldest son, located on land purchased of Mr. Hackett, and lying partly in Campton—the portion in Virgil being upon Section 24. Charles purchased, at an early day, a claim on Section 29, of Henry German, a brother of Lyman German, now of Geneva, both of whom settled in Virgil in 1837, Lyman's claim being just north of his brother's, on Section 20. Joseph Read, the third son, was a mechanic in New Brunswick when the remainder of the family left, and was unable to come to Illinois until 1840. In 1859, he died in Missouri. Richmond, the fourth son, took up the claim which he still owns in the northern part of the township, Section 12. Otho took the tract where he still resides, on parts of Sections 21, 22 and 28. George purchased the farm on which Charles first settled, and Albert settled on Section 13.

Having satisfied both his own and his horse's thirst, the missionary hastens on as it is becoming late, and passes, on a brisk trot, the shanty of Henry Whitmarsh, from New York, whose settlement, he had learned, only dated from the previous year; and, in the course of a half hour's drive, arrived at the cabin of the original claimant of all the land which he had passed during the previous hour and a half. Although the earliest settler in the township, Mr. Merrill's habitation was no better than those of the settlers who had but just arrived. It was built of rough logs like all the rest, but, unlike some of the others, it had no floor but the native prairie mud, in which the children of the proprietor burrowed like pigs in the sty. Believing from what he saw and had heard, that prayers would be as needful in that locality as anywhere, our missionary dismounted and was met at the door by a lady, who was evidently above her unfavorable surroundings, and he was here permitted to remain until morning. Some of the good brethren in Virgil Township had given notice, in expectation of his arrival, that upon the following day, which was Sunday, there would be preaching at a designated place in the neighborhood. The orthodoxy of that

day was tedious to unbelievers, and our missionary's sermon was divided into no less than twenty-four heads, all of which were elaborately subdivided. Mr. Merrill was doing his fall plowing, but decided to rest during part of the day from courtesy to his guest. He accordingly plowed until meeting time, then he hitched his horses to a tree and was an attentive listener until the preacher had reached his "Tenth" or "Twelfthly," when he yielded to the suggestions of the evil one and returned to his work.* In fine, it may be doubted if the labors of the good missionary on this occasion met with more than moderate success, since his hearers were more interested in the unregenerated gentleman in the neighboring field than in the labored discourse of the zealous preacher. It is a fact worthy of note, that of all the claim speculators scarcely one died in comfortable circumstances; and Merrill was no exception to the rule. About 1838, he built a frame house in the place of his original cabin, and some years later removed to Iowa, where he became poor previous to his death. Joseph Gray now lives upon his old homestead in Virgil. Israel Seaton was the builder of the old frame house, which was probably the first in the township. There was much speculation in claims in Virgil in 1837, many of them being sold for three times as much as they were worth, after the land sale in 1842. Merrill found a ready market for his land during the former year, for it was then that the greatest number of settlers came to the township. Among them may be mentioned, aside from those already given, Daniel Smith, who located just north of John B. Moore, Daniel McKinley (deceased) and Harrision Chambers, now in Batavia. John McKinley settled west of the Kishwaukee timber, and later, about 1840, his father-in-law, Henry Krows, received part of his claim and settled thereon. Nearly all in that part of the township were New Yorkers. Lyman German's log house, erected in 1837, upon the bank of the creek, was standing until about three years ago. Just south of Daniel McKinley, a young man, named Massicar, built a house at an early day, but never lived there, having disposed of his property to one of the early purchasers. Just north of the Merrill homestead, Jeremiah Massingham settled, and sold, while the country was still new, to A. Dobson, a foster son of Joshua Read. Massingham became widely known among the settlers from driving a breaking team in connection with the Hacketts. West of him, and near the Kishwaukee timber, was John Scott, a great man in his day, for he was County Commissioner before the township organization, and early Supervisor, Notary Public, etc. He died in St. Charles in the Fall of 1877. A nomadic hunter, by the name of Chapman, lived east of Mr. Scott, but left the country early, having sold to a gentleman from Canada named Seaton. These, with Silas Shumake and Daniel Smith, who settled on the place now owned by his heirs, complete the list of the early settlers from 1836 to '38.

The traveler through the township at that day would have noticed that the chimneys to the houses were nearly all constructed upon the same plan, being

* Fact; on good authority.



Chas. J. Mixer
SHERIFF OF KANE COUNTY.

built upon the outside and with great care and skill. They were the workmanship of Daniel McKinley, who had made the building of chimneys his trade. The lower parts of these chimneys, for which McKinley claimed the copyright, were built of clay up to the summit of the fire-place. Wooden moulds were used for this purpose, in which the clay was placed and pounded down until it formed a solid mass, when the board siding was removed and the structure was completed with small logs, between which the spaces were filled with "cat-and-clay," instead of mortar. This "cat-and-clay" consisted of finely cut straw mixed with clay, and formed in districts where lime was wanting—a good substitute for the compound which has now generally superseded it. The lower part would last a hundred years, if properly used.

Joshua Read made an innovation in architecture, a few years after his arrival, by building a frame house from which the chimney projected from the roof instead of rising from the ground upon the outside, according to the common custom.

There are some who claim that this was the first frame building in the township, but Mr. J. O. Moore, the first of the settlers in the township now living, gives the priority in them to Merrill's. Read's was erected about 1839, on the old farm, was 18x24 feet in its dimensions, contained not a single sawed stick in the entire frame; and is now standing. Many a party has danced within its weather-beaten walls, and laughed defiance to the whistling storm without.

Probably the first ball in the township was there; and there, too, one of the earliest marriages took place. Orson Kendall and Maria Read were the devoted pair, and Esquire West, of Blackberry, had the honor of uniting them.

The first birth in the township was that of a daughter of Seth Merrill, in the Summer of 1837.

No township in the county possesses more accurate records than Virgil. Through the good sense of Mr. Otho Read, the proceedings of all the school meetings, from 1841 to the present day, have been carefully preserved. It was not unusual to record such proceedings, but far from preserving them, it was common for school boards to instruct their Secretaries annually to destroy all their records.

We learn that in 1839, the intelligent farmers from New Hampshire assembled on Section 24, near the present site of Joseph Woodman's house, and built the first log school house in the township.

In the Winter of 1839-40, the first term was taught by Simeon Bean, a native of the Granite State, whose reputation is rather that of a profound thinker and scholar than of a disciplinarian. As the latter qualification is more essential than the former in the management of the common country school, Mr. Bean's experience might have been more successful than it was. The little boys and girls shot paper wads at him, "*cachinated and skyfungled*," while he was treading the intricate labyrinths of Euclid or soaring among the stars with Kepler and Copernicus.

After the opening of this school, followed a district organization, in 1841. From the old book now in Mr. Read's possession, it appears that the first proceedings were kept upon scraps of paper or in some smaller book, and afterward copied into the volume which now contains them; and which bears the following entry upon the fly leaf. We copy *verbatim et literatim* :

"A Book of records for Trustees of School Land Township 40 Range 6 East. Bought By S. Johnson Treasurer for trustees of school land. price 37½ cents."

"January 14th 1843

This day received this book of S. Johnson & paid for the same.

WILLIAM H. ROBINSON,
Treasurer."

The first record bears date more than a year previous, and reads as follows :

"At a meeting of the Trustees of school lands, held at the school house, in Township 40, Range 6 east, on the 27th Nov., 1841, Trustees William H. Robinson, Daniel Smith and John Scott present, the said Trustees appointed Spencer Johnson, Treasurer, at the same time and place; and the said Town was divided into districts in manner following: School district No. 1 to consist of Sections 25-26-27, and the south half of Sec. 22-23-24. Dist. No. 2 to consist of the north half of Sec. 22-23-24; also, from 1 to 15 inclusive. Des. No. 3 to consist of Sec. 19-20-21-28-29-30-31-32. Dist. No. 4 to consist of Sec. No. 33-34-35-36. The trustees appointed Daniel McKinley, David Brown & Henry Krows, Directors in School District No. 3; also, William Spangler, Henry Shumake & Abner S. Rand, Directors in Dist. No. 4."

A certificate, at the close of the year 1841, places the number of children in *Washington* Township, as Virgil was then called, at ninety-five. In accordance with the provisions of an act passed by the Legislature, February, 1841, the town was incorporated, for school purposes, on the 30th day of April, 1842.

Upon the same day, a vote was carried to change the name of the township from Washington to Franklin; and Simeon Bean, Luther Merrill, John Scott, Henry Krows and Daniel Mallo were elected Trustees of Schools. At a meeting of the Trustees, held January 2, 1843, the former arrangement was declared null and void, and the entire township resolved into a single district. Up to this time, it appears that there was only one school house, as "*the school house in Township 40*" is mentioned.

The consolidation of the districts proved unsatisfactory before the close of the year; and accordingly, on the 11th of November, Sections 19, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32 and 33 were set apart as District No. 2. At the end of the year the number of children under 20, 114, shows a marked increase in the population.

In 1844, great excitement arose over the school election. Informality was claimed, and a new election demanded, which resulted in Luther Merrill, Joseph Jenkins, Henry Krows, Robert Kemp and Noah Lakin becoming the Trustees. Section 16 (the school section) had been sold the previous December, at an average of \$1.25 per acre. With the proceeds arising therefrom the Trustees felt that they represented a wealthy organization, and accordingly appropriated \$55 for a Summer school, in 1844. During the same year, the present District 3 was formed as a union district, with a part of Fairfield (now Campton) Township. The census, at the close of 1845, states the number of children to be 202.

In April, 1846, the present Districts Nos. 4, 5 and 6 were formed; and in the Spring of 1847, a union district was set apart, with a fraction of Burlington Township. At the close of the latter year, the township census returns show an increase of thirty children over the one taken two years before. In the Fall of this year, a union district was formed with a portion of Kaneville, since which there have been no radical changes, although some slight variations in boundaries have followed.

School houses had, in the meantime, sprung up all over the township. The first built after the regular school organization is the wood building now used in District No. 1. The District No. 2 house is likewise old. No. 3 is a brick building, which has seen a number of years of service. Nos. 4 and 6 are frame buildings, which have also been used a long time, the latter having been built in 1858. No. 5 is a good frame structure, built in 1875; and Union No. 6 house was erected in 1876, at a cost of \$1,400. Union No. 7 is the Lodi District, which will be again mentioned; and Union No. 9 contains a good brick building. The estimated valuation of school property is now \$5,000. The number of children in the Fall of 1877 was 531, and of these, 375 attend school. \$2,371 were paid to teachers during the same year.

The name of the township became Virgil at the time of the regular township organization.

The first tavern in Township 40 was opened as early as 1840, in a little log house on Section 17. The first store was a diminutive grocery establishment, started some four years later, by a Mrs. Groves, north of the tavern.

There was regular Baptist preaching, by Rev. Mr. King, in the old log school house, from 1840 to 1842.

About 1845, Joseph Jenkins opened a blacksmith shop, upon the farm now owned by Jackson Downing.

A post office was established under the name of New Virgil, a mile northeast of Lodi, at the house of Milton Thornton, about 1847. It was subsequently removed to the residence of W. H. Robinson, who was Postmaster until it was discontinued. The Ohio Grove post office, four mile north of Lodi, was started about 1854, with James A. Richardson as Postmaster, and was withdrawn by the Government about 1860. The citizens formerly accommodated at these offices now obtain their mail at Lodi.

This completes the institutions of the rural portion of this quiet country township, and it remains simply to notice briefly the rise and progress of the

VILLAGE OF LODI.

The charter of the Chicago & Galena Railroad required the company to have their track completed and in condition for trains to run to Hickory Grove on the 1st day of January, 1854. The letter, but not the spirit, of the charter was complied with, for late in 1853 the work was hurried through at a desperate speed, and finding that with all their exertions it would be impossible to complete the work to the designated point in the required time, the ties were laid loosely upon the frozen prairie during the last three miles, the rails hurriedly placed upon them, with a nail or two to each, and on New Year's Day an engine slowly puffed to the Grove, where, rejoiced at having complied with the requirements of the law, the conscientious company indulged with the surrounding grangers in a sumptuous *regale*. It was while these exertions were in progress that the road passed the present site of the village, in 1853. Stopping merely long enough to raise a station shanty west of the site now occupied by the depot and name the prospective place Lodi, the company continued its progress. The track then laid was not formed with the elegant "T" rail now in use, but was pimplly parallel square iron bars, such as are still common upon coal roads.

In March, 1854, James Watson, with his family located in the edge of DeKalb County, just outside of the limits of the present village, where he still resides. At that time, there was not a house built in the place, but, soon afterward, Heath & Hathorn (who had purchased the tract upon which the village stands of a Frenchman named Louis Cota, who in turn had derived his title from one Charles Sheldon, the original purchaser) laid out the place* and erected a store where the drug store now stands. This was the first building erected in the village. A little later, James Haines put up a house, which is now occupied as a residence by Mr. Sunlie, and used it for a short time as a hotel, but finally disposed of it, and, about a year later, built the National Hotel. Mr. Watson's store, erected immediately after his arrival, should be mentioned in connection with the early institutions of Lodi, although the building stands just across the line.

Previous to the surveying of Lodi, a post office had been established at the house of Spencer Baker, about a mile west of the present village, and named Line Post Office, from its location. After the plat of the town was laid, it was removed to the store of Heath & Hathorn, and has remained in the village ever since.

From the commencement, the place had a rapid growth. O. S. and F. T. Miner raised a blacksmith shop in the Fall of 1854; B. W. Lyon came in 1855, and built a small store where Kline is now located; and, about the same

* Lodi was laid out and surveyed March 20, 1854, for Heath & Hathorn, by Andrew Pingree, County Surveyor. Several additions have since been made.

time, a fine building was erected by a stock company and designed, at first, as an academy, but finally sold to the District and since used as a public school house. At the close of the year 1856, the village could boast a population of 450; but now came a sudden change in its prospects.

A reliable authority states that Heath & Hathorn laid out the place in 1854, and that the financial crash laid it out again in 1857. For several years it remained in a dormant condition, from which it was at length roused to life and activity by the booming of the first shot fired at Fort Sumter. Many a young man from Lodi and the neighboring country hastened to offer his services to his menaced country, and many gave their lives in the sacred cause. Among them may be mentioned the builder of the first dwelling in the village, who perished near Vicksburg.

Business interests revived as the war proceeded. In 1861, a new depot was built, but was destroyed by fire four years later, only to be replaced by a larger and more convenient one.

Religion also revived in 1861, and early in that year the Baptist Church, which had originated, years before, in the northern part of the township, commenced a church edifice, which was dedicated in October.

A little later, the Catholics commenced their building. This society was a branch of the church which had been formed between Kaneville and Lodi as early as 1849, under the missionary labors of Father Fehlie, and known as Blackberry Mission. Father Dwyer followed him, and when the new building at Lodi was completed, Father Murry, from DeKalb, had the honor of dedicating it.

The Methodist Episcopal building was put up in 1862, and the Free Methodist in 1866. In the latter year, the large store now occupied by Brown Brothers was also erected.

The first attempt to incorporate the village had been made two years before, when the general law for the government of incorporated towns had been submitted to a vote of the inhabitants, and the result had shown a majority in favor of its adoption. City Fathers were elected, but many of the citizens declared that the proceedings of the election had been irregular, and after several arrests for breach of village ordinances, so strong a sentiment was manifested against the village government that it became impossible henceforth to enforce its acts. In 1858, a majority of the people at an election declared the proceedings of the election of 1856 null and void, and great rejoicing followed this result, for the village government had become generally obnoxious. All the old shotguns and anvils were brought out, and a grand racket followed; but in the height of the commotion an anvil burst, breaking and mangling one of Dr. Kennedy's legs, and inflicting a mortal wound upon George Brooks, one of the village boys. Thus the celebration ended in grief. No attempt was made to revive the subject of incorporation for six years, but in 1865 it began again to receive general attention, and although much opposition arose, it was

overcome honestly, and Lodi became a village, with full power to enforce its laws, on the 11th day of March, 1865. After this event the place prospered, and a number of new buildings were put up. Two thousand dollars were raised among the business men in 1869, and paid to G. W. Bunda, of Ithaca, N. Y., as a bonus for establishing a manufactory of agricultural implements. Five thousand dollars' worth of machinery were purchased, including a good engine, and an extensive business was expected. But the proprietor seems to have lacked the requisite qualifications to make the enterprise successful, and in 1871 sold out to E. J. Austin. The manufactory was never operated with any energy, and is now forgotten by the citizens. A carriage shop, started in 1870 by F. O. Rood, has been more prosperous, as has been the cheese factory, which has become one of Lodi's permanent institutions. In the Fall of 1871, the large store on the present site of the drug store was destroyed by fire but was shortly replaced. Mr. Watson's old stand is now occupied by Shoop & Hoyt, dealers in almost everything required by farmers. The streets of Lodi are regularly laid out, and its location is said to be an exceedingly healthy one.

The first physician to locate in the town was Dr. Strong, who came about 1856, and was followed in 1857 by Dr. Wm. Kennedy, the father of W. H. H. Kennedy, Esq. Dr. K. was a thoroughly educated practitioner, and continued to deal out prescriptions in accordance with the teachings of the Allopathic school until his death, which occurred in the Fall of 1862. Dr. McNair took his place, and Dr. Thompson came in 1875, both of whom still remain in the village.

The legal profession was first represented in Lodi, at its commencement, by W. J. Brown, the son of an early settler in Virgil. Mr. Brown remained until 1861, took part in the war which followed, and settled at Geneva after his return. W. H. H. Kennedy commenced studying with him in 1858, was admitted to the bar in 1860, and since 1861 has been settling the disputes which are said to arise occasionally, even in Lodi.

Several orders have arisen in the village at various times in the past, and once a literary society flourished, and collected a library containing some \$200 worth of books; but the societies have become dispersed, owing generally to removals to other places, and the volumes of the library are scattered. The village is important as a railway station, since it contains large water tanks and a coal depot. Its situation is fifty miles west of Chicago, five miles from the nearest village, and it is surrounded by one of the richest farming sections in the State. The assessed valuation of the entire township, including the village, as estimated at fifty cents on the dollar, is \$451,383. The population of the township, including the village, is 1,274.

RUTLAND TOWNSHIP

is located in the northern tier of townships of Kane County, and is known as Township 42, North Range 7, East. The surface of the country is uneven and

rolling, with occasional high points or bluffs rising rather abruptly. It is well timbered, with oak mostly, and the soil of the higher lands produces all the root crops in abundance, while the more marshy lands are in demand for meadow and pasturage.

The first settlement in Rutland Township was made by E. R. Starks and Elijah Rich, the former of whom is, probably, the oldest living inhabitant in the township. He (Starks) came from Rutland County, Vt., when but 22 years of years, and took up a claim in the Fall of 1835. After making his claim, he went to DuPage County, where he spent the Winter with a former acquaintance—one Samuel Goodrich—then living two miles from the present village of Naperville. He returned to his claim in the Spring of 1836 and commenced preparations for improving his newly-selected home. Elijah Rich, mentioned above, and an uncle to Starks, came out in the Spring of 1836, and took up an adjoining claim south of Starks, and the preliminary steps taken for the first settlement. Both these men were, originally, from Massachusetts, but had resided in Vermont for years previous to emigrating westward. Rich was a man of family and well advanced in life when he first visited the land and took up the claim destined to be his future home.

The first house, or, rather, hut, was built of logs, unhewed, on land now owned by Starks and where his orchard now stands. This was the "claim hut," and was the very first in the township. Soon after, a log stable was put up by Starks and Rich, also on Starks' claim, in which both lived during the Summer and Fall of 1836, Starks playing the housewife and doing the cooking and general housework of their bachelor family. Nathaniel Crampton owned a claim in the northern part of the township in 1836; Noble King owned one, also, near him at the same time, and both men boarded, during the Fall, with Rich and Starks in their log stable. The next year Mr. Rich brought his family out from the East and located permanently on his claim, and where he died in November, 1871.

In 1838, Mr. Starks went back to Vermont and married, and brought his young wife out to his new home. A tender and delicate flower, she survived the rigors of the wild West but a few years. Indians were numerous when Starks first located, but were a rather lazy and harmless set, but great beggars, and lived principally by the latter vocation. In the Fall of this year, Andrew McCornack and family came and took up claims in the township. They were from Scotland, and the elder McCornack, who died three years ago, was upward of 90 years of age. Arnold Hill came the same year, and died but recently at the advanced age of 90. William Moore was also in the township in 1838, as was William Lynch, who was a brother-in-law to Moore, and a man by the name of Seymour was living in the western part of the township. These families came direct from Ireland and took up claims, upon which they made permanent settlement. Andrew and Daniel Pingree, brothers, came, this Fall, from New Hampshire and took up claims in the vicinity of what is now known as Pingree

Grove. Straw and Francis Pingree, two other brothers, had come out in the previous Spring, but had made few improvements when the others arrived.

The following Spring, Andrew Pingree went back to Belfast, New Hampshire, and taught there and in Maine until 1844, when he again visited his claim in Rutland, and settled there permanently. Wm. C. Pingree, a fifth brother, and a mere boy, came the previous year and remained, and the entire family came out in 1844. Andrew Pingree, Sr., the father and head of the family, who was quite an old man at the time they came out, died in March, 1846, about two years after coming to the town. Doctor Daniel Pingree (who had not taken up the medical profession at that time, and who will receive further notice in the history of Plato Township) traveled extensively after 1838, spending several years in the Southern States, and also in California, still retained his claim here, to which he finally returned and settled, about 1860. Andrew Pingree, a minister of the Universalist denomination, and one of the most noted and eminent men of Kane County, and whose biography appears in another part of this work, is still living on his original claim made in 1838, and at present owns about 1,200 acres of land. Francis settled in Iowa in 1853. Straw died on his original claim a few years ago. William, the youngest scion of this good old stock, after attaining his majority, went to California, where he is now living. In the first settling of the township, and previous to 1838, the settlers did their milling in Du Page County, but afterward a mill was erected in Elgin, which on account of its convenience received almost their exclusive patronage. There were at this period (1838) but three little log huts between Pingree Grove and Elgin, to relieve the dreary monotony of the lonely wilderness. Dr. McKay was the first physician in the township, and was here as early as 1847. He was born and educated in the North of Ireland, and for many years practiced his profession in Rutland. Owen Burke came from Ireland in 1836, and settled originally in Elgin, but bought land and settled in Rutland Township in 1842, where still lives.

THE NAME OF RUTLAND

was attained in the following manner: Half of Dundee Township and Rutland were known originally as Deerfield Precinct. In 1848, the State was divided into townships according to Government survey. At a meeting of the citizens, when the subject of a name came up, the Scotch suggested the name of some town in Caledonia, now forgotten; the Irish clamored for Rose Green, a name dear to the "exiles of ould Erin," while the "nation born sons of the soil," who were (as were the Scotch and Irish elements) overwhelmingly Democratic, wanted it called Jackson, after the hero of New Orleans, which was finally agreed to. At the first meeting of Supervisors it appeared that there was another Jackson Township in the State, which had a precedence of this, and that this must be changed. E. R. Starks, one of the Supervisors (the first of Rutland Township), and already mentioned as one of the earliest settlers, still

retaining a great regard for the "old hills," suggested Rutland, from Rutland County, Vermont, his native place, which was unanimously adopted.

A POST OFFICE

was established in Deerfield Precinct (now Rutland Township) about the year 1838 or 1840, which was called Deerfield Post Office. It was held at the house of one Standish, who lived about two miles west of where Pingree Grove Station is located, and survived but a few years. In September, 1848, the post office of Pingree Grove was established. Andrew Pingree, Postmaster, an office he held without interruption for fourteen years, when he was succeeded by W. S. Eakin, who in turn was succeeded by J. J. Brown, and he again by Pingree. A. W. Kelley now holds the office. A post office was established at Gilbert's Station (Rutlandville), in this township, on the Galena Division of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad, about the year 1852, and within the past few years another has been established at the Holstein Cheese Factory, in the northwestern part of the township, and bears the same name—Holstein.

THE FIRST DEATH

in Rutland was Mrs. Hannah Rich, the mother of Elijah Rich, already mentioned as one of the earliest settlers, who died in 1838, and was buried in the old grave-yard, on the farm of Mr. Starks. In 1840, Mrs. Starks (wife of E. R. Starks) died, and was the second interred in the Starks' burying ground. These were the first two mounds raised in this little "City of the Dead," to which have since been added many of the old pioneers of the early settlement. Adelia Rich, daughter of E. Rich, was born February, 1837, and was the first white child born in the township. The first marriage was that of Lewis Bandal and Miss Brady. They were married in 1839 by Elijah Rich, the first Justice of the Peace of the Township.

THE OLD STATE ROAD,

from Chicago to Galena, was the the first highway through Rutland Township, and the great thoroughfare of travel between east and west, and was crowded with travelers of every class from "early morn to dewy eve," from the emigrant to the seeker after pleasure. A more complete account of this road is given in another part of this history.

THE RAILROADS

of the township are the Chicago & Pacific and the Galena Division of the Chicago & Northwestern. The last mentioned road was built through the township in 1852, and crosses in an almost northwest direction. The following anecdote is connected with the building of the road through this section: After the road had been graded, there came quite a freeze, on the breaking up of which a large hole "fell in" on the present site of Gilbert's Station, and in the graded work. It seemed to be without bottom, and the more they tried to fill

it the less progress appeared to be made. Entire trees were dumped into it, and all kinds of rubbish poked into its capacious maw with little avail, until some of the more superstitiously inclined decided that, if it was not the bottomless pit itself, it must be the famed "Symmes' Hole." Finally, after industriously employing the whole corps of workmen for several days upon it, they succeeded in filling it. A large amount of freight is daily shipped from Gilbert's Station, consisting chiefly of milk sent to Chicago. This alone is an important item, and for the year 1877, the amount paid for freight, on milk exclusively, was as follows: January, \$862.00; February, \$865.00; March, \$1,009.00; April, \$1,046.00; May, \$1,130.00; June, \$1,179.00; July, \$1,022.00; August, \$1,108.00; September, \$978.00; October, \$985.00; November, \$939.00; December, \$864.00, making a total of \$11,987.00. Other freights are light, as milk is the main staple of this community.

Gilbert's, or Rutlandville, comprises the east half of the southeast quarter of Section 23, and west half of Section 24. It was surveyed in June, 1875, and laid out in village lots by Andrew Pingree, and is owned, principally, by him and Elijah Wilcox. There is in the place one general store, kept by John Kelley, who is Postmaster and Express Agent, and is doing a very good business; one steam feed-mill, owned by Messrs. Eatinger, Mason & O'Brien, and which is crowded to its utmost capacity to supply the demand for this class of feed. It has, also, two blacksmith shops, one wagon shop, and the best school house in the township. The post office was established here at an early date, as noticed further back. John Mann was the first Postmaster, and, after holding the office for some years, was succeeded by John McGraw, and he by Nicholas Freeman; John Martin succeeded Freeman, and, after serving for six years, was succeeded by Mr. Kelley, the present Postmaster.

THE CHICAGO & PACIFIC RAILROAD

was built in 1874. It had a hard struggle for existence, and every influence was brought to bear in opposition to the project. The company did not even receive the right of way, except at the highest market value, from a single individual, after leaving Elgin, until reaching the lands of Andrew and Doctor Pingree, who, in addition to donating the right of way, contributed some fifteen hundred dollars in cash. Quite a strong contest for the depot came up. Some wanted it east, and some west of its present location. It was finally decided by the Pingrees, who not only donated the ground, but built the depot, which is an elegant one, at their own expense. They have made the station what it is, and justly merit the reward of giving to it their family name. A great deal of freight is shipped from Pingree Grove Station; but, like Gilbert's, the bulk of it is milk, and goes mostly to Chicago. The receipts for freight shipped during the year 1877 are as follows: For milk, \$4,085.80; for other freights, \$833.35; total, \$4,919.15. Freight and travel are rapidly increasing from this point, which is destined, in our opinion, to become one of the main stations on the line.

Pingree Grove has one general store, owned by Mr. Alfred W. Kelley, of the firm of Kelley & Hart, of Elgin, and is doing an extensive business. The post office is kept in this store. Mr. Kelley owns a magnificent hay barn here, with one of the largest and best hay-presses in use attached. It is employed during the hay shipping season at its full capacity. The school house, which is owned jointly with Plato Township, and is exactly on the line, is a comfortable and commodious edifice, and cost \$700. It is attended, on an average, by about fifty pupils.

Professor Hood, formerly of St. Charles Township, is putting up an elegant school building and residence combined. Hannigan's steam feed-mill is doing a large business in grinding stock feed, and is quite an institution in the neighborhood.

THE HOLSTEIN CHEESE FACTORY,

located four miles from Pingree Grove Station, and in the northwestern part of the township, was erected in the Spring of 1875, by James H. Gage, who is still the proprietor of it. It is an elegant two-story and basement building, the two stories being frame, while the basement is built of brick, and is larger than the average of buildings of this kind. The Holstein Factory is doing a good business, running, upon an average, up to its full capacity, and is under the management of one of the most skillful cheese makers in the country. A part of the milk is bought direct, while a part is worked up for his patrons, as is the usual custom with the factories in the county. A very great portion of the milk of Rutland Township is shipped to other points. Some is shipped from Pingree Grove, some from Gilbert's Station, while a large portion is taken to factories across the lines. The milk and dairy business comprises the principal source of industry, and is increasing in volume every year.

THE FIRST SCHOOL HOUSE

was a log one, built by the inhabitants *en masse* about the year 1838 or 1840, in the southwest corner of the township. No school was ever kept in it; as the township appears to have been, at that remote period, one of the bachelors, who, however, seemed to anticipate the time when such a building might become useful. There are now ten School Districts entirely in Rutland Township, and three union districts, all having good, substantial frame buildings, with an assessed valuation of \$3,500. The first entry in School Records now existing is dated November 2, 1842. It was then ordered "that Francis Pingree be Treasurer." At a meeting held at the house of Robert Eakin, John L. Rowe and John Flynn were elected Trustees of Schools, in the place of Mason Sherburne and Joseph Randall, resigned. At that meeting, it was ordered that the township be divided into five School Districts. There were no schools established in the town previous to 1842. It was voted May 20th, that M. M. Marsh and Daniel Pingree circulate a petition for the sale of School Section (Sec. 16). There seems to have been some trouble, at this time, about the name of the town, for we find an isolated entry in the School Records, as follows: "Num-

ber of voters in favor of naming this town, 3; number of voters against naming this town, 7; number for naming it Meriden, 3; number of votes for the name Cumber, 1." At a meeting of the Board of Trustees, held at the house of Thomas Fraser, April 1, 1848, it was ordered "*that all papers out of date, and of no use, be committed to the flames.*"

Mr. Samuel Eakin has held the office of Township Treasurer for twenty-two years in succession. The school funds, when he obtained the books, were but \$26.00; now they amount to the sum of \$4,300. Rutland has a school fund which ranks among the highest in the county, and it seems to have been well managed by the efficient Treasurer. In 1848, S. B. Eakin, Alexander McCornack and Daniel Duff were elected Trustees. July 7, 1849, there were eight districts, which turned out school children as follows:

District No. 1, 36; No. 2, 106; No. 3, 34; No. 4, 67; No. 5, 55; No. 5 East, 15; No. 5 West, 7; No. 6, 64; Total, 384. And in April, 1850, the number of children entitled to school privileges was: District No. 1, 42; No. 2, 84; No. 3, 40; No. 4, 78; No. 5 East, 29; No. 6, 87; No. 7, 13; No. 5 West, 77; Total, 450.

The following teachers had presented schedules: J. Sprague, Betsy Pingree, Jeremiah Boggs, Mary J. McLord, Lavina J. Eakin, Betsy N. Pingree.

In 1855, there were eleven districts, and 619 children within the prescribed ages.

THE FIRST CHURCH

erected in Rutland Township, and the only one existing to-day, is of the Catholic denomination, and located at Gilbert's Station. The present edifice was built in 1855, on ground donated for the purpose by Andrew Pingree. It is an elegant building, of modern architecture, and cost \$2,000. The society was organized several years previous to this, and built a small church about two miles east of the present one, at what is known as the "old Catholic burying ground." This house was built of lumber sawed on Tyler's mill, one of the first saw-mills built in Elgin Township. Father John Guigin (a Frenchman) was the first officiating priest, but was succeeded in a few years by Father Scanlon, formerly of Elgin, but now living in Chicago. After the new church was built at Gilbert's, it was for many years in charge of Father Gallaher, who administered spiritual consolation to the full satisfaction of his flock. A few years ago, the society divided, and a large number went to Huntley, just over the line in McHenry County, to worship. About fifty families still remain in the old mother church, comprising about two hundred members, and are under the pastoral charge of Father Gormley.

IN POLITICS,

Rutland has always been a straight Democratic town, never having given a majority to one of any other political faith for an office of consequence; and socially, her citizens are intelligent, enterprising and honorable.

PLATO TOWNSHIP.

So far as can be ascertained with any degree of correctness, the first settlement was made in Plato Township in the early part of 1835. In the Spring of this year, John Griggs and son, also named John, came from Ohio and took up claims adjoining each other in the southwest part of the township. They had lived for some time in Du Page County, but came here, as above stated, in the Spring of 1835, and made permanent settlements. A man named Judkins located a claim this same Spring, and built on it, but sold out soon after and returned to his old home in Indiana. He and Griggs, Sr., built about the same time, and to one of them, but which one cannot now be determined, belongs the honor of erecting the first house in Plato Township. That built by the elder Griggs is still standing, having survived the sunshine and the storms of more than forty years, that of its builder more than a decade. He kept the first tavern in the township, a small log house, and as it was on the direct stage line from St. Charles to Galena, he in that early time had plenty of patronage. As "mine host," he entertained his guests with plenty to eat *and to drink*, and his hospitality was proverbial far and wide. He died in 1861. John Griggs, Jr., still owns his original claim made in 1835, but has recently moved to Genoa, and his son, Eugene Griggs, occupies the old homestead.

John S. Lee, another of the early settlers, when about 19 years of age, came to Kane County from Putnam County, N. Y., in July, 1835. In the December following, he made the claim upon which he still lives. He owns a fine farm of over five hundred acres.

There were then but three log huts in the entire settlement, and the few families there did their milling in Du Page County, near Naperville, until several years later, when they went to Boardman's, on the east side of the river, near Batavia, and, later still, to Elgin.

Mr. Lee was elected Justice of the Peace in 1840, and was the second in the township (John Griggs, Sr., was the first), and, after holding the office nine years, resigned.

Dr. L. S. Tyler came to Udina, in Plato Township, from Orange County, Vt., early in 1836, and located a claim. John Ranstead came about the same time, and took up a claim near Tyler's, and for a while both lived together. A family of Merrills were living near Udina at that time, but of them nearly all trace is lost. Mr. Ranstead died a few years ago, and his son-in-law, Mr. Britton, now lives on the old original farm. Dr. Tyler, finding no opening in Chicago, came to this township and went to work. He was eight years at Udina, and was the first regular physician in the town.

The following anecdote is illustrative of the hardships of those early times: In December, 1836, Dr. Tyler had been to see a man named Moore, between his claim and Dundee, and had gone in a wagon drawn by two horses. They

(Ranstead was with Tyler) started to return home about 4 o'clock in the evening. Three miles distant, they came to Tyler Creek, so called from two families of Tylers who had settled near its mouth, in Elgin Township. It was frozen, had partly thawed, and dropped down so as to form a letter V. It was a very cold night, and the moon shone clear. After some deliberation, they concluded to see whether the horses would break in, and so took them from the wagon for that purpose. Ranstead led in first, and the horse broke in. Tyler then led the other, a rather poor old horse, into the creek. He was badly shod, and, his feet slipping from under him, he fell twice, when he gave up. Ranstead went to Olds', who lived a mile distant, for oxen to pull the horse out, while Tyler remained, in water up to his waist, and held up the horse's head, meantime, to prevent him drowning. A rather worthless cur, with somewhat questionable habits, which was with them, when the oxen came seized one of them by the nose, which set up a hideous bellowing and ran home. They then bethought themselves to fasten a rope to the horse in the creek, and haul him out with the other, which they successfully accomplished, and, leaving him on the bank, wrapped in blankets, they went to Olds' to supper, having previously given the horse the remainder of a bottle of whisky which Olds had that day bought in Elgin, and was thoughtful enough to bring to the rescue. After supper, they went home, and it was so cold that, next morning, the ice would bear the wagon and team, and they were crossed over in safety. Dr. Tyler moved to Elgin in 1849.

Dr. Daniel Pingree came to Plato Township, in 1838, from New Hampshire, as noticed in the history of Rutland Township. After taking up his claim, he spent several years in traveling, and in teaching in the Southern States, mostly in Tennessee, occasionally visiting his claim in Illinois. He studied medicine, and graduated in February, 1849, at the Indiana Medical College, when he went to California, and practiced his profession in the Golden State for several years. He returned, in 1860, and located permanently on his claim in Plato Township, where he continues the practice of medicine. He has devoted considerable attention to the raising of Norman horses, and owns some fine specimens of that famous breed.

William Hanson, a native of England, came to this township, in 1839, and took up a claim one mile south of Plato Center, upon which he is still living. He is Town Treasurer, an office he has held without change since 1844.

Thomas Burnidge, when but a minor, came with his parents from Massachusetts, and settled at Plato Center, in 1840. He is still living, but the old couple "sleep with their fathers."

Indians were plenty in the country at the time of the early settlement of the township. When Mr. John S. Lee came to the town, in 1835, there were large numbers, he informed us, in this section. Though perfectly harmless at that time, they were rather disposed to be lazy, were arrant beggars, and required watching, owing to a slight disposition on their part to take little things

not strictly belonging to them. The last of them were removed to their reservation, in 1836, made them by the United States Government.

The first birth, or one of the first, in the township, was Abijah Lee, born September 4, 1839, who, from the best information to be obtained, is believed to have been the first white child born in the new settlement. One of the most noteworthy facts connected with this, the first-born, is that he entered the army of the Union, at the commencement of the late war, where he continued faithfully serving his country until peace crowned her arms.

John S. Lee, already mentioned as one of the earliest settlers of Plato, and Miss Perry, of Campton, were the first couple married.

The "grim monster" appears to have favored this community, for no death had occurred until the population had increased to such an extent that the event was not felt nor noticed as it would have been in a more sparsely settled neighborhood, and there is no one now who remembers the first to cross the dark river.

A post office was established at Plato Corners, near the south line of the township, somewhere between 1840 and 1844, but was discontinued, after a few years, since which time the citizens of that section have mostly gotten their mail from Elgin. In 1854, they obtained an office at North Plato, of which Freeman Temple was the first Postmaster. Three years after, he was succeeded by C. M. Campbell, who held the office until 1859, when it was discontinued. It was re-established in 1869, with H. Eastman as Postmaster. After holding the office for four years, he was succeeded by L. E. Bamber, who held it until 1876, when he in turn was succeeded by Charles Cole, the present incumbent. A post office was established at Plato Center, with Thomas Burridge as Postmaster, during the Presidential term of Andrew Johnson, but, after existing for seven years, was discontinued. In 1877, they again petitioned for an office, but from some cause failed to obtain it.

The first store in Plato Township was established at Plato Corners in 1848, by Levi Jackman, of Elgin, who, after a few years' business, closed it out and returned whence he came. The next of which we have an authentic account was opened in North Plato in 1854 by Freeman Temple, who continued it about four years, when he was succeeded by other parties, who, with some changes, have kept it in operation to the present day.

The cheese factories in this township are three in number. The first was built in 1866, two and a half miles southeast of Plato Center, and was run by Duncan Johnson, who finally became the owner of it. It was consumed by fire in March, 1876, and so speedily rebuilt that it was in operation again in two months from the burning. Soon after rebuilding, he sold this factory to Hawthorne & Brother, of Elgin, who are still running it and doing a good business. Sometime before making this sale, Johnson built a factory at Plato Center, and commenced business in March, 1874. It is a good and substantial frame building, two stories high, and runs, upon an average, up to its full capacity.

In 1873, Peck & Son built a factory at North Plato. It is a stout frame two-story and basement, and remains in good condition. Messrs. Peck & Son are still the owners, but for the two past seasons it has been operated by R. R. Stone, of Elgin. It is doing a very good business, but at present is not running up to the average capacity. These factories make up most of the milk for their patrons, but what is not thus made up is bought from them direct. A large portion of the farmers in Plato Township are having their milk worked up at home; only a few along the north boundary shipping from Pingree Grove.

The first church in the township was built at Udina, by the Congregationalists, in 1852. The society was originally organized in 1848 by Rev. N. C. Clarke, of Elgin, and the first preacher in charge of the little flock was Rev. Mr. Taylor, who, after one year's services, was succeeded by Rev. Mr. French. He remained in charge three years. Up to this time, the society had worshiped in the school house, but this year (1852) a good, comfortable frame building was erected, and formally dedicated by Rev. Mr. Clarke, who became the first Pastor of the society in their new temple. The church at present numbers 62 members on its roll of membership, and is under the pastoral charge of Rev. Mr. Sawers. A few years subsequent to the building of the church at Udina, the old Scotch Presbyterian, or Covenanters, erected a church in the "Northeast Corner" of Plato, near the line of Rutland Township, known as Washington Church, a name it still bears. Rev. Mr. Stewart was their first minister. Rev. Mr. Gaily is at present in charge. Sometime about 1865-67, the younger element, becoming more liberal in their views and dissatisfied with some of the extreme tenets of the old church, seceded and built a church of their own but a few rods distant, and which goes by the name of American Presbyterians. Being young and weak both in numbers and in finances, they feel themselves unable to support a preacher exclusively, and their pulpit is filled by Rev. Mr. Sawers, Pastor of the Congregational Church at Udina. Both of these Presbyterian Churches are near the Rutland line, and are supported principally by the Rutland people. The Methodist Episcopal Church, at Plato Center, is an elegant frame edifice, built in 1859. The first sermon preached in it was by Rev. T. M. Eddy, of Chicago, who formally dedicated it to the worship of God on the 7th day of December of that year. The ministers in charge during its first year of existence were Revs. Woolsey and Call. The society was organized about the year 1848, and worshiped first in the Town House and afterward in the school house, which they occupied until the building of the church. It is in a flourishing condition, has a large membership and is under the spiritual guidance of Rev. Mr. Whitcomb.

A church was built at North Plato, in 1873, by the Scotch Presbyterians. It is a handsome edifice, and cost about \$3,000. Rev. Mr. McDougall was the minister in charge at the time of its erection. Other societies were formed there several years anterior to this period, viz., Baptists, Free-Will Baptists,



A. J. Mann
BURLINGTON.

Methodist Episcopal, Free Methodist, etc., who worshiped in the school house. All of these societies have either dwindled away or been merged into the Free-will Baptists, who alone now occupy the church. The Presbyterians still hold the church property, but from some cause have not used it for the past year. The first preacher permanently stationed in the town was Rev Mr. Elmore, a sort of missionary sent hither by the Baptists, about the year 1845. Transient ministers, however, had occasionally preached in the township previous to his coming. He organized a society at Plato Center about that time, but how long it existed no one now living can tell. A school house was built at Plato Corners in the year 1840. It was a log structure, and the walls of it are still standing. This was unmistakably the first school house built in the township. The first school was a general subscription school, and was taught by Charlotte Griggs. In examining the old school records, the first entry we find is as follows: "At a meeting of Trustees of Schools, held at the house of Solomon Ellison, October 23, 1841, there were present Stephen Archer and Franklin Bascom, Trustees, who appointed J. S. Burdick Treasurer." The bond required by law, as the records of that date further show, was duly made by him and accepted by the Trustees, they themselves being "qualified according to law by John S. Lee, Justice of the Peace." At a meeting held November, 1841, the Trustees "proceeded to lay off said Township into School Districts, as follows, to wit: Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 22, 23 and 24 shall be known as District No. 1; Sections 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 16, 17 and 18 as District No. 2; Sections 19, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32 and 33 as District No. 3, or Chicken Grove; Sections 25, 26, 27, 34, 35 and 36 as District No. 4 or Otter Creek." After which the Trustees proceeded to appoint Directors for each district as laid out. At a meeting held December, 1841, "It was ordered by the Trustees, at the request of the legal voters of said township, that the Treasurer give legal notice that an election be held on the 8th of January, 1842, for the purpose of incorporating said township," and at a meeting held on the day named, at J. S. Burdick's, "It was unanimously resolved that the township be incorporated." Signed by L. S. Tyler, David Bogue, Russell Throll, John S. Lee, J. S. Burdick, School Trustees, who were elected for the township at this meeting.

The following teachers also received certificates of qualifications: D. McNichols and Sarah Ann Burdick.

The following is a list of the children coming under the School Law, according to the report made May 1, 1843: District No. 1, 24; District No. 2, 28; District No. 3, 23; District No. 4, 46; District Union 3, 30; District Union 5, 25; total, 176.

The report made October 1, 1847, showed the number of districts to be eight, with a total number of children under 21 years of age, 407. At a subsequent meeting, the following teachers received certificates of qualifications: Mary Field, Maria Harpending, Olivia Watkins, Martin Burdick.

At a meeting, January 6, 1844, William Hanson was elected Treasurer, and "his bond accepted."

The following report of schools was made in 1851: Number of schools, 7; number of male teachers, 4; number of female teachers, 3; highest compensation paid per month, \$12.00; lowest compensation paid per week, \$1.50; number of scholars attending, 250; number of districts, 10; number of school houses, 5; number of frame school houses, 3; number of log school houses, 2; amount of school funds, \$1,582.47; children under 21 years of age, 417.

The report made in 1877 showed nine districts wholly in the township, with three union districts, all with good substantial frame buildings, and the estimated value of school property, \$5,400.00; estimated value of school libraries, \$70.00; present school fund, \$3,180.08.

Plato Township compares favorably with any in the county as regards educational facilities.

The Railroads of Plato are few and far between. About a half mile or perhaps a mile of the Chicago & Pacific Railroad burdens its soil, just clipping off the northeast corner of the town. Pingree Grove station, on the above road, is near the township line, however, and affords the citizens convenient facilities for shipping.

The old State road, from Chicago to Galena, which was the first road built through this section, likewise takes off a very small corner of the township. But the first road of any consequence to the town was the stage road from St. Charles to Galena, intersecting the old State road at Belvidere, and was the road on which Griggs' tavern stood, as mentioned further back.

Plato Township is known as Township 41 North, Range 7 East, with an assessed valuation, in 1877, of \$460,244.00.

Originally, Plato, Burlington, with portions of Campton and Virgil, were known as Campton Precinct. It was divided in 1840, and Plato and Burlington called Washington Precinct.

In those primitive days, there seems to have been wire-pulling in political circles as well as in these corrupt times, as evidenced in the fact that at the election of 1840, the Whigs, who were vastly in the minority, the town being Democratic, succeeded by some political hocus pocus in electing their petty officers. There not being offices enough to accommodate all who desired those little honors, the precinct was again divided in 1844, Plato still retaining the name of Washington.

In 1848, when the State was divided into townships, by Government survey, this township was called Homer, but at the first meeting of the Board of Supervisors, it was found that there was another Homer in the State, and this must be again changed. Bent upon having a name, however, memorable in ancient lore, the name of Plato was suggested, ostensibly for William B. Plato, of Geneva, but more particularly, perhaps, for the ancient philosopher. The name was unanimously adopted and has been retained to the present day.

The hamlets of Plato Township are Plato Center and North Plato, situated wholly in the township, and Udina and Pingree Grove, located astride the lines. The last two named have been mentioned, the one in the history of the Rutland and the other of Elgin Township.

Plato Center has a store, recently opened by Luzi Schneller; a steam feed-mill, owned and operated by Fred Van Nostrand; a grocery store and cheese factory, by Duncan Johnson, and an excellent school house.

North Plato has a store, by C. M. Campbell; a post office; a blacksmith shop; a cheese factory, owned by Peck & Son, and a good school house.

Cemeteries, of which the township has several, though they are rather small and thinly inhabited; that adjacent to the Methodist Episcopal Church, at Plato Center, is well kept and quite a beautiful place. The first burial within its precincts was a child of George Abbot, in 1853.

The burying ground of the Congregational Church at Udina is a lovely spot, beautifully ornamented with shrubs and evergreens. The first occupant was Benjamin F. Knapp, buried there in 1842.

Politically, Plato Township is Republican, though in the old days of Whiggery, it was largely Democratic.

Its war record is good, turning out, as it did, its full complement of soldiers to battle for the old flag, several of whom rose in rank to important official positions.

HAMPSHIRE TOWNSHIP.

This township is in the extreme northwest corner of Kane County, and is known as Township 42 North, Range 6 East. It had a population in 1870 of 1,049, with an assessed valuation in 1877 of \$592,037. The surface of the country is rolling, the soil fertile and well watered and produces corn and hay in plentiful profusion.

The first settlement was made in 1836, by Lenas Allen. Mr. Allen came from the State of Vermont to Chicago, in June, 1835, when that great city was little else than a kind of marshy bog, or one immense frog pond. He remained in Chicago until the latter part of the Summer of 1836, when he came to this section and took up a claim in the south part, upon which he built a rough log house. This was the FIRST HOUSE erected in what is now Hampshire Township. A portion of the walls of the old building are still standing, but are rapidly crumbling into decay, and in a few years more it, too, will be gone, with other relics of this early day. A year or two after making his first claim, he removed a few miles to the north and made a permanent settlement, where the remainder of his life was spent in agricultural pursuits. His son, John A. Allen, now lives on the old homestead, while grandsons occupy the land embraced in Allen's original claim, and are respected citizens of the community.

Thomas E. Whittemore came from New Hampshire, and Samuel Hawley from Connecticut, and made settlement in this township in 1836, and for many years were identified with the affairs of the settlement. Whittemore seems to have been a man of considerable prominence and a kind of leader among his neighbors.

The next year, Daniel Hall came from New York, and in 1838, William H. Seymour and S. A. McApes, from the same State, located claims in this town and settled permanently. Mr. Seymour is still living in the old town or village of Hampshire, and Mr. McApes near Bloomington, Wis.

In 1840, Levi Willard and three sons, George, Stephen and William T., came from Michigan and settled in the northern part of the township; of these, George and Stephen live in Dundee Township, William T. remains on the site of the original settlement, while the aged patriarch sleeps beneath the sod in the old graveyard.

Rev. Robert Williams, Enoch O. Garland, from New Hampshire; Joseph Dalby, from England; William Trumbull and Isaac Paddock, from New York; John Aurand, from Germany, and Hilda Coon and Stephen Haviland, all took up claims and settled permanently in the township in 1838-40. Lucien Baldwin, from the county of Bennington, Vt., took up a claim in Hampshire Township in 1842, upon which he is still living.

Samuel C. Rowell left his home in the Old Granite State, when a youth of 18, and went to Kentucky, where he spent about three years. Not altogether satisfied with the "Dark and Bloody Ground," he mounted his horse, then the usual mode of locomotion, and struck out across the Hoosier State toward the setting sun, to select a home in the "Far West." Mr. Rowell's description of this trip, as related to us, is highly entertaining, and would make the hair rise on the heads of the tender youths (hot-house plants) of the present day.

Grand Prairie, southwest of Danville, Ill., at this remote period, had but one house for a distance of forty miles; and his wits were often exercised to the utmost to secure shelter for himself and horse, other than the blue sky. In those early days, it was the fashion, in the Eastern States, for men to wear long hair; and in conformity with that custom, Mr. Rowell wore his far down on his shoulders, and it being rather black gave him quite a brigandish appearance. In crossing Big Foot Prairie, in Wisconsin, when bringing up for the night he was informed that the tavern was full, and he would have to seek refuge farther on. At the next, and the next, the same excuse was made, with rather suspicious glances, which seemed to indicate that all was not right, and when 9 o'clock had come, and still found him without a shelter for the night, he determined to know the cause of so many refusals. He had been directed, at the last tavern where he had tried for lodging, to a house a little off the road, where strangers were sometimes entertained when the tavern was overcrowded, but another refusal was the result. It was 9 o'clock at night, eight

miles to the next habitation, and every appearance of an early thunder shower. The man of the house was not at home, and the lady very positively declined to allow him to remain, and asked why he had not stopped earlier in the evening. He told her of his ineffectual efforts to procure lodging for the night, which seemed to confirm her in her refusal. But, nothing daunted, he renewed his appeal. He told her that he came from a land where the weary, way-worn traveler never sought refuge in vain, nor the poorest were denied shelter from the storm. Something in the appeal struck a sympathetic chord in the woman's heart, who, after asking a few questions, recognized in him a son of one of her old neighbors. She had moved into the neighborhood after Rowell went to Kentucky, and had heard many accounts from his parents of their distant boy.

He received shelter, not only for the night, but remained with the family for several days, during which time was developed the secret of his many failures to obtain lodging. A short time previous to his appearance, a number of blacklegs and thieves had passed that way, and had stolen a lot of horses, with which they had made off. They wore long hair, and hence the suspicious glances cast upon him, and the abrupt refusal to his request for a night's lodging. He had his hair trimmed the next day, and says he has never worn long hair since that eventful period.

After traveling some 800 miles over the West on horseback, Mr. Rowell finally came to Hampshire Township, in 1843, where he took up a claim and made a permanent settlement. He went back to Kentucky in 1844, where he married, and returned, with his wife, to his new home, where he continued farming for years. In 1850, he embarked in the mercantile business at the old town of Hampshire, where he remained until a few years ago, when he removed to the new village of Hampshire, and is one of the solid men and prosperous merchants of the town.

Henry Doty came from Ashtabula County, Ohio. After the great crash of 1837, finding times hard and dull in the old Buckeye State, he cast about him for a means of bettering his condition and his worldly prospects. Owing to the very bad name which Illinois at that time bore, in regard to her financial condition, being, as he informed us, several millions in debt, he went on to Kenosha, Wis., with the determination of settling in that region. Having a brother in this township, however, who insisted on his making a tour of inspection here before locating permanently, he finally concluded to act upon his advice, and came overland in wagons from Kenosha, arriving here on the 3d of December, 1843. He found snow on the ground a foot deep, a wild, dreary waste, and as cheerless a prospect as one might well wish to see. He lost no time, however, but took up a claim at once, upon which he is living at the present time.

Of these early pioneers many have gone to the "land of shadows." Lenas Allen, the first in the settlement, died February 15, 1848, at a ripe old age.

His wife, who was the first white woman in the township, still lives, and is enjoying very fair health. Thomas E. Whittemore died on his original claim several years ago, leaving a vacancy not easily filled. Daniel Hall, who came to the town at the same time, died in Elgin, 1875. Samuel Hawley, known in those early days as "Father Hawley," and Stephen Havilland rest in the old grave yard at Doty's school house. Both died on their original farms—Hawley in 1858, and Havilland in 1872. Joseph Dalby lives just over the line in McHenry County, at the village of Huntley. Rev. Robt. Williams, the first preacher in the township, finished up the work of his Master, and passed to his reward a short time ago. E. O. Garland died in Hampshire Township, and Paddock went to California, where he died a few years ago. William Trumbull and Lucien Baldwin are still living upon their original claims. Aurand, Coon and Willard rest after their labors under the weeping willows.

Those were the "times that tried men's souls," and the struggle for a home in the wild wilderness, often a prolonged and bitter one, and one in which the hardy pioneer went down with his aim unaccomplished, his goal unreachd. The farmers of to-day know little of what the early settlers of the country had to contend with. What would the world think to see a train of wagons, laden with wheat, coming into Chicago drawn by oxen! And yet a third of a century ago, that was the usual mode of transportation (as an old farmer informed us) from this section. The snort of the iron horse has at length driven the slow, plodding, patient ox from the track, and the railway car has taken the place of the road wagon; the old time way of doing business has become obsolete—has passed away "among the things that were," and still the world is moving on. People did their milling in the early settlement of Hampshire Township mostly at St. Charles, until a mill was built at Elgin, when their custom was transferred to that place. A few had occasionally made trips to Boardman's Mill near Batavia, and once in a while one had gone to Belvidere, but the building of a mill at Elgin brought "the war into Africa," or a mill to their doors, as it were, and forever put a stop to the long and uncertain trips to distant mills.

There were still a few Indians of the Pottawattomie tribe in this section when the first settlers came in 1836, but they were apparently harmless, and left soon after for the reservation made them by the Government.

The first road in the township of Hampshire was the old State road from Chicago to Galena, already referred to in this work. Another road, from St. Charles to Marengo, ran diagonally across the township. These were the great thoroughfares of travel in those early days, and were often the scenes of crowded caravans that would astonish us were we to witness such spectacles at the present day. An old settler informed us that he had often known as many as two hundred wagons to pass over the Chicago and Galena road in one day. And it was no uncommon occurrence for fifty and sixty wagons to camp over

night at the old village of Hampshire, known familiarly at that early day by the sobriquet of "Hen Peck." It was then that there was kept at Hen Peck a kind of summer bar room, for the accommodation of thirsty travelers. The village at that period was composed of a cool, clear pond of water, upon the banks of which stood a large and beautiful shade tree. These were originally the inducements which lured the jaded teamsters to the spot, until it became known far and wide as a general camping ground. Finally, with an eye to business, and a mind to turn an honest penny, William H. Seymour, already mentioned as one of the early settlers of the town, and an enterprising individual, conceived the idea of opening a saloon under this old shade tree. Driving a couple of posts into the ground, and putting a board across from one to the other for a counter, with a jug of whisky behind the structure, he was ready for business; and many a "fourpence" and "bit," or "shilling"—as the small change was denominated in those days—passed over this unique counter in the course of a day. This was the first saloon, and probably the commencement of the liquor traffic in Hampshire Township. When the jug was emptied, it was refilled at the stillhouse, and thus the trade went on.

Garland's Tavern was probably the first in the township, and was on the Chicago and Galena road, fourteen miles west of Elgin, and one mile west of the old village of Hampshire. It was kept by E. O. Garland (who also kept the stage stand in connection), about the years 1838-40. McApes also kept a tavern near by about the same time. In 1845, W. N. Humphreys, from Elgin, opened a tavern at the old village, which continued many years.

Dr. Thomas E. Fowler, who came from Ohio in 1850, was the first practicing physician in the town. After following his profession in the community for twenty years, he went to Iowa, where he died but a short time ago.

Thomas E. Whittemore was the first Justice of the Peace, and held the office at the same time with Elijah Rich, of Rutland Township, when this and Rutland were known as Deerfield Precinct, and entitled to but two Justices between them.

A post office was established in 1840, at the old stage stand, and was the first post office in the township. E. O. Garland was Postmaster, and kept the office until 1848, when it was removed to the village of Hampshire, and W. N. Humphreys made Postmaster. In 1875, it was removed to the new village of Hampshire, and S. C. Rowell became Postmaster. Recently, there has been an office re-established at the old town.

Rev. Robert Williams, already mentioned as one of the early settlers and a local minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, was the first preacher in the township, and preached the first sermon heard in the infant settlement; and the first church built in the township was the German Evangelical, situated in the "northeast corner" of the town, and was erected in 1852. It is a plain, well-arranged frame building, 30x40 feet, and cost about \$2,000. The society was originally organized in 1842, and, previous to the building of the

church, worshiped at the neighbors' houses, principally at Mr. Aurand's, and was under the spiritual charge of Rev. Mr. Dikover, now of Chicago. Rev. Mr. Kellar is the present pastor, and he has 150 names upon his roll of membership.

The Methodist Episcopal Church, in the new village of Hampshire, is a handsome structure and of the latest style of architecture. It is large and roomy, well finished, and cost \$2,400. It was erected in 1876, has a membership of thirty-five, and is in charge of Rev. B. H. Cartwright, a lineal descendant of the renowned Peter Cartwright, whose fame as an evangelist and a preacher of great power is a household word throughout the country. The church was organized in the township about 1856-7, in the school house at the old village of Hampshire, where it remained until the building of the church in the new village, in 1876.

The Roman Catholic Church, in the new village, was erected in the Summer of 1877, at a cost of \$2,000. It is of modern architecture, well and substantially built, and, withal, quite an imposing structure. It is in a flourishing condition, drawing a large membership from Burlington, as well as from this township, and is in charge of Rev. Father Gormley, of Huntley.

The first birth in the town was Jane A. Seymour, a daughter of William H. Seymour, and occurred in 1840. The first death in the little settlement was that of a Mr. Bass, in 1838, who seems to have been a transient man, as no record can be obtained of him at the present time, except that he died in the township at this early day. The increase in the population of the town, since the original settlement, indicates that there has been "marrying and giving in marriage," and is evidence that there was a *first marriage*, but who the high contracting parties were, it is impossible at this time to say.

The first store was opened by Solomon Freightine, at the old village of Hampshire, in 1845, where a store is still in existence, though with many changes in proprietors and in other respects, since its original establishment.

The schools of Hampshire compare favorably with those of any township in the county. The first school house built was in what is now District No. 1, and was near where the Bean school house stands. It was a small log structure, and was built on Whittemore's land. "Not one stone is left upon another" nor a single trace remains of this early temple of learning to tell where it stood, but a modern frame edifice occupies very nearly the original site; nor can any one at this late day tell who taught the first school in it. Through the courtesy of Mr. Baldwin, the Treasurer, we were shown the old school records, but the examination elicited no information of any particular interest. The early records were poorly kept, and are somewhat indefinite and obscure on many points. Under date of February 12, 1842, we find that Lenas Allen, Samuel Hawley, and T. C. Whittemore were elected School Trustees. At a meeting of the Trustees, held at the house of E. O. Garland, E. A. Allen was appointed Treasurer, and the township divided into three school districts. The following Directors were appointed for each of the districts: District No. 1, E.

O. Garland, Levi Willard and N. Penniman; District No. 2, Isaac Paddock, Benjamin DeWitt and William Pierce; District No. 3, A. G. Allen, Hilda Coon and Norman Hawley. At this meeting, "It was ordered that, at the request from the legal voters, an election be held on the 5th of March, 1842, for the purpose of incorporation;" and on that day the records show that the "town was incorporated." January, 1845, the children subject to the School Law were as follows: District No. 1, 28; District No. 2, 36; District No. 3, 28; District No. 5, 22; total, 114.

At the report of April, 1850, there were eight districts, and 430 children under 21 years of age. In 1871, the following was the school report: No. of schools, 8; No. of pupils enrolled, 330; No. of children under 21 years, 600; No. of teachers, 18; No. of school houses, 8; No. of districts having libraries, 2; No. of volumes in libraries, 100; amount of special tax, \$11,035.19; amount paid teachers, \$1,410.52.

The following was the report in 1878: No. of districts, 8; No. of school houses, 8; value of school property, \$5,100; value of libraries, \$10.00; school fund, \$2,065.89; No. of children under 21 years of age, 635.

The new school building, in Hampshire village, is an elegant frame edifice, of modern structure, and specially adapted to school purposes. It was built in 1876, at a cost of \$3,500. Prof. Gardiner is Principal, and has, for assistants, Misses Mary and Lucy Whiting, and Jessie Rowell. An average of 125 pupils are in daily attendance.

Hampshire Lodge, No. 443, A., F. & A. M., was organized in 1864, at the old village of Hampshire, by H. G. Reynolds, Grand Master. James Sutfin was the first Master, and S. C. Rowell, first Secretary. It was moved to the new village, in 1875, and N. S. Carlisle is the present Worshipful Master. S. C. Rowell is still Secretary. It has a membership of thirty-five.

Cheese Factory.—There is but one cheese factory in Hampshire Township, though there are quite a number around, just outside the lines, that draw largely from this township for their supply of milk. This factory was built and is owned by Hathaway & Co., who make up the milk principally for their patrons. The factory is doing a fair business, though not running up to its average capacity. It is a two-story, frame building, well and substantially put up. A large portion of the milk of this township is shipped from Hampshire Station to other points—mostly to Chicago. The dairy business is extensively followed, and pays better, perhaps, than any other pursuit the farmers could engage in.

The first mill, and the only one in the town making breadstuffs, was built in 1875, and is owned by William Rinn. It is of combined steam and wind power, with the old fanciful pattern of wind attachment, after the kind that Don Quixote and his man Sancho Panza used to go forth to do battle with, in the good old days of chivalry. It is well patronized, and kept pretty busy, to supply the wants of the surrounding community. A feed mill is embraced in the mill proper, which does a large business.

An institution of the township, deserving of notice, is the planing-mill of George Kettelwell, in the new village of Hampshire. It was built in the Fall of 1877, and is designed to be, when completed, a planing-mill, machine shop, lathe, etc., and will give employment to a number of hands. A feed-mill is also attached, and kept busily engaged, grinding feed for the neighboring dairyman.

The *Hampshire Gazette*, a live little newspaper, published by C. E. Howe, was established in the village of Hampshire, in the Fall of 1877. It is devoted to the interests of the town, and is liberally supported by the citizens.

The Chicago & Pacific Railroad crosses Hampshire Township from east to west, dividing it very nearly through the center. The road met with a hearty support here, very unlike to that extended to it in the more eastern section of the county. A substantial endorsement was given it by this township, in the shape of \$26,400 stock, individually subscribed by the citizens. Mr. Jacob Rinn, alone, subscribed \$10,000. The first train passed over the road through Hampshire, in May, 1875, and doubtless would have been serenaded, could the delighted inhabitants have kept up with it. Although the road has not yet been in operation three years, the following statement of the business done at Hampshire station (the only station in the township) shows, very conclusively, the advantage it has been to this section of country.

Forwarded in 1877 :

Freight on Milk.....	\$2,331.00
Other Freights Forwarded.....	4,343.43
Receipts from Passengers.....	2,270.75
Total.....	\$8,945.18
Freights Received.....	6,290.23
Excess of Freights Forwarded,.....	\$2,654.95

The villages of this township are Old and New Hampshire. The old town, in the zenith of its glory, never exceeded two or three stores, a tavern, blacksmith shop, and a post office. One small store, a school house and a post office, with one mail a week, now comprise the town. But associated with it are some of the tender reminiscences of the early settlers, that will fade only with their lives. Here was the first store, the first tavern, and the first post office; and here, after the toil of the week was ended, the farmers congregated to gather the news; to discuss the events of the day over their evening grog, and recount the hardships of pioneer life.

The new village of Hampshire is one of those mushroom towns that spring up, as if by magic, on new railway lines. Three years ago, there was not a house in the section where it is situated, except a few farmhouses. In October, 1874, it was surveyed by W. H. Pearce, for Andrew J. Willing and Ceylen A. Fasseth, who owned north of the land. It was laid out, the next Summer, as a village; and after the Chicago & Pacific Railroad, upon which it is located, was built through, its growth was rapid. It was incorporated in October, 1876, and

Philip Doty, S. C. Rowell, E. W. Whelpley, J. S. Wychoff, Henry Rinn and A. R. Fremmen elected Trustees, who organized, by making S. C. Rowell President of the Board, and J. S. Wychoff, Clerk. The population, January 1, 1878, was about 600. It has two churches, one school house, one cheese factory, one steam flouring-mill, two steam feed-mills, one planing-mill and machine shop, five general stores, one grocery store, two hardware stores, one drug store, one bakery, two hotels, one restaurant, two butcher shops, one newspaper, five blacksmith shops, three wagon shops, one lumber yard, two agricultural stores, two livery stables, four saloons, three billiard halls, two shoe shops, one harness shop, one millinery store, three doctors, one lawyer, one preacher, etc. The buildings are all new, and of a better class than the majority of young railroad towns. To sum up, in a few words: The village of Hampshire is a busy, thriving place; its citizens industrious, wide awake and enterprising, and deserving of the greatest prosperity.

The name of Hampshire was bestowed on the township, in commemoration of the Old Granite State, from whence came many of its early settlers. This, with Rutland Township, was, in the early settling, Deerfield Precinct. When organized into townships, in 1848, under government survey, and the question of a name came up, there chanced to be a majority who were natives of New Hampshire, and so carried the day, so far as the naming of the township went. Politically, Hampshire is largely Republican; though, in the days of Whigs and Democrats, it was pretty evenly contested on the questions at issue.

CAMPTON TOWNSHIP.

SETTLEMENT.

Campton, the central township of Kane County, lies west of St. Charles and east of Virgil, is bounded on the north by Plato and south by Blackberry, and is Town No. 40, Range 7 east of the Third Principal Meridian.

John Beatty, from Crawford County, Penn., came to Chicago April 20, 1834, and, remaining there until March, 1835, proceeded westward, and reached Fox River at the present site of Geneva, where Bird, Haight and Aken were then living. Early in the season, he traveled northwestward, and, entering the present township of Campton, took up a claim of prairie where C. H. Shaw now resides. Returning thence to Geneva, he remained in the vicinity for about two months, when he again sought the wilderness toward the setting sun, and this time, proceeding further, took up a tract composed of both prairie and timber, upon which the widow Burr now resides, and built thereon the first log cabin in the township. Not feeling satisfied with his first claim, owing to the scarcity of timber and running water—which was abundant upon the latter one—he subsequently sold the former to one Archie, who settled and remained upon it for several years. Mr. Beatty did not locate upon his land for more than

a year after it was taken, and, meanwhile, several settlers arrived. Foremost among these were Henry Warne, in the southwest part of the town; John Whitney, from New York State, who lived where his son Melvin now resides, and took up a claim embracing a thousand acres or more; Culverson, where Robert Garfield lives; James Hackett, from Ohio, who located where C. Cooley now resides; Luke Pike, from the same State, upon the present Chaffee homestead, and Charles Babcock, on the Stewart place. All of the above took up their claims in 1835.

When Mr. Beatty came to the township, he states that an Indian trail extended across it upon the south from Ohio Grove, thence east past Lilly Lake, across the Robert Garfield farm, thence through the lot now occupied by the cemetery to a point about a mile and a half east, where it branched, one fork bearing southward to Waubansie Town and the other reaching the river a little south of St. Charles.

About 1838, a company from St. Charles, including Ira Minard and Daniel Marvin, drove an ox team attached to a fallen tree to the settlement of Oregon, on Rock River, thus marking a road the entire distance, a portion of which lay in Campton.

Prairie breaking was an important industry in those days, as many of the settlers were but illy supplied with teams and plows. The prairie breakers traveled the entire country with ox teams, and plowed wherever their services were required. Mr. Beatty broke extensive tracts in the Summer of 1836. His team consisted of six yokes of oxen, and the price charged was \$3.50 per acre. He states that he plowed the first furrow in the township.

The settlers early turned their attention to the education of their children, and, accordingly, we find a log school house in 1836 on land now owned by a Scandinavian named Lawson, and in it a Mrs. McClure was installed as teacher. The building was the result of the united efforts of Messrs. Pike, Hackett, Archie, Culverson, Ryder and others, and the flock of little boys and girls who gathered there at the opening of the first term was small in numbers, but the following year found them more than doubled.

In the Winter of 1837, Mr. Beatty remained upon his claim, having passed the two previous Winters in Geneva. During the previous season he had assisted in conveying the portion of the Pottawattomie Indians living in Indiana to their reservation across the Mississippi, and, during the same Spring and Summer, numbers of settlers had arrived. Among these were Harry and Spalding E. Eddy, brothers, from Genesee Co., N. Y.

The latter informs us that upon his arrival one Trow was living upon the farm owned at present by Augustus Fisher; John Hogoman or Hagarman, a Dane, upon a claim still owned by his descendants; Thomas E. Dodge upon the claim afterward purchased by Garret Norton; Ansel Lake upon his present homestead; John Tucker, deceased, where his heirs reside; Geo. Thompson, of Ohio, the father of Charles Thompson, of St. Charles, was living upon

the Hitchcock farm, and E. Reed and James Outhouse were cultivating the banks of Lilly Lake, where they have remained ever since.

Edward Page and Edmund Elliott were early settlers from the State of New Hampshire. The former died upon his claim, in 1838, of small pox.

Previous to this, however, death had appeared in the township and in 1837, a Mrs. Burgess had been laid at rest in the old burying ground near King's mill. Mrs. J. Whitney was likewise called to her final reward, in the Fall of the same year.

The first marriage was that of Mark Whitney and Caroline Ward, about 1838.

John Durant should be mentioned as one of the earlier residents in the eastern part of Campton.

Mr. Beatty, the first settler, is still living in the township, at the age of 80 years, and possesses a memory peculiarly clear regarding events which occurred during the early years of the settlement.

William Kendall was the first settler at Canada Corners, where he claimed a vast tract of land.

James Ward, from the State of New York, settled where the Shavers now live, in the Spring of 1836.

SCHOOLS.

As already shown, the first public institution established in Campton Township was a school house. Later, in the Winter of 1837-38, Miss Mary Lee taught in the house of James Ward, and about a year from that date the settlers erected a log school house on land now forming a portion of the county near the residence of A. Fisher.

In 1841, we find a Board of Trustees organized, composed of E. Chaffee, Charles Fletcher, Thomas E. Dodge, Ansel Lake and Hylas T. Currier, with Nelson Walker, Clerk.

The records have been carefully preserved, and exhibit a division of the entire region now occupied by Campton into districts, as follows: District 1 was composed of Secs. 1, 2, the east half of 3, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, and the north half of 22, 23, 24 and 25. District 2 embraced the west halves of Secs. 3 and 10, Sec. 4, the north half of 9 and northeast fourth of 8. District 3 embraced Secs. 5 and 6, the northwest fourth of 8, the north half of 7 and a fraction of Township 41. District 4 included the south halves of Secs. 7, 8 and 9, and Secs. 17, 18 and 19. District 5 was formed of the south half of Sec. 22, Sec. 21, the east half of Sec. 20, the south half of Sec. 25, and Secs. 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, 35 and 36.

Aside from the above, there was a Union District, embracing the west half of Secs. 20, 19, 29, 31 and 32 in Township 40, and several sections in what is now Virgil. These six original districts were afterward increased in number, and in 1847 there were not less than thirteen.

School houses were built as necessity required, and, before the year 1850, there was not an urchin in the thirty-six square miles of Campton but possessed the opportunities for acquiring the rudiments of an education near home. At present there are eight good frame buildings in the township, dedicated to learning. Several of them were built a number of years ago, but have since been repaired and all are now comfortable, and several elegant structures. As an example of the latter, the one in District 9 may be cited, which was erected at a cost of \$1,600. The estimated valuation of school property is \$5,000.

NAME, TOWN HOUSE, ETC.

The history of Campton refutes the old saying that "There's nothing in a name," since its citizens have deemed it necessary to change its name for the sake of convenience. It was known at first as Fairfield, having been named by Timothy Garfield, who had purchased of Culverson, of Ohio, and had come from the town of Fairfield, Vt. By this name it was called until 1850, when it was ascertained that there was another Fairfield in the State, and a change was demanded. Various names were offered and there are two records in existence, dated early in the above year, in which the township is designated as *Milo* township. But this name seems to have been speedily dropped, and since December, of the same year, the township has been called Campton. The town was surveyed in August, 1842, for the Government, by Silas Reed.*

Town meetings were held for many years in the house of Eber Chaffee, afterward in various school houses, but in 1874, the inhabitants, with their characteristic enterprise, having determined to adopt a permanent location for the future, erected the beautiful town house now in use. It stands upon Section 22, is a frame building, and with its clean white walls contrasted with its dark green blinds, presents a peculiarly neat appearance, and may be taken as a model country town house. But few of the townships in the county, west of the river, possess buildings erected for a similar purpose.

The earliest roads in the township were the one from Geneva to Rockford, extending past Friend Marks, and thence by King's mill, and the one from St. Charles to Oregon, both of which were laid out before the town was generally settled. The vast amount of teaming across the town at an early day rendered the hotel business important, and accordingly we find a log one kept by Elias Crary on the St. Charles and Geneva road at the south end of Chicken Grove. It was replaced at a later period by a frame building, where entertainment was offered to the traveler, for a number of years. Timothy Garfield also opened a public house on the road from St. Charles to Sycamore, as early as 1839. About this time, or a little later, there were forty-one hotels between the present residence of Spalding Eddy and Randolph street, Chicago; so great was the travel from the present metropolis to the towns west of Kane County. Prominent among these inns was the Fairfield Exchange, kept by B. D. Mallory, and

* From a copy of the Surveyor's field notes, in the possession of Rev. A. Pingree.

located where the residence of George Norton now stands. It was originally a log house built by Albert Dodge, and was purchased by Mallory, who made frame additions upon all sides as well as on the top of it. The original building has long since disappeared, but several of the frame portions still exist, the parlor being a kitchen in the house of the present owner, while the bar-room has been degraded to serve as a hennery. Many a scene of revelry and mirth has that small apartment witnessed as filled with jolly teamsters, in a heaven of tobacco smoke,

“The night drave on wi’ sangs an’ clatter.”

Glorious crowds assembled there, and not unfrequently their numbers were so great that some of them were obliged to sleep upon the floor. This deficiency in lodging accommodations was more than offset, however, by the excellent table for which Mr. Mallory is still noted and which would have satisfied the demands of the most fastidious epicurean. The fare for the teamster and team was four shillings sixpence, and a “receipt” was always given in the shape of a glass of good Bourbon. In the course of time, a plank road was laid from St. Charles to Canada Corners, with the design of extending it to Sycamore, but as it did not promise to become a profitable enterprise, it was never completed, and was merely graded to the proposed terminus. With the appearance of railroads, the extensive wagon travel ceased, as well as the taverns in Campton.

SAW-MILLS.

A steam saw-mill was built near the old homstead of the Chaffees, for the purpose of sawing the plank for the road which passed there, but it was never used for any other purpose. Previous to its erection, Dr. John King had built, on Lilly Lake Creek, a mill which contained a single up-and-down saw, and was operated occasionally for several years, but, the power being insufficient, it never sawed a great amount of timber. Dr. King was both a physician and preacher, and the first resident professional gentleman in the town. He left the county at an early day.

POST OFFICES AND STORES.

The Campton people went to St. Charles or Virgil, at first, for their mail. The earliest post office in the township was kept in the extreme southwestern part by Henry Warne. It was called the Fairfield office, but the name was finally changed to Swinton, and it was at length removed to Blackberry Station. A post office was established, under Dr. King, at an early day, at King’s Mill, by which name it was known. At a later period, it was removed to Gray Willow, where it still remains. The Campton office, at “Canada Corners,” was established about 1845, and has since been discontinued and revived. It is now supplied from Blackberry.

The Corners is the most extensive hamlet in the town. As early as 1853, Eldridge Walker, a Canadian, kept a store there, stocked with a few dry goods and groceries. The Woolcotts and Lindseys were early at that point, and

were also from Canada—whence the name of the settlement. It now contains a church, school house, store, two blacksmith shops, a paint shop, and fourteen dwellings.

CHURCHES.

Rev. D. W. Elmore planted the germ of a Baptist Church in Campton, at an old log dwelling, near King's mill, as early as 1838. The same organization continued to flourish for many years, under the ministration of Dr. King and several other preachers, but at length became weakened, and had ceased to exist, when, in 1872, the church at "Canada Corners" was commenced. The society was then revived, and several members contributed liberally to the church, where the Baptists now hold meetings alternately with their Methodist brethren.

A Congregational Church was established very early in the Stewart neighborhood, formerly known as the New Hampshire settlement. Father Clark was an early preacher; also, Rev. Mr. Warner, who lived where Orus Hitchcock now resides; but the membership was never sufficiently strong to erect a house of worship, and in process of time, they became scattered, many of them uniting with the church in St. Charles.

The Methodist Episcopal society was organized at the old log school house, in the Eddy District; early removed to the Corron school house and Canada Corners, and in the Fall of 1872, built with others the Union Church at the latter place, at the cost of about \$2,500. The membership is about thirty-five.

CHEESE FACTORIES.

About 1868, a small cheese factory was built at Gray Willow, by the Larkins Brothers, and was sold, at length, to George Lake, and ceased operations in 1875, when the fine building was erected for a similar purpose, near the old site of King's mill. In the Fall of 1877, Mr. Lake disposed of the property, and the business is now continued by Duncan Johnson, who has since manufactured both butter and cheese, from 8,000 to 12,000 pounds of milk per diem. In the Spring of 1870, Edward Thornton built a butter and cheese factory on the west side of the township, and has worked it ever since, obtaining, on an average, the milk from 400 cows daily. The building, like the above, is of wood, well furnished, and cost \$6,000.

TOPOGRAPHY AND POPULATION.

Campton Township is well diversified between prairie and wood land, and contains but few tracts of the former which are not under excellent cultivation. It ranks as one of the best towns in the county, both in agricultural resources and the intelligence of its inhabitants, and like all the others, is steadily progressing. Its population, by the last census, was 960.



R. B. CHISHOLM
ELGIN.

BLACKBERRY TOWNSHIP.

Town 39 North, of Range 7 East, of the Third Principal Meridian, more familiarly known as Blackberry Township, was surveyed in August, 1842, by Silas Reed, one of the surveyors in the employ of the Government.* It lies south of Campton and north of Sugar Grove, and is bounded on the east by Geneva and Batavia, and on the west by Kaneville. The township is crossed from north to south by Blackberry Creek, which, with several small tributaries, are fringed with a thick growth of oak and other timber, which originally extended over the entire western third of the town, and was early named Lance's Grove. The surface in this region is unusually rugged for Kane County, the creek in some parts of its course meandering through deep gorges, like the mountain streams of the Eastern States. Two isolated mounds or hills in the vicinity rise to a height overlooking all the surrounding country, and are considered stupendous eminences by those whose wanderings have been limited by the limits of this Prairie State. The eastern portion of the township possesses more of those features of scenery common to the best part of Northern Illinois. Nelson's Lake lies partly in Blackberry and partly in Batavia, and its outlet, Lake Run, flows to the southwest into Sugar Grove Township, where it unites with Blackberry Creek. The township contains but little lowland, but the streams referred to furnish, with their affluents, water in sufficient quantities, and the soil is of an excellent quality. The Chicago & North-Western Railroad crosses the north tier of sections, and two of its stations, Blackberry and La Fox, are located in the township.

SETTLEMENT.

The first settlement in Blackberry was made by William Lance and his son John, early in May, 1834. The father was a native of New Jersey, but had been for a number of years a pioneer, his last dwelling place being in the State of Indiana. Starting thence, upon the opening of Spring, with the above named son, his daughter Mary, now Mrs. John Souders, and a younger son, Charles, he drove with eight yoke of oxen to the bank of Fox River, at the Big Woods. Here Mr. Lance was delayed by illness for a few days; and John, leaving the company, encamped in the wagon, crossed the river, and journeying west past Nelson's Grove, selected the claim where Charles Souders now resides. The Spring of 1834 is said to have been one of the mildest on record in the State, and vegetation was already far advanced when the Lances arrived on the banks of the river. This fact lent a peculiar charm to the scenery where the young man decided to make his home—a spot which, even in the dreariest season of the year, is by no means devoid of romantic beauty—and he marked the spot under the firm impression that it was the most picturesque

* From a copy of the Surveyor's field notes in the possession of Rev. A. Pingree.

land upon which the sun ever shone. Having returned to the other side of the river, he guided the remaining members of the party to the place, where the Lance family finally claimed between 70 and 8000 acres. For several days they lived in their wagon, engaged meanwhile in building the first log house in the town. Mrs. Souders is supposed to have been the first white woman in the township.

On the morning of the third or fourth day, the settlers noticed smoke arising from the south, and while still speculating upon the probabilities of its issuing from a pioneer dwelling or an Indian wigwam, a horseman appeared upon a distant hill, riding toward them, who, upon his arrival, introduced himself as Mr. Isbell, and explained that he had just arrived with a party from Ohio, and that the smoke arising in the distance came from his camp fire. He had noticed smoke at the north of him, and, impelled by curiosity, had ridden to discover from whence it came. As may be supposed, the Lances were much rejoiced to learn that they were not alone on the frontier, and mutual congratulations were exchanged. A few days later, the Lances had their house ready to raise, and it was located very near the spot where C. Souders now lives. After its erection, they broke and fenced forty acres of land, and planted a portion of it with corn. It should here be stated that Isaac Waltrup accompanied Mr. Lance from Du Page County, and took up the claim of which George Gould now owns a portion. He was never a resident of the township, however, returning to Du Page in August in the year in which he had taken the land, and later sold it to Hiram Hall. In the Fall, the Lances, father and son, returned to Indiana, leaving Mary and Charles at Peter Dodd's, a brother-in-law, in Du Page County. Dodd had taken up his claim in March of the same year, but eventually sold it and settled in Blackberry. Late in the Fall of 1834, John Lance and his sister Margaret were married, the latter to David Beeler, who accompanied the entire family back to Illinois, arriving on Christmas, and settling on a place now known as Johnson's Mound. The Lances and Beeler were the only settlers in the township during the Winter of 1834-5.

During the summer of 1835, important accessions were made to the settlement around the Grove. The township, from the first, presented inducements to immigrants which they were not slow in perceiving. A high table-land above the fevers and chills of the river bottoms, and possessing all the fertility of the lower sections, with timber in abundance—the indispensable consideration in the mind of a Yankee and a powerful one to the Hoosier, as well—a land of hills and streams, resembling more than those of any other town in the county the Eastern country, it was the first of the back townships to be settled.

To the native of hills and valleys, the boundless prairies appear unspeakably flat and dull when viewed for the first time, and it often requires weeks and months to remove this first impression. The variety of surface in Blackberry, on the contrary, was the exact reverse of the extensive plains, dreary in their changeless beauty, which the pioneers had crossed on their way thither, and, consequently, many of them remained.

Among those who settled in the above-mentioned year, were Harry White, Hiram Hall, David W. Annis, George Trimble and L. D. Kendall. White located at the south part of the Grove. Annis came from the State of Vermont, and located on land now owned by his heirs. He was a noted man in the township during its infancy; was County Commissioner and held several positions less important. It is said that he never sought for a public position and possessed none of the contemptible qualities of the scheming politician.

In the Spring of 1835, John Souders, from Ohio, took up the claim where he now lives. At that time, Mr. Souders was a bachelor, possessing only a small amount of wealth, and worked for the farmers in the neighborhood. Late in 1835, between Christmas and New Year's, he married Mary Lance. The ceremony was performed at the log house of the bride's father, by Esquire Morgan, from near Yorkville, as there was no Justice of the Peace in the township at that time. The marriage certificate was obtained in Ottawa, and an unsuccessful attempt was made to secure the services of a magistrate in Aurora, but none could be found in that place qualified to serve. In the same Fall, Martha Beeler—now Mrs. Cooledge, of Oregon—a daughter of David Beeler, was born. This was the first birth in the township. After his marriage, Mr. Souders settled upon his claim. His land has never been transferred nor mortgaged, and the title is, therefore, one of the best in the county. John Vanatta settled in Blackberry in 1836, on land now owned by Mrs. D. Beeler. R. Acers was one of the proprietors, following Vanatta. Among the first settlers at the head of the grove were Messrs. Corey and S. Kendall. J. G. Acers, from the State of New York, took up the land where he now lives, in June, 1836, and James Smith, S. Platt and J. Calkins were in Blackberry, previous to the close of the year 1837. Mr. Sperry was likewise an early settler, as were Messrs. Larkin and N. B. Spalding, near the present site of Blackberry Station. As might have been expected, the grove was entirely claimed, before settlers began to establish themselves upon the open prairie, and there were not a few of the pioneers who believed that much of the land which is now the most valuable in the State would never be inhabited. Taking a claim without timber or running water seemed to them an undertaking sufficiently wild to warrant the indictment of a man for insanity. It was cutting apart from all moorings. Still the prairie was, in process of time, settled, and many claims had been made upon it, at the time of the public land sale.

FIRST DEATH.

The first death of which we find any record in Blackberry occurred under unusually distressing circumstances. Mrs. William Lance was one of the numerous good women whose minds have been wholly absorbed within the limits of their own homes. She, therefore, found but little time to visit her neighbors, although one, Mrs. Vanatta, had frequently urged her to call at her place. At length, she determined to comply; and on the 2d day of February, 1837,

she left her five younger children at home, with one James Dawson, who boarded at her house, and in company with her husband, proceeded to the Vanatta claim. The chimney of the Lance house was built upon the Hoosier plan, with one of the wide-mouthed fire-places, so familiar among the pioneers. The members of the family left at home retired early, while Mr. and Mrs. Lance remained with their friends until late in the evening. A coal rolled from the fire-place upon the floor. The young man Dawson and the children were all asleep, and the house was soon in a blaze. One of the little girls, Sarah, awoke and aroused the others, who ran out of doors; but the terrified and bewildered child, to whom the others owed their lives, remained upon the bed, and the flames enveloped her. Pamela, the eldest of the children, saw her sister's danger, and running to the portion of the low roof above her, uncovered it, and reaching over into the smoke, had succeeded in touching her hand, when a gust of air sent a cloud of smoke and forked flames toward her, obliging her to desist from the brave efforts. Dawson, who was a youth of eighteen summers, did nothing to assist the little girl, or quench the flames, but according to tradition, sat upon the fence and watched the building burn. The child perished; and her parents, returning from their pleasant visit, discovered, with agony, the charred remains of their daughter amid the ashes of their dwelling. She was buried in the old grave yard, upon the farm now owned by C. Souders. The neighbors circulated a subscription paper for Mr. Lance, gave liberally, and rebuilt his house, thus restoring his property; but the greatest loss no generous friend could return, and the horrible manner in which the child perished saddened, for years, the previously happy home. Mr. Lance died in 1873, at the age of 102, his life having been shortened by a cancer. His memory remained clear to the last.

FIRST ROAD, MILLS, ETC.

The earliest road through Blackberry was laid from Sugar Grove to Chicken Grove, about 1837, and was surveyed by Mr. Tanner, now a hardware merchant in Aurora. The first mills were wooden mortars scooped from oaken blocks, while common iron wedges served for pestles. Thus the grain was pounded, and the cake made therefrom was appropriately called *pound cake*. When grinding was required on a more extensive scale, the settlers made journeys to the distant hamlet now known as Dayton, but then called Green's mill. Here they were often obliged to wait for a number of days, as customers were invariably ahead of them, and the small establishment was patronized for a distance of over forty miles on all sides. They were joyful days for the Blackberry people when mills began to appear along the river in Kane County; and Aurora, St. Charles, Geneva and Batavia thenceforth furnished them with the staff of life until the village of Blackberry became the business center of the town.

One of the earliest Justices of the Peace, as well as one of the best known settlers of Blackberry, was William West, who located on a tract near the grove

now occupied by his heirs. He afterward removed to Geneva, opened a bank and became one of the fixtures of *the capital*, where he died a number of years since.

CLAIM ORGANIZATION.

At an early day, the settlers of Blackberry, in common with those of Sugar Grove, established a claim organization. In this organization, they bound themselves, under bonds of \$2,000, to protect each other from claim jumpers. Asa McDole, a Justice of the Peace in Sugar Grove Township, drew up the writings, and Banker West bid off the claims at the land sale.

MISCELLANEOUS INCIDENTS.

A cheese factory is in the process of erection at Ball Mound and will soon be running and in operation.

The Blackberry people originally obtained their mail at Geneva (La Fox post office). The first in the township was at Blackberry Center.

One of the first churches built in Blackberry Township was a Union church, on the edge of this township, in or about 1853. And among the first preachers were Rev. Mr. Springer, of the M. E., and Rev. Van Deuser, of the Christian Church.

BLACKBERRY VILLAGE

is situated 44 miles west of Chicago, and nine miles west of Geneva on the Iowa Division of the Chicago & North-Western Railroad. The original plat was made in 1854, by Jacob Johnson, and contained 40 acres. Since that period, additions have been made by Andrew Johnson, Horace Willis, Gates and L. K. Reed. The first house within the corporation was a small station house, built in the Fall of 1854. A Mr. Vandevere, at that time Station Agent, built a shanty just south of the railroad track, which is still standing, though recently moved to another part of the village. A store was built on the east side of Main street, by Henry Remington, in the Fall of 1854, and occupied by him for some time with dry goods and groceries. It was the first lot sold in the place, and has since changed hands several times, and was owned at one time by A. T. Gray, now of the firm of Gray & Warne. It finally came into the possession of John McElliott, and was burned about 1868. A house was built on south side of railroad in 1854, by M. D. Frary, which is still standing, but has been moved across the street, and is now owned by George Corby. The drug store of Dr. McNair—40 feet of it—was built by Fuller & Owen, in 1855, and occupied as a general store, such as are usually found in small country towns, by them for a number of years. The Free-Will Baptist Church and also the Christian Church were built during the Summer and Fall of 1856. At the close of this year, there were only five or six dwellings inside of the corporation. The warehouse now owned by Willis & Swain was built in the Summer of 1856, by J.

and A. Stewart, as a grain warehouse, and long used in that capacity. Another grain warehouse was built in 1861, by N. L. Barber. These energetic men also opened the first lumber yard in the village. Gleason built a tavern on the spot now occupied by the hotel known as Hurd's Hotel, in 1858. H. S. Read built extensively in Blackberry at an early day. He built the handsome Read brick block, by far the best in the village, in 1860, in which are several business firms, together with the Masonic Lodge. E. Warne built an agricultural warehouse in 1866, which has been occupied as such ever since. Gray & Warne built the store, now occupied by them, in the year 1866. The store in which the post office is at present kept was built by John Scott, in or about 1856.

THE FIRST SCHOOL HOUSE

in the village of Blackberry was a small house, 22x24 feet, and had been in a union district of Blackberry and Campton Townships, and stood in the south part of the latter. Was bought, in 1860, by Blackberry, and moved over into the village, but has lately been degraded by being used as a hog pen. In 1860, an elegant frame school house, two stories high, and specially adapted to school purposes, was erected in the village at a cost of \$3,000. It is daily attended by an average of 200 pupils. Miss Hattie Smith taught the first school.

The church organizations in the village are the Methodist Episcopal, Free-Will Baptist and Catholics. The Christians also had an organization some years ago, but it has gone down, and their church, at present, is used as a concert hall and theater, occasionally. The Catholics have a good stone church, built in 1868, in the south part of the village. It is well attended, and has a large membership. The Methodists have about 60 members, an elegant church edifice, which was built in 1862, and are in a flourishing condition. When the church was built, the Rev. Mr. Webster was Pastor, and so continued for years. He took charge of the little flock with a membership of sixteen, which, at present, number as above. The Free-Will Baptist Church was built in 1857, and their society in the village organized in the same year. The first preacher was the Rev. Mr. Coulton; and the society, when formed, had some twenty-five or thirty members. At present, the attendance is regular, and a large congregation gathers every Sunday to hear the Word expounded.

The Masons, Odd Fellows and Good Templars have flourished successively in Blackberry village, but none of them exist here at the present day, save the Masons. Their hall is in Read's brick block, and is known as Blackberry Lodge No. 359, A., F. and A. M.

THE CHEESE FACTORY

was built in 1877, by Daniel Johnson, and is a good, substantial building. He receives about 2,000 pounds of milk per day, which is mostly worked up for

his patrons. He designs increasing his capacity for the coming year, and of doing a larger business than he has done hitherto.

A post office was started here in 1854, of which William Ross was the first Postmaster. It was known as "Blackberry Station" office, at that early day.

The war record of the village was good, and a hearty response made to every call for soldiers to maintain the old flag. The names of some of those enlisted are as follows: H. and W. Tracy, N. D. Frary, Z. Hayes (deceased), A. S. Fuller, John Johnson, Reuben Fellows, and Jacob Matthewson, present Postmaster, all served in the Eighth Illinois Regiment; Walter Ottway, H. Z. Tydeman, W. H. Tydeman and J. W. Swayne served in the Fifty-fifth Regiment.

Dr. Smith was the first located physician in Blackberry, and came in 1856. He, however, remained but a short time in the place, and was soon followed by Dr. Samuel McNair—probably about the Spring of 1860.

The first burial in the present village cemetery was Herbert Frary, a son of N. D. Frary, but the first death occurring in the village was Mrs. R. Davidson. A. S. Fuller and Miss Hannah Johnson were the first couple united in the holy bonds of wedlock, within the corporate limits of the town of Blackberry.

The legal profession was represented by A. S. Babcock, first about 1858, and, at a later day, by C. H. White and F. G. Garfield. But the citizens are quiet, honorable and upright, and are not the most liberal supporters in the world of those "learned in the law."

Joseph Smith built the first blacksmith shop in 1854, which was torn down some years ago. It stood on the north side of the railroad, and was well patronized by the neighboring farmers.

To sum up: Jacob Johnson made the original plat of Blackberry in the Fall of 1854, as before stated, having bought the land from John Calkins, the original claimant. The next plat was the addition of Anderson, who was a Norwegian by birth; and soon after Gates and Willis also made additions. Willis was a very benevolent man, and an enterprising one withal. He did considerable toward the improvement of the place, and contributed liberally to the building of the churches. He also built one or two dwellings. In 1868, a large steam flouring-mill was erected, to which the town gave \$2,500. It is a large and substantial building, and is doing a good business.

LA FOX

is also a village of Blackberry Township, and is some three miles east of the village of Blackberry, on the railroad. It is a small place and situated too near Blackberry to ever grow to an immense size. The station was at first called Kane Station, and was established about 1858. Afterward changed to correspond with the name of the post office, which had been established under the name of La Fox. It was moved from Geneva, and new equipments sent there

about 1859, and B. F. Dean was appointed the first Postmaster. The office is yet in existence and furnishes mail matter to quite a large scope of country.

THE CHEESE FACTORY

was built at La Fox, in the Spring of 1869, by Potter & Barker, who have operated it ever since. It is a large two-story building of about the average capacity. Most of the milk is bought direct from the farmers, and about one hundred thousand pounds of cheese is manufactured annually. They commenced the manufacture of butter in the Fall of 1877, and now run that branch of business pretty extensively.

The Potter & Barker elevator was built in 1868, by Dean, who then owned the place. It is a capacious building, and specially arranged for grain storage. It holds some 6,000 or 7,000 bushels.

The store, the only one in the village, is owned by B. F. Dean, and was commenced when the station was first located.

The first storehouse was a small, insufficient building, owned by Mr. Carlow, but in 1873 Potter & Barker built the present handsome store now occupied by Mr. Dean. The annual sales of the store are about \$15,000.

The village has a splendid school house two stories high and containing all modern improvements and conveniences. It was built late in the year 1870, and is occupied during the entire school season. The very best of teachers are employed and particular attention given to all the branches of modern education.

BURLINGTON TOWNSHIP

is on the western line of the county, and is known as Township 41, north Range 6 east. It is an agricultural region, and equals in wealth any township, as devoid of towns and villages as it is, in Kane County. The population in 1870 was 919, and the tax book of 1877 shows the equalized valuation of taxable property to be \$371,749.00.

From the most authentic information now attainable, there seems little doubt that Stephen Van Velzer made.

THE FIRST CLAIM

in the section of country now composing the Township of Burlington. He came in 1835, and located a claim twelve miles square, in which was embraced the larger part of this township.

The mode of making claims to land in that day was, it seems, for the party first in the field to claim as large a tract as he could plow around in one day. This is said to have been Van Velzer's title to his twelve miles square.

Allison Banker came from New York the same year, and took up a claim in this township, shortly after Van Velzer had settled. He married a daughter of

Solomon Wright, who came from Putnam Co., N. Y., in the following year (1836), and settled near Huxley's Corners, in Burlington Township.

Mr. Wright had three sons, Baldwin, Elisha and D. C. Wright. Elisha is dead: Baldwin lives in Plato Township, while D. C. and their sister, Mrs. Banker, still live in Burlington, near the original settlement.

P. R. Joslyn, a kind of migratory character, but a good man withal, settled in the town in the early part of 1836. He was originally from New Jersey, but had lived in Ohio, Kentucky and Indiana. From the latter State he came to Burlington. He had some difficulty with Van Velzer, in regard to his claim, who attempted to collect a sum of money from him as a bonus for the privilege of settling on it. Upon inquiry, he learned that Van Velzer had no just grounds for such demands, and so he settled upon the claim selected, in open defiance of him. His son, Riley Joslyn, came the next season, and took up a claim in the township.

In 1836, O. H. Ellithorpe came to Chicago, from Franklin Co., Vt., with his brother, T. C. Ellithorpe. They remained in Chicago three weeks, when they came out to Geneva, and stopped over night with one Herrington. From Herrington's they went up the river to St. Charles, and from thence out to Esquire Griggs', who lived in Plato Township. They next went to William Paddock's, who lived six miles east of Geneva, in De Kalb County, and who was the only settler then between Burlington and Genoa. They had started for Galena, but turned back at Paddock's, and finally came and settled near Griggs', but over in what afterward became Burlington Township. Griggs had settled in 1835, as previously mentioned in the history of Plato Township. Mr. Ellithorpe made a permanent settlement—a claim upon which he lived many years. He is at present living in Elgin.

John Holden, from Pennsylvania, Asa W. Lawrence, from New York, and C. M. Andrews, from Hampshire Co., Mass., came out in 1837, and took up claims in the town, where some of them are still living.

Stephen Godfrey came from Orange Co., Vt., to this township, in 1839, and bought a claim from Van Velzer. This was in the Fall, and after hiring a piece of ground broken, he returned to Vermont and remained over Winter. In the Spring following, he brought his family to his new home and located permanently, where his widow is still living, with their only surviving son, Charles B. Godfrey. Mrs. Godfrey said that in those early days she used to get so lonesome and so blue and discontented that it seemed almost impossible to remain a moment longer in their cabin. In such moods she would go out and take a walk around their little patch of cultivated ground. After a few such turns, she would enter the house in a very complacent frame of mind, and perfectly contented with her lot.

In 1842, B. F. Chapman, from Canada West, and Stephen R. Ellithorpe, from Vermont, took up claims and located in Burlington Township, where both still live.

James Roseborough, from the North of Ireland, settled in 1843, and is still living on his original claim.

David Sholes, from Genesee Co., N. Y., came to Illinois in the latter part of 1840, and after spending about a year in Knox County, and a like period in Galena, finally settled in this township, and at present owns and lives on the original site of Van Velzer's first settlement.

James Mann came from Wyoming County, New York, in the Fall of 1843, and bought a claim of 1,000 acres in the township, and after breaking a piece of ground and planting out an orchard, returned to New York and spent the Winter. In the following Spring, he brought his family to the West, and made a permanent settlement. He is still living on his original purchase—an old man, feeble in bodily health, but with a mind undimmed by the lapse of time. He celebrated his 84th birthday, which occurred on the 1st day of January, 1878, at the residence of his son, S. D. Mann, who gave the entertainment in commemoration of the event. His children were all gathered around him, save one son living in Elgin, and two daughters who reside in Lockport, New York. Mr. Mann was likewise married on his birthday, and celebrated the 63d anniversary of his marriage, conjointly with his 84th birthday. When he came to the township in 1843, Mr. Mann found, in addition to those already noticed, Eben Norton, Elder Isaac Newton, Spafford, Orlin and Joel Root, who came from the State of Ohio; John and Stephen Ellithorpe, and J. W. Hapgood, from Vermont, all of whom had taken up claims and made settlements.

In 1849 Mr. Mann made a visit to his old home in New York, accompanied by his wife and two youngest children, in an open carriage. While absent from home, his house was burned to the ground, together with all his worldly goods contained in it at the time. When he returned from the East, he built an elegant brick residence on the ruins of the one destroyed by fire. It is still standing in a state of good preservation, and is occupied by one of his sons.

The claim law, at a very early day, was used in Burlington, and often to excess. We alluded, a little space ago, to the manner and mode of laying claims, by plowing around a certain tract of land. After one had made a claim of this kind, woe betide the individual who had daring sufficient to set his flimsy title at defiance. An instance was related to us of a man by the name of McClenathan, who had sold to one Mason a yoke of oxen for \$100. Mason afterward took advantage of the Bankrupt Law, and McClenathan, in order to get pay for his oxen, went to Chicago and got bond for deed of land that Mason held as a claim, and had improved to some extent. This was considered sharp practice on the part of McClenathan, and Mason determined on revenge for what he considered an outrage. He gathered a number of his friends around him for the purpose of giving him (McClenathan) a taste of claim law, or more correctly termed mob law. They stripped him and, after breaking the ice, "ducked" him time and again, until the poor fellow was half drowned, when he succeeded in escaping from the mob, who pursued him hotly to the village of

Burlington. The Manns and their friends resolved to protect McClenathan, and so stood by him, and when his pursuers came, absolutely refused to give him up. High words followed, and savage threats were indulged in by the mob, but produced no effect. The mob disappeared for a while, but soon returned with forces augmented. Numbering fully fifty desperate fellows, they demanded their man, with an assurance that if their wishes were not complied with, the whole village should be treated to a coat of tar and feathers, while one, zealous in the cause, and more thoughtful than the others, flourished a rooster he had brought purposely to supply the feathers. But finding that McClenathan's friends were as determined as themselves, and moreover had the advantage of fighting behind the walls of their own castles, the mob finally withdrew, muttering curses dark and dire upon the village and all connected with it. They never succeeded in forcing McClenathan to re-deed the land to Mason. In fact, many of the parties were arrested, and others, fearing prosecution, left the country. They came very nearly ending McClenathan's earthly career, and, as a consequence, suffered the penalty of their violence.

THE FIRST DEATH.

Each moment, in dying, bears with it a dead human being. Flowers perish and spring again, suns set at eve and rise again in the east, but the dead render not up their dead to mortal eyes. Death, the grand leveler of human greatness and human ambition, entered the infant settlement at an early period of its existence. Van Velzer's wife was the first victim of the grim tyrant. She died in 1837, and was buried amid the wild flowers of her prairie home. A native of the sunny South, her tender frame was unable to withstand the fierce winds of a colder clime. Others of the early settlers in time followed her to the better land. Joslyn, perhaps, was one of the first, and died about 1846-7. Stephen Godfrey died on his original claim in 1857, and Holden in 1875. Van Velzer sold out and moved into De Kalb County, where he died about the year 1867. Solomon Wright died many years ago, on the place where he first settled. Many of the early settlers mentioned in these pages have removed to other sections, and it may be that a number of them have made their last journey. All trace of them is lost, and whether they be in the land of the living or of the dead, we are alike ignorant. Upon those still surviving, the rolling years have written their record, and the hand of time silvered their hair with the frosts of Winter.

A post office was established in 1848, which was the first in the township. S. S. Mann was the first Postmaster, and held the office for a number of years, when he was succeeded by his brother, Franklin Mann, who held it but a short time, when S. S. Mann again took it; then John Ellithorpe was Postmaster for a while, then Henry Manchester, and he was followed by Walter Scott; finally the office went to A. J. Mann, who is Postmaster at present. Another post office was established, in 1868, at East Burlington, in the southeast

quarter of the township. It was originally called Berkshire post office, but latterly changed to its present name.

The first frame house built in the township was put up by James Mann, in 1845, and was the one consumed by fire while the owner was absent in New York, as already noticed. He also erected a large frame barn in 1844, the first of the kind ever built in the town, and which is still standing.

His eldest son, Franklin Mann, and Gideon Sherman built the first saw-mill. This mill was put up in the village of Burlington in the Summer of 1850. It did faithful work for about seven years, when, having accomplished its day, it was sold, taken down and moved away. It cut the lumber for the plank road from Elgin to Geneva, a part of which only was ever built.

The first road through the township of Burlington was the old Territorial road from St. Charles to Galena, and was the regular stage line between those points. In the early settlement of the place, this road, together with the main line, leading from Chicago to Galena, were the only outlets from this section, save across the almost unbroken wilderness. On this road (St. Charles and Galena) Ezra Hanson kept tavern in a small log building, which was the first house of public entertainment ever opened in the township. But the continuous stream of travel pouring along this highway daily, induced other enterprising individuals to embark in a similar enterprise, until nearly every farm house on the road was a hotel, and every cabin a place furnishing "entertainment to man and beast."

The first place where the early settlers could exchange their superfluous farm products for "store truck" was where Burlington Village now stands. At this point, S. S. Mann opened a store, in 1847, which was the first in the township by several years. In this store was kept, by Mr. Mann, as already stated, the first post office. With some changes in proprietors, and considerable changes in outward improvements, the store, as an institution, is still in existence, near the original location. The little frame building, in which it was first opened, has given place to a large and commodious brick structure, well filled from floor to ceiling. The present firm, Mann, Hapgood & Co., are doing a thriving business, and own the only store in the township.

The first church in Burlington Township was the Congregational Church, at Burlington Village. This edifice was constructed on as liberal principles, perhaps, as any church to be found in the country. It has been occupied by various denominations, without any regard whatever to their particular dogmas. The building was commenced in 1853, but was not completed until five years afterward. And although put up as a Congregational Church, and principally by that denomination (the elder Mr. Mann alone contributing about \$400), yet it seems to have been used for years after its completion by the Free-Will Baptists. It was formally dedicated and opened for worship by the Baptists, in 1858, under the ministerial charge of Rev. Mr. Baxter. The Congregational Society was first organized in 1853, about the time the church building was

commenced, but had become lukewarm and dormant at its completion. Hence its early occupancy by the Free-Will Baptists. The Congregational Society revived and prospered for a while, but at present is nearly extinct, and their church is occupied alone by the Baptists. The building is a large and comfortable one, about 30x40 feet, and well finished up.

The Free Methodists have a plain, but substantial church building, on the south line of the township. It is in a flourishing condition, and has a large membership. Long before a church was built in the township, Methodist circuit riders preached at farm houses, and even held protracted meetings. For several years, Godfrey's was used as a regular preaching place, and the Revs. Swift and Styles proclaimed the word of God there many years before the township boasted of a church.

The first preacher in the township was Elder Eaton, of the Free-Will Baptist denomination. He came from Ohio early in 1840, and organized a church, or rather a society, at the old log school house soon after. This was the first sanctuary of worship, and within its walls was preached the first sermon ever heard in Burlington Township. The shepherd of this early flock finished the work given him to do, and has long since gone to his reward.

The first doctor was I. W. Garvin, who practiced in this township for several years. What year he came to the settlement, and where from, could not be obtained. He went to California in 1849, where he remained for a time, and then returned and settled in the town of Sycamore, where he still lives.

CHEESE FACTORIES.

The dairy business, so extensively carried on in Kane County, is represented in Burlington Township by three large cheese factories. The first one built was that at the village of Burlington, erected in 1871 by a stock company, Uriah Thomas taking \$1,000 stock, and assuming the business management of the concern at the time. It is a two-story frame building, of the capacity of a majority of the factories in this section. It is doing a good business, but running somewhat below its average, and is owned at present by Mann & Roseborough. They make up the milk exclusively. In 1872, a factory was built at East Burlington, by Kraft & Parks. It is a large two-story frame, with stone basement, and is doing a flourishing business. It is owned at present by Duncan Johnson, a man heavily interested in cheese manufacturing in the county, and mentioned frequently in this history in connection with different factories.

Edward Jackson, in 1874, put up a factory on the south line of the township. It is a two-story frame building of the usual style, and is doing a very good business. He makes up the milk for his patrons, and still owns and operates the factory. Nearly all of the milk produced in Burlington Township is manufactured at home, but a very small portion of it being shipped to other points.

The first school house in the township was built between 1840 and 1844, by Root & Eaton. It was a small, log affair, and built on Section 10, on the St. Charles and Galena road, about one mile from the present village of Burlington. Who taught the first school in this house is, at the present time, a question involved in some doubt. A Miss Larrabie taught there at an early day, as also did Miss Nancy Hill. But to which one, or whether to either, belongs the honor of teaching first in this rude temple of science, cannot now be determined. Mrs. Catharine Ellithorpe, wife of John W. Ellithorpe, it seems, from the best information to be obtained, taught the first school in the township. She taught a school in her own house, in 1839, a year or two before the log school house was built. This method of schooling was often resorted to by the early settlers, when school houses were scarce, and educational facilities almost unattainable. Mrs. Godfrey taught a school at home, in 1840, when there was no school house in the township but the one before alluded to, which was not within the reach of the neighborhood where the Godfreys lived. Miss Fannie Putnam taught a Summer school, in 1842, in Van Velzer's barn. The present generation would doubtless turn up their indignant noses in lofty scorn, at the idea of becoming scholars under such difficulties. Yet, little more than a quarter of a century ago, school houses were few and far between, in the great State of Illinois, and the people of those days snatched eagerly, at every opportunity to obtain an education.

The present schools of Burlington Township seem to be in a very flourishing condition, and to compare favorably with those of any other township. But of their history, from the early period of schools down to the present time, but little definite information can be obtained. Their records have all been destroyed previous to 1870, and nothing remains but the remembrance of some of the more important events connected therewith, in the minds of those directly interested in the matter. The following is the school report of 1871: No. of school districts, 10; No. of pupils enrolled, 278; No. of teachers, 12; No. of school houses, 10; No. of school libraries, 6; No. of volumes in libraries, 300; amount of school tax, \$3,271.02; amount paid teachers, \$1,288.00.

In 1877, there were eight school districts wholly in the township of Burlington, and two union districts. These all have good, comfortable frame buildings, with sufficient capacity to accommodate all who are entitled to their benefits. Franklin Mann is the present School Treasurer, recently having been elected to that office. The report of 1877 was as follows: No. of school houses, 10; No. of pupils enrolled, 313; No. of children under 21 years, 404; value of school property, \$6,700.00; present school fund, \$1,300.00.

The first marriage in Burlington Township was John Holden, one of the early settlers, and Miss Hannah Van Velzer, in 1840 or about that time. It is supposed that they were married by Esquire Griggs, who lived in Plato Township, and who appears to have been in the habit of performing that duty as frequently as the sparsely settled community would admit of.

The first birth in the township is a little obscure, as to date and to whom the honor belongs. Some claim that it was a child of Van Velzer, by his second wife (he having married a second time, in 1839), while others maintain that Mrs. Banker gave birth to the first white child born in the township.

Eben Norton and T. C. Ellithorpe were made Justices of the Peace, when this township was first divided from Plato, it and Plato formerly comprising Washington Precinct.

When the State was organized into townships under Government survey, in 1848, Washington Precinct was divided into two townships.

At a meeting held for the purpose of organizing, the subject of a name came up, when Mr. Hapgood, a native of Vermont, and still cherishing a veneration for the old Green Mountain State, moved the name of Burlington, which carried unanimously.

When Van Velzer came to Burlington Township, in 1835, he brought with him a negro female slave, but which became free according to the laws of Illinois. She remained, however, with the family for years, displaying all the devotion to them characteristic of that peculiar race. But longing for the old plantation where she was born, after the death of her first mistress—Mrs. Van Velzer—she wandered back to the old Southern home.

BURLINGTON VILLAGE

was surveyed by Andrew Pingree, in 1851, for James and S. S. Mann. Though about twenty-seven years old, it has not grown to a city, but is still a small, unpretentious village. Considerable business, however, is done every year.

There is one large store, comprising a general and complete stock of goods, owned by Mann, Hapgood & Co.; one cheese factory, owned by Mann & Roseborough; one wagon and blacksmith shop; one church; one school house, and a post office.

East Burlington consists merely of a post office, a school house and a cheese factory.

Burlington Lodge No. 637, A., F. & A. M., was organized in 1867, in the village of Burlington. It was organized as Willing Lodge, U. D., but when chartered, some eighteen months subsequently, the name was changed to Burlington.

After the Masonic Lodge in Hampshire Township was removed from the old to the new village, the two being so near together, it was deemed advisable to discontinue Burlington Lodge, No. 637, and accordingly they surrendered their charter in the latter part of 1877.

CEMETERIES.

Burlington Village has a beautiful little cemetery, handsomely laid off and neatly kept. The first to occupy this necropolis was Miss Julina Mann, who died April 26, 1847.

There is another small cemetery on the south line of the township, not far from the Free Methodist Church.

There are also several private burying grounds on plantations in different parts of the town.

Politically, Burlington Township is Republican. In the old times, however, it gave a large, in fact almost unanimous, Whig majority.

BIG ROCK TOWNSHIP.

The settlement of Big Rock is historically interesting, from its having been one of the earliest in Kane County, and from its position, which was adjacent to one in Kendall, of still more venerable date. As early as 1834, claimants had taken up large tracts in Little Rock, the adjoining township upon the South, and it is not at all improbable that some of them wandered, during that year, over the territory which forms the subject of this chapter. The first actual white settler, of whom any satisfactory records or traditions remain, was found occupying the banks of Big Rock Creek, in 1835. How long previous to that year he had been there with his family, it is difficult to determine, as there was no one in the country for a circuit of many miles, when he came; and he seems never to have wasted any time in bragging that he was the oldest inhabitant. Esquire Mulkey, of Little Rock, states that when he first became acquainted with the country north of him, *the settler* was there, and Mr. Mulkey's arrival on the borders of Kendall County dates from 1834. Even the name that the man's mother gave him is involved in doubt and uncertainty. His family name was Cook; and the people who purchased a portion of his vast claim say that he was generally known by the meaningless nickname of "Santy" Cook. His family was large in more senses than one, for they were all, like himself, gigantic in stature, and were numerous. They came to Illinois from Kentucky, and, for some time, lived in a tent on the creek, about a mile south of the spot now occupied by the little village of Big Rock. Justice Ament, who came in the Fall of 1835, found them there, and John Pierce, now a resident of the township, states that upon his arrival, the following year, the Cook family occupied a tent upon his original claim. Again, in 1837, we hear of them from L. J. Lamson, who came from New York City, and took up the claim upon the west side of the creek, which he still occupies. Mr. Lamson arrived late in the evening in the township, having made the journey from Chicago by stage, and was deposited, at his own request, near the creek. Wandering thence along the unknown stage road, he noticed a light in the distance, and approached it with the hope of obtaining comfortable lodging. Knocking at the door, he was received by a tall and uncouth individual who towered a foot or more above him, and was evidently suffering acutely from toothache. All of the rest of the family had retired, he stated, and, with Southern hospitality, invited him to do



E.G. KETCHUM

DUNDEE TOWNSHIP.

the same, adding that he might take his place, as his sufferings would not allow him to sleep. Accordingly Mr. Lamson laid down upon a space on the floor, which the young man assigned him, amid a number of recumbent forms only partially distinguishable in the dim light. Morning revealed to him a scene which he had not discovered the night before: Men and women lay promiscuously under their blankets, upon the floor, like savages in a wigwam; the cabin was a wretched one in every respect, and there was a general lack of furniture and every comfort peculiar to civilization. All the men and women stood far above him as they arose, and all the family had reached maturity.

Some two years later, Shepard Johnson arrived from the East, and purchased a thousand acres of Cook. He returned to the East and went on a trip up North River, and was never heard of afterward.

The following June, Lamson went back to New York, and when he came West again, brought a stock or lot of goods for his brother, which they stowed away, during the night, in a stable belonging to L. D. Brady. They were broken into and stolen. This was the first theft committed in the township.

Matthew H. Perry, more commonly called Hale Perry, and his brother William Perry, from Berkshire County, Pennsylvania, went to New York in 1813, and in 1835 came West and settled in Big Rock Township. Hale Perry entered a large claim, on which he remained a number of years, when he sold out and removed to Burlington Township, where he still lives, enjoying a reasonable state of health.

In the Fall of 1835-6, Justice Ament came from the State of New York with his wife and four children. There were at that time but two families in the township—Hale Perry's and Cook's. He settled about a mile from the village, where he died some twelve years ago, on his original claim, which had been purchased from a man living just outside of the township.

John Pierce came to the township in 1836; Joseph Summers came with him, and also, Robert Nash. Indian Jim, a noted character, lived in the vicinity where Pierce located, and often did work for him.

James W. Swan, originally from Vermont, came from Chautauqua County, to Michigan, where he remained but a short time, when he came with his wife to Big Rock Township, arriving in January, 1836; Percy Taylor, from New York, came with Swan to Big Rock. Mr. Swan bought his claim from Hale Perry, as also did Taylor. In addition to Hale Perry, Justice Ament, Jos. Summers, Nash, Pierce and Whiddon were all in the township when Swan came.

James Hatch, from Oneida County, New York, came out, arriving in Chicago, in September, 1837. He went to Oswego, where he worked for some time building a grist-mill, but returned to his claim during the Winter. He had bought his claim from one Enos Jones, who lived over the line in Little Rock, in 1840.

James Dundee came from Ireland at an early day, and took up a claim, on which he lived some years. He died several years ago, in the State of Nebraska.

He was the inventor of one of the riding cultivators now in use and so popular in the Western States.

Daniel and David Evans and Thomas Jones came at an early day, and settled in the township. Ellen Jones, living in Blunt, is 97 years old; Mary Jones—now Mrs. Pierce—came to the township in 1840. These parties all came from Wales.

In 1836, Robert Fisher, a native of Scotland, came to Big Rock, and settled in the northwest corner of the township, just below where Lamson was then living. S. Samson, who came from New York, in 1839 (now deceased), Robert Norton and Silas Long, from Ohio, were living near where Fisher settled. Perry, Taylor, Ament, Rhodes and the Swans lived on the west side of the timber in 1840. Rhodes bought his claim of Hale Perry, amounting to near 500 acres, where Blunt now stands, for the sum of \$200. It was near Big Rock Creek, and to-day is worth, perhaps, one hundred times what Rhodes paid for it at that early period.

L. D. Brady, now living in Aurora, and Jesse Brady, living in Plano, came from New York, in 1837, and settled in this township, and bought their claims from the old man Cook, in the southwest part of the town, on the south side of Big Rock Creek, just north of Esquire Hatch's.

A man named Picksly came previous to the Spring of 1838, and settled near Robert Fisher.

Dr. J. T. H. Brady, a brother to the other Bradys, came in the Spring of 1838, and was the first doctor in the township. He did not commence a general practice of the healing art until the Summer of 1846, and soon after removed to Little Rock.

Dr. S. O. Long came the same year from Massachusetts. After practicing his profession some years in the township, he died.

One Matlock took up a large claim in 1837-38, where the Longs afterward settled, on the west side of the creek. A sharp turn in the stream about three-quarters of a mile west of Blunt is called Matlock's Point to this day.

Alexis Hall came at the same time as Matlock, and made a settlement.

Edward Whiddon and Maurice Price came as early as 1837. Rexford also came in 1837-38, and settled near Swan and Taylor.

Thomas W. Glasspool came to the township from "Merrie England," at an early period. He was married to Katie Cook, in 1838. George Peck's account of the marriage runs somewhat as follows: Glasspool took his bride elect and struck out for the Esquire's in the dead of the night. On arriving at the house of that functionary, who had retired for the night, and knocking at the door, received the inquiry, "Who's there?" "Glasspool." "What do you want?" "To get married." "Come in." The Esquire drew the bed-curtains for a moment, tumbled into his breeches, if such could be, and came forth looking as dignified as possible, and proceeded: "You, William Glasspool, etc., etc.," "and you, Katie Cook, etc., etc." "So help you God; and may the Lord have mercy on

your souls." The night of Glasspool's wedding was one of the coldest of the Winter.

Paul Colburn, now living in Big Rock Township, came from New York, in 1836, and made his present settlement.

Richard Morrison came from Wales, and settled in the township in 1840.

The first birth in the township of Big Rock was Edward Pierce, born in 1836. Calista Ann Ament was born in the township, November 13, 1837. This was the beginning of the fulfillment of the passage of Scripture, "Be fruitful and multiply and replenish the earth." And Big Rock has continued to do its duty in that respect down to the present time.

The first marriage was doubtless Glasspool and Miss Cook, as we have no account of one previous to that time.

From the green mounds and marble slabs to be found rather thickly grouped together in different spots of the township, we conclude that death has not been idle. Who the first was to meet it, we were unable to learn; but the fact is evident to all, that many of the early settlers mentioned in these pages have gone to their eternal rest. "There shall be funerals hereafter, for many are laid out," and death, the grand leveler of human greatness, will sooner or later lay us all side by side.

In 1865, two daughters of James Davis (one of them now Mrs. James Davis, the other Mrs. Edward Pierce) took the first and second premiums in horsemanship, at Chicago. They broke their own horses, and that, too, without saddles. Their debut in the city created a great sensation, which is not yet forgotten. They had their horses so well trained that they could make them kneel while they mounted.

A post office was established at the village by Brook & Hoskins, in 1837, and was at first called Acasto, afterward changed to Big Rock. This was the first post office in the township, and Orson Brooks was the first Postmaster. These parties also started a hotel, and were soon followed by Livingstone, Shepard Johnson and others. Johnson had money, but the others, except Thomas Meredith, possessed little of the world's goods.

The first tavern in the township was kept by Joseph Summers, on the Chicago and Galena State road, which passed through the township. Summers also kept a post office at one time at his tavern.

The first blacksmith in the township was Willard Coon. Isaac Hatch learned the trade from Coon, and afterward kept a shop on his claim. These men kept the first shop in that section, and worked for a large scope of country.

The first store opened in the township was about the year 1855, by a man named Walby. It was a frame building, and did not have a very long life. Rhodes' store was the first in the village, and was opened there for business in 1873.

Joshua F. Rhodes was the first acting Assessor for the township. He was elected to the office in 1850. He was also appointed the first Postmaster in the

vicinity of Big Rock Village, in 1861. He kept the post office in his own house when first established. J. D. Denny was the first Supervisor of the township, and was appointed to the office in 1850.

A saw-mill was built in 1837, by Coon & Mussy, on Big Rock Creek, just below Rockville (then called Catsville), which continued in active operation for a number of years.

A very large grain elevator was built in 1875, by Maltby & Co., which has always done a very fair business. H. A. Denny, in 1871, put up a wagon shop, and two years later, a good substantial steam feed-mill, which is kept pretty steadily running to supply the demand. A number of other shops were put up in the Fall of 1875.

The road from Aurora to Sugar Grove was laid off by the following Commissioners, years ago: Joshua F. Rhodes, Thomas Meredith and Ira Hodges. The road staked out at an early day ran directly through Big Rock Township. It passed Cook's house and entered the section of Little Rock.

THE RAILROAD.

The Chicago & Iowa Railroad was completed and commenced running trains through the township of Big Rock in 1871. Since that time, there has been a marked improvement in all the business and resources of that section. Lands have increased in value, the farming interest almost doubled, and a large amount of freights are annually shipped from Blunt Station.

Isaac Hatch was elected Justice of the Peace in 1842, and was probably the first to hold that office in the town. A house built for school purposes in 1844-5 was moved into the township in 1847. It was built of hewed logs, and stood on land now owned by E. Widding. But the first school house in the township was built in 1841, and the first school taught by Colin Ament. This primitive temple of learning was built of rough logs, with a log sawed out for a window, slab door, slab writing-desk, slab seats, slab floor, slab everything, and was raised by a bee of the neighbors, and stood on Rhodes' claim. The present school house in the village was built in 1859, and cost about \$1,200. The school records in Big Rock Township, known as Township 38, north Range 6, east of the Third Principal Meridian, are preserved since 1842. In March of that year, the following men were School Trustees: Alexis Hall, Joseph Summers, James E. Smith, Samuel W. Lamson (resigned) and James W. Swan.

At a meeting held March 14, 1842, the township was divided into four school districts, and Directors appointed for each district. The school house in District No. 3 is mentioned in the record as early as 1843, at the July meeting. At that meeting, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

"WHEREAS, We, the Trustees of Township 38, North Range 6, East of Third Principal Meridian, and of the County of Kane, State of Illinois, deeming it necessary that there should be some by-laws adopted for our regulation, which authority for so doing is implied in the law of the State, therefore do resolve:

"Section 1, etc."

Here follow thirteen sections of iron clad by-laws for the government of this august body, which wind up as follows :

“ We do solemnly agree to submit and bind ourselves by the above laws, and to which we do now affix our names and seals this 15th day of July, 1843. Signed,

JAMES SMITH [L. s.]

J. W. SWAN [L. s.]

A. REED [L. s.]

A. HALL [L. s.]

JOSEPH SUMMERS [L. s.]

A record of the schools in the townships :

For 1841, District No. 1, 29; No. 2, 34; No. 3, 50; No. 4, 24; total, 137. For 1843, District No. 1, 24; No. 2, 35; No. 3, 49; No. 4, 24; total, 132. For 1845, District No. 1, 24; No. 2, 39; No. 3, 61; No. 4, 32; total, 156. For 1848, District No. 1, 72; No. 2, 65; No. 3, 49; No. 4, 58; No. 5, 35; total, 279.

L. LAMPSON, *Treasurer*.

The school section was divided into sixteen lots of forty acres each, and sold, the amount it brought being \$1,191.20.

On the 5th of April, 1845, on account of the settlements of the vacant sections, the entire township was divided into four equal districts, and were rearranged in 1846.

Shepard Johnson was a man of intelligence, and a zealous patron of schools. The records kept by him are unusually correct.

In 1856, there were in the township seven school districts. And in 1864, there were in the town 383 children entitled to school privileges. In 1869, there were 400 children in the town under twenty-one years.

THE CHURCHES.

In the township of Big Rock are the Welsh Congregational and English, and the Baptist. The Welsh Congregational Church was dedicated in 1854, the Rev. John Daniel being the first Pastor. In 1842-3, George Lewis, who lived on land now owned by John Whiddon, preached for about two years there. The church had but 13 members, when first organized in Mr. Pierce's house, by the Rev. Mr. Jenkins and Mr. Morris, about the year 1853. Now it has about 30 members. In 1858, a division occurred in the church, and the Congregational Church was formed in Big Rock; the year afterward, built a church. The preacher and part of the society left the Welsh Church to form a new one. Rev. Mr. Evans was the minister at that time.

The Baptist Church was completed in Big Rock, in the Winter of 1874-5, having been previously moved from west of the village, where it had been standing for many years. It is at present in a flourishing state. Services are held every two weeks and the attendance unusually large. There are 25 names on the roll of membership.

The war record of the township was not quite so good as some of the other townships in the county, but upon the whole, creditable at least. Charles Schryer enlisted as a private in Capt. James Hayden's Company of Zouaves. Re-enlisted in Company F, First Illinois Cavalry, in same year. He afterward became Captain of Company F of the One Hundred and Twenty-Seventh Illinois Regiment. D. E. Schryer, David Vaughn, Henry Houghtaling, War-

ren, Dick and Henry Colson, all from Big Rock Township, were in same regiment. Many others also from this section were in the One Hundred and Twenty-Seventh. The Fifty-Second, Fifty-Seventh and Thirty-Sixth likewise had a few from Big Rock. Schryer commanded the One Hundred and Twenty-Seventh Regiment nearly a year during Sherman's campaign. He was in command at the battles of Jonesboro and Bentonville, and acquitted himself with honor, as well as the brave boys under his command.

BIG ROCK.

The name of Big Rock was the Indian name of the creek, and at the time of township organization in 1848, under Government survey, it was bestowed on the township, a name it has ever since borne. Politically, Big Rock, like the majority of townships in Kane County, is Republican, but was Whig in old times by almost as much of a majority as it is Republican at the present day.

As an agricultural region its soil is rich, well watered and productive. Corn is the principal crop, though other crops are cultivated to a considerable extent.



KANE COUNTY WAR HISTORY AND RECORD.

ABBREVIATIONS.

Adjut.....	Adjutant.	e.....	enlisted.
Art.....	Artillery.	excd.....	exchanged.
Col.....	Colonel.	inf.....	infantry.
Capt.....	Captain.	kld.....	killed.
Corpl.....	Corporal.	m. o.....	mustered out.
Comsy.....	Commissary.	prmtd.....	promoted.
comd.....	commissioned.	prsr.....	prisoner.
cav.....	cavalry.	rect.....	recruit.
captd.....	captured.	Regt.....	Regiment.
consdn.....	consolidation.	resd.....	resigned.
disab.....	disabled.	Sergt.....	Sergeant.
disd.....	discharged.	wd.....	wounded.

THIRTY-SIXTH INFANTRY.

(Three Years.)

The Thirty sixth Infantry Illinois Volunteers was organized at Aurora, Illinois, in September, 1861, by Col. Nicholas Greusel, and mustered into United States service by Capt. A. G. Brackett, U. S. A., September 23, 1861.

Sept. 24th, ordered to Quincy, Ill., by rail, and thence to St. Louis, where the regiment was armed. Twenty-ninth was moved to Rolla, where the regiment remained until Jan. 14, 1862. Marched to Lebanon. Remained until February 10th. Entered Springfield on the 13th. Proceeded to Bentonville, Ark., and were engaged in the fight there, March 6th. The regiment was engaged in the battle of Leetown, March 7th, and of Pea Ridge, 8th. Marched *via* Keitsville, Cassville, Cape Fear, Galena, Forsythe and West Plains, Missouri and Salem, Ark., to Batesville, Ark. Were then transferred to the Department of the Mississippi, and marched, under Gen. Asboth, to Cape Girardeau, Mo. Embarked for Hamburg Landing, Tenn., and were, on arrival, assigned to Gen. Pope's command. On evacuation of Corinth, marched to Booneville and back to Rienzi, remaining until Sept. 6th. Moved to Cincinnati, *via* Corinth, Columbus, Cairo, Odin and Seymour. Moved from Covington, *via* Indianapolis, to Louisville, and remained until Oct. 1st, when it marched with Gen. Buell's Army, Gilbert's Corps, Sheridan's Division, Col. Greusel's Brigade, the regiment being commanded by Capt. Silas Miller, *via* Bardstown and Springfield to Perryville, where it met the enemy. In this action the Thirty-sixth lost seventy-five killed and wounded.

Moved thence, *via* Danville and Lancaster, to Crab Orchard; thence, *via* Lancaster, Danville, Lebanon, New Market, Cave City and Bowling Green, to Nashville, near which place it encamped. The Brigade Commanders have been Cols. Osterhaus, Greusel, Hansendifel and Knoblesdorf. Division commanders, Gens. Sigel, Asboth, Jeff. C. Davis, Gordon Granger, and Sheridan. Corps commanders, Gens. Curtis, Pope, Granger, Gilbert and McCook. Department commanders, Gens. Fremont, Hunter, Halleck, Grant, Wright, Nelson, Buell and Rosecrans. The Thirty-sixth Illinois was engaged in the battle of Stone River, from Dec. 26, 1862, until Jan. 2, 1863, coming out of the action with only 200 men. Says Col. Greusel:

"At daylight on the 31st, the regiment was assaulted by a rebel brigade under Gen. Weathers, and being supported by the Eighty-eighth Illinois, Col. Frank Sherman, on its left, they were soon driven back to the woods; but again and again, they were rallied, every time meeting the same fate, until thirty-eight of that fine brigade were all that were left to tell where their rebel comrades had fallen. The Thirty-sixth charged them at the point of the bayonet twice in succession, driving them back. Forty-one of the poor boys lay dead on their faces on less than one acre of ground. The wounded is large, and, in fact, the killed and wounded are the largest in the whole division. At 8 o'clock A. M., 31st., received notice of the death of Gen. Sill, and the command of the brigade devolved upon me. All our brigade commanders were killed. Here it was that Herrington fell. Only half of the division, Sheridan's Third, were left. My brigade went

into action 2,210 strong, and came out 1,008 rank and file. My officers, with one exception, stood their ground. First Sergt. Orrison Smith, for bravery during the battle, maintaining his position in the company, although wounded in three places, I made him a Second Lieutenant in front of the whole regiment." "My regiment," continues Col. Greusel, "is in a crippled condition. Only ten officers are left. Nine wounded and taken prisoner by the enemy, one killed, and one mortally wounded."

The Thirty-sixth, as appears from the official report of Lieut. Col. Porter C. Olson, bore an honorable part in the battle near Chickamauga Creek, on the 20th and 21st September, 1863. Sept. 19th, the regiment, Col. Miller commanding, marched from Pond Springs to Gordon's Mills, a distance of ten miles. At 2 P. M., went into position, near Gordon's Mills, with one company thrown forward as skirmishers. At 5 o'clock P. M., fell back to the timber, about 200 yards, and remained during the night. At 4 o'clock A. M., 20th, marched two miles and a quarter to the left, and formed in the second line. At 11 A. M., after some skirmishing, ordered forward to the support of the center. Formed on the brow of a hill under a most terrible fire, but in perfect good order, and engaged the enemy fiercely, checking his advance. At this juncture the enemy appeared on the left, and, turning the flank, subjected us to a murderous enfilading fire, against which we could offer but little resistance. The regiment was ordered to fall back. Gen. Lytle being killed, Col. Miller took command of the brigade, and Lieut. Col. Olson of the regiment. The regiment made another stand, but was overwhelmed by numbers, and compelled to fall back. Marched to Rossville, and encamped for the night. 21st, in position on the Chattanooga road. 22d, moved into Chattanooga. Mustered out Oct. 8, 1865, at New Orleans, La., and arrived at Camp Butler, Ill., Oct. 17, 1865, for final payment and discharge.

Col. Nicholas Greusel, e. Sept. 23, 1861; resigned Feb. 7, 1863.
Col. Silas Miller, e. as Captain Co. B, Aug. 20, 1861; prmt'd. to Major Sept., 1862; to Colonel Feb. 7, 1863; and died at Nashville, Tenn., July 27, 1864, of wounds received at Kenesaw Mountain, June 27, 1864.
Col. Benj. F. Campbell, e. as Second Lieut., Co. B, Aug. 20, 1861; prmt'd. to Captain, Sept. 18, 1862; to Lieut. Colonel, Nov. 30, 1864; to Colonel, May 10, 1865; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
Lieut. Col. Edward S. Joslyn, e. Aug. 20, 1861; disd. Sept. 18, 1862.
Lieut. Col. Albert Jenks, e. Sept. 18, 1862; resigned Feb. 24, 1863.
Major Alonzo H. Barry, e. Aug. 20, 1861; disd. Sept. 18, 1862.
Major G. D. Sherman, e. Aug. 8, 1861, as First Sergt. and prmt'd. to First Lieut. Co. A, Oct. 19, 1861; to Captain, June 8, 1862; to Major, Feb. 7, 1863; m. o. Dec. 12, 1864.
Adj't. G. A. Willis, e. Aug. 20, 1861; prmt'd. to Captain, Co. A, Cav.
Q. M. I. M. Buck, e. Aug. 20, 1861 as Second Lieut. Co. A; resd. March 3, 1862.
Surg. D. W. Young, e. Aug. 20, 1861; resd. Feb. 23, 1863.
Surg. J. A. Hatch, e. Dec. 11, 1862 as Second Asst. Surg.; prmt'd. to First Asst. Surg. Feb. 16, 1863, to Surg. April 8, 1865; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.

First Asst. Surg. S. B. Hawley, e. Aug. 20, 1861; resd. Sept. 3, 1862.
Serg't. Major L. P. Ticknor, e. as Corpl. Aug. 8, 1861; prmt'd. Serg't. Major; m. o. Sept. 22, 1864.
Q. M. Serg't. A. D. Keyes, reduced and returned to Co.
Q. M. Serg't. C. W. Rhodes; m. o. Sept. 22, 1864.
Hosp. Steward J. H. Karl; Disd. July 22, 1862; disabled.
Prin. Musician T. P. Matteson; m. o. March 3, 1863.

Company A.

Capt. M. B. Baldwin, e. Aug. 20, 1861; resd. June 8, 1862.
Capt. L. M. Kelley, e. Aug. 8, 1861 as private; re-e as vet.; was prmt'd. to First Lieut. Jan. 1865, to Capt. June 22, 1865; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
First Lieut. E. S. Chappell, e. Aug. 20, 1861; died Oct. 16, 1861.
First Lieut. Leroy Salisbury, e. as Corpl. Aug. 8, 1861; prmt'd. Second Lieut. Feb. 7, 1863, to First Lieut. Sept. 3, 1863; term exp'd. Jan. 18, 1865.
Second Lieut. W. S. Smith, e. Aug. 20, 1861; resd. July 9, 1862.
Serg't. A. C. Lynd, e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. June 12, 1863, disabled.
Serg't. Alex. Robinson, e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. April 25, 1863, disabled.
Corp. W. J. Ordway, e. Aug. 8, 1861; re-e. vet.; died June 12, 1864, wounded.
Corp. J. W. Aldrich, e. Aug. 8, 1861; re-e. vet.; kld. May 19, 1864.
Corp. B. D. C. Rowland, e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. June 17, 1864 for promotion.
Corp. J. S. Long, e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864, term expired.
Corp. F. B. Perkins, e. Aug. 8, 1861; trans. to 52d Ill. Inf. June 9, 1862.
Musician C. B. Stiles, e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864, term expired.
Musician Brayman Loveless, e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864, term expired.
Andrews, Albt., e. Aug. 8, 1861; died Oct. 10, 1862, wds.
Adams, B. N., e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Feb. 3, 1862, disab.
Brown, D. W., e. Aug. 8, 1861; trans. to V. R. C.
Brannon, Patk., e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Jan. 1, 1863, wd.
Baker, C. P., e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Nov. 8, 1864, term exp.
Bluckman, Jno., e. Aug. 8, 1861; re-e. as vet.
Bartholomew, L., e. Aug. 8, 1861; re-e. as vet.; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865, as First Serg't.
Dean, C. F., e. Aug. 8, 1861; died at Nashville, Jan. 14, 1863, wd.
Dade, Wm., e. Aug. 8, 1861; deserted Oct. 10, 1861.
Gibbons, Patk., e. Aug. 8, 1861; kld. at Stone River, Dec. 31, 1862.
Harpending, A. S., e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864, term exp.
Hall, J. C., e. Aug. 8, 1861; Corp.; disd. Sept. 22, 1864, term exp.
Hoxie, D. B., e. Aug. 8, 1861; m. o. Sept. 8, 1864.
Henderson, A. F., e. Aug. 8, 1861; died Jan. 16, 1863, wds.
Hewett, J. A., e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Nov. 18, 1864, as Corporal, term exp.
Krahan, Fred., e. Aug. 8, 1861; died while prisoner of war Dec. 1, 1863.
Knowls, Geo. H., e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864, term exp.
Keyes, A. A., e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. for promotion.
Little, Peter, e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864, term expired.
Manahan, Alex., e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. June 10, 1863, disab.
Miller, Tobias, e. Aug. 8, 1861; re-e. at vet.; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865 as Corporal.
Miller, L. F., e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864, term expired.
Mann, L. W., e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Nov. 8, 1864, term exp.
Murus, Dorus, e. Aug. 8, 1861; died March 4, 1863, wds.
Nicholas, F. J., e. Aug. 8, 1861; re-e. as vet., deserted June 5, 1865.
Olsyeski, Chas., e. Aug. 8, 1861; re-e. as vet.; died Jan. 13, 1865, wds.
Ritze, Augustus, e. Aug. 8, 1861; re-e. as vet.; trans. June 10, 1865.
Raymond, F. W., e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864, term expired.
Raymond, F. A., e. Aug. 8, 1861; promoted Serg't. Major.
Sylla, W. F., e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Dec. 25, 1861, disab.
Seisloff, Michael, e. Aug. 8, 1861; re-e. vet.; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865 as Serg't.
Stanton, Tolmas, e. Aug. 8, 1861; kld. Dec. 31, 1862.
Shaw, Adelbert, e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864, term expired.

Vining, J. M., e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864; term expired.
 Wickwise, E. J., e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. May 19, 1862; disab.
 Wilcox, H. H., e. Aug. 8, 1861; re-e. as vet. (Corporal); absent at m. o. of regt.
 Deill, H. E., e. Feb. 29, 1864; rect.; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
 Deill, Albert, e. Feb. 22, 1864; rect.; disd. June 5, 1865; disab.
 Salsbury, G. M., e. Aug. 1, 1862; rect.; disd. Aug. 8, 1863; term expired.
 Shaw, F. F., e. Feb. 17, 1864; rect.; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
 Scott, J. F., e. Aug. 1, 1862; rect.; disd. Aug. 8, 1863; term expired.
 Samis, Henry, e. Feb. 16, 1864; rect.; died at Nashville July 24, 1864.
 Shaw, O. D., e. Feb. 20, 1864; rect.; Corporal; missing Nov. 30, 1864.

Company B.

Capt. W. H. Dugan, e. Oct. 8, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 29, 1864; was prmtd. to First Lieutenant April 3, 1863, to Captain Nov. 30, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
 First Lieut. J. H. Wacker, e. Aug. 20, 1861; dishonorably dismissed April 30, 1863.
 First Lieut. G. B. Douglas, e. as First Sergeant April 8, 1861; was prmtd. to Second Lieutenant Sept. 18, 1862, and to First Lieutenant April 30, 1863.
 First Lieut. Owen Hughes, e. Aug. 8, 1861, as Corporal; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; was prmtd. to First Lieutenant Nov. 30, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
 Second Lieut. Saml. Hitchcock, e. Aug. 8, 1861, as Sergt prmtd. to Second Lieut. April 30, 1863; commission declined; disd. Sept. 22, 1864, as Sergt.; term expired.
 Sergt. Abner Field, e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864; term expired.
 Corp. Wm. Wanner, e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Feb. 7, 1862.
 Corp. E. W. Parker, e. Aug. 8, 1861; kld. at Chickamauga Sept. 20, 1863.
 Corp. W. F. Blakesly, e. Aug. 8, 1861; died of wounds March 8, 1863.
 Corp. J. H. Grouberg, e. Aug. 8, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
 Corp. E. D. Houlton, e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864; term expired.
 Corp. Thos. Flynn, e. Aug. 15, 1861; disd. Dec. 22, 1864; term expired.
 Musician Geo. Brewer, e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Aug. 18, 1862, for promotion.
 Musician Willard Pettingill, e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. May 9, 1863, disab.
 Wagoner J. F. Lilly, e. Aug. 13, 1861; disd. Dec. 22, 1864; term expired.
 Alcott, Henry, e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. at Nashville June 10, 1864, wd.
 Anson, E., e. Sept. 3, 1861; kld. Sept. 3, 1862, at Perryville, Ky.
 Ayers, C. G., e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. as Corp., Sept. 22, 1864.
 Brandon, W. H., e. Sept. 9, 1861; disd. disab. Oct. 7, 1861.
 Broger, Rudolph, e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Brunnemeyer, C., e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. June 23, 1864, disab.
 Barnes, G. H., e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Nov. 3, 1864; term expired.
 Camp, Arba, e. Sept. 21, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
 Davis, Danl., e. Sept., 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865, as Corporal.
 Drane, Robt., e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Nov. 8, 1864; term expired.
 Dugan, Frank, e. Aug. 31, 1861; died of wds. Oct. 3, 1863.
 Eckhart, Carl, e. Aug. 10, 1861; deserted Dec. 31, 1862.
 Edwards, J. W., e. Aug. 18, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
 Eddy, Jas., e. Sept. 27, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864.
 Eddy, Jno., e. Aug. 24, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864.
 Emde, F., e. Sept. 6, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864.
 Evans, J. W., e. Sept. 18, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864; term expired.
 Fife, Jno., e. Aug. 19, 1861; disd. Oct. 8, 1862; wd.
 Hartless, W. H., e. Aug. 15, 1861; disd. Aug. 20, 1864; term expired.
 Harvey, C. M., e. Aug. 8, 1861; trans. to Company K 15th Ill. Cav.
 Heine, Fred., e. Aug. 15, 1861; died Feb. 9, 1864.
 Heinze, C. G., e. Aug. 15, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; kld. July 23, 1864.
 Hodges, Dow, e. Sept. 20, 1864; re-e. as vet.

Hornby, T. E., e. Aug. 8, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
 Jackson, Wm., e. Aug. 18, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864.
 Karl, J. H., e. Aug. 15, 1861; prmtd. to Hospital Steward.
 Kendall, S. E., e. Sept. 20, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865, as Corporal.
 Latham, H. B., e. Sept. 1, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 22, 1864.
 Leet, Franklin, e. Aug. 13, 1861.
 Leroy, Henry, e. Sept. 23, 1861; m. o. July 15, 1865.
 Logan, Robt., e. Sept. 1, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Nov. 8, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Lloyd, Brayton, e. Aug. 12, 1861; died Jan. 6, 1864.
 Mahew, Elihu, e. Aug. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
 McGee, Jos., e. Sept. 21, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864; term expired.
 Miller, G. W., e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Dec. 9, 1861; disab.
 Moore, N. M., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864; term expired.
 Ott, Wm., e. Sept. 9, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864; term expired.
 Ott, Jno., e. Aug. 15, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
 Pelican, Peter, e. Aug. 14, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864.
 Pierce, Edward, e. Sept. 1, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
 Race, Van Wyck, e. Sept. 3, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
 Reed, Jeff., e. Aug. 14, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864; term expired.
 Reitz, Henry, e. Sept. 13, 1861; kld. Oct. 8, 1862.
 Reitz, Adam, e. Sept. 13, 1861; disd. May 1, 1863; disab.
 Reitz, Geo., e. Sept. 13, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864; term expired.
 Ribby, H. L., e. Sept. 18, 1861; kld. June 19, 1864.
 Roberts, D. B., e. Sept. 1, 1861; trans. May 1, 1864.
 Sears, C. W., e. Aug. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864.
 Scheffer, W., e. Aug. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864.
 Sedgwick, T. W., e. Aug. 12, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864; term expired.
 Stevens, F., e. Aug. 15, 1861.
 Strong, C. E., e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. Aug. 10, 1862; disab.
 Toby, W. A., e. Aug. 15, 1861; disd. Aug. 10, 1862; disab.
 Terry, Dan'l., e. Aug. 14, 1861; disd. March 2, 1863.
 Thompson, F., e. Aug. 19, 1861; kld. Dec. 13, 1862.
 Thompson, R. N., e. Aug. 1, 1861; disd. for promotion.
 Travis, C. W., e. Aug. 8, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865, as Corporal.
 Van Ohlin, Wm., e. Sept. 10, 1861; disd. May 13, 1863, disab.
 Waterman, W. S., e. Sept. 1, 1861; disd. Aug. 20, 1862; disab.
 West, A. J., e. Sept. 1, 1861; m. o. Sept. 20, 1864.
 Wilder, J. J., e. Aug. 11, 1861; disd. disab.
 Winn, Jacob, e. Aug. 11, 1861; missing.
 Weeden, E. S., e. Aug. 8, 1861; transferred.
 Woodward, J. H., e. Aug. 11, 1861; died May 8, 1863.
 Wokersein, F., e. Aug. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
 Zimmer, Chris., e. Aug. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
 Tuffee, J. P., e. March 4, 1864; vet. rect.; disd. June 8, 1865; disab.
 Jones, J. N., e. Feb. 23, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
 Snell, H. A., e. May 22, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Terry, Dan'l., e. May 26, 1863; vet. rect.; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
 Way, J. E., e. Feb. 23, 1864; m. o. Oct. 4, 1865.

Company C.

Keck, Ethan, e. Aug. 24, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Miller, Ralph, e. Aug. 23, 1861; died Oct. 16, 1862; wd.
 Reeder, W. V., e. Aug. 24, 1861; died Dec. 13, 1863; wd.
 Reeder, Carvasso, e. Aug. 24, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864; term expired.
 King, M. E., e. Feb. 29, 1864; rect.; m. o. June 22, 1865.

Company E.

Blu, Mat, e. Aug. 20, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864; term expired.
 Johnston, Peter, e. Aug. 20, 1861; disd. Aug. 20, 1863; disab.
 Winans, Stephen, e. Sept. 2, 1861; disd. Nov. 6, 1864; term expired.
 Henning, James, e. Sept. 24, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864; term expired.
 Jenkinson, Jos., e. Feb. 29, 1864; m. o. Sept. 30, 1865.

Company F.

Belden, L. E., e. Sept. 9, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864 m. o. as First Sergeant Oct. 8, 1865.
 Dessalet, G. W., e. Sept. 9, 1861; m. o. Sept. 22, 1864.
 Green, Jno., e. Sept. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; kld. at Dallas, Ga., May 7, 1864.
 Huggett, W. G., e. Sept. 9, 1861; died Jan. 10, 1863; wd.
 Hall, J. H., e. Sept. 9, 1861; Corporal; kld. at battle of Chickamauga.
 Johnson, Alfred, e. Sept. 9, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864; term expired.
 Jackson, W. E., e. Sept. 10, 1861; kld. at Perryville, Ky., Oct. 8, 1862.
 Lamb, John, e. Sept. 9, 1861; disd. Jan. 1, 1863.
 McClary, Wm., e. Sept. 9, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
 Nelson, N. L., e. Sept. 9, 1861; Corporal; kld. at Perryville, Ky., Oct. 8, 1862.
 Olson, J. W., e. Aug. 20, 1861; disd. Sept. 22, 1864, as First Sergeant; term expired.
 Orstad, Thos., e. Sept. 9, 1861; disd. May 31, 1862; disab.
 Peterson, S. W., e. Aug. 13, 1861; disd. March 23, 1863; disab.
 Phillip, Peter, e. Sept. 2, 1861; died Dec. 1, 1863.
 Partridge, W. E., e. Sept. 9, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
 Riggs, Alf., e. Sept. 2, 1861; Corporal; kld. at Stone River.
 Sly, F. W., e. Sept. 9, 1861; disd. Nov. 7, 1863; disab.
 Sweetland, C. F., e. Sept. 9, 1861; m. o. July 15, 1865; was prisoner of war.
 Siflect, James, e. Sept. 9, 1861; died at Nashville Jan. 8, 1863.
 Thompson, Wm., e. Sept. 9, 1861; kld. in battle.
 Van Order, A. P., e. Sept. 9, 1861; kld. in battle.

Company H.

Musician Day Elmore, e. Aug. 14, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864, as Sergeant; died Dec. 9, 1864, of wounds.

Company I.

Roush, Jno., e. March 8, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865, as Corp.
 Shields, Jno., e. March 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
 Smith, I. P., e. Feb. 22, 1864; m. o. Aug. 2, 1865.

Company K.

Corp. Edward Reeder, e. Aug. 12, 1861; m. o. Dec. 15, 1864.
 Burroughs, Allen, e. Aug. 26, 1861; kld. in battle of Chickamauga.
 Burnett, Peter, e. Aug. 20, 1861; trans. to V. R. C. as Corporal.
 Clark, Jno., e. Aug. 31, 1861; disd. April 6, 1863; disab.
 Downey, James, e. Aug. 20, 1861; m. o. June 26, 1864; term expired.
 Glove, Thos., e. Aug. 20, 1861; disd. Dec. 10, 1862; disab.
 Hall, G. S., e. Aug. 20, 1861; kld. in battle of Stone River.
 Lerican, Jos., e. Aug. 20, 1861; m. o. Sept. 22, 1864.
 Lyon, G. G., e. Aug. 20, 1861; appointed Chaplain Aug. 20, 1861.
 Lenhart, G. B., e. Sept. 23, 1861; kld. at Stone River.
 Lenhart, J. P., e. Sept. 23, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Mongerson, Chas., e. Aug. 21, 1861; m. o.; term expired.
 Moffett, Thos., e. Aug. 12, 1861; kld. at Perryville, Ky.
 Mayberry, E. H., e. Sept. 12, 1861; missing at Chickamauga.
 Minor, C. J., e. Aug. 12, 1861; disd. April 9, 1863, wds.
 Millay, E. J., e. Aug. 20, 1861; died May 6, 1862.
 Vail, G. W., e. Sept. 21, 1861; m. o. Sept. 22, 1864.
 Bogardus, Hiram, e. Oct. 13, 1863, rect.; m. o. July 15, 1865; prisr. of war.
 Guss, James, e. Oct. 16, 1863, recruit; m. o. Nov. 16, 1865.
 McFarland, John, e. March 8, 1864, recruit.
 O'Connor, Patrick, e. Oct. 21, 1863, recruit; disd. May 3, 1865, disab.
 Paquette, Peter, e. Sept. 4, 1863, recruit; m. o. July 15, 1865; was prisr.
 Slate, Harlow, e. Aug. 24, 1861, recruit; missing in action.
 Watkins, H. F., e. Oct. 3, 1863, recruit; m. o. Oct. 8, 1865.
 Forbes, Henry, e. Dec. 10, 1863, unassigned recruit.
 Kelsey, Lewis, e. Dec. 10, 1863, unass. recruit.
 Lowry, J. B., e. April 4, 1865, recruit; m. o. May 11, 1865.
 Lowry, Geo., e. April 4, 1865, recruit; m. o. May 11, 1865.
 Powell, John, e. Oct. 12, 1863, recruit.
 Winn, E. R., e. March 7, 1864, recruit.
 Welch, John, e. Aug. 27, 1864, sub.
 Gregory, Samuel, Co. D, 39th Inf., e. Aug. 16, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Dec. 6, 1865, as Sergeant.

Bour, Henry, Co. F, 39th Inf., e. Sept. 4, 1861; disd. for disability.

Peters, M. V. B., Co. F, 39th Inf., e. Sept. 4, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; trans. to V. R. C. March 17, 1865.

FIFTY-SECOND INFANTRY.

The Fifty-second Infantry Illinois Volunteers was organized in Geneva, Kane County, Ill. in November, 1861, by Col. J. G. Wilson, and mustered into United States service Nov. 19, 1861, by Lieut. J. Christopher. Nov. 28th, moved, with 945 men, to St. Louis, Mo., and went into quarters at Benton Barracks. Here Col. Wilson resigned. Dec. 8th, the regiment, Lieut. Col. J. S. Wilcox commanding, moved to St. Joseph, Mo. Jan. 16, 1862, moved to Cairo, via Palmyra, Quincy and Mississippi River. Jan. 24th, to Smithland. Feb. 7th, T. W. Sweeny was commissioned Colonel of the Fifty-second. Feb. 10, 1862, embarked for Fort Donelson, and arrived 17th; 18th, was sent with prisoners to Chicago. March 7th, arrived at St. Louis. March 13th, left for Army of the Tennessee, and 20th, disembarked at Pittsburgh Landing, and were assigned to Third Brigade, Second Division, Col. Sweeny commanding brigade, and Gen. Smith the division.

The regiment took a prominent part in the battle of Shiloh, April 6th and 7th, losing 170 killed, wounded and missing—Major Stark commanding first day, and Capt. Bowen on the second. The regiment was engaged in the siege of Corinth, May, 1862. Pursued the retreating enemy to Booneville, Miss., and returned to Corinth, where the regiment remained until the battle of Corinth, Oct. 3d and 4th. Was heavily engaged in this action, Col. Sweeny commanding the regiment, the loss being 70 killed and wounded. Pursued the retreating enemy as far as Ruckerville, and turned 12th. Oct. 13th, moved to Hatchie River, and returned. Dec. 9, 1862, moved with an expedition to Alabama. Met the enemy near Little Bear Creek, drove him fifteen miles, and returned to Corinth, arriving 14th. Dec. 19th, under command of Lieut. Col. Wilcox, left Corinth, with the expedition of Gen. G. M. Dodge, to intercept Forrest. Marched 100 miles, in four and one-half days, and returned, weary and foot-sore. Jan. 2, 1863, moved to Tennessee River, to intercept Forrest, as he had already crossed at Crump's Landing. Expedition returned.

Jan. 26th, moved to Hamburg, Tenn.; embarked on a little steamer, and on the next day disembarked and returned to Corinth.

Feb. 25, 1863, moved, Major Brown commanding regiment, Col. Sweeny commanding expedition, to Jacinto, Miss. Arrived 27th. Remained until March 4th, when it returned to Corinth. On the 15th of April, Lieut. Col. Wilcox commanding regiment, moved with an expedition of four brigades of infantry, one of cavalry, and fourteen pieces of artillery, Brig. Gen. G. M. Dodge commanding, to Northern Alabama. Marched to Burnsville on the 15th; through Iuka on the 16th; crossed Bear Creek

on the 17th—Col. Cornyn's cavalry skirmishing with the enemy. April 20th, Col. Sweeny promoted to Brigadier General; 23d, the whole force advanced, driving the enemy. That night, lay in line of battle; 24th, moved forward and entered Tusculum, Ala. April 27th, moved toward Courtland. Met the enemy at Town Creek, and skirmished till night; 28th, gained possession of the railroad bridge, effected a crossing, and drove the enemy three miles; 29th, returned, arriving in Corinth May 2, 1863. Aug 18th, moved to Germantown, and regiment assigned to guarding railroad.

Oct. 29th, moved to Iuka; 31st, bivouacked three and a half miles east of Iuka. Nov. 6th, the whole left wing of the Sixteenth Corps moved eastward. Arrived at Eastport, and crossed the Tennessee. Nov. 11th, arrived at Pulaski, Tenn. Remained, doing provost duty.

Jan. 9th, three-fourths of the regiment having re-enlisted, it was mustered as a veteran organization. Started for Illinois, and arrived at Chicago Jan. 17th. Proceeded to Geneva, Kane County, and was furloughed 20th.

Feb. 24th, moved for Pulaski, Tenn., under command of Lieut. Col. E. A. Bowen, Col. Wilcox having resigned. Arrived at Pulaski 29th. April 29th, in Col. E. W. Rice's brigade (First Brigade), Gen. Sweeny's division (Second), left wing, Major Gen. G. M. Dodge, Sixteenth Army Corps. Moved southward, arriving at Chattanooga May 2d.

May 3, 1864, commenced the Atlanta campaign. The regiment participated in the battles of Snake Creek Gap, Resaca, Lay's Ferry, Rome Cross Roads, Dallas, Kenesaw Mountain, Nickajack Creek, Decatur. July 22d and 28th, before Atlanta and Jonesboro, and went into camp at East Point. Sept. 26, 1864, the Second Division, left wing, Sixteenth Army Corps, was transferred to Fourth Division. Fifteenth Army Corps, moved to Rome, and, by rail, to Cartersville; and from thence marched to Allatoona. Arriving too late for the battle, it returned to Rome. Oct. 11th, Lieut. Col. Bowen being mustered out, Major Boyd took command. The regiment marched with the division, Brevet Major Gen. J. M. Corse commanding, to Savannah, Ga. Dec. 18th, the non-veteran officers were mustered out, and J. D. Davis, having received a commission as Lieutenant Colonel, took command of the regiment. Dec. 21, marched into Savannah. Jan. 29, 1865, started on the Carolinas campaign. Was present at the battle of Bentonville, and arrived at Goldsboro March 24th. April 10th, marched to Raleigh. Lay at Morrisville during Johnston's surrender. Marched, via Richmond and Alexandria and was in the grand review at Washington May 24, 1865. June 2d, moved to Louisville, Ky. July 5th, mustered out of United States service. Moved to Camp Douglas, Chicago, Ill., and received final payment and discharge July 12, 1865.

Col. J. S. Wilcox, e. Sept. 14, 1861, as Captain Co. K; was prmt'd. to Lieutenant Colonel Oct. 14, 1861, and to Colonel March 11, 1863; resd. Feb. 20, 1864.

Col. J. D. Davis, e. as Corporal Sept. 11, 1861; prmt'd. to Sergeant; to Second Lieutenant Sept. 3, 1862; to First Lieutenant Feb. 3, 1864; to Lieutenant Colonel Oct. 24, 1864; to Colonel May 11, 1865; m. o. July 6, 1865.

Adj't. E. J. Allen, e. Sept. 14, 1861; resd. Sept. 12, 1862; Adj't. E. S. Wilcox, e. Oct. 16, 1861, as Second Lieutenant; was prmt'd. Nov. 1, 1861, to First Lieutenant; to Adjutant Oct. 18, 1862; resd. June 29, 1864.

Q. M. C. B. Wells, e. in Co. I, 52d Regt. Ills. Vols. Aug., 1861; comd. First Lieut. and Reg. Q. M. Sept. 13, 1861; Capt. and Comsy. of Subsistence Nov. 12th, 1862, on Maj. Gen. John A. Logan's staff; appointed Post Commissary at Vicksburg, Oct. 28, 1864; comd. Brevet Major July 11, 1865; honorably discharged from service July 15, 1865.

Q. M. Fulton Gifford, e. as Q. M. Serg't. Sept. 6, 1861; was prmt'd. to Q. M. Dec. 1, 1862; term ex. Nov. 20, 1864. Surgeon L. H. Angel, e. Oct. 2, 1861; resd. March 7, 1862. Surg. Edgar Winchester, e. March 15, 1862; resigned April 23, 1864.

Chaplain Benj. Thomas, e. Oct. 14, 1861; prmt'd. to 9th Louisiana Vol. A. D. Nov. 6, 1863.

Company A.

Capt. S. G. Ward, e. Aug. 2, 1861; hon. disd. Oct. 7, 1862.

Capt. G. E. Young, e. Oct. 1, 1861, as First Lieut; was prmt'd. to Capt. Oct. 7, 1862; term expired Oct. 14, 1864.

Capt. Chas. Barnett, e. as private Oct. 13, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; prmt'd. to Sergeant and to Captain Oct. 14, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1865.

First Lieut. C. R. White, e. Oct. 1, 1861, as Second Lieut.; prmt'd. to First Lieut. Oct. 7, 1862; resd. Dec. 26, 1863.

First Lieut. T. W. Mack, e. as private Aug. 24, 1861; was prmt'd. to Serg't., and to Second Lieut. Oct. 7, 1862, and to First Lieut. Dec. 26, 1863; term expired in 1864.

First Lieut. G. L. Kinnear, e. Aug. 26, 1861, as private; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; prmt'd. to Sergeant and to First Lieutenant Oct. 31, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1865.

Second Lieut. H. O. Perry, e. as private Aug. 15, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; prmt'd. to Sergeant and to Second Lieutenant July 5, 1865; m. o. July 6, 1865.

First Sergeant J. P. Snell, e. Aug. 22, 1861; m. o. Oct. 26, 1864.

Serg't. Jas. Cranfall, e. Aug. 15, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; prmt'd. to Second Lieutenant of 8th U. S. C. H. A. Sept. 15, 1864.

Serg't. C. P. Taft, e. Aug. 15, 1861; m. o. Dec. 3, 1864.

Serg't. W. H. Fifield, e. Aug. 24, 1861.

Serg't. Jos. Payro, e. Aug. 15, 1861; m. o. Oct. 26, 1864.

Corp. Jacob Snell, e. Aug. 20, 1861.

Corp. Henry Ellithorpe, e. Aug. 26, 1861; died Oct. 30, '61.

Corp. Freeman Woodman, e. Aug. 24, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.

Corp. Henry Richardson, e. Sept. 19, 1861.

Corp. J. F. Strohecker, e. Aug. 15, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.

Corp. Geo. Haven, e. Aug. 20, 1861; m. o. June 7, 1865; was prisoner.

Wagoner Benj. Snow, e. Sept. 25, 1861.

Avard, Samuel, e. Sept. 14.

Austin, Jas., e. Oct. 14.

Allen, Ira, e. Oct. 14.

Baker, Allanson, e. Oct. 6; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Corporal.

Baker, C. W., e. Oct. 8, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. as Sergeant July 6, 1865.

Buchem, Jas., e. Aug. 15, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 5, 1865, as Corporal.

Bushman, Peter, e. Aug. 24, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 5, 1865.

Baker, G. B., e. Sept. 25, 1861; m. o. Oct. 26, 1864.

Blackman, David, e. Sept. 10, 1861; transferred to I. C.

Clark, Ezekiel, e. Sept. 16, 1861.

Cary, Abram, e. Aug. 24, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Sergeant.

Chaple, Chas., e. Sept. 3, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.

Cadwell, B., e. Aug. 24, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.

Crance, S. A., e. Sept. 20, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; kld. in railroad accident June 13, 1864.

Davis, Jno., e. Oct. 10, 1861.

Dooley, Timothy, e. Oct. 13, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Wagoner.

Doty, Chas., e. Oct. 4, 1861; deserted Oct. 26, 1861.

Dooley, Jas., e. Sept. 20, 1861; deserted Oct. 26, 1861.

French, L. B., e. Sept. 11, 1861.

Giles, I. W., e. Sept. 16, 1861; deserted Oct. 26, 1861.

Graves, Jas., e. Oct. 25, 1861.
 Hamilton, Henry, e. Oct. 14, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Harmon, Henry, e. Aug. 15, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; disd. May 26, 1865.
 Hayden, Andrew, e. Aug. 26, 1861.
 Halsted, C. H., e. Oct. 24, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Jones, Jno., e. Sept. 25, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Jones, David, e. Aug. 22, 1861.
 Jones, Walter.
 Jewett, Hiram, e. Oct. 14, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1861; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Kelly, Chas., e. S-pt. 30, 1861; m. o. Oct. 26, 1864.
 Kiernan, John, e. Sept. 24, 1861.
 Knickerbocker, Chas., e. Aug. 24, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 King, Gustavus, e. Aug. 26, 1861; m. o. Oct. 26, 1864.
 Keene, Jesse, e. Aug. 25, 1861.
 Kanler, Geo., e. Aug. 26, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 26, 1863; prmtd. to First Lieutenant.
 Koskle, Daniel, e. Sept. 14, 1861.
 Lindsay, W. W., e. Aug. 24, 1861.
 Lartz, Chas., e. Aug. 24, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Layham, Chas., e. Oct. 14, 1861.
 Miner, Wallace, e. Aug. 2, 1861.
 Ottawa, Walter, e. Sept. 1, 1861.
 Owen, John, e. Sept. 15, 1861.
 Pooler, Andrew, e. Aug. 24, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Pingrel, David, e. Sept. 1, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Corporal.
 Pinney, E. D., e. Sept. 20, 1861.
 Rood, Edw., e. Oct. 4, 1861.
 Rice, William, e. Sept. 23, 1861; m. o. Oct. 26, 1864.
 Swartz, Henry, e. Aug. 15, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; prmtd. to Commissary Sergeant.
 Snell, Danl., e. Aug. 15, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Sheldon, Eber, e. Sept. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Smith, David, e. Sept. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Corporal.
 Smith, R. J., e. Oct. 8, 1861.
 Scott, Augustus, e. Oct. 14, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Scott, John, e. Oct. 8, 1861; deserted Oct. 26, 1861.
 Smith, Webster, e. Aug. 24, 1861.
 Shambon, Levi, e. Sept. 1, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Thompson, David, e. Oct. 14, 1861.
 Towle, Sherman, e. Oct. 8, 1861.
 Tydeman, H. G., e. Sept. 19, 1861.
 Wagner, C. E., e. Sept. 17, 1861.
 Ward, E. S., e. Oct. 1, 1861; m. o. Oct. 26, 1864.
 Ward, J. L., e. Oct. 5, 1861.
 Woodman, Ira, e. Aug. 24, 1861.
 Whitney, J. H., e. Aug. 24, 1861.
 Whitcomb, Oscar, e. Sept. 1, 1861; m. o. Oct. 26, 1864.
 Woodward, Geo., e. Sept. 20, 1861.
 Wallen, G. A., e. Sept. 1, 1861.
 Ames, D. C., e. Jan. 2, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Abbott, Danl., e. March 13, 1865, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Coats, Wm., e. Jan. 18, 1865, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Colling, Geo., e. Feb. 19, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Colling, Wm., e. Feb. 19, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Coats, Geo., e. Nov. 20, 1861, rect.; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Denney, A. J., e. Nov. 11, 1861, rect.; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Dodds, J. H., e. Nov. 11, 1861, rect.; m. o. Oct. 24, 1864.
 Dacons, Elder, e. Sept. 27, 1862, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Empey, Silas, e. Nov. 6, 1861, rect.
 Elkins, Henry, e. Nov. 24, 1861, rect.; m. o. Oct. 24, 1864.
 Flynn, James, e. Nov. 5, 1861, rect.
 Gee, C. A., e. Sept. 20, 1861, rect.
 Gooro, George, e. Feb. 11, 1864, rect.; deserted March 1, 1865.
 Hayes, J. D., e. Jan. 20, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Hoyt, G. E., e. Jan. 27, 1864, rect.; died at Chattanooga, Oct. 8, 1864.
 Harding, Zora, e. Nov. 18, 1861, rect.
 Lebkisher, John, e. Jan. 18, 1865, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Le Baron, Eugene, e. March 13, 1865, rect.; died June 28, 1865, at Washington, D. C.
 Miner, M. A., e. Jan. 27, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Munger, Henry, e. Feb. 15, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.

Moore, John, e. Nov. 1, 1861, rect.; m. o. Jan. 5, 1865.
 Perry, Franklin, e. Mch. 13, 1865, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Quinn, Peter, e. Oct. 4, 1861, rect.; died at Andersonville Prison, Oct. 8, 1864; number of grave, 10,531.
 Reeves, Sam'l, e. Feb. 19, 1864; rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Swan, A. W., e. Jan. 23, 1864; rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Seeley, Oscar, e. Nov. 26, 1861; rect.
 Tydeman, Harvey, e. Feb. 19, 1864; rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Tydeman, Wm., e. Jan. 9, 1864, as vet; rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Woodman, John, e. Feb. 18, 1864; rect.; disd. May 26, 1865.

Company B.

Brown, Wilson, e. Feb. 23, 1864; rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Coffey, Jas., e. Feb. 19, 1864; rect.; m. o. June 28, 1865; was prisoner.

Company C.

Baker, J. O., e. Sept. 15, 1861; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Williams, C. E., e. Sept. 15, 1861.
 Groves, E. J., e. Feb. 20, 1864; rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.

Company D.

Capt. Jacob Grimes, e. Sept. 23, 1861; resigned Dec. 14, 1861.
 Capt. De Carlos Newton, e. Sept. 23, 1861, as First Lieutenant; was prmtd. to Captain Dec. 14, 1861; term expired Dec. 18, 1864.
 Capt. Alexander M. Watson, e. Sept. 10, 1861, as private; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; prmtd. to Sergeant and to Captain Nov. 9, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 First Lieut. Louis H. Everts, e. Sept. 23, 1861, as Second Lieutenant; prmtd. to First Lieutenant Dec. 14, 1861; prmtd. to Assistant Adjutant General.
 First Lieut. Joseph J. Kessler, e. Sept. 10, 1861, as First Sergt.; prmtd. to Second Lieut. Dec. 14, 1861; to First Lieut. Jan. 13, 1863; term expired Dec. 18, 1864.
 First Lieut. Lawrence N. Woolcot, e. Sept. 10, 1861, as private; re-e. Dec. 26, 1863; prmtd. to Sergeant and to First Lieutenant Nov. 19, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Sergt. Geo. Spalding, e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Sergt. Jas. P. Prindle, e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Sergt. Adolphus Latham, e. Sept. 10, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Sergt. Thos. N. Poor, e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Corp. Jas. Kelly, e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Corp. Edmund R. Blanchard, e. Sept. 10, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 17, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Musician Chauncey Burr, e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Musician Henry W. Strong, e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Wagoner Nicholas Johnson, e. Sept. 10, 1861; m. o. Nov. 18, 1864.
 Andrews, Thos., e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Benedict, A. K., e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Barlow, B. P., e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Carey, J. L., e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Carey, J. H., e. Sept. 10, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. as Corporal July 6, 1865.
 Canfield, S. W., e. Sept. 10, 1861; died at Chicago Oct. 15, 1863.
 Corwin, S. A., e. Sept. 10, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; disd. June 24, 1865.
 Carver, J. H., e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Carter, Fred., e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Carroll, John, e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Carl, John, e. Sept. 10, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Curtis, E. E., e. Sept. 10, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Corporal.
 Dickerson, J. S., e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Derrick, Edmund, e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Davis, David, e. Sept. 10, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Fletcher, John, e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Hodkinson, John, e. Sept. 10, 1861; m. o. Sept. 19, 1864.
 Hight, Eli, e. Sept. 10, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Leeding, John, e. Sept. 10, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863, in confinement at Dry Tortugas.
 Lamb, W. H., e. Sept. 10, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Lyman, Elijah, e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Milgate, E. C., e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Mailor, Jno., e. Sept. 10, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 27, 1865.
 Osgood, Henry, e. Sept. 10, 1861; m. o. Nov. 18, 1864.

Ott, Frederick, e. Sept. 10, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Corporal.
 Prindle, J. R., e. Sept. 10, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Prindle, A. L., e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Prindle, Lagon, e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Peterson, N. E., e. Sept. 10, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Palmer, John, e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Roberts, Richard, e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Roots, S. J., e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Shields, Charles, e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Scott, W. M., e. Sept. 10, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Smith, A. A., e. Sept. 10, 1861, re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Smith, Richard, e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Sheperdsen, J. C., e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Short, Alfred, e. Sept. 10, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865 as Wagoner.
 Smith, Hosea, e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Tromley, Joseph, e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Titus, Uriel, e. Sept. 10, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Tromley, Alex., e. Sept. 10, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Vandever, Arthur, e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Watson, W. H., e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Wallin, G. A., e. Sept. 10, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Corporal.
 Wilson, Frederick, e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Willard, H. M., e. Sept. 10, 1861.
 Williams, G. L., e. Sept. 10, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Burr, Webster, e. Sept. 10, 1861, rect.
 Blain, Stephen, e. Sept. 10, 1861, rect.
 Carl, Henry, e. Jan. 30, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Corman, J. H., e. Feb. 15, 1864, rect.; m. o. May 23, 1865.
 Curtis, R. T., e. Sept. 10, 1861, rect.; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Corporal.
 Gilbert, Wm., e. Feb. 17, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Griffin, W. W., e. Jan. 17, 1864, rect.; disd. June 8, 1865, disab.
 Hall, W. F., e. Jan. 27, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Morey, Stephen, e. Feb. 17, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 O'Brien, Jno., e. Feb. 22, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Poor, T. W., e. Aug. 24, 1862, rect.; m. o. May 29, 1865.
 Shoemaker, Frank, e. Feb. 17, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Thatcher, G. W., e. Feb. 19, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Von Vlack, C. E., e. Feb. 8, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Zimmerman, Jno., e. Feb. 10, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.

Company E.

Gronbug, Otto, e. Oct. 1, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 29, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Ponsoby, Thos., e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Roberts, Erastus, e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Woodworth, Chas., e. Oct. 1, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 29, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Corporal.
 Free, Wm., e. Feb. 23, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.

Company F.

Second Lieut. A. P. Vaughn, e. Oct. 1, 1861, as Sergeant; prmtd. to First Lieutenant, March 7, 1862; term expired Dec. 18, 1864.
 Corp. John M. Ferris, e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Dodd, Jeremiah, e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Megison, Robt., e. Oct. 1, 1861.
 Wheeler, Reuben, e. Oct. 1, 1861; m. o. May 31, 1865.
 Carter, Frederick, e. Dec., 1863; vet.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Hartinck, Frederick, e. Feb. 27, 1864; vet.; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Corporal.
 Limond, Elijah, e. Dec. 25, 1863; vet.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Reed, Geo., e. Dec. 25, 1863; vet.; m. o. July 6, 1865.

Company G.

Capt. F. H. Bowen, e. Oct. 15, 1861; resd. Oct. 19, 1862.
 Capt. W. H. Wilcox, e. Oct. 15, 1861, as Second Lieutenant; prmtd. to First Lieutenant April 19, 1862; term expired Dec. 18, 1864.
 First Lieut. Jas. Davidson, e. Sept. 25, 1861; prmtd. to Sergeant and to First Lieutenant April 19, 1862; term expired Dec. 18, 1864.
 Sergt. O. F. Lawrence, e. Sept. 25, 1861.

Corp. J. H. Burley, e. Sept. 25, 1861.
 Corp. F. S. Rockwell, e. Sept. 25, 1861.
 Corp. J. H. Andrus, e. Sept. 25, 1861.
 Ahle, Mortimer, e. Sept. 25, 1861.
 Atkinson, Isaac, e. Sept. 25, 1861.
 Bimtail, H. C., e. Sept. 25, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Bird, W. E., e. Sept. 25, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Corporal.
 Brown, W. H., e. Sept. 25, 1863; trans. to I. C. March 10, 1864.
 Cole, Noble, e. Sept. 25, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Downey, H. H., e. Sept. 25, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Diamond, Wm., e. Sept. 25, 1861.
 Furnall, E. F., e. Sept. 25, 1861; m. o. Nov. 18, 1864.
 Huntley, M. H., e. Sept. 25, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Holgate, D. L., e. Sept. 25, 1861.
 Hall, C. H., e. Sept. 25, 1861; m. o. June 1, 1865.
 Kingsbury, Oliver, e. Sept. 25, 1861; m. o. Nov. 25, 1864.
 Lewis, N. B., e. Sept. 25, 1861; m. o. Nov. 18, 1864.
 Mock, Geo., e. Sept. 25, 1861.
 Mock, Wm., e. Sept. 25, 1861.
 Phelps, Walter, e. Sept. 25, 1861.
 Pierce, S. S., e. Sept. 25, 1861.
 Phillips, Seth, e. Sept. 25, 1861.
 Riggs, W. H., e. Sept. 25, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Corporal.
 Sperry, Jno., e. Sept. 25, 1861.
 Shattuck, Wm., e. Sept. 25, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as First Sergeant; comd. Second Lieutenant, but not mustered.
 Sullivan, Jas., e. Sept. 25, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Wheeler, H. N., e. Sept. 25, 1861; m. o. Nov. 18, 1864.
 Watkins, F. N. H. H., e. Sept. 25, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Walker, Eugene, e. Sept. 25, 1861.
 Whitesell, Wm., e. Sept. 25, 1861.
 Ahle, Walter, e. Jan. 23, 1864; died at Rome, Ga.
 Bishop, G. H., e. Feb. 12, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Hawkins, Thos., e. Sept. 29, 1862; died May 29, 1865.
 McMahon, Pat., e. Nov. 19, 1861; m. o. Nov. 28, 1864.
 McMasters, B. F., e. Nov. 19, 1861.
 Sabins, J. A., e. Feb. 13, 1865; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Corp.
 Smith, C. M., e. Feb. 11, 1865; trans. to V. R. C. in June, 1865.
 Thiese, Adolph, e. Feb. 11, 1865; m. o. July 6, 1865.

Company H.

Capt. A. P. Moffatt, e. Oct. 1, 1861; resd. April 8, 1862.
 Capt. L. C. Lee, e. Oct. 1, 1861, as First Lieutenant; prmtd. to Captain April 8, 1862; resd. Nov. 7, 1862.
 Capt. M. J. McGrath, e. Oct. 1, 1861, as Second Lieutenant; prmtd. to First Lieutenant April 8, 1862, and to Captain Nov. 7, 1862; term expired Jan. 23, 1865.
 Capt. H. C. Williamson, e. Sept. 28, 1861, as private; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; prmtd. to Sergeant and to Captain Nov. 19, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 First Lieut. Cornelius Snyder, e. as First Sergt. Sept. 28, 1861; prmtd. to Second Lieut. April 8, 1862, and to First Lieut. Nov. 7, 1862; term expired Dec. 18, 1864.
 Second Lieut. Alfred Billing, e. Sept. 28, 1861, as Sergeant; prmtd to Second Lieutenant, Nov. 7, 1862; time expired Dec. 1864.
 Second Lieut. Elijah Perrigo, e. Sept. 28, 1861, as Corporal; re-e. vet. Dec. 27, 1863; comd. Second Lieutenant, July 5, 1865, but not mustered; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Sergt. Wm. Pruitt, e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Sergt. Geo. Rogers, e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Sergt. J. H. Snell, e. Sept. 28, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 23, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Corp. T. S. Chapel, e. Sept. 28, 1861; m. o. Nov. 18, 1864.
 Corp. Noyes B. Wood, e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Corp. N. J. Terry, e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Corp. Henry E. Perrin, e. Sept. 28, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Corp. Clark Smith, e. Sept. 28, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 27, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Corp. Ripha Warden, e. Sept. 28, 1861; m. o. Dec. 31, 1864.
 Corp. C. T. Douglass, e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Musician Jas. P. Wightman, e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Armstrong, Samuel, e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Bills, Geo. H., e. Sept. 28, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Billing, Wm. H., e. Sept. 28, 1861; died at Rome, Ga., Aug. 29, 1864.

Bowers, Jas., e. Sept 28, 1861; died at Aurora, Ill., Oct. 1, 1863.
 Brooks, J. C., e. Sept. 28, 1861; m. o. July 15, 1865; was prisoner.
 Bronson, David, e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Breeze, R. S., e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Beecher, Jacob, e. Sept. 28, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 28, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Cassalman, G. J., e. Sept. 28, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 27, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Musician.
 Cassalman, Geo., e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Cuthbert, Thos., e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Dawson, Jesse, e. Sept. 28, 1861: kld. in action Oct. 3, 1862.
 Deal, Adam, e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Duncan, L. A., e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Divine, John, e. Sept. 28, 1861; m. o. Nov. 18, 1864.
 Edwards, A. A., e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Fitzgerald, Thos., e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Gushline, H. J., e. Sept. 28, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 27, 1863 m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Gibbons, Wm., e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Gerber, Fredk., e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Kerns, Patrick, e. Sept. 28, 1861; trans. to V. R. C. April 12, 1864.
 Kilborn, Thos., e. Sept. 28, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25 18 3; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Lewis, Lawrence, e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Jackson, C. H., e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Martin, A. S., e. Sept. 28, 1861; m. o. Nov. 18, 1864.
 Martin, Amos, e. Sept. 28, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 27, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Miller, Nelson, e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Marlett, R. D., e. Sept. 28, 1861; trans. to Co. A Cav.
 McCullen, Alex., e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Miller, Hiram, e. Sept. 28, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 26, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Wagoner.
 Miller, Amos, e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 McNaughton, Wm., e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Nelson, Jacob, e. Sept. 28, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1867 as Corporal.
 Meisner, Jacob, e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 O'Hern, Dennis, e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Pruett, Thos., e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Putnam, Ransom, e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Price, Jacob, e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Row, Jas. e. Sept. 2, 1861.
 Ray, D. W., e. Sept. 28, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Ray, Wm., e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Randall, F. J., e. Sept. 28, 1861; trans. to Inv. Corps, May 1, 1864.
 Raymo, Alex., e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Smith, Hiram, e. Sept. 28, 1861; deserted Nov. 5, 1861.
 Satterfield, N. M., e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Steinhauser, Wm., e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Stickles, Nelson, e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Stevens, Wm., e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Stickler, Washington, e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Terry, Justin, e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Terry, Amos.
 Thompson, Jas., e. Sept. 28, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; died July 21, 1864.
 Van Raalt, Peter, e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Williams, Jno., e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Young, T. P., e. Sept. 28, 1861.
 Curry, Marion, e. Feb. 23, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Davis, Loren, e. Feb. 13, 1864, rect.; died May 10, 1864.
 Erkenbrack, Wm., e. Feb. 4, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Eastman, Eugene, e. Dec. 31, 1861, rect.; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Hecker, Francis, e. Feb. 8, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Kennedy, Hiram, e. Feb. 9, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Newell, W. D., e. Feb. 20, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Orr, J. H., e. Feb. 9, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Orr, C. P., e. rect.; re-e. as vet. March 2, 1864; prmt'd. to First Lieutenant from Sergeant.
 Orbin, Francis, e. Feb. 1, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Rose, William, e. Feb. 15, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Superman, Horatio, e. Feb. 13, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Stearold, Christopher, e. Feb. 17, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Sander, Alex., e. Feb. 16, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Stickler, Jonathan, rect.
 Williams, Roswell, e. Feb. 19, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.

Williams, Henry, e. Nov. 24, 1861, rect.; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Wildrick, Lud., rect.; re-e. as vet. March 2, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1865.

Company I.

Capt. J. T. Brown, e. Sept. 13, 1861; hon. disd. Feb. 3, 1864.
 Capt. T. H. Thompson, e. Sept. 11, 1861, as Sergeant; prmt'd. to Second Lieutenant April 18, 1862; to First Lieutenant Sept. 2, 1862; to Captain Feb. 3, 1864; term. ex. Oct. 24, 1864.
 Capt. A. W. Welbern, e. Sept. 11, 1861, as Sergeant; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; prmt'd. to Sergeant and to Second Lieutenant Feb. 3, 1864; to Captain Dec. 24, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 First Lieut. C. B. Wells, e. Sept. 13, 1861; prmt'd. to Quartermaster Sept. 13, 1861.
 First Lieut. J. W. Acker, e. Sept. 11, 1861, as private; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; prmt'd. to Sergeant and to First Lieutenant Oct. 24, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Second Lieut. LeRoy Powers, e. Sept. 11, 1861, as private; re-e. as vet. Feb. 1, 1864; comd. Second Lieutenant but not mustered; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 First Sergt. Samuel Andersen, e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Sergt. C. P. Bailey, e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Sergt. J. W. Sharp, e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Corp. F. B. Downan, e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Corp. W. G. Stanford, e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Corp. A. E. Rose, e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Corp. W. J. Dempster, e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Corp. J. J. Rose, e. Sept. 11, 1861; m. o. Oct. 24, 1864.
 Corp. G. R. Van Driesen, e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Abbott, Frank, e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Musician.
 Batterman, Henry, e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Binner, John, e. Sept. 11, 1861; m. o. Oct. 24, 1864.
 Bowen, Edgar, e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Bryan, John, e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Caraby, W. A., e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; disd. March 13, 1865, as Sergeant; disab.
 Campbell, Chas., e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Cockerton, J. C., e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Davis, A. J., e. Sept. 11, 1861; m. o. Oct. 24, 1864.
 Davenport, H. W., e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Dempster, John, e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; prmt'd. to Hospital Steward.
 Durhan, Hugh, e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Edwards, H. C., e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Eggleston, Elisha, e. Sept. 11, 1861; m. o. Oct. 24, 1864.
 Fitts, E., e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Gorom, David, e. Sept. 11, 1861; disd. June 20, 1864, disab.
 Harlow, W. H., e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Hawley, E. J., e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Heath, Newton, e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Haven, J. N., e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Hilgenfeld, F., e. Sept. 11, 1861; trans. to Inv. Corps April 18, 1864.
 Holden, H. S., e. Sept. 11, 1861; m. o. Oct. 24, 1864.
 Huntley, W. S., e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Huntoon, J. F., e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 James, Jones, e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Kendall, G. S., e. Sept. 11, 1861; m. o. Oct. 24, 1864.
 Kendall, H. W., e. Sept. 11, 1861; m. o. Oct. 24, 1864.
 Lowe, Anson, e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Lake, John, e. Sept. 11, 1861; m. o. Nov. 2, 1864.
 Miller, James, e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Moore, Imogene, e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Moore, G. W., e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Manning, Daniel, e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Mitc ell, Joseph, e. Sept. 11, 1861; disd. Dec. 2, 1863, disab.
 Oates, Robt. e. Sept. 11, 1861; m. o. Oct. 24, 1864.
 Perry, J. P., e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Parmely, C. H., e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Pounder, Geo., e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Robinson, Jefferson, e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863.

Rose, H. P., e. Sept. 11, 1861; m. o. Oct. 24, 1864.
 Scholts, Fred., e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Corp.
 Scholts, Peter, e. Sept. 11, 1861; m. o. Oct. 24, 1864.
 Sherman, M. L., e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; disd. May 23, 1865, disab.
 Shaw, J. E., e. Sept. 11, 1861; m. o. Oct. 24, 1864.
 Shoveland, Mich., e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Simpson, J. H., e. Sept. 11, 1861; m. o. Nov. 7, 1864, as Sergeant.
 Smith, C. M., e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Spicer, Solomon, e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Sprague, C. W., e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Trausue, H. W., e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Wunger, S. L., e. Sept. 11, 1861; disd. Oct. 20, 1861, disab.
 Ward, Waldo, e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Watts, Joseph, e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Western, H. F., e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Wisner, W. E., e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 22, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Corporal.
 Walover, James, e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Walover, Clark, e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 22, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Walover, Wm., e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 22, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Corporal.
 Walover, Jacob, e. Sept. 11, 1861.
 Aldrich, Ezra, e. Jan. 25, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Barnard, A. M., e. Feb. 19, 1864, rect.; absent without leave since June 20, 1865.
 Barter, G. W., e. Feb. 6, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Buck, A. J., e. Aug. 15, 1862, rect.; m. o. May 28, 1865.
 Barnes, Wm., e. Nov. 1, 1861, rect.
 Conrad, G. W., e. Feb. 16, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Duff, Robt., e. March 1, 1865, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Ethorn, Chas., e. Feb. 8, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Gaut, Philemon, e. Jan. 23, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Guptiel, L. C., e. Feb. 8, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Hietz, Nelson, e. Feb. 6, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Hoxie, E. E., e. Jan. 3, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Kendall, F. O., e. Jan. 25, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Maeor, David, e. Feb. 8, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Merrill, J. N., e. Jan. 25, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Moore, J. S., e. Feb. 13, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Ott, Chas., e. Feb. 13, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Perry, Henry, e. Feb. 12, 1864.
 Peck, S. J., e. Feb. 8, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Quinlan, John, e. Aug. 30, 1862, rect.; m. o. May 28, 1865.
 Russell, Z. T., e. Jan. 30, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Schuckneck, Jos., e. Jan. 25, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Scott, Chas., e. Jan. 4, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Sprague, Henry, e. Aug. 29, 1862, rect.; kld. at Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 13, 1864.
 Stickle, Griffin, e. Jan. 27, 1864, rect.
 Walls, Fred., e. Feb. 8, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Wells, Hubbard, e. Feb. 22, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Webb, Wm., e. Aug. 29, 1862, rect.; m. o. May 28, 1865.

Company K.

Capt. Alphonzo Barto, e. Sept. 14, 1861, as Second Lieut.; prmtd. to Capt. Oct. 16, 1861.
 Capt. H. N. Patchin, e. Sept. 6, 1861 as Corp.; re-e. vet. Dec. 29, 1863; prmtd. to First Sergt. and to Capt. Oct. 24, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 First Lieut. E. J. Allen, e. Sept. 14, 1861; prmtd. to Adjt.
 First Lieut. H. S. Doty, e. Sept. 6, 1861 as First Sergt.; prmtd. to Second Lieut. Nov. 1, 1861, and to First Lieut. Oct. 18, 1862; term expired Oct. 24, 1864.
 First Lieut. J. M. Vote, e. Sept. 7, 1861 as private; re-e. as vet. Dec. 29, 1863; prmtd. to Corp., to Sergt. and to First Lieut. Oct. 24, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Second Lieut. Chas. Isbell, e. Sept. 6, 1861 as private; re-e. as vet. Jan. 25, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1865 as First Sergt.; comd. as Second Lieutenant but not mustered.
 Sergt. Thos. Clark, e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Sergt. J. S. Dorman, e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Sergt. V. J. Lowe, e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Sergt. David Curtis, e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Corp. Geo. Ostrander, e. Sept. 6, 1861; m. o. Oct. 24, 1864.
 Corp. R. C. Burns, e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Corp. David Corsair, e. Sept. 6, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 29, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865 as Sergeant.
 Corp. R. W. Stone, e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Corp. Timothy Silver, e. Sept. 6, 1861; m. o. Oct. 24, 1864.
 Musician T. E. Lawrence, e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Musician Wm. Wells, e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Allen, Wm., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Allen, David, e. Sept. 6, 1861.

Baldwin, Chas., e. Sept. 6, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 28, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865 as Corporal.
 Bennet, Chas. e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Barret, Wm., e. Sept. 6, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 4, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Bennet, Loren, e. Sept. 6, 1861; re-e. Dec. 29, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865 as Sergeant.
 Boyington, N. B., e. Sept. 6, 1861; m. o. Oct. 24, 1864.
 Coon, C. M., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Cutting, Dean, e. Sept. 6, 1861; disd. in 1862, disab.
 Clute, Thos., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Campbell, C. M., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Currier, W. R., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 DeWolf, J. A., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Doty, Edward, e. Sept. 6, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 29, 1863 m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Ellis, J. S., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Edwards, David, e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Gustafson, Chas., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Garner, Frank, e. Sept. 6, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 29, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Haines, John, e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Hanvan, Peter, e. Sept. 6, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 29, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865 as Sergeant.
 Hoagland, J. B., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Isabel, Chas., e. Sept. 6, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 25, 1864; promoted.
 Johnson, Geo., e. Sept. 6, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Corporal.
 Jones, Jeremiah, e. Sept. 6, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 29, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Kennedy, W. W., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Ketsel, Michael, e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Lightfoot, Jno., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Lightfoot, J. B., e. Sept. 6, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 29, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Corporal.
 Morgan, Leroy, e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Morris, Saml., e. Sept. 6, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 4, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Murry, Patrick, e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Murry, Jno., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 McGowan, Lawrence, e. Sept. 6, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Corporal.
 Pitcher, A. J., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Pierce, Jas., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Peek, G. M., e. Sept. 6, 1861; prmtd. to Com. Sergeant.
 Parker, E. F., e. Sept. 6, 1861; disd. Oct., 1861, writ of habeas corpus.
 Patchin, Ed., e. Sept. 6, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 29, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Peck, G. H., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Reams, F. B., e. Sept. 6, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 29, 1863 m. o. July 6, 1865, as Corporal.
 Robinson, C. C., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Roberts, W. P., e. Sept. 6, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 4, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Reams, S. A., e. Sept. 6, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 29, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Reberger, Anson, e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Swadling, Jno., e. Sept. 6, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 29, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865, as Corporal.
 Siddons, Thos., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Sackett, E. C., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Sherman, M. L., e. Sept. 6, 1861; m. o. Oct. 24, 1864.
 Sherman, Hugh, e. Sept. 6, 1861; m. o. Oct. 24, 1864.
 Tuck, Wm., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Tyler, S. P., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Tyler, O. W., e. Sept. 6, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 29, 1863; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Thomas, Benj., e. Sept. 6, 1861; prmtd. to Chaplain.
 Tyler, Cummings, e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Underhill, Geo., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Vail, G. W., e. Sept. 6, 1861; disd. Dec. 2, 1864, to re-e.
 Walters, Wm., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Walters, Cuthbert, e. Sept. 6, 1861; m. o. Oct. 24, 1864.
 Witcomb, Geo., Jr., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Whitmire, W. A., e. Sept. 6, 1861; m. o. Oct. 24, 1864.
 Williams, Thos., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Young, D. L., e. Sept. 6, 1861.
 Aurand, Abram, e. Aug. 11, 1862; rect.; disd.; term expired.
 Batterman, Henry, e. Feb. 13, 1864; rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Brayman, Ambrose, e. Feb. 4, 1864; rect., m. o. July 6, '65.
 Cole, M. B., e. Feb. 8, 1864; rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Eatou, Jno., e. Jan. 17, 1865; rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 French, J. M., e. Feb. 4, 1864; rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Getzelman, M., e. Nov. 1, 1861; rect.; re-e. as vet. Jan. 4, 1864; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Klick, Jonathan, e. Feb. 10, 1864; rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.

Kohler, Danl., e. Feb. 5, 1864; rect.; died at Dallas, Ga., June 4, 1864.
 Litner, W. H., e. Feb. 5, 1864; rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Larkins, Jno., e. Feb. 4, 1864; rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 McCarthy, M., e. Feb. 10, 1864; rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 McGohey, S., e. Feb. 8, 1864; rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Munch, Philip, e. Nov. 1, 1861; rect.
 Mooth, Antone, e. Nov. 1, 1861; rect.
 Pfister, Sebastian, e. Feb. 1, 1864; rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Ream, Levi, e. Feb. 1, 1864; rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Reinhart, Jno., e. Feb. 1, 1864; rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Skinner, O. B., e. Sept. 16, 1862; rect.; disd.; term expd.
 Schuesse, Chas., e. Feb. 15, 1864; rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Tyson, Peter, e. Nov. 1, 1861; rect.
 Tyler, H. H., e. Aug. 11, 1862; rect.; disd.; term expired.
 Tyler, F. W., e. Aug. 11, 1862; rect.; disd.; term expired.
 Van Ocker, A., e. Feb. 12, 1864; rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Vote, Wm., e. Feb. 2, 1864; rect.; died at Marietta, Ga., Aug. 12, 1864.
 VanVleet, John, e. Aug. 11, 1862; rect.; disd.; term expired.
 Whitcomb, Wm., e. Nov. 25, 1861; rect.
 Whitmire, Earnest, e. Feb. 8, 1864; rect.; m. o. July 6, 1865.
 Clark, T. J., e. Aug. 30, 1862; unassigned rect.
 Doty, C. E., e. Aug. 11, 1862; unassigned rect.
 Ellithorp, D., e. Sept. 16, 1862; unassigned rect.
 Long, Robert, e. Aug. 30, 1862; unassigned rect.
 Yedhon, S., e. Feb. 2, 1864; unassigned rect.; deserted.
 Second Lieut. Hugh Kennedy, 53d Inf., Co. B., e. Nov. 23, 1861; re-e as vet. Jan. 5, 1864; prmtd. to Sergeant and to Second Lieutenant May 19, 1865; m. o. July 22, 1865.

FIFTY-EIGHTH INFANTRY.

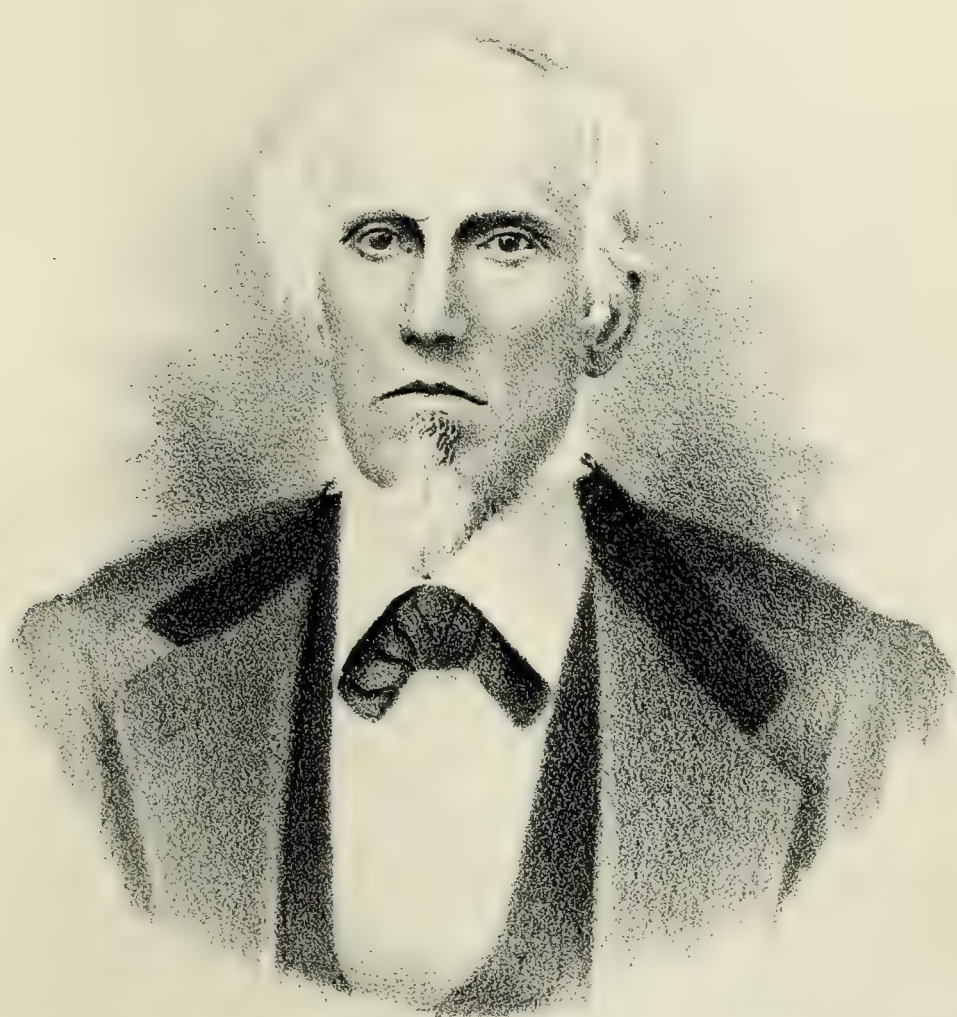
The Fifty-eighth Illinois Infantry Volunteers was recruited at Camp Douglas, Chicago, Ill., on the 11th of February, 1862. The regiment left Camp Douglas, 887 strong, via the Illinois Central Railroad, for Cairo, Ill., and reported to Brig. Gen. E. A. Paine on the 12th. Was immediately furnished with arms and started from Cairo about midnight, with orders to proceed up the Ohio to Smithland, Ky.; thence up the Cumberland to the vicinity of Fort Donelson, and to report to the officer in charge of United States forces. Arrived near Fort Donelson on the night of the 13th, and disembarked at daybreak the 14th, having been assigned to the Third Brigade, Third Division, Col. J. M. Thayer, First Nebraska, commanding.

Was temporarily assigned to the Second Division Gen. C. F. Smith commanding. On reporting to Gen. Smith, was assigned to the brigade of Col. Lauman, of the Seventh Iowa, and about 11 A. M., 14th, was in position, subject to considerable annoyance from the enemy's shell from the fort. In the afternoon, two companies were deployed forward, and were briskly engaged for a short time. The men suffered exceedingly from the intense cold, no fires being allowed. The men were poorly prepared for the severe task imposed upon them—very few having seen service. The arms furnished them had been condemned and thrown aside by other regiments, and there was, in short, no confidence in them whatever. A few casualties occurred during the evening and night. On the morning of the 15th, was re-assigned to the Third Brigade, Third Division. Was under fire a short time in the morning and in the evening. While attempting to secure an advanced and desirable

position, was considerably cut up and thrown into confusion by a masked battery, upon which it approached to within 250 yards. For a few moments the ranks were considerably broken, the fire being entirely unexpected. By moving to the right, however, a short distance, it was protected from the sweeping fire of grape and cannister, and re-formed, though then exposed to a murderous fire from the enemy's sharpshooters (who swarmed every tree) and skirmishers. Threw out skirmishers and drove back the enemy, and held the same. Night now closed around. When leaving the boats, the Commissary was directed to bring to the regiment rations for three days, they being unprovided with haversacks. In the many changes made, the Commissary Sergeant was unable to find the regiment, and the men got no rations from Friday morning till Sunday morning, when they were procured from the Division Commissary at daybreak. On the morning of the 16th, Sunday, a white flag was seen waving over the fort, denoting its surrender.

The conduct of the men on this occasion was remarkable. Raw men, without rations, and armed with the most worthless guns, they behaved as well as veterans of a hundred battles. Remained at Fort Donelson till the afternoon of Tuesday, the 18th, when it moved out about four miles en route for Fort Henry. Camped for the night, and at 7 A. M. the next day resumed the march, and arrived at Fort Henry about noon. The roads were almost impassable, and, consequently, the march was a most difficult one. Remained at Fort Henry till it embarked on the transport "Boston" and went up the Tennessee with the troops commanded by Maj. Gen. Smith. Arrived at Crump's Landing, about four miles above Savannah, and disembarked. Were at once moved out about eleven miles into the neighborhood of Purdy. During the march, it rained incessantly. Remained all night, returning to transports about 9 P. M. Men very much exhausted. Made a capture of a few rebel pickets. Remained on transport till morning, then disembarked, and went into camp about one-half mile from the landing. Remained in camp for several days, drilling and completing organization of the regiment.

On the 29th of March, embarked on steamer and went up to Pittsburgh Landing. Having been re-assigned to the division of Gen. C. F. Smith, was directed to report to Col. Sweeny, of the Fifty-second Illinois, and was assigned to his brigade. Went into camp quite near the river, not over one-third of a mile distant. Proceeded to change arms, secured transportation, and in every way completed the organization. On the morning of Sunday, the 6th of April, was awakened by heavy firing from the front; received orders to fall in and await further orders. About 8:30 A. M., was moved out one mile and a half, when orders were received from Gen. Grant, in person, to



HON. A.R. WHEELER
FORMERLY OF, ST. CHARLES.

take position across a road and hold that position. Immediately changed front and took the position, as directed. With some slight changes in position, mainly to the front and perpendicular to the front, it occupied the same ground all day. From the time of going into the fight, about 9 A. M., it was almost continually under fire. About 4 P. M., the right and left were giving way; but orders were imperative to hold position. At length it became evident that unless some change was made, the regiment would be taken prisoners. The regiment stood alone. Charge after charge was made by the stubborn and determined foe. To prevent being flanked, the order was given to fall back to the brow of a hill in the rear. Arrived there, found the enemy on our rear (now front), on all sides, and the regiment exposed to a continuous fire. Disorganized portions of regiments were then in the utmost confusion. Orders were given to forward, and cut its way out; which could have been done with less loss than was suffered afterward in Southern prisons. About 2,300 officers and men were captured in this fight by the enemy. The surrender did not all take place the same time. The surrender of the Fifty-eighth was made a few minutes before 6. The loss in this engagement was frightful, amounting, in killed, wounded and prisoners, to upward of 450. More than three-fourths of those taken prisoners were wounded, and only 218 were taken prisoners. The fact of the regiment being taken was, undoubtedly, in a great measure, the salvation of the army. The right and left were entirely turned, and the enemy on one wing only needed to know of the success of the other to press on; but while the center held out, they could not know their success. And when, at last, this small band was forced to succumb, night closed her mantle over the scene, and the haughty victors could pursue their advantage no further. Suffering all the privations and hardships which the rebels knew so well how to inflict on their helpless victims, for about seven months, the prisoners, or what was left of them, about 130 men, were paroled and allowed to go North. The few men left in camp were strengthened by men returned from hospital and sent from the State as recruits, and participated, with credit, in all the skirmishes and battles consequent on the siege of Corinth. Was engaged at the battle near Iuka, and lost twenty-three out of thirty-one in killed, wounded and prisoners.

In December, 1862, different detachments of the regiment were concentrated at Camp Butler, near Springfield, Ill. Remained at Camp Butler, recruiting, and guarding rebel prisoners, until June, 1863, when the regiment was sent to Cairo, to garrison that post. Remained at the place till Jan. 1, 1864, in the meantime garrisoning Mound City, Ill., and Paducah, Ky., for the greater part of the time. Some of the companies had a skirmish near Obion River, Ky., in October. Companies A and B

garrisoned Mayfield, Ky., and had several slight encounters with rebels at that place.

On the 21st of January, embarked on transport, and went to Vicksburg, Miss. Was assigned to the First Brigade, Third Division, Sixteenth Army Corps, and, on the 3d of February, left Vicksburg, Miss., for Meridian, Miss. Was the first regiment to cross the Big Black, the first to engage the enemy at Queen's Hill, and the first infantry regiment to enter Meridian, Miss. During this expedition, the men were seventy hours with but one day's rations, with which they marched forty-seven miles and destroyed seven miles of railroad. Returned to Vicksburg, and was sent, with the troops of Gen. A. J. Smith, to participate in the Red River campaign. Arrived at Simmsport on the evening of the 12th of March. Disembarked to cook, etc.

On the morning of the 13th, moved out from Simmsport about five miles, and took possession of two field works, which the rebels evacuated on the approach of the regiment. Returned to the boats in the evening, and at 8 o'clock, the same night, started for Fort De-Russey. Arrived at the Fort, which it invested, about 4 P. M. on the 14th. A sanguinary struggle ensued; but, after a stubborn resistance, the enemy surrendered. The colors of the Fifty-eighth were the first planted on the works. The boats having come up, the troops were embarked and proceeded to Alexandria. After great and unnecessary delay at Alexandria, moved up the river (by land about twenty miles, the remainder by water) to Grand Ecore; there disembarked, and remained until the 7th of April, when the army of Gen. Smith moved out on the Shreveport road, preceded two days by the Army of the Gulf. During the afternoon of the 8th, heavy firing was heard in the advance, and, on arrival at Pleasant Hill, learned that a severe engagement had taken place, in which the troops of General Banks had been signally defeated, and were then falling back. A council of war having been held, it was decided to give the enemy battle, and early on the following day the lines were formed. About 4 P. M., the rebels, flushed with the victory of the previous day, and heavily re-enforced by fresh troops from Texas, threw themselves upon the line. A brigade of Maine troops, on the right, was speedily driven from the ground. The Fifty-eighth occupied the extreme left of the line, and, as the brigade of Eastern troops gave way, charged on the enemy, and poured upon them an enfilading and rear fire, which at once turned their flank. Following up this advantage, the regiment captured over five hundred prisoners, and recaptured from the enemy a battery belonging to the First United States Artillery, which had been taken from Gen. Banks' troops. In this engagement the loss was very heavy. The utmost gallantry was shown, both by officers and men; and to the Fifty-eighth is due the credit of having given the first check to the foe, and of taking

five-sixths of the prisoners captured during the engagement. Many of the prisoners here taken were the same the regiment guarded in Camp Butler. Though the enemy was most signally defeated, the command was ordered to retreat, and at 3 o'clock A. M. of the 10th the army fell back, leaving the dead and wounded on the field, to be cared for by an enemy who was then some sixteen miles distant, retreating as rapidly as possible. Reached Grand Ecore on the 12th, and went into camp.

Mustered out at Montgomery, Ala., April 1, 1866, and ordered to Springfield, Ill., for final payment and discharge.

Col. W. F. Lynch, e. Jan. 25, 1862; term expired Feb. 7, 1865.

Maj. Thos. Newlan, e. Jan. 25, 1862; resd. Aug. 20, 1864.

Q. M. N. T. Roche, e. Oct. 1, 1861; prmt'd. to Quartermaster Sept. 10, 1863; m. o. Feb. 9, 1865.

Sergt. H. M. Crawford, e. Jan. 25, 1862; term expired Feb. 7, 1865.

First Asst. Surgeon E. A. Merrifield, e. Jan. 25, 1862; prmt'd. to Surgeon 44th Regt.

Company A.

Capt. John Murphy, e. Sept. 8, 1861, as First Sergt.; prmt'd. to Second Lieut. July 1, 1862, to First Lieut. Oct. 12, 1862, and to Capt. Aug. 20, 1864; trans. as cons. First Lieut. Eugene Lynch, e. Dec. 24, 1861; resd. Oct. 2, 1862.

Dickson, Daniel, e. Sept. 18, 1861; kld. at Fort Donelson, Feb. 15, 1862.

Fitzgibbons, Edward, e. Nov. 14, 1861; desd. in April, 1862.

Haugh, Patrick, e. Nov. 1, 1861; re-e. as vet. and trans. to Company A as consol., Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. April 1, 1866, as First Sergeant.

Hannigan, Alpheus, e. Dec. 1, 1861; disd. June 16, 1862, disab.

Hinds, Peter, e. Nov. 1, 1861; disd. July 18, 1862, disab.

Hilbert, J. C. B., e. Sept. 18, 1861; kld. at Fort Donelson Feb. 15, 1862.

Kelly, Bartholomew, e. Sept. 18, 1861; kld. at Fort Donelson Feb. 15, 1862.

Leonard, Jos., e. Oct. 20, 1861; trans. to Company A, as consol., Oct. 30, 1861.

Murphy, Daniel, e. Sept. 18, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 26, 1864; trans. to Company A, as consol., Feb. 26, 1864; m. o. April 1, 1866, as Corporal.

Mallory, C. A., e. Oct. 15, 1861; prmt'd. to Q. M. Sergt.

Munan, Dennis, e. Sept. 18, 1861; deserted Feb., 1862.

Overton, Francis, e. Oct. 10, 1861; m. o. Feb. 7, 1865.

O'Brien, Jno., e. Nov. 1, 1861; re-e. as vet. and trans. to Co. A as consol., Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. April 1, 1866.

Rumble, Fred., e. Nov. 8, 1861; m. o. Feb. 7, 1865.

Rumble, H. J., e. Nov. 8, 1861; disd. Oct., 1862; disab.

Smith, D. M., e. Sept. 18, 1861; deserted Feb. 11, 1862.

Wright, Richard, e. Sept. 18, 1861; deserted Feb. 11, 1862.

Walsh, Wm., e. Sept. 18, 1861; deserted Feb. 11, 1862.

Carty, Barney, e. Jan. 13, 1864, rect.; trans. to Co. A as consol., Jan. 13, 1864; died at Greenville, La., Sept. 17, 1865.

Gage, W. L., e. Feb. 28, 1863; rect.; trans. to Co. A as consol.; m. o. April 20, 1865.

Jones, Thos., e. Jan. 1, 1862; rect.; disd. June 16, 1862, disab.

Kinney, Jas., e. Jan. 25, 1864; trans. to Co. A as consol.; absent without leave since March 19, 1865.

Montgomery, B. F., e. Dec. 17, 1863; rect.; trans. to Co. A as consol.; m. o. April 1, 1866.

Sayers, Jno., e. Feb. 2, 1864; rect.; trans. to Co. A as consol.; m. o. May 24, 1865.

Smith, Jno.; rect.; prmt'd. to Wagonmaster.

Company B.

Capt. D. J. Lynch, e. Dec. 24, 1861, as Second Lieut. Co. I; prmt'd. to Capt. Co. B July 3, 1862; resd. Nov. 5, 1864.

Armon, Michael, e. Mch. 1, 1863; rect.; desd. Mch. 15, 1863.

Burr, Lyman, e. March 30, 1863; rect.; trans. to Co. B as consol.; m. o. March 29, 1865.

Deal, Adam, e. March 13, 1863; rect.; trans. to Co. B as consol.; disd. July 18, 1865, disab.

Edwards, Jno., e. Jan. 7, 1863; rect.; deserted Jan. 22, 1863.

Hudson, Tobias, e. Mch. 17, 1863; rect.; desd. Mch. 29, 1863.

Hamilton, Wm., e. Jan. 5, 1863; rect.; trans. to Co. B as consol.; died July 21, 1865.

Price, Jno., e. March 19, 1863; rect.; trans. to Co. B as consol.

Sheady, Jno., e. Dec. 18, 1863; rect.; died May 25, 1864.

Sweet, Jas., e. May 20, 1863; rect.; died March 24, 1864, of wds.

Company C.

Abbott, Nath., e. Nov. 22, 1861; disd. Dec. 31, 1861; minor. Fenton, Merritt, e. Oct. 18, 1861; disd. March 20, 1862; disab.

Gobble, Fred., e. Nov. 22, 1861; disd. for wds. April 6, 1862.

Harris, Daniel, e. Oct. 18, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; trans. to Co. C as consol.; died July 8, 1865.

Hitchcock, E. R., e. Oct. 15, 1861; trans. to V. R. C. Nov. 15, 1864.

Reed, Geo., e. Oct. 18, 1861; deserted June 15, 1862.

Wilson, Oliver, e. Dec. 7, 1861; kld. at Shiloh, Tenn., April 6, 1862.

Chapman, C. H., e. Jan. 1, 1862; rect.; deserted Jan. 25, 1863.

McNall, J. M., e. Jan. 1, 1862; rect.; died June 3, 1862.

Plant Jos., e. April 17, 1863; rect.; accidentally kld. May 1, 1863.

Tarbell, Elisha, e. Jan. 1, 1862; rect.; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; trans. to Co. C as consol.; m. o. April 1, 1866.

Tarbell, Abijah, e. Jan. 15, 1862; rect.; m. o. Jan. 18, 1865.

Company D.

Capt. G. C. Kothe, e. Jan. 28, 1862, as Second Lieutenant; prmt'd. to First Lieutenant April 18, 1862; to Captain Jan. 27, 1863; m. o. term ex.

Sergt. Fred Schulz, e. Oct. 15, 1861; kld. at Shiloh April 6, 1862.

Beuchler, Jno., e. Dec. 7, 1863, rect.; trans. to Co. D, as consol.; disd. Sept. 13, 1865; disab.

Elchroth, Jno., e. Dec. 7, 1863, rect.; kld. at Old Town, Miss., July 14, 1864.

Company E.

Smith, R. V., e. June 1, 1863, rect.; deserted April 8, 1864.

Shafer, Jesse, e. Jan. 20, 1864, rect.; trans. to Co. D, as consol.; m. o. April 1, 1866.

Company F.

Bronson, Wm., e. Aug. 26, 1863, rect.; trans. to Co. C, as consol.; m. o. April 1, 1866.

Company G.

First Lieut. R. H. Winslow, e. as Second Lieutenant Dec. 31, 1861; prmt'd. to First Lieutenant April 8, 1862; resd. Jan. 26, 1863.

Cole, S. B., e. Dec. 12, 1861; trans. to Co. I Jan. 5, 1862.

Cole, Cyrus, e. Dec. 12, 1861; trans. to Co. I Jan. 5, 1862.

Champlain, Edward, e. Dec. 10, 1861; trans. to Co. I Jan. 5, 1862.

Connery, Thomas, e. Dec. 15, 1861; trans. to Co. I Jan. 5, 1862.

Collins, Richard, e. Dec. 17, 1861; trans. to Co. I Jan. 5, 1862.

Ellis, Solona, e. Dec. 15, 1861; trans. to Co. I Jan. 5, 1862.

Fairbanks, Asa, e. Dec. 21, 1861; died Nov. 9, 1864.

Flebom, Wm., e. Dec. 20, 1861; trans. to Co. I Jan. 5, 1862.

Gifford, David, e. Dec. 22, 1861; disd. May 12, 1862; disab.

Golden, James, e. Dec. 10, 1861; trans. to Co. I Jan. 5, 1862.

Gibbs, Chas., e. Dec. 5, 1861; trans. to Co. I Jan. 5, 1861.

Oness, Jno., e. Nov. 15, 1861; trans. to Co. I March 2, 1862.

Oness, Wm., e. Nov. 15, 1861; trans. to Co. I March 2, 1862.

Parker, Edwd., e. Dec. 12, 1861; trans. to Co. I Jan. 5, 1862.

Rose, Joe, e. Dec. 20, 1861; trans. to Co. I Jan. 5, 1862.

Russell, A. B., e. Nov. 15, 1861; re-e. as vet. in Co. B, as consol.

Smith, Duane, e. Dec. 10, 1861; deserted Feb. 8, 1862.

Wildrick, Lud, e. Dec. 10, 1861; deserted Feb. 8, 1862.

Walkley, S. S., e. Dec. 18, 1861; trans. to Co. I Jan. 5, 1862.

Wilson, Jno., e. Dec. 20, 1861; trans. to Co. I Jan. 5, 1862.

Clegg, William, e. March 10, 1863, rect.; trans. to Co. B, as consol.; deserted.

Company H.

Burr, Herman, e. Oct. 18, 1861; disd; served with Co. I.
 Foster, A. B., e. Nov. 9, 1861; died at Memphis Feb. 28, 1863.
 Shever, Geo., e. Nov., 1861; disd. April 25, 1862; disab.

Company I.

Capt. P. R. Herlow, e. Dec. 24, 1861; m. o., term ex.
 Bradley, David, e. Oct. 23, 1861; acc. kld. Dec. 29, 1864.
 Burns, James, e. Dec. 16, 1861; died prisr. of war.
 Bett's, Thomas, e. Oct. 10, 1861; disd. March 14, 1863, wds.
 Costello, James, e. Sept. 8, 1861; m. o. Feb. 7, 1865.
 Coleman, Pat., e. Dec. 6, 1861; disd. for disability.
 Copias, Joseph, e. Dec. 4, 1861; disd. Feb. 22, 1862; disab.
 Dunn Wm., e. Dec. 3, 1861; trans. to Co. G Jan. 5, 1862.
 Gallagher, Ed., e. Nov. 13, 1861; disd. Aug. 28, 1862; disab.
 Gartland, Mich., e. Nov. 17, 1861; drowned March, 1862.
 Given, Wm., e. Dec. 9, 1861; died Feb. 12, 1862.
 Hefferman, Jas., e. Oct. 24, 1861; First Sergeant; kld. at Shiloh April 6, 1862.
 Hamblin, Dennis, e. Dec. 7, 1861; trans. to Co. G Jan. 5, 1862.
 McBriarty, Antony, e. Oct. 20, 1861; trans. to Co. G Jan. 5, 1862.
 McKenna, Thos., e. Dec. 3, 1861; m. o. Feb. 7, 1865.
 Maybee, Jesse, e. Nov. 19, 1861; disd. May 26, 1862; disab.
 Morris, J. H. e. Dec. 1, 1861; absent sick at m. o. of regt.
 McEvoy, Patrick, e. Nov. 23, 1861; deserted March, 1863.
 Nichols, A. S., e. Nov. 4, 1861; trans. to Co. G Jan. 5, 1862.
 Nelson, G. P., e. Nov. 7, 1861.
 Phillips, Albert, e. Dec. 6, 1861; deserted Feb., 1863.
 Phillips, Jerome, e. Dec. 6, 1861; deserted Feb., 1863.
 Ryan, John, e. Nov. 13, 1861; disd. for disability.
 Scott, Edm., e. Dec. 1, 1861; trans. to hosp. April 6, 1862.
 Scanlan, Jas., e. Dec. 10, 1861; trans. to V. R. C.
 Willie, W. R., e. Dec. 22, 1861.
 Coles, Cyrus, e. Dec. 12, 1861, rect.; disd. for disability.
 Champlin, E., e. Dec. 10, 1861, rect.
 Connery, Thos., e. Dec. 15, 1861, rect.
 Downey, Pat., e. Jan. 29, 1862, rect.; trans. to Co. B, as cons.
 Dickinson, E. O., e. Dec. 20, 1861, rect.
 Ellis, Solona, e. Dec. 15, 1861, rect.; deserted Feb. 1, 1862.
 Freborn, W., e. Dec. 20, 1861, rect.; disd. May 21, 1862, disab.
 Gibbs, Chas., e. Dec. 5, 1861, rect.; disd. May 20, 1862, disab.
 Graham, Pat., e. April 20, 1863, rect.; deserted Nov. 20, 1864.
 Jones, John, e., rect.; died Dec. 4, 1862.
 Jones, Thos., e. Dec. 17, 1861, rect.
 Keating, Ed., e. Mch. 28, 1863, rect.; desd. May, 1864.
 Kinney, Pat., e. Jan. 24, 1864, rect.; trans. to Co. D as consol.
 Oness, John, e. Nov. 15, 1861, rect.; disd. Oct. 20, 1862, disab.
 Oness, Wm., e. Nov. 15, 1861, rect.; re-e. vet. trans. to Co. D as consol.
 Parker, Edward, e. Dec. 12, 1861, rect.; desd. Feb. 20, 1862.
 Painter, Wm., e. Dec. 17, 1861, rect.; desd. Feb. 26, 1862.
 Rose, Joseph, e. Dec. 20, 1861, rect.; deserted Feb., 1863.
 Sowles, Wm., e. Dec. 17, 1861, rect.; disd. Oct. 20, 1862, disab.
 Wilson, John, e. Dec., 20, 1861, rect.
 Walkly, S. S., e. Dec. 18, 1861, rect.; re-e. as vet. trans. to Co. D as consol.

(As Consolidated.)

Col. Wm. F. Lynch, e. Feb. 7, 1865; muster in May 27, 1865.
 Lieut. Col. John Murphy, e. as Capt. Co. A Aug. 20, 1864; prmtd. to Maj. May 19, 1865, and to Lieut. Col. Sept. 5, 1865; cash. as Maj. Oct. 8, 1865; disab. removed Feb. 7, 1866.
 Scanlan, John, Co. A, e. Dec. 13, 1863; m. o. April 1, 1866.
 First Lieut. Alonzo B. Russell, Co. B, e. Jan. 1, 1864; prmtd. to Second Lieutenant Jan. 26, 1865; to First Lieutenant Jan. 8, 1866; m. o. April 1, 1866.
 Corp. Jno. Price, Co. B, e. Mch. 19, 1863; m. o. Mch. 19, 1866.
 Corp. W. R. Wylie, Co. B, e. Jan. 1, 1864; absent, sick at m. o. of regt.
 Johnson, S. M., Co. B, e. Oct. 1, 1864; m. o. June 6, 1865.
 Love, Robter, Co. B, e. Dec. 7, 1863; m. o. April 1, 1866 as Corporal.
 Sommers, Robt. Co. B, e. Feb. 12, 1863; m. o. Feb. 11, 1866.

Taylor, Thomas, Co. B, e. Jan. 1, 1863; m. o. April 1, 1866.

Harris, Daniel, Co. C, e. Jan. 1, 1864; died July 8, 1865.
 Tarble, Elisha, Co. C, e. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. April 1, 1866.
 Shafer, Jesse, Co. D, e. Jan. 20, 1864; m. o. April 11, 1866.
 Thompson, John, Co. D, e. June 10, 1863; killed at Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 30, 1864.
 Blair, Laban, Co. D, e. March 9, 1863 (unassigned rect).
 Williams, John, Co. D, e. Jan. 2, 1863 (unassigned rect).

EIGHTY-NINTH INFANTRY.

The "Railroad Regiment" was organized by the railroad companies of Illinois, at Chicago, in August, 1862. Capt. John Christopher, Sixteenth United States Infantry, was appointed Colonel, and Charles T. Hotchkiss Lieutenant Colonel. It was mustered into United States service Aug. 27th. Ordered to Louisville, Ky., Sept. 4th, and was assigned, by Maj. Gen. Wright, commanding Department of Ohio, to Third Brigade, Col. Woodruff; Second Division, Gen. Cruft; Army of Kentucky, Gen. Nelson. Assigned, Oct. 1st, to Sixth Brigade, Gen. Willich; Second Division, Gen. Sill; McCook's Corps of Buell's Army. The regiment, on leaving Louisville, started in pursuit of the rebel forces under Gen. Bragg, and, after a fruitless and wearisome march of a month, reached Bowling Green, Ky. At this point, the tenth Company, F, joined the regiment. When in the service but about four months, it took an important part in the memorable battle of Stone River, where, by its gallant conduct, the men soon became classified among the old, tried soldiers. It did well, and among the heroes who that day died in liberty's cause was Capt. Henry S. Willett, of Company H. On the 7th of January, 1863, Col. Christopher, who had never joined the regiment, resigned. The line of promotion then ensuing made Capt. William D. Williams, of Company F, Major. At Liberty Gap, another loss was sustained: Capt. Herbert M. Blake, Company K, a truly brave and efficient officer, fell mortally wounded. Chickamauga seemed to affix the seal of its devotion. There fell Lieut. Col. Duncan J. Hall, Capt. Rice, Spink and Whiting, and Lieut. Ellis, besides the scores of brave men who fought with noble heroism, and who dared to "do and die" in defense of the "old flag." Upon the re-organization of the Army of the Cumberland, the regiment was transferred, with Willich's command, to its new position in the First Brigade, Third Division, Fourth Army Corps. At Mission Ridge, it again encountered the foe, scaling the enemy's intrenchments and driving him from them. In this charge, fell those gallant officers, Lieut. E. O. Young, Company A, and Capt. Henry L. Rowell, Company C. It then marched to the relief of Burnside, besieged at Knoxville. This accomplished, it moved on with the brigade, in the marches and countermarches through East Tennessee.

Early in April, 1864, it marched with the command to Southern Tennessee, preparatory to Gen. Sherman's glorious campaign through Northern Georgia, for the occupation of

Atlanta. With the brigade, it participated in the splendid victories of Rocky Face, Resaca, Pickett's Mills, Kenesaw Mountain, Peach Tree Creek and the flank movement of Atlanta, and pursued the routed enemy in his retreat to Jonesboro and Lovejoy's Station. On this campaign, Lieut. Nathaniel Street, of Company D, and Capt. William Harkness, Company A, offered their lives a sacrifice to their beloved country.

After the unsuccessful attempt of the rebel forces to destroy the railroad communications of the army between Atlanta and Chattanooga, the regiment rendered very important service, while on detached duty, in repairing the damages on the railroad inflicted by the enemy.

On the 30th of October, 1864, it was ordered to rejoin the command at Pulaski, Tenn. It participated in the brilliant achievements of Spring Hill, Columbia, Franklin and Nashville, in the latter of which fell Lieut. P. G. Taite, of Company G, pierced by cannon ball. Subsequently, it pursued Hood's shattered forces, in their flying retreat across Tennessee.

It passed winter quarters at Huntsville, Ala., in January, 1865, and on the 1st of February traveled by railroad for Nashville, and after lying there five days, returned to Camp Green. About the middle of March, the command embarked on the cars for East Tennessee, to re-establish communications through to Virginia, and prepare to repel rebel invasion. On the surrender of Lee's army, further movements in that section were abandoned, and the Fourth Corps returned by cars to Nashville, to muster out of service its non-veterans. On the 10th of June, 1865, the regiment was mustered out of the United States service, in the field, near Nashville, Tenn. Left there June 10th, by the Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Railroad, and arrived in Chicago on the night of June 12th, 1865, and was discharged at Camp Douglas, on the 24th of June, 1865, making its term of service two years, nine months and twenty-seven days.

Maj. Bruce H. Kidder, e. Aug. 25, 1862, as Captain of Co. E; prmt'd. to Major Sept 20, 1863; honorably disd. March 14, 1865.

Surgeon Samuel F. Hance, e. Aug. 25, 1862; resd. March 29, 1863.

Company A.

Second Lieut. J. N. Hopper, e. July 29, 1862, as Sergt.; prmt'd. to Second Lieut. Sept. 4, 1862; resd. Jan. 26, 1863.

Corp. Geo. W. Videtto, e. July 25, 1862; disd. Feb. 13, 1863, disab.

Corp. Moses Plunmer, e. Aug. 7, 1862; disd. Dec. 26, 1862, disab.

Corp. Jay Lowry, e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1864, as prisr. of war.

Corp. Levi C. May, e. July 25, 1862; trans. to V. R. C. Sept. 20, 1863.

Chattle, W. H., e. Aug. 12, 1862; trans. to Eng. Corps July 30.

Northan, Richard, e. Aug. 23, 1862; disd. Aug. 31, 1862, disab.

Bardes, Geo., e. Dec. 1, 1863; rect; died at Andersonville Aug. 26, 1864; No. of grave, 5,457.

Darous, Chas., e. Aug. 14, 1863; rect.; died July 4, 1864, of wounds.

Farrar, Lyman, deserted May 14, 1864.

Hibbard, M. C., e. Aug. 20, 1863; rect.; trans. to 59th Ill. Inf.

Newter, Ruell, e. Jan. 5, 1864; rect.; disd. April 3, 1865, disab.

Powers, John, e. Aug. 17, 1863; rect.; desd. Oct. 18, 1863.

Slawson, J. L., e. Dec. 17, 1863; rect.; was prisr.; trans. to 59th Ill. Inf.

Valentine, Arthur O., e. Dec. 5, 1863; rect.; died May 27, 1864, of wounds.

Company B.

Hagan, Thomas, e. Jan. 11, 1864; rect.; trans. to 59th Ill. Inf.

Johnson, John, e. Jan. 11, 1864; rect.; deserted.

Patterson, Hugh, e. Sept. 6, 1863; rect.; trans. to 59th Ill. Inf.

Sullivan, W. M., e. Aug. 28, 1863; rect.; deserted.

Company C.

Black, R. M., e. Aug. 10, 1862; rect.; kld. June 24, 1864.

Burlingham, John, e. Sept. 6, 1863; rect.; deserted Sept. 30, 1863.

Pearce, Wm., e. Aug. 10, 1862; rect.; deserted Oct. 1, 1862.

Gadbury, Wm., e. Aug. 10, 1862; rect.; m. o. June 10, 1865.

Wade, P. B., e. Aug. 8, 1862; rect.; died at Chattanooga June 30, 1864.

Welch, Richd., e. Aug. 7, 1862; rect.; Corp.; desd. Oct. 2, 1862.

Company D.

Hellixon, Matthew, e. Sept. 1, 1863; rect.; died Jan. 31, 1864.

Hattendorf, Henry, e. Aug. 17, 1863; rect.; trans. to 59th Ill. Inf.

Lyons, Jas., e. Aug. 17, 1863; rect.; disd. Sept. 6, 1864.

Company E.

Capt. John W. Warren, e. Aug. 1, 1862, as Sergeant; prmt'd. to First Lieutenant Jan. 28, 1863, and to Captain Sept. 20, 1863; m. o. June 10, 1865.

First Lieut. John B. Watkins, e. Aug. 25, 1862; resd. Jan. 28, 1863.

First Lieut. Robert Miller, e. Aug. 1, 1862, as First Sergt.; prmt'd. to Second Lieut. June 18, 1863, and to First Lieut. Sept. 20, 1863; m. o. June 10, 1865.

Second Lieut. Geo. W. White, e. Aug. 25, 1862; cashiered June 18, 1863.

Second Lieut. O. C. Pease, e. Aug. 21, 1862, as Sergt.; prmt'd. to Second Lieut. Sept. 20, 1863; m. o. June 10, 1865.

Sergt. Samuel Ebersoll, e. Aug. 1, 1862; died at Chickamauga Sept. 21, 1864.

Sergt. C. R. Taylor, e. Aug. 8, 1862; disd. Dec. 28, 1862, disab.

Corp. Geo. Shears, e. Aug. 8, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865, as private.

Corp. Frank Marlet, e. Aug. 2, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865, as Sergeant.

Corp. Andrew Golden, e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865.

Corp. H. M. Titsworth, e. Aug. 10, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865, as private.

Corp. Albert Marney, e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865, as Sergeant.

Black, R. M., e. Aug. 10, 1862; trans. to Co. C.

Blake, Wm., e. Aug. 10, 1862; deserted Dec. 6, 1862.

Brooks, C. B., e. Aug. 5, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865.

Bryant, C. W., e. Aug. 4, 1862; deserted Jan. 15, 1863.

Cogswell, J. C., e. Aug. 1, 1862; died at Nashville Jan. 1, 1863.

Clark, Thos. W., e. Aug. 4, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865.

Cousins, Wm., e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865, as Corporal.

Carman, Geo., e. Aug. 5, 1862; Corporal; died June 8, 1864, of wounds.

Evans, H. L., e. Aug. 4, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865.

Eggleston, S. G., e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865, wd.

Evans, C. G., e. Aug. 4, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865.

Gadberry, W. M., e. Aug. 10, 1862; trans. to Co. C.

Gates, O. B., e. Aug. 5, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865.

Goodwin, Edwin, e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865, as Sergeant.

Green, Winfield, e. Aug. 7, 1862; trans. to V. R. C. Oct. 22, 1864.

Huff, J. T., e. Aug. 6, 1862; trans. to Miss. Mar. Brig. Dec. 15, 1862.

Miller, Stephen, e. Aug. 8, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865, as Bugler.

Lacy, D. M., e. Aug. 6, 1862; disd. March 16, 1863; disab.
 LaCoste, J. M., e. Aug. 7, 1872; died of starvation in Andersonville Prison Aug. 6, 1864; No. of grave, 7,927.
 Love, Peter, e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Lund, F. A., e. Aug. 5, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865, as Sergt.
 Mahony, Thos., e. Aug. 3, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865.
 McKinley, Jno., e. Aug. 1, 1862; disd. Sept. 28, 1862.
 McKenzie, Alex., e. Aug. 3, 1862, as Sergeant; died Dec. 3, 1864, of wds.
 McCullough, S. A., e. Aug. 5, 1862; Corporal; trans. to Eng. Corps July 27, 1864.
 Meyers, Frank, e. Aug. 6, 1862; died at Chattanooga Jan. 24, 1863, of wds.
 Michard, I., e. Aug. 7, 1862; died at Nashville, Tenn., Dec. 12, 1864.
 McGrath, P., e. Aug. 8, 1862; disd. March 25, 1863, wds.
 Paradise, A., e. Aug. 8, 1862; trans. to V. R. C. May 31, 1864.
 Pearce, Wm., e. Aug. 10, 1862; trans. to Co. C.
 Pinegar, Jno., e. Aug. 9, 1862; deserted June 1, 1863.
 Richard, G. L., e. Aug. 5, 1862; disd. May 9, 1863, as Corporal, disab.
 Reedy, P. J., e. Aug. 6, 1862; Corporal; died July 2, 1864, of wds.
 Shugar, F., e. Aug. 4, 1862; disd. May 9, 1864, wd.
 Saterfield, A. E., e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Slosson, S., e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Smith, J. P., e. Aug. 6, 1862; disd. April 7, 1863; disab.
 Shaw, Jubol, e. Aug. 3, 1862; died of starvation in Andersonville Prison, July 21, 1864; No. of grave 2,647.
 Stop, L. W., e. Aug. 8, 1862; died of starvation in Andersonville Prison, July 15, 1864; No. of grave 4,724.
 Simms, Samuel, e. Aug. 8, 1862; trans. to Eng. Corps July 27, 1864.
 Willis, H. H., e. Aug. 2, 1862; disd. June 1, 1863, for promotion.
 Wilder, G. A., e. Aug. 5, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Whipple, D., e. Aug. 5, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Wildrick, Jas. e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Wentworth, J. P., e. Aug. 7, 1862; disd. May 20, 1863; disab.
 Welch, Richard, e. Aug. 7, 1862; trans. to Co. C.
 Welch, Chas., e. Aug. 8, 1862; disd. April 14, 1863; disab.
 Wade, Jas., e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Wade, Peter, e. Aug. 7, 1862; trans. to Co. C.
 Bagg, G. W., e. Aug. 17, 1863, rect.; trans. to V. R. C. Nov. 1, 1864.
 Burns, Alex., e. Aug. 26, 1863, rect.; trans. to 59th Ill. Inf.
 Barry, F. M., e. Dec. 5, 1863, rect.; trans. to 59th Ill. Inf.
 Conant, Daniel, e. Aug. 27, 1863, rect.; disd. April 19, 1865; wd.
 Duncan, L. A., e. Aug. 17, 1863, rect.; trans. 59th Ill. Inf.
 Gibbons, C. H., e. Aug. 24, 1863, rect.; trans. 59th Ill. Inf.
 Hosley, A. J., e. Aug. 17, 1863, rect.; trans. to 59th Ill. Inf.
 Howard, Henry, e. Sept. 6, 1863, rect.; capt'd. Dec. 2, 1863; supposed kld.
 Hunter, H. S., e. Aug. 28, 1863, rect.; deserted.
 Hughes, Jas., e. Aug. 27, 1863, rect.; deserted Dec. 30, 1864.
 Jorsted, J. S., e. Oct. 21, 1863, rect.; trans. to 59th Ill. Inf.
 Jenks, G. M., e. Aug. 17, 1863, rect.; trans. 59th Ill. Inf.
 Russ, Wm., e. Sept. 1, 1863, rect.; trans. to 59th Ill. Inf.
 Scott, H. C., e. Aug. 24, 1863, rect.; trans. to 59th Ill. Inf.
 Sweet, W. C., e. Aug. 25, 1863, rect.; died at Andersonville Prison April 12, 1864; No. of grave 505.
 Williams, Wm., e. Aug. 29, 1863, rect.; trans. to 59th Ill. Inf.

Company F.

Handley, Anthony, rect.; trans. to 59th Ill. Inf.
 Morrison, Wm., e. Dec. 2, 1863, rect.; died Aug. 26, 1864, of wds.

Company H.

Anderson, Forgust, e. Aug. 26, 1863, rect.; vet. vol.
 Ducat, Andrew, e. Aug. 26, 1863, rect.
 Nisley, W. H., e. Aug. 29, 1863, rect.
 Stauser, Geo., e. Oct. 2, 1863, rect.; trans. to 59th Ill. Inf.

Company K.

Corp. Lennis Stewart, e. Aug. 6, 1862; disd. Oct. 22, 1862; disab.
 Aikens, Wm., e. Aug. 15, 1862; killed at Chickamauga Sept. 19, 1863.
 Bradley, C. G., e. Aug. 7, 1862; killed at Chickamauga Sept. 19, 1863.
 Dohig, Jas., e. Aug. 5, 1862; deserted May 15, 1865.
 Eastman, Milo, e. Aug. 7, 1862; disd. Jan. 11, 1863, disab.

Grash, J. M., e. July 30, 1862; prmt'd. to Sergt. Major, and prmt'd. to Adj't. Dec. 28, 1863; m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Hutchinson, Andrew, e. Aug. 15, 1862; disd. March 27, 1863, disab.
 Matherson, J. J., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Reed, W. H., e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Rogers, Thos., e. Aug. 15, 1862; died in rebel hospital, Oct. 25, 1863.
 Reason, Josiah, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Scott, O. P., e. June 7, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865.
 Stewart, Wm., e. Aug. 6, 1862; trans. to Eng. Corps July 27, 1864.
 Scott, H. A., e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. May 15, 1865.
 Sharp, Levi, e. Aug. 5, 1862; trans. to 55th Ill. Inf.
 Wilder, J. K., e. Aug. 6, 1862; deserted Dec. 12, 1862.
 Howard, N. H., e. Dec. 29, 1863, rect.; died Mch. 11, 1864.
 Hagedon, G. W., e. Dec. 29, 1863, rect.; died Mch. 12, 1864.
 Hickey, Patrick, e. Dec. 8, 1863, rect.; trans. to 59th Ill. Inf.
 Murray, J. M., e. Dec. 21, 1863, rect.; trans. to 59th Ill. Inf.
 Preshner, Palmer, e. Dec. 2, 1863, rect.; trans. to 59th Ill. Inf.
 Snell, T. W., e. Nov. 2, 1863, rect.; disd. Dec. 20, 1864.
 Baker, A. W., e. Jan. 20, 1864 unassigned rect.; disd. July 25, 1864.
 Hughan, Thos., H., e. Jan. 20, 1864, unassigned rect.; disd. July 25, 1864.
 Currie, G., 90th Inf., Co. H, e. Aug. 14, 1862; deserted Aug. 15, 1862.
 Hopkins, Patrick, 90th Inf., Co. H, e. Aug. 13, 1862; m. o. June 15, 1865, as Corporal, wd.
 Maguire, Jas., 90th Inf., Co. H, e. Aug. 13, 1862; deserted June 20, 1863.
 Lansing, A. W., 92d Inf., Co. H, e. Feb. 18, 1864, rect.; trans. to Co. G, 65th Ill. Inf.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FOURTH INFANTRY.

The One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Infantry Illinois Volunteers was organized at Camp Butler, Ill., in September, 1862, by Col. Thomas J. Sloan, and was mustered in Sept. 10th, by Liëut. DeCoursey.

Moved from Camp Butler, Oct. 6th, arriving at Jackson, Tenn., on the 9th. Was assigned to Third Brigade, First Division, Thirteenth Corps. Moved to LaGrange, Nov. 4th. On 28th, drove the enemy across the Tallahatchie, and advanced to the Yocona River.

The regiment was in First Brigade, Col. John E. Smith; Third Division, Brig. Gen. John A. Logan commanding; Seventeenth Army Corps, Maj. Gen. James B. McPherson commanding. December 24th, arrived at Tallahatchie River, and Jan. 7th, 1863, at LaGrange, Brig. Gen. I. N. Haynie took command of the brigade. On the 23d of February, 1863, moved down the river from Memphis to Lake Providence. On March 15th, Col. Sloan took command of the brigade. On the 17th, went into camp, at Berry's Landing. April 18th, moved to Milliken's Bend. On the 25th, commenced the campaign against Vicksburg. On the 30th, crossed the river, sixty miles below Vicksburg, and, May 1st, was engaged at Thompson's Hill. The One Hundred and Twenty-fourth was engaged in the battles of Raymond, May 12th; at Jackson, 14th; at Champion Hills, 16th; and during the entire siege of Vicksburg, including the charge on the fortifications, May 22d, and assault on Fort Hill, June 26th. During the latter part of the siege, Brig. Gen. M. D. Leggett commanded the brigade.

On the 31st of August, went on campaign to Monroe, La., Brig. Gen. John D. Stephenson commanding. Oct. 14th, on McPherson's campaign to Brownsville, and was in the battles at that place of Oct. 16th and 17th. On Nov. 7th, moved camp to Black River. On the 25th of November, the regiments of the First Brigade, viz., Twentieth, Twenty-ninth, Thirty-First, Forty-fifth and One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Illinois, and Twenty-third Indiana, engaged in a prize drill—the Thirty-first Illinois excelling in drill, and the One Hundred and Twenty-fourth in picket duty, etc. But at a subsequent contest for a prize banner, offered by Brig. Gen. Leggett, commanding division, the One Hundred and Twenty-fourth received the banner, inscribed "Excelsior Regiment, Third Division, Seventeenth Army Corps," from the hands of Maj. Gen. McPherson, for excelling in soldierly appearance, discipline and drill.

On Feb. 3, 1864, commenced the raid to Meridian. On the 14th, had a severe skirmish with the enemy, at Chunky Station. Returned to Vicksburg, March 4th. On May 4th, under Brig. Gen. McArthur, moved toward Benton and Yazoo City. Was engaged at Benton, on the 7th and 10th, and returned on the 21st.

From July 1st to 9th, the regiment moved, with Gen. Slocum, on his Jackson campaign, and was engaged in the sharp fights at Jackson Cross Roads, July 5th and 7th. From Oct. 14th to 26th, was in campaign to White River and Memphis. Remained at Vicksburg, on provost duty, until Feb. 25th, 1865, when the regiment moved to New Orleans, and was assigned to the Third Brigade, Col. James A. Geddes, Eighth Iowa, commanding; Third Division, Brig. Gen. E. A. Carr commanding; and Sixteenth Corps, Maj. Gen. A. J. Smith commanding. On March 12th, embarked for Mobile. Moved to Dauphin Island and up Fish River, and commenced siege at Spanish Fort, March 29th. The regiment was the extreme left of the investing line, and, with one-half deployed as skirmishers, drove the enemy within their fortifications. The brigade consisted of Eighth Iowa, Eighty-first, One Hundred and Eighth and One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Illinois. Was engaged until the surrender of the fort. On the 13th of April, started for Montgomery.

On July 17th, 1865, started home for muster out. Arrived at Chicago, Ill., Aug. 3d, and was mustered out Aug. 15th, 1865, by Capt. George W. Hill, United States Army.

Lieut. Col. Adin Mann, e. Sept. 10, 1862, as Captain of Co. B; prmtd. to Major July 9, 1863; to Lieutenant Colonel July 29, 1865; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.

Major Rufus P. Pattison, e. Sept. 10, 1862; dismissed July 9, 1863; revoked Nov. 3, 1863.

Surg. L. H. Angel, e. Oct. 4, 1862; hon. disd. June 4, 1864. Second Asst. Surg. John Jassoy, e. Jan. 14, 1863; dishonorably dismissed Nov. 17, 1864.

Company B.

Capt. Edwin F. Stafford, e. Sept. 10, 1862, as First Lieut; prmtd. to Capt. July 9, 1863; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.

First Lieut. F. C. Van Vlack, e. Sept. 10, 1862 as Second Lieutenant; prmtd. to First Lieutenant July 9, 1863; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.

Second Lieut. Christopher H. Keller, e. Aug. 11, 1862, as Sergeant; prmtd. to Second Lieutenant April 30, 1864; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.

First Sergt. H. E. Abbott, e. Aug. 9, 1862; disd. March 2, 1863.

Sergt. F. D. Vaulin, e. Aug. 6, 1862; disd. June 19, 1863, disab.

Sergt. Julius G. Brown, e. Aug. 6, 1862, disd. May 24, 1865, as private.

Sergt. Jas. Bradley, e. Aug. 7, 1862; disd. May 24, 1865, as private.

Corp. Jas. Hanes, e. Aug. 11, 1862, Sergeant; died at Vicksburg May 27, 1864.

Corp. N. L. Shultz, e. Aug. 3, 1862; disd. May 24, 1865.

Corp. T. N. McAuley, e. Aug. 12, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.

Corp. H. A. Lewis, e. Aug. 3, 1862; disd. July 10, 1863, for promotion.

Corp. E. L. Hunt, e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as private.

Corp. J. H. Morse, e. Aug. 8, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Sergeant.

Corp. S. B. Town, e. Aug. 9, 1862; disd. Feb. 23, 1865, disab.

Musician John Ballard, e. Aug. 9, 1862; disd. Feb. 22, 1863, disab.

Musician C. F. Robertson, e. Aug. 11, 1862; disd. Feb. 1, 1863, disab.

Acox, Cleveland, e. Aug. 14, 1862; died at Clinton, Miss., March 7, 1864, wd.

Austin, J. D., e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.

Bingham, W. A., e. Aug. 3, 1862; disd. Feb. 3, 1864, for promotion in col'd regt.

Bawl, Saml., e. Aug. 7, 1862; died at home Feb. 22, 1863.

Ball, T. T., e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.

Ball, J. S., e. Aug. 7, 1862; disd. Dec. 16, 1862, disab.

Bassett, C. E., e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Corporal.

Black, Jno., e. Aug. 8, 1862.

Boardman, Wm., e. Aug. 11, 1862; disd. Jan. 20, 1863, disab.

Black, H. H., e. Aug. 9, 1862; disd. May 24, 1865.

Brown, Jno., e. Aug. 11, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.

Boyd, F., e. Aug. 7, 1862; died at Memphis June 23, 1863.

Bradley, E., e. Aug. 14, 1862; disd. Aug. 20, 1865.

Barrett, Jos., e. Aug. 14, 1862; died Aug. 29, 1863.

Beverly, M., e. Aug. 14, 1862; died July 13, 1863.

Bucker, C. A., e. Aug. 6, 1863; disd. Feb. 22, 1863, disab.

Croaks, Jno., e. Aug. 4, 1862.

Cuskey, Emory, e. Aug. 6, 1864; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.

Cook, C. W., e. Aug. 11, 1862.

Cleaveland, C., e. Aug. 6, 1862; disd. June 3, 1865.

Conley, R., e. Aug. 14, 1862; trans. to V. R. C.

Cooley, O. T., e. Aug. 6, 1862; kid. June 8, 1863.

Douglas O. B., e. Aug. 6, 1862; disd. Feb. 22, 1865, disab.

Derosier, L. A., e. Aug. 6, 1862; disd. May 24, 1865.

Fisk, Rasalva, e. Aug. 6, 1862; Corporal, died April 21, 1865, wd.

Frydendall, H., e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Corporal.

Grover, C. V., e. Aug. 9, 1862; disd. Aug. 12, 1864, disab.

Greeg, Geo. W., e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.

Helmer, Harlow, e. Aug. 6, 1862.

Hedges, I. S., e. Aug. 6, 1862; Corporal; died Aug. 15, 1863.

Henrie, J. C., e. Aug. 9, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.

Hawks, F. S., e. Aug. 11, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Sergeant.

Hollister, W. J., e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.

Hovey, Jackson, e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Corporal.

Johnston, Albert, e. Aug. 9, 1862; disd. June 14, 1865.

Joy, H. C., e. Aug. 9, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.

Johnson, Wm., e. Aug. 8, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.

Jenkins, Hiram, e. Aug. 13, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.

Jones, M. C., e. Aug. 14, 1862; died Aug. 3, 1863.

Jordan, Michael, e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Corporal.

Kelsey, A. H., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.

Keefe, Cullin, e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Sergeant.

Le Roy, Andrew, e. Aug. 9, 1862; disd. Aug. 22, 1863, wds.

Lumm, J. W., e. Aug. 13, 1862; disd. June 3, 1865.

Mann, F. W., e. Aug. 15, 1862; disd. May 24, 1865.

Miller, F., e. Aug. 6, 1862; disd. Oct. 10, 1863, wds.

Morris, F. V. L., e. Aug. 3, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Corporal.

Monroe, Noah, e. Aug. 9, 1862; disd. May 24, 1865.

Mole, J. H., e. Aug. 11, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Corp.

McCauley, W. M., e. Aug. 12, 1862; detchd. at m. o.

Martin, James, e. Aug. 13, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Noakes, Isaiah, e. Aug. 6, 1862; died Oct. 4, 1862.
 Noakes, Wm., e. Aug. 6, 1862; sick at m. o. of regt.
 O'Connor, Thomas, e. Aug. 11, 1862; disd. May 24, 1865.
 Paul, S. H., e. Aug. 11, 1862; died Feb. 15, 1863.
 Reed, Wm., e. Aug. 14, 1862; disd. Feb. 28, 1863; disab.
 Stone, E. P., e. Aug. 6, 1862; disd. April 25, 1863; disab.
 Stevenson, J. K., e. Aug. 11, 1862; disd. Sept. 11, 1863; disab.
 Stone, M. L., e. Aug. 6, 1862; died April 21, 1863.
 Sturges, E., e. Aug. 11, 1862; disd. Feb. 22, 1863; disab.
 Tulloch, Wm., e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Updyke, S. M., e. Aug. 9, 1862; died May 15, 1863.
 Voorhees, Geo., e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Waite, Curby, e. Aug. 3, 1862; died March 2, 1863.
 Weaver, Orson, e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Wood, Theo., e. Aug. 6, 1862; disd. for prom. July 20, 1864.
 Whipple, Dan'l, e. Aug. 6, 1862; disd. Jan. 20, 1863; disab.
 Welch, Pat., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Corp.
 Walrod, Wm., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Young, G. W., e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Anderson, Andrew, e. rect.; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.
 Brown, H. P., e. Aug. 6, 1862, rect.; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as First Sergeant.
 Benedict, E. M., e. rect.; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.
 Coolidge, J. S., e. rect.; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.
 Cleveland, J. H., e. Feb. 15, 1864, rect.; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.
 Dean, D. E., rect.; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.
 Davis, Michael, e. March 24, 1864, rect.; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.
 Fish, E. F., e. Feb. 27, 1865, rect.; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.
 Joy, F. F., e. March 2, 1865, rect.; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.
 Lappin, Chas., rect.; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.
 Massee, Russell, rect.; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.
 Manning, F. L., rect.; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.
 Malls, C. H., e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 McMasters, J. T., e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Corporal.
 McDonald, V., e. Feb. 13, 1864; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.
 Price, Wm. H., e.; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.
 Ratcliffe, N., e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Roff, C. R., e.; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.
 Reynolds, W. J., e. Oct. 19, 1864; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.
 Stevenson, F. G., m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Victor, P., died Oct. 16, 1863.
 Williams, E. A., e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Wood, Clark, e. March 29, 1864; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.

Company C.

Carroll, A. J., e. March 1, 1864; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.

Company D.

First Lieut. H. J. Brockway, e. Aug. 2, 1862, as Sergt.; prmtd. to First Lieut. July 24, 1863; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Corp. F. B. Reeves, e. Aug. 17, 1862; disd. Nov. 18, 1863; wounds.
 Corp. W. E. Tollhurst, e. Aug. 7, 1862; died Oct. 21, 1862.
 Brown, Daniel, e. Aug. 13, 1862; disd. Sept. 18, 1863; disab.
 Dunton, A. M., e. Aug. 13, 1862; disd. Oct. 27, 1864; wd.
 Goodwin, J. W., e. Aug. 7, 1862; died of wds. May 16, 1863.
 Gibbs, Albert, e. Aug. 13, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Harris, M. G., e. Aug. 13, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Houghton, S. A., e. Aug. 15, 1862; disd. Oct. 12, 1863; disab.
 Kelsey, L. C., e. Aug. 15, 1862; disd. July 7, 1865.
 Saterlee, J. L., e. Aug. 8, 1862; disd. June 5, 1865.
 Brower, J. D., e. Oct. 8, 1864; rect.; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.

Company E.

Capt. W. B. Sigley, e. Sept. 10, 1862; resd. June 27, 1864.
 Capt. R. L. Merriman, e. Aug. 6, 1862, as Sergeant; prmtd. to First Lieutenant July 24, 1863; to Captain June 27, 1864; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 First Lieut. J. H. Blackmore, e. Sept. 10, 1862; resigned Sept. 24, 1863.
 First Lieut. W. H. Anderson, e. Aug. 15, 1862, as Sergeant; prmtd. to First Lieutenant July 27, 1864; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Second Lieut. Osborn Wilson, e. Sept. 10, 1862; resigned July 13, 1863.
 First Sergt. H. J. Howland, e. Aug. 6, 1862; died May 3, 1863, of wds.
 Corp. H. J. Elliott, e. Aug. 7, 1862, as Sergeant; disd. for promotion Oct. 9, 1863.

Corp. H. J. Hall, e. Aug. 22, 1862, as Sergeant; disd. for promotion Jan. 5, 1864.
 Corp. R. B. Stevens, e. Aug. 7, 1862; died Dec. 5, 1862.
 Corp. Jno. Fairweather, e. Aug. 15, 1862; disd. for promotion Aug. 14, 1863.
 Corp. Jonathan Crosby, e. Aug. 8, 1862; m. o. May 29, 1865, as private.
 Musician Frank Pinney, e. Aug. 22, 1862; disd. July 26, 1864, for promotion.
 Wagoner Fowler Erwin, e. Aug. 16, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.
 Atwood, N. P., e. Aug. 22, 1862; disd. Oct. 22, 1862; disab.
 Cheney, C. L., e. Aug. 5, 1862; died in Jackson, Tenn., Oct. 24, 1862.
 Cuthbert, T. D., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Dickson, Henry, e. Aug. 22, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Corporal.
 Dunning, S. W., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 22, 1865; prisoner.
 Dodge, Justus, e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Dorn, Marshall, e. Aug. 12, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Esdskin, S. D., e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Emerson, S., e. Aug. 11, 1862; deserted Oct. 6, 1862.
 Fitzgerald, P. M., e. Aug. 22, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Sergeant.
 French, J. H., e. Aug. 11, 1862, died Nov. 15, 1864.
 Garnsey, A. M., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Hale, Wm., e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Hinman, Lanson, e. Aug. 11, 1862; disd. March 5, 1863; disab.
 Hartman, Chas., e. Aug. 22, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Jenkins, Daniel, e. Aug. 14, 1862; died at Vicksburg Jan. 11, 1864.
 Karney, Jno., e. Aug. 22, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Lusk, J. W., e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. June 12, 1865, as Corp.
 Loutz, J. L., e. Aug. 14, 1862; trans. to V. R. C. Oct. 16, '63.
 Lane, Herbert, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Corporal.
 Martin, Jno., e. Aug. 15, 1862; kld. May 12, 1863.
 McGlynn, Ed., e. Aug. 11, 1862; died Aug. 15, 1865.
 Maloney, Michael, e. Aug. 12, 1862.
 Miller, D. S., e. Aug. 8, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 McGlaughlin, N., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Morey, A. B., e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Mears, Wm., e. Aug. 4, 1862; disd. Sept. 14, 1864; disab.
 McKay, Horace, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Miller, J. R., e. Aug. 7, 1862; died at Vicksburg July 28, 1863.
 Miner, Horace, e. Aug. 22, 1862; trans. to V. R. C. June 30, 1864; m. o. July 5, 1865, as First Sergeant.
 Newman, J. D., e. Aug. 13, 1862; m. o. July 29, 1865.
 Plummer, C. M., e. Aug. 29, 1862; trans. to V. R. C. April 2, 1864.
 Powers, H. B., e. Aug. 9, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as First Sergt.; comd. Second Lieut. but not mustered.
 Rockmeyer, Peter, e. Aug. 7, 1862; died at Memphis June 10, 1863.
 Race, E. D., e. Aug. 6, 1862; Corporal; trans. to V. R. C. April 6, 1863.
 Ryan, M. C., e. Aug. 13, 1862; disd. Dec. 30, 1863, for promotion.
 Roach, J. E., e. Aug. 8, 1862; disd. April 15, 1863, disab.
 Roach, A. N., e. Aug. 8, 1862; died April 22, 1863.
 Smith, Wm., e. Aug. 10, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Corporal.
 Speer, D. D., e. Aug. 7, 1862; disd. Sept. 17, 1864, disab.
 Stage, M. L., e. Aug. 11, 1862; disd. Oct. 29, 1864, disab.
 Smith, N. J., e. Aug. 11, 1862; disd. Aug. 1, 1863, for promotion.
 St. Martin, John, e. Aug. 22, 1862.
 Thompson, J., e. Aug. 11, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Thompson, R. S., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Vinter, Wm., e. Aug. 15, 1862; disd. Dec. 18, 1862, disab.
 Vincent, D., e. Aug. 4, 1862; m. o. Dec. 15, 1865.
 Webber, H., e. Aug. 10, 1862; deserted Oct. 10, 1862.
 Ward, J. H., e. Aug. 15, 1862; trans. to V. R. C.; m. o. June 25, 1865.
 Wilym, John, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Weigler, David, e. July 22, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Yaggy, J. H., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Corporal.
 Hinkston, N. W. (Musician); rect.; disd. April 15, 1863, disab.
 Howard, A. V., e. Oct. 1, 1864; rect.; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.

Company F.

Ankel, Henry, e. Oct. 1, 1864; rect.; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.
 Allbee, Joseph, e. Oct. 1, 1864; rect.; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.
 Nehring, A., e. Oct. 1, 1864; rect.; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.

Company H.

Capt. J. W. Kendall, e. Sept. 10, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 First Lieut. J. D. Andrews, e. Sept. 10, 1862; resd. Jan. 28, 1863.
 First Lieut. Theodore Potter, e. Sept. 10, 1862, as Second Lieutenant; prmtd. to First Lieutenant Jan. 28, 1863; resd. Dec. 26, 1863.
 First Lieut. G. A. Spear, e. July 23, 1862, as Sergeant; prmtd. to Second Lieutenant Feb. 15, 1863, and to First Lieutenant Dec. 26, 1863; died Oct. 26, 1864.
 First Lieut. F. L. Campbell, e. July 26, 1862, as Sergt.; prmtd. to First Lieut. Oct. 26, 1864; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Second Lieut. J. J. Tarble, e. July 22, 1862, as Sergeant; prmtd. to Second Lieut. Jan. 28, 1863; decd. com.; m. o. May 28, 1863, as private.
 Second Lieut. G. M. Cronk, e. Aug. 2, 1862; prmtd. to First Sergeant and to Second Lieutenant July 26, 1865; m. o. Aug. 16, 1865.
 First Sergt. G. S. Prindle, e. July 25, 1862; disd. May 12, 1863, for promotion.
 Sergt. Melvin Tarble, e. July 28, 1862; disd. Aug. 31, 1863, for promotion.
 Corp. Levi Morgan, e. Aug. 6, 1862; disd. July 6, 1865.
 Corp. O. D. Bonney, e. July 25, 1862; Sergeant; disd. July 13, 1864, for promotion.
 Corp. C. E. Otis, e. July 25, 1862; m. o. June 2, 1865.
 Corp. A. A. Page, e. Aug. 7, 1862; died Nov. 23, 1862.
 Corp. G. R. Robinson, e. Aug. 6, 1862; trans. to V. R. C. Jan. 15, 1864.
 Corp. R. Richardson, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. May 28, 1865.
 Corp. Samuel Milner, e. July 29, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Musician J. E. Merrill, e. July 29, 1862; prmtd. to Principal Musician.
 Musician Behr Kenophen, e. July 29, 1862; disd. Jan. 19, 1864, for prom. as Chief Bugler for 3d U. S. C. C.
 Wagoner A. E. Albee, e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Allison, O. C., e. July 28, 1862; died Aug. 16, 1863.
 Allen, M., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Allaire, C. B., e. Aug. 5, 1862; prmtd. Sergeant Major.
 Annett, G., e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. May 28, 1865.
 Anderson, R. T., e. Aug. 6, 1862; disd. Nov. 21, 1863, disab.
 Banner, T., e. Aug. 2, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Baker, W. W., e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. May 31, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Baker, G. H., e. Aug. 5, 1862; disd. March 29, 1863, disab.
 Bailey, Frank, e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Corporal.
 Campbell, S. A., e. July 26, 1862; disd. Jan. 4, 1864, for promotion as First Sergeant, 3d U. S. C. C.
 Church, J. D., e. July 31, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Cassala, Wm., e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Carpenter, Wm., e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Crossby, W. H., e. Aug. 9, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Crossby, F. M., e. Aug. 9, 1862; disd. Jan. 10, 1864, for promotion.
 Chidester, J. R., e. Aug. 11, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Daniels, H. E., e. July 29, 1862; disd. Dec. 11, 1863, to re-e.
 Drake, H. M., e. Aug. 2, 1862; m. o. May 3, 1865.
 Dennison, S. S., e. Aug. 6, 1862; disd. Dec. 13, 1863, for promotion.
 Ensign, W. H., e. July 26, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Eggleston, J. A., e. Aug. 6, 1862; disd. Aug. 26, 1863, disab.
 Edson, Chas., e. Aug. 15, 1862; disd. May 7, 1863, disab.
 Evans, H. H., e. Aug. 5, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Franshaw, H., e. July 22, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Ferrin, Wm., e. Aug. 5, 1862; detached at m. o.
 Fisher, J. F., e. Aug. 11, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Gaines, T., e. July 28, 1862; trans. to V. R. C., April 2, 1864.
 Golden, T., e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Gould, M. J., e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Gillett, J. R., e. Aug. 5, 1862; disd. Jan. 3, 1863, disab.
 Gardner, W. A., e. Aug. 1, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Gregory, J., e. July 23, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Corporal.
 Hurlbut, Wm., e. July 29, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Hatch, A. P., e. Aug. 6, 1862; disd. Aug. 7, 1863, disab.
 Hurd, J. H., e. Aug. 11, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Corp.
 Harris, Danl., e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Judd, A., e. Aug. 11, 1862; disd. Jan. 2, 1864, for prom.
 Kennedy, H., e. Aug. 11, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Lenox, M., e. July 31, 1862; kld. May 16, 1863.
 Murray, W. T., e. July 25, 1862; m. o. June 17, 1865.
 Morton, H. J., e. July 29, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Miles, John, e. July 31, 1862; died April 14, 1865.

Miller, J. A., e. Aug. 15, 1862; trans. to V. R. C. Oct. 28, 1863.
 McCollum, O. J., e. Aug. 2, 1862; trans. to V. R. C. Jan. 15, 1865.
 Ormes, Geo., e. Aug. 2, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Pinney, E., e. July 28, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Corporal.
 Parsons, D. H., e. Aug. 5, 1862; died July 23, 1864.
 Potter, J. J., e. Aug. 6, 1862; died Aug. 12, 1863.
 Rake, G. W., e. Aug. 4, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Corporal.
 Rice, Alphonzo, e. Aug. 7, 1862; kld. May 16, 1863.
 Slate, G. W., e. July 29, 1862; disd. Oct. 8, 1864, disab.
 Stickles, Albert, e. Aug. 2, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Snow, G. A., e. Aug. 5, 1862; kld. May 16, 1863.
 Sneidercker, C. H., e. Aug. 4, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Snow, Byron, e. Aug. 11, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Seymore, H. S., e. Aug. 6, 1862; disd. April 2, 1864, for promotion.
 Seymore, W. A., e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. June 7, 1865.
 Shyler, P. F., e. Aug. 7, 1862; kld. May 16, 1863.
 Smith, L. J., e. Aug. 7, 1862; drowned Sept. 29, 1863.
 Smith, David, e. Aug. 11, 1862; disd. April 25, 1864, wd.
 Sedgwick, Jos., e. Aug. 11, 1862; disd. Dec. 15, 1863, for promotion.
 Tarble, M. J., e. Aug. 5, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Tillsworth, Chas., e. Aug. 11, 1862; died June 23, 1863, wd.
 Van Sickle, Wm., e. July 29, 1862; disd. Oct. 20, 1862, disab.
 White, G. A., e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. May 23, 1865.
 Waldvogel, Jno., e. July 28, 1862; disd. Nov. 18, 1862, disab.
 Wright, Wm., e. July 29, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Wilder, Wallace, e. July 29, 1862; died March 16, 1865.
 Woodward, Jno., e. Aug. 4, 1862; disd. Aug. 26, 1863; disab.
 Woodward, Chas., e. Aug. 11, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Waterman, E. M., e. Aug. 5, 1862; disd. March 6, 1863; disab.
 Westover, A. A., e. July 26, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Woodcock, Harvey, e. Aug. 5, 1862; m. o. Aug. 15, 1865.
 Young, Henry, e. July 25, 1862; disd. Dec. 3, 1863; disab.
 Loomis, Henry; disd. Feb. 26, 1863; disab.
 Trask, L. M., e. Sept. 8, 1863; died Dec. 5, 1863.

Company I.

Brown, H. P., e. Aug. 6, 1862; trans. to Co. B.
 Malls, Chas., e. Aug. 6, 1862; trans. to Co. B.
 McMasters, J. T., e. Aug. 6, 1862; trans. to Co. B.
 Ratliff, N., e. Aug. 5, 1862; trans. to Co. B.
 Williams, E. A., e. Aug. 9, 1862; trans. to Co. B.
 Hesier, Wm., unassigned rect.; disd. May 14, 1864.
 Moore, Jno., unassigned rect.
 Tompkins, C. M., unassigned rect.
 Tompkins, Wm., died at Camp Butler April 9, 1864.
 Terwilliger, F., unassigned rect.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY.

The One Hundred and Twenty-seventh Regiment was organized at Camp Douglas, Chicago, and mustered into service on the 6th of Sept., 1862. On the 9th of November, 1862, it started for the field, numbering 887 officers and men. On the 20th of December, the regiment started, in company with Gen. Sherman, on his Vicksburg expedition, and on the 28th, took part in the Chickasaw Bayou fight. The regiment was next engaged with Gen. McClermand, in the capture of Arkansas Post. After this, it was sent to Young's Point, and from there up Steel's Bayou and Deer Creek, to relieve Commodore Porter's fleet. From this expedition it returned to Young's Point, and on May 7th, started on the Grand Gulf campaign, taking part in the battle of Champion Hills, and fighting the enemy at Vicksburg.

It took part in all the battles incident to the capture of Jackson. On Oct. 17th, it marched to the relief of Chattanooga, and afterward to the relief of Burnside, at Knoxville. It was engaged in the battle before Dallas, at Kennesaw Mountain and around Atlanta; also, at the battle at Jonesboro. On Oct. 4th, it started on the great campaign against Hood and Savannah. At Fayetteville, March 11, 1865, and at Bentonville, March 19th, it lost heavily. On the 10th of June, 1865, the regiment reached Chicago, for muster out and discharge, returning with only 231 men, of 887 who started out in 1862. During its term of service it marched over 3,000 miles, and participated in over 100 battles.

Maj. F. C. Gillette, e. Sept. 5, 1862, as Captain of Co. E; promtd. to Major July 11, 1864; m. o. July 11, 1865.
Adj. A. A. Keys, e. March 9, 1863; prmt'd. to Captain Co. H May 19, 1863; resd. Aug. 3, 1864.
First Assistant Surg. A. L. Clark, e. Sept. 6, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
Q. M. S. W. Durant, e. as Q. M. Sergt.; prmt'd. to Regimental Q. M. July 9, 1863; m. o. June 5, 1865.
Q. M. Sergt. O. J. Lent; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.
Hospital Steward C. H. Duck, e. Sept. 6, 1862; disd. Nov. 1, 1863.
Hospital Steward S. E. Weld, m. o. June 5, 1865.
Prin. Musician H. C. Elliott, m. o. June 5, 1865.
Prin. Musician Jos. Smith, e. Sept. 6, 1862; died June 16, 1863.

Company A.

Davis, Mills, e. Aug. 9, 1862; died Jan. 1, 1863.
Young, Franklin, e. Aug. 9, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.

Company C.

Capt. J. S. Riddle, e. Sept. 5, 1862; resd. July 22, 1863.
Capt. Wm. Warner, e. Sept. 5, 1862, as Second Lieutenant; prmt'd. to First Lieutenant March 2, 1863, and to Captain July 22, 1863; m. o. April 7, 1866.
First Lieut. Thos. Clark, e. Sept. 5, 1862; resd. March 2, 1863.
First Lieut. L. B. Patchin, e. Aug. 7, 1862, as First Sergeant; prmt'd. to Second Lieutenant March 2, 1863; to First Lieutenant July 22, 1863; resd. Jan. 8, 1865.
Sergt. E. Wheedon, e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
Sergt. A. S. Patten, e. Aug. 7, 1862; trans. to I. V. C. Dec. 2, 1863.
Sergt. C. W. Guptill, e. Aug. 7, 1862; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.
Sergt. T. Renwick, e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
Corp. Cullen Allen, e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. June 8, 1865, as First Sergt.
Corp. J. L. Sheehan, e. Aug. 7, 1862; absent, wd., at m. o. of regt.
Corp. Clark Bradon, e. Aug. 7, 1862; disd. Dec., 1862.
Corp. R. F. Boreman, e. Aug. 7, 1862; detached at m. o. of regt.
Corp. B. Hewitt, e. Aug. 14, 1862; disd. Aug. 29, 1863.
Corp. L. Patchin, e. Aug. 7, 1862; absent, wd., at m. o. of regt.
Corp. D. W. Chapman, e. Aug. 7, 1862; disd. Feb. 14, 1863.
Corp. Henry Hadlock, e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
Bennett, Thomas, e. Aug. 7, 1862; disd. Dec. 29, 1863.
Bartlett, J. H., e. Aug. 20, 1862; died July 27, 1863.
Ballinger, Jno., e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, wds.
Bowen, Emmer, e. Aug. 20, 1862; trans. to I. V. C. Jan. 10, 1865.
Church, F. F., e. Aug. 7, 1862; died June 11, 1863.
Cox, J. W., e. Aug. 19, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
Dooley, P. H., e. Aug. 15, 1862; deserted.
Daggett, W. D., Jr., e. Aug. 14, 1862; died June 29, 1863.
Doherty, E., e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Corp.
Dennis, Alex., e. Aug. 15, 1862; died July 28, 1864.
Darville, Henry, e. Aug. 7, 1862; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.
Earl, P. S., e. Aug. 20, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
Eaton, B. G., e. Aug. 7, 1862; deserted.
Fogg, Wm., e. Aug. 7, 1862; disd. Feb. 14, 1863.
Gage, C., e. Aug. 7, 1862; deserted.

Gustason, Chas., e. Aug. 14, 1862; abs. sick at m. o. of regt.
Gable, Jno., e. Aug. 14, 1862; trans. to I. V. C. Sept. 18, 1863.
Gould, Jos., e. Aug. 22, 1862; abs., sick, at m. o. of regt.
Haines, J. L., e. Aug. 7, 1862; Sergeant, detached.
Hanslin, M., e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. June 9, 1865.
Hemrick, M., e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
Hammond, Edwin, e. Aug. 19, 1862; died June 13, 1863.
Hines, G. H., e. Aug. 21, 1862; deserted.
Hoagland, Theo., e. Aug. 22, 1862; died June 21, 1863.
Inglesby, Albert, e. Aug. 14, 1862; died Sept. 15, 1864.
Johnson, Alfred, e. Aug. 22, 1862; died April 8, 1863.
Keller, Jno., e. Aug. 7, 1862; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.
Kirkpatrick, Geo., e. Aug. 22, 1862, wd.; trans. to I. V. C. Dec. 1, 1863.
Knott, G. H., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. June 19, 1865.
Kurtz, L. F., e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Corp.
Little, Lewis, e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
Mabee, Jesse, e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Corp.
Maher, Jno., e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
Miller, Nicholas, e. Aug. 7, 1862; died Jan. 16, 1863, wds.
Murray, Jas., e. Aug. 19, 1862; disd. Jan. 9, 1863.
Murray, Michael, e. Aug. 15, 1862; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.
McCartney, Jno., e. Aug. 7, 1862; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.
Nicholson, Wm., e. Aug. 15, 1862; died Sept. 22, 1863.
O'Flaherty, Pat., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Corporal.
Parkin, Thos., e. Aug. 7, 1862; died Aug. 30, 1863.
Rice, H. P., e. Aug. 19, 1862; died Feb. 22, 1863.
Saunders, Jno., e. Aug. 7, 1862; died Sept. 1, 1863.
Smithing, Jno., e. Aug. 7, 1862; disd. June 15, 1863.
Senift, Jno., e. Aug. 7, 1862; died May 19, 1863, wds.
Smithing, Jos., e. Aug. 7, 1862; died Feb. 8, 1863.
Sutter, J. R., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
Schoonhoven, Jas., e. Aug. 22, 1862; disd. Nov. 21, 1863.
Stowell, Dwight, trans. to Co. G.
Taylor, Jno., e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
Thompson, O. T., e. Aug. 7, 1862; died July 12, 1863.
Taylor, Jno. (2d), e. Aug. 22, 1862; died Dec. 4, 1862.
Underhill, M., e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Corp.
Westover, L. H., e. Aug. 7, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
Welch, R. R., e. Aug. 7, 1862; disd. June 20, 1863, wds.
Whepley, Henry, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
Wallace, Patrick, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Sergeant.
Wallace, Jno., e. Aug. 15, 1862; died July 29, 1864, wds.

Company E.

Capt. J. F. Richmond, e. as First Lieut. Sept. 5, 1862; was prmt'd. to Capt. July 11, 1864; m. o. June 5, 1865.
First Lieut. Fred'k Knight, e. Sept. 5, 1862, as Second Lieut.; was prmt'd. to First Lieutenant July 11, 1864; resd. Sept. 20, 1864.
First Lieut. I. F. Hall, e. as Corporal Aug. 14, 1862; was prmt'd. to Sergeant and to First Lieutenant July 11, 1864; m. o. June 5, 1863.
First Sergt. J. G. Hinds, e. Aug. 14, 1862; prmt'd. to Adjutant.
Sergt. S. W. Durant, e. Aug. 14, 1862; prmt'd. to Q. M. Sergeant.
Sergt. Jesse Curren, e. Aug. 14, 1862; kld. May 19, 1862.
Sergt. H. M. Sill, e. Aug. 14, 1862; disd. Jan. 13, 1863.
Sergt. J. M. Metcalf, e. Aug. 14, 1862; trans. to V. R. C. March 15, 1865.
Corp. O. J. Lent, e. Aug. 14, 1862; prmt'd. to Commissary Sergeant.
Corp. H. J. Parker, e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. May 31, 1865, as private.
Corp. Henry Fearson, e. Aug. 14, 1862; disd. Feb. 10, 1863 as private.
Corp. Ira F. Hall, e. Aug. 14, 1862; prmt'd. to Sergeant and to First Lieutenant.
Corp. W. M. Pierce, e. Aug. 14, 1862; destd. Jan. 18, 1863.
Corp. G. A. Dunham, e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as private.
Corp. E. A. McWayne, e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Sergeant.
Aldrich, G. H., e. Aug. 14, 1862; died Jan. 12, 1863.
Abert, Frank, e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 29, 1865.
Beach, C. H., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Sergt.
Belyea, J. Z., e. Aug. 14, 1862; Corp.; died Nov. 23, 1863.
Bolf, Michael, e. Aug. 14, 1862; absent sick m. o. regt.
Bowman, Chas., e. Aug. 14, 1862; disd. Feb. 6, 1863.
Becker, Jeremiah, e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, wd.
Brisbin, Phillip, e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
Benedict, E. M., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 2, 1865.

Blomely, James, e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Corporal.
 Brennan, Michael, e. Aug. 14, 1862; disd. Sept. 2, 1862.
 Clark, Jos., e. Aug. 14, 1862; disd. July 27, 1863, disab.
 DeWolf, J. S., e. Aug. 14, 1862; disd. for promotion May 27, 1864.
 Dickenson, Wm., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Doyle, Jas., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Corporal, wd.
 Doyle, Dennis, e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Earnshaw, Jas., e. Aug. 14, 1862; trans. to V. R. C. Dec. 1, 1863.
 Evison, Thos., e. Aug. 14, 1862; disd. Feb. 7, 1865.
 Elliott, G. C., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as First Sergeant.
 Elliott, H. C., e. Aug. 14, 1862; prmtd. to Principal Musician.
 Ferson, Chas., e. Aug. 14, 1862; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.
 Fowler, Eugene, e. Aug. 14, 1862; disd. April 18, 1864, wd.
 Goldsbury, Andrew, e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Corporal.
 Gilbert, V. A., e. Aug. 14, 1862; trans. to V. R. C. Jan. 15, 1864.
 Green, J. A., e. Aug. 14, 1862.
 Green, J. M., e. Aug. 14, 1862; died March 7, 1863.
 Guthrey, Hay, e. Aug. 14, 1862; died April 15, 1863.
 Hart, A. T., e. Aug. 14, 1862; disd. Feb. 17, 1864, disab.
 Hight, Jno., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Halle, N. A., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Corporal.
 Hammon, W., e. Aug. 14, 1862; disd. March 11, 1863.
 Hand, J. J., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Corp.
 Kolson, C. J., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Kelly M., e. Aug. 14, 1862; disd. March 4, 1863.
 Kirk, Francis, e. Aug. 14, 1862; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.
 Lane, D. T., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Corp.
 Lincoln, Michael, e. Aug. 14, 1862; died Jan. 11, 1863.
 Lynde, F. W., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. May 12, 1865.
 Murphy, Michael, e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. May 22, 1865.
 Michael, I. P., e. Aug. 14, 1862; disd. April 9, 1863.
 Michael, C. M., e. Aug. 14, 1862; disd. Feb. 22, 1863.
 Marsden, R., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 McFarlane, Felix, e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Newman, Franklin, e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Sergt.
 Pratt, O. B. e. Aug. 14, 1862; kld. July 22, 1864.
 Ronon, M., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Ryan, Thos., e. Aug. 14, 1862; died Aug. 5, 1864, wds.
 Swarthout, L. B., e. Aug. 14, 1862; died Dec. 21, 1863.
 Swarthout, Isaac, e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Musician.
 Smithers, Elias, e. Aug. 14, 1862; died in Aug., 1864, wds.
 Switzer, Wm., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Corporal.
 Stricklin, Jas., e. Aug. 14, 1862; disd. Feb. 3, 1864, as Corporal, disab.
 Smith, John, e. Aug. 14, 1862; trans. to I. V. C. Dec. 1, 1863.
 Tyler, Geo., e. Aug. 14, 1862; disd. July 9, 1863, wds.
 Trumbull, J. P., e. Aug. 14, 1862; disd. Aug. 29, 1863, as Corporal.
 Trumbull, Chas., e. Aug. 14, 1862; trans. to I. V. C. Dec. 1, 1863.
 Thompson, C. O., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Thompson, Judson, e. Aug. 14, 1862; died April 16, 1863.
 Tangeman, D. H., e. Aug. 14, 1862; Sergeant; trans. to Inv. C. Feb. 15, 1864.
 Tobias, W. E., e. Aug. 14, 1862; deserted.
 Wheeler, R. T., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Winder, August, e. Aug. 14, 1862; deserted Nov. 9, 1862.
 Beach, Harley, e. Sept. 22, 1862; rect; trans. to Co. B, 55th Ill. Inf.

Company F.

Musician J. E. Smith, e. Aug. 11, 1862; died at Oswego, Ill., June 16, 1863.

Company H.

Beach, Harlow, e. Aug. 14, 1862; trans. to Co. E.
 Bushey, Wm., e. Aug. 16, 1862; trans. to Co. E.
 Widener, Adam, e. Aug. 7, 1862; trans. to Co. C.

Company I.

Capt. F. A. Raymond, e. Sept. 5, 1862; dishonorably disd. July 6, 1864.

Capt. N. H. Merrill, e. as private Aug. 12, 1862; prmtd. to First Sergeant and to First Lieutenant March 31, 1864, and to Captain July 6, 1864; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 First Lieut. Horace Perry, e. Sept. 5, 1862; resd. July 5, 1863.
 First Lieut. B. C. Wilkins, e. Aug. 8, 1862, as Sergeant; prmtd. to First Lieutenant July 6, 1864; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Second Lieut. A. A. Keys, e. Sept. 5, 1862; prmtd. to Adjt.
 Second Lieut. J. S. Loper, e. Aug. 8, 1862, as Sergeant; prmtd. to First Sergeant and to Second Lieutenant March 10, 1863; honorably disd. March 31, 1864.
 First Sergt. M. B. Joslyn, e. Aug. 8, 1862; disd. Feb. 4, 1863.
 Sergt. Geo. Preston, e. Aug. 8, 1862; disd. July 11, 1863, as private.
 Sergt. Wm. V. Adams, e. Aug. 8, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as private; was prisr.
 Corp. W. H. Holden, e. Aug. 8, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as First Sergeant.
 Corp. M. W. Adams, e. Aug. 9, 1862; Sergeant; died Oct. 21, 1863.
 Corp. N. Hareth, e. Aug. 8, 1862; m. o. June 19, 1865, as private.
 Corp. O. B. Douglas, e. Aug. 11, 1862; First Sergeant; died July 28, 1863, wds.
 Corp. C. Shertliff, e. Aug. 9, 1862; disd. April 10, 1863.
 Corp. R. Scott, e. Aug. 22, 1862; disd. July 1, 1863.
 Corp. C. E. Hunter, e. Aug. 10, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Corp. J. C. Pratt, e. Aug. 10, 1862; Sergeant; died July 19, 1863.
 Musician R. S. Hunn, e. Aug. 10, 1862; trans. to Inv. C. May 15, 1864.
 Adams, B. W., e. Aug. 9, 1862; deserted Jan. 29, 1863.
 Bowman, Jas., e. Aug. 10, 1862; disd.
 Barteleine, Peter, e. Aug. 11, 1862; died Oct. 16, 1863.
 Becker, W. F., e. Aug. 9, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Corporal.
 Boutwell, Lafayette, e. Aug. 9, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Billington, Norman, e. Aug. 9, 1862; disd. Feb. 5, 1863.
 Caton, Thos., e. Aug. 8, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Carr, J. W., e. Aug. 12, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Corp.
 Collins, Jno., e. Aug. 12, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Cox, J. S., e. Aug. 11, 1862; m. o. May 15, 1865, wd.
 Cummings, E. A., e. Aug. 11, 1862; m. o. June 20, 1865.
 Collie, Geo., e. Aug. 8, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Cherry, Moses, e. Aug. 22, 1862; deserted Sept. 10, 1862.
 Culbertson, G. A., e. Aug. 11, 1862; died Nov. 19, 1863.
 Duck, C. H., e. Aug. 8, 1862; prmtd. to Hospital Steward.
 Dougherty, J. J., e. Aug. 9, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Corp.
 Eastman, G. R., e. Aug. 9, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Ellis, Jas., e. Aug. 12, 1862; reported deserted.
 Fraser, J. H., e. Aug. 12, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Fraser, Alex., e. Aug. 12, 1862; disd. July 29, 1863.
 Fraser, W. H., e. Aug. 22, 1862; Corporal; died Dec. 12, 1863.
 Folmer, Henry, e. Aug. 22, 1862; Corporal; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Gray, F. S., e. Aug. 11, 1862; died June 23, 1863.
 Gray, Horatio, e. Aug. 8, 1862; deserted Jan. 29, 1863.
 Grassmire, I. R., e. Aug. 9, 1862; died Sept. 4, 1864.
 Howard, F., e. Aug. 9, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Hyde, C. F., e. Aug. 8, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Hines, Peter, e. Aug. 10, 1865; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Jackson, E. V., e. Aug. 9, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Konaka, J. P., e. Aug. 11, 1862; trans. to Invalid Corps July 13, 1864.
 Kendall, W. L., e. Aug. 8, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Corporal.
 Ladd, M. P., e. Aug. 8, 1862; died at St. Louis Jan. 5, 1863.
 Loudon, G. W., e. Aug. 8, 1862; deserted Sept. 10, 1862.
 McClear, J. J., e. Aug. 8, 1862; disd. Feb., 1863.
 Messenger, Albert, e. Aug. 8, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Morey, N. C., e. Aug. 8, 1862; kld. May 19, 1863.
 Morehouse, E. W., e. Aug. 10, 1862; died Jan. 18, 1863.
 McNickle, Wm., e. Aug. 9, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Sergeant.
 McCornack, Andrew, e. Aug. 22, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Sergeant.
 McCornack, A. W., e. Aug. 22, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 McCornack, W. F., e. Aug. 22, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865; was prisoner.
 Perry, H. A., e. Aug. 12, 1862; disd. Feb. 6, 1863; disab.
 Peasley, F. G., e. Aug. 11, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Parkins, Richard, e. Aug. 11, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Corporal.
 Plant, John, e. Aug. 21, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Corp.
 Priller, Jos., e. Aug. 8, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Corp.

Plantey, Frank, e. Aug. 12, 1862; died Aug. 22, 1863.
 Peters, Jno., e. Aug. 22, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Ross, Isaiah, e. Aug. 10, 1862; disd. Fed. 5, 1863.
 Roberts, A. F., e. Aug. 8, 1862; Corp.; died of wds. June 7, 1863.
 Schroeder, Chas., e. Aug. 8, 1862; Corp.; died of wds. Sept. 23, 1863.
 Schroeder, Theo., e. Aug. 8, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Seidle, Chas., e. Aug. 8, 1862; died at Elgin, Ill.
 Souther, Fred., e. Aug. 11, 1862; died Feb. 22, 1863.
 Scott, W. G., e. Aug. 9, 1862; died July 28, 1863.
 Swinger, S. J., e. Aug. 12, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Spaulding, E. E., e. Aug. 10, 1862; died Oct. 1, 1863.
 Spaulding, J. A., e. Aug. 10, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Schoonhoven, G. W., e. Aug. 10, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865.
 Seaton, N. J., e. Aug. 12, 1862; disd. March, 1863.
 Summerville, A. W., e. Aug. 20, 1862; m. o. June 19, 1865.
 Turner, R. W., e. Aug. 8, 1862; disd. March, 1863.
 Thompson, Alex., e. Aug. 20, 1862; deserted Sept. 10, 1862.
 Weld, S. E., e. Aug. 12, 1862; prmtd. to Hospital Steward.
 Wilson, John, e. Aug. 8, 1862; deserted Jan. 29, 1863.
 Wilcox, Geo., e. Aug. 8, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Corp.
 Hager, Wm., e. Nov. 5, 1862; rect.; trans. to Co. D, 55th Ill. Inf.

Company K.

Capt. A. C. Little, e. as First Sergt. Aug. 12, 1862; prmtd. to Capt. March 3, 1863; m. o. June 6, 1865; wd.
 Corp. G. S. Foster, e. Aug. 20, 1862; disd. April 19, 1863; disab.
 Armstrong, G. S., e. Aug. 14, 1862; absent. sick, at m. o. of regt.
 Bateman, E. S., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Corp.
 Bateman, S. G., e. Aug. 14, 1862; disd. June 19, 1863; disab.
 Fountain, E. W., e. Aug. 14, 1862; Corp.; died June 17, 1863.
 Hoagland, Geo., e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. June 5, 1865, as Corp.
 Leader, Jno., e. Aug. 14, 1862; trans. to Inv. Corps Dec. 15, 1863.
 Wighton, J. D., 130th Inf, Co. G, e. Aug. 15, 1862.

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-FIRST INFANTRY.

(One Hundred Days.)

The One Hundred and Forty-first Infantry Illinois Volunteers was organized at Camp Kane, Elgin, Ill., by Col. John S. Wilcox, commanding camp of rendezvous and instruction, and was mustered into the service on the 16th day of June, A. D. 1864. Shortly afterward, the regiment received marching orders and moved, under command of Col. S. Bronson, by way of Chicago and Cairo, to Columbus, Ky., where it spent the greater part of the Summer, as a portion of the forces garrisoning that important point and defending the railroad and river connections of Cairo with the South and Southeast. In the early Autumn, the regiment formed part of a force of two brigades, of two regiments each, which made a raid into the interior of Western Kentucky, to drive out the guerillas, who were then infesting that part of the State. When the time of the men had expired, they voluntarily, at the request of the Government, remained some weeks longer before receiving orders for muster out, and subsequently received the thanks of the President for so doing. The regiment, early in October, moved from Columbus to Camp Fry, Chicago, where it was mustered out of the service Oct. 10, 1864.

Lieut. Col. Thomas Clark, e. June 21, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Adj. E. C. Lovell, e. June 21, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.

Q. M. A. H. Barry, e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Sergt. Maj. Pearl DeHoyte, e. May 4, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Q. M. Sergt. N. J. Wheeler, e. May 3, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.

Company A.

Capt. P. H. Carr, e. June 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 First Lieut. T. W. Tefft, e. June 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Second Lieut. E. W. King, e. June 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Andrews, J. A., e. May 6, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Benthuyssen, J. H., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Benthuyssen, C. F., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Bartlett, Howard, e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Baker, Alfred, e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Bennett, C. W., e. May 8, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Bigelow, W. H., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Burnidge, Edw., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Cody, C. A., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Clearman, Chas., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Christoph, Jno., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Chase, F. L., e. May 9, 1864; Corporal; died Aug. 19, 1864.
 Cofield, Jno., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Cart, Nelson, e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Critchton, J. T., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Campbell, Edwin, e. May 8, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Clute, Thos., e. May 8, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Cole, C. W., e. April 30, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Doak, Jos., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Duff, Robt., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Duff, Alex., e. June 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Doolittle, G. A., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Dickson, Dennis, e. June 14, 1864; trans. to Co. H.
 Eaton, F. E., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Evans, Jno., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Fowler, Charles, e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Wagoner.
 Fox, W. C., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Griffith, J. C., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Gillett, Henry, e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corporal.
 Gierheim, Jno., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Gaistor, J., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Gustason, Chas., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Holcomb, A. H., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergeant, wd.
 Henning, Jno., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Harrison, W. H., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Hinsdell, O. A., e. April 27, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Hintze, W. H., e. April 30, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Heed, Jno., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 King, G. T., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Kelly, G. S., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Long, W. S., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Long, W. B., e. May 2, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Moffatt, W. S., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Mellon, James, e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Musician.
 Metcalf, D., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corporal.
 McClure, C. R., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corporal.
 Nicholson, Henry, e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corporal.
 Perry, Amos, e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Prus, Henry, e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Plumleigh, Geo., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergeant.
 Reeves, Frank, e. April 30, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Roberts, Austin, e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergeant.
 Rankin, Wm., e. June 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Reser, Alanson, e. May 8, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Rineheimer, G. W., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Rose, Henry, e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Renwick, Rollin, e. April 27, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Smith, Geo., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Smith, Geo. (2d), e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Smith, W. E., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Smith, Horace, e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Musician.
 Smith, Jos., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Shuckney, Chas., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Salisbury, G. W., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Salisbury, H. W., e. April 27, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Shannon, Henry, e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.

Van Aken, F., e. May 8, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Welch, L., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Walan, Jas., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wight, Abner, e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Woller, John, e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wollert, Chas., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wilson, M. W., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wilcox, W., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Young, Milton, e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Zimmerman, Jno., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.

Company B.

Capt. Alex. Grimes, e. June 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 First Lieut. C. D. F. Smith, e. June 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Second Lieut. C. S. Gregg, e. June 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Andrews, R., e. May 13, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Auble, C. C., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Auble, M., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Bly, I. M., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Burton, Amos, e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Burton, Geo., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Burton, Jos., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Callahan, H. J., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Chambers, Chas., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Clapp, T. M., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Clark, L. C., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Clure, J. A., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Cotters, Garret, e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Dickerson, A., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Dow, Thos., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Eyando, Adolphus, e. May 5, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Fowler, W. W., e. May 17, 1864; drowned Sept. 3, 1864.
 Fuller, Eben, e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Genge, W. P., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Golden, W. W., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Grimes, I. F., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Grimes, L. H., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Grow, D. C., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Hadauk, Jno., e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Hall, D. N., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Hampton, M. H., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Healand, Chas., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Helmer, Philo, e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Higgins, W. F., e. May 4, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Hilbert, Jasper, e. May 16, 1864; died Sept. 10, 1864.
 Hill, O. D., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Jones, Chas., e. May 5, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Kimball, S. S., e. May 20, 1864; prom. to Chaplain.
 Kernan, M. F., e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Killmore, E. H., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 King, C. L., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Lakins, J. F., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Mann, G. W., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Martin, S. P., e. May 13, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Martin, D. A., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 McCann, Jason, e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 McLellan, B. F., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 McNitt, Valentine, e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Mead, Adolph., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Monk, Jos., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Moore, W. A., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 Murtaugh, P., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Noahr, Lewis, e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 O'Laughlin, Cornelius, e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Otis, Jerome, e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Putnam, Alonzo, e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Palmer, M. D., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Pease, A. W., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Pettenger, Henry, e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Price, C. A., e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Payne, James H., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Robertson, I. E., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Rockwell, E. L., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Row, Jas., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Russell, G. W., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Sawyer, J. A., e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Smith, J. W., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Starkey, D. W., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as First Sergt.
 Steer, Wm., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.

Stephens, Chas., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Sweet, P. R., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Sweet, C. W., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Sawyer, D. H., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Thomas, C. G., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Tapley, T. S., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Town, R. M., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 Twigg, David, e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 White, W. S., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Watrous, L. L., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Whitley, Henry, e. May 13, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Williams, G. C., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wilson, W. S., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wilson, A. D., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Wood, F. A., e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Woodruff, W. W., e. May 5, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Woolcott, S. A., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.

Company C.

Capt. Saml. H. Hunter, e. June 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 First Lieut. M. J. Dunne, e. June 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Second Lieut. Jas. B. Robinson, e. June 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Adams, G. W., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Ahle, Chas., e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Babcock, Oscar, e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Batterman, Chris., e. May 6, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Batterman, Jno., e. May 6, 1864; died Sept. 18, 1864.
 Barker, James, e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Baker, C. D., e. May 2, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Barrick, F. W., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Beardsley, Z. S., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Blackman, J. G., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Burdick, E. S., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Brown, Chas., e. May 12, 1864; died Sept. 4, 1864.
 Christopher, Wm., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Cook, Frank, e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 Cooke, J. W., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Dike, W. W., e. May 8, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Davis, G., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Eaton, A. W., e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Feehan, E., e. May 2, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Gardner, R. B., e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Gifford, C. F., e. May 2, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Gifford, Edwin, e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Gilman, Amos, e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Groff, Jno., e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Goodman, Thos., e. May 2, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Goodman, Patrick, e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Gale, J. A., e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Harper, Jno., e. Aug. 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Hendersen, Eli, e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Hennegan, L., e. May 9, 1864; prmtd. to Prin. Musician.
 Hubble, R., e. May 9, 1864; died Aug. 30, 1864.
 Jones, D. M., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 Knox, Wm., e. May 2, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Lakins, J. L., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Lester, Edwin, e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Mallory, J. A., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Matthews, C. D., e. May 8, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 McMahon, Jno., e. May 2, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 McDonald, Wm., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 McLean, Henry, e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Meierhoff, Christian, e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Meierhoff, Ernst, e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Neale, Chas., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Phillips, Henry, e. May 5, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 Paddock, Daniel, e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Peterson, N. B., e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Perry, Geo., e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Powers, Thos., e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Pettitt, Chas., e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Rosa, Chris., e. May 2, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Ryan, Wm., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Rice, L. B., e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Rice, J. K., e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Stoddard, W., e. May 12, 1864; died Aug. 18, 1864.
 Stewart, Clark, e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 Straudage, Geo., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.

Smith, Thos., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Spaulding, Arthur, e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Smith, J. F., e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Smith, Peter, e. May 5, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Salisbury Wm., e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Short, G. W., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Strain, W. T., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Taffelmire, A., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Tanner, L. S., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Terril, G. P., e. May 13, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Tibbet, Jno., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Todd, W. F., e. May 5, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 Torace, Dewitt, e. May 13, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Vogle, Jacob, e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Voss, Carl, e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Waite, Wm., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Webber, M., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Weeks, W. S., e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Webster, Benj., e. May 17, 1864; died July 20, 1864.
 Westfahl, F., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wilbur, Jay, e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wilson, W. H., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Walters, Jno., e. May 27, 1864; deserted June 29, 1864.
 Young, O. W., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.

Company D.

Capt. B. D. Beach, e. June 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 First Lieut. Hiram Sargent, e. June 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Second Lieut. H. A. Ferson, e. June 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Mus. Roderick Parker, e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Mus. Geo. Barnum, e. May 29, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Barnett, Eugene, e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Bowman, Chas., e. May 9, 1864; died July 2, 1864.
 Beach, Waldo, e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Blanchard, H., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Boyle, Thos., e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Brown, Hiram, e. May 20, 1864; deserted.
 Burchell, Benj., e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Conley, Jno., e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Conlon, Adelbert, e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Cook, Charles, e. May 20, 1864; died Aug. 21, 1864.
 Cronon, Jno., e. May 15, 1864; deserted.
 Delaney, E., e. May 9, 1864; deserted.
 Donon, M., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Duffy, Anthony, e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Eddy, Homer, e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Elliott, Jas., e. May 15, 1864; deserted.
 Ellis, Jas., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Fowler, Frank, e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Freeman, Allen, e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Gebel, M., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Gebel, T., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Golley, Jno., e. May 15, 1864; deserted.
 Graham, Ezra, e. May 13, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Graves, C. A., e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Goodier, Geo., e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Hall, G. H., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Hammond, H., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Hammond, W., e. May 13, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Haveland, Chas., e. May 12, 1864; deserted.
 Huggins, Jeffrey, e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Hines, Wm., e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Howe, M., e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Hundley, Thos., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Hyde, Alvin, e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Hyde, W. O., e. May 7, 1864; died Sept. 15, 1864.
 Hyde, Chas., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Jarvis, Jas., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Johnston, Jno., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 Juckett, Chas., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Kaysier, M., e. May 18, 1864; deserted.
 Kilron, P. M., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Lane, Orrin, e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 Lane, J., e. May 18, 1864; deserted.
 Lloyd, W. B., e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Malley, P. O., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Mark, Hosmer, e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Marshall, Jas., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Marshall, Jno., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Matteson, A. D., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Miller, Almon, e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Miller, C. A., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as First Sergt.

Miller, Chas., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Millington, Arthur, e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Murray, Thos., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Oleson, Peter, e. May 13, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Palmer, Wm., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Pender, Thos., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Partlow, J. F., e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Ryan, T., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Sargent, Chas., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Sargent, R. A., e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 Sawyer, Lyman, e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Smith, H. E., e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Stevens, Albt., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Swarthout, J. E., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Tift, Harvey, e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Thompson, Geo., e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Tomlinson, Henry, e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Van Vorst, A. F., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Vinton, W. W., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wallace, C. H., e. May 13, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Watson, F. W., e. May 18, 1864; prmt'd. Asst. Surg.
 Weed, Lee, e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Whipple, J. W., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Wilson, Franklin, e. May 17, 1864; deserted.
 Wilson, W. B., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wodell, Clarence, e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Young, Franklin, e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Young, W. J., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.

Company F.

Cochran, John M., e. June 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Dickenson, R., e. May 15, 1864; prmt'd. Principal Music'n.

Company G.

Capt. Chas. Herrington, e. June 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Second Lieut. Chester Stewart, e. June 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Ahles, John, e. May 13, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Bosford, Rial, e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 Blackmere, E., e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Boyne, G., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Brennan, Thos., e. May 4, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Brown, Mark, e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Bacon, Wm., e. May 12, 1864; deserted June 17, 1864.
 Brown, E. B., e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Casey, E. I., e. May 10, 1864; deserted June 18, 1864.
 Curtis, E. E., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Coppell, Henry, e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Cook, Geo. P., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Cook, Jasper, e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Carler, T. J., e. May 13, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Carroll, Jno., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Condon, Lawrence, e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Condon, Jno., e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Chenney, Saml., e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 De Wolf, W. S., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Donelson, S., e. May 4, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Donor, Thos., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Ellis, Danl., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Fink, Martin, e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 German, Geo., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Gilfoil, Albt., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Neal, Chas., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Hendrickson, C., e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Hayes, T., e. May 12, 1864; drowned June 30, 1864.
 Kelly, Wilson, e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Kelly, Saml., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Kimball, C., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Kendall, W. B., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Kendall, N. J., e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Kendall, Albt., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Loveland, Henry, e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Nov. 14, 1864.
 McFadden, Wm., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Mayer, Felix, e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 Miller, P. G., e. May 5, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Mayar, F., e. May 6, 1864; m. o. Nov. 14, 1864.
 Matthewson, E. A., e. May 14, 1864; Corp., absent, sick, at m. o.
 McMelton, E., May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.

McBairty, Chas., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Murphy, Patrick, e. May 12, 1864; deserted June 25, 1864.
 Nelson, Jno., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Outhouse, Wm., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 Olmsted, L. W., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Oakley, G. H., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Powers, W. J., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. May 10, 1864.
 Pride, Chas., e. May 4, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Pratt, E., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Peck, R., e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Ponley, R. F., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Pulver, G. C., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Rowell, G. W., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Renwick, Wm., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Ruditzer, F., e. May 13, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Reed, David, e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Reed, Marcus, e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Rodgers, Jno., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Stewart, Judson, e. May 7, 1864; deserted June 20, 1864.
 Southgate, R., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 Stenchfield, F., e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Stlyer, David, e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Swetzer, Jackson, e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Seaton, Albt., e. May 21, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Seaton, I. D., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Seely, Frank, e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Smith, T. B., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Townsend, S. H., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wilkerson, Jno., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wilder, Jacob, e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wilcox, Frank, e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Webb, Frank, e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wise, Samuel, e. May 14, 1864; deserted June 17, 1864.
 Wallize, Geo., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Watrous, W. S., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as First Sergt.
 Wise, Peter, e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wilson, Jas., e. May 13, 1864; deserted June 26, 1864.
 Young, Jas., e. May 14, 1864; deserted June 17, 1864.

Company H.

Burback, A. J., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Doherty, Geo., e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Dickson, Dennis, e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Eldridge, G. W., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Grant, W. H., e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Ginter, Wm., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Gibbons, J. J., e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Peters, Jno., e. May 30, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Robinson, W. J., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Warnock, B. J., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Welsh, Peter, e. May 29, 1864; deserted June 22, 1864.

Company I.

Capt. R. H. Winslow, e. June 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 First Lieut. D. W. Coan, e. June 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Second Lieut. H. C. Dodge, e. June 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Austin, N. C., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Austin, G. H., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Bruce, Henry, e. May 11, 1864; deserted June 24, 1864.
 Betts, Geo., e. May 11, 1864; deserted June 24, 1864.
 Blake, J. W., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as First Sergt.
 Beaver, E. E., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Bews, Henry, e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Bathrick, J. H., e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Colson, Carlotto, e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Clarke, J. D., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Clarke, Hiram, e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Cossalman, Jas., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Colburn, Wm., e. May 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Darling, D., e. May 2, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Denning, J. M., e. May 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Dunne, E., e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Edwards, R. B., e. May 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 Edwards, J. W., e. May 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Firkins, Wm., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Fyfe, Thos., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Gillett, J. V., e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Goodrow, Jacob, e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Guy, Chas., e. May 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Gilbert, A. J., e. May 14, 1864; died July 28, 1864.
 Gilbert, H. W., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Hamilton, Frank, e. May 13, 1864; deserted June 24, 1864.

Hilpist, Philip, e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Hoat, Wm., e. May 5, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Hubble, L. F., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Hatch, F. S., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 Hamilton, J. M., e. May 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Hinckley, Horace, e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Hughes, J. M., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 Jewell, Wm., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 Johnson, R. F., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Johnson, J. W., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Kearns, Delos, e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Laury, Jos., e. May 2, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Law, J. C., e. May 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Laury, S. W., e. May 3, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Lappen, Geo., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Lucky, T. B., e. May 2, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Lomax, J. E., e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Mix, Parsons, e. May 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Myer, Frank, e. May 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 McMullen, Wm., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Mar, Jos., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Monroe, John, e. May 20, 1864; deserted June 24, 1864.
 Newman, M. C., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Oats, John, e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Reed, Walter, e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Roberts, Wm., e. May 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Rice, E. W. L., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Rice, C. H., e. May 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Ray, Wm., e. May 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Rumble, Jas., e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Sullivan, W. K., e. May 2, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Sloan, Napoleon, e. May 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Satterlee, Horace, e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Satterfield, N. M., e. May 2, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Stewart, Wm., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Severance, Geo., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Stanard, Jno., e. May 17, 1864; deserted June 24, 1864.
 Smith, T. B., e. May 20, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Terry, Justus, e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Thatcher, Orrin, e. May 2, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Terry, W. J., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Traugh, M. G., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Thon, Louis, e. May 9, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Van Nortrick, J. M., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Van Deveir, Chas., e. May 11, 1864; deserted June 24, 1864.
 Williams, W. M., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Winters, Wm., e. May 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wimple, Quincy, e. May 5, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Weese, J. M., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wells, W. H., e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wildrick, Sylvester, e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wagner, G. H., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Walker, N., e. May 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Yeldam, Geo., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.

Company K.

Capt. Jno. Gilman, e. June 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Second Lieut. Chas. Ferson, e. June 16, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Musician Horace Brigham, e. May 27, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Musician Chas. Fay, e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wagoner H. Lillas, e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Aldrich, S. C., e. May 5, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 August, Jno., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Adams, Anson, e. May 1, 1864; died July 26, 1864.
 Belyea, Chas., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 Blank, Jesse, e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Bulard, J. M., e. May 5, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Ballow, Wm., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Beckington, R., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Bassett, Oscar, e. May 3, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Barchell, Zach., e. May 5, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Babbitt, Lewis, e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Burton, Mark, e. May 19, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Cooley, Thos., e. May 19, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Casey, I., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Conklin, Chas., e. May 5, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 Conner, Nathan, e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Conner, Lyman, e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.

Clark, Henry, e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Dunham, A. J., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Ferson, Kirk, e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Fennerty, Jas., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 Flannerty, Jos., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Freeland, Abram, e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Fearson, Jno., e. May 5, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Goskey, Wm., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Gilman, Frank, e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as First Sergt.
 Hazeltine, E. R., e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Hassans, F. B. e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Haskins, Albert, e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Inman, Jno., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Lovedale, Rob't, e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Lake, Chas., e. May 5, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Lake, W. H., e. May 5, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Merchant, C. H., e. May 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Sergt.
 Merreen, P., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Mostow, Jno., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 McCoy, Jno., e. May 18, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Mitchell, Thos., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Minard, Geo., e. May 5, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Peterson, Alf., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Putnam, Ransom, e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Pease, W. L., e. May 13, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Powell, Jas., e. May 15, 1864; deserted June 20, 1864.
 Ray, L. C., e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Ray, Jno., e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Russell, Wm., e. May 5, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Reed, Wm. K., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864, as Corp.
 Rich, E. E., e. May 19, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Sullivan, e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Smith, J. P., e. May 17, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Standidge, Thos., e. May 5, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Smith, A. E., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Teft, Jas., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Whitney, Wm., e. May 5, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Welch, David, e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wild, W. E., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wheeler, W., e. May 5, 1864; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Wilcott, M., e. May 15, 1864; disd. June 16, 1864.

SEVENTH INFANTRY.

(Three Months.)

The Seventh Infantry Illinois Volunteers is claimed to be the first regiment organized in the State of Illinois, under the first call of the President for three months troops. The Eighth Illinois claims the same honor. The Seventh was mustered into the United States service at Camp Yates, Ill., April 25, 1861, by Capt. John Pope, U. S. A. Was forwarded to Alton, St. Louis, Cairo and Mound City, where it remained during three months' service.

Was reorganized and mustered for three years' service July 25, 1861, by Capt. T. G. Pitcher, U. S. A. Proceeded to Ironton, Mo., and joined the command of Brig. Gen. B. M. Prentiss. Aug. 27, 1861, marched to Cape Girardeau, Mo., where it remained some time, Col. Cook commanding post. The regiment went into winter quarters at Fort Holt, Ky. Col. Cook commanding post. The garrison consisted of a brigade—Seventh and Twenty-eighth Illinois and McAllister's battery. Gen. Grant commanded the district of Cairo.

Was with the reconnoitering expedition, under Gen. Grant, in the rear of Columbus, Ky. During the battle of Belmont was sent to Elliott's Mills, just above Columbus. On Feb. 3, 1862, embarked for Fort Henry, and on the

12th for Fort Donelson, taking part in the investment and siege of that place, February 13, 14 and 15, and was engaged in the last charge on the left of the enemy's works. At Donelson the regiment was commanded by Lieut. Col. Babcock, Col. Cook commanding Third Brigade, Second Division, Maj. Gen. C. F. Smith commanding. Loss three killed, including the gallant Capt. Mendell, of Company I, and nineteen wounded. Feb. 21, 1862, left Fort Donelson for Clarksville, Tenn., Maj. Rowett commanding. Lieut. Col. Babcock absent, sick, and Col. Cook commanding brigade. Ordered to Nashville, and afterward to Pittsburg Landing, where it arrived Feb. 22, 1862. Was engaged continually, April 6 and 7, at the battle of Shiloh, under command of Lieut. Col. Rowett, Col. Babcock being absent, sick, and Col. Cook having been promoted to Brigadier General on the 21st of March. Loss at battle of Shiloh—two commissioned officers and fifteen men killed, and seventy-nine wounded. Was engaged up to May 30th with Third Brigade, Second Division, and in center of right wing, moving upon Corinth—meanwhile having several skirmishes with the enemy. On evacuation of Corinth, May 30th, by the enemy, the regiment marched to Farmington and Booneville, Mississippi, repairing roads and bridges, and returned to Corinth June 11, 1862. At battle of Corinth, Oct. 3 and 4, 1862, the regiment was engaged both days entire, on the right of Third Brigade, and still in Second Division. Col. Babcock was in command. On 5th October, marched in pursuit of enemy as far as Ruckersville, and returned on 10th. Loss at Corinth—two commissioned officers and six men killed, and forty-six wounded. Also, twenty-one prisoners, who have since been exchanged and returned to duty. December 18, marched to Lexington, Mo., in pursuit of guerillas. April 15 1863, marched with Gen. Dodge's command through Iuka, Glendale and Burnsville to Bear Creek, on the Alabama line. On the 17th, deployed as skirmishers, drove the enemy from the creek; and as soon as the cavalry had crossed, Companies C and K pushed forward at a double quick in support of a battery. The remainder of the brigade then crossed, and, moving forward to Cherokee, engaged the rebels. The Seventh, on the right, killed twelve of the enemy and captured two prisoners. At dark retired, and next morning moved back to Bear Creek. April 25, again moved forward to Tusculumbia, and the same evening to South Florence, joining the Ninth Illinois (mounted) Infantry. The next day moved with main column to Town Creek. April 28, crossed Town Creek and drove the enemy three miles, and remained on the ground during the night with the Second Iowa Infantry. On 29th, recrossed and returned to Corinth with the command, arriving May 2. Loss during this expedition, one man killed—accidentally shot.

May 12 to June 8, 1863, guarded railroad from Bethel to Jackson, Tenn. June 18, mounted, by order of Maj. Gen. Dodge, and

the remainder of the month was scouting through West Tennessee. July 7 to 9, on scout. July 26th to Aug. 5th. on expedition under command of Col. Rowett, of the Seventh, capturing forty-two prisoners, including one Colonel and two Captains, and many horses and mules. Lost one man, accidentally killed. Again went out, together with 100 men of the Tenth Missouri Cavalry. Had several skirmishes, and captured twenty prisoners. Sept. 26, commenced a four days' expedition with the Seventh Kansas Cavalry, Col. Rowett in command. Had some very brisk skirmishes, and captured thirty prisoners and several horses and mules. Oct. 4. relieved Eighteenth Missouri, at Chewalla, and was again relieved on the 28th. Oct. 26th, proceeded to Iuka. Here guarded approaches until the 6th of November, when marched to Eastport. and crossing the Tennessee River, moved on flanks of Dodge's command, capturing horses, etc., and fighting guerillas until Nov. 12th, when camped at Pulaski. Nov. 17th to 19th, scouted to and beyond Lawrenceburg, capturing thirty prisoners. Nov. 21st, ordered to Corinth, and returned to Pulaski, capturing twenty-five prisoners. Dec. 10th ordered on scout toward Shreve Creek and Florence, Ala. Engaged Moreland's Battalion and captured thirty-five prisoners, including four commissioned officers. The enemy left eight dead upon the field, and many wounded. Besides the above skirmishes and marches, detachments of the regiment have been constantly employed carrying dispatches, and have had many small skirmishes, captured many prisoners, etc. Dec. 22, 1863, the regiment re-enlisted as Veteran Volunteers, and Jan. 7, 1864, started to Springfield, Ill., for the veteran furlough.

[No memoranda furnished of veteran organization. Mustered out July 9, 1865, at Louisville, Ky. Arrived at Camp Butler, July 12, 1865, for final payment and discharge.]

Major Nicholas Greusel, e. as Captain of Co. C; was promoted Major April 25, 1861; re-e. in the three years service.

Company A.

Capt. E. S. Joslyn, e. April 22, 1861.
First Lieut. R. H. Adams, e. April 22, 1861.
Second Lieut. Jas. Davidson, e. April 22, 1861.
Sergt. Jonathan Kimball, e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 22, 1861.
Sergt. F. A. Raymond, e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Sergt. Geo. Wheeler, e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Corpl. J. R. Kinney, e. July 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Corpl. G. W. Padelford, e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Corpl. Holland Handburg, e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Musician G. C. Kothe, e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Aldrich, J. W., e. April 22, 1861. m. o. July 25, 1861.
Allen, David, e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Allen, C. W., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Adams, J. J., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Brown, C. R., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Boutwell, G. W., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Bradley, David, e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Bacon, A. A. C., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Bradford, S., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Coal, B. S., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.

Coon, Jno., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Crayon, Thos., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Doty, H. S., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Densmore, E. H., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Dixon, C. L., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Dixon, M. L., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Guptail, C. W., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Harney, S. M., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Harvey, C. M., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Hart, John, e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Humphrey, R., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Haines, J. L., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Keyes, A. A., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Kimball, W. H., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Louis, H. B., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Messenger, Albert, e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Martens, A., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Murphy, John, e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
O'Donald, J., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Peterson, Hiram, e. April 22, 1861. m. o. July 25, 1861.
Ryan, John, e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Robinson, Alex., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Rice, Henry, e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Soper, J. S., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Slawson, C. H., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Schneider, J. C., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Vinney, J. M., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Walliver, N. D., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Ward, J. H., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Walliver, Wm., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.
Wheeler, W. H., e. April 22, 1861; m. o. July 25, 1861.

Company C.

First Lieut. Silas Miller, e. April 29, 1861, as Second Lieut.; prmtd. to First Lieut. April 29, 1861.
Second Lieut. R. P. Pattison, e. April 29, 1861.

(Three Years' Service.)

Lieut. Col. Nicholas Greusel, e. April 25, 1861, as Major; prmpt. to Lieut. Colonel July 24, 1861, and to Col. of Thirty-Sixth Inf. Sept. 23, 1861; resd. Feb. 7, 1863.
Q. M. Wm. Brown, Jr., e. as Sergt. Major; prmtd. to Q. M. Oct. 29, 1861; died of wds. recd. at Corinth Oct. 9, 1862.

Company A.

Capt. S. G. Ward, e. July 25, 1861; kld. at Shiloh, April 6, 1862.
Capt. G. F. Wheeler, e. as Sergeant July 25, 1861; prmtd. to Captain April 7, 1862; resd. Dec. 31, 1862.
Capt. Thos. McGuire, e. as Sergeant July 25, 1861; prmtd. to Second Lieutenant Jan. 30, 1862, to First Lieutenant June 21, 1862, and to Capt. Jan. 1, 1863; hon. disd. March 12, 1863.
First Lieut. Jonathan Kimball, e. July 25, 1861; resd. Feb. 5, 1862.
First Lieut. M. M. Marsh, e. Aug. 26, 1861; resd. Nov. 22, 1861.
Second Lieut. C. T. Elliott, e. as Sergeant July 25, 1861; prmtd. to Second Lieutenant Jan. 1, 1863; term expired July 25, 1864.
Sergt. J. R. Kinney, e. July 25, 1861; reported dead.
Corpl. J. P. Schneider, e. July 25, 1861; re-e. as vet. vol. Dec. 22, 1863; m. o. July 9, 1865.
Corpl. Chas. Eppner, e. July 25, 1861; disd. Dec. 12, 1861; disab.
Corpl. A. N. Stowe, e. July 25, 1861; re-e. as vet. vol. Dec. 22, 1863; disd. April 9, 1863.
Musician Henry Snell, e. July 25, 1861; transf. to Thirty-Sixth Ill. Inf. Sept. 1, 1861.
Adams, O. S., e. July 25, 1861, disd. July 29, 1864, term expired.
Bradford, John, e. July 25, 1861, died March 31, 1862.
Bradford, Eugene, e. July 25, 1861.
Carmin, Robert, e. July 25, 1861, m. o. June 5, 1865, as Sergt.
Carmichael, Henry, e. July 25, 1865; re-e. as vet. Dec. 22, 1863, m. o. July 9, 1865.
Coleman, W. H., e. July 25, 1861.
Gage, W. L., e. July 25, 1861.
Gilbert, Geo., e. July 25, 1861, died at Cairo, Ill.
Hasson, H. C., e. July 25, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 22, 1863, kld. at Allatoona, Ga., Oct. 5, 1864.
Hickey, M. W., e. July 25, 1861, m. o. as Sergt. July 29, 1864.
House, J. W., e. July 25, 1861, died July 29, 1864.
Hundley, J. R., e. July 25, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 22, 1863; m. o. July 9, 1865.



H. E. Burlingame M.D.

ELGIN.

Hart, John, e. July 25, 1861, died at Fort Holt, Ky., Nov. 7, 1861.

Hickox, F. M., e. July 25, 1861.

Mallett, W. J., e. July 25, 1861; m. o. June 8, 1865.

O'Brian, Michael, e. July 25, 1861; disd. July 29, 1864.

Silver, G. E., e. July 25, 1861; m. o. as Corp. July 29, 1864.

Schaffer, Wm., e. July 25, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 22, 1863; m. o. July 9, 1865.

Stone, Chas., e. July 25, 1861.

Thompson, Johnson, e. July 25, 1861.

Wheeler, L. J., e. July 25, 1861; trans. to Eighth Ill. Vol. Cav.

Wheeler, Wm., e. July 25, 1861; died at Elgin, Ill., Aug. 2, 1861.

Company A and Company B.

(Consolidated as Company B.)

Fitzgerald, Jno, e. Jan. 5, 1864; re-e. as vet.; m. o. July 9, 1865.

Hill, E. H., e. Sept. 10, 1863; m. o. July 9, 1865.

House, J. W., e. July 25, 1861; disd. July 29, 1864.

Mallett, W. J., e. July 25, 1861; m. o. June 8, 1865.

Peterson, Hiram, e. Dec. 22, 1863; re-e. as vet. Dec. 22, 1862; prmtd to Sergt.

Sill, G. N., e. Sept. 25, 1861.

Company C.

First Lieut. J. H. Hubbard, e. as Sergt. July 25, 1861; prmtd. to Second Lieut. May 22, 1863; to First Lieut. April 22, 1864; m. o. July 9, 1865.

Sergt. Judson Parks, e. July 13, 1861.

Sergt. T. W. Billington, e. July 13, 1861; re-e. as vet.

Corp. W. H. Voorhees, e. July 13, 1861; re-e. as vet.

Wagoner H. H. Showers, e. July 18, 1861; died Jan. 16, 1862.

Alford, C. B., e. July 18, 1861; kld. at Corinth Oct. 3, 1862.

Blackman, Chas., e. July 18, 1861; re-e. as vet.

Bryant, F. C., e. July 18, 1861; re-e. as vet.

Campbell, Edgar, e. July 18, 1861; re-e. as vet.

Casselman, Levi, e. July 18, 1861.

Ecker, Alonzo, e. July 18, 1861; died Jan. 27, 1862.

Kopf, Jos., e. July 18, 1861.

Lemuel, Jno., e. July 18, 1861; died Sept. 14, 1861.

Marion, P. J. B., e. July 1861.

McDaniels, Eli, e. July 18, 1861; re-e. as vet.

McNulty, Ed., e. July 18, 1861; disd. July 24, 1864.

Nichboy, Henry, e. July 18, 1861; re-e. as vet.

O'Brien, Henry, e. July 18, 1861.

Rose, Oliver, e. July 18, 1861; disd. Dec. 27, 1861.

Companies C and D.

(Consolidated.)

Bentley, Thos., e. Feb. 17, 1864; m. o. May 19, 1865; rect. Hammerschmidt, Henry, e. Feb. 3, 1864; m. o. July 9, 1865; rect.

Hellgoth, Andrew, e. Feb. 10, 1864; kld. Oct. 5, 1864; rect.

Schmidt, Jno., e. Jan. 28, 1864; m. o. July 9, 1865; rect.

Simin, Jno., e. Feb. 10, 1864; m. o. July 9, 1865; rect.

Steafald, Chas., e. Feb. 12, 1864; m. o. July 9, 1865; rect.

Staley, Abram, e. Feb. 5, 1864; m. o. July 9, 1865; rect.

Turner, Wm., e. Feb. 11, 1864; re-e. as vet. March 12, 1864; m. o. July 9, 1865; rect.

Yeus, Chas., e. Jan. 29, 1864; died at Rome, Ga., Nov. 1, 1864; rect.

Baker, E. E., e. Dec. 22, 1863; m. o. July 8, 1865; vet.

Blackman, Chas., e. Dec. 22, 1863; m. o. July 9, 1865; vet.

Bryant, F. C., e. Dec. 22, 1863; m. o. July 9, 1865; vet.

Billington, T. W., e. Dec. 22, 1863; prmtd. to First Sergt.; kld at Rome, Ga., Aug. 19, 1864; vet.

Carpenter, T. J., e. March 4, 1864; m. o. July 9, 1865; vet.

Fourke, Jno., e. Dec. 22, 1863; m. o. July 9, 1865; vet.

Snell, Marcellus, e. Dec. 22, 1863; m. o. July 9, 1865; vet.

Tebay, J. A., e. Dec. 22, 1863; m. o. July 9, 1865; vet.

Company G.

Second Lieut. Paul J. B. Marion, e. Sept. 11, 1862; hon. disd. Jan. 26, 1865.

Bell, H. C., unassigned rect., e. Feb. 24, 1864; died April 11, 1864.

Daniels, C. W., 8th Inf. (3 years), Co. E, rect., e. July 28, 1861; disd. July 28, 1864.

Joyce, Jno., 8th Inf. (3 years), Co. G, dft. and sub. rect., e. Oct. 19, 1864, m. o. Oct. 20, 1865.

First Asst. Surgeon Myron Hopkins, 11th Inf. (3 years), e. Sept. 17, 1864, m. o. July 14, 1865.

Jackson, Henry, 12th Inf. (3 years), e. Aug. 1, 1861, died July 30, 1862.

THIRTEENTH INFANTRY.

(Three Years.)

The Thirteenth Infantry Illinois Volunteers was organized under the Ten-Regiment Bill, at Dixon, Ill., May 9, 1861, and mustered into United States service May 24, 1861. June 16th, ordered to Caseyville, by rail; July 6th, to Rolla, Mo., by rail; Oct. 10, 1861, ordered to Springfield, Mo.; Nov. 10, 1861, ordered back to Rolla; remained during the winter in Rolla.

March 6, 1862, marched, via Springfield, to Pea Ridge, Ark.; thence, via Keitsville, to Batesville; and thence to Helena, Ark., arriving on the 14th of July, 1862. July 9, 1864, regiment was consolidated with Fifty-sixth Illinois Infantry Volunteers.

Company B.

Musician G. A. Hall, e. May 24, 1861; trans. to Inv. Corps. Dunham, E. E., e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864

Company E.

Trowbridge, Jno., e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.

Company F.

Merritt, Abbott, e. May 30, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.

Company G.

Kendall, Albert, e. June 6, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.

O'Brien, John, e. June 6, 1861; m. o. June 8, 1865.

Ponsonby, Patrick, e. June 6, 1861; m. o. June 2, 1865.

Pike, Samuel, e. June 6, 1861; disd.

Rogers, Geo., e. June 6, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.

Stevens, A. A., e. June 6, 1861.

Shipman, Isaac, e. June 6, 1861; died Oct. 13, 1863.

Company H.

Capt. G. H. Gardner, e. as First Lieutenant; prmtd to Captain; died Jan. 5, 1863.

Capt. Edwin Went, e. as Second Lieut.; prmtd. to First Lieutenant and to Capt.; term expired June 18, 1864.

Capt. E. A. Pritchard, e. as Second Lieutenant; prmtd to First Lieutenant and to Captain, Jan. 5, 1863.

Second Lieut. J. D. Pierce, e. May 24, 1861, as First Sergeant; prmtd to Second Lieutenant Jan. 5, 1863; term expired June 18, 1864.

Sergt. Wm. Larrabee, e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.

Sergt. G. B. Putnam, e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864, as First Sergeant.

Sergt. Jno. Woodward, e. May 24, 1861; died Oct. 9, 1861.

Corp. E. H. Holley, e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864, as Sergeant.

Corp. G. W. Meirs, e. May 24, 1861; disd March 25, 1864, disab.

Corp. M. G. Clark, e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.

Corp. R. F. Jay, e. May 24, 1861; prisr of war; m. o. June 7, 1865.

Corp. H. K. Mason, e. May 24, 1861; transferred to Inv. Corps, Jan. 15, 1864.

Corp. Frank Whipple, e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.

Musician E. W. Loomis, e. May 24, 1861; disd Jan. 10, 1863.

Brown, Frank, e. May 24, 1861; deserted July 30, 1862.

Armstrong, Lendrum, e. May 24, 1861; desd. May 4, 1863.

Anderson, O. V., e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.

Brisben, B. E., e. May 24, 1861; transferred to Inv. Corps, Sept. 1, 1863.

Beardsley, A. E., e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.

Burt, T. L., e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.

Brownell, E. A., e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.

Babcock, E. H., e. May 24, 1861; died June 6, 1863.

Bankson, Geo., e. May 24, 1861; disd. April 30, 1863.

Bexon, Thomas, e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.

Barne, Alford, e. May 24, 1861; prisr. of war; m. o. June 7, 1865.

Conklin, G. E., e. May 24, 1861; prisr. of war; m. o. June 7, 1865.

Clark, G. C., e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864, as Corp.

Corthell, W. B., e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.

Cheetham, Wm., e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.
 Costar, P. C., e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.
 Cushing, F. J., e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.
 Carrier, E. L., e. May 24, 1861; prisr. of war; m. o. June 8, 1865.
 Cramer, N. S., e. May 24, 1861; disd. Oct. 21, 1862, Sen. G. C. M.
 Dein, Bastley, e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.
 Dongdale, Peter, e. May 24, 1861; disd. April 22, 1863, disab.
 Da Lee, W., e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.
 Eddy, John, e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.
 Emerson, E. M., e. May 24, 1861; trans. as Second Lieut. to 10th Mo. Cav.
 Fikes, G. W., e. May 24, 1861; prisr. of war; m. o. June 7, 1865.
 Foster, J. E., e. May 24, 1861; disd. April 25, 1862, disab.
 Fisher, John, e. May 24, 1861; deserted Jan. 20, 1863.
 Goodale, James, e. May 24, 1861; disd. Sept. 18, 1863, diab.
 Hines, Barney, e. May 24, 1861; disd. Aug. 12, 1863, disab.
 Harmes, H. M., e. May 24, 1861; deserted Jan. 20, 1863.
 Huntton, J. H., e. May 24, 1861; deserted Jan. 20, 1863.
 Hall, John, e. May 24, 1861; disd. Jan. 11, 1863, disab.
 Irwin, Wm., e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864, as Corpl.
 Jolley, J. M., e. May 24, 1861; trans. to Inv. Corps March 15, 1864.
 Johnson, H. M., e. May 24, 1861; trans. to Inv. Corps Jan. 15, 1864.
 Johnson, Robt., e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864, as Corpl.
 Knight, E., e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.
 Morton, Randolph, e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.
 McGuire, James, e. May 24, 1861; disd. Aug. 19, 1861.
 Pelan, Chas., e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864, as Sergt.
 Pauline, J. C., e. May 24, 1861; died Dec. 8, 1861.
 Purdy, Sam'l, e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.
 Robinson, G. B., e. May 24, 1861; trans. as Hospital Steward to non-comd. staff Oct. 8, 1863.
 Rink, Fred, e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864, as Corp.
 Sherman, M. E., e. May 24, 1861; died Dec. 30, 1861.
 Siegfried, Mathias, e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.
 Smith, G. W., e. May 24, 1861; disd. March 5, 1862.
 Sohnley, J. A., e. May 24, 1861; died of wds. Jan. 21, 1861.
 Shear, Milton, e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.
 Sheebey, Edwin, e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.
 Scrofford, C. C., e. May 24, 1861; disd. Sept. 8, 1863; disab.
 Strong, S. B., e. May 24, 1861.
 Shaver, C., e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.
 Sier, Emil, e. May 24, 1861; died Feb. 5, 1862.
 Terrill, Nelson, e. May 24, 1861; died Oct. 28, 1861.
 Thompson, Peter, e. May 24, 1861; disd. Sept. 12, 1862.
 West, A. B., e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.
 Watson, D. L., e. May 24, 1861; died Jan. 11, 1863, wds.
 Young, G. W., e. May 24, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.
 Brown, Henry, rect., e. April 5, 1862; died April 29, 1864.
 Evarard, Jos., rect., e. May 28, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.
 Kotha, Emil, rect., e. Feb. 22, 1862; died June 12, 1863, wds.
 Merrill, O. B., rect., e. May 28, 1861; trans. as Lieutenant to 36th Ills. Inf. Sept. 17, 1861.
 Steel, J. H., rect., e. March 8, 1862; wd. Dec. 29, 1862.
 Van Riper, Abram, rect., e. June 15, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.
 Ward, S. G., rect., e. May 28, 1861; prmtd. to Captain 52d Ills. Inf. Aug. 2, 1861.
 White, W. L., rect., e. May 28, 1861; died Sept. 20, 1861.
 Wells, Newton, rect., e. May 28, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864.

Company I.

Carr, P. H., e. May 24, 1861; disd. Sept. 19, 1861; blind.
 Golden, Cyrus, disd. Sept. 26, 1862; disab.
 Quant, J. H., e. March 11, 1862; trans. to Co. I, 56th Ills.
 Wood, G. C., disd. Aug. 23, 1862; disab.

Company K.

Gillespie, J. P., e. June 25, 1861; m. o. June 18, 1864, as Corpl.
 Slate, Harlow, e. June 25, 1861; trans. to 10th Mo. Cav.
 Wilson, Wm., 14th Inf., Co. F, e. May 25, 1861.
 Dawson, D. H., 14th Inf., Co. F, e. June 4, 1861; died March 25, 1862.
 Thompson, G. W., 14th Inf., Co. F, e. Aug. 10, 1861; trans. to Co. B Vet. Battalion.

Werts, Seymour, 14th Inf., Co. F, e. Aug. 10, 1861; trans. to Co. B Vet. Battalion.
 Corp. J. W. Davenport, 15th Inf., Co. F, e. May 24, 1861; died Nov. 24, 1863.
 Lock, Geo., 15th Inf., Co. F, e. May 24, 1861; m. o. May 24, 1864.
 Wollaver, Jas., 15th Inf., Co. F, e. May 24, 1861; disd. Aug. 13, 1861.
 Wollaver, Nicholas, 15 Inf., Co. F, e. May 24, 1861; trans. to non-comd. staff as Drum Major.
 Young, J. H., 15th Inf., Co. F, e. May 24, 1861.
 Bonswell, G. A., 18th Re-organized Inf., Co. E, e. March 11, 1865; m. o. Dec. 16, 1865.
 Bane, J. D., 18th Re-organized Inf., Co. E, e. March 11, 1865; m. o. May 30, 1865.
 Wells, Henry, 18th Re-organized Inf., Co. G, e. Feb. 27, 1861; m. o. Dec. 16, 1865.
 Gates, Henry, 19th Inf., Co. D, e. June 17, 1861; died Jan. 23, 1862.
 Barnard, N. P., 20th Inf., Co. K, e. Feb. 25, 1863; m. o. July 16, 1865.
 Preston, L. C., 20th Inf., Co. K, e. Feb. 16, 1863; m. o. July 16, 1865.
 Barnino, Nath., 20th Inf., Co. K, e. Feb. 25, 1864; un-as. rect.
 Q. M. Sergt. D. C. Barrow, e. 22d Inf., Co. B, three years, June 25, 1861, as private; prmtd. to Q. M. Sergt.
 Vernon, Jno. e. 23d Inf., Co. C, three years, March 15, 1862; died Oct. 22, 1862.
 First Sergt. J. M. Jenkins, e. June 15, 1861; served at battle of Lexington, Sept. 20, 1861; disd. Oct. 29, 1861; Comd. Assistant Surgeon of 137th Ill. Inf. July 9, 1864; disd. Oct. 25, 1864; Comd. Assistant Surgeon of 150th Ill. Inf. March 13, 1865; promoted to Assistant Surgeon U. S. Vols., and served to May, 23, 1866; had charge of Regiment, Brigade and Post Hospital two years.
 First Lieut. Anthony McBriarty, e. 23d Inf., three years, Co. H, as private; prmtd. to Second Lieut. Sept. 26, 1862; to First Lieut. March 6, 1863; term expired Sept. 14, 1864.
 Corp. Julius Beinsdorf, e. 24th Inf., Co. C, June 17, 1861, m. o. Aug. 6, 1864.
 Battenslag, J. G., e. 24th Inf., Co. C, June 17, 1861; deserted Dec. 20, 1861.
 Echenberger, Jacob, 24th Inf., Co. C, e. June 17, 1861; m. o. Aug. 6, 1864.
 Musician J. H. Dodge, 26th Inf., Co. H, e. Nov. 1, 1861; deserted Feb. 1, 1863.
 Corp. Jno. Flinn, 27th Inf., Co. F, e. Aug. 9, 1861; reduced; detached at m. o. of regt.
 Miller, Andrew, 31st Inf. Co. I, e. Jan. 1, 1863; m. o. July 19, 1865.
 Upton, G. W., 32d Inf., Co. K, e. in 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 2, 1864; m. o. Sept. 16, 1865.
 Barrows, C. A., 33d Inf., Co. A, e. Aug. 21, 1861; trans. to Inv. Corps Jan. 14, 1864.
 Sergt. A. C. Cambridge, Co. B, e. Aug. 20, 1861; deserted, March 17, 1863.

FORTY-SECOND INFANTRY.

The Forty-second Infantry Illinois Volunteers was organized at Chicago, Ill., July 22, 1861, by Col. William A. Webb.

Moved to St. Louis, Sept. 21, 1861. Joined Maj. Gen. Hunter at Tipton, Mo., Oct. 18, 1861, and was assigned to Col. Palmer's Brigade. Arrived at Warsaw, Oct. 25th. Moved, Nov. 1st. at 10 o'clock P. M., and reached Springfield, Mo., a distance of ninety-seven miles, at 4 o'clock P. M., on the 4th. Moved from Springfield, 9th, and went into winter quarters at Smithton, Mo., Dec. 13th. Marched from Smithton, Feb. 3, 1862 to St. Charles, Mo. Arrived at Fort Holt, Ky., Feb. 20th. Occupied Columbus, March 4, 1862. Moved to Island No. 10, March 15th, and was engaged until its surrender, on the 11th of April. Col. Roberts, with fifty men of Company A, spiked six guns of the enemy on the night of April 1st. Joined Gen. Pope's army,

11th. Moved to Fort Pillow, 14th. Moved to Hamburg, Tenn., arriving April 22d. Was engaged in the siege of Corinth. Engaged in the battle of Farmington, May 9, 1862, losing two killed, twelve wounded and three missing. Led the advance in pursuit of Beauregard's army to Baldwin, Mississippi. The Forty-second occupied Courtland, Ala., from July 25th until Sept. 3, 1862, when it left for Nashville, Tenn., via Decatur, Ala. Had a battle at Columbia, Tenn., Sept. 9, 1862, and lost one man killed. Enemy reported eighteen killed and forty-five wounded. Arrived at Nashville, Sept. 13th. Remained in Nashville during the siege. Dec. 10th, marched out six miles on the Nolensville pike. Dec. 26th, engaged in the Murfreesboro campaign. Skirmished with the enemy Dec. 30th, and was engaged in the battle of Stone River, Dec. 31st, with a loss of twenty-two killed, one hundred and sixteen wounded and eighty-five prisoners. March 5, 1863, engaged in the pursuit of Van Dorn to Columbia, returning to camp at Murfreesboro, 14th. June 24th, entered upon the Tullahoma campaign, July 31st, camped at Bridgeport, Ala., Sept. 2d, engaged in the Chattanooga campaign. Marched to Alpine, Ga., thence to Trenton, and crossed Lookout Mountain. Engaged, Sept. 19th and 20th, in the battle of Chickamauga, Ga., losing twenty-eight killed, one hundred and twenty-eight wounded, and twenty-eight prisoners, and retreated to Chattanooga. Nov. 28th, engaged in the battle of Mission Ridge, losing five killed and forty wounded, the Forty-second being on the skirmish line during the whole engagement. Pursued the enemy to Chickamauga Creek, and returned. Nov. 28th, entered East Tennessee campaign. Dec. 27th, camped at Stone's Mill. Jan. 1, 1864, regiment re-enlisted as a veteran volunteer organization. Jan. 15th, moved to Dandridge. 21st, started for Chattanooga, arriving Feb. 2. 21st, moved, by rail, for Chicago. March 2d, the men were furloughed. Returned, April 2d. Arrived at Chattanooga, April 27th. Entered Atlanta campaign, May 3d. Was engaged at Rocky Face Ridge, Resaca, Adairsville, New Hope Church, Pine Mountain, Kenesaw Mountain, Peach Tree Creek, Atlanta, Jonesboro and Lovejoy Station, encamping at Atlanta, Sept. 8th. Total loss on the campaign, twenty killed, eighty-nine wounded, and seven prisoners. Sept. 25th, moved to Bridgeport, Ala., by rail; Oct. 19th, by rail, to Chattanooga, and thence marched to Alpine, Ga. Returned, Oct. 30th. Moved, by rail, to Athens, Ala., and marched to Pulaski, Tenn., arriving Nov. 5th. Nov. 22d, commenced retreat for Nashville, engaging with the enemy at Spring Hill and Franklin, and losing twenty-four killed, ninety-five wounded and thirty prisoners. Arrived at Nashville, Dec. 1st. Dec. 15th and 16, 1864, engaged at the battle of Nashville, losing two killed and eleven wounded. Pursued the enemy eighty-two miles, camping at Lexington, Ala., Dec. 31st. Jan. 1, 1865, marched, via Huntsville, to Decatur, Ala., arriving Jan.

6th. April 1st, left Decatur, and proceeded, by rail, to Bull's Gap, Tenn., and thence marched to Blue Springs, arriving April 6th. Returned to Bull's Gap, 19th, and proceeded by rail to Nashville. June 15th, moved, by rail, to Johnsonville, Tenn., and thence, by water, to New Orleans, and camped at Chalmette, June 23d. July 18th, proceeded to Port Lavaca, Texas; disembarked 23d, and proceeded to Camp Irwin. Aug. 17th, returned to Lavaca, and went on post duty. Dec. 16, 1865, mustered out and left Indianola, 20th. Left New Orleans, 24th, and arrived at Camp Butler, Jan. 3, 1866. Jan. 10, 1866, received final payment and discharge.

Colonel E. D. Swain, e. July 22, 1861, as Captain of Co. I; prmtd to Lieutenant Colonel Oct. 13, 1863, and to Colonel April 13, 1864; was m. o. Dec. 16, 1865.

Major Henry K. Walcott, e. Aug. 1, 1861, as First Sergt.; was prmtd. to Second Lieut. Sept. 26, 1862; to First Lieut. Oct. 13, 1863; to Capt. Sept. 28, 1864, and to Major Aug. 2, 1865; was m. o. Dec. 16, 1865.

Sergeant Major Charles Carlton, e. as Sergeant Major; was prmtd. to First Lieutenant, Co. G, April 11, 1865; m. o. Dec. 1, 1861.

Q. M. Sergt. Joseph Vallor, prmtd. to Regimental Q. M. Sergt., but not mustered; m. o. Dec. 16, 1865.

Commissary Sergeant A. C. Cleveland, prmtd. to Adjutant April 11, 1865; m. o. Dec. 16, 1865.

Commissary Sergeant Benjamin F. Closser, e. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Dec. 16, 1865.

Company B.

Dennis, Marvin, died at Smithton, Mo., Jan. 30, 1862.

Lee, P. B., e. July 29, 1861; m. o. Sept. 16, 1864, as Corpl.

Matus, Nicholas, e. Aug. 13, 1861; died Jan. 12, 1862.

Schwader, Wm., e. Aug. 24, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Dec. 16, 1865.

Company E.

Hasson, Patrick, e. July 31, 1861; died at Paducah, Ky., May 6, 1862.

Company G.

Corporal D. L. Edmond, e. July 1, 1861; disd. May 17, 1862, disab.

Clark, W. A., e. July 29, 1861.

Robbins, Geo., trans. to 11th Ill. Cav. Sept. 19, 1861.

Company H.

Captain Wesley P. Andrews, e. July 22, 1861, as First Lieutenant, Co. I; prmtd. to Captain Co. H Sept. 26, 1862; honorably disd. May 11, 1864.

Company I.

Capt. Ogden Lowell, e. July 22, 1861, as Second Lieutenant; was prmtd. to First Lieutenant Sept. 26, 1862; to Captain Oct. 13, 1863; resigned Sept. 28, 1864.

Capt. J. H. Hedges, e. as Corporal Aug. 1, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; was prmtd to Sergeant, then to First Sergeant, First Lieutenant Sept. 28, 1864, and to Captain Sept. 8, 1865; m. o. Dec. 16, 1865.

First Lieut. C. E. Smiley, e. as Corporal Aug. 1, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; was prmtd to Sergeant, to First Sergeant, to First Lieutenant Sept. 8, 1865; m. o. Dec. 16, 1865.

Second Lieut. C. A. Linstram, e. as private, Aug. 1, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; was prmtd. to Second Lieutenant Dec. 16, 1865; m. o. Dec. 16, 1865.

Sergt. J. S. Wilson, e. Aug. 1, 1861; m. o. Sept. 9, 1864, as First Sergeant.

Sergt. S. E. Andrews, e. Aug. 1, 1861; deserted April 20, 1862.

Sergt. W. Brown, e. Aug. 1, 1861; disd. Aug. 8, 1862, for transfer to Company K, 123d N. Y.

Sergt. S. A. Hitchcock, e. Aug. 1, 1861; transferred to I. V. C., Feb. 26, 1864.

Corp. E. D. Campbell, e. Aug. 14, 1861; died at Chattanooga, Nov. 1, 1863.

Corp. C. A. Perry, e. Aug. 1, 1861; disd. Sept. 18, 1861, for promotion.

Corp. Jos. Valler, e. Aug. 1, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; was re-appointed Quartermaster Sergeant.

Corp. J. S. Van Allen, e. Aug. 15, 1861; deserted June 18, 1862.

Corp. J. H. Ormsby, e. Aug. 1, 1861; died at Tipton, Mo., Dec. 16, 1861.

Corp. G. S. Blakely, e. Aug. 14, 1861; died at Tipton, Mo., Dec. 16, 1861.

Musician C. A. Stackey, e. Aug. 1, 1861; m. o. Sept. 16, 1864.

Musician E. N. Blakeslee, e. Aug. 24, 1861; m. o. Sept. 16, 1864.

Brooks, A. D., e. Aug. 1, 1861; disd. July 9, 1862, disab.

Burnell, C. A., e. Aug. 14, 1861; Corporal; kld. at Chickamauga.

Barlacorn, S., e. Aug. 10, 1861; died Nov. 22, 1863, in Richmond Prison.

Brislen, Jno., e. Aug. 15, 1861; kld. at Chickamauga, Sept. 20, 1863.

Boardman, G. W., e. Aug. 24, 1861; re-e. as vet., Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Dec. 16, 1865.

Cleveland, A. C., e. Aug. 1, 1861; re-e. as vet., Jan. 1, 1864; re-appointed Commissary Sergeant.

Canfield, E. J., e. Aug. 1, 1861; transferred to 55th Ill. Inf., Sept. 20, 1861.

Drizzy, Stephen, e. Aug. 1, 1861; deserted June 18, 1862.

Farren, Edmond, e. Aug. 10, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Dec. 16, 1865, wd.

Gray, Silas, e. Aug. 15, 1861; m. o. Dec. 14, 1864.

Kale, Henry, e. Aug. 14, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Dec. 16, 1865, as Sergeant.

Kellogg, W., e. Aug. 15, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; deserted July 18, 1865.

Larrissey, Pat., e. Aug. 10, 1861; missing after battle of Chickamauga.

Plant, Peter, e. Aug. 15, 1861; m. o. Sept. 12, 1864.

Mead, W. W., e. Aug. 1, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; kld. at Resaca, May 14, 1864.

Marsh, Samuel, e. Aug. 1, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Dec. 16, 1865.

McDuffy, Andrew, e. Aug. 15, 1861; desd. April 20, 1862.

Morse, Benj., e. Aug. 24, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; kld. at Kenesaw Mountain, Jan. 27, 1864.

Odell, Geo., e. Aug. 1, 1861; disd. Nov. 25, 1862, to e. 4th U. S. Cav.

Osborne, H. V., e. Aug. 1, 1861; m. o. Sept. 30, 1864.

Shumway, Jonas, e. Aug. 1, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Dec. 16, 1865, as Sergeant.

Stevens, Edgar, e. Aug. 1, 1861; m. o. Sept. 16, 1864.

Smith, A. C., e. Aug. 6, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; absent sick at m. o. of regt.

Smith, Wm., e. Aug. 15, 1861; trans. to Inv. Corps Aug. 18, 1863.

Schumacker, H. H., e. Aug. 14, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Dec. 16, 1865.

Taylor, Chas., e. Aug. 6, 1861; died at Tipton, Mo., Dec. 6, 1861.

Wieber, Martin, e. Aug. 1, 1861; deserted April 20, 1862.

Whitney, M. J., e. Aug. 1, 1861; disd. Nov. 25, 1862, for re-enlistment.

Wilkens, A. J., e. Aug. 15, 1861; kld. at Stone River, Dec. 31, 1862.

Kenyon, G. D. and B. M., e. March 27, 1865; rects; m. o. Dec. 16, 1865.

Company K.

Capt. Joseph Hudson, e. July 30, 1861; prmtd. to Corporal; to Sergeant; to Second Lieutenant Nov. 9, 1862; to First Lieutenant April 11, 1865; to Captain September 8, 1865; m. o. Dec. 16, 1865.

Dokey, Stephen, e. July 30, 1861; disd. Nov. 5, 1862, to re-e. in 4th U. S. Cav.

Mooney, A. S., e. March 17, 1864; unassigned rect.; vet.

Liens, Andrew, 43d Inf., Co. H, e. Oct. 15, 1861; died of wds. Oct. 17, 1862.

Bowman, C. M., 43d Inf., Co. H, e. Oct. 15, 1861; re-e. vet. Feb. 26, 1864; trans. to Co. C, as consol.

McLean, Patrick, 43d Inf., Co. H, e. Oct. 15, 1861; re-e. vet. Feb. 26, 1864; trans. to Co. C, as consol.

Petersen, H. W., 43d Inf., Co. H, e. Oct. 15, 1861; disd. Oct., 1862; disab.

Sergt. E. A. Merrifield, 44th Inf., e. May 1, 1863; m. o. Sept. 26, 1865.

Babcock, A. J., 45th Inf., Co. K, e. Dec. 3, 1861; died Savannah, Tenn., April 18, 1862.

Becker, Jno., 45th Inf., Co. K, e. Dec. 16, 1861; deserted Jan. 14, 1862.

Hines, Harrison, 45th Inf., Co. K, e. Dec. 2, 1861; re-e. vet. Dec. 19, 1863; m. o. July 12, 1865, as Sergeant.

Howard, Frank, 46th Inf., Co. D, e. Nov. 1, 1861; trans. to Co. I, Dec. 7, 1864, as vet.; m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Second Lieut. W. P. Hardy, 46th Inf., Co. H, e. as Corporal Dec. 1, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 7, 1863; prmtd. to Sergeant, First Sergeant and to Second Lieutenant Aug. 11, 1865; m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Harris, Wm., 46th Inf., Co. H, e. Dec. 1, 1861; disd. Dec. 5, 1864; term ex.

Stone, C. H., 46th Inf., Co. H, e. Dec. 1, 1861; disd. July 20, 1862.

Waer, G. W., 46th Inf., Co. H, e. Dec. 1, 1861; disd. Aug. 29, 1865; disab.

Hardy, C. B., 46th Inf., Co. H, e. Feb. 5, 1864, rect.; m. o. Jan. 20, 1866, as Corporal.

Kelly, J. W., 46th Inf., Co. H, e. Feb. 26, 1864, rect.; m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.

Neugent, Pat., 46th Inf., Co. H, e. Dec. 1, 1861; trans. to V. R. C. Nov. 11, 1863.

Robertson, C. S., 46th Inf., Co. H, e. Feb. 5, 1864, rect.; died at Vicksburg, Jan. 20, 1866.

Second Lieutenant W. H. Howell, 46th Inf., Co. I, e. Dec. 1, 1861; kld. at battle of Shiloh.

Sergt. Jno. St. John, 46th Inf., Co. I, e. Sept. 18, 1861; disd. Oct. 19, 1862; disab.

Hite, J. R., 46th Inf., Co. I, e. Nov. 30, 1861; disd. Nov. 25, 1862.

Golden, B. J., 51st Inf., Co. H, e. Dec. 9, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Sept. 25, 1865.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SECOND INFANTRY.

The One Hundred and Twenty-second Infantry Illinois Volunteers was organized at Camp Palmer, Carlinville, Ill., in August, 1862, by Col. John J. Rinaker, and was mustered in Sept. 4th. On 8th October, moved to Columbus, Ky., and thence to Trenton, Tenn. On Nov. 12th, Companies A, D and F moved to Humboldt. Dec. 18th, the regiment moved to Jackson, to defend that place against Forrest. Marched in pursuit of the enemy to Lexington, Tenn., returning to Jackson Dec. 21st. The enemy, under Gen. Forrest, captured the sick in hospital at Trenton, including Maj. Chapman and sixty enlisted men of the regiment. Marched from Trenton, Dec. 27th, in pursuit of the enemy. On 31st, was engaged at Parker's Cross Roads, in connection with detachments of Thirty-ninth Iowa, Fiftieth Indiana and Eighteenth Illinois, capturing seven pieces of artillery and 500 prisoners. The loss of the One Hundred and Twenty-second was one officer and twenty-two men killed, and two officers and fifty-four enlisted men wounded. Col. Rinaker was severely wounded.

On 17th Feb., 1863, the regiment moved to Corinth. Moved from Corinth April 15th, and on the 25th was engaged at Town Creek. Moved to Saulsbury June 25th, and Oct. 30th, to Iuka, Col. Rinaker commanding post at each place. Nov. 4, 1863, moved to Eastport, where it remained—Col. Rinaker commanding post—until Dec. 8th, when it moved to Paducah, and Jan. 19th, 1864, to Cairo, Col. Rinaker being assigned to command of post. Companies E, H and K were engaged in defending Paducah, against the attack of Forrest, March 24th, repelling three attacks made upon Fort Anderson. June 26, 1864, moved to Memphis and La-Grange, and, joining the command of Gen. A. J. Smith, was assigned to First Brigade Third Division. July 14th, the regiment was engaged at Tupelo, losing Capt. Josiah Bur-

rough and nine enlisted men killed, and thirty-three wounded. Returned to Memphis July 23, 1864. Aug. 4th, moved to Holly Springs, and returned on 31st. Arrived at Cairo, Ill., Sept. 8th, and, on 12th, at Jefferson Barracks, Mo. Was engaged in the campaign in Missouri, after Price, returning to St. Louis Nov. 18, 1864. The regiment embarked for Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 24th. On Dec. 15th and 16th, was engaged in the battle of Nashville, Tenn., losing one killed, and three mortally wounded, and twenty-six men wounded, and capturing four pieces of artillery and a battle flag. Was engaged in the pursuit of the enemy to Eastport.

Embarked, Feb. 18th, for New Orleans, and, on March 6th, for Dauphine Island, Ala. March 23d, moved with the fleet up Fish River, to Donley's Landing, and, on 24th, marched to Spanish Fort. The regiment at this time was in the First Brigade, Second Division, Sixteenth Army Corps—Col. Rinaker commanding brigade. On April 3d, moved to Fort Blakely. Engaged in the charge of the 9th, losing twenty killed and wounded, Lieut. Col. Drish being among the latter. On the 12th, marched from Blakely, arriving at Montgomery on 26th. On June 4th, embarked at Providence Landing, and moved down Alabama River, to Mobile.

Mustered out of service, July 15th. Arrived at Camp Butler, Ill., July 27th, and, Aug. 4, 1865, received final payment and discharge.

Quartermaster Sergt. C. H. Mervine, e. Aug. 15, 1862, disd. March 14, 1865; disab.

Company C.

Sergt. Clayting Gaskell, e. Aug. 15, 1862, deserted Feb. 18, 1863.

Sergt. J. W. Waddell, e. Aug. 15, 1862; died Aug. 25, 1864; No. of grave 6,767.

Sergt. Gentry Scroggins, e. Aug. 15, 1862; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.

Corp. C. E. Murvine, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865, as private.

Corp. C. W. Adams, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Corp. J. D. Woolsey, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Corp. Geo. Stokes, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Corp. W. B. Swain, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865, as Sergeant.

Corp. E. R. King, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. June 9, 1865.

Corp. B. Brown, e. Aug. 15, 1862; deserted Nov. 26, 1862.

Musician J. A. Adams, e. Aug. 15, 1862; taken prisr. Dec. 20, 1862; never heard from.

Musician C. E. Berry, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865, as private.

Allen, E. W., e. Aug. 15, 1862; disd. Sept. 5, 1862.

Antrobos, Jas., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Adams, J. A., e. Aug. 15, 1865; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Baugh, O. H., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Brown, Richard, e. Aug. 15, 1862; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.

Bullis, E. W., e. Aug. 15, 1862; died May 12, 1863.

Bridges, G. W., e. Aug. 15, 1862; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.

Berry, J. C., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Curry, C. W., Jr., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Curry, J. T., e. Aug. 15, 1862; disd. April 12, 1863, disab.

Cook, H. P., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Coon, Israel, e. Aug. 15, 1862; disd. Jan. 8, 1863, disab.

Dodson, J. T., e. Aug. 15, 1862; disd. April 14, 1865, disab.

Estus, J. R., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Estus, W. T., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Gambol, J. H., e. Aug. 15, 1862; disd. Jan. 8, 1863, disab.

Greenfield, Jno., e. Aug. 15, 1862; disd. March 6, 1863, disab.

Holmes, C. A., e. Aug. 15, 1862; prmtd.

Haven, B. F., e. Aug. 15, 1862; trans. to V. R. C. Sept. 30, 1864.

Harris, J. A., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Hayes, Wm., e. Aug. 15, 1862; trans. to 33d Ill. Inf.

Hagen, A., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Irwin, J. L., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Kelly, Garrett, e. Aug. 15, 1862; disd. April 7, 1863, wds. King, Martin, e. Aug. 15, 1862; taken prisr. Dec. 20, 1862; never heard from.

Lovelace, J. E., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Lovel, H. B., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Luckey, J. G., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Murvine, C. H., e. Aug. 15, 1862; disd. March 14, 1865, disab.

McCow, Chas., e. Aug. 15, 1862; died April 26, 1863.

Massey, Samuel, e. Aug. 15, 1862; deserted Nov. 26, 1862.

Miller, Perry, e. Aug. 15, 1862; kld. April 9, 1865.

Magee, Thos., e. Aug. 15, 1862; wd. Dec. 31, 1862; trans. to I. C.

McRobney, Jno., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Oakley, Jno., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Pope, Samuel, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. May 16, 1865.

Plato, Lewis, e. Aug. 15, 1862; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.

Poge, Alex., e. Aug. 15, 1862; died July 27, 1863.

Rutherford, W. A., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Rutherford, Jos., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Race, Edward, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865, as Corporal.

Styles, W. F., e. Aug. 15, 1862; deserted Nov. 19, 1862.

Utt, Jas., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Yoolsey, Geo., e. Aug. 15, 1862; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.

Wagstaff, G. W., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 15, 1865.

Wright, W., e. Aug. 15, 1862; deserted Nov. 26, 1862.

Company K.

Gersten, Geo., e. Aug. 9, 1862; trans. to Co. C.

Warren, Henry, e. Aug. 9, 1862; trans. to Co. C.

SIXTY-FIRST INFANTRY.

The Sixty-first Infantry Illinois Volunteers was organized at Carrollton, Ill., by Col. Jacob Fry. Three full companies were mustered Feb. 5, 1862. Feb. 21st, the regiment being still incomplete, moved to Benton Barracks, Mo. Here a sufficient number of recruits joined to make nine full companies. March 26, 1862, embarked for Pittsburg Landing. On arriving, March 30th, were assigned to brigade of Col. Madison Miller, Eighteenth Missouri, Division of Brig. Gen. B. M. Prentiss. April 6th, 400 men were formed into line, in time to receive the first assault of the enemy, and stood their ground for an hour and a quarter, and until every other regiment in the division had given way, and were then ordered to fall back. Upon retiring from this position, the regiment was complimented by Gen. Prentiss for its gallant stand. It was then ordered to support a battery of the First Missouri Artillery, and, at 1 o'clock P. M., ordered to the support of Gen. Hurlbut, coming to his support at a very critical moment, and maintaining his line until relieved by a fresh regiment, and when its ammunition was entirely exhausted. When the second line was broken, the regiment retired in good order, and took a position supporting the siege guns. April 7th, was in reserve. Loss, eighty killed, wounded and missing, including three commissioned officers. April 18th, was assigned to First Brigade, Third Division, Col. L. F. Ross, Seventeenth Illinois, commanding brigade. - April 28th, Maj. Ohr took command of the regiment, Col. Fry being absent. May 2d, Brig. Gen. John A. Logan took command of the division, and was succeeded, May 6th, by Brig. Gen. Judah. June 6th, moved to Bethel, Tenn., Col.

Haynie, Forty-eighth Illinois, taking command of brigade. 16th, moved to Jackson. 17th, was in Ross' Brigade of Logan's (First) Division, and moved to Bolivar, Tenn. Sept. 16, 1862, moved, via Jackson and Corinth, to Brownsville, Miss., on Memphis & Corinth Railroad. Returned to Bolivar, after the battle of Iuka, Sept. 25th. Oct. 10th, Brig. Gen. M. Brayman was assigned to the brigade, and Col. Fry to command of post at Trenton, where, on the 20th of December, he was taken prisoner by Gen. Forrest, and paroled. The brigade remained at Bolivar, Gen. Brayman commanding post.

Dec. 18, 1862, 240 men of the regiment proceeded, by rail, to Jackson, and moving out on the Lexington road, under command of Col. Eagleman, with Forty-third Illinois and a detachment of cavalry, took position at Salem Cemetery, and, on the morning of 19th, repulsed the enemy under Forrest, with three pieces of artillery, and, on receiving reinforcements from Gen. Sullivan, pursued the enemy some distance; after which, returned to Bolivar. May 31st, the regiment being in the Sixteenth Army Corps, moved, by rail, to Memphis, and embarked for Vicksburg. June 3d, arrived at Chickasaw Bayou. 4th, accompanied expedition up Yazoo River, landing at Satartia. Moved four miles out, to Mechanicsburg, capturing some prisoners. 6th, moved to Haines' Bluff. June 20th, moved to Snyder's Bluff. Lieut. Col. Fry having resigned, Maj. Ohr was promoted Lieutenant Colonel.

July 17, 1863, moved to Black River Bridge. 22d, returned to Snyder's Bluff. On 27th, moved to Helena, Ark. Aug. 13th, in Maj. Gen. Steele's army, Col. McLain, Forty-third Indiana, commanding division, and Col. Graves, Twelfth Michigan, commanding brigade. Moved, via Clarendon, Duvall's Bluff, Brownsville, to Little Rock, skirmishing some with the enemy after leaving Brownsville, and arriving at Little Rock Sept. 10th. Remained at Little Rock. March 20, 1864, Company K joined the regiment, from Camp Butler, Ill. Regiment mustered out, Sept. 8, 1865, at Nashville, Tenn., and arrived at Camp Butler, Ill., for final payment and discharge, Sept. 12, 1865.

Sergt. Major Wm. Caldwell; m. o. Sept. 8, 1865.

Company B.

Pope, Wm. M., e. Oct. 28, 1861; died at St. Louis, Aug. 8, 1862.

Company C.

Mytinger, F. M., e. Jan. 4, 1864; rect.; prmtd. to Adjutant Aug. 6, 1865; m. o. Sept. 8, 1865.

Company D.

Fillay, L. B., e. Jan. 3, 1862; disd. May 2, 1864, disab.
Hagen, Thomas, e. Dec. 21, 1862; died Jan. 27, 1864.
Noe, Benjamin, e. Feb. 10, 1862, as rect.; re-e. as vet. Feb. 24, 1864; m. o. Sept. 8, 1865.
Mayhall, J. H., e. Nov. 25, 1863; rect.; m. o. Sept. 8, 1865.
Seago, J. W., e. Jan. 17, 1862; rect.; died at St. Louis, May 24, 1862.

Company E.

Capt. H. W. Manning, e. as First Lieut. Feb. 5, 1862; prmtd. to Capt. Mch. 7, 1862; m. o. Mch. 26, 1864.
First Lieut. Luther Grundy, e. Nov. 2, 1861, as private; prmtd. to Second Lieutenant March 1, 1863; to First Lieutenant March 26, 1864; m. o. Sept. 8, 1865.
Second Lieut. W. H. Bonfoy, e. Nov. 2, 1861, as private; prmt. to Commissary Sergeant; to Second Lieutenant July 31, 1865; m. o. Sept. 8, 1865.
Atkins, Levan, e. Nov. 2, 1861; m. o. Feb. 7, 1865.
Adams, J. Q., e. Dec. 7, 1861; m. o. as Sergt. Feb. 7, 1865.
Boyle, Geo., e. Dec. 7, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 29, 1864; deserted Sept. 26, 1864.
Bronson, A. C., e. Dec. 9, 1861; disd. May 22, 1862, disab.
Caldwell, Wm., e. Nov. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 29, 1864; prmtd. to Sergeant Major.
Cook, P. R., e. Dec. 27, 1861; disd. Jan. 28, 1863, disab.
Cook, M. C., e. Jan. 17, 1862; m. o. Feb. 7, 1865, as Sergt.
Cory, M. S., e. Dec. 37, 1861; kld. at Shiloh April 6, 1862.
Estes, Harrison, e. Jan. 2, 1862; dishonorably disd. Nov. 25, 1865.
Foulbeauf, F. J., e. Nov. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 29, 1864; m. o. July 13, 1865; prisr. of war.
Forbush, T. M., e. Dec. 8, 1861; disd. June 27, 1862, disab.
Gentry, J. A., e. Jan. 17, 1862; re-e. as vet. Feb. 29, 1864, Corporal; died May 21, 1864.
Hayes, James, e. Dec. 20, 1861; disd. April 6, 1863, disab.
Irving, Clifford, e. Dec. 26, 1861; died Aug. 24, 1863.
Keller, Frank, e. Nov. 18, 1861; died in Jefferson Barracks Aug. 14, 1863.
Lownds, Jno., e. Nov. 9, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 29, 1864; m. o. Sept. 8, 1865.
Miller, Jas., e. Nov. 6, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 29, 1864; m. o. Sept. 8, 1865; prisr. of war.
Moon, Peter, e. Jan. 27, 1862; m. o. Feb. 7, 1865.
Newman, W., e. Dec. 24, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 29, 1864; m. o. Sept. 8, 1865.
Potts, Wm., e. Jan. 21, 1862; disd. Nov. 23, 1862, as Sergeant; disab.
Stone, Simon, e. Nov. 2, 1861; m. o. Feb. 7, 1865.
Seward, Robt., e. Nov. 9, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 29, 1864; died in Andersonville Prison April 15, 1865.
Scoggins, Geo., e. Nov. 20, 1861; m. o. Feb. 7, 1865.
Snow, T. M., e. Dec. 24, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 29, 1864; m. o. Sept. 8, 1865.
Seward, G. W., e. Jan. 6, 1862; m. o. Feb. 7, 1865.
Snow, Ludwell, e. Jan. 8, 1862; died May 16, 1862.
Smith, I. H., e. Jan. 7, 1862; m. o. Feb. 7, 1865, as Corporal.
Talbot, Amos, e. Dec. 7, 1861; died June 25, 1862.
Vernon, Wm., e. Dec. 8, 1861; disd. Nov. 3, 1862.
Winckler, J. W., e. Jan. 29, 1862; m. o. Feb. 7, 1865.
Whiteside, Joel, e. Feb. 4, 1862; disd. for wds. received at Shiloh.
Dugan, J. W., e. Nov. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 29, 1864 m. o. Sept. 8, 1865, as First Sergeant.
Stone, G. L., e. Feb. 29, 1864; vet; m. o. July 13, 1865.
Hunt, W. J., e. Feb. 26, 1862; rect.; deserted March 10, 1863.
McGee, Z. T., e. Feb. 24, 1862; rect.; deserted March 21, 1862.
Smith, W. B., e. Feb. 19, 1862; rect.; m. o. March 22, 1865.

Company G.

Giberson, H., e. Dec. 13, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 1, 1864; m. o. Sept. 8, 1865.

Corp. Danl. Murphy, Co. C, 64th Inf., e. Sept. 3, 1861.
Kelly, Bartholomew, Co. C, 64th Inf., e. Sept. 13, 1861; disd. July 2, 1862; disab.
Smith, D. M., Co. C, 64th Inf., e. Dec. 7, 1861; trans. July 19, 1862.
Tousey, Martin, Co. C, 64th Inf., e. Sept. 4, 1861; trans. July 19, 1862.
Welch, Wm., Co. C, 64th Inf., e. Sept. 2, 1861; trans. July 19, 1862.
Corp. J. C. Hibbant, Co. E 64th Inf.; e. Sept. 14, 1861; trans. July 19, 1862.

Herser, Martin, Co. D, 65th Inf. e. June 15, 1862; rect.; m. o. June 5, 1865.
Gibbons, Jno., Co. H, 65th Inf., e. March 12, 1862; re-e. as vet. March 13, 1864; trans. to Co. H as consol.; m. o. July 13, 1865.
Nichols, Melvin, Co. H, 65th Inf., e. March 12, 1862; re-e. as vet. March 31, 1864; trans. to Co. H. as consol.; m. o. July 13, 1865.

Q. M. Isaac N. Buck, 67th Inf., e. June 13, 1862; m. o. Sept. 6, 1862.
 Com. Sergt. W. S. Byron, 67th Inf.; e. June 2, 1862, as Sergt.; prmt'd to Comsy. Sergt. June 13, 1862.
 Sergt. A. N. Davis, Co. A, 67th Inf., e. June 2, 1862.
 Buoker, Frank, Co. A, 67th Inf., e. June 2, 1862.
 Higgins, W. F., Co. A, 67th Inf., e. June 2, 1862; deserted.
 Whipple, S. E., Co. A, 67th Inf., e. June 2, 1862.
 Blackman, Wm., Co. D, 67th Inf., e. May 30, 1862.
 Sheffield, Jas., Co. D, 67th Inf., e. June 2, 1862.
 Freeman, G. W., Co. I, 67th Inf., e. June 3, 1862.

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY SECOND INFANTRY.

(100 Days.)

The One Hundred and Thirty-second Infantry Illinois Volunteers was organized at Camp Fry, Chicago, Ill., by Col. Thomas J. Pickett, and was mustered in for one hundred days, from June 1, 1864. Moved, June 6th, for Columbus, Ky., and arrived on the 8th, reporting to Brig. Gen. Henry Prince. On the 15th of June, moved to Paducah, Ky., and reported to Col. S. G. Hicks. The regiment remained on duty at Paducah until expiration of service, when it moved to Chicago, and was mustered out Oct. 17, 1864.

Company C.

Capt. Charles Barker, e. June 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Second Lieut. H. A. Hinckley, e. June 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 First Sergt. R. B. Campbell, e. April 30, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Sergt. L. B. Pearsons, e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Sergt. Jno. Bevier, e. April 30, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Corp. Geo. Hackney, e. May 2, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Corp. S. H. Schuyler, e. May 4, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Corp. W. W. Bostwick, e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Corp. J. H. Damon, e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Wagoner, Jno. Saltgiver, e. May 26, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Bailey, Jno., e. May 31, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Baird, G. C., e. May 2, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Beebe, O. W., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Breese, F., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Betts, Geo., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Bennett, Green, e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Clute, Chas., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Connell, R., e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Cavanaugh, Jas., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Dunbar, Levi, e. April 29, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Fitch, R. C., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Flanders, J. R., e. May 1, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Foster, F. B., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Groch, Fred, e. May 3, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 H-pler, Geo., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. October 17, 1864.
 Harrall, C. F., e. May 12, 1864; m. o. October 17, 1864.
 Judson, Jas., e. May 15, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Kendall, M. W., e. May 19, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Latham, Geo., e. May 31, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Martin, Wm., e. May 8, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Miller, J. J., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Perkins, R. E., e. May 8, 1864; m. o. October 17, 1864.
 Roberts, Chas., e. May 4, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Robinson, Wm., e. May 2, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Scarlett, C. W., e. May 30, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Spaulding, W. F., e. May 2, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Shuster, Jos., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Starr, H. P., e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Swick, Hudson, e. May 31, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Wells, E. P., e. May 2, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Woodward, W. H., e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Wade, Wm., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.

Company F.

Flood, Mathew, e. May 14, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Richmond, Marvin, e. May 7, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.

Company I.

Riddler, Wm., e. May 13, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Scupham, Jas., e. May 11, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Gregory, W. M., 134th Inf., Co. C, e. May 2, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Keck, Stephen, 134th Inf., Co. E, e. May 6, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Hitchcock, J. G., 134th Inf., Co. F, e. May 12, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Harrison, W. H., 140th Inf., Co. A, e. May 19, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.
 Smith, Wm., 140th Inf., Co. D, e. May 10, 1864; m. o. Oct. 17, 1864.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY- THIRD INFANTRY.

(One Year.)

The One Hundred and Fifty-Third Infantry Illinois Volunteers was organized at Camp Fry, Ill., by Col. Stephen Bronson, and was mustered in Feb. 27, 1865, for one year. On March 4th, moved, by rail, via Louisville and Nashville, to Tullahoma, reporting to Maj. Gen. Milroy. The regiment was assigned to the Second Brigade, defenses of Nashville & Chattanooga Railroad, Brevet Brig. Gen. Dudley commanding brigade. In the latter part of March, Maj. Wilson, with three companies, went on a campaign into Alabama, and returned. On July 1st, moved, via Nashville and Louisville, to Memphis, Tenn., and was assigned to the command of Brevet Maj. Gen. A. L. Chetlain. Was mustered out Sept. 15, 1865, and moved to Springfield, Ill., and Sept. 24th received final pay and discharge. Col. Bronson received appointment as Brevet Brigadier General.

Adj. John Gilman, e. Feb. 27, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Q. M. N. J. Wheeler, e. Feb. 23, 1865, as Q. M. Sergt.; was prmt'd. to Reg. Q. M. June 6, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.

Company C.

Capt. E. C. Lovell, e. Feb. 20, 1865, as private; prmt'd. to Capt. Feb. 27, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 First Sergt. Henry Phillips, e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Sergt. H. C. Paddleford, e. Feb. 20, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Sergt. W. E. Todd, e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Sergt. D. M. Jones, e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Corp. J. H. Wilbur, e. Feb. 20, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Corp. Henry Squire, e. Feb. 15, 1865; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.
 Corp. Jerome Wiltsie, e. Feb. 16, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, '65.
 Bartlett, F. B., e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Cort, Nelson, e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Derks, Henry, e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Dougherty, Jno., e. Feb. 15, 1865; prmt'd. to First Lieut. Flynn, Jno., e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Gifford, S. J., e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Griffith, Jno., e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Holbrook, S., e. Feb. 18, 1865; m. o. May 25, 1865.
 Hesse, Jno., e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Holden, Wm., e. Feb. 22, 1865; deserted March 1, 1865.
 Horton, R. A., e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Jeffreys, J., e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Johnson, J. A., e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Lentz, L., e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Mallery, Albert, e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Mitchell, Jas., e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Mickel, Henry, e. Feb. 16, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Perry, A. C., Feb. 15, 1865; died Sept. 1, 1865.
 Perry, E. D., e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Pittinger, Henry, e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Smith, Jos., e. Feb. 16, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Van Akin, A. O., e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Ward, E. K., e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.

Walsh, G. J., e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Walsh, L., e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Wieting, Jno., e. Feb. 16, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.
 Young, Frank, e. Feb. 20, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.

Company E.

Hoffman, Geo., e. Feb. 10, 1865; deserted Feb. 14, 1865.
 Smith, Patrick, e. Feb. 23, 1865; m. o. Sept. 21, 1865.

THIRTY-THIRD INFANTRY.

Carrol, A. J., Co. C, e. March 1, 1864; trans. to 124th Ill. Inf.; m. o. Nov. 24, 1865.
 Benedict, E. M., Co. F, e. Feb. 17, 1864, rect.; m. o. Nov. 24, 1865.
 Cleveland, J. H., Co. F, e. Feb. 18, 1864, rect.; m. o. Nov. 24, 1865.
 Coolidge, J. L., Co. F, e. March 10, 1864, rect.; m. o. Nov. 24, 1865.
 Dean, David, Co. F, e. Feb. 18, 1864, rect.; m. o. Nov. 24, 1865.
 Davis, Michael, Co. F, e. March 24, 1864, rect.; m. o. Nov. 24, 1865.
 Fish, E. F., Co. F, e. Feb. 27, 1864, rect.; m. o. Nov. 24, 1865.
 Massee, R. L., Co. F, e. Feb. 12, 1864, rect. m. o. Nov. 24, 1865.
 McDonald, Valentine, Co. F, e. Feb. 13, 1864, rect.; m. o. Nov. 24, 1865.
 Price, W. H., Co. F, e. Feb. 12, 1864, rect.; m. o. Nov. 24, 1865.
 Raff, C. R., Co. F, e. Feb. 16, 1864, rect.; m. o. Nov. 24, 1865.
 Wood, Clark, Co. F, e. March 29, 1864, rect.; m. o. Nov. 24, 1865.

FIFTY-FIFTH INFANTRY.

Capt. Charles Tazewell, Co. E, e. Oct. 31, 1861; resigned Oct. 31, 1862.
 Second Lieut. Wm. R. Hailigan, Co. E, e. Oct. 31, 1861; resigned March 5, 1862.
 Corp. Joseph Lightfoot, Co. E, e. Sept. 17, 1861; died March 6, 1863.
 Corp. Wm. Short, Co. E, e. July 30, 1861; supposed deserted in February, 1864.
 Corp. Joseph Casley, Co. E, e. July 30, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 1, 1864; disd. June 25, 1864, disab.
 Corp. Jacob Flatro, Co. E, e. Oct. 3, 1861.
 Bauman, J. F., Co. E, e. Aug. 14, '61; m. o. April 21, '65.
 Bangs, G. W., Co. E, e. Aug. 14, 1861; m. o. Oct. 31, 1864.
 Cleaves, Charles, Co. E, e. July 30, 1861.
 Canfield, E. T., Co. E, e. Aug. 1, 1861.
 Downers, Wm., Co. E, e. Aug. 1, 1861; disd. Dec. 23, 1863, disab.
 Donovan, Timothy, Co. E, e. Oct. 21, 1861.
 Florence, R. K., Co. E, e. Aug. 1, 1861.
 Guilfoil, M. E., Co. E, e. July 30, 1861; prmtd. to Principal Musician.
 Gubbins, J. D., Co. E, e. July 30, 1861; m. o. Oct. 31, 1864.
 Guilford, John, Co. E, e. Oct. 29, 1861; m. o. Oct. 31, 1864.
 Mann, Thos., Co. E, e. July 30, 1861; trans. to V. R. C. April 28, 1864.
 Nelson, Horatio, Co. E, e. July 30, 1861; m. o. Oct. 31, 1864.
 Robinson, Jas., Co. E, e. Aug. 1, 1861.
 Smith, John, Co. E, e. Sept. 7, 1861; died June 22, 1863, of wounds.
 Silver, Chas., Co. E, e. Sept. 7, 1861.
 Thompson, Wm., Co. E, e. Sept. 7, 1861; disd. Jan. 28, 1863, of wounds.
 Krieder, David, Co. F, e. Oct. 9, 1861.
 Berlin, John, Co. I, e. Sept. 27, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 2, 1864; m. o. Aug. 14, 1865.
 Shields, John, Co. I, e. Aug. 6, 1861; m. o. Nov. 3, 1864.
 Mohler, L. B., Co. K, e. Oct. 22, 1861; re-e. as vet. March 31, 1864; m. o. Aug. 14, 1865, as prisr. of war.
 Arnold, David, 57th Inf., Co. G, e. Oct. 28, 1861, as Corporal; re-e. as vet. Dec. 27, 1863; prmtd. to Sergeant and to First Lieutenant Dec. 14, 1864, and to Captain April 20, 1865; m. o. July 7, 1865.
 Sergt. Geo. W. White, 57th Inf., Co. G, e. Dec. 11, 1861; deserted Feb. 8, 1862.

FIFTY-NINTH INFANTRY.

Brown, J. E., Co. B, e. July 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 19, 1863; m. o. Dec. 8, 1865.
 Hagan, Thomas, Co. B, e. Jan. 11, 1864, rect.; trans. to 89th Inf.
 Hibbard, M. C., Co. B, e. Aug. 20, 1863, rect.; trans. to 89th Inf.; m. o. Dec. 8, 1865.
 Patterson, Hugh, Co. B, e. Sept. 6, 1863, rect.; trans. to 89th Inf.; deserted June 18, 1865.
 Hanley, Anthony, Co. F, trans. from 89th Inf.; m. o. Dec. 8, 1865.
 Slosson, J. L., Co. F, e. Dec. 17, 1863; trans. from 89th Inf.; missing in action May 27, 1864.
 Anderson, F., Co. G, e. Aug. 26, 1863; trans. from 89th Inf.; m. o. Dec. 8, 1865.
 Ducat Andrew, Co. G, e. Aug. 25, 1863; trans. from 89th Inf.; deserted June 19, 1865.
 Nisly, W. H., Co. G, e. Aug. 29, 1863; m. o. Dec. 8, 1865.
 Burns, Alexander, Co. H, e. Aug. 26, 1863; m. o. Dec. 8, 1865; trans. from 89th Inf.
 Barry, F. M., Co. H, e. Dec. 5, 1863; trans. from 89th Inf.; disd. Aug. 11, 1865.
 Duncan, L. A., Co. H, e. Aug. 17, 1863; trans. from 89th Inf.; m. o. Sept. 5, 1865.
 Husley, A. J., Co. H, e. Aug. 17, 1863; trans. from 89th Inf.; deserted June 18, 1865.
 Jastard, J. F., Co. H, e. Oct. 21, 1863; trans. from 89th Inf.; absent sick at m. o. of regiment.
 Jenks, G. M., Co. H, e. Aug. 17, 1863; trans. from 89th Inf.; m. o. Dec. 8, 1865.
 Scott, H. C., Co. H, e. Aug. 24, 1863; trans. from 89th Inf.; m. o. Dec. 8, 1865.
 Williams, Wm., Co. H, e. Aug. 29, 1863; trans. from 89th Inf.; m. o. Dec. 8, 1865.
 Murray, J. M., Co. I, e. Dec. 21, 1863; trans. from 89th Inf.; deserted June 19, 1865.
 Presher, Palmer, Co. I, e. Dec. 2, 1863; trans. from 89th Inf.; m. o. Dec. 8, 1865.
 Strever, Geo., Co. I, e. Oct. 29, 1863; trans. from 89th Inf.; deserted June 19, 1865.
 Hickey, Patrick, Co. K, e. Dec. 8, 1863; trans. from 89th Inf.; m. o. Dec. 8, 1865.

SIXTY-NINTH INFANTRY.

(Three Months.)

Company B.

Capt. Jonathan Kimball, e. June 14, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 First Lieut. S. H. Hunter, e. June 14, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Second Lieut. T. W. Tefft, e. June 14, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 First Sergt. Jno. Short, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Sergt. M. J. Dunne, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Sergt. Jno. Cockerton, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Sergt. Jno. Megginson, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Sergt. Calvin Loomis, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Corp. H. T. Adams, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Corp. J. C. Russell, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Corp. Sibens Sweet, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Corp. Henry Wells, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Corp. Albert Kinney, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Corp. Edgar Hoxie, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Abbott, S. M., e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Abbott, Geo., e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Adams, Geo., e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Adams, Robert, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Cannon, Alex., e. June 15, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Cannon, Thos., e. June 15, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Crane, Chas., e. June 15, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Campbell, Jno., e. June 15, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Clark, G. W., e. June 15, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Coffee, D. B., e. June 15, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Dunlap, Geo., e. June 15, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Eavring, Milton, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Florence, R. K., e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Flynn, Daniel, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Frazier, Thos., e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Flannery, Jos., e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Gifford, David, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Gates, Philander, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Jones, D. M., e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Kribbs, Aaron, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Kinney, Chester, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.

Keough, Richard, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 McConnell, Jno., e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Pocket, Peter, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Plaunty, Henry, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Rose, Christopher, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Roe, W. H., e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Sheedy, Jas., e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Todd, W. F., e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Webster, G. A., e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Webster, Benj., e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Ward, Albert, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Woolover, Peter, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Brinnan, Philip, e. June 4, 1862; rect.; deserted June 24, 1862.
 Elliott, J. K., e. June 4, 1862; rect.; disd. by Surgeon.
 Houghton, S. A., e. June 4, 1862; rect.; trans. to Miller's Battery.
 Murren, Patk., e. June 4, 1862; rect.; disd. by Surgeon.

Company C.

Corp. E. M. Post, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Corp. C. D. Larabee, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Higgins, W. F., e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Le Baron, Wm., e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Long, J. C., e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.
 Steurer, Geo., e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Sept. 27, 1862.

Company D.

Sergt. T. F. Barnes, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Oct. 6, 1862.

Company F.

Hallenback, J. E., e. June 15, 1862; m. o. Oct. 6, 1862.
 Keneday, Hiram, e. June 15, 1862; m. o. Oct. 6, 1862.
 Saunders, Alex., e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Oct. 6, 1862.
 Stuckey, Peter, e. June 4, 1862; m. o. Oct. 6, 1862.
 Baxter, Samuel, Co. F, 71st Inf., 3 mos., e. July 24, 1862; died at Mound City, Ill., Oct. 19, 1862.
 Frash, Anecosa, Co. F, 72d Inf., 3 mos., e. July 19, 1862.

SEVENTY-SECOND INFANTRY.

Ingersoll, O. S., Co. A, e. July 25, 1862; disd. Jan. 20 1863; disab.
 Lorrioux, David, Co. A, e. Oct. 3, 1864, rect.; disd. Dec. 3, 1864.
 Darr, I. B., Co. B, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. Aug. 7, 1865, as Corporal.
 Odell, Jno., Co. B, e. Aug. 7, 1862; died at Memphis July 4, 1863.
 Derrick, W. H., Co. E, e. Aug. 8, 1862; m. o. Aug. 7, 1865.
 Lyon, L. O., Co. E, e. Aug. 8, 1862; m. o. Aug. 7, 1865, as Corporal.
 First Lieut. E. F. Oertell, Co. F, e. Aug. 5, 1862; prmtd. to Sergeant and to First Lieutenant Feb. 15, 1864; resd. May 21, 1865.
 Archibald, Alex., Co. F, e. Aug. 10, 1862; m. o. Aug. 7, 1865.
 Booth, Alfred, Co. F, e. Aug. 11, 1862; m. o. Aug. 7, 1865.
 Second Lieut. B. F. Leonard, Co. G, e. Aug. 12, 1862, as First Sergeant; prmtd. to Second Lieutenant March 22, 1863; severely wd.; disd. July 30, 1863; disab.
 Denney, Ebenezer, Co. G, e. Aug. 12, 1862; disd. Aug. 30, 1863, for promotion.
 Fox, J. T., Co. G, e. July 26, 1862; disd. Feb. 16, 1863, for promotion.
 Kemp, J. D., Co. G, e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. Aug. 7, 1865.
 Payne, Varnett, Co. G, e. Aug. 13, 1862; m. o. Aug. 7, 1865, as Corporal.
 Peabody, David, Co. G, e. Aug. 14, 1862; m. o. Aug. 7, 1865, as Corporal.
 Staley, J. H., Co. G, e. Aug. 12, 1862; kld. Nov. 30, 1864.
 Van Sickles, Jas., e. Co. G Aug. 13, 1862; m. o. Aug. 7, 1865.
 Deiter, Chas., Co. H, e. Aug. 11, 1862; died at Memphis June 10, 1863.
 Corp. E. G. Stevens, Co. K, e. July 31, 1862; m. o. Aug. 7, 1865.
 Murray, Jno., Co. K, rect.
 Gipson, Stephen, 76th Inf., Co. B, e. Aug. 1, 1862; m. o. July 22, 1865, as Corporal.
 Hayes, W. J., 76th Inf., Co. B, e. Aug. 1, 1862; died at Memphis July 6, 1863.
 Nelson, Geo., 76th Inf., Co. B, unassigned rect.; disd. July 2, 1864.
 Sergt. Peter Stephen, 82d Inf., Co. H, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 9, 1865.

Corp. Carl Schulze, 82d Inf., Co. H, e. July 12, 1862; m. o. July 9, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Musician Joseph Diller, 82d Inf., Co. H, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 9, 1865.
 Beetenschlag, J., 82d Inf., Co. H, e. Aug. 15, 1862; died July 26, 1864, of wounds.
 Holz, Christian, 82d Inf., Co. H, e. Aug. 10, 1862; died at Aurora March 1, 1864.
 Schmidt, Peter, 82d Inf., Co. H, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 9, 1865.

EIGHTY-EIGHTH INFANTRY.

Dade, Wm., Co. A, e. Aug. 15, 1862; deserted Oct. 29, 1862.
 Russell, W. J., Co. A, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. June 9, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Skinner, O. B., Co. A, e. Aug. 12, 1862; desd. Sept. 9, 1862.
 Brooks, I. L., Co. C, e. Aug. 21, 1862; desd. Dec. 19, 1862.
 Humphrey, Oscar, Co. C, e. Aug. 12, 1862, Corporal; died Dec. 2, 1864, from wds.
 Cool, B. S., Co. H, e. Aug. 11, 1862; kld. at Perryville, Ky., Oct. 8, 1862.
 Little, Jno., Co. I, e. Aug. 12, 1862; desd. Nov. 29, 1862.
 Brasband, L. D., Co. K, e. Aug. 9, 1862; capt. at Franklin, Tenn.
 Flood, Philip, Co. A, e. Aug. 9, 1862; m. o. June 9, 1865, as Corporal.
 Grady, Mich., Co. K, e. Aug. 14, 1862; trans. to V. R. C. Sept. 30, 1864.
 Stockwell, Jno., Co. K, e. Aug. 9, 1862; disd. Dec. 18, 1862; disab.
 Wilcox, Jno., Co. K, e. Aug. 9, 1862, First Sergeant; kld. at Chickamauga Sept. 20, 1863.

Campbell, Wm., 95th Inf., Co. A, e. Jan. 4, 1864, rect.; deserted March 1, 1864.
 Ladd, E. J., 95th Inf., Co. A e. Jan. 4, 1864, rect.; trans. to 47th Ill. Inf.
 Snyder, Saml., 95th Inf., Co. A, e. Jan. 4, 1864; kld. March 16 1864.
 First Lieut. Albert Gelkerson, 95th Inf., Co. E, e. Aug. 13, 1863, as First Sergt.; prmtd. to Second Lieut. Mch. 25, 1863, and to First Lieut. Sept. 24, 1864; resd. Dec. 11, 1864.
 Cowells, D. S., 95th Inf., Co. E, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. Aug. 17, 1865.
 Colgrove, W. J., 95th Inf., Co. E, e. Aug. 11, 1862; died at Memphis Jan. 24, 1863.
 Farrell, Andrew, 95th Inf., Co. E, e. Aug. 11, 1862; m. o. Aug. 17, 1865.
 Hardy, W., 95th Inf., Co. E, e. Aug. 20, 1862; m. o. Aug. 17, 1865.
 De Wolf, Andrew, 95th Inf., Co. G, e. Dec. 9, 1863; died at St. Louis Dec. 22, 1863.
 Way, E. B., 95th Inf., Co. I, e. Aug. 15, 1862; died at Memphis July 10, 1863.
 Caslick, Nicholas, 97th Inf., Co. K, e. Feb. 3, 1865, rect. trans. to 37th Ill. Inf.
 Kinney, Pierce, 104th Inf., Co. A, e. Aug. 14, 1862; deserted March 20, 1863.
 Varner, David, 104th Inf., Co. A, e. Aug. 14, 1862; disd. Feb. 23, 1865, wds.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTH INFANTRY.

Company A.

First Lieut. H. H. Slater, e. Aug. 6, 1862, as Sergt.; prmtd. to First Lieut. July 18, 1864; m. o. June 7, 1865.
 Allen, Benj., e. Aug. 7, 1862; disd. July 16, 1863; disab.
 Bowers, H. W., e. Aug. 6, 1862; m. o. June 7, 1865, as Corporal.
 Kane, Wm., e. July 24, 1862; disd. Jan. 19, 1863; disab.
 Kesler, Jno., e. Aug. 15, 1862; disd. Dec. 7, 1862; disab.
 Waffles, S., e. Aug. 1, 1862; died at Chattanooga Aug. 9, 1862.
 West, E. C., e. Aug. 11, 1862; m. o. June 7, 1865.

Company D.

Sergt. H. V. Martin, e. Aug. 14, 1862; disd. May 15, 1863.

Company G.

Corp. Jas. Hasburg, e. Aug. 13, 1862; comd. Second Lieutenant; m. o. June 7, 1865.
 Mus. S. C. Perry, e. Aug. 15, 1862; died Dec. 28, 1862.

Barker, A. B., e. Aug. 9, 1862; died Dec. 4, 1862.
 Bradburn, N. E., e. Aug. 14, 1862; trans. to Eng. Corps July 25, 1864.
 Bock, Wm., e. Aug. 13, 1862; died March 27, 1863.
 Barnard, Jno., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. June 7, 1865.
 Calkins, E. S., e. Aug. 11, 1862; m. o. June 7, 1865.
 Carlisle, Hiram, e. Aug. 11, 1862; died Dec. 6, 1862.
 Chapman, C. W., e. Aug. 15, 1862; disd. Jan. 12, 1863; disab.
 Congle, W. A., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. June 7, 1865.
 Davis, E. V., e. Aug. 10, 1862; m. o. June 7, 1865.
 Ellis, L., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. June 7, 1865, wd.
 Eddy, W. H. L., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. June 7, 1865.
 Fish, D. W., e. Aug. 8, 1862; disd. Dec. 14, 1862; disab.
 Holdridge, Dan'l, e. Aug. 11, 1862; m. o. June 7, 1865, wd.; Corporal.
 Ingalls, W. N., e. Aug. 11, 1862; died Dec. 13, 1862.
 Morgan, H. M., e. Aug. 11, 1862; m. o. June 7, 1865.
 McLelland, W. P., e. Aug. 11, 1862; disd. March 11, 1863, to re-e.
 McLelland, G. W., e. Aug. 11, 1862; m. o. June 7, 1865.
 Maltby, C. A., e. Aug. 15, 1862; trans. Oct. 20, 1864, wd.
 Planty, Julius, e. Aug. 11, 1862; trans. July 25, 1864.
 Perry, M. C., e. Aug. 13, 1862; m. o. June 7, 1865.
 Samis, Elijah, e. Aug. 11, 1862; died Dec. 6, 1862.
 Smith, Wm., e. Aug. 10, 1862; disd. for prmtn. July 9, 1864.
 Young, Martin, e. Aug. 13, 1862; died July 11, 1863.

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEENTH INFANTRY.

Capt. J. G. Day, Co. E, e. Aug. 11, 1862, as First Sergeant; prmtd. to First Lieutenant Feb. 23, 1863; prmtd. to Captain May 12, 1864; m. o. June 20, 1865.
 Otis, Jerome, Co. E, e. March 29, 1865; m. o. May 30, 1865.
 Hough, P. C., Co. G, e. Aug. 12, 1862; m. o. June 20, 1865, as Corporal.
 Jackson, J., Co. G, e. Aug. 5, 1862; disd. April 25, 1863; disab.
 Miller, J. C., Co. G, e. Aug. 13, 1862; m. o. June 20, 1865, as Sergeant.
 Osborne, H. B., Co. G, e. Aug. 10, 1862; disd. Oct. 10, 1863, for prmtn.
 Post, J. B., Co. G, e. Aug. 6, 1862; died Aug. 15, 1863.
 Enos, J. R., 114th Inf., Co. I, e. March 8, 1865; trans. to 58th Ill. Inf.
 Ellis, J. D., 118th Inf., Co. A, e. Feb. 28, 1865, rect.; m. o. Oct. 1, 1865.
 Surgeon P. K. Guild, 120th Inf., e. Nov. 19, 1862; resd. June 12, 1863.

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-FOURTH INFANTRY.

(One Year.)

Cry, W. L., Co. B, e. Sept. 3, 1864; m. o. July 14, 1865.
 Harris, Z. T., Co. B, e. Aug. 22, 1864; m. o. July 14, 1865.
 Brooks, Jos., Co. E, e. Aug. 29, 1864; died Jan. 25, 1864.
 Blalock, Richard, Co. E, e. Sept. 3, 1864; m. o. June 23, 1865.
 Cummings, Jas., Co. E, e. Sept. 3, 1864; m. o. July 14, 1865.
 Cummings, A. J., Co. E, e. Aug. 25, 1864; m. o. July 14, 1865.
 Marshall, B. F., Co. E, e. Aug. 25, 1864; m. o. July 14, 1865.
 Rutherford, A. J., Co. E, e. Aug. 22, 1864; m. o. July 14, 1865.
 Sego, J. M., Co. E, e. Aug. 29, 1864; m. o. July 14, 1865.
 Sergeant, Geo. B., e. Aug. 25, 1864; prmtd. to First Lieut.
 Williams, L. R., Co. E, e. Sept. 3, 1864; m. o. July 14, 1865.
 Crossett, J. R., Co. E, e. Oct. 15, 1864; rect.; m. o. May 25, 1865.
 Adams, Geo., Co. I, e. —; m. o. July 14, 1865, as Corp.
 Dorris, Wm., Co. I, e. Feb. 3, 1865; unassigned rect.
 Haney, Geo., Co. I, e. Feb. 3, 1865; unassigned rect.
 King, John, Co. I, e. Feb. 3, 1865; unassigned rect.
 Cook, Amos, 146th Inf., Co. C, e. Sept. 16, 1864; m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Ebert, Henry, 146th Inf., Co. C, e. Sept. 16, 1864; m. o. July 8, 1865.
 James, Walter, 146th Inf., Co. C, e. Sept. 16, 1864; m. o. July 8, 1865.
 Millgate, E. C., 146th Inf., Co. C, e. Sept. 16, 1864; m. o. July 8, 1865, as Corp.

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY.

(One Year.)

Lohr, Solomon, Co. E, e. Feb. 8, 1865; m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Corp. W. J. Powers, Co. F, e. Jan. 20, 1865; m. o. Jan. 20, 1866, as Musician.
 Corp. A. A. McEwen, Co. F, e. Feb. 8, 1865; died Sept. 24, 1865.
 Corp. Albert Kinnear, Co. F, e. Jan. 30, 1865; m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Berry, R. C., Co. F, e. Feb. 10, 1865; m. o. Jan. 20, 1866, as Corp.
 Chaffee, T. A., Co. F, e. Jan. 30, 1865; m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Eddy, Edwin, Co. F, e. Jan. 30, 1865; m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Gaunt, Wm., Co. F, e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Gilman, G. E., Co. F, e. Jan. 30, 1865; prmtd. to Second Lieut.
 Hitchcock, P., Co. F, e. Jan. 30, 1865; m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Kendall, J. E., Co. F, e. Feb. 1, 1865; m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 McNair, Wm. H., Co. F, e. Feb. 10, 1865; m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Watson, T. A., Co. F, e. Feb. 1, 1865; m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Sherdon, J. E., Co. G, e. Feb. 13, 1865; m. o. Jan. 20, 1866.
 Sergt. J. B. Carrole, Co. G, 149th Inf. (one year), e. Feb. 4, 1865; m. o. Jan. 27, 1866.
 Utt, Wm., Co. I, 149th Inf. (one year), e. Feb. 2, 1865; m. o. Jan. 27, 1866.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-SIXTH INFANTRY.

(One year.)

Company A.

Corp. D. W. Carson, e. Feb. 17, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.

Company B.

Capt. T. L. Johnson, e. March 9, 1865; resd. June 13, 1865.
 Capt. W. I. Terry, e. as First Lieut. March 9, 1865; prmtd. to Capt. June 28, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 First Lieut. J. W. Blake, e. March 9, 1865, as Second Lieut.; prmtd. to First Lieut. June 28, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Second Lieut. Richard McCabe; e. Feb. 17, 1865, as Corp.; prmtd. to Sergt. and to Second Lieut. June 28, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 First Sergt. J. J. Wilder, e. Feb. 20, 1865; died April 12, 1865.
 Sergt. S. R. Wilcox, e. Feb. 17, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Sergt. Andrew Lamb, e. Feb. 14, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Sergt. M. Flynn, e. Feb. 16, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Sergt. A. Briggs, e. Feb. 18, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865, as First Sergt.
 Corp. F. H. Holz, e. Feb. 26, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865, as Sergt.
 Corp. M. Haas, e. Feb. 16, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Corp. P. S. Lossing, e. Feb. 22, 1865; m. o. Aug. 5, 1865.
 Corp. Jos. Shuster, e. Feb. 16, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865, as Sergt.
 Corp. Lewis Wilder, e. Feb. 20, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Corp. C. E. Moulton, e. Feb. 15, 1865; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.
 Corp. D. S. Darling, e. Feb. 18, 1865; m. o. Sept. 5, 1865.
 Musician Elijah Dunn, e. Feb. 26, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 G. L. Ross, e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Wagoner A. W. Bowman, e. Feb. 15, 1865; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.
 Allen, Geo. C., e. Feb. 26, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Baker, L., e. Feb. 14, 1865; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.
 Burns, John, e. Feb. 21, 1865; deserted March 10, 1865.
 Barlow, H. G., e. Feb. 22, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Beltgen, M., e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Cavanaugh, James, e. Feb. 22, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Cole, Thomas, e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Caffery, Felix, e. Feb. 17, 1865; m. o. May 17, 1865.
 Coldwater, Peter, e. Feb. 23, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Coleman, W. W., e. Feb. 17, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Cornell, R. T., e. Feb. 16, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865, as Corp.
 Dano, Frank, e. Feb. 23, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Drake, J. S., e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Disotele, Z., e. Feb. 23, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Ferris, J. H., e. Feb. 16, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Flint, Charles, e. Feb. 20, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.

Fitzgerald, James, e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865, as Corp.
 Fikes, W. H., e. Feb. 18, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Felton, A. G., e. Feb. 16, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865, as Corp.
 Fields, Abner, e. Feb. 16, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Goodrich, S., e. Feb. 21, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Gilbert, H. W., e. Feb. 21, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Greely, John, e. Feb. 28, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Gauslain, A., e. Feb. 20, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Gates, B. R., e. Feb. 20, 1865; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.
 Hilpish, Phillip, e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Haschel, F., e. Feb. 20, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Hitz, Chris., e. Feb. 20, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Hatch, John, e. Feb. 17, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Johnson, C. L., e. Feb. 16, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Knapp, Charles, e. Feb. 16, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Kelly, Michael, e. Feb. 16, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Kearns, Delos, e. Feb. 20, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Karp, Peter, e. Feb. 18, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Kieron, P. W., e. Feb. 28, 1865; deserted June 29, 1865.
 Lowry, Patrick, e. Feb. 16, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Lane, John, e. Feb. 18, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Murray, Dennis, e. Feb. 17, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Murray, John, e. Feb. 21, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Marcus, G., e. Feb. 17, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Millen, M., e. Feb. 21, 1865; m. o. Aug. 25, 1865.
 McClure, M., e. Feb. 20, 1865; m. o. June 8, 1865.
 Manahan, J., e. Feb. 18, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Manahan, James, e. Feb. 18, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 McPherson, John, e. Feb. 21, 1865; deserted March 10, 1865.
 Mills, Adam, e. Feb. 16, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Miller, Hiram, e. Feb. 22, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Michand, Phillip, e. Feb. 23, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Nichols, George, e. Feb. 21, 1865; m. o. Aug. 22, 1865.
 Nichols, Elmer, e. Feb. 6, 1865; m. o. Aug. 24, 1865.
 Oats, John, e. Feb. 24, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Palmer, H. J., e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Powers, Miles, e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Pierson, Freeman, e. Feb. 18, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Poule, M., e. Feb. 17, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Pierce, J. G., e. Feb. 22, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Peables, Robert, e. Feb. 18, 1865; disd. June 7, 1865.
 Pierce, W. H., e. Feb. 18, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865, as Corp.
 Pondson, Joseph, e. Feb. 21, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Rausch, Frank, e. Feb. 17, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Race, Alanson, e. Feb. 17, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Reed, Walter, e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Rost, Jno., e. Feb. 16, 1865; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.
 Smith, Rob't, e. Feb. 20, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Smith, Geo., e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Smith, Hael, e. Feb. 17, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Simpson, Chas., e. Feb. 16, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Smith, J. H., e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Tuber, Frank, e. Feb. 20, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Van Nortwick, J. M., e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Vering, E. R., e. Feb. 17, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865, as Sergt.
 Van Nelson, C. W., e. Feb. 17, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Van Osdel, W. C., e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Woods, Wm., e. Feb. 20, 1865; deserted March 10, 1865.
 Woodward, Jno., e. Feb. 20, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Whaley, Thos., e. Feb. 22, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Wenkler, Jos., e. Feb. 20, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Wrigley, J. H., e. Feb. 16, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Westover, F., e. Feb. 18, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Williams, Alfred, e. Feb. 20, 1865; died at Chattanooga May 5, 1865.
 Yipprich, Paulus, e. Feb. 15, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.

Company C.

Giley, J. S., e. March 1, 1865; deserted March 12, 1865.
 Kelly, Jno., e. March 1, 1865; deserted March 14, 1865.
 Worth, Jno., e. March 1, 1865; deserted March 14, 1865.

Company F.

Sergt. Jno. Dailey, e. Feb. 27, 1865; m. o. May 15, 1865.
 Sergt. R. C. Lindsay, e. Feb. 27, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Sergt. Louis Noahs, e. Feb. 27, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865, as private.
 Corp. Chas. Janes, e. Feb. 27, 1865; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.
 Corp. Edwin Platts, e. Feb. 27, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Corp. R. B. Hunt, e. Feb. 27, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.

Corp. W. J. Knox, e. Feb. 27, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865, as Sergt.
 Corp. J. P. Mabon, e. Feb. 27, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Chapel, G. D., e. Feb. 16, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Clure, Jas., e. Feb. 27, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Cooley, C. E., e. Feb. 27, 1865; m. o. July 19, 1865.
 Donoveu, Jno., e. Feb. 27, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Dailey, Homer, e. Feb. 16, 1865; m. o. May 15, 1865.
 Hoban, Jno., e. Feb. 27, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Johnson, F., e. Feb. 27, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Kessler, G. H., e. Feb. 27, 1865; m. o. Sept. 22, 1865.
 Kessler, H. C., e. Feb. 27, 1865; deserted Aug. 18, 1865.
 Mix, E. H., e. March 3, 1865; m. o. May 15, 1865.
 Platts, W. E., e. Feb. 27, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Vanevener, D., e. Feb. 27, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Young, Jno., e. Feb. 27, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.

Company G.

Baley, Jno., e. March 1, 1865; deserted March 12, 1865.
 Holmes, Jacob, e. March 7, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 McWilliams, Jno., e. March 1, 1865; deserted March 12, 1865.

Company K.

McKinzie, C. L., e. March 1, 1865; m. o. Sept. 20, 1865.
 Hammond, Theo., 29th Col. Inf., Co. G, e. Feb. 18, 1864; m. o. Nov. 6, 1865.
 Stewart, Jordan, 29th Col. Inf., e. Feb. 18, 1865; unasd. rect.
 Mason, Henry, 59th U. S. Col. Inf., e. March 29, 1865.

KANE COUNTY CAVALRY.

EIGHTH CAVALRY.

The Eighth Cavalry Regiment was organized at St. Charles, Ill., in September, 1861, by Col. J. F. Farnsworth, and was mustered in Sept. 18, 1861. On Oct. 13th, the regiment moved to Washington City, and camped at Meridian Hill on the 17th. On December 17th, moved to camp near Alexandria, Va. March 10, 1862, the regiment joined the general advance on Manassas, in Gen. Sumner's Division. The Eighth Cavalry remained at Warrenton until April 12th—at four different times driving the enemy across the Rappahannock. Embarked at Alexandria, on April 23d, and landed at Shipping Point, May 1st. May 4th, moved to Williamsburg, and was assigned to the Light Brigade, Gen. Stoneman commanding. The regiment was engaged during the advance of the army up the Peninsula. On June 26th, six companies of the regiment met the advance of the enemy, under Jackson, at Mechanicsville, and held it in check until 3 o'clock in the afternoon, when their line was driven back to the infantry lines. The regiment did important duty, in the change of base which followed this action, at Gaines' Hill, Dispatch Station and Malvern Hill, and, covering the extreme rear of the army, continually skirmished with the enemy's cavalry. Remained on picket, on the James River, while the army lay at Harrison's Landing. Led the advance to the second occupation of Malvern Hills, and, with Benson's Battery (United States Artillery), bore the brunt of the fight—Lieut. Col. Gamble being severely wounded. Brought up the rear of our retreating army to Barrett's Ford, on the Chickahominy.

On August 30, 1862, embarked at Yorktown, and landed at Alexandria on Sept. 1st, and

moved immediately to the front. On the 4th, crossed into Maryland, and was engaged at Poolsville. Captured the colors of the Twelfth Virginia (rebel) Cavalry at Monocacy Church. Captured twenty prisoners at Barnesville. Engaged at Sugar-Loaf Mountain, Middletown and South Mountain, and, at Boonesboro, captured two guns, killing and wounding sixty-seven, and taking 200 prisoners. The Eighth Cavalry was engaged at the battle of Antietam. On October 1st, had a severe fight with the enemy, during a reconnoissance to Martinsburg. Moved in advance of the Army of the Potomac, and was engaged with the enemy's cavalry at Philemonte, Uniontown, Upperville, Barbee's Cross Roads, Little Washington and Amesville, arriving at Falmouth, Nov. 23, 1862. During the battle of Fredericksburg, Dec. 13th, two squadrons were in the city till its evacuation. The Eighth was on picket until Feb. 17, 1863, on the left flank of the army, across the Peninsula, and up the Rappahannock, to Fort Conway, when it was moved to the right flank, near Dumfries. Loss, up to this time, twenty-seven killed, seventy-one wounded and twenty missing. During the campaign of 1863, the regiment was engaged in the following actions: Sulphur Springs, April 14th; near Warrentown, April 17th; Rapidan Station, May 1st; Northern Neck, May 14th, Borstly Ford, June 9th; Upperville, June 21st; Fairville, Penn., June 30th; Gettysburg, July 1st; Williamsburg, Md., July 6th; Boonesboro, July 8th; Funktown, July 10th; Falling Water, July 14th; Chester Gap, July 21st; Sandy Hook, July 22d; near Culpepper, Aug. 1st; Brandy Station, Aug. 4th; raid from Dumfries to Falmouth, Aug. 30th; Culpepper and Pony Mountain, Sept. 13th; Raccoon Ford, Sept. 13th; Liberty Mills, Sept. 21st; Raccoon Ford to Brandy Station, Oct. 11th; Manassas, Oct. 15th; Warrentown Junction, Oct. 30th; Rextleysville, Nov. 8th; Mitchell's Station, Nov. 12th; Ely's Ford, Nov. 30th, 1863. Loss, during the campaign, 23 killed, 116 wounded, and 37 missing. The regiment was mustered out of service at Benton Barracks, Mo., July 17, 1865, and ordered to Chicago, Ill., where it received final payment and discharge.

Col. J. F. Farnsworth, e. Aug. 12, 1861; prmt'd. to Brig. Gen. Dec. 5, 1862.

Maj. W. G. Conklin, e. Sept. 18, 1861; resd. Jan. 8, 1862. Battalion Adjt. Edmund Gifford, e. Sept. 18, 1861; resd. July 6, 1862.

Q. M. Jas. S. Van Patten, e. Sept. 1, 1861; resd. Oct. 3, 1862; re-e. April 1, 1864; resd. June 17, 1864.

Surg. Abner Hard, e. Sept. 15, 1861; m. o. July 17, 1865. First Asst. Surgeon S. K. Crawford, e. Sept. 18, 1861; resd. June 6, 1863.

Second Asst. Surgeon Eugene Nelson, e. April 25, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Coms'y. B. L. Chamberlin, e. Sept. 1, 1862; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Company A.

Capt. P. G. Jennings, e. Sept. 18, 1861; resd. Jan. 10, 1862. First Lieut. Bryant Beach, e. Sept. 18, 1861; resd. June 8, 1863.

First Lieut. L. Y. Smith, e. Sept. 6, 1861, as Corp.; re-e. as vet. Dec. 20, 1863; prmt'd. to Second Lieut. July 8, 1863, and to First Lieut. April 11, 1865; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Second Lieut. N. L. Blanchard, e. Sept. 18, 1861; resd. Jan. 20, 1862.

Second Lieut. Richard Von Vlack, e. as private Sept. 8, 1861; was prmt'd. to Battalion Q. M. Sergt. and to Second Lieut. Jan. 27, 1862; resd. April 7, 1863.

First Sergt. Chas. Hoag, e. Aug. 28, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.

Q. M. Sergt. F. D. Beach, e. Aug. 30, 1861; disd. Aug. 16, 1862.

Sergt. P. D. Brown, e. Sept. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865, as Corp.

Sergt. H. P. Haskins, e. Aug. 30, 1861; d. ed May 16, 1862.

Farrier J. S. Johnson, e. Sept. 16, 1861; disd. Nov. 13, 1862, disab.

Wagoner Andrew Brown, e. Aug. 3, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.

Atwood, N. P., e. Sept. 3, 1861; disd. Nov. 8, 1861, disab.

Besby, M. H., e. Sept. 12, 1861; prmt'd.

Baird, M. H., e. Aug. 27, 1861; disd. March 6, 1862, disab.

Barges, Lorenzo, e. Sept. 2, 1861; disd. April 29, 1863, disab.

Danville, Jos., e. Aug. 30, 1861; died Feb. 22, 1862.

Brown, T. J., e. Sept. 7, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864, as Sergt.

Crandle, Robt., e. Sept. 4, 1861; deserted July 16, 1863.

Carlin, John, e. Sept. 4, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1862.

Conley, Michael, e. Sept. 1, 1861; died Feb. 6, 1862.

Durant, John, e. Sept. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 17, 1862, disab.

Downey, Geo., e. Aug. 29, 1861; disd. Jan. 18, 1862.

Fassett, Peter, e. Sept. 2, 1861; deserted in June, 1862.

Fillmore, D. H., e. Sept. 1, 1861; m. o. Sept. 17, 1864.

Fuller, Webster, e. Sept. 2, 1861; disd. Dec. 28, 1862.

Gardner, R. M., e. Sept. 6, 1861; disd. in March, 1864.

Huls, H. V. T. e. Sept. 8, 1861; prmt'd. to Battalion Q. M. Sergt.

Hopkins, M., e. Sept. 2, 1861; disd. in Dec., 1862, disab.

Hathaway, Jno., e. Sept. 2, 1861; disd. in April, 1863, disab.

Hall, Elijah, e. Sept. 12, 1861; disd. April 10, 1864.

Hilly, Edward, e. Sept. 13, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Hauxladen, Henry, e. Sept. 13, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Jenning, Geo., e. Sept. 4, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1875.

Kenyon, Lyman, e. Sept. 4, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Kenyon, Oliver, e. Sept. 4, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.

Kennedy, E. C., e. Sept. 10, 1861; trans. to V. R. C.

Monroe, W. R., e. Aug. 30, 1861; m. o. June 16, 1865.

Monroe, Owen, e. Sept. 6, 1861; disd. Nov. 10, 1863.

McGonnel, Samuel, e. Sept. 12, 1861; kld. Nov. 5, 1862.

McGough, Bernard, e. Sept. 12, 1861; disd. June 24, 1862, disab.

McGough, Christ, e. Sept. 6, 1861; disd. Aug. 15, 1862, disab.

McCracken, T. O., e. Sept. 14, 1861; disd. Dec. 31, 1861, disab.

Miller, P. G., e. Sept. 6, 1861; disd. Aug. 15, 1862, disab.

Martin, Bernard, e. Sept. 4, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864, as Corp.

Parks, C. H., e. Sept. 4, 1861; re-e. as vet., Nov. 30, 1863; m. o. June 2, 1865.

Plopper, Chas., e. Sept. 4, 1861; kld. Sept. 13, 1862.

Pindar, Thos., e. Sept. 8, 1861; disd. March 3, 1863, disab.

Peterson, Samuel, e. Sept. 4, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan., 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865, as Corp.

Paine, Thos. e. Aug. 30, 1861; Disd. Nov. 10, 1862, disab.

Ryan, Jno., e. Sept. 12, 1861; disd. in 1863, as Sergt., disab.

Riley, Wm., e. Sept. 14, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1863; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Roberts, W. W., e. Sept. 6, 1861; disd. April 27, 1864, wd.

Sill, R. W., e. Sept. 6, 1861; prmt'd. to Hosp. Steward.

Shields, James, e. Sept. 10, 1861; disd. June 25, 1863, disab.

Smith, D. G. e. Sept. 6, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.

Simmons, P. C., e. Sept. 18, 1861; disd. Feb. 5, 1863.

Smith, F. P., e. Sept. 8, 1861; disd. Aug. 15, 1862.

Town, H. M., e. Sept. 8, 1861; kld. Jan. 21, 1863.

Van Dyke, B., e. Sept. 11, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, prmt'd. to Second Lieut.

Wanzer, Chas. e. Sept. 11, 1861; died Jan. 10, 1863.

Wallace, A. B., e. Sept. 8, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1864.

Willard, Zirma, e. Aug. 30, 1861; disd. Aug. 15, 1862, disab.

Carlin, John, e. Feb. 1, 1864; rect. vet.; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Durant, Jno., Jr., e. Nov. 28, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1863; m. o. July 17, 1865, as Sergt.

Taylor, A. J., e. Dec. 7, 1863; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Young, H. C., e. Feb. 23, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865, as Corp.

Company B.

First Lieut. S. P. Carr, e. Aug. 27, 1861, as Corp.; prmtd. to First Sergt., to Second Lieut. Sept. 10, 1862, and to First Lieut. July 1, 1863; dismissed Oct. 5, 1864.

Second Lieut. Jno. Weed, e. Sept. 19, 1861, as rect.; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; prmtd. to First Sergt. and cmd. Second Lieut. but not mustered; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Sergt. J. W. Moody, e. Aug. 27, 1861; disd. Jan. 16, 1862, disab.

Blacksmith Geo. McGregor, e. Aug. 27, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1863; kld. July 9, 1864.

Wagoner O. D. Patten, e. Aug. 27, 1861; disd. Oct. 10, 1862.

Bassett, E., e. Aug. 27, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.

Bell, G. H., e. Aug. 27, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1863; m. o. July 17, 1865, as Sergt.

Cutshaw, B. F., e. Aug. 27, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865, as Corp.

Crawford, O. C., e. Aug. 27, 1861; disd. Jan. 18, 1862, disab.

DeWitt, H. S., e. Aug. 27, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1863; m. o. July 17, 1865, as Sergt.

Fassett, C. A., e. Aug. 27, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1863; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Ingals, Chas., e. Aug. 27, 1861; died May 10, 1862.

Maynard, Jas. M., e. Aug. 27, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1863; m. o. July 17, 1865, as Sergt.

Partlow, J. F., e. Aug. 27, 1861; disd. April 17, 1862, disab.

Perry, Geo. W., e. Aug. 27, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.

Ponge, Jno., e. Aug. 27, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.

Pittinger, R. S., e. Aug. 27, 1861; disd. May 2, 1862, disab.

Patterson, A. C., e. Aug. 27, 1861; deserted Aug. 20, 1862.

Reeves, R. L., e. Aug. 27, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.

Remington, D. H., e. Aug. 27, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1863; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.; Sergt.

Brown, F. B., e. Dec. 28, 1861; trans. to V. R. C. Sept. 1, 1863.

Brown, J. C.; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.

Cronk, C. H., e. Oct. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1863; m. o. July 17, 1865, as Sergt.

Congle, John, e. Oct. 10, 1861; disd. April 17, 1862.

Douglas, E. A., e. Jan. 20, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Davis, Reed, e. Oct. 17, 1874; m. o. June 22, 1865.

Everetts, A., e. Dec. 14, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Graves, M. A., e. Sept. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1863; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Hatch, S. P., e. Oct. 17, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865.

McMarchey, W., e. Sept. 27, 1861.

Partlow, C. M., e. Oct. 17, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Reynolds, A. K., e. Sept. 30, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Reeves, J. W., e. Oct. 17, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Reed, J. J., e. Feb. 2, 1864; died May 5, 1864.

Sheldon, Frederick, e. Oct. 2, 1861; deserted Oct. 14, 1861.

Weed, William, e. Sept. 19, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864, as Corp.

Williams, J. D., e. Feb. 10, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Company D.

Corp. George Voges, e. Sept. 14, 1861; disd. Aug. 15, 1862, wounded.

Dusold, J. G., e. Sept. 17, 1861; died of wds. July 10, 1863.

Gilg, Conrad, e. Sept. 17, 1861; died Feb. 1862.

Paul, John, e. Sept. 12, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.

Plank, Antoine, e. Sept. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1863; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Smith, John, e. Sept. 17, 1861; deserted.

Wagner, Jacob, e. Sept. 17, 1861; deserted.

Meyer, William, e. Feb. 3, 1864; rect.; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Company E.

Bentley, Thomas, e. Sept. 5, 1861; disd.

Brown, J. L., e. Sept. 18, 1861; kld. Nov. 5, 1862.

Gooder, Frank, e. Sept. 13, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.

McConnell, J. H., e. Sept. 18, 1861; disd. Dec. 22, 1862, disab.

Yeoman, W. F., e. Sept. 14, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.

Kellum, James, e. Jan. 4, 1864; rect.; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Whittaker, G. A., e. Aug. 14, 1862; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Company H.

Neal, J. M., e. Dec. 4, 1863; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Sprague, W. L., e. Dec. 4, 1863; died in Andersonville Prison, Aug. 3, 1864; grave 4,598.

Company I.

Capt. H. L. Rapleye, e. Sept. 18, 1861; resigned Aug. 29, 1862.

Capt. A. L. Wells, e. as Corp. Sept. 12, 1861; prmtd. to Sgt., and to First Lieut., Sept. 1, 1862; prmtd. to Capt.; term ex. Sept. 1864.

Capt. F. M. Gregory, e. Sept. 12, 1861, as private; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; prmtd. to Sgt., to Second Lieut. April 11, 1864; to First Lieut. Sept. 18, 1864; to Capt. Dec. 15, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865.

First Lieut. A. W. Howard, e. as Sergt. Sept. 12, 1862; prmtd. to First Lieut. Nov. 1, 1862; resigned April 11, 1864.

First Lieut. A. W. Chase, e. Sept. 12, 1861, as private; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1863; prmtd. to Sgt. and to Second Lieut. Sept. 18, 1864; to First Lieut. Dec. 15, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Second Lieut. John Cool, e. Sept. 18, 1861; resigned.

First Sergt. J. C. Fifield, e. Sept. 12, 1861; prmtd. to Adjt. Third Battalion.

Sergt. N. D. Fray, e. Sept. 12, 1861; disd. disab.

Sergt. George Cook, e. Sept. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1863; m. o. Feb. 9, 1866, to date Aug. 3, 1864, for promotion.

Sergt. L. J. Wheeler, e. Sept. 12, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.

Corp. J. W. Swain, e. Sept. 12, 1861; disd. Aug. 12, 1862, disab.

Corp. H. D. Rudd, e. Sept. 12, 1861; disd. Oct. 27, 1862, disab.

Corp. E. G. Edgar, e. Sept. 12, 1861; disd. April 23, 1862, disab.

Corp. T. H. Tracy, e. Sept. 12, 1861; disd. Aug. 12, 1862, disab.

Corp. B. Hays, e. Sept. 12, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864, as First Sergt.

Corp. W. G. Miner, e. Sept. 12, 1861; disd. Feb. 28, 1863, as Sergt., disab.

Anderson, Andrew, e. Sept. 12, 1862; disd. Jan. 2, 1864 disab.

Adams, Z. H., e. Sept. 12, 1862; disd. Aug. 12, 1862, disab.

Akers, J. R., e. Sept. 12, 1862; disd. Nov. 13, 1862, disab.

Akin, John, e. Sept. 12, 1862; disd.; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Bowdish, Oscar, e. Sept. 12, 1862; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864, as Corp.

Brash, Chas., e. Sept. 12, 1862 re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865, as Corp.

Bemis, P. W., e. Sept. 12, 1862; prmtd. to Sergt. Maj.

Benedict, P. S., e. Sept. 12, 1862; disd. March 7, 1863, disab.

Bell, J. A., e. Sept. 12, 1862; died Oct. 6, 1863.

Boots, Wm., e. Sept. 12, 1862; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1863; m. o. July 17, 1865, as Corp.

Bradford, Sydney, e. Sept. 12, 1862; re-e. as vet. Dec. 20, 1863; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Chase, L. M., e. Sept. 12, 1862; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865, as Sergt.

Cosselman, James, e. Sept. 12, 1861; disd. April 17, 1862, disab.

Coal, Albert, e. Sept. 12, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.

Cornwall, D. E., e. Sept. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865, as Sergt.

Carver, Loren, e. Sept. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1864.

Ellingsworth, Chas., e. Sept. 12, 1861; transf. to Co. K.

Frazer, Alex., e. Sept. 12, 1861; trans. to Co. B.

Fellows, Reuben, e. Sept. 12, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864, as Sergt.

Fuller, A. S., e. Sept. 12, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864, as Corp.

Graves, M. A., e. Sept. 12, 1861; trans. to Co. B.

Gardner, O. L., e. Sept. 12, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.

Gosper, J. J., e. Sept. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1863; disd. for promotion.

Gillott, Davis, e. Sept. 12, 1861; disd. April 17, 1862, disab.

Hepyle, Jacob, e. Sept. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Humphrey, Roswell, e. Sept. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1863; m. o. July 17, 1865, as Sergt.

Johnson, Alfred, e. Sept. 12, 1861; disd. March 9, 1862, disab.

Johnson, August, e. Sept. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1863; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Johnson, J. W., e. Sept. 12, 1861; died Feb. 23, 1862.

Johnson, G. J., e. Sept. 12, 1861; prmtd. to Regt. Com. Sergt.

Kidder, C. H., e. Sept. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1863; m. o. July 17, 1865, as Sergt.

Kimball, Geo., e. Sept. 12, 1861; disd. April 5, 1863, disab.

Kendall, C. B., e. Sept. 12, 1861; prmtd. to Hosp. Steward.

Kribbs, J. G., e. Sept. 12, 1861; disd. Nov. 18, 1863, for promotion.

Law, Morris, e. Sept. 12, 1861; disd. Jan. 14, 1863, disab.

McGuire, David, e. Sept. 12, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.
 McNair, Wm., e. Sept. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865.
 McMillan, Alex., e. Sept. 12, 1861; disd. Feb. 18, 1863, disab.
 Mathuson, Geo. C., e. Sept. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1863; m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Marshall, Wm., e. Sept. 12, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.
 Moulding, Wm., e. Sept. 12, 1861; trans. to Co. K.
 Pfiffer, Jos., e. Sept. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1863; m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Page, G. W., e. Sept. 12, 1861; disd., disab.
 Ross, C. E., e. Sept. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Rodgers, D. M., e. Sept. 12, 1861; died Aug. 4, 1862.
 Rich, T. S., e. Sept. 12, 1861; trans. to I. C.
 Robinson, M. E., e. Sept. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Sherburn, Jas., e. Sept. 12, 1861; disd. March 8, 1862; disab.
 Stanton, T. R., e. Sept. 12, 1861; m. o. July 21, 1865.
 Soule, J. A., e. Sept. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; prmtd. to Regt. Com. Sergt.
 Tinkham, N. F., e. Sept. 12, 1861; disd. May 25, 1862, disab.
 Williams, J. M., e. Sept. 12, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864, as Sergt.
 White, Solomon, e. Sept. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 16, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865, as Sergt.
 White, H. S., e. Sept. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1864; disd. May 27, 1865, as First Sergt.
 Walker, H. H., e. Sept. 12, 1861; re-e. as vet. Nov. 30, 1863; m. o. July 17, 1865, as Sergt.
 Wordard, H. M., e. Sept. 12, 1861; disd. Aug. 12, 1862, disab.
 Wetherick, Isaac, e. Sept. 12, 1861; m. o. Sept. 28, 1864.
 Corwin, Geo., e. Aug. 14, 1862, rect.; prmtd. to Regt. Com. Sergt.
 Duff, Wm., e. Jan. 5, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Duff, Robt., e. March 7, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Fink, N. A., e. Aug. 12, 1862, rect.; re-e. as vet., Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Garfield, Benj., e. Jan. 4, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 17, 1865, as Corp.
 Lovell, Thos., e. March 6, 1865, rect.; m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Ross, F. E., e. Jan. 24, 1862, rect.; disd. July 29, 1862.
 Sherburne, Jas., e. Feb. 23, 1864, rect.; vet.; m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Woodward, H. M., e. Feb. 13, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 17, 1865, as Corp.
 Woodward, L. M., e. Jan. 23, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 17, 1865, as Bugler.

Company K.

Capt. E. J. Farnsworth, e. Dec. 24, 1861; prmtd. to Brig. Gen. June 28, 1863; kld. July 3, 1863.
 Ducat, A., e. Sept. 12, 1861; disd. March 8, 1862, disab.
 Moulding, W. R., e. Aug. 12, 1861; disd. March 9, 1862, disab.
 Mighell, Franklin, e. Aug. 12, 1863; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865, as Sergt.

Company L.

First Lieut. Judson A. Stevens, e. Sept. 11, 1861, as private; prmtd. to Second Lieut. April 28, 1863; to First Lieut. Nov. 2, 1863; hon. disd. Sept. 18, 1864.
 Murphy, Edwd., e. Sept. 30, 1861; re-e. as vet., Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Nourse, Wm., e. Nov. 30, 1863, as vet.; m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Sheldou, Henry, e. Nov. 30, 1863, as vet.; m. o. July 17, 1865.

Company M.

Second Lieut. R. B. Swarthout, e. as private Sept. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; prmtd. to Sergt. and to Second Lieut. July 8, 1864; m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Paul, John, e. Sept. 12, 1861, rect.; disd. Nov. 24, 1862; disab.
 Searls, D. D., e. Feb. 19, 1864, rect.; m. o. July 17, 1865.
 Duff, J. B., e. March 7, 1864; unassd. rect.
 Wadhams, B. A., e. Oct. 21, 1865; unassd.; rect.
 Russell, W. H. H., 9th Cav., Co. G, e. Feb. 21, 1865; m. o. Oct. 31, 1865; rect.
 Renwick, J. R., 9th Cav., Co. G, e. Feb. 22, 1865; m. o. Aug. 28, 1865; rect.
 Casteal, Herman, 9th Cav., Co. H, e. March 29, 1865; deserted July 24, 1865; rect.
 Stolp, A. R., 9th Cav., Co. H, e. Dec. 25, 1861; disd. Feb. 1, 1862; disab.
 Chrystal, Wm., 9th Cav., Co. I, e. March 1, 1865; m. o. Oct. 31, 1865.

Brown, Edwin, 9th Cav., Co. L, e. March 22, 1865; m. o. Oct. 31, 1865.
 Hoyt, Henry, 9th Cav., Co. L, e. March 22, 1865; m. o. Oct. 31, 1865.
 Corp. Chas. King, 10th Cav., Co. D, e. Sept. 24, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 3, 1864.

FIFTEENTH CAVALRY.

The Fifteenth Cavalry was organized Dec. 25, 1862, by order of Gov. Yates, assigning independent battalions and companies, including four companies from Kane County, as follows:

Capt. Jenks, Company A, Thirty-sixth Infantry, to be Company I, Fifteenth Cavalry; organized at Aurora Aug. 20, 1861.

Capt. Sherer, Company B, Thirty-sixth Infantry, to be Company K, Fifteenth Cavalry; organized at Plato Aug. 20, 1861.

Capt. Gilbert, Company A, Fifty-second Infantry, to be Company G, Fifteenth Cavalry; organized at Elgin Sept. 14, 1861.

Capt. Dodson, Company Kane County Cavalry, to be Company H, Fifteenth Cavalry; organized at Geneva Aug. 7, 1861.

The regiment served mostly along the Mississippi River and in Mississippi and Arkansas, where they performed excellent service against the guerillas and roving bands of outlaws that infested that country, until Jan. 26, 1865, when they were consolidated with the Tenth Cavalry and went into Texas. They were mustered out Nov. 22, 1865. As Company A, Thirty-sixth Infantry, did not join the regiment until July, 1864, and as Company B never served with the regiment, we give the full brief history of them apart from the Fifteenth Cavalry. Company A, Thirty-sixth Infantry or Company I, Fifteenth Cavalry, Capt. Jenks, went to Rolla, then to Pea Ridge, then to Corinth, then as escort to Gen. Hamilton. They then performed escort duty to Gen. Rosecrans and were engaged in the battles of Iuka and Corinth. They then went back to Gen. Hamilton, and were engaged at Ripley, Miss., having seventeen men captured. From thence they went to Memphis, Vicksburg and New Orleans, and joined the regiment at Helena, Ark., and accompanied them to Texas. Company B, Capt. Sherer, Thirty-sixth Infantry or Company K, Fifteenth Cavalry, went from Camp Hammond to Rolla, Pea Ridge and Corinth. They were then sent as escort to Rosecrans, then to Granger, until Buell's expedition started after Bragg, then as escort to Jefferson C. Davis. They then went from Iuka, through Alabama, Tennessee and Kentucky to Louisville, then went South again and participated in the battle of Perryville; made a charge through Manchester; were attacked by Gen. John Morgan, at Tyree Springs; were at Nolensville, Stone River, Rover and Eagleville, and with Gen. Crittenden at Chickamauga and Chattanooga, Gen. Hooker at Lookout Mountain and Missionary Ridge, Ringgold, New Hope Church, Dallas, Pumpkinvine Creek and Atlanta, where Hooker was relieved by Howard, whom they escorted upon the "March to the Sea," through Marietta, Rome,

Adairsville, Resaca, Snake Creek Gap, Tyler's Ridge, Lafayette, Grayville, Milledgeville, Savannah to Ogeechee River, when, with a dug-out, Capt. Duncan, Sergt. Ammick and Corp. Quimby of the Company, floated down past Fort McAllister and out into the Gulf, with despatches from Gen. Sherman to Admiral Dahlgren, commanding the fleet, and thus opened communication between the army and navy. The company was mustered out Sept 23, 1865

Maj. S. B. Sherer, e. Aug. 20, 1861, as First Lieut. Co. I; prmt'd. to Capt. Co. K July 9, 1862, and to Maj. July 29, 1863; term expired Aug. 25, 1864.

Company E.

Carr, W. R., e. Dec. 10, 1861.

Company F.

Capt. Albert Collins, e. Dec. 23, 1863; rect.
Beck, Chas., e. Feb. 20, 1864; rect.; trans. to Co. I, 10th Ill. Cav. as consol.
Byers, J. W., e. Feb. 25, 1864; rect.; died Oct. 3, 1864.
Johnson, Wm., e. Feb. 23, 1864; trans. to 10th Ill. Cav. as consol.
Moffit, C. A., e. Feb. 27, 1864; trans. to 10th Ill. Cav. as consol.
Prentice, W. J., e. Feb. 29, 1864; disd. Oct. 28, 1864; disab.

Company G.

First. Lieut. T. G. Knox, e. Sept. 14, 1861, as Second Lieut.; prmt'd. to First Lieut. Dec. 25, 1862; term expired Oct. 31, 1864.
Corp. O. R. Brown, e. Sept. 6, 1861; m. o. Oct. 31, 1864.
Barden, Abram, e. Sept. 6, 1861; m. o. Oct. 31, 1864; blacksmith.
Bride, Sereno, e. Sept. 6, 1861; m. o. Oct. 31, 1864.
Conklin, J. B., e. Sept. 6, 1861; died Feb. 1862.
Glenn, Francis, e. Sept. 6, 1861; died Oct. 24, 1863.
Hanson, Ole, e. Sept. 6, 1861; m. o. Oct. 3, 1864, as Corp.
Hill, Wm. E., e. Sept. 6, 1861; m. o. Oct. 31, 1864.
Hotchkiss, O. O., e. Sept. 6, 1861; disd. Oct. 14, 1862; disab.
Ketchum, E. B., e. Sept. 6, 1861; disd. June 7, 1862, as Corp.
Morley, Jno., e. Sept. 6, 1861; left in hospital July 8, 1863.
Sanborn, A. H., e. Sept. 6, 1861; disd. May 3, 1862, as farrier.
Sheldon, Fred'k, e. Sept. 6, 1861; disd. as Bugler.
Townsend, D. W., e. Nov. 6, 1861; trans. to Co. I.
Tulloch, Wm., e. Sept. 6, 1861; disd. April 8, 1862.
Webster, O. C., e. Sept. 6, 1861; deserted Nov. 10, 1861.
Young, W. W., e. Sept. 6, 1861; disd. Dec. 10, 1862.
Marlett, R. D., e. Sept. 28, 1861; disd. June 10, 1862; rect.
Ponsley, Thos., e. Sept. 6, '61; trans. to Co. G, 52d Ill. Inf.

Company H.

Capt. C. B. Dobson, e. Aug. 7, 1861; resd. Aug. 10, 1862.
Capt. W. C. Wilder, e. Aug. 7, 1861, as First Lieut.; prmt'd. to Capt. Aug. 10, 1862; resd. Feb. 13, 1863.
Capt. T. J. Beebe, e. Aug. 7, 1861, as Sergt.; prmt'd. to First Lieut. Aug. 10, 1862, and to Capt. Feb. 13, 1863; m. o. at consolidation.
First Lieut. E. C. Litherland, e. as Sergt. Aug. 24, 1861; prmt'd. to Second Lieut. Aug. 10, 1862, and to First Lieut. Feb. 13, 1863; m. o. at consolidation.
Second Lieut. John C. Bundy, e. Aug. 7, 1861; prmt'd. to Lieut. Col. in an Arkansas regt.
First Sergt. H. G. Lumbard, e. Aug. 7, 1861; disd. Feb. 17, 1862, for promptn.
Q. M. Sergt. Chas. Harrington, e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Sergt. Wm. Burman, e. Aug. 7, 1861; disd. Jan. 10, 1862, disab.
Sergt. Thos. Brown, e. Aug. 7, 1861; prmt'd. to First Sergt.
Corp. C. M. Green, e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Corp. Henry Hazelhurst, e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Corp. John Fisher, e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Corp. John Fox, e. Aug. 7, 1861.

Akin, John, e. Aug. 10, 1861; deserted Aug. 10, 1861.
Beebe, John, e. Aug. 9, 1861.
Blockman, E., e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Bunker, Chas., e. Aug. 8, 1861.
Bowers, R. C., e. Aug. 7, 1861; disd. April 13, 1862; disab.
Brown, A. S., e. Aug. 7, 1861; disd. Aug. 30, 1861; disab.
Beebe, James, e. Aug. 29, 1861.
Beech, F. B., e. Aug. 7, 1861; disd. Aug. 24, 1861, wds.
Colleghan, Thos., e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Clark, F. A., e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Clark, H. B., e. Aug. 29, 1861.
Clark, Marshall, e. Aug. 29, 1861; disd. Jan. 10, 1862, disab.
Curtis, R. G., e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Caruthers, David, e. Aug. 9, 1861.
Cary, W. B., e. Aug. 29, 1861.
Durant, Eden, e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Edwards, J. W., e. Aug. 29, 1861.
Freeman, B. F., e. Aug. 7, 1861; Corp.; died Oct. 18, 1861.
Flower, R., e. Aug. 8, 1861.
Gilman, G. E., e. Aug. 7, 1861.
German, Chester, e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Gustoson, Augustus, e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Herrington, Alfred, e. Aug. 8, 1861.
Herrington, T., e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Herndon, J. B., e. Aug. 8, 1861.
Hickox, Wallace, e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Harris, F. H., e. Aug. 8, 1861; disd. March 16, 1861, disab.
Hall, G. H., e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Haskins, J. M., e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Hinch, Wm., e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Hickerson, Allen, e. Aug. 9, 1861; re-e. as vet. in Feb., 1864; trans.
Haile, J. O., e. Aug. 8, 1861.
Kennear, W. H., e. Aug. 7, 1861; died Dec. 4, 1861.
Lucy, Dennis, e. Aug. 9, 1861.
Minneum, F. J., e. Aug. 7, 1861; disd. Aug. 19, 1861, disab.
Noble, Jno., e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Palmer, C. R., e. Aug. 9, 1861.
Passe, A. J., e. Aug. 7, 1861; drowned May 29, 1862.
Reeves, T. B., e. Aug. 7, 1861; disd. in July, 1862.
Rodley, Jas., e. Aug. 7, 1861; disd. Oct. 7, 1861, disab.
Ramsey, J. E., e. Aug. 24, 1861; disd. Dec. 1, 1862.
Stewart, Chas., e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Stewart, W. F., e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Story, Wm., e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Smith, Fayette, e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Town, A. B., e. Aug. 7, 1861; disd. Oct. 12, 1861, disab.
Tracy, J. E., e. Aug. 7, 1861; disd. Nov. 17, 1861, disab.
Thompson, Wm. H., e. Aug. 7, 1861; disd. Mar. 15, 1862.
Thompson, Fayette, e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Tilton, W. H., e. Aug. 29, 1861.
Wilson, Jerome, e. Aug. 7, 1861; deserted Oct. 16, 1862.
Wills, T. G., e. Aug. 8, 1861.
West, T. W., e. Aug. 7, 1861; m. o. Aug. 29, 1864.
Wicks, E. F., e. Aug. 7, 1861.
Wallen, Andrew, e. Aug. 29, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 1, 1864; trans.
Wood, Orlando, e. Aug. 29, 1861; disd. Nov. 11, 1862, disab.
Wells, Benj., e. Aug. 29, 1861.
Young, T. P., e. Aug. 29, 1861; disd. Nov. 8, 1861.
Allen, W. B., e. Dec. 30, 1863, rect.; trans.
Allen, H. J., e. Feb. 26, 1864, rect.; trans.
Allen, D. A., e. Dec. 30, 1863, rect.; trans.
Broadbent, Frank, e. Jan. 4, 1864, rect.; trans.
Beebe, J. E., e. Dec. 17, 1863, rect.; trans.
Coon, W. S., e. Feb. 29, 1864, rect.; trans.
Hayner, Jno., e. Jan. 4, 1864, as vet.; trans.
Hight, J. R., e. Dec. 19, 1863, rect., vet.; trans.
Haley, J. H., e. Dec. 21, 1863, rect., vet.; trans.
Mackey, Wm., e. Jan. 4, 1864, rect.; trans.
Maude, C. W., e. Jan. 4, 1864, rect.; trans.
Norton, J. H., e. Aug. 27, 1862, rect.; trans.
Thompson, G. A., e. Jan. 24, 1864, rect.; trans.
Udike, Abram, e. Dec. 25, 1863, rect.; trans.

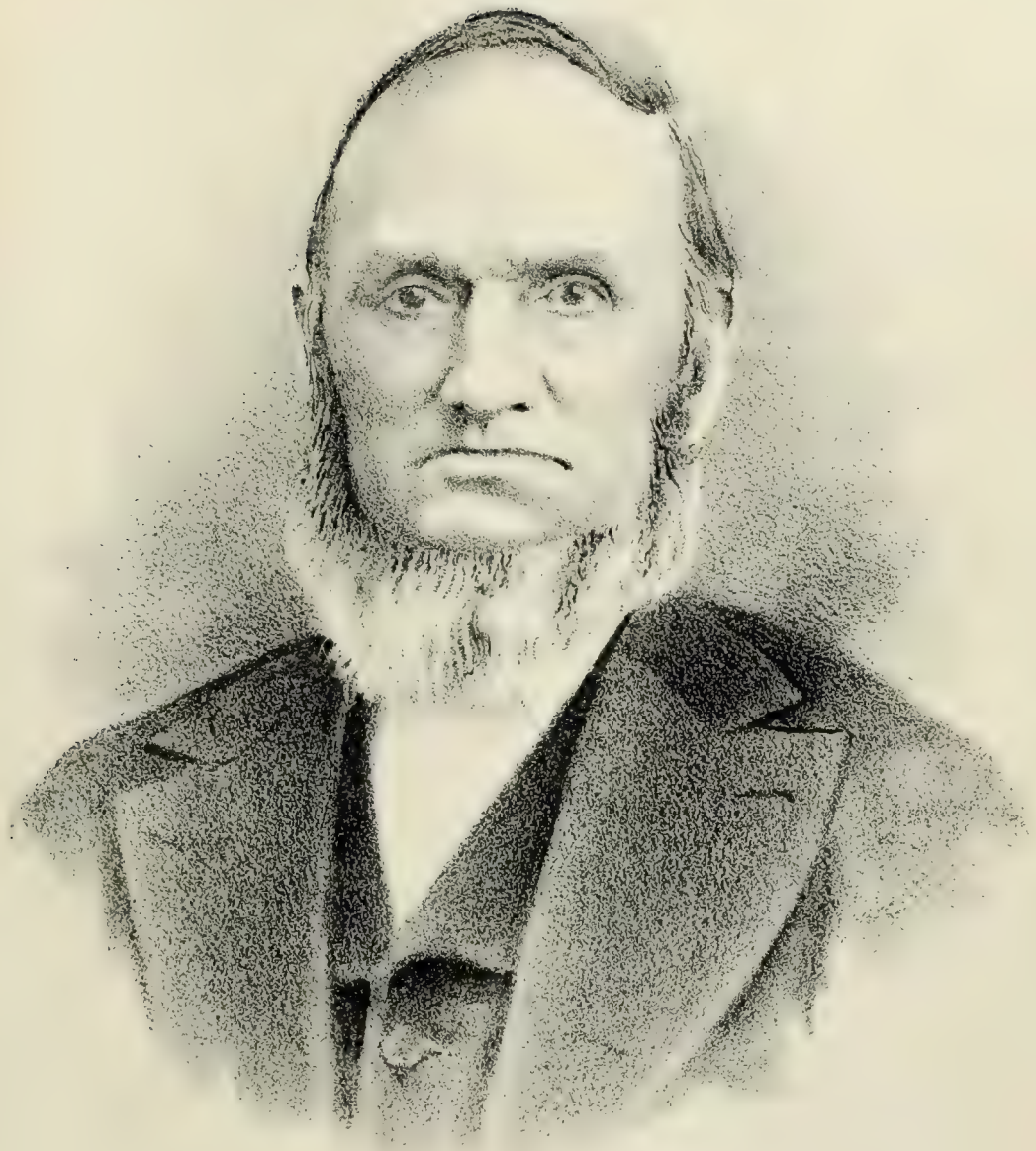
Company I.

Capt. Albert Jenks, e. Aug. 20, 1861; prmt'd. Lieut. Col. 36th Ills. Regt.
Capt. Geo. A. Willis, e. Aug. 21, 1861, as Second Lieut.; prmt'd. to First Lieut. July 9, 1862, and to Capt. Sept. 18, 1862.
First Lieut. A. C. Ferris, e. Aug. 20, 1861, as Second Lieut.; prmt'd. to First Lieut. in September 18, 1862; resigned. Oct. 11, 1864.
First Lieut. Daniel Dynan, e. Aug. 2, 1861, as Sergt.; prmt'd. to Second Lieut. Dec. 23, 1863, and to First Lieut. Oct. 11, 1864.

- Second Lieut. Albert Collins, e. as First Sergt. Aug. 2, 1861; prmtd. to Second Lieut. Sept. 18, 1862, and to C. pt. Co. F. Dec. 23, 1863.
- Second Lieut. Jerome B. Marlett, e. Aug. 7, 1861, Corp.; prmtd. to Second Lieut. Oct. 11, 1864.
- Q. M. Sergt. F. E. Reynolds, e. Aug. 2, 1861; prmtd. First Lieut. Co. K.
- Sergt. F. J. Snow, e. Aug. 2, 1861; detached at m. o. of Regt.
- Sergt. J. J. Johnson, e. Aug. 2, 1861; prmtd. Maj. 1st Ark. Cav.
- Sergt. F. O. White, e. Aug. 2, 1861; disd. Nov. 4, 1863.
- Corp. Geo. Stewart, e. Aug. 2, 1861; detached at m. o. of Regt.
- Corp. Henry B. Douglas, e. Aug. 2, 1861; captd.; paroled.
- Corp. David Hill, Jr., e. Aug. 2, 1861; died, March 19, 1864, prisr. of war.
- Corp. Isaac Rice, e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 5, 1864; First Sergt. trans. to Co. M., 10th Ill. Cav.
- Farrier Geo. A. Carson, e. Aug. 2, 1861; deserted April 10, 1863.
- Saddler James J. Hune, e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 22, 1864; trans. to Co. M., 10th Ill. Cav., as consol.
- Allen, Jas., e. Aug. 2, 1861; m. o. Aug. 24, 1864.
- Angell, Chas., e. Aug. 2, 1861.
- Avery, S. D., e. Aug. 2, 1861; died at Rolla, Mo. Jan. 1, 1862.
- Beebe, Harry, e. Aug. 2, 1861; m. o. Aug. 24, 1864.
- Beebe, Jno., e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 22, 1864; trans.
- Benton, I. M., e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 5, 1864; trans.
- Burley, Jos., e. Aug. 2, 1861; m. o. Aug. 24, 1864; war prisr.
- Chapin, H. S., e. Aug. 2, 1861; disd. Dec. 10, 1861; disab.
- Carle, Jos., e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 5, 1864; trans.
- Clark, S. W., e. Aug. 2, 1861; disd. Feb. 7, 1862; disab.
- Dorr, C. T., e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 5, 1864; trans.
- Dorr, E. F., e. Aug. 2, 1861; died Sept. 29, 1861.
- Dorr, G. L., e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. vet. Jan. 5, 1864; trans.
- Davis, H. C., e. Aug. 2, 1861; died.
- Everts, J. W., e. Aug. 2, 1861.
- Gunter, Geo., e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet.
- Glen, Martin, e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 5, 1864; trans.
- Haschel, Robert, e. Aug. 2, 1861; died Nov. 13, 1863.
- Heate, Gilbert, e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 5, 1864; trans.
- Hollenback, C., e. Aug. 2, 1861; m. o. Aug. 24, 1864, as Corp.
- Hollenback, Jesse, e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 5, 1864; trans.
- Hittinger, N., e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 5, 1864; trans.
- Ingham, Jos., e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet.
- Jacobs, Ira, e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 5, 1864; trans.
- Judd, O. H., e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 5, 1864; trans.
- Kennedy, J. M., e. Aug. 2, 1861; m. o. Aug. 24, 1864.
- Larkin, R., e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 25, 1864; trans.
- Lillie, Truman, e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 25, 1864; trans.
- Logan, Christian, e. Aug. 2, 1861; died Oct. 7, 1861.
- Loomis, J. R., e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. vet. Jan. 5, 1864; trans.
- McCabe, G. H., e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. vet. Jan. 22, 1864; trans.
- McCrosky, J. F., e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. vet. Jan. 5, 1864; trans.
- McMullen, Jas., e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. vet. Jan. 22, 1864; trans.
- Moon, G. W., e. Aug. 2, 1861; disd. Dec. 10, 1861; disab.
- Northrip, Andrew, e. Aug. 2, 1861; disd. Jan. 21, 1863; disab.
- Northrip, Elias, e. Aug. 2, 1861; disd. Jan. 21, 1862; disab.
- Newell, Eugene, e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 25, 1864, as Serg.; trans.
- Oderkirke, C. H., e. Aug. 2, 1861; disd. Nov. 28, 1862, disab.
- Radly, J. A., e. Aug. 2, 1861; disd. Aug. 14, 1862.
- Slosson, T. J., e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 5, 1864; trans.
- Snook, C. P., e. Aug. 2, 1861; disd. July 4, 1862; disab.
- Tarble, Abijah, e. Aug. 2, 1861; disd. Dec. 10, 1861; disab.
- ToId, Eleazer, e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 5, 1864; trans.
- Weaver, Chas., e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 22, 1864; trans.
- Whitford, O. Y., e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 22, 1864 trans.
- Williams, D. D., e. Aug. 2, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 5, 1864; trans.
- Carl, Jno., e. Oct. 20, 1861 rect.; re-e. as vet. Jan. 22 1864; trans.
- Cooper, Jno., e. March 10, 1864, rect.; trans.
- Dewey, O. B., e. Feb. 12, 1864, rect.; trans.
- Estee, S. V., e. Aug. 26, 1862, rect.; trans.
- Ellis, Wm., e. Feb. 29, 1864, rect.; trans.
- Flowers, M. D., e. Aug. 26, 1862, rect.; trans.
- Finley, C. T., e. Feb. 4, 1864, rect.; trans.
- Fox, Franklin, e. Feb. 4, 1864, rect.; trans.
- Goodwin, F. H., e. Aug. 26, 1862, rect.; trans.
- Goodwin, J. C., e. Aug. 26, 1862, rect.; trans.
- Gillette, J. R., e. Feb. 15, 1864, rect.; trans.
- Hawkins, W. D., e. Aug. 26, 1862, rect.; trans.
- Howell, Wm. M., e. Feb. 10, 1864, rect.; trans.
- Miller, H. A., e. Jan. 30, 1864, rect.; trans.
- Northam, R. M., e. Feb. 13, 1864, rect.; trans.
- Oliver, I. S., e. Feb. 4, 1864, rect.; died, April 1, 1864.
- Robinson, Thos., e. March 4, 1864, rect.; trans.
- Schoolcraft, Jno., e. Jan. 26, 1864, rect.; trans.
- Scrafford, Edwin, e. Feb. 15, 1862, rect.; trans.
- Town, L. F., e. Feb. 10, 1864, rect.; trans.
- White, T. F., e. March 10, 1864, rect.; trans.
- Wood, J. S., e. March 10, 1864, rect.; trans.
- Yeldham, Andrew, e. Feb. 15, 1864, rect.; died Sept. 25, 1864.

Company K.

- Capt. Henry A. Smith, e. Aug. 20, 1861, as Corp.
- Capt. F. E. Reynolds, e. April 1, 1862, as First Lieut., prmtd. to Capt. July 29, 1863; resd. Feb. 28, 1864.
- Capt. Wm. Duncan, e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 20, 1863; prmtd. to Capt., Feb. 28, 1864.
- First Lieut. Sam'l. Chapman, e. Aug. 20, 1861; resd. April 1, 1862.
- First Lieut. C. M. Harvey, e. Jan. 23, 1863, as Second Lieut.; prmtd. to First Lieut. July 29, 1863.
- Second Lieut. Jno. S. Durand, e. Aug. 20, 1861; resd. March 28, 1862.
- Second Lieut. Henry C. Paddelford, e. Aug. 17, 1861, as Sergt.; prmtd. to Second Lieut. March 28, 1862; resd. July 14, 1862.
- Second Lieut. E. M. Barnard, e. as First Sergt. Aug. 17, 1861; prmtd. to Second Lieut. July 14, 1862; resd. Jan. 23, 1863.
- Second Lieut. Jno. A. McQueen, e. Aug. 17, 1861, as Corp.; prmtd. to Second Lieut. Feb. 28, 1864.
- Sergt. V. O. Wilcox, e. Aug. 17, 1861; trans. to V. R. C. April, 1863.
- Sergt. Jno. W. Davis, e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. April 19, 1863; wds.
- Sergt. Geo. W. Archer, e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864; term exp.
- Corp. Henry Weightman, e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. July, 1862; disab.
- Corp. Henry C. Scott, e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864; term exp.
- Corp. E. M. Griggs, e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 20, 1863; trans.
- Corp. Jno. Baker, e. Aug. 17, 1861; kld. July 24, 1864.
- Corp. Schuyler Rue, Jr., e. Aug. 17, 1861, as Sergt.; disd. Sept. 23, 1864; term exp.
- Bugler W. S. Clark, e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 29, 1864; trans.
- Farrier Jno. M. Paddelford, e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Feb. 6, 1862, disab.
- Blacksmith Wm. Donovan, e. Aug. 17, 1861; detailed to pay department.
- Saddler R. C. Fowler, e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Jan. 17, 1862, disab.
- Wagoner J. C. Pratt, e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Dec. 1861, disab.
- Amick, M. J., e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 1, 1864, trans.
- Archer, John, e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864; term expired.
- Ball, Henry, e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 29, 1864, trans.
- Brown, Nath., e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 20, 1863, trans.
- Briggs, M. C., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864, as Corp., term expired.
- Balch, E. E., e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet.
- Cardner, E. M., e. Aug. 17, 1864; disd. Sept. 23, 1864, term expired.
- Collins, Robt., e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 20, 1863, trans.



Ernest R. Starks.

FIRST SUPERVISOR & RUTLAND TOWNSHIP.

Christy, Wm. J., Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 29, 1864, trans.
 Cox, Geo., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864, term expired.
 Chrysler, R. N., e. Aug. 17, 1864; re-e. as vet. Dec. 20, 1863, trans.
 Curtis, I. B., e. Aug. 18, 1861; disd. July 18, 1869, disab.
 Collins, Chas., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. July 23, 1864, term expired.
 Campbell, Geo. W., e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 29, 1864, trans.
 Cooley, Chas., e. Aug. 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 29, 1864, trans.
 Eaton, Harrison, e. Aug. 17, 1864; disd. Sept. 23, 1864, term expired.
 Everts, E. F., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. June, 1862, disab.
 Fraser, John, e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864, term expired.
 Fletcher, Wm. H., e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. Sept. 23, 1864, term expired.
 Glennow, Patrick, e. Aug. 17, 1861.
 Gallagher, Robt., e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 29, 1864, trans.
 Gilbert, John, e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 20, 1863, trans.
 Harger, N. N., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864, term expired.
 Hanagan, Oliver, e. Aug. 17, 1861; deserted Sept. 25, 1862.
 Hickey, Jerry, e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 20, 1863, trans.
 Holmes, C. F., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 20, 1862, disab.
 Kennedy, C. P., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864, term expired.
 Kingsley, Jno. N., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864, term expired.
 Knox, James, e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. April 19, 1863, wd.
 Kingsley, Chris., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864, term expired.
 Lee, A. A., e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as let. Feb. 29, 1864, trans.
 Lowden, Eben, e. Aug. 17, 1861; died Nov. 2, 1861.
 Lathrop, L. T., e. Aug. 16, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864, Corp. term expired.
 Love, Wm. M., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864, term expired.
 Mehan, W., e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 20, 1863, trans.
 Muldoon, John, e. Aug. 17, 1861, disd. Sept. 23, 1864, term expired.
 Mann, Eugene, e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864, term expired.
 Nelson, Henry, e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 29, 1864, trans.
 Pennington, T. C., e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 24, 1864, trans.
 Porchet, P. D., e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 20, 1863, trans.
 Perry, M. L., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864, term expired.
 Peterson, David, e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. July 18, 1862, disab.
 Peterson, Isaac, e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864, term expired.
 Pease, Wm. H., e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 29, 1864, trans.
 Pease, A. A., e. Aug. 18, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 20, 1863, trans.
 Perkins, Geo., e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 20, 1863, trans.
 Phelan, J., e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb. 29, 1864, trans.
 Pringle, Jno. D., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864, term expired.
 Pettengill, Geo., e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Feb., 29, 1864, trans.
 Rettie, Danl., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864, as Sergt., term expired.
 Reynolds, D., e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 20, 1863, trans.
 Robinson, Earl, e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 20, 1863, trans.
 Rumsey, Abram, e. Aug. 17, 1861; trans. to V. R. C. Jan. 1864.
 Rogers, H. J., e. Aug. 17, 1861; deserted Oct. 17, 1861.
 Salterfield, Wm. E., e. Aug. 17, 1861; m. o. Oct. 10, 1864.
 Stringer, J. J., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. July 18, 1862, disab.
 Scott, Amos D., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864, term exp.
 Seward, C. L., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. in April, 1862, disab.

Strang, A. L., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864, term exp.
 Sawyer, H. M., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. in January, 1862, disab.
 Shedden, Jas., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864, term exp.
 Tucker, Clark, e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864.
 Thompson, J. B., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864.
 Winchester, G. M., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864.
 Wattenpaugh, W., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. in April, 1863, disab.
 Wattenpaugh, M. F., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864, term exp.
 Wallace, Noah, e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. June 26, 1862, term exp.
 Wagoner, Jno., e. Aug. 17, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 20, 1863; trans.
 Weaver, Benj., e. Aug. 17, 1861; disd. Sept. 23, 1864, term exp.
 Aiken, R. J., e. Feb. 22, 1864, rect.; trans.
 Forbes, H. L., e. Dec. 10, 1863, rect.; trans.
 Harvey, C. M., e. Aug. 8, 1861, rect.; trans.
 Irish, Henry, e. Feb. 22, 1864, rect.; trans.
 Moore, Jas., e. Feb. 22, 1864, rect.; trans.
 Richardson, Willett, e. March 31, 1864, rect.; trans.
 Richardson, Willis, e. Oct. 21, 1863, rect.; trans.

Company L.

Corp. P. A. Butterfield, e. Oct. 23, 1861; disd. June 27, 1862, disab.
 Hickell, L. R., e. Jan. 25, 1862; trans. to 10th Ill. Cav.
 Hurlbut, G. W., e. Jan. 4, 1864, unas. rect.
 Seymour, Wm., e. Jan. 3, 1864; m. o. May 21, 1865; unas. rect.
 Snowball, Jas., e. Feb. 11, 1864, unas. rect.
 Vanekin, Orlando, e. Oct. 10, 1864, unas. rect.
 Hill, W. H., Co. C, 2d Cav. (3. years), e. Oct. 19, 1863; vet.; trans. to Co. B as consol.; m. o. Oct. 5, 1865.
 Hicks, Henry, Co. I, 2d Cav., e. Dec. 3, 1863; trans. to Co. A as consol.
 Turner, Alonzo, 3d Cav., e. April 11, 1864; unasd. rect.
 Brown, Henry, 6th Cav., e. Feb. 15, 1864; unassd. rect.

TENTH CAVALRY.

(As Re-organized.)

Maj. G. A. Willis, e. Dec. 21, 1864; m. o. Nov. 22, 1865.
 Capt. Wm. Duncan, Co. K, e. Feb. 23, 1864; m. o. July 15, 1865.
 First Lieut. C. M. Harvey, Co. K, e. July 29, 1863; term ex. Dec. 16, 1864.
 First Lieut. J. A. McQueen, Co. K, e. Feb. 28, 1864, as Second Lieut.; prmtd. to First Lieut. March 13, 1865; res. i. June 20, 1865.
 The Adjutant General's Report of the enlisted men of this company is incomplete; we therefore omit.
 Capt. Albert Callins, Co. L, e. Dec. 23, 1863; resd. June 28, 1865.
 The Adj. Gen.'s report of the enlisted men of this company is incomplete. We therefore omit.
 Capt. Daniel Dyman, Co. M, e. Dec. 31, 1864; m. o. Nov. 22, 1865.
 First Lieut. J. B. Martell, Co. M, e. Dec. 31, 1864; m. o. Nov. 22, 1865.
 The Adj. Gen.'s report of the enlisted men of this company is incomplete. We therefore omit.
 Second Lieut. Theo. G. Knox, 12th Cav., Co. H, e. Sept. 14, 1861; trans. to 15th Cav.
 Banks, Jno., 12th Cav., Co. H, e. Dec. 5, 1863; unassigned recruit.
 Donovan, T., 12th Cav., Co. H, e. Dec. 5, 1863; trans. to 17th Ill. Cav.
 Sherwin, M. B., 12th Cav., Co. H, e. Dec. 18, 1863, trans. to 17th Ill. Cav.

THIRTEENTH CAVALRY.

Capt. Robt. H. Fleming, Co. H, e. Dec. 31, 1861; resigned Jan. 10, 1863.
 Sergt. I. B. Fleming, Co. H, e. Oct. 20, 1861; died at Aurora Jan. 17, 1862.
 Corp. T. B. Whitford, Co. H, e. Oct. 15, 1861; disd.
 Corp. Calvin Hubbard, Co. H, e. Oct. 15, 1861.
 Corp. Timothy Maloney, Co. H, e. Oct. 12, 1861; deserted June 22, 1862.

Adair, J. R., Co. H, e. Dec. 1, 1861; disd. June 22, 1862 disab.
 Brennan, Jas., Co. H, e. Nov. 15, 1861; disab.
 Bird, Wm., Co. H, e. Dec. 1, 1861.
 Burns, John, Co. H, e. Dec. 10, 1861; died April 24, 1862.
 Conway, Jas., Co. H, e. Oct. 23, 1861; trans to 23d Ill. Inf.
 Cahill, Jas., Co. H, e. Oct. 16, 1861; trans. to Co. A as consol.
 Coats, John, Co. H, e. Oct. 18, 1861; disd. disab.
 Kennedy, Geo., Co. H, e. Nov. 1, 1861; trans. to Co. A as consol.
 Kinkade, Alex., Co. H, e. Dec. 12, 1861.
 Meyers, Martin, Co. H, e. Nov. 6, 1861; trans. to Co. A as consol.
 Mattock, W. B., Co. H, e. Dec. 15, 1861.
 Nymner, Owen, Co. H, e. Oct. 16, 1861; disd. March 9, 1862, disab.
 Putnam, Adam, Co. H, e. Oct. 16, 1861.
 Phillips, Chas., Co. H, e. Nov. 18, 1861.
 Ruby, T. H., Co. H, e. Oct. 16, 1861; disd. March 9, 1862, disab.
 Shields, Peter, Co. H, e. Oct. 20, 1861; deserted Sept., 1862.
 Bailey, Chas., Co. H, rect.
 Barberick, Jos., Co. H, rect; disd.
 Coon, Wm., Co. H, rect.
 Eddlegeorge, Wm., Co. H, rect; disd. in 1862, disab.

FOURTEENTH CAVALRY.

Kemp, Jas., Co. B, e. March 29, 1865; m. o. July 21, 1865, rect.
 Luck, Henry, Co. B, e. March 29, 1865; m. o. July 21, 1865, rect.
 Peters, Michael, Co. B, e. March 29, 1865; m. o. July 21, 1865, rect.
 Austin, Chas., Co. D, e. Dec. 1, 1862; reclaimed by 9th Vet. Inf.
 George, C. B., Co. D, e. Dec. 1, 1862; reclaimed by 9th Vet. Inf.
 Steady, T. E., Co. D, e. Dec. 1, 1862; reclaimed by 9th Vet. Inf.
 Carmichael, Alex. Co. I, e. Nov., 1862; m. o. May 20, 1865.
 First Lieut. L. D. Brown, Co. K, e. Feb. 17, 1864; resd. March 7, 1865.
 Farrier, A. H. Sanborn, Co. K, e. Oct. 16, 1862; prmtd. to Veterinary Surgeon.
 Bancroft, Jas., Co. L, e. Oct. 23, 1862; disd. June 7, 1867, as Sergt., disab.
 Powers, S. R., Co. L, e. Dec. 21, 1862; deserted Jan. 12, 1863.
 Sterling, H. J., Co. L, e. Sept. 27, 1862; m. c. July 31, 1865.

SIXTEENTH ILLINOIS CAVALRY.

Maj. C. H. Beers, e. June 10, 1863; resd. June 28, 1865.
 Chaplain C. R. Ford, e. June 11, 1863; m. o. Aug. 19, 1865.

Company F.

Sergt. J. B. Benedict, e. Nov. 18, 1862; deserted May 26, 1865.
 Wagoner, T. McEnta, e. Nov. 28, 1862; deserted Feb. 23, 1863.
 Bratt, Walton, e. Dec. 1, 1862; capt'd. Nov. 24, 1864.
 Flemming, Patrick, e. Dec. 1, 1862; m. o. Aug. 19, 1865.
 Heringmers, —, e. Nov. 20, 1862; m. o. Aug. 19, 1865.
 Hughes, Jno., e. Dec. 1, 1862; m. o. Aug. 19, 1865.
 Phillips, T. N., e. Nov. 24, 1864; died May 28, 1865.
 Strong, Chas., e. Nov. 9, 1862; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.
 Temm, Hans, e. Nov. 28, 1862; deserted July 29, 1863.
 Trumble, Edward, e. Nov. 9, 1862; m. o. Aug. 19, 1865.

Company H.

Capt. W. P. Gibbs, e. Feb. 17, 1863; disd. June 8, 1864.
 Capt. J. Q. Hattery, e. Feb. 17, 1863, as Second Lieut.; prmtd. to First Lieut. June 23, 1863, and to Capt. Jan. 8, 1864; m. o. Aug. 19, 1865.
 Q. M. Sergt. N. G. Shellman, e. Nov. 29, 1862; deserted May 9, 1863.
 Com. Sergt. T. G. Calkins, e. Oct. 20, 1862; detached at m. o. of regt.
 Sergt. C. E. Breed, e. Dec. 27, 1862; m. o. Aug. 19, 1865, as Corp.
 Sergt. B. T. Whitford, e. Dec. 17, 1862; disd. June 30, 1865, disab.
 Sergt. Eli McDaniel, e. Dec. 16, 1862; deserted May 25, 1863.

Corp. Wm. Bronson, e. Dec. 26, 1862; deserted May 20, 1863.
 Corp. C. E. Pierce, e. Jan. 5, 1863; died at Andersonville Prison.
 Corp. M. B. Fletcher, e. Jan. 20, 1863; m. o. Aug. 19, 1865, as Sergt.
 Corp. C. B. Vaughn, e. Dec. 19, 1862.
 Farrier W. B. Maddock, e. Nov. 25, 1862; disd. Feb. 16, 1864.
 Wagoner N. M. Saterfield, e. Dec. 6, 1862; deserted April 25, 1863.
 Bailey, Wm. e. Jan. 1, 1863; deserted May 21, 1863.
 Chapin, Joseph, e. Dec. 25, 1862; deserted Oct. 22, 1863.
 Clyde, Charles, e. Jan. 7, 1863; disd. June 14, 1865.
 Drew, S. H., e. Nov. 7, 1862; trans.
 Haley, John, e. Dec. 24, 1862; deserted April 25, 1863.
 Hunter, John, e. Dec. 4, 1862; m. o. May 30, 1865.
 Hayes, C. A., e. Dec. 24, 1862; m. o. Aug. 19, 1865.
 Harder, C. H., e. Dec. 17, 1862; m. o. Aug. 19, 1865.
 Hart, Samuel O.
 Krohl, Jno., e. Jan. 12, 1863; died in Andersonville Prison.
 Kelly, John, e. Dec. 22, 1862; m. o. Aug. 19, 1865.
 Lott, W. H., e. Jan. 20, 1863; died Nov. 29, 1864.
 Miller, Albert, e. Dec. 19, 1862; m. o. May 30, 1865.
 Ohowald, C., e. Feb. 1, 1863; disd. Feb. 2, 1865; disab.
 Rothenbak, John, e. Dec. 17, 1862; deserted March 1, '63.
 Rupert, Jos., e. Dec. 17, 1862; m. o. Aug. 19, 1865.
 Sanders, W. H., e. Nov. 4, 1862; deserted.
 Sanders, W. J., e. Jan. 12, 1863; disd. July 27, 1865; disab.
 Stevens, Augustus, e. Feb. 1, 1863; m. o. Aug. 19, 1865, as Sergt.
 Thayer, G. W., e. Jan. 1, 1863; trans. to 39th Ill. Inf.
 Vocker, Julius, e. Feb. 1, 1863; deserted May 20, 1863.
 Warren, W. A., e. Feb. 1, 1863; missing in action.

Company M.

Brown, T. E., e. April 20, 1863; absent at m. o. of regt.
 Miller, Charles, e. March 1, 1863; deserted April 1, 1864.

SEVENTEENTH CAVALRY.

Surgeon Samuel N. Crawford, e. Jan. 22, 1864; m. o. Dec. 5, 1865.
 Hospital Steward T. C. Fuller; m. o. Dec. 5, 1865.

Company A.

Sergt. David Peterson, e. Nov. 26, 1863; deserted July 3, 1864.
 Bugler R. C. Bowers, e. Dec. 19, 1863; disd. March 14, 1865; disab.
 Wagoner Barton Clark, e. Dec. 22, 1863; disd. Sept. 15, 1865.
 Brown, H. J., Nov. 30, 1863; disd. Dec. 15, 1865.
 Daily, Wallace, e. Nov. 26, 1863; deserted July 14, 1865.
 Hayes, G. M., e. Nov. 30, 1863; deserted Sept. 12, 1865.
 Panton, Geo., e. Dec. 4, 1863; disd. April 8, 1864.
 Phillips, Seth, e. Dec. 4, 1863; disd. Dec. 15, 1865.
 Sharpless, Albert, e. Dec. 5, 1863; disd. Dec. 15, 1865.
 Smith, J. S., e. Nov. 30, 1863; disd. Dec. 15, 1865.
 Taylor, A. P., e. Dec. 26, 1863; disd. Dec. 15, 1865.
 Treest, C. I., e. Dec. 22, 1863; disd. Dec. 15, 1865.
 Treest, W. H., e. Dec. 22, 1863; deserted July 5, 1864.
 Underhill, L. N., e. Nov. 30, 1863; disd. Dec. 15, 1865.
 Treest, Alonzo, e. Dec. 28, 1863; rect.; disd. Dec. 15, 1865.

Company B.

Sergt. C. E. Yerrington, e. Nov. 7, 1863; m. o. Dec. 15, 1865, as Corp.
 Corp. L. D. Morgau, e. Nov. 17, 1863; m. o. Dec. 15, 1865, as Sergt.
 Corp. John German, e. Nov. 12, 1863; m. o. Dec. 15, 1865, as Sergt.
 Beebe, Daniel, e. Nov. 18, 1863; m. o. Dec. 15, 1865, as Sergt.
 Baker, George, e. Nov. 17, 1863, as Corp.; absent, wd., at m. o. of regt.
 Burns, John, e. Dec. 12, 1863; m. o. Dec. 15, 1865.
 Clark, Jas., e. Nov. 20, 1863; m. o. Dec. 15, 1865, as Sergt.
 DeWolf, Rawson, e. Nov. 22, 1863; m. o. Dec. 15, 1865.
 Field, Jas., e. Nov. 30, 1863; m. o. Dec. 15, 1865.
 Garner, Jasper, e. Dec. 18, 1863; m. o. Dec. 15, 1865.
 Holman, Allen, e. Nov. 10, 1863; died at Alton, Ill., Aug. 2, 1864.
 Hall, Seran, e. Dec. 24, 1863; disd. March 16, 1865.
 Johnson, Saml., e. Dec. 29, 1863; deserted Sept. 10, 1865.
 Keller, Jos., e. Nov. 21, 1863; m. o. Dec. 15, 1865.

Miller, Geo., e. Nov. 23, 1863; m. o. Dec. 15, 1865.
 March, Geo., e. Dec. 1, 1863; deserted Sept. 10, 1865.
 Patchen, Jno., e. Nov. 30, 1863; m. o. Dec. 15, 1865, as Corp.
 Pay, Edward, e. Dec. 1, 1863; m. o. May 15, 1865.
 Root, S. P., e. Dec. 29, 1863; m. o. Dec. 15, 1865, as Corp.
 Root, A. N., e. Jan. 5, 1864; m. o. Dec. 15, 1865.
 Ream, Jno. H., e. Nov. 17, 1863; in confinement m. o. regt.
 Roath, Nath., e. Nov. 17, 1863; m. o. Dec. 15, 1865.
 Shannon, Jno., e. Jan. 1, 1864; deserted Sept. 14, 1865.
 Stewart, Norris, e. Nov. 18, 1863; disd. Sept. 22, 1864.
 Troop, Frank, e. Jan. 12, 1864; m. o. Dec. 15, 1865.
 Vote, J. G., e. Nov. 17, 1863; m. o. Dec. 15, 1865.
 Aikens, Wm. P., e. Feb. 4, 1864, rect.; died March 30, 1864.
 Darille, Geo., e. Feb. 1, 1864, rect.; m. o. Dec. 15, 1865.
 Hadsall, Geo. E., e. Feb. 6, 1864, rect.; m. o. Dec. 15, 1865.
 Sisson, C. W., e. Feb. 6, 1864, rect.; m. o. Dec. 15, 1865.
 Stanton, Franklin, e. rect., disd. April 5, 1865.
 Simons, Linus, e. Feb. 8, 1864, rect.; died Jan. 10, 1864.

Company C.

Sergt. Fergus Bentley, e. Nov. 25, 1863; deserted June 18, 1864.
 Corp. Christopher McGough, e. Dec. 30, 1863; disd. Oct. 23, 1865.
 Brisbin, Saml., e. Jan. 4, 1864; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865.
 Burns, C. B., e. Jan. 2, 1864; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865.
 Bell, J. W., e. Nov. 13, 1863; m. o. May 24, 1865.
 Babcock, A. L., e. Dec. 1, 1863; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865.
 Burns, Wm., e. Jan. 4, 1864; saddler; absent, sick, at m. o. regt.
 Fuller, G. H., e. Jan., 1864; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865.
 Fuller, Thos., e. Jan., 1864; prmtd. to Hospital Steward.
 Gurnsey, P. B., e. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865; Wagoner.
 March, C. H., e. Jan. 2, 1864; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865, as Corp.
 Miner, W. M., e. Dec. 10, 1863; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865.
 Maynard, Geo., e. Dec. 11, 1863; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865; rect.
 Roberts, R. A., e. July 5, 1864; detached at m. o. regt.,

Company D.

Second Lieut. Jas. B. Reed, e. Nov. 15, 1863, as First Sergt.; prmtd. to Second Lieut. May 10, 1865; m. o. Dec. 20, 1865.
 Corp. Irwin Beach, e. Nov. 19, 1863; m. o. Dec. 20, 1865.
 Duncan, Jno., e. Nov. 10, 1863; m. o. Dec. 20, 1865.
 McMaster, Byron, e. Jan. 4, 1864, m. o. Dec. 20, 1865.
 Scranton, Chas., e. Oct. 11, 1863; m. o. Dec. 20, 1865.
 Robinson, Fayette, e. Feb. 5, 1864; deserted June 27, 1864.
 Thompkins, Jas., e. Feb. 1, 1864; died May 15, 1864.

Company E.

Farson, F. F., e. Dec. 3, 1863; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865.
 Warner, G. W., e. Jan. 20, 1864; m. o. May 15, 1865.
 Brown, N. V., e. Feb. 12, 1864, rect.; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865, as Corp.
 Brown, Byron, e. Feb. 12, 1864, rect.; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865.
 Cook, W. L., e. Feb. 3, 1864, rect.; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865.
 Darby, Edward, e. Feb. 2, 1864, rect.; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865.
 Getz, Joshua, e. Feb. 16, 1864, rect.; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865.
 Grollment, Leo, e. Jan. 29, 1864, rect.; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865.
 Hill, J. N., e. Feb. 16, 1864, rect.; m. o. Nov. 13, 1865.
 Kernell, Nathan, e. Feb. 12, 1864, rect.; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865, as Sergt.
 Low, Addison, e. Feb. 10, 1864, rect.; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865.
 Price, Thomas, e. Feb. 22, 1864, rect.; deserted Sept. 19, 1865.
 Sharer, Simeon, e. Feb. 25, 1864, rect.; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865.
 Snelling, Jno. W., e. Feb. 16, 1864, rect.; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865.
 Van Sickle, Chas., e. Feb. 13, 1864, rect.; deserted July 16, 1864.
 Wilson, Henry, e. Feb. 22, 1864, rect.; dishonorably disd.

Company F.

Barnard, Thomas, e. Dec. 10, 1863; died May 4, 1865.
 Myers, D. C., e. Jan. 5, 1864; m. o. Dec. 18, 1865.
 Peary, H. N., e. Dec. 10, 1863; m. o. Dec. 18, 1865.
 Kinkaid, H. F., e. Jan. 4, 1864; m. o. Dec. 18, 1865.
 Kinkaid, A. H., e. Jan. 4, 1864; deserted Sept. 24, 1865.
 McClelland, R., e. Jan. 29, 1864; died June 30, 1864.

Company G.

Sherwin, M. B., e. as rect.; disd. January, 1866.

Company H.

First Lieut. C. D. Larrabee, e. Jan. 22, 1864; resd. Jan. 30, 1864.
 Donovan, Timothy, e. Dec. 5, 1863; trans.; m. o. Dec. 15, 1865.

Company M.

Phillips, John, e. Feb. 8, 1864; deserted April 19, 1864.
 Phillips, Edmund, e. Feb. 13, 1864; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865; rect.
 Parker, W. M., e. Feb. 15, 1864; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.; rect.
 White, Wm. R., e. Feb. 15, 1864; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865.
 Williamson, Geo., e. Feb. 15, 1864; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865.
 Webb, A. J., e. Feb. 9, 1864; m. o. Nov. 23, 1865.

ELGIN BATTERY OF LIGHT ARTILLERY, ILL. VOLS.

Elgin Battery Light Artillery, Illinois Volunteers, was organized at Camp Douglas, Chicago, by Capt. George W. Renwick, and mustered into United States service Nov. 15, 1862, by Capt. T. O. Barri, U. S. A.; December, ordered to Jeffersonville, Ind., where the battery remained until April, 1863; thence to Glasgow, Ky., where the battery remained until July; moved to Tompkinsville, remained twenty days; then to Newmarket, remained twelve days; moved to London, Tenn., remained thirty days; thence to Knoxville and Mossy Creek, Tenn., stopping at latter place fifteen days; then to Cross Roads, Ky., there eight days; then to London, Tenn., stopping thirty days; making a trip to Greentown, and returning to London, making another stay of eight days; moved from London to Kingston, and during a stay here of about thirty days were engaged in fight with the enemy, Maj. Gen. Brown in command of our forces; this was at the time of the siege of Knoxville. Moved to London, and thence to Mossy Creek, where the battery was again engaged in battle with Lee's army; moved to Strawberry Plains, and thence to Knoxville, Tenn., and worked on the fortifications during the Winter of 1863-4. For want of horses, the battery remained here until October, 1864, then moved to Bunker Hill, Tenn.; built barns and stockades here, and went into winter quarters; moved to Strawberry Plains, and were engaged in fight there; moved to Knoxville, and remained about thirty days, then turned over battery and stock and went to Louisville, Cincinnati, and then to Washington, D. C.; went into camp about two miles from city, remaining eighteen days, then moved to North Carolina, at a point about twelve miles from Kingston; were engaged in battle here with Lee's forces, Gen. Burnside commanding. Our forces moved to Galesborough, then to Raleigh, N. C., where the horses and battery were turned over to the Government, July 3, 1865; fired a salute on the 4th, and started for home, and were mustered out at Chicago, July 18, 1865.

Capt. Geo. W. Renwick, e. Nov. 15, 1862; resd. May 27, 1863.
 Capt. Andrew M. Wood, e. Nov. 15, 1862, as First Lieut.; prmtd. to Captain May 27, 1863; m. o. July 18, 1865.

- First Lieut. Caleb Rich, e. Nov. 15, 1862; m. o. April 23, 1863.
- First Lieut. John Short, e. Sept. 26, 1862, as First Sergt.; prmt'd. to First Lieut. April 27, 1863; honorably discharged May 7, 1864.
- First Lieut. Lorin G. Jeffers, e. Nov. 15, 1862, as Second Lieut.; prmt'd. to First Lieut. May 27, 1863; res'd. March 5, 1864.
- First Lieut. Joel H. Wicker, e. Aug. 15, 1862, as Q. M. Sergt.; prmt'd. to Second Lieut. May 27, 1863, and to First Lieut. March 5, 1864; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- First Lieut. Henry E. Tower, e. Aug. 15, 1862, as Sergt.; prmt'd. to Second Lieut. April 23, 1863, and to First Lieut. March 7, 1864; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Second Lieut. Waldo W. Paine, e. Nov. 15, 1862; m. o. April 23, 1863.
- Second Lieut. Jas. N. Boutwell, e. as Corp. Aug. 15, 1862; prmt'd. to First Sergt. and to Second Lieut. March 7, 1864; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Second Lieut. Wm. W. Clift, e. as Corp., Aug. 17, 1862; prmt'd. to Q. M. Sergt. and to Second Lieut. March 8, 1864; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- First Sergt. Thos. H. Elliott, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Sergt. Geo. Daniels, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Sergt. Geo. F. Renwick, e. Aug. 19, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Corp. Orange B. Kent, e. Aug. 16, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Corp. Chas. Dunlap, e. Aug. 15, 1862; deserted Jan. 15, 1863.
- Corp. John W. Davis, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865, as First Sergt.
- Corp. Patrick Roland, e. Aug. 15, 1862; deserted June 12, 1863.
- Corp. Michael J. Lynch, e. Aug. 15, 1862; deserted June 19, 1863.
- Corp. John Penman, Sr., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. June 10, 1865.
- Corp. A. B. Strong, e. Aug. 15, 1862; in confinement at m. o. of Battery.
- Corp. P. H. Flynn, e. Aug. 15, 1862; deserted Nov. 17, 1862.
- Corp. Nicholas Evans, e. Aug. 15, 1862; Sergeant; died Feb. 6, 1864.
- Corp. Abraham Kaplin, e. Aug. 15, 1862; deserted Jan. 9, 1863.
- Adam, John, e. Oct. 5, 1862; deserted Jan. 10, 1863.
- Allen, Henry, e. Sept. 2, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Anderson, Wm., e. Sept. 2, 1862; deserted Jan. 10, 1863.
- Allen, James, e. Sept. 2, 1862; deserted Jan. 10, 1863.
- Albee, Horace, e. Sept. 2, 1862; deserted Jan. 10, 1863.
- Brockway, Jas. W., e. Sept. 2, 1862; disd. for promotion May 20, 1864.
- Blowers, James, e. Sept. 2, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Bennett Elias, e. Sept. 2, 1862; died Feb. 28, 1864.
- Brooks, Daniel, e. Sept. 2, 1862; deserted Nov. 30, 1862.
- Berdeau, Peter, e. Oct. 10, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Blair, Henry H., e. Oct. 3, 1862; disd. Sept. 12, 1863, disab.
- Bailey, Alex., e. Oct. 2, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Burmester, John, e. Oct. 17, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Benham, Nathan, e. Oct. 16, 1862; deserted Oct. 15, 1862.
- Bradford, Eugene, e. Oct. 3, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Burg, John D., e. Oct. 18, 1862.
- Bell, Stephen, e. Nov. 4, 1862; m. o. June 24, 1865 as Corp.
- Burns, C. P., e. Nov. 4, 1862; in arrest at m. o. battery.
- Burns, C. H., e. Nov. 4, 1862; deserted Jan. 4, 1863.
- Bunnell, A. W., e. Nov. 4, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Bockleman, Chas., e. Nov. 4, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Cumming, Wm., e. Nov. 4, 1862; trans. to Miss. Marine Brigade.
- Collins, James, e. Aug. 16, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Clark, E. D., e. Aug. 16, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Crane, Jos., e. Aug. 16, 1862; died Sept. 21, 1863.
- Green, James, e. Aug. 5, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Crue, Jno. C., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865, as Oorp.
- Crawford, D., e. Aug. 16, 1862; died Dec. 25, 1863.
- Crawford, R. F., e. Aug. 19, 1862; disd. for promotion Oct. 31, 1863.
- Clark, Julius, e. Aug. 18, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Crandall, O. H., e. Aug. 15, 1862; disd. for promotion April 2, 1863.
- Chadwick, F. B., e. Aug. 18, 1862; deserted Sept. 20, 1862.
- Corrigan, Matthew, e. Aug. 16, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Cullin, Daniel, e. Aug. 15, 1862; deserted Jan. 10, 1863.
- Cribbs, Amos, e. Nov. 4, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Corbett, Patrick, e. Nov. 4, 1862; deserted Jan. 9, 1863.
- Clark, A. A., e. Nov. 4, 1862.
- Crapo, Thos., e. Nov. 4, 1862; m. o. May 25, 1865.
- Campbell, Isaac, e. Nov. 4, 1862; deserted Aug. 29, 1864.
- Davis, Jas. W., e. Nov. 4, 1862; deserted Nov. 20, 1862.
- Doyle, Richard, e. Aug. 15, 1862; deserted Oct. 20, 1862.
- David, Fred., e. Aug. 15, 1862; deserted Jan. 9, 1863.
- Dean, James, e. Oct. 5, 1862; deserted Nov. 20, 1862.
- Daily, John, e. Aug. 16, 1862; died April 25, 1865.
- Dolan, John, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. June 2, 1865.
- Dean, Jarvis, e. Aug. 17, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865, as Corp.
- Dignan, Andrew, e. Aug. 17, 1862; died May 24, 1864.
- Darrell, Bela, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Darrell, John, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865, as Bugler.
- Dwyer, Thos., e. Aug. 16, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Dignan, James, e. Nov. 4, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Dunlap, James, e. Nov. 4, 1862; deserted Nov. 11, 1862.
- English, J. W., e. Nov. 4, 1862; deserted Jan. 4, 1863.
- Elmy, Wm., e. Aug. 16, 1862; deserted Aug. 17, 1862.
- Foley, John, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Friend, W. M., e. Aug. 18, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865, as Sergt.
- Forrest, John, e. Aug. 17, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Frangen, Jos., e. Oct. 5, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Gooden, Michael, e. Nov. 4, 1862; deserted Dec. 17, 1862.
- Green, James, e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Grady, James, e. Aug. 20, 1862; died Nov. 26, 1862.
- Graves, R. R., e. Oct. 15, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865, as Co. Q. M. Sergt.
- Green, Daniel, e. Nov. 4, 1862; deserted Dec. 17, 1862.
- Gillette, Amos, e. Nov. 8, 1862; disd. Feb. 19, 1865, disab.
- Heaton, Charles, Aug. 20, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Higgis, B., Aug. 21, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Hooker, A. L., e. Sept. 24, 1862; trans. to V. R. C. April 11, 1864.
- Hessler, John, e. Oct. 5, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Hawkins, George, e. Oct. 5, 1862.
- Helt, George, e. Nov. 6, 1862; deserted Nov. 20, 1862.
- Harvey, John, e. Nov. 6, 1862; deserted Dec. 17, 1862.
- Hanaford, G. A., e. Nov. 4, 1862; disd. Jan. 7, 1864, for promotion.
- Holmes, John, e. Oct. 10, 1862; deserted January 15, 1863.
- Hyde, G. W., e. Nov. 6, 1862; trans. to Miss. Marine Brig.
- Johnson, M. C., e. Sept. 5, 1862; dropped from roll Jan. 1, 1863.
- Jones, William, e. Oct. 5, 1862; deserted Nov. 19, 1862.
- Johnson, Thomas, e. Aug. 16, 1862; deserted Nov. 19, 1862.
- Knapp, L. B., Oct. 21, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Kennedy, M., e. Nov. 8, 1862; trans. to V. R. C. Jan., 1863.
- Linda, L. A., e. Oct. 21, 1862; trans. to 6th Ill. Battery.
- Lee, William, e. Sept. 26, 1862; drowned Sept. 24, 1864.
- Lick, J. B., e. Aug. 15, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Leona, E. B., e. Aug. 15, 1862; deserted Oct. 20, 1862.
- Lange, Henry, e. Nov. 1, 1862; deserted Jan. 9, 1863.
- McDonald, John, e. Aug. 16, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- McGuire, Thomas, e. Aug. 16, 1862; dropped from roll Nov. 20, 1862.
- Myer, Henry, e. Aug. 16, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865, as Corp.
- Merritt, Lewis, e. Sept. 5, 1862; deserted Nov. 19, 1862.
- Miller, Henry, e. Oct. 5, 1862; deserted Nov. 19, 1862.
- Mitchell, Charles, e. Nov. 1, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Metzig, G. L., e. Nov. 1, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- McNish, John, e. Nov. 1862; deserted Nov. 19, 1862.
- McNichol, Daniel, e. Nov. 1, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Mahoney, J. W., e. Nov. 15, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865, as Bugler.
- Nugent, Edmund, e. Oct. 2, 1862; deserted Oct. 20, 1862.
- Ney, Alex., e. Nov. 6, 1862; m. o. May 27, 1865.
- Ness, James, e. Nov. 6, 1862; deserted Nov. 19, 1862.
- O'Connor, Joseph, e. Aug. 16, 1862; deserted Nov. 19, 1862.
- O'Brien, John, e. Aug. 17, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865, as Sergt.
- Powers, John, e. Aug. 16, 1862; deserted Nov. 19, 1862.
- Phetteplace, C. H., e. Aug. 16, 1862; disd. Aug. 2, 1864, disab.
- Penman, Robert, e. Aug. 16, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Penman, Wm., e. Aug. 16, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Peek, T. S., e. Aug. 16, 1862; deserted Jan. 9, 1863.
- Quinn, Patrick, e. Aug. 17, 1862; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.
- Root, Jos., e. Aug. 18, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Reardon, Chas., e. Aug. 16, 1862; died Dec. 13, 1862.
- Robinson, Frank, e. Oct. 5, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
- Roche, James, e. Nov. 6, 1862; deserted Nov. 15, 1862.
- Riley, James, e. Nov. 6, 1862; deserted Nov. 15, 1862.
- Sherwood, G. W., e. Aug. 20, 1862; deserted Sept. 30, 1862.
- Sherwood, H. J., e. Aug. 20, 1862; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.
- Skeels, R. M., e. Sept. 1, 1862; disd. April 3, 1863, disab.

Stone, Fred., e. Aug. 17, 1862; m. o. July 1865, as Corp.
 Stafford, Robert, e. Aug. 17, 1862; deserted Nov. 19, 1862.
 Stephens, R. N., e. Nov. 5, 1862; deserted Dec. 20, 1862.
 Sherman, Albert, e. Nov. 5, 1862; dropped from rolls Jan. 1, 1863.
 Smith, Henry, e. Nov. 5, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
 Smith, Samuel, e. Nov. 5, 1862; deserted Nov. 19, 1862.
 Shrader, C. H., e. Nov. 5, 1862; absent, sick, at m. o. of regt.
 Taylor, Erasmus, e. Aug. 17, 1862; disd. Sept. 25, 1863, disab.
 Thompson, Robert, e. Aug. 17, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
 Thompson, Fred., e. Aug. 17, 1862; deserted Dec. 20, 1862.
 Thompson, J., e. Nov. 1, 1862; trans. 96th I. I. Jan. 1863.
 Usher, R. O., e. Sept. 15, 1862; dropped from rolls Jan. 9, 1863.
 Van Landchoot, Chas., e. Sept. 2, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
 Walsh, John, e. Oct. 5, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865, as Corp.
 Wytey, S. S., e. Aug. 16, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
 Wise, T. D., e. Sept. 15, 1862.
 Ward, A. C., e. Nov. 8, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865, as Corp.
 Wells, G. R., e. Sept. 26, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
 Zarr, John, e. Sept. 21, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.

RECRUITS.

Armstrong, Sam, e. Dec. 7, 1862; deserted Jan. 12, 1863.
 Bradley, James, e. Dec. 15, 1862; absent, sick, at m. o. of battery.
 Bartlett, K. C., e. Jan. 5, 1864; m. o. July 18, 1865.
 Darrow, G. K., e. Jan. 1, 1863; m. o. July 18, 1865, as Sergt.
 Darrow, A. F., e. Dec. 29, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
 Dodd, J. L., e. Dec. 29, 1862; m. o. July 20, 1865.
 Dashway, Samuel, e. Dec. 7, 1862; deserted Jan. 1, 1863.
 Ewing, Milton, e. Dec. 30, 1863; m. o. July 18, 1865, as Corp.
 Farnam, E. J., e. Sept. 4, 1862.
 Graham, John, e. Nov. 17, 1862; died Sept. 27, 1863.
 Hemmingway, F. B., e. Nov. 1, 1862; deserted Nov. 20, 1863.
 Hanlon, Wm., e. Jan. 9, 1863; deserted Jan. 9, 1863.
 Hughes, Patrick, e. Dec. 26, 1862.
 Hewett, D. W., e. Sept. 19, 1862.
 Kennedy, Eugene, e. Jan. 9, 1863; died Feb. 8, 1864.
 Lewis, H. H., e. Nov. 16, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865, as Sergt.
 Lowe, G. A., e. Dec. 25, 1863; m. o. July 18, 1865.
 McGowen, M., e. Nov. 17, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
 Mead, Amos, e. Sept. 8, 1862.
 Nixon, A. H., e. Sept. 8, 1862.
 Otwell, J. C., e. Nov. 19, 1862; trans. to V. R. C.; m. o. July 15, 1865.
 Oswell, Nicholas, e. Dec. 29, 1862; deserted Jan. 9, 1863.
 Peter, John, e. Nov. 19, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
 Reed, Charles, e. Jan. 7, 1863.
 Ramsdell, Loren, e. Sept. 4, 1862.
 Sweeney, John, e. Dec. 31, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
 Tarney, John, e. Dec. 30, 1863; m. o. July 18, 1865.
 Thompson, E. H., e. Jan. 1, 1863; absent, sick, at m. o. of battery.
 Taylor, Nathan, e. March 1, 1863; disd. Sept. 25, 1863, disab.
 Ward, John, e. Nov. 16, 1862; m. o. July 18, 1865.
 West, Asa, e. Nov. 16, 1862; deserted May 29, 1863.
 Christian, John, Henshaw's Battery, e. Oct. 7, 1862; disd. Aug. 9, 1864.

FIRST ARTILLERY.

Hadlock, Saml., Battery B, e. July 29, 1861, as rect.; re-e. as vet. Jan. 2, 1864; killed July 20, 1864.
 Garbitt, Geo., Battery C, e. July 30, 1861; died Dec. 27, 1861.
 Clancy, N., Battery C, e. Sept. 30, 1864; m. o. June 12, 1865, rect.
 Mattelle, Jos., Battery C, e. Oct. 1, 1864; m. o. June 12, 1865, rect.
 Warner, W. H., Battery C, e. Oct. 11, 1864; m. o. June 12, 1865, rect.
 Duner, John, Battery D, e. Jan. 15, 1863; m. o. July 28, 1865.
 Dooley, Jas., Battery D, e. Jan. 16, 1863; m. o. July 28, 1865.
 Moody, Robert, Battery D, e. Jan. 15, 1863.
 Seeley, G. L., Battery D, e. Jan. 15, 1863; m. o. July 28, 1865.
 Whitmarsh, Lewis, Battery D, e. Jan. 15, 1863; died June 4, 1863.
 Kellan, Mart., Battery F., e. Jan. 30, 1862; m. o. March 7, 1865.
 Utt, W. H., Battery F, e. Jan. 15, 1862; re-e. as vet. Feb. 1, 1864, trans. to Battery E.
 Hulp, P. O., Battery H, e. Feb. 5, 1862; drowned March 31, 1865.
 Nerro, S. J., Battery H, e. March 4, 1862; re-e. as vet. March 6, 1864; m. o. June 14, 1865.
 Nelson, Peter, Battery H, e. March 4, 1862, rect.; deserted April 6, 1862.
 Tucker, John, Battery H, e. March 6, 1862, rect.; deserted April 30, 1862.

SECOND ARTILLERY.

O'Connell, Martin, Battery G, e. Oct. 8, 1861; re-e. as vet. Dec. 4, 1863; died July 10, 1865.
 Corp. H. W. Hill, Battery I, e. Oct. 25, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. June 14, 1865.
 Stolp, Steiman, Battery I, e. Dec. 18, 1861; re-e. as vet. Jan. 1, 1864; m. o. as Corp. June 14, 1865.
 Beverly, G. J., Battery I, e. Jan. 26, 1864; m. o. June 14, 1865.
 Betts, Thos., Battery I, e. Feb. 8, 1864, rect.; m. o. June 14, 1865.
 Ellis, Wm., Battery I, e. Feb. 16, 1864, rect.; m. o. June 14, 1865.
 Hall, W. G., Battery I, e. Feb. 1, 1864, rect.; m. o. June 14, 1865.
 Manchester, Orin, Battery I, e. Feb. 13, 1864, rect.; m. o. June 14, 1865.
 McAllister, Wm., Battery I, e. Feb. 15, 1864, rect.; trans. to Inv. Corps.
 Parks, Judson, Battery I, e. Feb. 2, 1864, rect.; m. o. June 14, 1865.
 Phelps, J. H., Battery I, e. Feb. 15, 1864, rect.; m. o. June 14, 1865.
 Stolp, G. A., Battery I, e. Feb. 15, 1864, rect.; m. o. June 14, 1865.
 Sanders, Thos., Battery I, e. Feb. 16, 1864, rect.; m. o. June 14, 1865.
 Tripp, P. G., Battery I, e. Feb. 8, 1864, rect.; m. o. June 14, 1865.
 Tabor, W. G., Battery I, e. Feb. 10, 1864, rect.; m. o. June 14, 1865.
 Usher, Wm., Battery I, e. Feb. 15, 1864, rect.; n. o. June 14, 1865.
 First Lieut. J. H. Moore, Battery L, e. March 17, 1862; hon. disd. Feb. 20, 1865.

ELGIN NATIONAL GUARDS.

A MILITARY COMPANY ASSIGNED TO THE THIRD REGIMENT ILLINOIS NATIONAL GUARDS, SEPTEMBER 6, 1877; ENROLLED JULY 23, 1877; MUSTERED INTO THE STATE SERVICE AUGUST 15, 1877,
BY CAPT. WILLIAM SMAILES.

Smailes, William, Captain.
Cole, C. W., First Lieutenant.
Hamilton, W. H., Second Lieutenant.
Patchin, John, Orderly Sergeant.
Moulton, James, First Duty Sergeant.
Brittnal, H. C., Second Duty Sergeant.
Fletcher, A. L., Third Duty Sergeant.
Wilthies, A., Fourth Duty Sergeant.

Scarisbrick, A., First Corporal.
Orton, W. S., Second Corporal.
Wells, J. M., Third Corporal.
Burnham, T. H., Fourth Corporal.
Hanchett, J. H., Fifth Corporal.
Provost, C. L., Sixth Corporal.
Frevier, C., Seventh Corporal.
Tilden, L. D., Eighth Corporal.

PRIVATES.

Allen, E. K.,
Allen, A. C.,
Anderson, D. H.,
Brown, A. V.,
Brown, F. P.,
Caughey, T.,
Cornell, F. A.,
Christie, W. J.,
Dennser, C. J.,
Eaton, C. L.,
Fredericks, C. L.,
Gahan, J.,
Green, H. D.,
Heath, A.,

Hyde, W. J. S.,
Hopkins, T. H.,
Hooker, C. W.,
Hammon, A. H.,
Hogan, M.,
Iverson, H.,
Jarchow, H.,
Johnson, A. M.,
Johnson, C. A.,
Joslyn, F. L.,
Kimball, C. W.,
Lee, A. R.,
Linkfield, R. E.,
Lund, J. H.,

Little, G. M.,
Lehman, John,
Linger, H.,
Newcomer, W. S.,
O'Connell, J. W.,
Parks, J. A.,
Pask, G.,
Perry, H. F.,
Shaw, C. F.,
Spencer, F. D.,
Smith, G. A.,
Tilden, H. P.

AURORA LIGHT GUARDS

WERE MUSTERED INTO STATE SERVICE UNDER THE NEW STATE MILITIA LAW, JULY, 1877, AS COMPANY D, THIRD REGIMENT.

Coulter, T. B., Captain.
Fahnestock, J. D., First Lieutenant.
Shoerberlein, George, Second Lieutenant.
Street, Edgar A., First Sergeant.
McMicken, Thomas D., Second Sergeant.
Goodell, Jesse M., Fourth Sergeant.
Reynolds, E. E., Color Sergeant.

Whitefield, G. W., First Corporal.
Reeves, William T., Second Corporal.
Kendall, Thomas H., Third Corporal.
Felsenheld, Herman, Fourth Corporal.
Moss, Leopold, Treasurer.
Plain, John H., Secretary.

PRIVATES.

Alshuler, Harry H.,
Allen, Charles L.,
Allen, Arthur T.,
Barclay, James M.,
Bell, Fred. T.,
Clancy, James H.,
Cross, Perry H.,
Copley, Clarence,
Denney, William F.,
Ferguson, Ed. L.,
Grannis, C. A.,
Hobbs, A. J.,
Hawley, Clark M.,

Hale, Charles H.,
Hurd, George A.,
Ives, James E.,
Judson, J. A.,
Kautenburger, S. M.,
Kilbourne, Ed. C.,
Milgate, William G.,
Miles, Don D.,
Miller, Fred. M.,
Neiswenter, W. H.,
Oates, W. C.,
Pierpont, Charles A.,
Pike, Charles,

Parks, John,
Reed, Fred. T.,
Rees, Frank H.,
Rice, William J.,
Roberts, C. A.,
Stuart, John T.,
Stickles, Charles T.,
Smith, J. M.,
Smollinger, William,
Wilson, Harry,
Woods, D. C.,
Ward, Charles H.,
Zimmers, Fred.

COMPANY'S BAND.

Sherman T. Wilcox, Leader.

Aspinwall, F.,
Barry, F. M.,
Brooks, W. E.,

Chambers, B. F.,
Dunn, W. H.,
Marsh, David,

Miller, C.
Tidd, W. L.,
Weston, W. H.

ARTHUR HUNTING MERRILL.

He was born in Castleton, Vermont, August 29th, 1851. He continued a resident of the Green Mountain State until he had attained his majority. It was in the University of Vermont, at Burlington, that he received his education—the education which, allied to his native strength of mind, fitted him so well for thinking clearly and for being so apt, with speech and pen, in setting forth his always philosophical views on vital questions, in all departments.

In the Summer of 1872, he came West to Chicago, where he remained for some time, fruitlessly seeking employment. While in the great city of the West, he was prostrated by a severe illness, from which he recovered, to find the gaunt figure of poverty staring at him with a hungry look. Scarcely able to perform physical labor, he obtained a position as an assistant at the Elgin Insane Asylum. Soon after, Mr. E. Dunning became acquainted with him, and secured his services as a teacher for the Adams School. Mr. Merrill continued in St. Charles for nearly a year, during which time he was employed in the capacity of assistant at the West Side School and in the performance of various other duties. From the Autumn of 1873 until the Spring of 1875, he taught the Cornton public school, and while performing his duties as a teacher, took a prominent part in the literary doings of the town. On the expiration of his engagement at Cornton, he came to St. Charles again, and went into the employ of the *Leader*, filling the position of assistant editor, and continued to discharge his duties as such until the middle of November, when he engaged to teach the Herrington School, west of Geneva. Early in 1876, he was tendered a position in the map business of Messrs. Everts & Co., of Philadelphia, and assigned to the historical department. In the Fall he again returned to this neighborhood and took an agency as a canvasser for Johnson's Cyclopedia. Since that time he has taught school, and been engaged in different pursuits. In November last, his services were obtained by Messrs. Le Baron, Jr., & Co., to write their history of Kane County. He had just completed this work and gone into Chicago to settle up, and to engage for new territory when he was taken sick. Mr. Clark, a fellow employe, engaged a room at the Hotel, procured the services of a physician, and a medical student was detailed to administer the medicine. But all of no avail; the Grim Summoner was beckoning to him from the land of the Hereafter. When he undertook his journey to Chicago, diphtheria had set in, and no agency could stop its fatal development. And on Friday afternoon, February 8th, at 4 o'clock, he breathed his last.

Although no relatives were with him in his last hours, to care for him with a relative's regard, a kind, considerate, noble man, Mr. E. E. Robinson, an employe of Le Baron & Co., was detailed to care for him, who attended him devotedly, until death made care no longer necessary.

Mr. Merrill was a man of noble, generous impulses; a clear, strong thinker, and brave in expressing his thoughts to the last degree. He was a man of immense will and great individuality. He impressed that individuality, to a great extent, upon his associates. He was a leader in the field of thought. Where he was best known, he was best loved. Arthur Merrill has left scores of good and true friends behind him, who will cherish his memory tenderly, lovingly, as long as life is left to them—friends who will embalm that memory in their hearts as a beautiful, evergreen, unfading flower.

H. N. WHEELER.

ERRATA.

The following sketches were too late for insertion in their respective townships:

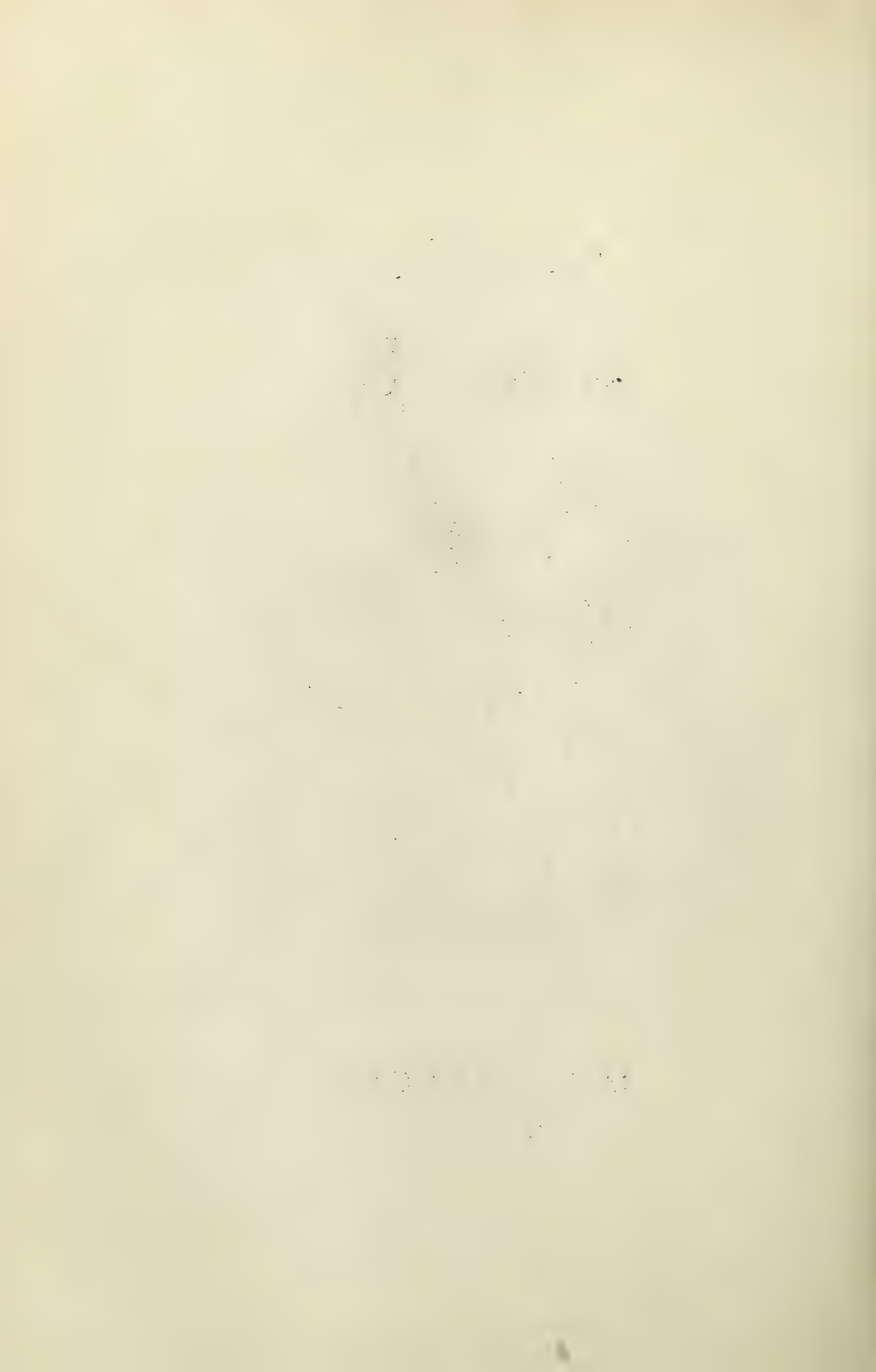
INGRAM, EVAN, farmer, Sec. 16; P. O. Big Rock; owns 120 acres of land, valued at \$60 per acre; Rep.; Cong.; born Feb. 1, 1828, in Montgomeryshire, Wales; married Elizabeth James, Sept. 29, 1852, in Utica, N. Y.; she was born April 7, 1825, in Montgomeryshire, Wales; had four children, three living—Margaret (now Mrs. Edwards), Edward and John T., all born in this township; Mrs. Ingram died Dec. 6, 1867; Mr. Ingram married his second wife, Ann P. Evans, June 17, 1876; she was born April 23, 1832, in Derbyshire, Wales; Mr. Ingram emigrated to the United States in June, 1851; lived in New York about eighteen months; thence to Kane Co., in November, 1852.

PIERCE, EDWARD, farmer, Sec. 34; P. O. Big Rock; Rep.; Cong.; owns 270 acres of land, worth \$50 per acre; born in Big Rock, June 30, 1836; married Mary, daughter of James J. and Susannah Davis; she was born in Ohio, May 30, 1847; came to this State with

her parents the same year; have three children living, the eldest, John J., being dead—Milo Martin and Millie Mary (twins), born Oct. 20, 1870; Susie, born Jan. 28, 1876; Mrs. Pierce received the first premium (\$100) at the State Fair, in Chicago, in 1865, for the best equestrianism, seven riders entering for the contest; she rode without saddle, using a plaid saddle-cloth instead; Mr. Pierce enlisted as a private, in 1861, in the 36th Ill. Vol. Inf., and served three years; re-enlisted as a veteran, and served fourteen months longer; was in the battles of Pea Ridge, Ark., Perryville, Stone River, Chickamauga and Mission Ridge; was in the campaign against Atlanta, also at the battles of Franklin and Nashville—in all, thirty battles; after the surrender of Lee, he went with the regiment to New Orleans; remained there until November, when the regiment was mustered out; held the office of Road Commissioner four years.



M. T. BARROWS
DUNDEE.



BIOGRAPHICAL DIRECTORY.

ABBREVIATIONS.

Adv.....	Adventist	fdry.....	foundry
agt.....	agent	gro.....	grocer
Bapt.....	Baptist	lab.....	laborer
bkpr.....	bookkeeper	Meth.....	Methodist
bwr.....	brewer	mfr.....	manufacturer
brklayr.....	bricklayer	mach.....	machinist
carp.....	carpenter	mkr.....	maker
Cath.....	Catholic	mech.....	mechanic
clk.....	clerk	mer.....	merchant
Ch.....	Church	min.....	minister
Co.....	Company or County	phot.....	photographer
com. mer.....	commission merchant	phys.....	physician
Cong.....	Congregational	Presb.....	Presbyterian
Dem.....	Democrat	pr.....	printer
dlr.....	dealer	ptr.....	painter
dgst.....	druggist	prop.....	proprietor
Episcopal.....	Episcopal	Rep.....	Republican
Evang.....	Evangelist	Rev.....	Reverend
Ind.....	Independent	sec.....	section or secretary
I. V. I.....	Illinois Volunteer Infantry	slsmn.....	salesman
I. V. C.....	Illinois Volunteer Cavalry	Spir.....	Spiritualist
I. V. A.....	Illinois Volunteer Artillery	supt.....	superintendent
far.....	farmer	treas.....	treasurer

GENEVA TOWNSHIP.

ANDERSON, JOHN, laborer; P. O. Geneva.

Anderson, Andrew, laborer; P. O. Geneva.

ARCHER, CHARLES, editor *Kane County Republican*; P. O. Geneva; born in Washington Co., N. Y., in 1838, remaining there until at the age of 13 years, and then to Troy, N. Y., where he was engaged in the printing business until 1871; came West and settled in Kane Co., at Geneva, and started the *Kane County Republican*, in 1871; was in the late war, enlisted in the 123d N. Y. Inf., Second Lieutenant in Co. G, for three years' service; was under Gens. Slocum and Burnside, participated in a number of battles—Fredericksburg, Maryland Heights, etc.

Adams, A. W., railroad clerk, P. O. Geneva.

Abbott, Allison, P. O. Geneva.

Atwater, J. B., theatrical actor, P. O. Geneva.

Alexander, Julius, P. O. Geneva.

Alsbaugh, John; P. O. Geneva.

ALLEN, S. F., Sec 9; P. O. Geneva; farmer and mechanic; born in Vermont, in 1823; left there, when quite young, for New York, where he remained for 18 years; was engaged in farming; thence to Lockport, N. Y., where he was engaged in building locomotives for the Lockport & Niagara Falls Railroad; had charge of Niagara Falls & New York Central Railroad Shops, at Niagara Falls; also had charge of the Rock Island & Pacific Railroad Shops, at Chicago; thence engaged in building stationary engines, at Chicago; thence to Kane Co., in 1874; purchased a farm of 70 acres, valued at \$100 per acre; Republican; married Miss Lavena Cass, of England, daughter of Bela Cass; three children—Lettie, Lillie and Samuel.

Anderson, L. August, lab.; P. O. Geneva.

Abbott, T. D., farmer; P. O. Geneva.

BURDICK, HENRY, farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Beecher, A. D., artist; P. O. Geneva.

Bassett, Geo. E.; P. O. Batavia.

Burr, Horace; P. O. Geneva.

Burdick, Theo., farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Brooks, Thomas, farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Boyes, Benjamin, mer.; P. O. Geneva.

BENNETT, HENRY L., flour merchant, of the firm of Bennett Bros. & Coe; P. O. Geneva; born in Broome Co., N. Y., 1826; resided there until he was at the age of 25; came West and settled in Kendall Co., Ill.; made the first flour in that county, also built the first flour-mill in Sandwich, Ill.; Rep.; Universalist; married Miss Helen E. Bliss, of New York, daughter of David J. Bliss; born in 1827; four children—Alice J., Isabel, George H., Fred E.; father, Stephen Bennett; mother, Rhoda Green, both of New York.

Baker, A. B., farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Brown, W. J., attorney; P. O. Geneva.

Bowen, John, laborer; P. O. Geneva.

Barton, Elias, shoemaker; P. O. Geneva.

Bradley, E. S.; P. O. Geneva.

Burrows, Reuben; P. O. Geneva.

BENNETT, CHARLES D., flour merchant, of the firm of Messrs. Bennett Bros. & Coe; P. O. Geneva; was born in Sangerfield, N. Y., April 23, 1819; left there, when young, for Broome Co., N. Y.; remained there until at the age of 20; thence back to Sangerfield; thence West to Sycamore, Ill.; there four and a half years, in the drug business; thence to Geneva, Kane Co., in 1865; Ind. in politics; Universalist; married twice—first wife, Miss Sophia M. Burch, died in 1859; second wife, Miss Mary J. Connor, of Maine; three children, two by first wife and one by second—Elizabeth, Ella and Charles W.

Blacksmith, Adam; P. O. Geneva.

Booth, S., farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Beckman, John, farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Baker, Sarah; P. O. Geneva.

Bassett, Edward, clerk; P. O. Geneva.

Beers, C. H., capitalist; P. O. Geneva.

Brown, Malvina, boarding house; P. O. Geneva.

Baker, L. A., Machinist; P. O. Geneva.

Belden, Horace, insurance; P. O. Geneva.

Burr, H. S., carpenter; P. O. Geneva.

Burr, H. B., farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Burr, Geo. S., stock dealer; P. O. Geneva.

BASSETT, A. J., agent Chicago & Northwestern Railroad; P. O. Geneva; born in Tompkins Co., N. Y., in 1840; came West and settled in Kane Co. in 1842; has been in the employ of the C. & N. W. R. R. since 1863; has been clerk in freight and Auditor's office at Chicago; was appointed Agent at Geneva in 1872; married Miss Delia Flanders, of Illinois, in 1862; one child, Walter T., born in 1876; his father was George Bassett, of New York; came to Kane Co. in 1842; was in the employ of the C. & N. W. R. R. 22 years as Superintendent of Buildings; died in 1875; mother, Harriet Humes, of New York; died in 1871.

Burton, Benj. miller; P. O. Geneva.

Beebe, E. H., capitalist; P. O. Geneva.

Burton, Jno., miller, P. O. Geneva.

BRADLEY, EBENEZER C., farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. Batavia; born in Stockbridge, Mass., in 1796; when young, moved to Lee, Mass., remaining there until 1846, engaged in farming; was Deacon in Congregational Church for thirteen years; also, has held same office at Batavia for thirty years; came to Kane Co. and settled on the farm that he now lives on, in 1846; his father, Stephen Bradley, of Massachusetts, lived to be about 83 years old. When Mr. Bradley first came to Kane Co., Chicago had a population of 14,000, and there was no railroad in this section of the country; married Abigail Sturges, of Massachusetts; had twelve children, eight living—Charles, William, Ebenezer, James, Henry, Harriet, Amelia, Josephine; four dead. His two sons, Ebenezer and James, were in the late war, 124th I. V. I., in Capt. Mann's company; enlisted for three years; Ebenezer was detailed to go on a steamer running up the Yazoo River; on account of sickness, was honorably discharged. James was in the battle Vicksburg, and other battles, with the 124th; at the end of the war, was honorably discharged. James is now living at Ames, Iowa. Ebenezer owns a farm of 113 acres, in Kane Co., valued at \$65 per acre.

Bunker, Edward, carp.; P. O. Geneva.

Blackman, F. H., phys.; P. O. Geneva.

Bates, Frank, laborer; P. O. Geneva.

BURTON, W. J., proprietor Geneva Flour Mills; born in Kane Co., Ill., 1838; Rep.; Cong.; he commenced the flour mill in 1871; mill has six run of stone, and operated with an estimated capacity of turning out 100 barrels of flour per day; manufactures extensively for the trade, supplying largely the cities and villages around Geneva.

Breesman, O. B., P. O. Geneva.

Brockmire, Sophia, P. O. Geneva.

Britt, Betsey, P. O. Geneva.

CONANT, WM., farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Carter, Fred., shoemaker; P. O. Geneva.

Chambers, Jno. J., carp.; P. O. Geneva.

Crotty, Jas., gardener; P. O. Geneva.

COE, JOEL L., flour mer., of the firm of Bennett Bros. & Coe, millers; P. O. Geneva; born in West Granville, Mass., 1830; resided there until he was 18 years old; came west to Illinois and settled in Lee Co. in 1852; was in the late war as First Lieut in the 46th I. V. I., Co. D; was in the battles of Fort Donelson, Shiloh and Pittsburg Landing; was under Gen. Veatch; resigned in the Fall of 1863. Rep.; Cong.; married Alice E. Pratt, of New York, daughter of Austin M. Pratt, born in 1834; married in 1856; has two boys, Burtis E. and Percie A. His father, Ethen Coe, born in Massachusetts in 1794, married Emma E. Robinson, born in 1806; died in 1844.

Clancy, Thos., laborer; P. O. Geneva

Caven, Jas., laborer; P. O. Geneva.

Colby, J. D., P. O. Geneva.

Clark, Polly, P. O. Geneva.

Cannon, Dan., laborer; P. O. Geneva.

CURTIS, S. W., coal, lumber and grain mer.; P. O. Geneva; born in New York in 1816; lived in Georgia fifteen years; came to Kane Co. in 1849; married Miss Emma Morgan, of Massachusetts, in 1836, born in 1816; four children, Charlotte, Catharine, E. Elbert and Emma. E. Elbert was in the late war, belonging to the 52d I. V. I., Co. D; enlisted in 1861, and, after serving three years of faithful duty, was honorably discharged in 1864; was with Sherman's march to the sea and to Washington.

Castner, W. W., laborer; P. O. Geneva.

Curtis, E. E., coal & lumber; P. O. Geneva.

Clark, T. J., carpenter; P. O. Geneva.

Carpenter, Catharine, P. O. Geneva.

DERRICK, WILLIAM, farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Derrick, Benj., farmer; P. O. Geneva.

DODSON, Capt. C. B., capitalist; P. O. Geneva; born June 15, 1809; is the oldest settler living in Kane Co.; came and settled near Batavia in the Spring of 1834; came West and purchased land in Michigan in 1833; was at Chicago during the convention of the United States, purchasing the land from the Indians; the Pottawattomie Indians were removed to Council Bluffs and Kansas in 1835-37 by Capt. D., under contract from the Government, and many interesting incidents are related by him in connection with the transplanting of these Indians; their war chief was Waubansie. The first store and saw-mill was built by Capt. D., in 1834, at Clybournville, one mile south of Batavia; was elected President of the Old Settlers' Meeting, 1871; through the influence of Capt. D., the name of Geneva was adopted for the name of the town in 1836; married Harriet Warren; five children—Charles H., Julius, Robert, Warren and Mamie.

Dibolt, Ulick.

Danielson, John, laborer; P. O. Geneva.

Danielson, John, 2d, lab.; P. O. Geneva.

Danielson, Mrs. Betsey, P. O. Geneva.

DUTTON, C. P., Circuit Clerk and Recorder; P. O. Geneva; born in Wyoming Co., N. Y., Dec. 1, 1840; was in the late war three years; belonged to the 136th N. Y. Vol. Inf., Co. H; was in the battles of Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, Look Out Mountain, and with Gen. Sherman's march to the sea and back to Washington; was in the Pennsylvania oil regions a year and a half, thence West to Kane Co. in 1867, thence back to Pennsylvania and returned to Kane Co. in 1868; was elected Circuit Clerk and Recorder in November, 1876, running ahead of the regular ticket by a majority of over 300; Rep.; married Miss Agnes A. Titus, daughter of Wm. M. Titus, of Aurora, Jan. 21, 1873; born May 28, 1854; three children—Willie Earl, Cortes Lee, and Roy Arthur.

Danford, Eben, farmer; P. O. Geneva.
 Dunlap, Robt., laborer; P. O. Geneva.
 Drahms, Fred., machinist; P. O. Geneva.
 Dodson, Charles, clerk, P. O. Geneva.

EDDOWS, E. A., minister; P. O. Geneva.

EDDOWES, J. K., druggist; P. O. Geneva; born in New Castle Co., Del., in 1822; remained there until 17 years old; thence to St. Louis, Mo.; thence to Savannah, Ill., in the mercantile business, thence to Galena, Jo Daviess Co., Ill., 1840; there until 1863; thence to Chicago; thence to Savannah in the drug business; came to Geneva and commenced the drug business in 1871; owns store; carries stock valued at \$5,000; Rep.; Unitarian.

Everts, James S., farmer; P. O. Geneva.

EVERTS, SAMUEL C., farmer; Sec. 6; P. O. Geneva; born in Massachusetts July 15, 1805; at the age of 27 years he moved to New York, remaining there about seventeen years, engaged in farming; thence West to Kane Co., Ill., and purchased place that he now lives on in 1853; owns farm of 84 acres, valued at \$85 per acre; has held office as Township Assessor, also Road Commissioner, which office he has held for 24 years; Rep.; Cong.; married three times; first wife, Ruth Barrett, daughter of Col. Barrett, of Massachusetts; died in 1856; second wife, Lucinda Buck, of Illinois; died June 6, 1860; third wife, Lucretia Hinkley, daughter of Joel Hinkley, of Vermont; born Aug. 3, 1816; three children—Lewis H., born 1836; engaged in the publishing business, office 714 Filbert St., Philadelphia; James S., born 1844; Edward A., born in 1858.

Ellis, J. B., farmer; P. O. Geneva.

ELLIS, JOHN, farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Geneva; born in Tioga Co., N. Y., in 1809; remained there until 1854, engaged in farming; came West and settled on farm that he now lives on, which consists of 210 acres, valued at \$100 per acre, in 1854; Dem.; Meth.; was worth about \$7,000 when he first came to Kane Co.; married Miss A. L. Wright, of New York, in 1830; one child—Mary Elizabeth, now married to Samuel C. Fritz, living on the same farm of 210 acres, with Mr. Ellis.

FRITTS, S. C., far.; P. O. Geneva.

Frydendall, Hicks.

Fealey, Michael, laborer; P. O. Geneva.

Frazier, W. J., farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Frazier, David, farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Frazier, Andrew, farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Ferris, John M., laborer; P. O. Geneva.

Finley, George, farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Ferson, Henry, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Finley, R., farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Ford, H. L., cheese factory; P. O. Geneva.

Foley, J. W., baker; P. O. Geneva.

GERMAN, LYMAN, farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Gilbert, P. C., farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Gilman, Mary E., teacher; P. O. Geneva.

Green, John, clerk; P. O. Geneva.

GULLY, DR. JOHN B., P. O.

Geneva; born in Clifton, Bristol, Eng., Oct. 20, 1816; he is, on his mother's side, great-grandson of Lord Bath, and nephew of Dr. J. M. Gully, of Malvern, Eng.; Dr. G.'s education commenced in his native city, under his parents' supervision, but, owing to reverse of fortune involving an entire loss of property, he was thrown, at an early age, on his own resources. Making choice of medicine as his profession, he commenced the study at Bristol and continued it in London and other cities; in 1847, he emigrated to America, and placing himself under the instructions of Dr. Nichols, he graduated in 1850, in the first Hydropathic College of New York; at a later date he graduated from the Hygienic Therapeutic College at same place; desiring to extend the hydropathic system, he came West, where he opened and conducted successfully water cures in Michigan, Indiana, Illinois and Wisconsin; eager to avail himself of every possible aid in the practice of his profession, he was led to investigate the principles and philosophy of homœopathy; finding the system of a scientific truth, he commenced its practice, and has never wearied in disseminating its doctrines. Dr. Gully matriculated at Hahnemann Medical College, Chicago; has been a member of the Illinois State Homœopathic Medical Association for the last eleven years; at one time was 2d Vice President.

Grinnell, C. H., farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Gooley, John, laborer; P. O. Geneva.
 Gullaver, Margaret E., P. O. Geneva.
 Gilbert, P. F., farmer; P. O. Geneva.
 Graves, Rebecca, P. O. Geneva.

HANSEL, FRED., farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Hathaway, D. R., farmer; P. O. Geneva.
 Hollister, Emery, farmer; P. O. Geneva.
 Hester, George, farmer; P. O. Geneva.
 Howarth, William.

HOWELL, WM. H., foundry; born in Ithaca, Tompkins Co., N. Y., Dec. 23, 1828; came to Geneva, Kane Co., in 1854; commenced the foundry business with a capital of \$10 in 1862; to-day Mr. Howell is occupying buildings by him erected, at a cost of \$18,000, and is doing a large business in castings and manufacturing his own wares; these shops have turned out for the year 1877, 48,000 Geneva hand fluters, Howell & Turner, inventors and proprietors; 400 tons smoothing irons, besides extensively engaged in turning out pumps and wind-mill castings; about 45 men are constantly employed, their monthly wages amounting to \$2,000; married Miss Hannah Nickerson; four children—Charles A., Irvin L., Dr. Franklin and Ella D.

Herbert, Rev., minister; P. O. Geneva.

Herrington, Charity, P. O. Geneva.

Hart, R. B., laborer; P. O. Geneva.

HERRINGTON, AUGUSTUS

M., atty. at law, Chicago; P. O. Geneva; born in Pennsylvania in 1823; Dem.; Episcopalian; came to Kane Co. in 1835 with his father, James Herrington, who was born in Pennsylvania May 18, 1798; made purchase of the D. S. Haight claim, settling with his family on same in the Spring of 1835; at that time the place was known as Herrington's Ford; in the year 1835, a post office was established in the residence of James Herrington, he being the postmaster, and designated as La Fox Post Office; the first store in the village was kept by James Herrington, who died in Geneva in 1839; Augustus M. married Emily Cook, of Erie Co., N. Y.; two children—Frank C. and Virginia F.; has three brothers—Nathan, James, member of the Legislature from Kane Co., and Alford, formerly Postmaster at Geneva.

Howard, W. H. M., phys.; P. O. Geneva.

Howard, J. J., mason; P. O. Geneva.

Howell, S. H., laborer; P. O. Geneva.

Hight, John, wagons; P. O. Geneva.

Hummel, C.

Hummel, C. L.

Howell, Valentine, mach., P. O. Geneva.

Hester, Jacob, farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Huntley, M. H., machinist; P. O. Geneva.

Humphrey, E. R., mer.; P. O. Geneva.

Hoyt, P. D., merchant; P. O. Geneva.

Hepworth, John, farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Hards, J. T., miller; P. O. Geneva.

HAWKINS, HENRY C., farmer; Sec. 5; P. O. Geneva; born in Berkshire Co., Mass., in 1819; remained there until 14 years old; then to New York in company with a brother engaged in farming and mercantile business; thence west to Kane Co. in 1844, and settled near the place he now lives on; when he first came to the county there was no railroad, and on the road from here to Chicago there were twenty-five taverns; was worth about \$100 when he first came to the county; to-day he owns a farm of 168 acres, valued at \$100 per acre; with hard labor and good management, is to-day one of the successful farmers of Kane Co.; Rep.; Cong.; married Miss Charlotte Pelton, of New York; seven children—Henry W., born 1854; Lula, born 1864; Eddie W., born 1866; Annie L., born 1868; Ralph G., born 1871; Mary K., born 1873; Sophia, born 1875.

Herrington, James, far.; P. O. Geneva.

Hollister, G. L., farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Howard, D. H., laborer; P. O. Geneva.

Humphrey, Russell, far.; P. O. Geneva.

Hight, D. G., laborer; P. O. Geneva.

Hards, James, miller; P. O. Geneva.

Herrington, Mrs. E., P. O. Geneva.

Howard, Mary, P. O. Geneva.

Hight, Wm., wagon maker, P. O. Geneva.

HAWKINS, H. W., far.; Sec. 6; P. O. Geneva; born in Kane Co., Ill., Oct 20, 1854; farming 105 acres; married Miss Kate N. Warford, daughter of Henry Warford; she was born Feb. 8, 1855; married Feb. 24, 1876.

Hight, C. R., wagon maker; P. O. Geneva.

JONES, OTIS, farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Johnson, Peter, lab.; P. O. Geneva.

Jones, Sarah, millinery; P. O. Geneva.

Johnson, Elias, laborer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Jackson, Peter, laborer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Joslyn, A. J., wagons ; P. O. Geneva.
 Joy, Samuel, farmer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Jones, Theron, farmer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Jones, John, farmer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Jarvis, Mary P., P. O. Geneva.
 Johnson, Gust., laborer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Johnson, Nelson, laborer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Jackson, M., laborer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Johnson, Andrew, laborer ; P. O. Geneva.
KAUTZ, MICHAEL, farmer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Kirk, Frank, P. O. Geneva.
 Krum, Simon, merchant ; P. O. Geneva.
 Kelley, T. W., miller ; P. O. Geneva.
 Kendall, J. N., loans ; P. O. Geneva.
 Karney, Peter, laborer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Kessler, J. J., Postmaster ; P. O. Geneva.
 Kautz, Martin, farmer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Kautz, Jacob, farmer ; P. O. Geneva.
 King, Tuthill, hardware ; P. O. Geneva.
 Kent, Susan, P. O. Geneva.
 Kelley, Mrs. J. J., P. O. Geneva.
LEWIS, CHAS. R., farmer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Lay, Nelson, P. O. Geneva.
 Lowery, C. G., carpenter ; P. O. Geneva.
 Long, E. H., merchant ; P. O. Geneva.
 Lucy, Dennis, laborer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Landen, Jno., carpenter ; P. O. Geneva.
 Lindholm, Jno., laborer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Lecander, Jno., laborer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Long, Robt., Jr., carp. ; P. O. Geneva.
 Lester, Robt., mason ; P. O. Geneva.
 Lennartz, Frank, P. O. Geneva.
 Lang, Wm., laborer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Lofborn, N. O., wagons ; P. O. Geneva.
 Landers, A. M., carp. ; P. O. Geneva.
 Lance, J. C., merchant ; P. O. Geneva.
 Landberg, G. P., bl'ksmith ; P. O. Geneva.
 Larrabee, Wm. M., P. O. Geneva.
 Landers, John, harnessmkr. ; P. O. Geneva.
 Long, Robt., Sr., merchant ; P. O. Geneva.
 Lind, Charles, laborer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Linn, Peter, laborer ; P. O. Geneva.
MATTOON, HENRY, farmer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Masterson, Ed., laborer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Mungerson, Andrew, lab. ; P. O. Geneva.
 Miller, J. B., miller ; P. O. Geneva.
 Moore, A. B., P. O. Geneva.
 Millard, Chas., painter ; P. O. Geneva.
 Martin, David, furniture ; P. O. Geneva.
 Morse, A., farmer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Morron, E. S., farmer ; P. O. Geneva.

MIXER, CHAS. S., Sheriff of Kane Co. ; born in New Hampshire, March 15, 1824 ; remained there until 21 years old, thence to Boston, Mass., where he was engaged in the hide and leather business ; went to Michigan, steamboating on the Kalamazoo River, building the first steamboat on that river ; lived in Chicago about five years, engaged in pork packing and steamboating ; thence to Elgin, in the Fall of 1869 ; was elected County Sheriff in 1876 ; Rep. ; married Julia Smith, of New York ; one child, Cora L., born in 1857.

MAYBORNE, MAJ. J. H., lawyer ; P. O. Geneva ; was born in Dover, England, in 1822 ; with his father and mother he emigrated to America in 1825, and landed in New York City, remaining in the State until 1846, engaged in farming and studying law ; he came west to Chicago, where he remained until 1848, and thence to Geneva, where he has been in the practice of law ; was engaged in the late war, from 1863 to 1866, as Paymaster, headquarters at St. Louis, Mo. Mr. Mayborne is one of the oldest attorneys in Kane Co., and whose experience covers a period thirty years in Kane Co. ; probably he is one of the best known lawyers in the State, whose ability and knowledge of the law are of a high order ; he is one of the best educated attorneys, and has held many important and responsible public offices ; was elected Senator from this district, in 1876, for four years, by the Republican party. Maj. Mayborne was a delegate to the Republican Convention, at Aurora, in 1854, which was the first Republican Convention held in the United States ; is a member of the Republican Central Committee of Kane Co. ; was elected Supervisor in 1872, which office he still fills.

Milan, Michael, P. O. Geneva.
 Middleton, Thos., tailor ; P. O. Geneva.
 McBreen, Philip, laborer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Myers, Jno., laborer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Martin, C. D., clerk ; P. O. Geneva.
 Morron, Lavina, P. O. Geneva.
 Merrian, S. S., trav'g man ; P. O. Geneva.
 McIntosh, Peter, farmer ; P. O. Geneva.
 Milton, Rev., minister ; P. O. Geneva.
 Mattoon, Chauncey, far. ; P. O. Geneva.

MANN, CHAS. E., County School Superintendent; P. O. Geneva; born in New York, Sept. 22, 1844; left New York when quite young, with his father and mother, for the West; settled in Peoria Co., Ill., where he lost his mother, sister and two brothers, who died with the cholera in 1849; thence back to New York, remaining there five years, farming; thence back to Illinois, to DuPage Co., living there twenty years, farming; thence to St. Charles, Kane Co.; was elected County School Superintendent in the Fall of 1873; has now the nomination, by both Republicans and Democrats, for re-election to same office. Married Miss S. E. Landon, of Bloomington, DuPage Co., Ill.; two children, Estelle, born in December, 1871, and Clyde, born in September, 1873.

McWAYNE, ANDREW, livery and feed stable; born in New York in 1825; came west to Kane Co. in March, 1844, and commenced the miller's trade, which business he has followed for twenty-five years; started a livery in 1868; was appointed Postmaster of Geneva by President Johnson, in 1867; holds the office of Justice of the Peace, which office he has faithfully held since 1863; Rep.; married Miss Arvela Scott, of New York; five children, three dead and two living: Albert, now engaged in the drug business in the Sandwich Islands, and Wilber.

MOOK, WM. F., farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. Batavia; born in Ohio, Dec. 13, 1847; remained there till at the age of 27, thence to Michigan to school for one year; thence to Kane Co., Sugar Grove Tp., farming; thence to Kendall Co., farming and teaching school; back to Kane Co., near Batavia, on farm; owns a farm of eighty acres of fine land, known as the Premium Farm of Kane Co., and valued at \$75 per acre; married Miss Eva A. Todd, of Illinois, born April 18, 1857, daughter of Albert G. Todd, born in Washington Co., Vt., in 1824.

Marks, T. J., farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Mulroy, Michael, laborer; P. O. Geneva.

McElwane, Jane, P. O. Geneva.

Munson, Martin, laborer; P. O. Geneva.

NELSON, SAMUEL, board of trade; P. O. Geneva.

Nias, T. laborer; P. O. Geneva.

Nelson, Nels, laborer; P. O. Geneva.

Noayrd, B. M., laborer; P. O. Geneva.

Naphen, Michael, laborer; P. O. Geneva.

Nelson, Samuel, Jr., clerk; P. O. Geneva.

Naven, Michael, laborer; P. O. Geneva.

Nickerson, Sarah, P. O. Geneva.

OLESON, PETER, laborer; P. O. Geneva.

Oleson, Otto, miller; P. O. Geneva.

ORMSBEE, WM. W., dentist, of the firm of Ormsbee & Hoyt, drug and book store, hotel block; P. O. Geneva. was born in Addison Co., Vt., in 1832; there 13 years; thence to Rutland, Vt., three years; thence to Brandon, five years; commenced the study of dentistry with Dr. Brockway, of Middlebury, Vt., in 1853; commenced the practice of dentistry in 1855 at Brandon, Vt.; came to Kane Co., Ill., in 1859; Rep.; Unitarian.

Ott, J. P., laborer; P. O. Geneva.

O'Brien, John, laborer; P. O. Geneva.

PETERSON, JOHN, merchant; P. O. Geneva.

Porter, Wm., butcher; P. O. Geneva.

Peterson, C. S., shoemaker; P. O. Geneva.

Patten, George D., P. O. Geneva.

Peterson, S. J., tailor; P. O. Geneva.

PECK, ELI, farmer; Secs. 7, 8 and 18; P. O. Geneva; born in Bennington Co., Vt., in 1816; remained there until 1843, engaged in farming and sheep raising; started for the West in a two-horse wagon, his father and friends advising him not to go; he got as far as New York, where one of his horses died, and not having enough money to purchase, he sold his wagon and remaining horse; started then by water; arrived in Kane Co. in 1843, and settled near the place he now lives on; when he first came to Kane Co. he was worth about \$500; but to-day, with hard labor, good management and industry, is one of the wealthiest farmers of Kane Co.; owns 770 acres of fine land, worth \$65 per acre; after Mr. P. was settled, his father came West and made him a visit; was astonished to see such a fine country; Rep.; married Miss G. Sherman, daughter of E. Sherman, of Vermont; eight children.

Patten, Charles, merchant; P. O. Geneva.

Peterson, A. P., laborer; P. O. Geneva.

Plate, E. S., clerk; P. O. Geneva.

Pierce, H. B., clerk ; P. O. Geneva.

Payne, Charles, laborer ; P. O. Geneva.

Pease, W. H., Justice ; P. O. Geneva.

PEMBLETON, S. S., far.; Sec. 6 ;
P. O. Geneva ; born in New York Oct.
1, 1846 ; purchased place that he now
lives on, which consists of 120 acres,
valued at \$75 per acre, in 1872 ; came
West and settled on place in 1874 ;
Dem. ; Meth. ; married Miss E. J. Wool-
ston, of Geneva, Ill. ; one child—Chas.
W., born Oct. 22, 1873.

Pierce, George K., far. ; P. O. Geneva.

Pratt, Ezekiel, P. O. Geneva.

Poor, T. W., laborer ; P. O. Geneva.

Peterson, Theo., shoemaker ; P. O. Geneva.

Peterson, P. M., laborer ; P. O. Geneva.

Pennock, Abby, P. O. Geneva.

QUINN, JAMES, lab. ; P. O. Geneva.

REYNOLDS, L. B., farmer ; P. O.
Geneva.

Rich, T. C., butcher ; P. O. Geneva.

Rogers, George R., carp. ; P. O. Geneva.

Rich, Mrs. E. C., P. O. Geneva.

Rogers, William, Jr., lab. ; P. O. Geneva.

Rich, Otis N., miller ; P. O. Geneva.

Rogers, Wm., Sr., shoemkr. ; P. O. Geneva.

Rich, George H., carp. ; P. O. Geneva.

Rankin, A. A., P. O. Geneva.

Rathbone, James, P. O. Geneva.

Rydsjo, John, wagons ; P. O. Geneva.

Rystrom, Andrew, wagons ; P. O. Geneva.

Riblett, George, laborer ; P. O. Geneva.

Robinson, J. C., P. O. Geneva.

Redfield, J. B., farmer ; P. O. Geneva.

Rich, Martha, P. O. Geneva.

Reed, John, P. O. Geneva.

Rogers, John, P. O. Geneva.

SCOTT, H. A., clerk ; P. O. Geneva.

Salsberry, David.

Smith, Michael, farmer ; P. O. Geneva.

Schonck, Martin, farmer ; P. O. Geneva.

Smith, D. A., farmer ; P. O. Geneva.

Spencer, George.

Schies, Michael, farmer ; P. O. Geneva.

Swanson, Peter A., laborer ; P. O. Geneva.

Shuberge, Anna, P. O. Geneva.

Swanson, Aug., laborer ; P. O. Geneva.

Schultz, O. F., P. O. Geneva.

SHERWIN, JOHN C., County
Clerk ; P. O. Geneva.

Swanson, Charles, lab. ; P. O. Geneva.

Sundholm, Frank, laborer ; P. O. Geneva.

Swanson, John, laborer ; P. O. Geneva.

Swanson, C., laborer ; P. O. Geneva.

Searls, H. W., laborer ; P. O. Geneva.

Steves, L. F., carpenter ; P. O. Geneva.

Swanson, Solomon, lab. ; P. O. Geneva.

Sladden, S. P., merchant ; P. O. Geneva.

Scott, Thomas A., P. O. Geneva.

Stewart, H. L., carpenter ; P. O. Geneva.

Sackett, George A., P. O. Geneva.

Schones, Michael, mason ; P. O. Geneva.

Scott, Geo., mason ; P. O. Geneva.

Stevens, Mrs. M. E., P. O. Geneva.

Smith, Lew., P. O. Geneva.

Sibley, S., P. O. Geneva.

Smith, Mary, P. O. Geneva.

TOWNER, B. F., com. mer. ; P. O.
Geneva.

Terrell, A. C., barber ; P. O. Geneva.

Turner, Nelson, laborer ; P. O. Geneva.

Tinsley, Ed., butcher ; P. O. Geneva.

Todd, A. G.

Tuttle, H. S., tinner ; P. O. Geneva.

TURNER, W. D., inventor of the
Geneva Hand Fluter, manfd. by Howell
& Turner ; turned out for the year 1877,
48,000 ; P. O. Geneva.

Thornton, Milton, P. O. Geneva.

Thompson, Geo., gardener ; P. O. Geneva.

Towne, E. S., farmer ; P. O. Geneva.

Towne, D. K., farmer ; P. O. Geneva.

Ticknor, J. H., glove mkr. ; P. O. Geneva.

UPDIKE, LEVI, farmer ; P. O.
Geneva.

Ypdike, Johnson, farmer ; P. O. Geneva.

Utter Bros., merchants ; P. O. Batavia.

VANNERT, JNO., laborer ; P. O.
Geneva.

Vermelyer, Geo.

WATKINS, MRS. M. L., P. O.
Geneva.

Wheeler, Mrs. L. M., P. O. Geneva.

Wilson, I. G., attorney ; P. O. Geneva.

Winslow, John, P. O. Geneva.

Webster, Mrs. A., P. O. Geneva.

Wicoff, J. S., farmer ; P. O. Geneva.

Webber, John.

Wheeler, Michael, laborer ; P. O. Geneva.

White, A. L., mail agent ; P. O. Geneva.

Wells, C. B., attorney ; P. O. Geneva.

Ward, P. F., & Bro., abstract office ; P. O.
Geneva.

WEBSTER, W. H., Prop. Union
Hotel, \$2.00 per day ; P. O. Geneva.
Born in Geneva, Ill., in 1847 ; com-
menced the hotel business in 1877 ;
Dem. ; married Miss Addie Whitlock,
of N. Y.

WARFORD, WILLIAM, farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Geneva; born in Somersetshire, Eng., Aug. 1, 1815. Came to America, and landed in New York in 1836; remained there about ten years; thence west, to Kane Co., Ill.; first settled at St. Charles, where he purchased a farm of forty acres, at \$5 per acre; sold, and moved on the farm he now lives on in 1850; owns eighty acres of land, value, \$100 per acre. When he first came to the Co. he owned forty acres of land and \$5 in cash, but with good management and hard labor, is in good circumstances. Liberal in politics; Cong. Married Miss Mary Scripture, daughter of E. S. Scripture, of Mass.; she was born in N. Y., Oct. 1, 1826; married in 1845; four children: Albert Spencer, born Oct. 5, 1848; John Henry, Jan. 14, 1852; two dead, William E. and babe.

Written, Anna, P. O. Geneva.

West, A. P., attorney; P. O. Geneva.

Whaley, Johnson, P. O. Geneva.

Wakefield, William, carp.; P. O. Geneva.

Warford, Henry, farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Woolston, Jos., farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Woolston, C. W., farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Warren, J. Frank, mer.; P. O. Geneva.

Webster, W. G., livery; P. O. Geneva.

West, W. R., farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Wardsworth, Jason, trav. man; P. O. Geneva.

WEBSTER, FRANK, Prop. of the "Domestic" Livery and Feed Stables; P. O. Geneva. Was born in Geneva, Kane Co., Ill., Sept. 12, 1849; commenced the livery business in 1871; Dem. His father, W. G. Webster, was born in Jefferson Co., N. Y., in 1811; came to Kane Co. in 1840.

Wilcox, W., farmer; P. O. Geneva.

White, J. K., farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Worsley, Abigail, P. O. Geneva.

White, K. T., P. O. Geneva.

WARD, P. F. (of P. F. Ward & Bro.), abstract of titles; P. O. Geneva. Born in Hampden Co., Mass., in 1826; came west, to Kane Co., in company with his father, Calvin Ward, in 1835; first settled at St. Charles, clerking in stores at St. Charles, Geneva, Elgin and Chicago, from 1835 to 1857, then entered office with P. R. Wright, Circuit Clerk and Recorder; remained there for eight years. Purchased abstract books of P. R. Wright in 1863; Fall of 1864, was elected to office of Circuit Clerk and Recorder, which office he faithfully filled for four years; since then he has been in the Kane Co. Abstract Office. Rep.

Wilson, F. I., clerk; P. O. Geneva.

Weger, Fred, farmer; P. O. Geneva.

Worsley, Timothy, mer.; P. O. Geneva.

YATES, B. C., detective; P. O. Geneva.

HAMPSHIRE TOWNSHIP.

A LLEN, JNO., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

ALLEN, DAVID, farmer; Sec. 35; born Oct. 18, 1835, in this county; Lib. Rep.; owns eighty acres of land, valued at \$50 per acre; married, Feb. 21, 1867, to Miss Caroline L. Coon, of this county; she was born May 15, 1839; have four children—Chloe E., born June 15, 1868; Hattie M., born Nov. 9, 1870; Charles A., born Feb. 20, 1872; Lizzie A., born May 13, 1875. Mr. Allen was a member of Co. A, 7th I. V. I., three months; served two years in Co. K, 52d I. V. I.; also, about two years in Co. H, 15th I. V. C.

Allen, J. A., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Allen, H. J., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Aurand, A., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Avery, W., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Allen, Betsey, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Amaden, E. C., P. O. Hampshire.

Axtel, E. M., P. O. Harmony.

Allen, H. H., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

B INNER, C., P. O. Dundee.

Buzzell, A., far.; P. O. Hampshire.

Buzzell, D. D., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Briggs, J. E., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Blazier, Jno., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Bates, S. G., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Berner, C., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Blazier, Henry, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Beatie, Daniel, farmer ; P. O. Hampshire.
 Bell, H. G., P. O. Sycamore.
 Bell, F. P., P. O. Kingston.

Bell, J. F., farmer ; P. O. Hampshire.

Babcock, C. E., farmer ; P. O. Hampshire.

BEAN, J. W., far. ; Sec. 10 ; born at Wilnot, N. H., March 31 1822 ; came to this county in October, 1854 ; Rep. ; Meth. Episcopal ; owns 160 acres of land, valued at \$60 per acre ; married, Sept. 25, 1851, to Miss Elizabeth S. Fifield, of Salisbury, N. H., born Aug. 21, 1823 ; five children—Byron M., born Sept. 21, 1852 ; Cyrus P., born Feb. 15, 1857 ; Lizzie E., born Dec. 17, 1859 ; George H., born March 11, 1863 ; Ernest H., born July 22, 1866.

Brown, D. C., farmer ; P. O. Hampshire.

Boyer, Jno., P. O. Hampshire.

Baldwin, Silas, farmer ; P. O. Hampshire.

Brown & Carlisle, fars. ; P. O. Hampshire.

Bean, B. M., laborer ; P. O. Hampshire.

Baldwin, B. R., lab. ; P. O. Hampshire.

Bradburn, J. W., saloon ; P. O. Hampshire.

Brill, Jno., P. O. Hampshire.

Babcock, W. H., far. ; P. O. Hampshire.

Baker, E. R., farmer ; P. O. Hampshire.

Buzzell, W. R., far. ; P. O. Hampshire.

Brown, J. C., farmer ; P. O. Hampshire.

Bartrum, D. B., lab. ; P. O. Hampshire.

Boother, Jno., far. ; P. O. Hampshire.

Brier, Michael, Jr., far. ; P. O. Hampshire.

Brier, Michael, Sr., far. ; P. O. Hampshire.

Blazier, Geo., farmer ; P. O. Hampshire.

Brown, Austin, far. ; P. O. Hampshire.

BRIGGS, JOHN E., farmer ; Sec. 14 ; born in Wayne Co., N. Y., Nov. 24, 1816 ; came to this county in 1865 ; Lib. Rep. ; owns 134 acres, valued at \$50 per acre ; on 17th of April, 1845, married Miss Jennette Waldron, of Cattaraugus Co., N. Y., born Sept. 28, 1818 ; two children—Mary C., born Dec. 14, 1847, wife of Stephen J. McLellan, of Boone, Iowa ; and William J., born Dec. 27, 1851.

Bartlett, Barlow, far. ; P. O. Hampshire.

Bartram, N. G., lab. ; P. O. Hampshire.

Bowman, Henry, far. ; P. O. Hampshire.

Boillat, Aug., farmer ; P. O. Hampshire.

Barry, Daniel, P. O. Genoa.

Beetle, Geo., farmer ; P. O. Hampshire.

Brown, A. L., P. O. Harmony.

Baker, Jacob, farmer ; P. O. Hampshire.

Burns, Jno., farmer ; P. O. Holstein.

Baker, M., farmer ; P. O. Hampshire.

BALDWIN, LUCIAN F., far. ; Sec. 24 ; born in Dorset, Vt., March 29 1818 ; came to this county July 18, 1843 ; Rep. ; Meth. ; owns 115 acres, valued at \$50 per acre ; held office of Justice of the Peace from 1855 to 1865 ; has been Supervisor and Trustee of the township ; is now Township Treasurer ; married, Oct. 7, 1841, to Miss Maria J. Lanfear, of Ticonderoga, N. Y., born March 19, 1820 ; four children—Chas. H., born Sept. 3, 1843 ; Duane B., born Nov. 22, 1849 ; Ella J., born July 8, 1851 ; Anna M., born Dec. 2, 1859.

Buhte, Conrad, farmer ; P. O. Hampshire.

Brown, Lula, P. O. Hampshire.

Brown, Augustine, P. O. Hampshire.

Brown, Wm., P. O. Hampshire.

Brown, Justin, P. O. Hampshire.

Barton, D. P., P. O. Clinton.

CARLISLE, S. H., mechanic ; P. O. Hampshire.

Cook, G. W., farmer ; P. O. Hampshire.

Callum, A., farmer ; P. O. Hampshire.

Crane, W. B., laborer ; P. O. Holstein.

Coon, C. M., farmer ; P. O. Hampshire.

Cook, S. W. L., mech. ; P. O. Hampshire.

Calkins, Chas., saloon ; P. O. Hampshire.

Carlisle, F. S., lumber ; P. O. Hampshire.

Cline, J., merchant ; P. O. Hampshire.

Carlisle, D., ins. agt. ; P. O. Hampshire.

Craft, Robt., farmer ; P. O. Hampshire.

Chapman, S., hay & coal ; P. O. Hampshire.

Chapman, A. A., hay & coal ; P. O. Hampshire.

CARLISLE, NATHAN S., lumber and farming ; P. O. Hampshire ; born in Berkshire Co., Mass., Oct. 22, 1841 ; came West at the age of 14, with his parents, David and Elmira Carlisle ; settled in Hampshire Tp. in Dec., 1855 ; liberal Rep. ; owns 312 acres of land in this town, valued at \$65 per acre ; elected Supervisor in 1877 ; married, Jan. 17, 1861, Miss Martha M., daughter of Seymour and Melvina Keyes, of this place ; she was born March 28, 1843 ; they have two children, Alfred L., born May 7, 1864, and Edna A., born April 14, 1869.

Carlisle, L. J., mech., P. O. Hampshire.

Caseman, S. ; P. O. Harmony.

Casserman, Samuel ; P. O. Huntley.

Coon, Calvin, farmer ; P. O. Hampshire.

COON, WM. S., plasterer and mason; P. O. Hampshire; born in this town, April 27, 1846; Liberal; Rep.; owns 120 acres in McHenry Co., valued at \$4,000; married Miss Emma DePue, of Genoa, DeKalb Co., in Feb., 1877; she was born in 1854.

Chute, Daniel; P. O. Union.

Collum, H. A., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

DETTNER, A. H., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Doumlin, W., mech.; P. O. Hampshire.

Darling, H., agriculturist; P. O. Hampshire.

DeWitt Bros., mers.; P. O. Hampshire.

Doty, Philip, stock dlr.; P. O. Hampshire.

DeWitt, B. C., laborer; P. O. Hampshire.

DE WOLF, JOHN A., farmer; Sec. 23; born in Springfield, Erie Co., Penn., Nov. 6, 1833; came to this county in 1854; Rep.; Meth.; owns 80 acres, valued at \$75 per acre; married Miss Louisa Doty, daughter of Elijah and Polly Doty, of this place, Jan. 1, 1857; she was born March 1, 1835; has three children—Mary G., born Dec. 19, 1858; Ida C., born Aug. 6, 1863, and Emma L., born Nov. 24, 1867; the mother of the subject of this article is living with him at the age of 84 years; he served in Co. K, 52d I. V. I., fourteen months; was wounded at Shiloh.

Dow, R. F., laborer; P. O. Hampshire.

Doty, Henry, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Doty, I. V., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Doty, Ed., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

DeWolf, M., laborer; P. O. Hampshire.

Dralla, Wm., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

DOTY, ANDREW, carpenter; born July 17, 1819, in Portland, Chautauqua Co., N. Y.; came West and took up land in this county in 1844; worked at his trade some since that time; has retired from active labor; Liberal; Rep. Deitrich, Lowe, farmer; P. O. Harmony.

Doty, Polly and Mary, farming; P. O. Hampshire.

Dickson, E. W., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

DeWitt, Burdett, lab.; P. O. Hampshire.

EBERT, CONRAD; P. O. Holstein.

FULLER, HANNAH, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Fassett, C. A., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Farrell, Thos., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Fitzpatrick, Jas., far.; P. O. Hampshire.

Frederick, M., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Fields, Jas., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Fields, H.; P. O. Hampshire.

Fineran, Martin, lab.; P. O. Hampshire.

Fassett & Reid, stock dealers; P. O. Hampshire.

GUIKA, RUDOLPH; P. O. Hampshire.

Gage, C., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Groth, Chas., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Gage, Jno., farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Grimes, M., farmer; P. O. Huntley.

Getzleman, M. J., far.; P. O. Hampshire.

Getzleman, Jacob, far.; P. O. Hampshire.

GIFT, SAML. J., farmer; Sec. 15;

P. O. Hampshire; born May 20, 1832, in Union Co., Penn.; came to this county in the Spring of 1860; Rep.; German Evangelical; is Road Comr.; owns 120 acres of land, valued at \$50 per acre; was married, May 22, 1854, to Miss Catharine Aurand, who died, Sept. 28, 1863, leaving three children by this marriage, James W., born Aug. 20, 1855, John D., born June 20, 1861, Charles E., born Dec. 12, 1862; married Barbara Frederick, in Feb., 1865, who died in Nov. 1872, leaving two children by this marriage, Emma Jane, born Nov. 18, 1865, and Dora A., born April 12, 1867; married Luceana Kleck, Sept. 7, 1873, of this town, who was born in Pennsylvania, Oct. 15, 1844; one child, Edwin H., born Sept. 28, 1877.

Getzleman, M. C., far.; P. O. Hampshire.

Grage, Aug., butcher; P. O. Hampshire.

Gretzbaugh, Jno., shoemaker; P. O. Hampshire.

Getzelman, Michael, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

HOUGHBOOM, D., farmer; P. O. New Lebanon.

Hines, Peter, farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Howe, C., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Howe, Wm., farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Hansler, A., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Hawkins, B. J., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Horker, A., blacksmith; P. O. Holstein.

Hawkins, Amos; P. O. Holstein.

Hayden, N. W., laborer; P. O. Hampshire.

Huber, Chas. Jr., mechanic; P. O. Hampshire.

Hemmerick, Michael, far.; P. O. Hampshire.

Hurd, J. W., laborer; P. O. Hampshire.

Hausline, Phil., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Hausline, Michael, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

HOWE, CHESTER E., editor of *Hampshire Gazette*; born in Livingston Co., N. Y.; came West in 1869 and settled in Ogle Co., in this State; engaged in publishing most of the time in Byron; moved to this county in Nov. 1877; Rep.; Bapt.; owns house and lot in Byron, valued at \$1,000; married to Miss Mary E. Chittenden, of Ogle Co., Oct. 28, 1874; born Jan. 9, 1856, in Middlesex Co., Conn.; one child, George E., born June 3, 1877.

Hannah, Jas., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Henick, Frank, far.; P. O. Hampshire.

Hilley, Kate, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Howe, M. E., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Hine, Horace, hotel; P. O. Hampshire.

Huber, John, agriculturist; P. O. Hampshire.

Hathaway, Willis, mer; P. O. Hampshire.

Hayden, Noah, mech.; P. O. Hampshire.

Hawley, Samuel, lab.; P. O. Hampshire.

Huber, Charles Sr., far.; P. O. Hampshire.

Haley, Catharine, far.; P. O. Hampshire.

Hugleshafer, Julius, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Hamond, John, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Hammer, George, farmer; P. O. Huntley.

Henning, Frank, farmer; P. O. Huntley.

Houghboom, S. D., far.; P. O. New Lebanon.

INGERSOLL, WM., mechanic; P. O. Hampshire.

JOHNIN, PETER, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

JOSYLN, ED. F., farmer; P. O. Hampshire, born in this county July, 26, 1856, Dem.; Liberal; owns 80 acres of land, valued at \$30 per acre; married to Miss Mary Jane Lyon, of this county, Oct. 17, 1876; one child, Ada, born Sept. 8, 1877; son of Col. E. S. Josyln, of Elgin, born June 3, 1827, who came from the State of New York when eleven years of age; engaged in farming and blacksmithing till eighteen years old, finally settled in Elgin, educated himself, and read law in the office of Gifford & Morgan; admitted to the bar, was State's Attorney, Mayor of Elgin, and Alderman for nearly twenty years; has earned for himself a high place as a criminal lawyer; organized

the 36th Ill. Vol. Inf.; received appointment as Colonel; is a Democrat.

Japp, Aug., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Jepson, Betsey, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

KLICK, JONATHAN, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Ketchum, E. B., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Kelley, Timothy, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Klick, John, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Kramp, Albert, far.; P. O. Hampshire.

KLICK, WILLIAM, far.; sec. 10 P. O. Hampshire; born Nov. 17, 1829, in Lebanon Co., Pa.; carried West to this county June 5, 1847; Rep.; German Evangelical; owns 75 acres of land, valued at \$50 an acre; married June 1, 1850, to Miss Caroline Reams, of this county, born Feb. 14, 1829; have four children living—Wm. F. born Nov. 1, 1851; Aaron H., born July 15, 1853; Elias, born April 17, 1867; Samuel, born Dec. 25, 1871; was constable one term.

Kelley, M., blacksmith; P. O. Hampshire.

Keyes, S. E., farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Keyes, S. A., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Kerwin, John, farmer; P. O. N. Plato.

Kessler, Jane; P. O. Hampshire.

Kessler, L.; P. O. Hampshire.

LOWE, RICHARD, farmer; P. O. Harmony.

Litner, Fanny, P. O. Hampshire.

Litner, Geo., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Levy, W. M., far.; P. O. Pingree Grove.

Levy, Jacob, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Lamphire, C., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Lyon, N. H., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Lathrop, A. H., far.; P. O. Hampshire.

LYON, MRS. MARY, farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Hampshire; born Dec. 11, 1818, in Michigan; married in Wayne Co., Mich., January, 1839, to Benj. DeWitt, of same county; had six children—Lucy A., Hattie M., Benjamin F., Hiram S., Ralph R. and Burdett C. Moved to this county in August, 1839, where Mr. DeWitt died, June 17, 1851. The widow married David Lyon, April 10, 1854, who died March 16, 1876. Three children—Mary J., born April 30, 1856, wife of Edward F. Joselyn; Ellmore D., born Jan. 8, 1858; Charles, born Sept. 14, 1861. Owns 240 acres of land, valued at \$75 per acre.

Lane, Edwin, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

LATHROP, EDWIN P., farmer; Secs. 26 and 27; P. O. Hampshire; born in this county Oct. 3, 1853; resides with his father A. H. Lathrop, who came from Maine to this county thirty years ago, and is father of five children—Edwin P., born Oct. 3, 1853, the subject of this sketch; Emma E., born Oct. 31, 1856; William F., born May 24, 1858; Mary May, born Feb. —, 1860; Allie E., born March 9, 1867. The Elder Lathrop owns 100 acres of land, valued at \$50 per acre. Both are Lib.; Reps.

Lysander, Hurd, far.; P. O. Hampshire.

LOVELL, CHARLES, farmer; P. O. Hampshire; born in Tompkins Co., N. Y., June 25, 1832; came to this county in 1866; located in Burlington Tp. the same year; owns 565 acres of land, valued at \$25,500; owns property in town of Hampshire valued at \$3,000; Lib.; Rep.; married Miss Sarah A. Perry, of Burlington, March 25, 1858; she was born Oct. 6, 1836; they have three children—Lander C., born Jan. 19, 1860; Livina C., born July 13, 1866; Willard J., born April 10, 1870. Mr. Lovell has been elected, without opposition, four successive terms as Supervisor of Burlington Tp., and now holds that office; served in the army of the Pacific for three years, and also in the Range River Indian War, of 1855–56.

MUNCH, PHILIP, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Murray, Daniel, far.; P. O. Hampshire.

Maynard, H. W., far.; P. O. Hampshire.

Marshall, John, farmer; P. O. Union.

McALLISTER, ORSON S., Sec. 4; born in Essex Co., N. Y., Aug. 31, 1848; came to this county in Spring of 1861, and located in this town in Fall of 1874; Rep.; Bapt.; owns 320 acres, valued of \$50 per acre; married Sept. 16, 1859, to Miss Maria A. Mann, who died Dec. 29, 1872; married again, Sept. 8, 1874, to Miss Eugenie Williams, daughter of S. K. and Mary E. Williams, of this county, born Jan. 23, 1848. Two children by his first wife—Edwin V., born Oct. 23, 1870, and Luella, born Dec. 17, 1872. Two children by present wife—Anna I., born Oct. 2, 1875, and the last one, not yet named, born Nov. 7, 1877.

Martin, Wm., laborer; P. O. Hampshire.

Maushuk, Fred., far.; P. O. Hampshire.

Miller, Tobia, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Mainke, Jno., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Miller, Jacob, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Maurderer, M., mech.; P. O. Hampshire.

Martin, Thos., P. O. Holstein.

Maurderer, Geo., far.; P. O. Hampshire.

Murphy, P., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

MORRIS, JNO. M., P. O. Hampshire; born in Franklin Co., Vt., March 10, 1846; came to this county when 5 years old; at 17, enlisted in Co. I, 65th I. V. I., and re-enlisted in 95th I. V. I.; served, in all, four years; since the war, has been engaged in the business of selling farming implements; Lib.; Dem.; married Miss Sybil Reynolds, of this county, Dec. 22, 1865, who died May 23, 1874.

Mann, P. A., farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Maynard, A., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

McFaul, A. D., baker; P. O. Hampshire.

Mickle, B. F., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Morgan, L. D., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

McKee, Geo., mer.; P. O. Hampshire.

PEASE, A. W., mechanic; P. O. No. Plato.

Pautz, Aug., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Parsons, G., farmer; P. O. Holstein.

Prentiss, E. G., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Patchin, Chas., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Peak, L., harness maker; P. O. Hampshire.

PARKS, CHAS. H., hotel prop.; P. O. Hampshire. Born in this county, Nov. 19, 1844; engaged in farming previous to present occupation; enlisted in Co. A, 8th I. V. C., and served in the Army of the Potomac nearly four years; Lib.; Dem. Married, in Burlington, to Miss Adelia Foster, of Michigan, July 8, 1865; have two children—Birdie A., born June 19, 1867, and Adelia, born May 19, 1876. Son of C. K. Parks, who was one of the first settlers of Fox River, where he carried on the business of farming and stock raising for many years; 70 years of age, and resides with his son, Charles H., who is prop. of Park's Hotel, of the village of Hampshire.

Parker, J. W., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Patchin, E., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Pettle, George, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Parker, John, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

ROATH, OLIVER, mechanic; P. O. Hampshire.

Rinn, Jacob, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Ritz, Geo. A., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Rosborough, Jas., far.; P. O. Hampshire.

REARM, EPHRAIM, far.; Sec. 11; P. O. Hampshire. Born in East Buffalo, Union Co., Pa., Sept. 16, 1827; came to Ohio when quite young; removed to this county July 10, 1843; Rep.; German Evang. Owns forty acres, value \$45.00 per acre. Married Miss Ann Klick, of this county, Nov. 30, 1851; she was born Dec. 24, 1833. Have four children—William F., born Jan. 30, 1854; twins, Angelina and Sarah, born Jan. 22, 1858; Lana, born Nov. 10, 1862.

Reaves, A., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Rosche, Chas., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Reams, J. H., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Reams, Moses, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Read, C. B., physician; P. O. Holstein.

Rhineck, L., farmer; P. O. Holstein.

REID, DAVID, SR., far.; Sec. 17; P. O. Hampshire. Born in Argyle, Scotland, Feb. 13, 1813; came to Canada in 1833, and resided at Kingston for seventeen years; moved, in 1850, to this county; held office of Justice of the Peace four terms; is now Justice of the Peace of this town; Assessor for years, 1874-5-6; Rep.; Meth. Owns 360 acres of land, value \$50 per acre. Married to Mrs. Olive David, of Canada, January, 1843; she was born March 1, 1813; died, August, 1870. Have three living children—John, born Feb. 12, 1844; Charles P., born Oct. 16, 1848; Martha, born May 31, 1850, wife of A. R. Walker, of this place; two children dead—Clarissa, born Dec. 5, 1854, and Matthew.

Reams, B. F., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Reams, E., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Reinick, John, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Roseborough, John, P. O. Ney.

Rinn, Henry, miller; P. O. Hampshire.

Reid, David, Jr., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Rowley, R., shoemaker; P. O. Hampshire.

Rinn, Wm.; P. O. Hampshire.

Rippie, Henry, miller; P. O. Hampshire.

Reams, S. A., mer.; P. O. Hampshire.

Reams, Levi, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Rich, E. E., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Reams, T., merchant; P. O. Hampshire.

ROWELL, SAML. C., Postmaster, general store and Justice of the Peace; P. O. Hampshire; born in Plainfield, Sullivan Co., N. H., April 13, 1819; came to Illinois in June, 1843, locating in what was then Deerfield Precinct, Kane Co.; owns 160 acres of land in Missouri, valued at \$4,000; Rep.; Liberal; member of Hampshire Lodge No. 443, A., F. & A. M.; Supervisor of Hampshire Township from 1858 to 1861 and from 1864 to 1867; married in 1844, to Miss Elizabeth Ball, of Maystock, Mason Co., Ky.; six children, four of whom are living—Mary, wife of C. L. Dickson, Fremont, Jessie C., and Olivia.

SILER, MICHAEL, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Skinner, J. W., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Swager, Wm., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Shutter, Wm., Sr., far.; P. O. Hampshire.

Smith, Wm., merchant; P. O. Hampshire.

Swager, R., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Swatzendoffer, Anna; P. O. Holstein.

Sanders, Chris, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Scott, Walter, merchant; P. O. Hampshire.

Scott, C. A.; P. O. Hampshire.

Sauer, Bro. & Co., mer.; P. O. Hampshire.

Sibley, Mrs. M. E.; P. O. Hampshire.

Shutter, Wm. Jr., blacksmith; P. O. Hampshire.

Smith, Robt., butcher; P. O. Hampshire.

Stanciliff, David, laborer; P. O. Hampshire.

Skinner, Josiah, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Sloan, G. W., laborer; P. O. Hampshire.

Sweat, G., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Schmidt, L., blacksmith; P. O. Hampshire.

Seymour, W. H., shoemaker; P. O. Holstein.

Summers, M., farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Stephens, Wm., laborer; P. O. Hampshire.

Smith, E. L., merchant; P. O. Hampshire.

Shatter, W., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Swager, W., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Seniff, Henry, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Swager, B., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Stark, E. R., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

TYLER, O., laborer; P. O. Morengo.

Tyson, Wm., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Tyler, Sallie, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Terwilliger, Wm., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Trumbull, Wm. farmer; P. O. Holstein.

Truman, A. R., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

TRUMBULL, EZRA, farmer; Sec. 1, P. O. Huntley; born in this county Aug. 26, 1844; Ind.; Meth.; married to Miss Martha Atchison, of this county, Nov. 19, 1874; born Nov. 19, 1852; one child, Alma Jennie, born Sept. 19, 1875; son of Wm. Trumbull, born Feb. 4, 1817, who came West from New York in the Spring of 1837, married to Miss Phoebe Huntington of this county, born July 5, 1812; have three children living—Sarah Jane, born Sept. 5, 1842; Ezra, born Aug. 26, 1844; Ira, born July 18, 1848; and Mary M. born July 29, 1846, and died Nov. 13, 1860.

TERWILLIGER, WM., farmer; Sec. 20, P. O. Hampshire; born in Chenango Co.; N. Y., came to this county in Spring of 1845; Rep.; Liberal; owns 160 acres of land, valued at \$50 per acre; married Nov. 14, 1855, to Miss Elizabeth David, of this county, born July 15, 1835; have seven children—Ira May, born Sept. 24, 1856; Chas. W., born Aug. 3, 1859; Martha A., born June 3, 1861; Fred. L., March 7, 1863; Cora B., born July 24, 1870; also a pair of boys, born Nov. 14, 1877.

Tremen, R., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

USBORN, J. W., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

VAN FLEET, JAS., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Van Valkenburg, Jno., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Van Schoeyk, Jno., far.; P. O. Huntley.

WEED, E., far.; P. O. Hampshire.

Wrache, C.; P. O. Harmony.

Waidmayer, Wm., far.; P. O. Hampshire.

Whitcome, George, merchant; P. O. Hampshire.

Whitcome, Daniel, merchant; P. O. Hampshire.

WHELPLEY, EDWIN W., farmer, Sec. 12; born in Chenango Co., N. Y., Feb. 25, 1830; came West in the Fall of 1838, and lived some time in Cook and Dupage Cos.; settled in this town in 1856; Rep.; Universalist; owns 186 acres of land, valued at \$75 per acre; married Elizabeth Terwilliger, of this town, May 27, 1868; she was born in Chenango Co., N. Y., Oct. 1833; is Village Trustee.

Warner, Jacob, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Waidman, John, farmer; P. O. Holstein.

WARNER, WILLIAM, farmer, Sec. 36; born Oct. 5, 1829, in Stark Co., Ohio; came to this county May 1, 1854; Ind.; owns 80 acres of land, valued at \$50 per acre; was Supervisor of the town for 1856, and Assessor for 1857; enlisted, Aug. 7, 1862, in the 127th Ill. Vol. Inf., and served four years—on Gen. Sherman's staff two years of the time; held rank of Captain; married, Dec., 1852, to Miss Catharine Harney, who died June 12, 1855; had two children—Mary E. and George O.; married again April 10, 1856, to Miss Sallie A. Dixon, of this county; born Oct. 19, 1835; have five children by last marriage—Alice L., born Jan. 7, 1857; Jesse J., born July 20, 1858; Francis M., born March 29, 1867; William T., born Feb. 10, 1870; Willis M., born March 25, 1876.

Williard William. T., far.; P. O. Hampshire.

Wills, J. E., P. O. Hampshire.

Werthwein, E., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Wykoff, J. S., mer.; P. O. Hampshire.

WATSON, E. M., farmer, Secs. 19 and 20; born at Deerfield, Mass., Dec. 3, 1821; came West in the Spring of 1841; located in Du Page Co., in this State, and resided there three years; settled in Hampshire in the Fall of 1855; Rep.; Meth.; owns 200 acres of land, valued at \$75 per acre; married to Miss Eliza Corser, of Sycamore, De Kalb Co.; she was born in Broome Co., N. Y., Aug. 25, 1837; have three children—Frank M., born Dec. 11, 1863; Benjamin M., born June 11, 1865; Jennie E., born Oct. 25, 1873.

Wilkie, Henry, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Williams, H. P., far.; P. O. Hampshire.

Wright, Charles, far.; P. O. Hampshire.

Whitcome, William, far.; P. O. Hampshire.

Williams, S. K., far.; P. O. Hampshire.

WARNER, GEORGE O., farmer, Sec. 36; born in this county May 31, 1855; parents reside in this county; lives with his grandfather, Jacob Warner, aged 75; married to Mary I. Lloyd, of Elgin, Feb. 13, 1876, who was born March 28, 1859.

Willing, Dr. A. J., physician; P. O. Hampshire.

ZIGLER, GEORGE, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

DUNDEE TOWNSHIP.

A RCHIBALD, JANE, farmer; P. O. Carpentersville.

Arvedson, Fred., clerk; P. O. Carpentersville.

Andrews, John, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Albrecht & Meier, farmers; P. O. Dundee.

ADAMS, DEWITT C., farmer and merchant; firm of Hodgess, Borden & Co., lumber dealers; P. O. Dundee; born in Courtland Co., N. Y., in 1824; came to Hanover, Cook Co., in 1842, and Barrington following year; purchased in Barrington Township 237 acres, valued at \$65 per acre; has an extensive dairy, and is one of the most enterprising and prominent business men of Dundee; Rep.; Bapt.; married Mary E. Harvey, at Elgin, 1852; she was born in 1832; two children living—William, born in 1856; Ella May, in 1875; three deceased—Carrie, Louie and Charles.

Ahorn, John, saloon; P. O. Dundee.

Ahrens, Sophie, P. O. Dundee.

Albrecht, Fred., P. O. Dundee.

Ailsworth, William, carp.; P. O. Dundee.

Anderson, C. A., tailor; P. O. Dundee.

ARCHIBALD, ABRAHAM, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 9; P. O. Carpentersville; was born in Edinboro, Scotland, in 1815; resided in Airdrie 16 years; came to America in 1848, direct to Dundee Township, and bought 160 acres; now owns 273 acres, valued at \$50 per acre; married Miss Jane Crichton at Airdrie, Scotland, in 1847; she was born in Glasgow in 1807; Mr. A.'s first wife, Mary Cowie, was born in Airdrie; they were married in 1837, in Airdrie; one child by first marriage—Abraham; two children by second marriage—Robert, now living, and William A., deceased; Mrs. A. was married to Daniel McNeale in 1826, in Scotland; three children living—Malcom, John and Anna McNeale.

Allason, John, far.; P. O. Carpentersville.

Ahrens, William, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

BOMELMAN, A., hotel; P. O. Dundee.

Baumann, Louis, hotel; P. O. Dundee.

Bushnell, John, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Bradley, H. S., blacksmith; P. O. Dundee.

BULLARD, GEO. W., capitalist; P. O. Dundee; was born in Westboro, Mass., July 25, 1818; resided there some 17 years with his parents, then moved to Brookfield, where he engaged in hotel business for three years; came to Dundee in 1839; bought a farm of 200 acres, on which he built a log cabin; returned East, where he married Emeline Harvey, at Stafford, Conn.; returned shortly after to Dundee; Mr. B. is owner of a fine property, owning house and lot at Elgin, same at Dundee, and two farms in Iowa; Jan. 4, 1872, Mr. B.'s first wife passed away; second marriage occurred Oct. 6, 1873, to F. E. Fenn, of New Haven; she was born in Sheffield, Mass., Aug. 15, 1824; one child living by first marriage. Bentrorth, Henry; P. O. Dundee.

BETGE, CHARLES, sole agent in Dundee Township for the Inman and National steamship lines, passage to and from the following points; Hamburg, Bremen, London, South Hampton, Paris, and all points in Europe. All inquiries relative to passage will receive prompt attention.

Batt, August, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Blow, Charles, shoemaker; P. O. Dundee.

BARROWS, MARTIN T., hardware merchant; was born in Saratoga Co., N. Y., July 15, 1834; moved from there to Greenfield Centre, learned trade of blacksmith; came to Kane County about Jan. 1, 1856; on arrival, he and Mark Calhoun started a blacksmith shop, continued in the business two years; married C. L. Oatman, daughter of Jesse Oatman, Esq., Dec. 10, 1856, at Dundee, where she was born; Rep.; Bapt.; five children—Clara M., Lucy, Herbert A., Gertrude, Ella B.; five deceased.

Batt, Charles, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Ben, Louis, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

BINNIE, JAMES, farmer and dairyman; P. O. Dundee; born near Airdrie, Scotland, in 1839; came to Dundee in 1849; married Miss Mitchell; seven children.

Brown, Mrs., P. O. Dundee.

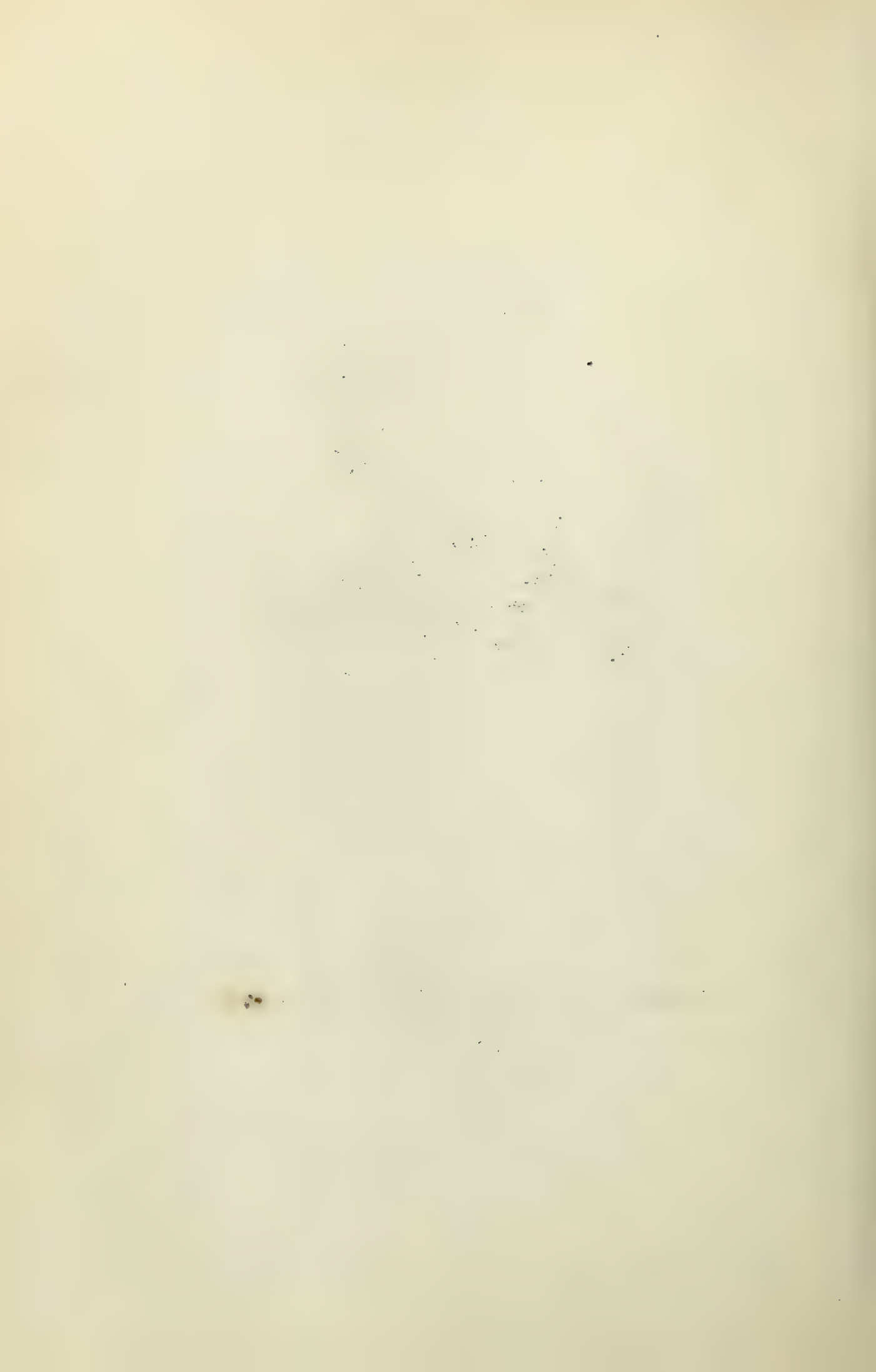
Baumann, Louis; P. O. Dundee,

Binnie, Alex., merchant; P. O. Dundee.



ARTHUR HUNTING MERRILL (DECEASED)

ST CHARLES.



BORDEN, J. M., lumber and coal merchant, member of firm of Hodgess, Borden & Co.; was born in Cazenovia, N. Y., Nov. 7, 1838, residing there until 16 years of age; came West in 1854, with parents, and settled in Dundee; worked some time as carpenter and joiner; engaged in broom manufacture; about 1862, entered the army as musician, in Co. A, 7th Ill., time of service, one year; was in battles of Shiloh, Pittsburg Landing, etc., etc.; by act of Congress, regimental band was dismissed and he returned to Kane Co.; married Mary E. Mills, who was born in New York about 1839; five children living—Bertha M., Estella L., Maria S., Josephine C., Clara Bell; Charles J., deceased; all born in Dundee,

BINNIE, ROBERT, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 8; P. O. Dundee; was born in Lin Lithgow, Scotland, in 1807; came to America in 1849, direct to Dundee, and bought 80 acres; now owns 217 acres, valued at \$75 per acre; Rep.; Protestant; was married to Miss Agnes McLain, June 7, 1846, at Sterling Co., Scotland, where she was born in 1807; seven children blessed their union—Elizabeth, born May 5, 1833, John, born June 7, 1835, Alison, born Feb. 23, 1837, James, born Feb. 18, 1839, Agnes, born June 1, 1841, Robert, born June 24, 1843, Agnes, born Feb. 3, 1845.

Barrows, M. T.; P. O. Dundee.

Brewer, Benj., painter; P. O. Dundee.

Bradley, M., P. O. Dundee.

Bowman, John.

Bradley, H., P. O. Dundee.

Barth, John, carp.; P. O. Dundee.

BUMSTED, WM., far. and dairyman in Dundee Tp.; P. O. Carpentersville. Was born in Sussex, England, Dec. 17, 1845; came to America in 1853, direct to Carpentersville; works 300 acres; held office of Road Commissioner two terms; Rep.; Bapt. Married Frances Hoxie, at Dundee, April 25, 1872; she was born in Berkshire Co., Mass., Sept. 17, 1851. Have two children—Lettie Bishop, born March 17, 1873, and Susie Olive, born Sept. 21, 1876; both were born at Dundee. Mr. B. is Deputy Grand Worthy Patriarch of the order of Sons of Temperance, organized at Carpentersville, 1851.

BUMSTED, GEO. F., far. and dairyman; P. O. Dundee. Born at Carpentersville, Kane Co., April 6, 1854; for many years resided on the old homestead; in 1877, rented farm of Geo. Giddings, 165 acres. Rep.; Bapt. Married Miss Amanda Nute, at Elgin, Sept. 14, 1876; she was born Feb. 4, 1855, at Barrington, Cook Co.

BUCKLIN, ANSON C., farmer and dairyman; P. O. Dundee; born in Berkshire Co., Mass., in 1823; came to Illinois in 1837; purchased 282 acres of land from the Government, and still owns the same, valued at \$20,000; Rep.; Bapt.; held the office of Road Commissioner two terms; in addition to a large farm, he has an extensive dairy, and has shipped, in one day, 144 gallons of milk; was married to Julia P. Jencks, in Cook Co., in 1846; she was born in Berkshire Co., Mass., in 1826; have two children—Frances B., born in 1850; Henry J., born in 1853.

BUCK, A. J., agent for the celebrated Atlantic Mills; P. O. Carpentersville. Was born at Oswego, N. Y., in 1832; came to Kane Co. in 1847; enlisted in Co. I, 52d Ill. Inf., Aug. 13, 1862; went direct to Corinth, Miss.; was engaged in the battles of Town and Bear Creek, under Logan and Sweeny; honorably discharged at Washington, May 29, 1864, and returned to Carpentersville. Rep.; Cong. Held office as Township Collector and School Director eight years. Married Emily Hewett, of Williamson, N. Y., Nov. 22, 1855; she was born April 8, 1836; have four children, all born at Carpentersville.

BEVERLY, ALONZO, farmer and dairyman; P. O. Dundee; born in 1848, at Barrington, Cook County; came to Kane County in 1875; bought 180 acres land, valued at \$100 per acre; Ind.; Bapt.; married Melvina Padel-ford, of Dundee Tp., in 1871; she was born in Dundee, and passed away in 1872, leaving one child, Clara M., who was born in 1872; in Oct., 1874, he was united in marriage with Miss Mary Mason, a graduate from Cook County Normal School, and daughter of the late John Mason; she was born in Dundee Tp., Dec. 7, 1848; have two children—Clarence M. and Laura E.

BEVERLY, ASA T., far., stock buyer and feeder; Secs. 30, 31, 32, 8 and 9; P. O. Barrington, Cook Co. Born July 4, 1844; parents came to the county in 1839. Asa purchased 310 acres in 1866; now owns 433 acres, worth \$65 per acre; he held the offices of School Director and Pathmaster and Treas. of the Barrington Mutual Ins. Association. Was married, in 1866, to Florence Schoonhoven, at Hanover, Cook Co.; she was born in Hanover, Cook Co., in 1848, and passed away Sept. 6, 1874, leaving a family of two children—Carrie J., born in 1867, and Florence, born in 1873; both born at Barrington.

Borden, Joseph, lumber dealer; P. O. Dundee.

Bolz, M., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

BUMSTED, STEPHEN, JR., mach. for Ill. Iron & Bolt Co.; P. O. Carpentersville. Born at Rye, Sussex Co., England, in January, 1845; came to America in August, 1855, direct to Carpentersville; resides now at Dundee; carded wool two years for George Marshall; resided at Magnolia, Rock Co., Wis., and farmed for eight months; returned to Carpentersville and went into machine shop, Jan. 14, 1868; Rep.; Bapt. Married Augusta J. Jackson, at Dundee, June 6, 1869; she was born in Sweden. Owns a house and two lots and a half on Main street, also, eighty acres in Jackson Co., Kan. Have two children—Kittie J. and Nellie M.; both born at Dundee.

BROWNING, SAMUEL W., farmer, stock raiser and dairyman, P. O. Dundee; was born in Warren Co., N. J., in 1836; came to Cook Co. in 1847, and to Kane Co. in 1871; owns a farm of 200 acres, valued at \$100 per acre; held the offices of School Director, Trustee of Town Insurance Company, and Trustee of Congregational Church Society; has 45 cows, and ships 64 gallons of milk daily; married Miss Mary Bullard, at Dundee, Feb. 2, 1864, where she was born; has three children—Lucy, born in Sept., 1866; Howard, born May 18, 1869; Clara May, born March 22, 1872; one deceased, J. Walter, born Oct. 16, 1874, and died Feb. 12, 1877.

Burney, Robert, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Burney, A., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

BARTER, THOMAS N., farmer, Sec. 16; P. O. Carpentersville; was born in Vermont, in 1809, at Jay, Orleans Co.; came to Dundee in 1842; Rep.; Meth.; married Olive H. Stevens, of Swanton, Vt., at Swanton; she was born in 1807; have seven children living—Alvia, Edgar, Lewis H., George Adelbert, Leonard, Loduskin and Julia; Mr. Barter has discovered a mineral on his farm, the nature of which is not fully known, and there are various speculations on the subject, but Mr. Barter is satisfied as to the value of his property.

BOWEN, EDGAR, farmer; P. O. Dundee; was born at Lewis, Essex Co., N. Y., in Sept., 1835; came to Dundee in Aug., 1855; enlisted, at the breaking out of the rebellion, Company I, 2d Ill. Vol.; was engaged in the battles of Corinth, Dalton, Resaca, siege of Atlanta, Chattanooga, and Sherman's march to the sea; honorably discharged at the close of the war, at Chicago, Ill. d Dem.; Protestant; held the office of Town Collector and Constable; married Lucia A. Perry, at Geneva, Wis., in Oct., 1858; she was born at Dundee, in 1842; have four children—Ellsworth M., born in Oct., 1864; Henry, born Jan. 1, 1869; Mabel, born in March, 1870; Bertha, born in Sept., 1863; Myron, born in Jan., 1876.

BRIDGE, GEORGE, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 31; P. O. Elgin; was born at Kent Parish, Wittersham, England, in Sept. 1827; emigrated to America in 1849; lived near Albany, N. Y., sixteen months; came West in 1851, and located near Elgin; bought a farm of 100 acres, then 80, and sold before coming to Dundee in 1861; came to Dundee Tp. and bought 100 acres of land, valued at \$60 per acre; also rents a farm of 140 acres; owner of 60 milch cows, and young stock and fine residence; Rep.; Meth.; held the office of School Director; married Miss Maria Chacksfield, at Elgin, Ill.; she was born in Kent Co., England, July 24, 1833; have nine children—William, Charles, Clara, Martha, Flora, Henry, Elmira, Frank and Edward.

BUMSTED, JAMES H., machinist, Illinois Iron & Bolt Co., Carpentersville, Ill.; was born at Rye, Sussex, England, July 7, 1851; came to America in 1854; came West to Carpentersville, the same year, and worked on a farm until 1869; then entered into the employ of above company, and is still retained in their employ; Rep.; Bapt.; holds office of Librarian at Baptist Sunday school; also Superintendent of Sunday school; married, in 1873, at Carpentersville, to Anna Masters; she was born in England, Aug. 28, 1851; have one child, Lorena, born at Carpentersville, Aug. 19, 1876.

Brinkerhoff, A. B., railroad man; P. O. Dundee.

Bartels, Charles, restaurant; P. O. Dundee.

Binnie, H., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Behm, Christ., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Burnstead, James, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Bradley, W. S.; P. O. Elgin.

Browning, S. W., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Burney, William; P. O. Dundee.

Bruhn, John, carpenter; P. O. Dundee.

Butt, Christ., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Bohn, John, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Bartling, Henry, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Burow, Joseph, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

CRICHTON, R., far.; P. O. Carpentersville.

CLUTE, W. S., born in Schenectady, N. Y., May 31, 1822; when 4 years old, went to Montgomery Co.; at the age of 6, the death of his father occurred; until 16, hired with farmers, and then learned bootmaking with G. Dunning; went to Galloway, continued bootmaking, and also the practice of music, until the war; enlisted as musician from New York city, Aug. 17, 1861; served two years; came to Chicago in 1863; came to Dundee in August, 1865; since coming here, has manufactured largely for the trade what is known as the Dundee Boot; twice elected Village Trustee. Mr. Clute is now making a custom-warranted boot, with patent bottoms, by the pair or case; keeps a leather and findings store in connection with factory.

Campbell, Margaret, far.; P. O. Dundee.

CHAMBERS, W. LEE, Business Manager Dundee *Record*; P. O. Dundee; born in Geneva, Feb. 12, 1856; came to Dundee in Spring of 1877.

CARPENTER, CHAS. V., farming, stock raising and dairy; P. O. Carpentersville; born in Uxbridge, Wooster Co., Mass., in 1803; came to Kane Co. in 1837, and took a claim of 200 acres, with a brother—bought afterward. Mr. Carpenter is one of the early pioneers of Kane Co.; in 1840, hauled rye to Chicago and received therefor between three and four dollars. Charles C. and Daniel laid out the present town of Carpentersville. Owns 224 acres, valued at \$100 per acre; also owner of extensive sand quarry, producing molding and plastering sand of superior quality. Married Esther H. French, at Uxbridge, Mass., in 1835; she was born in Dedham, Mass., in 1802, and died in 1861. Married Huldah Sherman in 1862, who was born in Reading, N. Y., near Seneca Lake; she passed away in September, 1877. Two children living—Sarah and Maria; last two deceased.

CLEVELAND, E. F., M. D., editor and proprietor of Dundee *Record*; born near Malone, N. Y., Sept. 29, 1841; educated at St. Mary's College, Canada; enlisted in Co. A, 9th I. V. in June, 1862; commanded the company part of 1863-64; Chief of Engineer Corps of 2d Div. 25th Army Corps, on Gen. C. Devens' staff, until mustered out, June 14, 1865; commenced the study of medicine with Dr. C. Brown, of Canada, in 1865; attended lectures at McGill College, Montreal, Canada; graduated from Medical Department of the University of Michigan, March, 1868; settled in Dundee and assumed practice of profession, and now has a large practice. Dr. Cleveland established the Dundee *Record* in March, 1877. No man has the interests of the county more at heart than the gentleman who heads this sketch. He has contributed liberally of his means toward the improvements of Dundee; established the public library here, and when the public park question came up, gave it his support. In conclusion, it can be truly said that the doctor is a genial gentleman and a public benefactor. Sept. 22, 1870, he married Ella S. Edwards. Two children blessed their union—Annabel and Mary E.—both born at Dundee.

Campbell, Jno., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Cochran, M. L., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Cochran, O. F., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Crichton, D. F., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

CHAPMAN, ANDREW F., Superintendent of Milk Department on the Chicago & Northwestern Railway; born in Leesville, Ohio, Dec. 4th, 1847; came to Kane Co. in 1868; engaged in harness manufacturing, under firm name of Chapman & Voorhes; also worked on farm; Rep.; Bapt. When Mr. Chapman came to Dundee, his worldly effects were small, but by perseverance and industry owns a fine residence and property at Dundee. Married Mary E. Sunley, at Grinnell, Iowa, Oct. 11, 1877; she was born in Dundee in 1852.

Cook, David, mason; P. O. Dundee.

Crumm, Heary, P. O. Dundee.

COCHRAN, ANDREW, far. and dairyman; Sec. 6; P. O. Algonquin, McHenry Co.; was born in Vermont in 1811; came West in 1836 to Ohio; in 1844 to Indiana; in 1869 came to Dundee and bought 100 acres, and still owns same; Rep.; Protestant; has held office of School Director in Dundee; in Indiana was Township Treas. and Clerk many years; married Miss Mary Lowater in Cambridge, Vt., in 1836; she was born in Massachusetts in 1811; she died in 1849; in 1850 married Lydia Stocking at New London, O.; she was born in 1819 in New York State; five children by first marriage; second marriage, four children—George W., Cordelia M., William E., Robert A., Mary A., Florence C., Julia A., Oscar F. and Murray L.

COCHRAN, MALCOLM, farmer, stock raiser and dairyman; Sec. 12; P. O. Dundee; born in Argyleshire, Scotland, Sept. 1803; came to America in 1845; landed in New York and came direct to the West, Dundee Township; purchased 80 acres; now owns 200 acres, valued at \$65 dollars per acre; has 36 head of cattle and every facility for dairy; Rep.; Presb.; married Elizabeth Thompson in Gartsherue, Scotland, Feb. 1834; she was born in Gartsherue, Scotland, in 1807; she died Sept., 1868, at Dundee, leaving a family of three children—John, Jeannette and Jane; Marion, deceased; born at Gartsherue in 1836, died in 1847.

Clifford, L., P. O. Carpenterville.

Clute, W. S., shoemaker; P. O. Dundee.

CAMPBELL, JAMES, far., stock raiser and dairyman; Dundee Township; P. O. Elgin; was born in Airdrie, Scotland, Feb. 13, 1850; parents removed the same year to America; Mr. C. works farm of 265 acres, which property belongs to Margaret C., mother of James; Rep.; Protestant; holds office of School Director; married Sarah E. Clark, of Lafayette, Ind., Jan., 1872; she was born in Palmyra, N. Y., March 8, 1849; one child—Estella, born in Elgin, Feb. 3, 1874.

Cook, Ed., carpenter; P. O. Dundee.

COCHRAN, CHAUNCEY, far. and dairyman; Sec. 20, P. O. Dundee; was born in Cambridge, Vt., in 1818; came to Dundee in 1839 and bought 80 acres of land from the Government; now owns 107 acres, valued at \$75 per acre; Rep.; Protestant; has held office of School Director; married in Dundee, Sept. 7, 1841; one child living—John Murray, born in Dundee in 1843; two children deceased—Sarah and Emma E., who died, leaving infant child; John Murray Cochrane, son, is married and has three children.

CRICHTON, JAMES A., farmer; P. O. Algonquin, McHenry Co.; born in Dundee in 1851; works farm of 80 acres; Rep.; married Miss Ada Davis, daughter of Geo. Davis, Esq., at Dundee in 1875; she was born in Dundee in 1855; one child—Louis James; born in Dundee in 1875.

CRIGHTON, WILLIAM, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 18; P. O. Dundee; was born April 19, 1821, near Glasgow, Scotland; came to America May 22, 1843, to Dundee; purchased 80 acres; now owns 200 acres, valued at \$75 per acre; is one of Dundee's most substantial citizens; Rep., Cong.; held office of School Director, and voted the Abolition ticket before the Republican party came into power; married Miss Grace Todd in Dundee Jan. 26, 1848; she was born near Glasgow in 1828; children—Grace, born June 2, 1849; Jeannette, March 9, 1851; John, Sept. 15, 1854; James T., Dec. 16, 1856; William, June 2, 1862; William, 2d, June 4, 1863.

CRICHTON, AGNES, Sec. 8; P. O. Dundee; was born March 8, 1836, at Ayrshire, Scotland; came to America with parents when 7 years old; they settled in Dundee on a farm of 300 acres; married Neil Crichton at Udina, Ill., Dec. 9, 1853; he was born in Airdrie, Scotland, June 11, 1815; died Feb. 9, 1873; seven children living—Margaret, John H., Robert A., Neil, William, George, Agnes E; Mary Young, deceased; Mrs. Crichton owns 120 acres, valued at \$75 per acre.

CRABTREE, L. A., physician and surgeon; born at Friendship, Allegany Co., N. Y., Dec. 16, 1818; went to California in 1849; resided there seven and a half years, practicing medicine; came to Dundee in 1857; Mr. C. is a graduate of Rush Medical College, graduating in 1849; has been in practice 30, years; Rep.; Protestant; held office of School Director; married Miss Cornelia Wiltsie at Barrington, Cook Co., Aug., 1852; she was born at Beekman, Dutchess Co., N. Y.; two children—Ida and Stella.

CRICHTON, JOHN, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 6; P. O. Dundee; was born near Glasgow, Scotland, in 1811; came to America 1846, to Dundee; bought 80 acres; now owns 155 acres, valued at \$70 per acre; Rep; Reformed Presb.; held office of School Director; married Miss Mary Forest at Carluke, Scotland, in 1846; she was born in Carluke in 1816; two children—Jeanette, born in 1851; Maggie, born April 14, 1857; three children deceased—John, Agnes and John.

CRICHTON, JAMES, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 5; P. O. Algonquin; born near the city of Glasgow, Scotland, Feb. 8, 1813; came to America in 1848, to Dundee; bought 80 acres; now owns 290 acres and an extensive dairy; for feeding his stock, Mr. C. uses steamed feed, having an eight-horse-power boiler in connection with a combined pump and engine of six-horse-power, both the cutting and steaming of fodder being done by machinery; Rep.; Cong.; was married to Bathie Arfrew at Airdrie, Scotland, in 1841; she was born near Glasgow in 1818; nine children—John, Thomas, Jessie, Daniel, Robert, Jennie, James, Mary and Bathie.

DILLEN, T. A., miller; P. O. Carpentersville.

DUFF, ROBERT, retired farmer; P. O. Dundee; born at Perthshire, Scotland, Jan. 19, 1809; came to America in 1837; landed at New York, resided there about two years, then went to Florida, where he stopped until 1842; came to Dundee, Ill., Jan. 1, 1844; married Miss Lucy Cummings, at Dundee; bought 120 acres of land; now owns 225 acres, valued at \$50 per acre; held the office of Highway Commissioner, Township Trustee and other offices; Rep.; Bapt.; has two children—Robert and William, born in Rutland Tp.; one deceased.

DONOVAN, JOHN, machinist, blacksmith and inventor of improvements in making cast iron anvils; P. O. Carpentersville; was born at Vandusen-ville, Mass., in 1843; came to Chicago in 1856, and to Kane Co. in 1859; has been a resident since 1862, and with Illinois Iron and Bolt Co., at Carpentersville; was elected Librarian of the town, and is one of the Directors of Library Hall; Dem.

Davis, H., P. O. Carpentersville.

DEUCLER, JACOB M., farmer and stock raiser, and dairy man; Sec. 12; P. O. Dundee; born at Wunter Aves Naam, Ger., 1817; came to America in 1839; to Dundee in 1846; before settling here was in Iowa and Pennsylvania; purchased 80 acres—\$65 per acre; Rep.; Meth.; held office School Director; married Catherine Deuchler in Chicago, in 1846; she was born at Wunter Aves Naam, Ger., Aug., 1827; 5 children living—Christina, Kat., John Jacob, Chas. H., Amelia, Chas. Henry, and Anna, deceased.

DEMPSTER, GEO. W., farmer and dairy man; Sec. 16, Dundee Township; P. O. Carpentersville; born on the old homestead, Dundee Tp., Sept. 12, 1851; has always resided here; rents farm of 160 acres belonging to A. R. Dempster, an early settler; Rep.; Bapt.; married Alice Kingsley, daughter of S. Kingsley, Esq., at the residence of S. W. Kingsley, Esq., at Barrington, Cook Co., May 5, 1875; she was born at Barrington, Oct. 9, 1852; one child; Willis; born in Dundee Tp., Jan. 18, '76.

Dempster, A. R., farmer; P. O. Dundee.
 Dobika, Aug., farmer; P. O. Dundee.
 Dalborn, Swain, P. O. Carpentersville.
 Doss, Wm., laborer; P. O. Dundee.
 Duval, Louis, laborer; P. O. Dundee.
 Dauss, Chas., railroad man; P. O. Dundee.

DUFF, JAS., farmer and dairy man; Sec. 8; P. O. Dundee; born at Perthshire, Scotland, in 1811; came to America in 1832; to Dundee in 1840; purchased from Government 160 acres; now owns 120; valued at \$75 per acre; married Mary Walker in the city of New York, in 1838; she was born at Whiteburn, Scotland, in 1815; 7 children living; Robert, born July 11th, 1842; J. W., April 10, 1846; Alexander, March 3, 1848; Lizzie, Oct. 20, 1849; John, Oct. 26, 1851; Daniel, Jan. 31, 1859; Nettie, Sept. 11, 1861; 3 children deceased.

Duvel, Christ., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Doss, Chas., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

DAVIS, GEO. W., farmer and dairy man; Sec. 6; P. O. Dundee; was born in Otsego Co., N. Y., in 1833; came to Dundee in 1854; bought house and lot in Dundee; sold in 1865, and purchased 100 acres; value, \$50 per acre; still owns; Rep.; Protestant; was married to Miss Bessie Aylesworth, at Chenango County, N. Y., in 1855; she was born in said county in 1838; 11 children; Eda, born April 28, 1856; Chas. A., Dec. 29, 1857; Ida May, May 15, 1860; Mary M., Mar. 17, 1862; Florence Bell, March 23, 1864; Minnie Maude, March 31, 1867; Walter C., April 26, 1868; Howard A., Jan. 17, 1871; Floyd R., May 22, 1873; Stella M., June 9, 1877; Flora and Ida, deceased.

Demmien, Jno., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Duff, Jno., carpenter; P. O. Dundee.

Dunton, Albert, P. O. Dundee.

DUFF, JAS. W., carpenter; P. O. Dundee; was born at Dundee, Ill., April 10, 1845; resided two years in Montana; been a resident of Dundee since; Ind. in politics; Prot.; holds office of School Director; practical mechanic; unmarried

Durand, O. H., teacher; P. O. Carpentersville.

Dunton, Delos, bookkeeper; P. O. Carpentersville.

Dikenson, Mrs., P. O. Dundee.

DUFF, JOHN, stock dealer; P. O. Dundee; was born in Dundee Township, and with exception of three or four years, has always resided there; Rep.; Prot.

Dunton, Mrs., P. O. Dundee.

EVANS, JAS., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Ehlert, Jno., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Ehlert, Theo., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Edwards, H. C., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Ehlert, Chas., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Estry, Aug., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Ellison, Wm., carpenter; P. O. Dundee.

EATINGER, FRANK, Cheese maker (Wanzer & Eater), factory; P. O. Dundee; was born in Indiana Township, Bureau County, in 1856; came to Kane County in 1872; unmarried; lived in Kane County six years; Ind. in politics.

Engle, Gottfried, butcher; P. O. Dundee.

Ehlert, Fred., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Eatinger, Chas., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Ellsworth, Wm., policeman; P. O. Dundee.

Ehlert, Chris.; P. O. Carpentersville.

FINN, FRED., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Fierck, Chas., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Flinn, Jno., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Farrell, Timothy, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Farrell, Jerry, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

FISHER, ALFRED, Farming and Dairy; Dundee Township, Sec. 10; P. O. Carpentersville; born at Westboro, Mass., in 1808; came to Kane County in 1845; bought land in 1849—74 acres, now owns 180 acres; value of real and personal property \$10,000; Rep.; Prot.; married Deliah Bice, at Richland, N. Y.; she passed away in 1847; married present wife, Sallie Ann Wilson, at Algonquin, McHenry Co., in 1848; she was born in N. Y. State, May, 1825; three children by first marriage—Edwin, Charles and Ella; Charles died in the army; had three children by second marriage—Martin, Dexter and Ann, deceased.

Fierck, Fred., P. O. Dundee.

Fischer, M., laborer; P. O. Carpentersville.

Falschow, Christ., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Fritz, John, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Falschow, John, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Farrel, Wm., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

FORTUNE, CHAS. C., cheese and butter maker; P. O. Elgin; was born at St. Louis, Mo., in 1854; worked at present business forty-two years, first at Hickory Grove, Forestville, Mo., then to Dundee Township, where he now manages the butter and cheese factory of J. P. Mason; Dem.; Pres.; mother of Mr. F, is still living at St. Louis, Mo.

Friek, Chas., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Friek, John, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Fenner, Dr., dentist; P. O. Dundee.

Forkins, M., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Falschow, Chas., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

FULLER, ALMON, farmer and dairyman, Sec. 32; P. O. Elgin; was born at Lennox, Madison Co., N. Y., Sept., 1811; came West to Bloomingdale, Du Page Co., in 1835; in 1836 went to St. Charles, Kane Co., and worked two years in the saw mill of Minard, Fearson & Co.; came to Elgin in 1838; worked S. J. Kimball's farm two years, and in Spring of 1841 bought from Government 160 acres of land; in 1835, emigrants would frequently lose their way across the prairie between Bloomingdale, Du Page Co., and Elgin, so Mr. Fuller, on the 4th of July, plowed across for their benefit; married Miss Emily Tanner, at Sugar Grove, Kane Co., Feb. 15, 1839; she was born at Watertown, N. Y., in 1812; children—Edwin I., William, Henrietta and Geo. Warren.

Frank Wm., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Fritz, John, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Fairchild A. H., agent; P. O. Dundee.

Forbes & Cochran, farmers; P. O. Dundee.

FITCHIE, JAMES, farmer and dairyman; P. O. Dundee; was born at Perthshire, Scotland, in 1828; came to America in 1870; came to McHenry Co., Ill.; in 1873, came to Kane; works 152 acres, valued at \$60 per acre; Rep.; Cong.; held office of School Director; married Miss Grace McIntosh, at Perthshire, in 1857; wife also born at Perthshire, in 1826; children—Margaret A., May 28, 1858; David, Dec. 18, 1859, died Nov. 22, 1872; James, March 28, 1862; Robt. A. G. K., March 29, 1864; Hugh, July 23, 1866; Alexander McIntosh, Feb. 6th, 1870.

Farrell, J. J.; P. O. Dundee.

Frazier, Thos. farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Flanty, Jas., mason; P. O. Dundee.

Fessendorf, C., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Fallman, Henry; P. O. Dundee.

GOODWIN, R. T., physician; P. O. Dundee.

Goble, Geo., shoemaker; P. O. Dundee.

Guge, Jacob, shoemaker; P. O. Dundee.

Gillett, Henry, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Gillilan, John, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Gromer, Fred., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

GRANT, JAMES, farmer and dairyman, Sec. 21; P. O. Dundee; was born in Perthshire, Scotland, Parish of Kirk Michael, Feb., 1799, and emigrated to America in 1835; lived for two years in N. Y. State; came West to Dundee, in 1837; but few people here when he came; bought a claim of 80 acres; now owns 165 acres; has owned 170 acres; coming to Kane Co. with nothing, Mr. Grant, by industry that characterized the early settler, has acquired a fine property; Rep.; Bapt. Married Margaret Malcom at Dundee, in 1842; she was born at Paisely, Scotland; has nine children living—Bella, Jeanette, Peter, Robert, James, John, Eliza, Eleanor and Cora.

GOULE, EPHRIAM J., retired farmer, Sec. 20; P. O. Dundee; was born at Saratoga, N. Y., March 3, 1825; at the age of 18, moved to Cayuga; came West in 1849, to Barrington, Cook Co., and residing six years, thence to Scott, Ogle Co., and to Dundee in 1870, and purchased 93 acres of land; Rep.; Meth. Episcopal; was Road Commissioner and School Director in Ogle Co. March, 1851, married Miss Lydia Hammond, at Barrington; she was born in Steuben Co., N. Y.; passed away in 1852; had one child, E. H. now living; second marriage occurred at Dundee, to Mrs. Emeline Sherman; she was born in Franklin Co., Vt.; by second marriage, two children—Frances E., born Feb. 26, 1858; Etta, born Dec. 15, 1861.

Griffith, Hugh, farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.

Garlieb, John, carpenter; P. O. Dundee.

Good, Christ., butcher; P. O. Dundee.

Glude, Henry, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Giddings George, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Gail, Charles, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

GRIFFITHS, ROBERT A., farmer and dairyman, Sec. 8; P. O. Dundee; was born at Muirkirk, Scotland, in 1816; came to America in 1846, direct to Dundee; purchased 119 acres of land; now owns 121 acres, valued at \$75 per acre; Rep.; Pres. Married Elizabeth Crichton Aug. 27, 1841, in Carluke, Scotland; she was born in Scotland, in 1818; passed away March 22, 1861, leaving 11 children; Jeanette A., born Feb. 18, 1842; Anne, born Feb. 20, 1844; William, born March 20, 1846; John C., born Nov. 21, 1848; Maggie C., born Nov. 6, 1850; Jane C., born Oct. 25, 1852; Elizabeth C., born June 11, 1855; William, March 12, 1857; Jane C., born May 17, 1859; Mary C., born 1861.

GRIFFITH, J. L., farmer and dairyman, Sec. 42; P. O. Dundee; born at Phelps, Ontario Co., N. Y., Aug. 25, 1819; came to Kane Co. in 1865; purchased, soon after, a farm of 74 acres; Rep.; Meth.; made School Director District No. 13, and Steward M. E. Church. Married Eunice C. Berry at Caton, Steuben Co., N. Y., Oct. 7, 1852; she was born at Westerly, Rhode Island, May 16, 1826; six children—Charles E., born Dec. 7, 1853; Clark B., born April 6, 1856; Euphemia E., born Dec. 13, 1858; Frank L., March 12, 1862; Lucy L., Feb. 17, 1867; Russell Wayne, May 27, 1870.

Graning, John, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

HALL, G. E., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

HAWLEY, E. C., Supervisor; P. O. Dundee; born at Barrington, Cook Co., February 18, 1850; came to Kane Co., April, 1854; was for eight years actively engaged in brick manufacturing; firm name, Hawley, Hager & Co.; subsequently disposed of his interest and became connected with the well known banking and mercantile house of H. E. Hunt, October, 1871. Married Esther Hunt, March, 1871, at residence of the bride's parents. Mr. H. was elected to the present Board of Supervisors at the annual meeting held in 1877; appointed School Treasurer Feb., 1877; also held office of Town Collector. Two children—Henry E., born Jan. 6, 1875, Wm. A., May 26, 1877. Both born in Dundee.

Hodges, James, lumber dealer; P. O. Dundee.

Hubbard, D. W., railroad man; P. O. Dundee.

Helm, Rudolph, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Horn, John; P. O. Dundee.

Hoxie, C. A., railroad agent; P. O. Dundee.

Hull, Mrs., P. O. Dundee.

HODGESS, J. H., flour, feed and lumber merchant; P. O. Dundee; firm of Hodgess, Borden & Co; born at Shellburn, Vt., April 5, 1834; in 1838 removed to Ill. First business venture was farming, which he followed for some years; in 1869 became traveling agent for an Eastern firm; followed it two years; in 1870 entered into co-partnership with above firm, of which he is still a member. Rep.; Prot.; held office of Trustee two terms, at Dundee. Married Mattie P. Todd, of Elgin, Ill., at Clinton, Iowa, Dec. 15, 1874; she was born June, 1849. One child, Gertrude, born at Dundee, March 18, 1875.

Hewitt, Darius, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Holden, William, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Haeger, D. H. & Co., brickmakers; P. O. Dundee.

HOLLISTER, ALLENS., Justice of Peace, Notary Public, insurance and real estate agent; P. O. Dundee; member of firm of D. R. Jencks & Co., of Elgin; was born in New Milford, Conn.; a resident until 1830; in 1844 came to Kane Co.; since arrival has been engaged in the drug and also tailoring business; held office of P. M. under Pierce and Buchanan; in 1870, was elected Justice of the Peace; again elected Spring of 1877. Married three times; first wife, Eliza Parker, of Enfield, Conn.; second, Sophia Tyler, of Girard, Pa.; third wife, Jerusha Boynton, now living, from Dundee. Mr. Hollister is the father of six children, only one living.

Holz, J. M., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Hodgess, Borden & Co., lumber dealers; P. O. Dundee.

Haeger, D. H., mason; P. O. Dundee.

Hendricks, Ed., blacksmith; P. O. Dundee.

Hendricks & Mueller, wagonmks; P. O. Dundee.

Hintz, Christ, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Hintz, Fred., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Hintz, Charles, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

HANCHETT, WM. F., farmer and dairyman; P. O. Elgin; was born in Broome Co., N. Y., May 8, 1821; lived in N. Y. 34 years; came West to Wis., in 1855, to Viroqua, Vernon Co.; resided there until 1865; thence to New Jersey; came to Kane Co., Sept. 1, 1875; worked 170 acres, estate of Darius Hewitt. Rep.; Bapt.; enlisted in Co. A, 25th Wis., Aug., 1862; re-enlisted for three years; honorably discharged on account of sickness, May 29, 1863. Married Harriet E. Vail, at Forest Lake, Susquehanna Co., Pa., Oct., 1850. She was born at Orange Co., N. Y., July, 1828; children, Fanny E., Wm. D., Milburn C., Hattie J., Carrie D., Louis M., Martha G., deceased.

HAVERKAMPF, HENRY F., cabinet maker and undertaker; P. O. Dundee; was born at Hanover Stadt, Ger., Dec. 25, 1831; left Germany for America in 1852; arrived at Quebec; from Quebec came direct to Chicago; here he married Ursula Ziagler, Dec. 26, 1854; came to Kane Co., March 23; commenced shortly after arrival business of cabinetmaker, succeeding Chas Kover and is now doing an extensive business in Dundee; Rep.; Meth.; seven children living—Caroline, Henry, Annie, George, David, Edward, Samuel; deceased, John and Moses.

Hawley, F. S., livery; P. O. Dundee.

Hawthorn, E.; P. O. Dundee.

Heman, Fred., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

HAVERKAMPF, F. H., dry goods merchant; P. O. Dundee; was born in Hanover, Ger., May 12, 1839; emigrated to America in 1854; coming direct from the East to Dundee. Engaged in various occupations. Worked for A. & H. C. Edwards as clerk some seven years; in Feb., 1866, started dry goods store, firm name being Haverkamp & Laihle; bought out Mr. Laihle's interest in 1870; Rep.; Meth. Epis. Married Johanna Nagel, of Donkle Grove; she was born in Holland, in 1838; died, Oct. 22, 1876; eight children, six living. Mr. H. is now living with his second wife, Elizabeth Lay; they were married Aug. 23, 1877, at Fond du Lac. She was born in Prussia in 1843.

Hoxie, G. W., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Hall, C. F., merchant; P. O. Dundee.

Hull, Ann, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Hemenway, W. R.; P. O. Dundee.

Hodges, Martha, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Hodges & Dickinson, far's.; P. O. Dundee.

Henning, Jno., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

HAMMERS, JNO., farmer and stock raiser, Hanover Township, Cook Co.; P. O. Elgin; was born in Washington Co., Indiana, Jan. 28, 1820; from there, went to Putnam, near Greencastle; after remaining there five years with parents, went to McLean Co., near Peoria, Ill., May 9, 1835; settled in Hanover, where Geo. Hammers' father claimed 400 acres and afterward bought same in Fall of 1843; Mr. J. Hammers bought 80 acres; in 1844, 80 more; now owns property to the amount of 304 acres, valued at \$75 per acre; Rep.; Meth. Married Elizabeth Browning, of Du Page Co., Ill., in 1842; have five children.

HYLAND, PATRICK, blacksmith; P. O. Carpentersville; born at New Bridge, Kildare Co., Ireland; came to America in 1872; came West, direct to Dundee, and entered into employ of Ill. Iron & Bolt Co., and has been with them since. Dem.; Roman Catholic. John Hyland's father was born at Port Arlington, Queens Co., Ireland, in 1827. Mrs. Hyland, whose maiden name was Bambrick, was also born in same town and county, in 1826.

Hunt, H. E., merchant; P. O. Dundee.

Hill, Jno. V., P. O. Dundee.

Harker, Charles, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

HOWIE, ROBERT, far. and sheep raiser, Sec. 5; P. O. Dundee; was born in Eagle's Home, Scotland, in 1821; came to America in 1841; came to Dundee, pre-empted 80 acres, afterward bought; now owns 225 acres, value \$75 per acre; Rep.; Prot. Married Annie Hood at Dundee in 1854; she was born in Scotland in 1832; five children living—Mary, born Feb. 20, 1856; John, born Jan. 11, 1863; James, born April 3, 1868; Robert born in 1866; Anna born April 22, 1873; Martha born Feb. 20, 1856, died in 1862; John born Dec. 21, 1857, died in 1861; Anna born 1859, died same year; Hugh born March 16, 1870, died same year; Willie born June 11, 1872, died same year; Maggie born Sept. 18, 1861, died July 21, 1874.

Hopp, Jno., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Hopp, Joseph, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Haacker, Chas., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Holtz, Jno., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Hoxie, Mrs., P. O. Dundee.

Healey, Bernard, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Hill, Seth, P. O. Dundee.

HAWLEY, GEO. C., P. O. Dundee; born at Amherst, Mass., Jan. 19, 1828; moved from Mass. to Williamson Co., N. Y.; came to Dundee in 1835; owns a farm of 325 acres valued at \$75 per acre; also fine residence at Dundee and large dairy; five children—all living.

Holtz, Widow, P. O. Dundee.

Hathorn, D., carpet-weaver; P. O. Dundee.

Hoffman, F. H., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Hubbard, H., P. O. Dundee.

Hill, W. P., hotel; P. O. Dundee.

Hodges, S., P. O. Dundee.

IRICK, J. G., P. O. Dundee.

JOHNSTON, T., P. O. Carpentersville.

Jyrst, John, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

JENCKS, D. S., farmer and dairyman, Barrington; P. O. Dundee; was born in Berkshire Co., Mass., April 6, 1825; came to Cook Co. in 1844, located first on a 120-acre farm, sold out in 1850, and went to California; remained one year before departure; bought 40 acres, and sold on return; bought 125 acres at Barrington, sold this and went to Palatine, and bought 250 acres, this he sold in 1868, and bought a farm where he now lives; owns 172 acres, large dairy, 40 cows; has shipped 120 gallons of milk in a day; Rep.; Universalist; held office of School Director, Highway Commissioner, etc. Married Nancy E. Waterman Oct. 26, 1845, at Barrington, and born at North Adams, Berkshire Co., Mass., July 25, 1825; four children.

Jurst, Bernard, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

KRAHN, CHARLES, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

KRAHN, FREDERICK, farmer; Sec. 1; Dundee Tp.; P. O. Dundee; born in Prussia, Germany, in 1853; came to America, in 1860, and to Dundee, Ill., direct; since coming to America, has been a resident of Dundee; Rep. in politics; Luth. in religion.

Kuken, Chris., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Kibby, C. A., P. O. Dundee.

KETCHUM, E. G., farmer, stock raiser and dairyman; residence Dundee Tp.; P. O. Dundee; born in Berkshire Co., Mass., in 1822; removed to Cook Co. in 1848, locating at Palatine; moved to Kane Co. in 1869; owns 270 acres, valued at \$100 per acre; Rep.; Prot.; held office of School Trustee for a number of years, and still holds same. Married Betsy Hayden, at Windham Co., Vt., in 1844; she was born in Berkshire Co., Mass., in 1822; four children—Everette E., Alfred N., Frank W., Clara A.; two deceased—Myron H., Gaylord E.

Kelley, Thomas, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

KELLEY, THOMAS B., stone mason, plasterer, builder, raiser and mover; born at Dublin, Ireland, June 11, 1826; P. O. Dundee; came to America in February, 1852, and to Kane Co. in April, 1856; worked as farmer eight years; engaged in present business in 1862; commenced in a small way, and now does an extensive business and owns a fine property. In 1857, T. B. Edwards and T. B. Kelley opened the street known as Kelley street, a main thoroughfare of Dundee. Married Mary Cunningham, in 1850, at Dublin, Ireland; she was born at Balskenden, Ireland, in 1830. Independent of party; Rom. Cath.; has been Assessor of Highways and Street Commissioner for four years; nine children—Eliza, born Oct. 27, 1851; Charles H., May 3, 1854; Mary Jane, Dec. 11, 1856, died March 16, 1857; Ellen, March 12, 1858; Mary Jane, Oct. 27, 1861; Thomas B., May 12, 1863; Margaret H., Nov. 4, 1866; Eva, April 5, 1870; Anna, May 20, 1872, died March 16, 1873.

Knaack, Christ., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

KINGSLEY, HENRY, farmer, stock raiser and dairyman; Barrington, Cook Co., Ill.; P. O. Dundee; born, in 1854, at Barrington; Mr. K.'s business has always been farming and dairying; works 376 acres; his dairy business is quite extensive; has shipped in one day 192 gallons of milk to the factory at Dundee; Rep.; Prot.; married Jennie Wright, at Carpentersville, Dec. 25, 1876; she was born in Carpentersville, Kane Co., in 1856.

Krahn, Jno., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

KINGSLEY, S. W., farmer and dairyman; Barrington, Cook Co.; Sec. 20; P. O. Dundee; born at North Adams, Mass., in 1818; in 1840, came West and located on the farm where he now lives, then a farm of 240 acres; has since bought largely, and now owns 465 acres, valued at \$65 per acre; is worth \$50,000 in real estate and personal property; has one of the most extensive dairies in the Northwest; his shipments of milk have been as high as 184 gallons daily; has some very fine Holstein cattle. Rep.; Prot.; held the offices of Supervisor, Commissioner, Collector, etc.; married Waitie Waterman, at North Adams, Mass., in 1841; she was born at North Adams in 1822; seven children—Mary, Sarah Jane, Hannah, Addie, Hattie, Alice and Henry.

Kendall, N. G., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

KRAHN, CHAS. F., farmer and dairyman, Dundee; P. O. Dundee; born in Prussia, Germany, in 1841; came to Quebec, Canada, in 1858, with parents; from there direct to Dundee Tp.; owns 55 acres, valued at \$100 per acre; property, \$4,000; Rep.; Meth.; School Director of District No. 26; enlisted in 1865 at Elgin, Ill; on duty guarding prisoners of war at Camp Douglas, Chicago; honorably discharged. Married first wife, Lucinda Hull, at Dundee, in 1863; she passed away Sept. 4, 1870, leaving one child, Emily; married second wife, Elbertine Ebert, at Milwaukee, May 10, 1871; she was born in Germany in 1849; three children by last marriage—Frank, Albert, Fannie; two deceased.

KRUEGER, JOACHIM, far.; P. O. Dundee; born in Prussia, Germany, in 1842; came to America in 1872, direct to Dundee; Rep.; Luth.; married, in Germany, Mary Hopp, in 1869; she was born in Germany, in 1845; five children—Johanne, Minnie, Ureka, John and Fred. Mr. K. served one year in the Austrian war and year in the French war, being engaged in the principal battles; at the close of the war, came to America, where he has since resided.

Kelley, Robert, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Kroeger, Chris., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Kohn, Chas., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Kampfer, C., tailor; P. O. Dundee.

Kruse, Chris., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Kelley, C. H., mason; P. O. Dundee.

KIBBY, A. C., carpenter and joiner; P. O. Dundee; born in Litchfield, N. Y., Feb. 26, 1810; came to Kane Co. in 1840; worked for Grist Mill company at Batavia, and put in first run of stone; witnessed many ludicrous scenes at an early day; has seen wigwam, big council lodge, squatter log cabin and frame building all in one year; has seen herds of deer as far as the eye could reach; saw the grave of Big Thunder, Chief of the Pottawattomies. In the Spring of 1840, married Miss Olive Tracy, at Mexicoville, N. Y.; Dem.; owns a fine property in Dundee; two sons and two daughters; lost five.

Kaufelds, Chas., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Krahn, C. F., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

LEMBEKE, WM., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Lorenz, Chris., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Lucas, L., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Luther, Chris., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

LAWRENCE, CHRIST., farmer and dairyman; P. O. Dundee; was born in Prussia in 1840; came to America in 1867; Dem.; Meth.; owns 39 acres; married Zena Edelfeldt, in Ger., in 1867; she was born in Ger. in 1840. Lost three children.

Lange, Frank, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Lembekr, John; P. O. Dundee.

Lussow, Charles, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Leverenz, John, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Lempke, W.; P. O. Dundee.

MILLER, JOHN F., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

McKNIGHT, JOHN, by trade hat, cap and furrier, now farmer and Street Commissioner; P. O. Dundee; born at Belfast, Ireland, in 1811; came to America in 1827; to Cook Co. in 1837; to Kane Co. in 1865; purchased property in Dundee, value, \$5,000, known as McKnight's addition to Dundee; elected to office of Commissioner four terms. Rep.; Episcopal; married Elizabeth Wardlow, at Burlington, Vt., in 1832, at Belfast, Ireland; have had 10 children—nine living—John, Ann, Jane, Margaret, Eliza, Susan, James, Ella and Francis; Amelia, deceased.

Miller, Fred., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

McKendrick, Thos.; P. O. Carpentersville.

Melville, William, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Miller, J. F., blacksmith; P. O. Dundee.

McEwen, B. T., carp.; P. O. Carpentersville.

Marshall, Wm., mer.; P. O. Carpentersville.

Medrow, Joe, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

MANN, LEONARD W., farmer;

P. O. Dundee. Born in N. Hampshire in 1821; came west to Elgin, in 1838; Winter of 1842 became possessor of 120 acres, on which he resided seven years, during which time he married Lydia Hewitt, Sept. 19, 1844; she was born in Steuben Co., N. Y., in 1824; Rep.; Bapt. Enlisted Aug. 1861, in Co. A, 36th I. V., and served three years; was in 11 engagements; wounded at battle of Kenesaw Mountain; promoted Sergeant for meritorious conduct; honorably discharged Nov., 1864; held office of Town Trustee, etc. Has two children living, three deceased.

Mitchell, Fred., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

MORTON, CHARLES, blacksmith

and wagonmaker; P. O. Dundee; born at Spuyten Duyvil Creek, N. Y., Dec. 3, 1822; in 1845, came to Chicago; worked as journeyman 12 years; in 1857 came to Kane Co., started blacksmith shop; in 1864, went to Montana and worked at trade and mining; after two years returned to Kane Co.; is now in business and is well and favorably known as a skilled mechanic; was in Volunteer Fire Department at Chicago, of which he was chief. Married Abigail Allen, at Chicago, in 1846; she passed away in 1853; now married to Elizabeth Taylor, of Dundee; two children by first marriage, five by second.

Muller, F. J., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

MUNGER, C. A., far., stock raiser

and dairyman in Dundee Tp.; P. O. Elgin; born in Portage, Wis., July 25, 1853; came to Kane Co. in 1872; works farm of 124 acres and carries on dairy of five cows daily or 44 gallons. Rep.; Bapt. Married Emma C. Cooper in Dundee Tp., May 3, 1874; she was born at Union, Rock Co., Wis., in 1838; have one child, Henry A., born Sept. 20, 1876, in Dundee Tp.

Miller, Fred., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Miller, John, far.; P. O. Carpentersville.

McGregor, Jane; P. O. Dundee.

MORSE, ABNER, farmer and dairyman in Dundee Tp.; P. O. Dundee; born in Madison Co., N. Y., 1826; in 1853, came West and located, first at Barrington, Cook Co., bought 160 acres and sold to Edwin, a brother; in 1857, bought 160 acres in Dundee Tp., value, \$100 per acre. Dem.; Bapt. Held office of Road Commissioner one term; married Sarah Jane Saulisbury, in Dundee Tp., Oct. 28, 1857; she was born in Canada, 1836; have five children—Charles, born 1860; Willie J., born 1864; George E., born 1868; Leuella, born 1870; Frankie A., born 1873; Flora, born 1862, and died Aug. 13, 1866.

Miller, Albert, jeweler; P. O. Dundee.

Melane, Fred., P. O. Dundee.

MUNGER, H. C., farmer and dairy-

man; P. O. Dundee; was born in Vermont in 1829; came to Dundee in 1873; owns farm of 124 acres; value, \$60 per acre; owns property to the amount of \$10,000. Married Mary Jane Sheppard, at Cooksville, Wis., Sept. 3, 1853; she was born in Batavia, N. Y., Feb. 26, 1832; have seven children—Charles, born July 25, 1854; Lillian, born May 6, 1859; Ettie A., born Aug. 12, 1864; Ora P., born March 30, 1867; Minnie, born Oct. 11, 1869; Omer, born Dec. 10, 1873; Jennie, born Jan. 27, 1876.

Masters, Thomas, P. O. Carpentersville.

MARTIN, JOHN, retired merchant;

P. O. Dundee; opened dry goods and grocery store at Gilbert's Station, Rutland Tp.; Mr. M. is of Irish parentage; was born in Scotland in 1825; gave up mercantile business on account of ill health; while in Rutland held office of Postmaster eight years and Justice of the Peace three years; acted as Agent for American Express Co. ten years; Dem.; Cath; was married to Miss Elizabeth Carthey in Glasgow, Scotland, in 1845; she was born in Ayershire, Scotland, in 1825, same year as husband; one child living—Matilda; deceased, James, Lizzie, Katie, Mary, John, Rosanna and Peter.

Muir, David, P. O. Dundee.

McEwen, B., P. O. Carpentersville.

Miller, Martin, lab.; P. O. Dundee.

MILLER, DAVID, far. and dairyman; an early settler of Kane Co.

MASON, DAVID, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 29; P. O. Elgin; was born in Berkshire Co., Mass.; resided there till 20 years old, then came West to Dundee Township, and settled on farm of 160 acres, on which he still lives; value \$70 per acre; on this property Mr. M. has made extensive improvements; is Independent as to politics; Protestant; was married to Miss Eliza Colson in Berkshire Co., Mass., Sept., 1838; she was born at Savoy, Mass., June, 1818; four children—Maria, born Feb., 1845; Leland, born June, 1847; Gean, born Jan., 1850; Ada, born Jan., 1852.

Medrow, Fred., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

MASON, J. P., proprietor Walnut Grove Creamery, situated four miles southwest of Dundee and four miles northwest of Elgin; P. O. Elgin; Mr. M. is a native of Dundee Tp.; born in 1850; Ind.; Protestant; was married to Miss Annie Fraser, in Elgin, March 22, 1871; she was born in 1850 in Rutland Township, Kane County; two children—John and Frank. The factory was started in May, 1877, and has a capacity of turning out 30 cheeses and 200 lbs. of butter per day; this factory makes an excellent grade of butter and cheese; the farm of Mr. M. comprises 160 acres, valued at \$60 per acre; keeps 30 milch cows, and keeps Berkshire and China hogs.

NORTON, W. W., overseer; P. O. Dundee.

Nute, R., P. O. Dundee.

NOLTE, AUGUST, manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes; P. O. Dundee; was born in Brucharen, West Phalt, Germany, Sept. 13, 1849; served apprenticeship in Brunswick, Germany, four years; came to America Oct. 3, 1867, coming direct to Dundee, where he worked for many years; started present business in 1874; Rep.; Prot. Married Mary Hoffman, at Dundee, Dec. 2, 1876; was born in Macklinburgh, June 10, 1856.

NEILL, MORTON, miller, Atlantic Mills; P. O. Carpentersville; was born at Brooklyn, N. Y., Aug. 10, 1843; came to Kane Co. in 1866, and became connected with Grove Mills, now Atlantic; Rep.; Episcopal. Married

Loretta Wolaver, of Carpentersville, at La Plata, Macon Co., Missouri, Sept 18, 1871; she was born in 1851; have three children—all born at Carpentersville.

NOLTE, CHARLES, proprietor Spring Mills, Dundee, Ill.; was born in Prussia, Sept. 26, 1836; emigrated to America in 1857; came to Chicago, Ill., and from there to Dunkle Grove, Du Page Co., in 1859; went to Elgin, Ill., and remained till 1866, then went to Wis. and started a flour and feed mill at Fond du Lac; followed mill business at Forest, Wis., one year, then came to Kane Co. and started present business in 1867; is well and favorably known, and makes an excellent brand of flour; Rep.; Luth. Married, in 1867, Sophia Goldthmann, at Dundee; she was born in Hanover, Germany.

BERST, M., P. O. Dundee.

Oatman, G. T., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

OATMAN, JESSE, mer.; P. O. Dundee; born at New Albany, Ind., Nov. 24, 1811; lived there nine years, then moved, with parents, to Green Castle, Putnam Co., Ind., and from there to Tazewell Co., Ill., and remained nine years, then moved to Dundee; himself and Hardin Oatman, a brother, opened a general merchandise store in Washington, Ill., in 1836; brought their stock of goods into Kane Co., being the first merchant's goods in the county north of St. Charles, on the Fox River. Mr. Oatman is a wealthy, enterprising man; in addition to a large drug business, has a large bee apiary; took premium, at Elgin, for best sample of honey. Married Lucinda C. Morey, June 15, 1836, at Washington, Ill.; she was born at Cleveland, Ohio, June 6, 1818; six children—Lucinda, Caroline, Edward J., George F., Alfred and Henrietta.

Oatman, E., farmer; P. O. Dundee,

O'Brien, M., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

O'Connor, M., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

PATCHIE, C.; P. O. Dundee.

Pecoy, Steve, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Paddock, C., lab.; P. O. Carpentersville.

Pruess, Henry, saloon; P. O. Dundee.

Pruess, Jno., saloon; P. O. Dundee.

PAULDING, JOSEPH, capitalist; was born in Canada East, in 1818; at the age of sixteen, moved to New York State; in 1852, bought town property at Dundee; owns house, lot and shoe store; Rep.; Bapt.; married Sarah Schuyler, a descendent of Capt. Schuyler, of Revolutionary fame, in 1849, at Oswego, N. Y.; she was born in Jefferson Co., in 1829; Mr. P. took an active part in the war at Canada in 1839 and 1840.

PECK, GEO. J., farmer and dairyman; P. O. Dundee; born in Glenville, Schenectady Co., Sept. 17, 1803; came to Kane Co. in 1837; bought claim of 320 acres; sold this in 1852, and 600 acres at Udina; in 1838 built log house; now owns 160 acres, valued at \$75 per acre; married Marriette Mansfield at Esperance, N. Y., March, 1836; she was born at Esperance in 1815; four children—Cordelia Pennellia, Geo. B. M., and Sandford J.

Pandt, Jno., P. O. Carpentersville.

PECK, G. H., farmer and small fruit raiser; P. O. Dundee; was born in New Berlin, N. Y., in 1839; resided there until 14 years old, when he came West with parents, April, 1852, and settled in Dundee; owns farm worth \$75 per acre; Rep.; Bapt.; enlisted Sept., 1861, in Co. K, 52d Ill. Inf.; served nine months; the 52d guarded the rebel prisoners sent to Camp Douglas in 1862; then returned to Dundee; married Amanda Padelford in Dundee in 1860; she was born in Canada West in 1842; one child—Frank Irving, born May 20, '74, in Elgin.

PECK, WM. R., farmer, stock raiser and dairyman; Sec. 29; P. O. Dundee; was born in Rhode Island in 1803; resided there nineteen years; then moved to New Berlin, N. Y., and resided three years; married Mary Hayes in New Berlin in 1827; came West in 1853, to Dundee, and settled on the farm where he now resides; farm contains 147 acres, valued at \$85 per acre; Rep.; Meth.; three children living—George H., born 1839; Sarah C., born 1840; John W., born 1852; lost five children—William R., Don Alonzo, Adaliza, Ruth M. and Charles E.; Don Alonzo reported missing while in the army.

PERRY, FRANCIS, retired farmer; born at Elizabethtown, N. Y., Aug. 5, 1812; in 1836, located in Kane Co., near town of Dundee; in 1840 bought claim he took on arrival, 265 acres, which he now owns, and a fine property at Dundee, valued at \$75 per acre; holds office of Corporation Trustee; Rep.; Bapt.; married Julian Haasz, at Chicago, Ill., March 14, 1839; she was born at Elizabeth, Sept. 21, 1819; children—Lucy Jane, born Jan. 3, 1840; Lucy Ann, Oct. 1, 1841; Mary E., Sept. 9, 1843; Julia, Nov. 20, 1849; Octavia A., Nov. 17, 1856; Rosalia, Jan. 25, 1862, deceased; Cordelia, Jan. 3, 1850, died March 14, 1850; Augusta C., Sept. 6, 1845, died Sept. 1, 1865.

PLUMBERGH, THOS., farmer and dairyman; P. O. Dundee; born in Bristol, England, 1797; came to America in 1822; went from New York to New Orleans, resided there seven years, in medical profession; moved from New Orleans to McHenry Co., Algonquin, in 1839; bought 365 acres of land, which he sold in 1865; built and was proprietor of the brick flouring mill at Algonquin; through his efforts and others the Fox River Valley Railroad was constructed to run through Algonquin; considerable of the town of Algonquin was known as Plumbergh Addition; is the inventor of the celebrated Illinois Mower, which runs entirely without cog wheels and nets its owner a handsome royalty; Mr. P. is 80 years old and very energetic; married Miss Davis, at Bristol, England; one child—Robert, deceased; now married to Eliza Herman, of London; eight children.

PLATH, FRITZ, farmer and dairyman; P. O. Dundee; was born in Prussia in 1842; in 1863 came to Dundee; owns 100 acres; Rep.; Luth.; married Fredericka Wallard in Dundee March 15, 1865; she was born in Germany in 1840; five children.

Peters, Henry, merchant; P. O. Dundee.

Pruess, Christ., lab.; P. O. Dundee.

Parker, W. J., merchant; P. O. Dundee.

Pfingsten, Henry, lab.; P. O. Dundee.

Perry, O., laborer, P. O. Dundee.

Pischezack, John, phys.; P. O. Dundee.

Petit, Charles, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

PERRY, E. D., farmer and dairyman, Sec. 4; P. O. Dundee; born in New York State June 23, 1823; resided there seven years, and in Ohio four years; came to Kane Co. in 1846, prior to the removal of Indians to their reservation; the parents of Mr. Perry on their arrival at their Western home, bought 320 acres from the Government; E. D. Perry owns 166 acres; has property valued at \$10,000; Rep.; Bapt.; married Sarah Haasz, Dundee, Tp., Jan., 1845; she was born in Essex Co., N. Y., June 25, 1825; children—Owen L., born May 6, 1846; Armenia A., Oct. 2, 1849; Eunice, March 19, 1850; Fayette, March 7, 1858; Ella, July 25, 1860; Ada, Jan. 8, 1863.

PERRY, B. F., farmer and dairyman; Secs. 3, 4, 9 and 10; P. O. Dundee; was born in Elizabethtown, Essex Co., N. Y., March 4, 1811; came to Chicago in 1834, when it contained but 200 or 300 inhabitants; stopped there two months, then settled on Fox River, near St. Charles, and made a claim of 320 acres, and improved it; three years after returned to the East, where he married Eliza Nicholas, in Essex Co., Nov., 1836; she was born in Elizabethtown July 7, 1814; nine children—Charles H., born Aug. 31, 1837; Alfred E., Jan. 27, 1839; Caroline S. and Josephine A., Jan. 17, 1842; Franklin, 1844; Amos, 1846; Louisa A., 1848; Cordelia O., June, 1855; George F., Sept. 17, 1857.

PADELFORD, J. F., farmer and dairyman; Sec. 31; P. O. Elgin; was born in Savoy, Berkshire Co., Mass., June 17, 1814; is a descendant of Jonathan Padelford, who was born in 1628, and settled in Cambridge, Mass., in 1660; in 1825 J. F. went to Upper Canada; in 1840 was married in Canada to Miss Prudence Pound; she was born in Elgin Co., Canada, March 8, 1823; in 1844 came West and bought 80 acres; in 1845 returned to the East and brought his family; in 1846 bought the estate of Malcolm McMillian; first land was bought from Samuel Willaby; Mr. P. has owned 300 acres; now owns 278 acres, valued at \$75 per acre; was one of the original pro-slavery men, at a time when it was worth something to hold such views. At the time of writing

this sketch, Mr. P. was erecting what will be one of the finest residences in the township; children—Amanda, born March 12, 1842; Phoebe A., June 11, 1844; William H., Jan. 9, 1848; Melvina, Aug. 12, 1850; Ida, Dec. 18, 1853; Jesse Fremont, Jan. 8, 1856; James Franklin, May 16, 1858; Jennie P., May 3, 1860; Julia S., Oct. 4, 1862; Manley E., Nov. 9, 1866; Melvina Clara; Beverly, June 4, 1872.

PEARSON, J. W., farmer and mechanic; Sec. 16; P. O. Elgin; was born in Kent, England, in 1831; came to America in 1849, and to Elgin 1850; purchased house and lot in 1867; afterward bought 158½ acres; now owns 290 acres, valued at \$60 per acre; personal and real estate, \$5,000; Rep.; Meth.; held office of Postmaster at Hanover, Cook Co.; married Miss Cordelia Hayes at Kingston, N. Y., in 1854; she was born in Kingston in 1832, and passed away in May, 1861; in 1862 married Miss Mary Weller in Elgin; she passed away in March, 1874; in Oct., 1875, married Emma Weller; children—two by first marriage, four by second and one by the third.

QUACKENBUSH, M., Principal of High School at Dundee; born in Otsego Co., N. Y., Nov. 25, 1842; resided there seven years, then moved, with parents, first to St. Charles, Kane Co., where he passed his boyhood; at that day the means for acquiring an education were not as good as at the present time, and it so happened that Mr. Quackenbush did not commence a course of study until 16 years of age; at the breaking out of the war he enlisted, but was not in active service until 1865, then served until the close of the war in Inspection Department, as clerk; was honorably discharged Sept., 1865, at Washington, when he returned to Kane Co., where he married Nellie Boynton, at Clintonville, Aug. 22, 1871; one child—Eddie, born Nov. 27, 1873, at St. Charles.

REXVOLDT, CHARLES, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Rose, James, P. O. Carpentersville.

Richardson, Mrs., P. O. Dundee.

Rollins, E., P. O. Carpentersville.

Rigby, E. C.; P. O. Carpentersville.

Roys, H., P. O. Carpentersville.

Rooney, Thomas, laborer; P. O. Dundee.
Rahn, Christopher, lab.; P. O. Dundee.

RICHARDS, HENRY, boot and shoe manufacturer; born in Devonshire, England, in 1831; served apprenticeship; came to America in 1870; was in business in Elgin four years; came to Dundee in 1874, and became established in business; is a first-class workman and has a large trade; Ind.; Protestant; married Jane Gliddon in England in 1853; she was born in Devonshire in 1830; three children—John W., George H. and Willie M.

Rokow, Fred, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Rokow, John, laborer, P. O. Dundee.

Rokow, Charles, laborer, P. O. Dundee.

Rodky, Charles, laborer, P. O. Dundee.

Ropka, William, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Riedesel, William, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Roehl, Fred., lumber dlr; P. O. Dundee.

Remer, Fred., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Radeky, Fred., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

ROSE, JOHN W., farmer and dairyman, Dundee Tp.; P. O. Dundee; born in Dundee Tp., in 1850; has always resided here; works farm of 120 acres; value, \$100 per acre. Married Mary Richardson, at Dundee, Feb. 19, 1875; she was born at Philadelphia, Pa., in 1851; the farm belongs to James Rose, father of John, who is a resident of Dundee and one of the early pioneers of Kane Co., coming here about the year 1847.

Rover, Charles, painter; P. O. Dundee.

Rahn, Jacob, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Rose, A., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Reitey, W., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Reiley, Wm.; P. O. Carpentersville.

Rohn, John, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Rochfort, P., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Rose, H. J., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

S**SHEPHERD, T. J.**, far.; P. O. Dundee.

Smith, J. A., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Smith, William, farmer; P. O. Carpentersville.

SIMONDS, B., P. O. Dundee; a wealthy citizen of Dundee, and one of the early pioneers of the county; formerly a merchant, now retired.

Stark, Herman, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Schartow, John, laborer; P. O. Carpentersville.

Smith, J. M., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Simpson, S., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Sternberg, Fred., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Sherman, H. N., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

SUTFIN, WILLIAM, farmer; P. O. Dundee; born in Northumberland, N. Y., 1805; married at Fort Edwards, N. Y., Oct. 1829, to Miss Lucy Ann Wilson, of Vermont; she was born in 1810. Mr. Sutfin was formerly a millwright; came to Dundee, Ill., July, 1837; property small; bought land of the Government in 1843; now a dairy farm; was awarded the highest premium at County Fair in 1860 and 1865; is worth \$15,000 and stock \$3,000; was elected to office of Poor Master in 1844, served three years; elected Town Assessor in 1852; in 1853, Commissioner of Roads; also, in 1857, for six years Township Trustee; in 1849, School Director for five years. Rep.; Prot. Children—Sarah Ann, born at Plattsburgh, N. Y., in 1830; David W., born at Tully, N. Y., in 1836; Mary Angeline, born May 6, 1839; Francis E. born Oct. 23, 1843; Edward Irvin, born Sept. 26, 1846; George W., born Feb. 25, 1849. Lost four.

Sherman, S., farmer, P. O. Dundee.

STEEGE, J. H. C., Lutheran minister; P. O. Dundee; was born in Hesse, Germany, Aug. 14, 1841; came to America in 1846, landing at New York; from there to Elk Grove, Cook Co., Ill., and resided there twelve years; in 1858, went to St. Louis, and graduated at Concordia College; in 1863, became a minister; then moved to Monroe Co., Mich.; married Mary Wagener, from Adrian, Mich.; Aug. 2, 1864; she was born in Furth, at Kingdom Bavaria, Germany, June 30, 1846; Mr. Steege came to Kane Co. in 1870, and became Pastor of the Lutheran Church, of which he is still Pastor; three children.

Schroeder, Fred., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Schulz, Fred., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Schuldt, John, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Stead, James, laborer, P. O. Carpentersville.

Stickels, G., laborer; P. O. Carpentersville.

Smith, O. H., carpenter; P. O. Carpentersville.

Smith, E. J., planing-mill; P. O. Carpentersville.

SUTFIN, DAVID W., farmer and stock raiser, Sec. 27; P. O. Dundee; born in Onondaga Co., New York, in 1836; came to Kane Co., Ill., in 1837, with his parents, and settled in Dundee Township; David's first purchase was made March 15, 1865, being 49 acres; now owns 63 acres, valued at \$100 per acre, on which he has made extensive improvements; enlisted, Sept. 25, 1861, for three years, in Co. A, 7th Ill. Inf., and honorably discharged April 18, 1862; married Isabella Grant, of Dundee, Nov. 25, 1863; she was born at Shellsburgh, Wis., in 1842; have three children—Wm. G., born Aug. 28, 1864; Benton H., born Oct. 16, 1865; Walter J., born July 21, 1869; all born at Dundee.

Sternberg, Charles, farmer; P. O. Dundee.
Sherman, Ad.; P. O. Carpentersville.

Sawyer, H. G., book-keeper; P. O. Carpentersville

SAWYER, GEO. E., retired farmer; P. O. Carpentersville; born at Oxford, N. H., in 1815; came to Kane Co., Ill., Oct. 12, 1847; bought a claim of 160 acres of land; now owns 285 acres, valued at \$75 per acre; owns a house and two lots at Carpentersville; owns property to the amount of \$25,000; Rep.; held offices of Road Commissioner and Assessor; married U. P. Blake, at Plymouth, N. H.; has two children—Wm. G., born in 1841, at Dundee; H. G., born in 1844, at Elgin. Mr. Sawyer has a very extensive dairy, and is one of Carpentersville's most enterprising and wealthy citizens.

SKEELS, R. M., stock and produce buyer; P. O. Dundee; born at White Hall, Washington Co., N. Y., in 1815; came West in 1860, to Huntley Station, McHenry Co., Ill., and engaged in stock and produce buying; bought there two houses and seven lots; carried on present business till 1873; then came to Dundee, and is still engaged as stock and produce buyer; Rep.; Cong.; enlisted, in 1862, in Elgin Battery, for nine months' service; honorably discharged at Louisville, Ky.; married Miss Manvill, at White Hall, N. Y.; she was born in 1812, at White Hall, and died in 1864, at Huntley, McHenry Co., Ill.; had nine children, four living.

Starving, John, laborer; P. O. Dundee.
Steffin, Joseph, laborer; P. O. Dundee.
Schamback, A., shoemaker; P. O. Dundee.
Schuts, Charles, laborer; P. O. Dundee.
Schroeder, J. W., farmer; P. O. Dundee.
Segebrecht, Fred., farmer; P. O. Dundee.
Schutt, Jno., laborer; P. O. Dundee.
Spoonholz, John, laborer; P. O. Dundee.
Schroder, Louis, saloon; P. O. Dundee.
Stage, H., laborer; P. O. Dundee.
Stickels, Robert, laborer; P. O. Dundee.
Steege, C., minister; P. O. Dundee.

SMITH, JAS. A., farmer and stock raiser, and dairyman, Dundee Tp.; P. O. Dundee; was born at Roberts Bridge, Sussex, Eng., Nov. 22, 1821; came to America in 1836, landing at New York; lived in Troy till 1847; then came West, to Detroit, Mich.; lived there till February, 1848, then came to Dundee Township, where he has since resided; owns 74 acres of land, valued at \$100 per acre; married Miss Abbie Birge, at Dundee Tp., Oct. 9, 1865; she was born in New Haven, Vt., Oct. 10, 1821.

Schmelz, E., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Smith, Jane; P. O. Dundee.

Sharp, D., horse farrier; P. O. Dundee.

Sternberg, Fred., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Smith, Geo., carpenter; P. O. Dundee.

Smith, Dan., expressman; P. O. Dundee.

Schoknecht, J., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

STRAHLE, MRS. JOHN, farming, stock raising and dairy; Sec. 2, Dundee Township; P. O. Algonquin, McHenry Co.; was born in Wurtemberg, Germany, in 1833; came to America in 1852; resided in the State of New York, Berkshire Co., three years; was married to John Strahle, in 1853; came West in 1855, first to Freeport, Ill., then to Crystal Lake, McHenry Co.; remained till 1866; bought 150 acres in Dundee Township, at \$75 per acre. Mr. Strahle died in Herkimer Co., May 18, 1877. Three children living—Charles, born in 1854, in Cedarville, N. Y.; John F., born in Elroy, near Freeport, Ill., in July, 1855; Albert A., born on the old homestead in 1867; one deceased.

Schumacher, H., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Schroder, John, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Steinwart, Mrs., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Sheppard, F. J.; P. O. Dundee.

Shuldt, J., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Smith, J. R., merchant ; P. O. Dundee.

SHEPHERD, FRANK L., farmer and dairyman ; P. O. Elgin ; was born in New Berlin, Chenango Co., N. Y., May 17, 1844 ; came with parents to Dundee in 1855, and has resided there since coming ; owns 137½ acres, valued at \$60 per acre ; married Helen J. Kenyon, at Elgin, May 24, 1864 ; she was born in Washington Co., Vt., Aug. 3, 1842 ; came to Kane Co., June 7, 1854 ; three children—Carrie E., born Sept. 30, 1865 ; Jennie M., born July 5, 1871 ; Frank Wylie, born Feb. 28, 1876 ; all born in Dundee.

Shoot, John, farmer ; P. O. Dundee.

Shamback, G., shoemaker ; P. O. Dundee.

Schroeder, W. J., farmer ; P. O. Dundee.

SHERMAN, MARSHALL, farmer and dairyman ; Sec. 31 ; P. O. Elgin ; was born June 7, 1841, at New Berlin, N. Y. ; at the age of 7 years came with parents to Dundee ; owns 130 acres, valued at \$60 per acre ; Rep. ; Prot. ; held office of School Director ; was married to Miss Eleanor Mason, in Dundee Township, Aug. 23, 1871 ; she was born in 1849 and is a daughter of the late John Mason, a prominent farmer ; parents of husband not living ; Nancy passed away March 20, and Buell, March 27, 1873.

Slade, C. F., farmer ; P. O. Dundee.

Smith, G. H., carpenter ; P. O. Dundee.

Sawyer, W. G., P. O. Dundee.

Stead, Wm., lab. ; P. O. Carpentersville.

Schorring, Fred. ; P. O. Dundee.

THOMPSON, WILLIAM, far. ; P. O. Dundee.

TORRENCE, HIRAM G., Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, and dealer in groceries, crockery and notions ; son of John Torrence ; born at Middleton, Vt., in 1817 ; came with parents, in 1819, to Cayuga Co., N. Y., afterward settled in Onondaga Co. ; father and mother passed away, when he was but 11 years of age. At the age of 20, he married Miss Phila McEwen ; in 1844 settled in Dundee ; business, farming first twelve years ; in mercantile business since 1862 ; was elected Justice of the Peace, and appointed Notary Public, which offices he still retains ; four children—two born in New York, and two in Ill. ; Rep. ; Cong.

Todd, Charles, farmer ; P. O. Dundee.

Thompson, William, lab. ; P. O. Dundee.

Tollner, Chas., laborer ; P. O. Dundee.

Tollhurst, John, laborer ; P. O. Dundee.

TAYLOR, GEORGE F., cabinet-maker, furniture dealer and undertaker ; was born in Washington Co., N. Y., in 1815 ; in 1831, moved to Steuben Co., and from there to Kane Co., Ill., and from Elgin to Dundee ; bought property in Elgin, which he sold on removing to Dundee, and started a blacksmith and wagon shop ; continued that business for many years ; in present business since 1869 ; Rep. ; Cong. Married Anna Eliza Russell, in Steuben Co., N. Y., Jan. 30, 1828 ; was born at Plattsburgh, N. Y., in 1813 ; has three children living—Eliza, Martha and Lucretia ; six deceased.

Todd, Ruel, farmer ; P. O. Dundee.

Truax, Mrs., P. O. Dundee.

Thompson, Henry, farmer ; P. O. Dundee.

Todd, Hugh, farmer ; P. O. Dundee.

TYRRELL, PATRICK, farmer and stock raiser, Sec. 6 ; P. O. Dundee ; was born in Tipperary Co., Ireland ; came to America in 1848 ; lived one Winter in Erie Co., N. Y., and the following year came to Ill., and bought 144 acres of land ; now owns same, valued at \$50 per acre ; independent in politics ; Cath. Married Mary Ann Ryan, in the city of Chicago, Nov. 11, 1860 ; she was born in Rochester, N. Y., April 17, 1842 ; have six children—Mary Frances, born Nov. 2, 1861 ; Katie, born Sept. 5, 1863 ; Willie, July 7, 1865 ; Nellie, born Sept. 5, 1867 ; Eddie, born June 16, 1874 ; Frank, born May 30, 1877.

Todd, Thomas, farmer ; P. O. Dundee.

Table, A., P. O. Dundee.

TODD, ROBERT, farmer and dairyman, Sec. 6 ; P. O. Algonquin, McHenry Co. ; was born near Glasgow, Scotland, in 1821 ; emigrated to America in 1833 ; about the year 1835, came to Dundee, and pre-empted 80 acres of land—afterward bought ; now owns 225 acres, valued at \$50 per acre ; Rep. ; Cong. Married Miss Grace Crichton, at Dundee, in 1848 ; she was born near Glasgow, in 1827 ; had nine children—James, born June 5, 1849 ; John, born Feb. 16, 1853 ; Robert and Jennette,

born Nov. 8, 1856; Jane, born April 20, 1861; Grace, born Sept. 1, 1863; Daniel, born Dec. 18, 1865; Sarah, born March 1, 1870; Allie, born June 30, 1872; three deceased—Grace, David, and infant child.

VOLLMANN, HENRY, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Vorhess, John, harness maker; P. O. Dundee.

WOLFF, GOTTLIEB, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Westeren, N., physician; P. O. Dundee.

Wayman, J. B., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

Whitcomb, C. L., farmer; P. O. Dundee.

WOODWARD, R. R., retired farmer; P. O. Dundee; born in Steuben Co., New York, Aug. 14, 1819; in the Spring of 1846, he came to Kane Co.; pre-empted land; owned 150 acres in Cook Co., which he sold the present year; in March, 1877, opened a meat market, the firm name being Woodward & Mink; is now retired from business; Rep.; Bapt.; held various offices as Supervisor under the old precinct organization, and Road Commissioner; Mr. Woodward deeded 120 acres of land in 1847; married Mary Crandall, at St. George, Canada West, in June, 1843; eleven children blessed that union, ten now living, in different parts of the United States; first wife died Jan. 11, 1867; married Mrs. J. C. Stevens; she was born in Jackson, N. Y., Nov. 24, 1825.

Woolert, Andrew, farmer; P. O. Dundee.

WOLAVER, HARMON, stone mason, brick layer and plasterer; P. O. Dundee; was born in Oswego Co., New York, June 9, 1826; came to Kane Co. in 1844; learned his trade at Dundee; enlisted, in Chicago, in Mechanics' Fusileers, served three months, and was honorably discharged; married Ann Kennedy, at Dundee, March 11, 1850; she was born at Kilkenny, Ireland; has three children—Mary Ann, Hart P. and Ella; three deceased; all born in Dundee.

Wood & Kendall, farmers; P. O. Dundee.

Wright, L. D., carpenter; P. O. Carpentersville.

Wilber, William, laborer; P. O. Carpentersville.

Wilder, J. C., clerk; P. O. Carpentersville.

WHITCOMB, COL., farmer and dairyman; P. O. Dundee; was born at Palatine, Cook Co., in August, 1843, and remained in Cook Co. until the breaking out of the war, when he enlisted in Co. E., 113th Ill. Inf., at Chicago, and went from there to Memphis, Tenn.; was at the siege of Vicksburg and participated in many of the important battles of the rebellion; was promoted to Sergeant for meritorious conduct in June, 1865; was honorably discharged at Chicago and returned to Palatine. Married Miss Minda C. Webster; two children blessed their union. Mr. Whitcomb held office of Collector two years and was School Director. Rep.; Prot. Justus W., the father of the subject of this sketch, and wife were among the early settlers in Cook Co., coming from Vermont, in 1836; they settled at Plum Grove, near Palatine; he passed away; his wife is still living.

Whittaker, T. L., Postmaster; P. O. Carpentersville.

Wennholz, Wm., mason; P. O. Dundee.

WEBB, WM. H., ornamental japaner, with Illinois Iron & Bolt Co.; P. O. Carpentersville; was born in Essex Co., England; came to America in July, 1855, landing at New York; came to Kane Co. in 1862; the following year, became connected with the present firm, and for fourteen years has done ornamental japan work for the company.

Wolff, Herman, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

WENDT, HENRY, hardware merchant; P. O. Dundee; born in Prussia, Germany, in 1850; came to America in 1857, and to Kane Co. the same year; went into business in 1873; Ind.; Lutheran; married Anna Tuyler, at Dundee, Ill., in November, 1873, at the Lutheran Church; she was born at Schaumburg, Cook Co., Ill., March 16, 1853; has two children—Charles, born in August, 1874, and Anna, born in 1875, both born at Dundee.

Westerman Bros., merchants; P. O. Dundee.

Wendt, Joseph, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Wendt & Philps, merchants; P. O. Dundee.

Wascher, Fred., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

WILBER, CHAS. T., molder, with Illinois Iron & Bolt Co.; P. O. Dundee; was born at Seneca Falls, N. Y., in 1838; came to Kane Co. in 1862; became connected with the Illinois Iron & Bolt Co. on arrival, and has been in their employ up to the present time; Dem.; Protestant; married Miss Mary Allason, at Carpentersville, Sept. 26, 1867; she was born in Chicago, Feb. 13, 1848; has two children living—Flora M., born at Carpentersville, Aug. 28, 1868; Wm. H., born March 8, 1876; Wallie, born Feb. 20, 1870, and died March 22, 1876.

Wolff, Charles, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Wolff, John, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Woolbright, Fred., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Wascher, F., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Walker, W. E., harness maker; P. O. Dundee.

Wolaver, Fordham, carpenter; P. O. Dundee.

WEAVER, EDWARD, engineer at the Taylor Mills, Dundee; P. O. Dundee; was born in August, 1853, at Aurora, Ill.; resided there for a period of ten years; came to Dundee, in 1874, and entered the employ of Taylor, Hunt & Co., and has, since coming here, been retained in their employ; Rep.; Protestant; the father and mother of Mr. Weaver have both passed away; they were early settlers in the city of Aurora.

Wolaver, J. D., painter; P. O. Dundee.

Wenholz, W. A., butcher; P. O. Dundee.

Willard, G.; P. O. Dundee.
tersville.

Wolaver, Hart, mason; P. O. Dundee.

WEIR, JOHN, far.; Sec. 21; P. O. Dundee. Was born in Paisley, Scotland, in 1833; came to America in 1850, direct to Dundee. Returned to the East, and lived four years in the city of New York. On returning to Dundee purchased ten acres; now owns eight; is Rep.; Bapt. Married Isabel Malcolm in 1833, in Paisley, Scotland; she was born at Paisley, in 1812.

Wilbern, Mary A.; P. O. Carpentersville.

Wilbern, Geo., milk dealer; P. O. Carpen-

Wolaver, Joe, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Wanzer & Eatinger, cheese factory; P. O. Dundee.

Winke, Jno., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

WEST, SAMUEL, farmer and dairyman; P. O. Dundee. Was born at Forest Lake, Penn., Sept. 20, 1835; came to Dundee in 1873. Works 164 acres. Rep.; Prot. Enlisted, 1861, in Co. G, 12th Iowa Regt.; honorably discharged Aug. 2, 1862. Married Caroline Perry, daughter of B. F. Perry, Esq., at Dundee, in 1867; she was born at Dundee, in 1842; one child, Willis F., born in Iowa, Aug. 20, 1870.

WANZER, MOSES, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 18; P. O. Dundee. Was born at Fairfield, Franklin Co., Vt., July 28, 1814. In 1837, came West, through Chicago, to Dundee; at that time there was no township organization and but a few log cabins, and and Mr. W. informed the writer that during the early part of his settlement he had walked all day, barefoot, to procure meat for his dinner; boots he happened to have, but from motives of economy did not wear them. Is now the owner of 188 acres and a fine residence; value, \$70 per acre. Is Rep.; Meth. Held office as School Director and Road Commissioner, and Steward Methodist Episcopal Church for thirty-six years. Married Miss Amanda Cochran, Jan. 5, 1841, at Dundee. Mrs. W. taught the first school in Dundee; was born at Cambridge, Vt., Jan. 13, 1813. Had five children, two living—Sarah Amanda and Moses A.

WARDLE, JAMES, Prop. Dundee House. Born at Knaresborough, Yorkshire, Eng.; came to America in 1844; first to Elgin, Ill., where he remained that Winter; in the Spring he bought eighty acres at Woodstock. Came to Dundee in 1847; worked for Allan Pinkerton, the noted detective, as cooper; after Mr. P. removed to Chicago, went into business on his own account; in 1864, he became prop. of the Dundee House. Is Rep.; Prot. Married Alemena Wilder, at Dundee, in 1852; she was born in Cayuga Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1821.

Waterman, Dan'l, pump maker; P. O. Dundee.

Wilber, Wm., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Wagner, D. C., laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Weston, N., physician; P. O. Dundee.

Wallorp, Fred, laborer; P. O. Dundee.

Wiltsie, Mrs. S., P. O. Dundee.

Wolaver, H. P., carpenter; P. O. Dundee.

Webb, James, P. O. Dundee.

Wendt, Mary, P. O. Dundee.

YAGLE, HENRY, butcher; P. O. Dundee.

Yagle Bros., butchers; P. O. Dundee.

YOUNG, JAMES, Civil Engineer and Police Magistrate; P. O. Dundee. Born in Cayuga Co., N. Y., Nov. 3, 1806; came to Kane County in Oct., 1848; purchased four town lots at Dundee, and still owns them. Surveyed

for the C., B. & Q. R. R., in 1851; also, Fox River Valley R. R., in 1852-3-4; also, Mil. & N. Ill., in 1862-3; and R., R. I. & St. Louis, in 1868-9. Was Building Supt. of the Elgin Insane Asylum, in 1871-2. Admitted to the Bar, in New York State, in 1838. One of the first Trustees elected at the first election of officers; elected to present office in 1876. Rep.; Prot. Married Ann Maria Adams, at Chemung Co., March 3, 1812; six children, four living.

BATAVIA TOWNSHIP.

A CRES, GEORGE E., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Anderson, Charles, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Anderson, John; P. O. Batavia.

Anderson, C. I.; P. O. Batavia.

Anderson, John B., lab.; P. O. Batavia.

Anderson, L. G.; P. O. Batavia.

Alexander, Jas., shoemkr; P. O. Batavia.

ANDERSON, A. P., merchant tailor; P. O. Batavia.; Rep.; Ind.; born in Sweden, Nov. 15, 1835. He married Christina Anderson; she was born in Sweden, 1847; was married at Rockford, Ill., Aug., 1867. Mary H., born April 28, 1870. Left Sweden, 1854 and arrived at Elgin; he was engaged on the railroad; meeting with a serious accident, he then apprenticed to tailoring; then went to Geneva, working with his brother; in 1864 he came to Batavia and engaged in his present business.

Arnold, A. H., merchant; P. O. Batavia.

Allen, James A., supt. paper mill; P. O. Batavia.

Averill, Wm. F., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

Alverson, Wm., machinist; P. O. Batavia.

Anderson, Andrew, lab.; P. O. Batavia.

Arnold, M. A.; P. O. Batavia.

Anderson, John H., lab.; P. O. Batavia.

Anderson, A. G., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Anderson, A. C., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

BURTON, JOSEPH, merchant; P. O. Batavia.

Bradley, Luther, blksmith; P. O. Batavia.

Bower, D. F., merchant; P. O. Batavia.

BURR, NELSON, of the Challenge Mill Co., Batavia; P. O. Batavia; Rep.; Dec.; born in Perry Co., N. Y., April 13, 1833. Married Francis Fesler; she was born March 5, 1833; married 1854 and died Dec. 21, 1863; has three children—Francis E., born Oct. 30, 1857; Nellie W., born May 5, 1860; Fannie, born Aug. 19, 1863. Second wife Christina Hapner, widow; married March 13, 1865; she was born in Portage Co., Ohio, 1843; he lived in Perry Co. until he was 12; he then went to Erie Co. on farm till 17; then to Tonawanda and was engaged at manufacturing patent fence; came to Batavia June 11, 1857; he engaged in the manufacture of sash, blinds, etc., also pumps; in 1867 he manufactured the challenge feed mill, also combined shell-er and grinder, an invention of his own; in 1869 he formed a stock company, of which he is Secretary and Superintendent, and one of the principal stockholders; in March, 1872, the place burned and was re-erected in April; their business now extends to all parts of the world.

Brandenberg, Hannah, far.; P. O. Batavia.
 Burke, Austin, farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Benson, Lars, farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Benson, A., farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Benson, F., farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Backus, Bernard, farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Branford & Sons, farmers; P. O. Batavia.
 Branford, Edmond, livery; P. O. Batavia.
 Bartlett, Charles, farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Bartlett, Fernand, laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Banbury, E., farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Brunnemyer, L. H., far.; P. O. Batavia.
 Bullard, John, farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Baird, James C., farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Breman, Patk., laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Bitter, Wm. F., restaurant; P. O. Batavia.
 Blair, J. J., jeweler; P. O. Batavia.
 Burton, Amos, butcher; P. O. Batavia.
 Burton, George, merchant; P. O. Batavia.
 Burr, Bradley, mfr.; P. O. Batavia.

BRANFORD, RICH'D, retired;
 Secs. 14 and 23; P. O. Batavia; Dem.;
 Episcopalian; 192 acres; value, \$80
 per acre; born in Norfolk, England,
 Feb. 8, 1812. Married Jane Teasdell;
 she was born in London, England, Feb.
 14, 1815; married at Yarmouth, Eng.;
 had eight children, six living and two
 dead—Robert, Jane R., Mary Ann,
 Frederick, Benjamin, Edmund; dead,
 Richard W. and James; came to the
 United States in 1852; settled where
 he now resides in 1853; he has just
 returned from a trip to England; he
 has crossed the ocean five times; Mrs.
 Branford died Aug. 1, 1876.

Barker, L. P., stone quarry; P. O. Batavia.
 Blair, A. E., stone quarry; P. O. Batavia.
 Bishop, J. H., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.
 Benson, John B., laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Branford, Robert, laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Barr, George R., carriage trimmer; P. O.
 Batavia.

Brown, Wm., laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Benson, Andrew, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

BAMBERRY, HENRY, farmer;
 Sec. 34; P. O. Batavia; Rep.; Episco-
 pal; 230 acres; value, \$60 per acre;
 born in Ireland, 1832. Married Sarah
 Ann Clagg; she was born in New Jer-
 sey, in 1848. Have four children—
 John Lewis, Annie, Willie, Sarah; lived
 in Ireland 17 years; came to the United
 States in 1849; lived two years in
 Massachusetts, and came to present
 place in 1851; is School Director.

Benson, Berndt, laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Ballard, I. V., laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Brown, F. W.; P. O. Batavia.
 Bacon, L. L., laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Bristol, David, laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Baker, A. S., carpenter; P. O. Batavia.
 Barnes, Charles; P. O. Batavia.
 Bassitt, Emma; P. O. Batavia.
 Bradley, Henry, laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Briggs, J. H., laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Bahn, Ed., stone quarry; P. O. Batavia.
 Belefied, Châs., machinist; P. O. Batavia.
 Bow, John, laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Bradley, Jno., laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Buckner, Jas., laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Bradley, Isaac, laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Burlingame, H., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

BUELTER, JOHN, Sec. 24; P. O.
 Batavia; farms 250 acres of land, valued
 at \$55 per acre; Rep.; Evang.; born
 in Prussia, in 1832; he married Amelia
 Trantow; she was born in Prussia, and
 married in Kane Co.; six children—
 Frank C. F., born March 20, 1859;
 Henry C. T., born Feb. 7, 1861; Helen
 M., born Jan. 1, 1864; John F. W.,
 born Jan. 12, 1867; William F., born
 May 8, 1871; Charles R. A., born
 May 8, 1874; lived in Prussia 25 years;
 came to United States in 1857, settled
 in Kane Co.; he bought his present
 place in July, 1876; he is at present
 School Director.

Bartholomew, L., laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Bailey, Wm. P., carpenter; P. O. Batavia.
 Blakeslee, I. H., laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Bull, Geo. W., P. O. Batavia.

BUCK, FRANCIS H, Agt. C. &
 N. W. Ry.; P. O. Batavia; Rep.;
 Ind.; born in Erie Co., N. Y., Sept.
 30, 1824; he married Miss Ann Eliza
 Bristol, at Batavia; she was born at
 Whitehall, N. Y., Jan. 17, 1834; Frank
 L., born Nov. 21, 1860; Mary, born
 Oct. 19, 1873; left New York July 6,
 1843, and came to vicinity of Batavia
 soon after; worked at the fanning mill
 business; he then went to Wisconsin,
 engaging with his brother in the manu-
 facturing of fanning mills; he then
 attended school at Beloit College, then
 returned to Batavia and engaged in
 mercantile business; has been in present
 business four years; has been School
 Director, Clerk of the Board, and is the
 Librarian of the Batavia Free Library.

Burton, Jas. W., butcher; P. O. Batavia.
Best, Geo., Asst. Cashier First National Bank; P. O. Batavia.

Brown, Julius, mfr.; P. O. Batavia.
Burnett, Jno., miller; P. O. Batavia.
Burroughs, L. M., phys.; P. O. Batavia.
Burnham, Jno., manfr.; P. O. Batavia.
Burnham, Wm. H., clerk; P. O. Batavia.
Brominger, John, farmer; P. O. Batavia.
Buchanan, G., P. O. Batavia.
Burroughs, R., farmer; P. O. Batavia.
Bartholomew, Saml., far.; P. O. Batavia.
Binninger, John, farmer; P. O. Batavia.
Boyd, Wm., farmer; P. O. Batavia.
Blanchard, Elvira, P. O. Batavia.

BUCHER, C. A., M. D., P. O. Batavia; Rep.; Ind.; born in Steuben Co., N. Y., Nov. 11, 1829; he married Miss Minerva Simpson; she was born in Albion, Orleans Co., N. Y., in 1835; married in Aurora, Sept. 20, 1854; had five children—Charley, born Nov. 10, 1867; Eddie, born Jan. 24, 1874; Clara, born 1856, died 1858; Eva, born 1861, died 1875; Child, born 1859, died 1859; lived in New York until he was 21, then came to Aurora in 1850, and engaged in store, remaining three years; then went to Bloomington, engaged in clothing business on his own account, remaining eighteen months, then came to Batavia, in 1855, and engaged in clothing business; he then studied medicine under Drs. Thompson and Mead; he then went to Chicago, and graduated at Rush Medical College in 1861; he then enlisted in the 124th Ills., as a private in Co. B, and was soon detailed as Acting Asst. Surgeon, having charge of the regiment while at Camp Butler; discharged in 1863, he was then commissioned by Gov. Yates as First Asst. Surgeon of the 72d Ill.; remained in regiment till 1865, then came to Batavia, and has been practicing since; was elected Coroner of Kane Co., in 1868; has been Village and School Trustee of Township for the past nine years.

Brown, C. H., post office clerk; P. O. Batavia.

Barker, Wm. P., stone quarry; P. O. Batavia.

Bartholomew, Mary, P. O. Batavia.

Brooks, Caleb, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Burke, Michael, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Bernard, Catherine, P. O. Batavia.

Burns, Catherine, P. O. Batavia.

Benson, A. P., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

CAREY, JAS. H., butcher; P. O. Batavia.

Carey, I. L., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Carey, Jas., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Clark, Wm., stone quarrier; P. O. Batavia.

CAZALY, FREDERICK, farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Batavia; Rep.; Ind.; born in England, June 17, 1811; has 100 acres; married Eleina Baldwin; she was born in Pennsylvania, in 1820, and married in Pennsylvania, in 1841; had eight children—William, born Feb. 18, 1843; Ellen, born May 11, 1845; Lyman, born Dec. 2, 1847; Victoria, born Dec. 25, 1849; Mary, born Feb. 5, 1852; Kate, born Dec. 5, 1854; George, born Dec. 30, 1861; Loury, born Dec. 15, 1851, died Aug. 16, 1875. He left England in 1824; settled in Pennsylvania, then went to Philadelphia, then to Ohio, then back to England, in 1839 back to Pennsylvania; came here in 1858; had two sons in the army.

Clark, Wm. 2d, merchant; P. O. Batavia.

Coger, Judson, millwright; P. O. Batavia.

Conley, Ransom, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Chalnon, Thos., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

CLEVELAND, T. L., station ag't C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Batavia; Ind.; Cong.; born in Boston, April 15, 1818; he married Olivia Blanchard, Nov. 26, 1840, at Aurora, by Rev. John Wolworth; she was born in Smithfield, N. Y., July 17, 1823; no children. He left Boston in Sept., 1839, and came to Batavia; engaged in mercantile business for three years; has held present position eighteen years; has been School Trustee two terms; came to Aurora in 1839; Mrs. C.'s mother, Hannah Hull, was born in Connecticut, and her father, Wm. L. Blanchard, in Rhode Island.

Curtis, Geo. F., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Conde, Frank, mfr.; P. O. Batavia.

Chambers, Mrs. A.; P. O. Batavia.

Calehan, John, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Cleveland, Andrew, mech.; P. O. Batavia.

Carlson, Andrew, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Carmody, Jas., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Conley, John, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Cole, D. L., mfr.; P. O. Batavia.

Chamberlain, Geo., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

COOPER, C. N., M. D., physician; Rep.; Cong.; born in Summit Co., Ohio, March 27, 1844; married Lydia Windsor; she was born in Petersfield, England; was married in Iowa, in 1869; had three children—Charles W., born May 4, 1871; John A., born Sept. 1, 1873; Frederick H., born Sept. 27, 1876, died March 2, 1877. He remained in Ohio ten years; he then removed to Du Page Co., near Batavia; he left home in 1856, to attend school in Grinnell, Iowa, and graduated in 1867, from the Iowa College; he took his degree in medicine at the Chicago Med. College in 1869, and returned to Iowa and practiced medicine until 1875, at Keosauqua; he then came to Batavia, and has practiced here since; he takes an active part in the Church and is Superintendent of the Sunday school.

Coffin, Wm., Prest. First Nat. Bank; P. O. Batavia.

CARR, F. J., farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Batavia; owns 97 acres here and 15 acres in Secs. 29 and 30, probable value, \$80 per acre; Dem.; Ind.; born in Kane Co., June 6, 1849; he married Miss Kate Doty; she was born in 1853; married April 18, 1877.

Coffin, Wm. K., Cashier First Nat. Bank; P. O. Batavia.

Collins, Daniel, stone quarrier; P. O. Batavia.

Corning, S. B., merchant; P. O. Batavia.

Collins, Michael, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

CLEAVER, C. S., farmer; Secs. 28, 33, 29 and 32; P. O. Batavia.

Crawford, W., Justice; P. O. Batavia.

CARR, JAMES, far.; Sec. 29; P. O. Batavia; 208 acres, valued at \$65 per acre; born in Maine in 1817; married E. M. Burton; she was born March 22, 1836, and married June 21, 1867; two children—Harris F., born, July 21, 1868; Lucy Le Baron, born Dec. 4, 1870. Left Maine in 1836, and went to Florida, then to New Orleans, then to New York, then back to Maine and then to Kane Co., in 1839, and settled near where he now resides; has been School Director; since coming here, he has been East two years, on R. R. survey; in 1849, he went to California, stayed four years, and, in 1857, he went on Government lake survey.

Clark, Chas. A., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

Christianson, M.; P. O. Batavia.

Cranden, F. P., land agt.; P. O. Batavia.

CONWAY, JAMES, far.; Sec. 34; P. O. North Aurora; owns 18 acres here and 9 near Batavia; probable value, \$60 per acre; Dem.; Cath.; born in Ireland, in 1811; he married Catharine Bernard; she was married in Ireland; has seven children; came to the United States in 1850.

Cogger, H. H., miller; P. O. Batavia.

Curtis, Franklin, butcher; P. O. Batavia.

Clapp, Geo. W., carp.; P. O. Batavia.

Cleaver, Mary, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Cazaley, Fred., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Clarke, N. F., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

COOLEY, O. E., clk. and ins. agt.; P. O. Batavia; Rep.; Meth.; born at Wilbraham, Mass., Aug. 6, 1835; married Clarissa Fowler; she was born in Cook Co., Ill., May 4, 1839, and married at Batavia Dec. 19, 1858, and died May 23, 1862; second wife, Miss Mary Clark, was born in London, England, Aug. 11, 1839, and married Aug. 15, 1865, at Batavia; three children—Oscar E., born July 19, 1868; Ellen E., born July 6, 1873; Sarah L., born Aug. 28, 1877. Came to Batavia in 1838, and lived on the farm until he was 14; he then, in 1850, engaged as clerk with Mr. Fowler, and has continued so since; in 1873, he established an insurance agency. See card.

Clarke, S. F., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Conway, Wm., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Conway, Catharine, far.; P. O. Batavia.

Cook, Jos., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Cahill, Ed., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Clancy, R. B., lumber; P. O. Batavia.

CLARKE, RICHARD M., far.; Sec. 32; P. O. Batavia; 80 acres, valued at \$60 per acre; Dem.; Episcopal; born in New Haven, Conn., Jan. 29, 1816; married Miss Delia Kingsley; she was born in Vermont, Dec. 25, 1832, and married Jan. 11, 1859; two children—Freddie S., born Nov. 14, 1862, and Charles H. M., born Jan. 15, 1865; he moved to Oyster River, and lived there until he was 7, then back to New Haven, then to Ohio, then to New Haven, then to Illinois and settled where he now resides, in 1843.

Chappel, Henry, lab.; P. O. Batavia.

Calton, Francis, farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Carlson, Andrew, laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Coger, Mrs. L. E., P. O. Batavia.
 Cavanaugh, Owen, lab.; P. O. Batavia.

CONDE, C. B., engaged in overseeing his property; P. O. Batavia; Dem.; Ind.; born at Glenville, N. Y., Dec. 27, 1814; married Miss Hannah M. Quant, at Rotterdam, N. Y., in 1836; she was born at Rotterdam in 1817; nine children, six girls and three boys; left New York in 1837 and went to Du Page Co., Ill., and engaged in wagon making, etc.; came to Batavia in 1841, engaging in same business; has been School Commissioner, Supervisor, Director and Town Trustee, several years each; his father, C. S. Conde, was Judge of the Circuit Court of Schenectady, N. Y., several years. C. B. is one of thirteen brothers; all of whom grew to manhood. He had many narrow escapes from Indians, while in California.

Collins, Mary, P. O. Batavia.

Cobb, Asa, farmer; P. O. Batavia

Chapman, J., carpenter; P. O. Batavia.

Conde, C. S., butcher; P. O. Batavia.

DEMAR, HORATIO, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Donahue, Thos., stone quarry; P. O. Batavia.

Dorn, W. N., traveler; P. O. Batavia.

Derby, Emeline, P. O. Batavia.

Derby, Wm. S., clerk; P. O. Batavia.

Doty, H. F., clerk; P. O. Batavia.

DANFORTH, BENJ., manufacturer of horse shoe nails; P. O. Batavia; Ind.; born in Yorkshire, England, April 1, 1825; he married Miss Sarah Hardcastle; she was born in Yorkshire, England, May 18, 1826; married at Hawthorne, England, July 29, 1847; had seven children—William, Martha, Lucy Ann, Ruth Matilda, Frederick, Charles; Robert, deceased; lived in England twenty-four years, and came to Chicago, then to Du Page Co., then to Chicago, then to Batavia in 1852; he engaged in manufacturing horse shoe nails, and continued so until he engaged in his present business.

Davenport, Theron, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Dorr, I. E., painter; P. O. Batavia.

Davis, John, merchant; P. O. Batavia.

Duffy, John, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

DONAHUE, JOHN, far; Sec. 34; P. O. Batavia; Dem.; Cath.; born in Ireland, in 1827; married Sarah Bam-berry; she was born in Ireland, in 1827; he came to the United States in 1854, and located in New York; came to present place in 1841; is partner to H. Bam-berry.

Duffy, L. A.; P. O. Batavia.

Donovan, Thomas, blacksmith; P. O. Batavia.

Donovan, John, blacksmith; P. O. Batavia.

Donovan, Mrs. Ellen; P. O. Batavia.

Danford, B., manufacturer; P. O. Batavia.

Dodd, B.; P. O. Batavia.

Drake, N., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Dailey, John, dentist; P. O. Batavia.

Dorn, Mrs. E.; P. O. Batavia.

Desozier, L. A., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

ELDRED, CALVIN, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Engberg, Gustaf, cabinet maker; P. O. Batavia.

EVEN, LEONARD, farmer and dairyman, Sec. 35; P. O. Aurora; owns 76 acres of land, valued at \$60 per acre; Dem.; Cath.; born in Prussia, in 1834; married Elizabeth Smith; she was born in 1839; has six children—Mary, Anton, Nicholas, John, Margaret, Helena; came to the United States in 1856, and to Kane Co. in 1860; has been School Director three years.

Ernow, Jerry, mason; P. O. Batavia.

Esmay, Z., peddler; P. O. Batavia.

EARL, J. S., P. O. Batavia; Rep.; Bapt.; born in Montgomery Co., New York, July 26, 1837; married Miss Nora Corning; she was born in Washington Co., New York, Nov. 8, 1840, and married in Washington Co., April 15, 1862; has four children—Lena, born Feb. 10, 1863; Stephen A., born Dec. 28, 1864; Louis N., born July 19, 1866; Jossie, born March 26, 1871; lived in Montgomery Co. until he was 16 years of age; attended the Madison University; then went to Chicago, remaining three years; then to Washington Co., N. Y.; remained five years; then to Will Co., Ill., remaining seven years; in 1869, he came to Batavia, engaging in his present business as partner with Corning & Earl; is at present Supervisor.

Ellis, Levi, hotel proprietor; P. O. Batavia.

Eager, James, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Eldred, Mrs. Betsey; P. O. Batavia.

Esterbrook, O., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

FORD, WILLIAM, Jr., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Frydendall, James, carpenter; P. O. Batavia.

FRYDENDALL, DANIEL, farmer, Sec. 31; P. O. Batavia; owns 316 acres of land, valued at \$80 per acre; Dem.; Ind., born at Duanesburg, N. Y., March 28, 1808; married Hannah Venten; she was born at Duanesburg, N. Y., Sept. 16, 1813; married June 12, 1833; had ten children, seven living—Phillip, born July 7, 1834; Ann, born Nov. 14, 1835; Venten, born Jan. 14, 1837; Hicks, born March 21, 1839; Margaret, born Dec. 12, 1841; Emma, born Nov. 4, 1850; Isabell, born Dec. 7, 1853; Mary, born Jan. 28, 1843, died March 26, 1845; Victoria, born March 1, 1845, died March 26, 1848; Dorcas, born Sept. 26, 1848, died Sept. 23, 1870; lived in the State of New York until 1843, and then came to Kane Co.; in 1857, he came to his present place.

FOWLER, GEO. W., general merchandise; P. O. Batavia; Rep.; Meth.; born at Wilmington, Vt., May 1, 1818; married Miss Adaline Baldwin; she was born at Mt. Morris, N. Y., March 28, 1817, and married in Leroy, N. Y., Aug. 17, 1837; had six children, two living and four dead—Georgiana, born June 25, 1849; Chas. F., born Aug. 11, 1856; Clarissa, born May 4, 1839, died May 23, 1862; Wellington, born May 28, 1842, died April 5, 1848; Wellington A., born June 21, 1851, died April 28, 1855; Florence A., born Aug. 11, 1856, died Oct. 3, 1857; lived in Vermont until he was 17 years of age, working at milling; then went to Livingston Co., worked at milling; then to Naperville, Ill.; then to Batavia, in 1839, and went at milling in Baker & House's mill; he then went at farming, then engaged in general merchandise, and has continued since; has held interests in other business; has been Township Trustee, and is now Director in the bank.

Feltman, Leonard, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Flahiff, John, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Fowler, O., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Fitzmorris, R., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Fepler, John, mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

Fearon, Ed., stone quarry; P. O. Batavia.

Feeney, Andrew, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Fairsay, John; P. O. Batavia.

Freidland, Fred, painter; P. O. Batavia.

Freidland, John, painter; P. O. Batavia.

Finney, Mary E.; P. O. Batavia.

Felver, Joseph, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Frydendall, Theo., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Fenskie, Fred, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Fetherston, Martin, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Freiders, Peter, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Feidler, Nic, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Frazier, W. P., P. O. Batavia.

Fanning, John, P. O. Batavia.

Field, J., P. O. Batavia.

Free, William, P. O. Batavia.

Feeney, Mrs. Patrick, P. O. Batavia.

Fish, Mrs. L., P. O. Batavia.

GOODWIN, MRS. J. B., P. O. Batavia.

Graves, Mrs. D., P. O. Batavia.

Garvey, Thomas, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Grover, C. B., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

GRIMES, ALEXANDER, collector and loaning money; P. O. Batavia. Dem.; Bapt. Born at Linden, N. Y., March 20, 1826; he married Miss H. Malvina Loveland; she was born at Hamilton, N. Y., April 12, 1830; married at Hamilton, N. Y., Nov. 4, 1852, by Rev. Geo. W. Eaton, D. D. Two children—Willis L., born Aug. 20, 1854, and Charley J., born Jan. 29, 1862. Lived at home, on the farm, until his 14th year; then came, with his mother, to McHenry Co., Ill., in 1840, and in 1845, he went to Madison University and remained there seven years, graduating in 1852, and acquiring the title of A. B. He then came to Batavia and practiced dental surgery; he retired from the business fifteen years ago; has since been in the lumber business and overseeing his farm. He has been School Director, Marshal, Road Commissioner, etc. He drew plans for the East Side School House, in 1864. He raised a company in Batavia, which was put in the 124th Regiment, he acting as Captain.

Garnsey, C. A., physician; P. O. Batavia.
 Gibson, J. S., tinner; P. O. Batavia.
 Germain, Walter, Justice of the Peace;
 P. O. Batavia.

Goseline, Peter, mason; P. O. Batavia.
 Glines, Timothy, laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Grimes, Wm. R., clerk; P. O. Batavia.
 Grimes, Jacob, P. O. Batavia.
 Grimes & Shaw, blacksmiths; P. O. Batavia.

Garrity, Thos., laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Goseline, John, mason; P. O. Batavia.
 Gregg, Geo. W., wagon mkr.; P. O. Batavia.
 Green, Geo. S., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.
 Gilchrist, I. W., P. O. Batavia.
 Griffin, Isaiah, livery; P. O. Batavia.
 Granland, Chas., mcr.; P. O. Batavia.
 George, M., P. O. Batavia.
 George, S. K., bakery; P. O. Batavia.
 Gise, Carl, mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

GEORGE, F. K., insurance and real estate; P. O. Batavia. Rep.; Meth. Born at Strafford, Vt., Dec. 31, 1819. He married Miss Edna Williams; she was born at Strafford, Vt., Dec. 31, 1822, and married at Strafford in 1844. They had three children—S. K., born Oct. 4, 1846; Addell, born April 16, 1850; and Frank E., born Oct. 14, 1855. Lived in Vermont until 1864; was engaged at farming and as foreman in a woolen-mill; came to Kane County in 1864.

Gillingham, E. W., P. O. Batavia.
 Geiss, Jacob, cigar mkr.; P. O. Batavia.
 Garvey, Pat, farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Garber, Jacob, farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Griffith, Ed., farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Griffith, Jno., farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Groner, Wm., farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Grydon, Thomas, farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Garber, John, farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Gregg, Mrs. Wm., P. O. Batavia.
 Grimes, Jennie, P. O. Batavia.
 Glines, S. & E., P. O. Batavia.
 Goudy, W. E., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.
 Guild, A. Farmer; P. O. Aurora.

HAGETT, J. W., millwright; P. O. Batavia.

Hanson, Jno., laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Howe, J. B., P. O. Batavia.
 Hurlbut, H., P. O. Batavia.
 Hall, Mrs. S. M., P. O. Batavia.
 Hailey, John, mechanic; P. O. Batavia.
 Hover, Abram, laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Howell, Wm., hotel prop.; P. O. Batavia.

Harrold, Samuel, blksmth.; P. O. Batavia.
 Hunt, R. R., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.
 Henry, Roman, carpenter; P. O. Batavia.

HENZE, CHAS., gardener; Sec. 26; P. O. Batavia. Has seventeen acres; value, \$75 per acre; Ind.; Luth.; born in Hanover, Dec. 31, 1810; he married Sophia Steinhusen; she was born in Mecklenburg, Dec. 16, 1810. They had six children—Dora, born Nov. 15, 1839; Caroline, born July 2, 1855; Mary, born Sept 21, 1857; William, born Dec. 19, 1860; Lizzie, born April 22, 1864; and Henry, born May 2, 1837; died in 1845. Came to the United States in 1852, and to Kane County in 1855; worked at his trade. Settled on his present place in 1862. Mr. Henze was a soldier for eighteen years in his native place.

Higgins, Pat, laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Hoben, Chas., laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Henman, A., shoemaker; P. O. Batavia.
 Haley, Geo. S., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.
 Hibbard, F. I., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.
 Hunter, Thos. M., stone quarry; P. O. Batavia.

Haley, Chas., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.
 Holbrook, Mary, P. O. Batavia.
 Hobler, Peter, P. O. Batavia.
 Houck, M. P., Constable; P. O. Batavia.
 Hanson, Evan, P. O. Batavia.
 Hassel, Anton, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

HILL, F. R., far.; Sec. 33; P. O. Batavia; Rep., Ind.; owns fifty acres; value, \$75 per acre; born in Wyoming Co., N. Y., June 1, 1849; he married Miss Emma Pope; she was born in Heniker, N. H., June 23, 1853; married at Aurora, in 1872; two children—Louis R., born Nov. 5, 1873; Newton E., born March 17, 1875; lived in New York State until he was 7 years old, then came to Boone Co.; remained there five years, then went to Blackberry Station, and settled on his present place in 1867.

Harvey, Geo. W., mech.; P. O. Batavia.
 Hampton, I. S., P. O. Batavia.
 Harvey, J. W., coal dlr.; P. O. Batavia.
 Hunt, E. L., merchant; P. O. Batavia.
 Hollister, Wm., farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Hall, J. H., barber; P. O. Batavia.
 Hampton, Sylvester, carp.; P. O. Batavia.
 Hendrickson, John, stone quarry; P. O. Batavia.

HALLADAY, DAN'L, carp.; P. O. Batavia. Son of David Halladay and Nancy, nee Carpenter; was born in Marlboro, Vt., Nov. 24, 1826. At the age of 19 he was apprenticed as a machinist, at Ludlow, Mass., and at the age of 21, was placed in charge of the building of important machinery for the government armory, then located at Harper's Ferry, Va. He married Miss Susan M. Spooner, May 3, 1849, at Ludlow, Mass.; she was born at Belchertown, Mass. They have had one son, who died in infancy. They have one adopted daughter. In 1851, he was chosen to represent Capt. Erricson's Caloric Engine at the World's Fair, held in London; upon his return, he purchased an interest in the machine shops at Ellington, Conn., and here invented the Self-Governing Wind Engine, which ranks as one of the most useful inventions of the age; subordinating a power as old as time, but, for the want of genius to supply for it the adequate mechanism with which to perform the duty, was left to spend its might in useless waste; now one of the greatest motive powers of nature is utilized, and, as it were, made subservient to the will of man, conferring untold benefits to millions; Mr. Halladay has also secured patents for several other inventions, possessing more or less merit; after perfecting the wind engine, a stock company was formed for their manufacture, in Connecticut. In 1863, the business was removed to Batavia, Ill., where a second stock company was formed, in which Mr. H. occupied the position of Director, Sec. and Supt., and is one of the principal stockholders; under his supervision the business has grown to one of great magnitude, giving employment to hundreds of men. In politics Mr. H. is a Rep.; Independent in his religious views, more particularly supporting the Cong. Ch.; he has never sought political distinction, his only offices having been Village Trustee and School Director, in which last capacity he has served thirteen years, taking an active part in securing the erection of the elegant school edifice which adorns the placè; liberal, generous and public spirited, he takes an active interest in all local improvements, and is

recognized as one of the influential and useful men in the county; he aims to better the condition of his employes, and will have none other in his employ but sober and industrious men, many of whom have been with him for fourteen years.

Howland, E. S., manfr.; P. O. Batavia.
 Hiland, Jno., laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Higgins, Anthony, laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Henry, Victor, laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Henry, Elizabeth, P. O. Batavia.
 Hart, John, farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Haley, Timothy, farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Haley, William, farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Hyde, Ellen, P. O. Batavia.
 Highwood, Thomas, lab.; P. O. Batavia.
 Harmon, Henry, farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Holbrook, Emanuel, clerk; P. O. Batavia.
 Henry, A. H., agent C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Batavia.
 Hall, Anson, carpenter; P. O. Batavia.
 Hollister, Lucius, farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Hoagling, J. O., stone cutter; P. O. Batavia.
 Higgins, Daniel, laborer, P. O. Batavia.
 Hison, W. J., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Hayes, John, laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Hammond, B., laborer, P. O. Batavia.
 Hughett, J. W., laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Hornley, Frank, P. O. Aurora.
 Harris, W. G., laborer; P. O. Batavia.
ISBELL, JAMES, P. O. Batavia.
 Ide, B. S., P. O. Batavia.
JOHNSON, JOHN, laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 Johnson, Andrew, laborer; P. O. Batavia.
JOHNSON, SPENCER, farming, stock and dairy; Secs. 14 and 23; P. O. Batavia; 321 acres, value, \$75 per acre; Rep.; Cong.; was born in Oneida Co., N. Y., June 15, 1814; he married Miss Sarah M. Chaffee; she was born in Windham Co., Vt., Dec. 9, 1822, and married in Campton Township March 24, 1842; children—Mary Ann, born Aug. 5, 1843; Leverett C., Sept. 16, 1851; Lillian F., Sept. 17, 1853; Rossiter P., June 16, 1856; William R., July 26, 1860; Edman S., Dec. 19, 1862; Chas. B., Jan. 25, 1867. Children deceased—Abby F., born Nov. 6, 1845, died Aug. 27, 1850; Alma M., born Nov. 5, 1847, died Sept. 14, 1850; Leverett C., born Jan. 20, 1850, died Sept. 16, 1850.

Mr. J. lived in New York State until 21 years of age, on a farm; thence to Dover, O., teaching; came to Kane Co. in 1837; in 1841 he engaged in farming in Virgil Township; in 1849 he bought his present place; in 1876 he visited California; is one of the early settlers.

Johnson, John, mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

Jackson, I. S., barber; P. O. Batavia.

JOYCE, JOHN F., farmer; Secs. 32 and 33; P. O. Aurora; 192 acres; Dem.; Ind.; born in Jefferson Co., N. Y., 1823; married Mrs. Lewis (widow) in 1856; she was born in Jefferson Co., N. Y., in 1819; came to Batavia in 1867; remained here since.

Johnson, William, mason; P. O. Batavia.

Jordon, John, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

KIMBLADE, B., cigar maker; P. O. Batavia.

Kenyon, A. H., carp.; P. O. Batavia.

Kimball, Robert, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Kniffin, A. P., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

Knox, James, mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

Kinne, M. M., drugs; P. O. Batavia.

Krouse, William, mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

Kay, Jos., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

Kenyon, G. D., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

Kerns, Martin, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

KEARNS, JOHN, farmer; Sec. 34; P. O. North Aurora; owns 77 acres; probable value, \$60 per acre; he was born in Ireland in 1824; married Mary Carl; she was born in Ireland; two children—Katie and Maggie; he came to America in 1845; came to Kane Co. in 1848; came to his present place in 1855; has been School Director four or five years.

Kemp, Julia, P. O. Batavia.

Kelley, Patrick, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Kifor, John, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Kohlie, Adam, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Krier, John, P. O. Batavia.

Kenyon, B. M., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

Kenyon, G. R., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

Kuager, William, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Knox, William, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Kennedy, J., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Kibling, J. S. farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Kelleher, Thos., Jr., lab.; P. O. Batavia.

LINBERG, JOHN; P. O. Batavia.

Lee, John, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Lindsey, Geo. W., mason; P. O. Batavia.

Leipoldt, C., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

LEWIS, CLARK A., editor and proprietor of *Batavia News*; P. O. Batavia; Rep.; Lib.; was born in Ft. Wayne, Ind., May 5, 1841, and learned the printer's trade; he came to Batavia in March, 1869, and started the *News*; beginning with small means, by industry and good management, he has now a fine office; warmed by steam; has a fine power press, a paying circulation, and is doing a large amount of job work. The *News* is the only paper printed in Batavia, and it is a satisfaction for him to know that it is well received, and has a good influence upon the community. He married Laura A. Barker in Ft. Wayne, April, 1865; they have lost two children.

Levey, Charles, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Lonergan, John, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Lorenz, Peter, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Long, David, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Lally, John, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Lorrens, Philip, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Lawrence, William, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

MULLIGAN, ANDREW, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

McFarland, J., mason; P. O. Batavia.

Miller, Mrs. H., P. O. Batavia.

Moore, Mrs. C. N., P. O. Batavia.

McDermott, Lizzie, P. O. Batavia.

Miller, P. G., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

MARX, CHARLES, Sec. 35; P. O. Aurora; farming 106 acres of land, valued at \$60 per acre; Dem.; Cath.; born in Prussia, in 1821. Married Mary Blin; she was born in Prussia; has five boys and one girl—Frank, John, William, Peter, John, Lizzie; came to U. S. in 1857, and to Kane Co. in 1865; has been School Director.

Mead, G. A., P. O. Batavia.

Morris, Thomas, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Moore, T. C., attorney; P. O. Batavia.

Marshall, W. S., trav. agt.; P. O. Batavia.

McClellan, I. O., attorney; P. O. Batavia.

McCallough, Weston, ice dealer; P. O. Batavia.

Morris, Fred., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

Mallory, Jane, P. O. Batavia.

McCracken, E. A., P. O. Batavia.

Moore, C. N., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

Miller, Langdon, P. O. Batavia.

Massey, George, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

McLean, E. S., stone dlr.; P. O. Batavia.

Myett, F., P. O. Batavia.

McNAIR, HARVEY, Secs. 13, 14, 23 and 24; P. O. Batavia; farming 300 acres of land, valued at \$75 per acre; Rep.; Ind.; born in Pennsylvania, in 1823. Married Miss Mary Acres; she was born in N. Y., Nov. 24, 1834; married in Batavia Tp., March 1, 1856; had two children—Jed F., born Dec. 8, 1856, and Mary, died in infancy; lived in Pennsylvania until he was 20; came to Kane Co. in 1843, and settled in Kaneville Tp., and then to Blackberry, in mercantile business eight years, and then to Batavia, then to his present place; he enlisted in the 8th Ills. Cav.; was in battles of Williamsburg, seven days' fight, etc,

McAuley, George, P. O. Batavia.

McDaniels, Andrew, blacksmith; P. O. Batavia.

Meredith, Wm., mail agt.; P. O. Batavia.

Murray, Michael, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Monahan, Patrick, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Mulroy, John, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

McAllister, Daniel, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

McGuire, William, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

McMaster, J. T., carp.; P. O. Batavia.

McGuire, Owen, cooper; P. O. Batavia.

Miller, J. H., merchant; P. O. Batavia.

MEREDITH, THOMAS, JR., hardware merchant; P. O. Batavia; Rep.; Ind.; was born in North Wales, May 24, 1835, and came with his father's family (Thos. Meredith) to this country and county in June, 1843, and settled in Big Rock; he came to Batavia, and attended school until 1856, and then taught school two winters. March 1, 1857, he married Harriet M. Camp, of Du Page Co.; they have two children—Edwin K., born May 24, 1860; Julia, born July 22, 1868; in 1857, he and M. M. Kemp went into the hardware business together, and continued until 1867, when he and his brother bought the business, and continue in it together; in 1868, he was elected Town Clerk; July 22, 1861, he enlisted in the 42d Regt. Ills. Vols., and remained until 1862; he has been member of the Board of Trustees three times; once President of Board; has been Justice of the Peace four years, and four years Supervisor.

Martin, James, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Moran, John, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Mann, Eugene, mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

Meredith, Edward, mer.; P. O. Batavia.

Minnium, J. J., merchant; P. O. Batavia.

MAIR, JAMES, boots and shoes; P. O. Batavia; Rep.; Meth.; born in England, in 1835. Married Miss Susan Buckingham; she was born in England, in 1833; has five children—Thomas L., born July 29, 1861; Elizabeth A., born March 22, 1863; William, born July 19, 1865; Clara, born Nov. 23, 1867; James, born Jan. 20, 1870; lived in England 22 years; came to Batavia in 1857, and engaged in present business.

Miller, I. M., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Mead, C. E., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

Miller, Chris., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

McEwen, John, mason; P. O. Batavia.

MOLE, JOHN G., P. O. Batavia; Rep.; Indt.; born in Devonshire, England, in 1842. Married Margaret Radley; she was born in N. Y. Married in St. Charles, in Kane Co., in 1868; lived in England 12 years, and came to U. S. in 1854; came to Kane Co. in 1855, and engaged in blacksmithing; lived four years in Nebraska; was in 124th Ill. Inf.; he has invented a corn planter, tire shrinker, and an adjustable clamp, also a revolving trap, for throwing glass targets.

Murray, Patrick, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

McAlliget, Thomas, lab.; P. O. Batavia.

Messner, George, phys.; P. O. Batavia.

Mahanna, Daniel, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Miller, Charles, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Magarry, Martin, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

MAXSON, D. M., baggage agent C. & N. W. Ry.; P. O. Batavia; Rep.; Meth.; born Oct. 16, 1835, in Potter Co., Pa. Married Caroline R. Silverthorn; she was born Sept. 16, 1842, in Canada; have three children—Edward H., born April 7, 1871; George M., born Nov. 20, 1873; Mary B., born Oct. 2, 1875; he left Pennsylvania in the Spring of 1859, and went to Dane Co., Wis., and engaged in teaching and schooling himself, then enlisted in Co. B, 4th Wis. Regt.; was honorably discharged; came to Batavia, and has been in present place four years; is, at present, one of the Village Trustees; also Secretary of the Masonic Lodge since 1871.

Maguire, Michael, far.; P. O. Batavia.
 Martin, D. A., laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 McKee, E. M., farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Massey, John, farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 McDonald, A., farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 McCurdy, Thomas, farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Marias, Joseph, farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Merrill, A. N., foundry; P. O. Batavia.
 McGuire, John, farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Melchart, N., farmer; P. O. Batavia.
 Micholson, Chas., lab.; P. O. Batavia.

McKEE, JOEL, deceased; was born in Ireland, March 7, 1807; he came to America while quite young; he first located at Albany, N. Y., from here he came to Batavia in 1833, locating on Secs. 15, 16, 21 and 22, he and his brother-in-law, James Risk, buying the property from Government; Mr. McKee engaged in the mercantile business soon after arriving here, being the first to engage in such business in Batavia; after retiring from the store, he engaged in farming, and in 1850 he went in the milling business, in partnership with G. B. Moss; was School Treasurer, Trustee and Director, and Supervisor; was commercial reporter, etc., etc.; he married Jane Risk, in Batavia, March 29, 1838; she was born Sept. 28, 1810, in Belfast, Ireland; they had six children, five living and one dead; Mr. McKee died July 12, 1873; the estate is under the management of his sons, E. M. and Joel.

McEllain, James, laborer; P. O. Batavia.
 McDonald, John, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

NEWTON, E. C., Newton Wagon Co.; P. O. Batavia.

NICHOLS, W. D., P. O. Batavia; Rep.; Bapt.; born in Berlin, N. Y., June 11, 1826; he married Margaret A. Uline; she was born at Sand Lake, N. Y., 1832; married Sept. 27, 1854; children—William N., Eddie C., Burton A., George G. and Nellie M.; lived in New York twenty-four years, traveled, then came to Chicago and from there to Batavia in 1870; engaged in manufacturing wind mills and feed mills; he has invented the well known wind mill bearing his name; is one of the principal stockholders in the Challenge Mill Co.; he enlisted in Jim Lane's battalion to guard the White House during the riots in Baltimore.

Newton, D. C., Newton Wagon Co.; P. O. Batavia.

Newton, Levi, Newton Wagon Co.; P. O. Batavia.

Norden, John, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Norden, Chas., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Northam, G. C., carpenter; P. O. Batavia;

Norris, C. A., pump maker; P. O. Batavia.

Norris & Doty, pump maker; P. O. Batavia.

Newbern, Jno., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Nolan, Matthew, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Nolan, Jas., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Northcross, Nero, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Nelson, Andrew, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Newton, Betsey, P. O. Batavia.

Nunn, Benjamin, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Noakes, Wm. P. O. Batavia.

OBERWISE, PETER, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Offensend, O., supt. paper mill; P. O. Batavia.

O'Boyle, Pat., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

O'Boyle, Jno., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

O'Riley, Hugh, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

O'Hair, Peter, mason; P. O. Batavia.

Otis, Eugene, P. O. Batavia.

O'Conner, Harris, carp.; P. O. Batavia.

O'Brien, Lawrence, P. O. Batavia.

O'Hara, Martin, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Ozier, John, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Olds, Charles, P. O. Batavia.

PRINDLE, I. P., foreman Newton Wagon Co.; P. O. Batavia.

Porter, C. W., merchant; P. O. Batavia.

Parker, E. J., clerk; P. O. Batavia.

Patch, Jno., shoemaker; P. O. Batavia.

Patterson, L. C., Private Insane Asylum; P. O. Batavia.

Peterson, Aug., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

PULL, JOSEPH, Sec. 35; P. O. North Aurora; farming 75 acres, probable value of \$50 per acre; Dem.; Cath.; born in Germany in 1824; he married Abolnea Nimes; she was born in Germany; she has six children—Nick, John, Barney, Peter, Angeline and Frank; he left Germany in 1856, and settled where he now resides; has been School Director.

Pillion, Pat., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Pratt, Wm. H., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

Porter, E. A., P. O. Batavia.

Peckham, Jno. A., mech.; P. O. Batavia.

Paulson, Aug., mech.; P. O. Batavia.

Pasby, Wm., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Parce, A. J., butcher; P. O. Batavia.

PARTRIDGE, GEO. C., insurance and real estate; P. O. Batavia; formerly pastor of Cong. Church of Greenfield, Mass., and pastor of Cong. Church in Batavia from 1860 to 1866; since that time in present business.

Pierce, Mrs. G. B., P. O. Batavia.

Pearson, Jno., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Pearson, Andrew, P. O. Batavia.

Parkhurst, E. A., machinist; P. O. Batavia.

Paulsen, Julius, mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

Porter, S. L., P. O. Batavia.

Pratt, Newman, P. O. Batavia.

Platt, M. A., P. O. Batavia.

Plain, John, P. O. Batavia.

Payne, O. L., P. O. Batavia.

Perry, X. F., P. O. Batavia.

Pratt, Mrs. S. S., P. O., Batavia.

Pierce, Mary, P. O. Batavia.

Patterson, M., minister; P. O. Batavia.

Palmer, C. A., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

QUINN, LAWRENCE, harness maker; P. O. Batavia.

Quinlvin, Pat., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

ROCKWELL, T. B., minister; P. O. Batavia.

Redburg, Andrew, mech.; P. O. Batavia.

Rockwell, Jas., confectioner; P. O. Batavia.

Ruggles, B. H., iron works; P. O. Batavia.

Reed, A. D., traveling man; P. O. Batavia.

Rouse, Pat., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

ROFF, A. S., druggist; P. O. Batavia;

Rep.; Ind.; born in Cayuga Co., N. Y., June 2, 1835; he married Miss Margaret V. Griffiths; she was born in Livingston Co., N. Y., June 22, 1840; married at St. Charles, Illinois, Jan. 27, 1858; had six children, two living—A. J., born Oct. 17, 1868; E. E., born July 11, 1876; Blanch M., born March 29, 1861, died April 7, 1876; A. C., born Jan. 26, 1863, died March 23, 1863; C. S., born Sept. 14, 1864, died March 23, 1866; E. C., born Aug. 26, 1873, died March 17, 1876. Went to Monroe Co., N. Y., when three years of age, lived there till 16, attending school, then moved to Allegany, then to Chemung Co., living there two years at boat building; then back to Allegany Co.; then to Batavia; in 1865, engaged in farming; remained about eight years, then came to town and engaged in the drug business; has been Constable, Town Clerk, Village Trustee and Town Collector.

Roscoe, Geo., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Rowcliffe, Jno., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Reed, Jno., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Roush, Peter, P. O. Batavia.

Reddant, Fred, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Ross, Robt., P. O. Batavia.

Rhutasel, John, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Reed, L. R., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Rhutasel, L., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Root, David, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Roach, Peter, P. O. Batavia.

Reed, W. H., conductor; P. O. Batavia.

Rogers, J. W., P. O. Batavia.

Ratcliffe, N., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Reynolds, Sarah, P. O. Batavia.

Reising, Frank, P. O. Batavia.

Robinson, Elijah, P. O. Batavia.

Rockwell, Susan, P. O. Batavia,

SPOONER, GEO. O., bookkeeper; P. O. Batavia.

Swanson, Gustaf, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Spencer, A. M., P. O. Batavia.

Smith, F. P., merchant; P. O. Batavia.

Smith, C. E., Revere House; P. O. Batavia.

Smith, Jane M., P. O. Batavia.

SCHIMELPFENIG, CHAS., farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Batavia; owns 112 acres, valued at \$50 per acre; Rep.; Meth.; was born in Prussia, in 1822; he married Kate Benz; she was born in Wurtemberg, in 1830; has six boys and one girl; came to the United States in 1852; came to Kane Co. in 1852.

Smith, Elizabeth, P. O. Batavia.

Smith, Matilda, P. O. Batavia.

Starkey, D. W., clerk; P. O. Batavia.

Shumway, C. W., foundry; P. O. Batavia.

Steir, Thos., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Stuttle, Henry, manufacturer; P. O. Batavia.

Stephens, Benj., painter; P. O. Batavia.

Sheets, John M., mfr.; P. O. Batavia.

SPERRY, D. R., of D. R. Sperry & Son, foundry; P. O. Batavia; Ind.; Cong.; was born in Malone, N. Y., in 1825; he married Miss M. L. Edsal; has four children—Barton, born Aug. 15, 1852; Emma R., born Nov. 7, 1855; Sarah G., born Aug. 22, 1860; Guy Rockwell, born Dec. 18, 1876. Was engaged in agriculture; left New York in 1869, built the foundry and has been in the business since; is not an office seeker; his son and partner has invented a polishing machine, also one for milling, by means of which they are enabled to do superior work.

Sagle, E. A., engineer ; P. O. Batavia.
 Sterling, D. W., furniture ; P. O. Batavia.
 Sperry, B. E., foundry ; P. O. Batavia.
 Sperry, M. L., P. O. Batavia.
 Smith, J. C., P. O. Batavia.
 Smith, A. A., Justice ; P. O. Batavia.
 Smith, John, laborer ; P. O. Batavia.
 Stanton, Pat., laborer ; P. O. Batavia.
 Snow, O. T., Prin. school ; P. O. Batavia.

SMITH, EDWARD S., Postmaster ; P. O. Batavia ; Rep. ; Meth. ; was born in Moriah, Essex Co., N. Y., March 20, 1832 ; he married Miss Jane M. Mallory, in 1861 ; she was born March 7, 1838, in New York, and married April 15, 1861 ; has five children—Ellinor L., born March 27, 1862 ; Mary W., born Sept. 23, 1864 ; Edward M., born Dec. 14, 1867 ; Frank E. P., born Oct. 18, 1870 ; Jessie M., born Dec. 28, 1875. Mr. Smith left home at the age of 16 years, and went to Saratoga ; engaged as clerk in a grocery house ; from there went to Burlington, Vt., engaging with J. & J. H. Peck & Co., in their counting room ; it was here he received his business education ; he remained with them until 1853, when he came to Batavia, and engaged in the grain and produce business, and was the first express agent established at this point ; he then engaged in the manufacture of barrels by machinery ; then in the drug business, and from 1860 to 1870 he was in the insurance business ; disposing of same to Partridge & George, was appointed Postmaster by Montgomery Blair, under Lincoln's first Administration, in April, 1861, and has continued so since, the present being his fifth term.

Sheets, G. H., manufacturer ; P. O. Batavia.
 Selfridge, G. W., laborer ; P. O. Batavia.
 Shaw, W., blacksmith ; P. O. Batavia.
 Superman, Horatio, laborer ; P. O. Batavia.
 Stewart, W. H., mechanic ; P. O. Batavia.
 Selfridge, Phineas, mech. ; P. O. Batavia.
 Sturges, Joseph, mechanic ; P. O. Batavia.
 Stephens, C. C., clerk ; P. O. Batavia.
 Stewart, Wm., barber ; P. O. Batavia.
 Scoville, Robert, P. O. Batavia.
 Snow, Francis, real estate ; P. O. Batavia.
 Shultz, Fred., P. O. Batavia.
 Superman, Julius, laborer ; P. O. Batavia.
 Superman, Julius, Jr., lab. ; P. O. Batavia.
 Selfridge, W. M., laborer ; P. O. Batavia.
 Schlecht, C., P. O. Batavia.

Stephens, I. S., farmer ; P. O. Batavia.
 Swanson, John, farmer ; P. O. Batavia.
 Schwahn & Groner, fars. ; P. O. Batavia.
 Selden, G. E., farmer ; P. O. Batavia.
 Stebbins, J. F., farmer ; P. O. Batavia.
 Steiner, George, farmer ; P. O. Batavia.
 Shomer, Henry, farmer ; P. O. Batavia.
 Swicker, John, farmer ; P. O. Batavia.
 Smith, Peter, P. O. Batavia.
 Smith, G. F., farmer ; P. O. Batavia.
 Smith, W. A., farmer ; P. O. Batavia.
 Supernough, Julian, P. O. Batavia.
 Schwan, H., P. O. Batavia.
 Stebbins, Mrs. Mary, P. O. Batavia.
 Stephens, I. S., P. O. Batavia.
 Supernough, Horatio, lab. ; P. O. Batavia.
 Smith, Lewis, laborer ; P. O. Batavia.
 Smith, Stephen, laborer ; P. O. Batavia.
 Sliggett, Charles, mason ; P. O. Batavia.
 Smith, Mrs. L. C., P. O. Batavia.
 Smith, M., P. O. Batavia.
 Stephens, Mrs. S. C., P. O. Batavia.
 Sullivan, M., laborer ; P. O. Batavia.
 Sheets, Horace, P. O. Batavia.
 Stewart, Mrs. M., P. O. Batavia.

TOWNE, I. S., farmer ; P. O. Batavia.

Towne, I. P., farmer ; P. O. Batavia.

TOWN, D. K., M. D., P. O. Batavia ; Rep. ; Cong. ; born in Granville, N. Y., Nov. 10, 1811. Married Miss Ellen S. Miller ; she was born in Big Flats, N. Y., Aug. 31, 1818, and married May 3, 1842 ; she died July 6, 1854 ; had five children—Salem B., born May 4, 1843 ; Robert M., born Nov. 12, 1844 ; Charles S., born Aug. 25, 1849 ; Ellen E., born Nov. 8, 1850 ; William H., born July 22, 1852 ; second wife Miss Sarah E. Wright ; she was born Oct. 20, 1835, at Wyoming, N. Y. ; married at Batavia, May 7, 1861 ; lived in Washington Co. 23 years ; then went to Hudson, Ohio ; attended medical lectures at New Haven, Conn., and commenced practice at Hudson, O. ; came to Batavia in 1839 ; engaged in the practice of medicine ; has for the past 15 years retired from his profession and engaged in real estate.

Trumbull, S. C., farmer ; P. O. Batavia.
 Todd, Mrs. C. D., P. O. Batavia.
 Thorn, W. A., S. M. Agt. ; P. O. Batavia.
 Tomle, O. M., furniture ; P. O. Batavia.
 Thompson, James, laborer ; P. O. Batavia.
 Tremain, A. G., blksmith ; P. O. Batavia.

TOWN, HENRY L., farmer; Secs. 29 and 32; P. O. Batavia; 233 acres; value, \$60 per acre; Rep.; Cong.; born in Granville, N. Y., March 28, 1851; lived in New York six years; came to Batavia in 1857; has been School Director; was in the lumber business in Batavia.

Turner, C., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Turner, James M., painter; P. O. Batavia.

Town, H. E., P. O. Batavia.

TOWN, S. B., Secs. 27 and 28; P. O. Batavia; Rep.; Cong.; born in Batavia, May 4, 1843. Married Miss Sabra A. Frazier; she was born in Fabius, N. Y., Sept. 23, 1846; has two children—Anna E., born Nov. 27, 1868; Robert M., born June 3, 1870; lived in Batavia until he was 9; then attended school at Granville, N. Y., and Fulton, Vt., until he was 16; then came to Batavia; has been engaged in farming and lumbering since; he enlisted in the 124th Ill. Infantry.

Town, Salem, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Tranto, William, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Totman, Edsall, P. O. Batavia.

Trohig, E., laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Trohig, Patrick, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

URICH, GEORGE, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Updike, Lewis, mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

Updike, J. G., P. O. Batavia.

VAN LIEW, N. W., P. O. Batavia.

Van Devinter, Dodson, lab.; P. O. Batavia.

Van Devolgan, A. W., lab.; P. O. Batavia.

Vinecke, Henry, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

VAN NORTWICK, J. S., farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Batavia; owns 320 acres, valued at \$100 per acre; Dem.; Ind.; was born in Batavia March 26, 1847; he married Miss Bina Totman; she was born in Fredonia, N. Y., in 1852; married in Batavia in 1874; one child—William, born Feb. 16, 1876; attended school in Aurora, Fort Edward, N. Y., and Ann Arbor, Mich.; settled on present place in 1876; has been Village Trustee and Commissioner of Highways.

Vincent, Hamilton, jeweler; P. O. Batavia.

Van Nortwick, Wm. M., Sec. paper-mill; P. O. Batavia.

Van Nortwick, J. S., far.; P. O. Batavia.

Voorhees, Minna, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Voorhees, Peter, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Voorhees, John, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Van Liew, Mrs. C., P. O. Batavia.

WILLIAMS, SQUIRE, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Watts, James, P. O. Batavia.

Wright, William, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Wood, Clark, Supt. County House; P. O. Batavia.

Wood, Mrs. Maria, P. O. Batavia.

Wygart, J. D., mason; P. O. Batavia.

Wolcott, H. K., Newton Wagon Co.; P. O. Batavia.

Wolcott, N., merchant; P. O. Batavia.

Wolcott, S. A., merchant; P. O. Batavia.

WALGAST, JACOB, farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Aurora; Ind.; Luth.; owns 56 acres, valued at \$60 per acre; was born in Wurtemberg in 1830; married Elizabeth Fillgrove; she was born in Germany; they have four children—John, Jacob, Christian, William; came to America in 1856, and to Kane Co. in 1859; settled where he now resides; he was very poor at the time of starting here, and earned his present place by hard work.

Wolcott, W. A., merchant; P. O. Batavia.

Whipple, J. H., Road Commissioner; P. O. Batavia.

Williams, H. W., physician; P. O. Batavia.

Way, Silas, P. O. Batavia.

Wilmart, George H., P. O. Batavia.

Winchell, W. S., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

Wade, H. N., book keeper; P. O. Batavia.

WAY, SILAS, aparian; P. O. Batavia; Dem.; Ind.; was born in Lynden, Vt., Jan. 13, 1817; he married Miss M. M. Buckley Feb. 26, 1854; she was born in Fairfield, Conn., Oct. 26, 1820; they have one child—Mary E., born May 29, 1856; Mr. Way lived in Vermont until he was 15 years of age; then went to Linsten, N. H.; then Alstead, remaining there at paper making until 1837; then visited Kane Co.; in 1843 he settled in St. Charles, working at his trade six months; he went into a store as clerk, and soon after into business on his own account; came to Batavia in 1856, and engaged in general merchandise; he retired from same in 1865.

Wenberg, Charles, lab.; P. O. Batavia.

Walt, Henry, clothing; P. O. Batavia.

Wilkie, Wm., stone quarry; P. O. Batavia.

Welch, Thomas, P. O. Batavia.

Wilcox, Levina, P. O. Batavia.

Weare, Samuel, laborer; P. O. Batavia.

Whitney, L. M., mfr.; P. O. Batavia.

Wyatt, F., P. O. Batavia.

White, Charles, coal dlr.; P. O. Batavia.

WOOD, THEODORE, dealer in grain and coal; P. O. Batavia; Rep.; Cong.; born in Jeff. Co., N. Y., in 1840. He married Elizabeth Burnell; she was born in Michigan, in 1840; Alice B., Sept. 5, 1867; Lloyd, July 1, 1872; Irene B., Jan. 4, 1874. Left N. Y. in 1840 and settled in Kane Co.; came to Batavia in 1865; has been Highway Com., Village Trustee and School Director; he enlisted in Co. B., 124th Ill. Regt., also 5th N. Y. Heavy Artillery. His father settled in Blackberry Tp., in Kane Co., 1840, and owned the Bald Mound farm; his five sons were in the army.

Wood, Isaac R., clerk; P. O. Batavia.

Walton, W., mechanic; P. O. Batavia.

Wagner, Peter, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Winkie, E., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Weaver, Peter, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Weaver, Dennison, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Weaver, Adam, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Weaver, Orson, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

WINCHELL, MUNSON, farmer; Secs. 29, 30, 31 and 32; P. O. Batavia; 160 acres, val. \$60 per acre; Dem.; Ind.; born in Oneida Co., N. Y., June 5, 1808. He married Paulina Holmes; she was born in Oneida Co., N. Y., March 29, 1812; Ophelia D., born Oct. 18, 1835; E. J., born Dec. 18, 1837; William H., born Aug. 4, 1839; Henrietta S., born Aug. 25, 1841; Francis M., born April 30, 1845, died July 24, 1877; Winfield S., born Sept. 21, 1847; lived in N. Y. until he was 26; then went to Michigan; then to his present place, in 1836; were very few settlers in the county when he came.

Weaver, Calista, P. O. Batavia.

Watson, Sanford, P. O. Batavia.

Winkie, Mrs. E., P. O. Batavia.

WEAVER, GEO., farmer, Secs. 30 and 31; P. O. Batavia; owns 370 acres, valued at \$60 per acre; Ind.; Ind.; born in Jefferson Co., N. Y., March 27, 1811; he married Miss Colvin Abbigail; she was born in Jefferson Co., Nov. 30, 1814; married Dec. 29, 1837; Orson L., born Sept. 22, 1838; Electa M., born May 22, 1840; Delia A., born Feb. 10, 1842; Denison R., born Feb. 23, 1846; Celestia C., born Jan. 22, 1851; died April 20, 1866; Luella A., born Dec. 5, 1854; George, born Nov. 9, 1858; Alvaro, born June 22, 1856; died 1875; lived in N. Y. 28 years; came to Kane Co. in 1840; settled near where he now resides; has been School Director 3 years; his oldest son was in the 124th Illinois Infantry.

Wygant, Mary, P. O. Batavia.

YOUNDT, N. M., artist; P. O. Batavia.

YOUNG, N. S., real estate and loaning money, cor. Van Buren and South sts.; P. O. Batavia; Rep.; born Strafford, Vt., Aug. 20, 1818; he married Miss Mary A. Hollister, Sept., 1862; she was born at Lee, Mass.; Edwin H., born July 29, 1863, and died Oct. 6, 1863; Fannie, born Oct. 1, 1868; Justis H., born Aug. 17, 1871; left Vt. and came with his father's family, in 1843, settled on Secs. 26 and 27, in Blackberry Township; he was 1st Town Clerk there under the new constitution of 1848; moved to Batavia in 1853; has been Highway Commissioner, Assessor, Village Trustee and Supervisor; was 5 years clerk and 3 years partner with the Hon. I. S. Morrill, at Strafford, Vt.; his father was one of the original grantees of the Charter of Strafford, also, first Representative to State Legislature; was an officer in 1812, and after was promoted to Brigadier General of State Militia.

Yates, A., P. O. Batavia.

Young, R., P. O. Batavia.

BLACKBERRY TOWNSHIP.

A CRES, J. G., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Aylward, Charles, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

ARMSTRONG, H. M., farming and stock, Secs. 28, 27 and 22, Blackberry Tp.; P. O. Batavia; 160 acres; value, \$70 per acre; also, 37 acres of timber; Rep.; Cong.; born in Kentucky, Feb. 13, 1809. Married Miss Livina Dryer, in Springfield, Ill., in 1830; she was born in New York, in 1812; have five children—Catheron S., Synthia J., Alvert H., John D., Julia M.; lived in Kentucky until 1816; then came to Madison Co., Ill.; at the age of 20 he went to Sangamon Co., Ill.; remained here until 1865; then to Batavia in 1865, and to his present place, April 1, 1871.

Allen, Thomas; P. O. Blackberry.

Alexander, J., P. O. Blackberry.

Atkins, Thomas, carp.; P. O. Blackberry.

B ARRETT, SYLVESTER.

Baptist, Samuel.

Bucklin, F. F.

BENTLEY, ARNOLD G., farming and dairy; Sec. 1; P. O. La Fox; 78 acres; value, \$100 per acre; Rep.; Cong.; born in Monroe Co., N. Y., Aug. 26, 1818. Married Miss Lucy Bentley, in 1843; she was born in Cattaraugus Co., Nov. 1, 1823; she died Sept. 15, 1859; they had six children—four living; second wife Mary Ann Ferson; she was born in New Hampshire, Nov. 28, 1833, and married Oct. 9, 1860; they had six children—five living; he left New York when 20, and removed to Toledo; then to Wisconsin; then to New York; remained until he was 25; then to Wisconsin; remained six years; then to Cattaraugus Co., N. Y.; remained three years; then to Wisconsin; remained one year; then to present place in 1852; has been School Director several terms, and was Deacon in the Cong. church of Geneva.

Barker, Jabez, farmer; P. O. La Fox.

Baker, Wm., farmer; P. O. Campton.

Boyce, Salem, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Brown, W. W., farmer; P. O. La Fox.

Barrett, C. H., farmer; P. O. La Fox.

BOWDISH, FULLER A., farming and stock, Secs. 19, 20, 29 and 30, Blackberry Tp.; P. O. Blackberry; 293 acres; value, \$50 per acre; Rep.; Indt.; born in Otsego Co., N. Y., Sept. 6, 1833. Married Miss Malinda Acers, March 3, 1862, at Chicago; she was born on present place, July 12, 1839; have two children—Gorden A., born Dec. 19, 1862; Elbridge S., born Nov. 29, 1864; lived in New York until Fall of 1850; then came to Kane Co. with his parents and settled in Blackberry Tp., Secs. 21, 22, 27; then in Sec. 14; in 1860 he came to his present place; has remained here since; has been School Trustee and Director several terms.

BRUNDEGE, LEVI, farmer, Sec. 1, Blackberry Tp.; P. O. La Fox; owns 140 acres of land, valued at \$60 per acre; Rep.; Ind.; born at St. John's Island, N. B., Aug. 31, 1811; married Miss Charlotte Smith, in Canada, July 12, 1837; she was born in Canada, Feb. 25, 1816; they had eleven children—Stella, born Aug. 2, 1839; Levi, born Sept. 23, 1840; Amanda, born March 7, 1842; Melissa, born Sept. 6, 1844; Portland, born Oct. 4, 1849; Morila, born June 9, 1847; Lotta, born Sept. 11, 1851; Mary N., born Oct. 14, 1854; John C., born Sept. 1, 1856; Adaline V., born Oct. 23, 1837, died Sept. 28, 1859; Mary E., born July 12, 1859, died Oct. 29, 1853; he lived in New Brunswick until he was 9 years of age; then went to Canada, and remained until 1842; then came to St. Charles, Kane Co., and remained until 1852, when he came to his present place, and has since remained here; has been School Director several terms.

BRUNDEGE, LEVI, Jr., farmer, Sec. 1, Blackberry Tp.; P. O. La Fox; owns 70 acres of land, valued at \$100 per acre; Rep.; Cong.; born in Canada, Sept. 23, 1840; married Miss Emma Hathaway; she was born at Potsdam, N. Y., Dec. 28, 1845; he settled on his present place in 1875, and has since remained.

Bowers, A.

Barber, C. C., farmer; P. O. La Fox.

Baker, De Witt.

Barnes, W. H., farmer; P. O. La Fox.

Bowdish, Oscar, farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Benton, Russell, farmer; P. O. Grouse.

BOWDISH, PERRY, farmer and stock raiser, Secs. 21, 22 and 27, Blackberry Tp.; P. O. Blackberry; owns 140 acres of land, valued at \$60; Rep.; Ind.; born at Otsego, N. Y., Sept. 17, 1835; married J. C. Smith; she was born in Kane Co., May 22, 1837; married in Blackberry Tp., Dec. 24, 1852; has five children—Effie A., born June 4, 1862; Addie, born July 17, 1864; Anna, born Nov. 1, 1866; two children died in infancy; lived in New York until he was 14 years of age, and then came to his present place, and has lived there since; his father-in-law, Mr. Jas. Smith, was born in Pennsylvania, Nov. 15, 1792; he married Azuba Farnsworth; he came to Blackberry Tp. in 1836; he had eleven children, ten living; he was in the war of 1812, and helped to build Commodore Perry's victorious fleet on Lake Erie.

Bartholomew, P. Y., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Boyer, Anton.

Bullock, Robt., baker; P. O. Blackberry.

Bryant, Mrs. E., undertaker; P. O. Blackberry.

Bartholomew, E. S., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Burton, W.

COOLEY, HORACE, shoemaker; P. O. Burlington.

Clemens, John, farmer; P. O. La Fox.

Clemens, Patrick, farmer; P. O. La Fox.

Carney, Patrick, farmer; P. O. La Fox.

Coffin, William.

Callahan, Gregory, Sr., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Cole, J. E., farmer; P. O. La Fox.

Catlin, F. P., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Colburn, Oliver, carp.; P. O. Blackberry.

Crego, G. M., farmer; P. O. Grouse.

Crow, James, saloon; P. O. Blackberry.

Cooley, George, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Collins, A. W., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Colwell, Thomas, far.; P. O. Kaneville.

Colwell, E., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Cornell, John.

Collins, John, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

COBB, A. C., farming and creamery; Sec. 13 Blackberry and 18 Geneva; P. O. Batavia; 193 acres; value, \$80 per acre; Rep.; Ind.; born in Ellisburg, N. Y., March 22, 1842. Married Miss Emma C. Ford, Dec. 31, 1868; she was born May 2, 1852; have two children—S. Josephine, born July 8, 1874; Charles H., born June 21, 1877; he lived in New York until he was 24 years old, on the farm; he then enlisted in Battery D, 4th U. S. Art.; was in the battles of Winchester, Middletown, Cedar Creek, Harrisburg, etc., etc., and was wounded at Petersburg; was Sergeant; discharged 1865; returned to Ellisburg and then came to Aurora; then to present place; has lived here since. H. S. Ford was born in New York in 1809. He married Miss Sara Davis; 5 children—3 living; came to Batavia in 1857.

CLARK, THOMAS, miller, also planing-mill; P. O. Blackberry; Rep.; Ind.; born in Yates Co., N. Y., Feb. 1, 1824. Married Elizabeth Bartholomew, March 17, 1852; she was born in Yates Co., N. Y., March 12, 1830; have two children—Francis I., born Dec. 8, 1852; John C. F., born April 10, 1858; lived in Yates Co. until he was 16; then moved to Plato with his parents; remained five years; then returned to Yates Co.; was engaged in building mills, remaining 10 years; he then moved to Elgin, Ill., and engaged in grocery some two years; then in mill and continued until 1870; in 1861 he enlisted in the 52d Ill. Inf. Co. K; was discharged in 1862; after recruiting his health, he assisted in raising another company, and again entered the army in the 127th Ill., he being First Lieutenant of Co. C; was in the battles of Vicksburg and Arkansas Post; he then resigned; and later he assisted in getting up the 141st Ill. Inf., he being Lieutenant Colonel; the regiment was mustered out in 1864; he came to Blackberry in 1873, and moved his family here in 1874.

Chase, A. L., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

DAVIS, RICE, farmer; P. O. La Fox.

Dooley, Michael, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Davis, Zopher, farmer; P. O. La Fox.

Damon, J. H., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Danly, James.

Damon, Lewis, farmer; P. O. La Fox.

Donor, M., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

ELDEN, G. B., lumber; P. O. Blackberry.

Ellithorpe, Asa, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Emory, Joseph, farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

FRYDENDALL, LAWRENCE, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Fields, H. S., farmer; P. O. La Fox.

Forrest, J. E., farmer; P. O. La Fox.

Flynn, Morris, railroad man; P. O. Blackberry.

Forbes, J. E., farmer; P. O. La Fox.

FISH, JOEL D., farmer, dairyman and stock raiser, Sec. 21; P. O. Blackberry; owns 310 acres of land, valued at \$60 per acre; Rep.; Ind.; born in Pennsylvania, July 29, 1825. Married Miss Louisa Jane West; she was born on Long Island; had seven children—five living; his wife died April 17, 1872; he then married Lura E. Daniels; she was born April 30, 1850; married March 29, 1877; lived in Pennsylvania until he was 20; came to Elgin in 1844; was a blacksmith by trade; in 1847, he moved near his present place, working at his trade; he then came to present place, and has remained here since; has been Postmaster four years, Town Clerk six years, also School Director and Trustee. W. B. West settled here in 1836. He was born in England. He opened a bank in Geneva; died August 26, 1869.

Frory, N. D., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Forbes, J. D.

Foster, Henry, farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Frydendall, D., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

GATES, M. C., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Green, D. C. far.; P. O. Batavia.

Garfield, E. E., farmer; P. O. La Fox.

Gage, H., harness maker; P. O. Blackberry.

GOULD, G. W., farmer and stock raiser, Secs. 28, 29, Blackberry Tp.; P. O. Blackberry; owns 175 acres of land, valued at \$60 per acre; Rep.; Ind.; born in Connecticut, Jan. 22, 1821. Married Miss Mary E. Bowdish, Nov. 11, 1847; she was born in N. Y., May 31, 1838; have three children—George W., Jr., born Jan 23, 1851; Webb N., born Sept. 26, 1856; H. Pitts, born Dec. 23, 1858; lived in Connecticut 27 years; was foreman in a

cotton factory, then went to Vermont, and then came to Kane Co., and remained here since; has been Constable, Collector, also School Clerk and Director; was in poor circumstances, on arriving here, and by industry and economy, has placed himself in his present position.

GEORGE, MILO, Secs. 26, 27, Blackberry Tp.; P. O. Batavia; owns 100 acres of land here, and 6 acres of timber land, valued at \$70 per acre; Rep.; Ind.; born in Strafford, Vt., Oct. 4, 1817. Married Achsa Boyce; she was born in Springfield, N. H., March 27, 1823, and married May 4, 1842, in Strafford, Vt.; have three children—Mary E., born Aug. 13, 1843; Cora, born Aug. 11, 1847; Alice M., born Sept. 1, 1860; lived in Vermont until 1853; was engaged in farming, then came to his present place, and has remained here since; has been School Director and Township Trustee.

George, Milo.

Gray, A. T., merchant; P. O. Blackberry.

HARVEY, J. F., farmer; P. O. La Fox.

Humphrey, J. M., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

HUNTER, W. R. S., attorney, real estate and insurance; P. O. Blackberry.

Hunt, George, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Hanks, Michael.

Hannavig, Fred., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

HILTS, JOSEPH, farmer and dairyman, Sec. 36, Campton Township, and Sec. 1, Blackberry Township; P. O. La Fox; 156 acres land (six timber), probable value of \$60 per acre; Rep.; Cong.; born in Herkimer Co., N. Y., Oct. 9, 1814; he married Miss Mary Ladd; she was born in Weston, N. Y., Nov. 13, 1819, and married June 12, 1839; J. Madison and J. Monroe born Sept. 7, 1841; Thos. G., born Feb. 20, 1849; G. F., born April 26, 1851; L. R., born Oct. 3, 1859; Joseph M., born April 25, 1846, and died March 12, 1864; lived in New York until 1848; was engaged at farming, and came to St. Charles in 1849; he located on his present place, and has remained here since; has been School Director; was poor on arriving here, and owes his present place to industry and economy.

Howard, Mrs. C. D.

Howard, Eugene.

Harris, J. M. station agent; P. O. Blackberry.

Hunt, J. W., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Huss, Jno.

HERRINGTON, JAMES, Sec. 12; P. O. Blackberry; was born in Mercer Co., Pa., June 6, 1824; he married Miss Mary Blodgett, Jan. 15, 1850; she was born in New York, May 21, 1829; they had ten children—Eliza C., born Oct. 31, 1850; Benton, born Jan. 10, 1854; Charity, born March 15, 1856; Nathan, born March 15, 1859; Brigham, born Nov. 18, 1861; James, born Jan. 22, 1865; Caroline, Oct. 4, 1867; Augustus, born March 4, 1869; Mary, born Oct. 21, 1872; and James, born July 2, 1852, died Dec. 20, 1862. He lived in Pennsylvania until he was 9 years old, then came to Chicago and remained two years, then removed to Geneva, in 1835; he remained until the Spring of 1843; he then apprenticed to printing, with John Wentworth, on the old Chicago *Democrat*; he remained here until 1848, then returned to Geneva and engaged at farming and on local paper, until 1849; he was then elected Clerk of Kane County Court, and continued eight years; he then engaged in settling up his private business; has been elected Supervisor of Geneva three terms; in 1863, he removed to his present place; in Nov., 1872, he was elected from the 14th Senatorial Dist., as a Representative in the 28th General Assembly; re-elected, in 1874, to the 29th General Assembly, and, in 1876, to the 30th General Assembly; in 1872, he was elected Supervisor of Blackberry Township; was for eight years a member of the State Board of Agriculture, representing the 4th Dist., during which time it devolved on him to occupy many of the principal positions; he has been prominent in the State Conventions; he is at present Representative from the 14th Senatorial Dist. His has been a life of unusual activity; socially, he is a man of rare qualities; he is proud of his profession of farming, and his many genial ways have won him a host of admiring friends.

HATHAWAY, W. N., farmer, Sec. 2, Blackberry Township; P. O. La Fox; 46½ acres of land, valued \$75 per acre; Ind.; Meth.; born in Blackberry Township Sept. 12, 1857; lived in Blackberry until he was 6 years old, then moved to Decatur, Ill., with his parents, remained two years and returned to present place; his father, F. A. Hathaway, died in Oct., 1870, and Mr. W. N. has been carrying on the place since 1874; Mrs. Hathaway married Mr. J. Brooks, of Garden Prairie, Boone, Co., Ill., Nov. 29, 1877.

HERRINGTON, NATHAN P., farmer and dairyman; Sec. 12 Blackberry and 7 Geneva; P. O. Geneva; owns 146 acres; value, \$60 per acre; Dem.; Universalist; born in Mercer Co., Pa., May 29, 1822; he married Miss Elmira Rice, July 4, 1847; she was born at Elmira, N. Y., June 25, 1824; they have no children; he lived in Pennsylvania until he was 11 years old; then moved to Chicago, and remained until March, 1835, when he removed to Geneva, Kane Co.; here he remained until 1857; was engaged at farming; then moved to Fulton, Whiteside Co., Ill., and remained until 1862; was for four years Government Mail Agent, then enlisted in 52d Ill. Vols., being Capt. of Co. F; was in battles of Ft. Henry, Ft. Donelson, Pittsburg Landing and Siege of Corinth; owing to sickness, he then resigned and returned home; came to present place and has remained here since; has been Deputy Sheriff four years, Assessor of Blackberry two years, Collector one year, and School Director five years; has been seven years in the dairy business; also breeds Jersey cattle.

Honck, Ralph.

HOWARD, PHILO, deceased; Sec. 26, Blackberry Tp.; P. O. Batavia; owns 180 acres of land, valued at \$55 per acre; born in Jefferson Co., N. Y., in 1820; married Casendana Jones; she was born in Clinton Co., N. Y., in 1830, and married in Aug., 1862, at Marengo, Henry Co., Ill.; has two children—E. H., born Jan. 25, 1865; Zadia, born March 23, 1867; came to this place in 1861, and has remained here ever since.

HALL, J., clerk; P. O. Blackberry; Rep.; Ind.; born in Cincinnati, O., Oct. 23, 1821; married Miss Harriet M. Hotchkiss; she was born in Vermont, and married, in 1850, at Blackberry; Elry, born May 22, 1851; lived in Ohio until 11 years old, and then went to Chicago with his parents; lived there one Winter, then went to Naperville, Ill., with his parents; came to Blackberry in the Spring of 1834, and lived with his parents on a farm; has been working in his present business 18 years; has been Deputy Sheriff, Constable, Road Commissioner, and Collector; his father, Hiram Hall, came to Blackberry Tp. in the Spring of 1834; he was born in Pennsylvania.

Hurd, J. O., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Hughes, Michael, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Hill, Wm., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Hill, Frank.

Harmon, Tim.

JOHNSON, A. W., blacksmith; P. O. Blackberry.

Johnson, J. C., butcher; P. O. Blackberry.

Joy, F. P.

JOHNSON, PETER H., farming; Secs. 9, 10 and 15, Blackberry Tp.; P. O. La Fox; owns 525 acres of land, valued at \$75 per acre; Dem.; Epis.; born on Staten Island, April 30, 1798; married Miss Ann Bogart, in 1820; she was born on Staten Island, March 15, 1801; had ten children, seven living; his second wife was Miss Clarisa Weller, who was born in Fowlersville, N. Y., Feb. 10, 1827, and was married April 25, 1871; Louisa T. Lockwood, born Nov. 19, 1844; he lived on Staten Island until 15 years of age; then went to New York, to learn cabinet making; he then took to boot and shoe-making, and was in the city during 1812, 1813 and 1814; was called out several times to help fortify Brooklyn; after journeying around some, he returned to Staten Island; here he met Gov. Tompkins, Vice President, who advised him to go to Tompkinsville (this was in 1819); he went, and opened out boots, shoes and clothing, etc.; remained there 12 years; then went to West New Brighton, laying out West Broadway and Division avenue; re-

mained 12 years; he then came to his present place, in 1843; the residence is the most elevated in the county; he was Justice of the Peace on Staten Island; was Captain of artillery for Newark; was also Ensign in Richmond County Guards; has been School Treasurer in this township five years; his father was Jacob Johnson, who was born on Staten Island, July 14, 1773; he married Miss Elizabeth Houghwout; she was born on Staten Island, Feb. 18, 1779; they had 12 children; his father was James Johnson, a brother to old Tommy Johnson, of Maryland.

Jenkins, J. W., merchant; P. O. Blackberry.

Jackson, J. J., carp.; P. O. Burlington.

Johnson, Frank, tailor; P. O. Blackberry.

Johnson, N. H., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

JOHNSON, D. D., creamery; P. O. Blackberry; Ind. in religion; born in Canada, in 1844; married Miss Mary Graham; she was born in Canada, and married March 10, 1869; have four children—Daniel, born Dec. 24, 1870; Duncan A., born July 23, 1872; Llewellyn, born July 10, 1875; child, born Aug. 8, 1877; lived in Canada until 1874, when he came to Blackberry, and engaged in the manufacture of cheese and butter; in 1877, he built his present factory, which is large and complete in every particular.

Johnson, B. A., P. O. Blackberry.

Jackson, Wm., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

KEENAN, FRANCIS, farmer; P. O. La Fox.

Knox, Wm.

Keller, J. N.

KELLER, C. H., deceased, Sec. 24; P. O. Batavia; Blackberry Township; owned 187 acres, valued at \$60 per acre; was born in New York, April 20, 1840; he married Miss Carrie Hall; she was born in St. Charles, Kane Co.; married in same place, Dec. 27, 1865; had three children—George H., born Jan. 8, 1867; Esther A., born Aug. 9, 1871; Bertha E., born May 29, 1876. Came to Kane Co. in 1845, to present place, and remained there until he died, Aug. 4, 1876; was in the 124th Ill. Regt.; was Second Lieut. of Co. B. His father, George H. Keller, was born in Pennsylvania, Oct.

29, 1814; he came to Kane Co. in 1845; he settled on this place, and died Sept. 29, 1871; he married Miss Ester Masiker; she was born in New York in 1819. Her father, Isaac Masiker, was born in New Jersey, Feb. 23, 1795; he married Miss Hannah Green; she was born March 30, 1786, in Newark, N. J.; married Dec. 27, 1818, in New York; came to Kane Co. in 1839 and were the first settlers of this place. In 1872-73-74, the four generations lived here in one house as one family. Mrs. Keller's son George had, until he was four years old, ten living grandparents.

Kendall, Walter, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Krum, Isaac, mechanic; P. O. Blackberry.

Kendall, J. C., mason; P. O. Blackberry.

Kendall, J. M., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

LEWIS, W. H.

Logan, A. R., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Lewis, D. R., mech.; P. O. Blackberry.

Langrall, Isaac, farmer; P. O. Kaneville, Leary, Chas.

Loomis, S. W.

MOOORE, DAVID, mason; P. O. Blackberry.

Morris, J. W., Sr., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

MORRILL, FRANK S., Postmaster; P. O. Blackberry; owns 80 acres, valued at \$75 per acre; Dem.; Ind.; born in Vermont, May 24, 1825; he married Lucinda Cleveland, Nov. 8, 1874; she was born in New York, May 13, 1828; had six children—Bessie B., born Feb. 6, 1851; Frank S., born Jan. 28, 1853; Lucy A., born April 1, 1855; Dell B., born July 18, 1859; Blanchie M., born May 31, 1870; Steven, born May 23, 1847, died March 7, 1855. Lived in Vermont until 1844; was engaged in schooling; then came to Kane County, and settled at Kaneville; lived there six years; then came to present place; lived here since; has been School Director, Town Clerk, Collector, Co. Justice and Postmaster, some twenty years. His son, Dell B., is the sub-mail contractor.

Massee, R. L.

Moon, Daniel.

Moore, John, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Moore, James, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Morrill, S. M., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

McGuire, John.

McNAIR, SAMUEL, M. D., P. O. Blackberry; Rep.; Ind.; born in Pa., Feb. 8, 1823; he married Miss Ann Osborn, Nov. 24, 1856; she was born in N. Y., Dec. 15, 1831; had 4 children—Rush, born July 1, 1860; Rock, born July 1, 1860, died April 20, 1872; S. Platt, born May 31, 1866, died March 2, 1867; Earl, born Sept. 30, 1863, died Sept. 30, 1864; lived in Pa. until 1844; then came to Kane Co., and went to farming in 1866; he came to Blackberry, and has resided here since; he pursued his studies of medicine at Aurora, Cincinnati and Chicago; graduated in 1869, and has the first certificate awarded to Kane Co. by the State Board of Health; has been Coronor, also School Director several terms; the Dr. has taken a lively interest in affairs of the town, and has, by his building operations, added much to the town. Samuel McNair, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, office and residence over drug store of McNair & Lewis. McNair & Lewis, drugs, groceries, crockery, etc., Blackberry Station.

Matthewson, Jno. J., Postmaster; P. O. Blackberry.

MORSE, E. GARY, farmer, Sec. 3, Blackberry; P. O. La Fox; 156 acres, value \$60 per acre; Dem.; Ind.; born in Springfield, Mass., Dec. 11, 1810; he married Miss S. A. Logan, Sept. 3, 1848, at Elgin; she was born in Vermont, Feb. 10, 1822; they have one child—Adelaide, born Jan. 11, 1850; he lived in Massachusetts until 2 years old, and went to Vermont; remained six years, then went to New York; remained six years, then went back to Vermont; remained seven years, then went to New York and remained until 1840, when he came to Kane Co., and bought his place from Government; his daughter married J. E. Forrest, who was born in Sweden, in 1844; he came to United States in 1851 and to Kane Co., 1862; they were married in 1867; two children—Lizzie, born Aug. 5, 1870; Elsie, born March 25, 1874; Mr. Forrest has been foreman in the *Chicago Times* office.

Miller, James, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Masser, George.

Mason, J.

MORRILL, F. S., JR., far.; P. O. Blackberry; Dem.; Ind.; born in Kaneville, Jan. 28, 1853; he married Miss Cora L. Shaw; she was born in Iowa, Jan. 26, 1859; married Jan. 27, 1875; lived in Kane Co. until he was 21; was 4 years in law office of C. H. White and F. G. Garfield, in Blackberry Sta.; he then went to Nebraska; object was farming and law; he left, owing to grasshoppers; he returned to present place, and has lived here since.

McNAIR, THOMAS, farmer and dairyman, Sec. 18; Blackberry Tp.; P. O. Blackberry; owns a farm of 240 acres, valued at \$50 per acre; Rep.; Ind.; born in Erie Co., Pa., March 6, 1817; he married Miss Sarah Cochran April 8, 1845; she was born in Erie Co., Pa., April 9, 1824; had 3 children—Frank C., born June 23, 1850; Frederic G., born Nov. 15, 1858; Fink S., born April 27, 1863; lived in Pa. until he was 22; then came to Kane Co., by team, in 1837, and settled where he now resides; bought from Govt., and has been here since; has been Highway Commissioner twice, School Clerk and Director several terms; has sold good winter wheat in Chicago for 5 shillings; he lived here some 8 years, then went East and married, and returned same year.

Matteson, Wm.

MOORE, MICHAEL, farmer, Sec. 11, Blackberry; P. O. La Fox; 190 acres, value \$60 per acre; Dem.; Cath.; born in Ireland, Dec. 15, 1838; he married Miss Julia Lynch, 1864; she was born in March, 1840; Julia Ann, born Nov. 13, 1864; Margaret, born Jan. 24, 1866; John, born Sept. 4, 1868; Michael, born Oct. 3, 1872; Mary, born Sept. 15, 1870; James, born April 29, 1875; Daniel, born May 20, 1877; lived in Ireland until he was 16, then went to England and lived there four years; then came to United States in 1858, and settled in Washington, D. C.; lived there one year, then moved to Chicago; then to Batavia in 1860; then traveled several years; bought his present place in 1869, and moved here in 1869; was in very poor circumstances on arriving here.

Moulding, Thos., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Morris, J. W., Jr., restaurant; P. O. Blackberry.

MARKS, J. T., farmer and dairyman, Sec. 12, Blackberry Township; P. O. Geneva; Rep.; Ind.; born in New York, Dec. 10, 1827; 160 acres, probable value of \$60 per acre; he married Miss Mary C. Houck; she was born in Jefferson Co., N. Y., April 2, 1821; married at Chicago, Nov. 25, 1855; no children; lived in New York fourteen years; came to Kane Co. in 1841, settled where he now resides, and has lived here since.

McMahon, Jno., mason; P. O. Blackberry.

NORRIS, HIRAM, farming and stock; Secs. 34 and 35 Blackberry Township; P. O. Batavia; owns 450 acres; value, \$55 per acre; Rep.; Ind.; born in New York, Nov. 3, 1828; he married Hannah M. Young; she was born at Strafford, Vt., Feb. 13, 1831, and married at Kaneville Township, April 27, 1853; they had four children—Helen M., born June 15, 1854; Frank Y., born March 12, 1856; John, born May 2, 1859; and Nathan N., born Nov. 23, 1864; lived in New York until 1844, with his parents, on a farm, and with his parents settled on his present place; he went to California in 1850, overland route; he spent three years in mining in California and Oregon; on his return he settled on his present place, and has resided here since; he has been School Director for some two or three years.

O'BRIEN, CORNELIUS, saloon; P. O. Blackberry.

O'Neil, John, farmer; P. O. La Fox.

POOLEY, SAM'L, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Potter & Baker, merch'ts; P. O. La Fox.

Potter, L. M., Postmaster; P. O. La Fox.

Peirce, Mrs. C. M.

Pooley, Mrs. M. A., millinery; P. O. Blackberry.

Pass, Peter, farmer; P. O. Grouse.

Plant, Peter.

Price, Hugh, farmer; P. O. Grouse.

PLATT, SAMUEL (deceased); born in New York, Aug. 28, 1805; he lived on the farm until he was 20 years old, when he moved to Pennsylvania; here he married Miss Nancy McNair; she was born in Erie Co., Pa., Sept. 14,

1812; married March 24, 1834; they had six children, three living—James W., Sophia, Mary, Nancy A., Martha and child; they lived in Erie Co., on a farm, ten years, then came to Blackberry, 1836; lived there, on a farm, until April 13, 1850, when he died; he was the first Justice in the township; also, School Director and Trustee; he was elected the first Supervisor of the township, but died before going into the office; it was largely due to Mr. Platt's influence that the township retained its name, and he was influential in the issues of the leading events of his township, and was a much respected citizen; Mrs. Platt continued on the farm until 1876, having lived there forty years.

Pooley, Thos., jeweler; P. O. Blackberry.

RAWSON, H. M., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Russell, John, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Rooney, Lawrence, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Rinehart, G. F., com. mer.; P. O. Blackberry.

Root, George, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Rhutassel, John.

READ, L. R., banking and real estate; P. O. Blackberry; Rep.; Ind.; born in Tompkins Co., N. Y., Aug. 5, 1824. Married Sarah J. Yost; she was born Oct. 6, 1827, in Erie Co., Pa.; married Oct. 6, 1847; has four children—Charles A., born Jan., 1850; Melissa, born Nov. 14, 1853; J. J., born May 31, 1855; Harry L., born Feb. 9, 1861; lived in New York until he was 4, and went to Erie Co., Pa., with his parents; remained four years; then went to Ohio, remained three years; then to Erie Co., Pa., remained eight years; then to Jackson Co., Mich.; then to Cass Co.; engaged at farming; remained there eight years; in 1852 he went to California, took overland route; remained there three years; first-year he engaged in the hotel business, at Cold Spring; and the two latter years he engaged in the merchandise business, at the same place; he then returned to Cassopolis, Mich., and engaged in merchandise; in 1866 he came to Blackberry, investing in lands, which occupied his attention for the first six months; he then went in the mercantile business, and continued

in same till 1876; he then engaged in improving his real estate; in Sept., 1877, he went into the banking business; has some 900 acres of land at and near Blackberry, in which place he has built many of the leading buildings, and has done much to make it a town.

Richmond, M. C., farmer; P. O. La Fox.

Ryan, Pierce, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Rice, Nelson, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Ravatte, G. W., farmer; P. O. La Fox.

Read, C. A., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

S MITH, J. M., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Sheldon, G. A., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

SPALDING, NOAH B., deceased; born in New York in 1808; he lived in New York until 1834; came to Kane Co. in 1837; he settled near Aurora. Married Miss Angelina Atwater, in Aurora; she was born in New York in 1808; in 1838 he went to Dundee; in 1842 he went to Geneva, where he was Sheriff eight years; in 1861 he came to Blackberry Tp.; went to farming; then to Blackberry Station, and opened a grocery and drug store, and died Sept. 24, 1874; Mrs. Spalding is living in the old homestead at Blackberry; they raised two children—one boy and one girl; the boy was in the 52d Ill., was wounded at Pittsburg Landing and died the May following; Mrs. Spalding taught the first school on the west side of the river at Aurora, in 1836.

Seldon, J. E., farmer; P. O. La Fox.

Smith, James, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

SHEETS, DAVID F., farming and stock; Secs. 21 and 20, Blackberry Tp.; P. O. Blackberry; 187 acres, value \$60 per acre; Rep.; Meth.; born on his present place, Dec. 4, 1840. Married Miss Carrie Gosper; she was born in Ohio, Aug. 31, 1843, and was married in present place, Aug. 31, 1862; have two children—Louis E., born Oct. 3, 1863; Willis G., born Dec. 16, 1870; he lived on present place until 5 years old; then moved to Sec. 22; lived there six years; then came to present place and has remained here since; enlisted in the 124th Ill. Inf.; owing to sickness he put a substitute in his place; has been Clerk of School Board, also Director; his father J. M., was born in Pennsylvania, and came to Kane Co. in 1837.

Shepherd, Joseph, far.; P. O. La Fox.
Spalding, Coit, farmer; P. O. La Fox.

SOUDERS, JOHN, farmer and stock raiser, Sec. 29, Blackberry Township; P. O. Blackberry; 264 acres, valued at \$65 per acre; Dem.; Ind.; born in Pennsylvania, Dec. 10, 1807; he married Miss Mary Lance, in 1835; she was born in Pennsylvania in 1813; had four children, two of whom are living—Charles and Permilla; lived in Pennsylvania until he was 7 years old, then moved to Ohio with his parents, and settled on the Miami; remained there until 1834, when he came to his present place, and has lived here since; he bought his land from Government in 1860; his house was burned; has hauled grain to Chicago for 38c.; he came to this county on foot from Ohio, had nothing but a knapsack.

SMITH, SAMUEL, farmer, Secs. 17, 18 and 8, Blackberry Township; P. O. Blackberry; Ind.; Chris.; born in Pennsylvania. April 8, 1823; he married Miss Elizabeth Ann Conely, Oct. 2, 1859; she was born in Canada, Feb. 2, 1833; six children—Winfield G., born Aug. 13, 1852; Silva A., born Aug. 11, 1855; Martha J., born Aug. 20, 1858; Emma D., born Feb. 4, 1862; William J., born June 18, 1870; George L., born Feb. 12, 1864, died Jan. 15, 1865; lived in Pennsylvania thirteen years, then moved to Illinois, to Blackberry Township, with his parents; came to his present place in 1856; he came to Kane Co. in 1836; bought part of his land from Government; has been School Director several terms; he marketed all his produce in Chicago in early days, and has sold wheat at 23c.; he is a Deacon in the First Christian Church of Blackberry.

SNOOK, CHARLES T., farmer; Secs. 23 and 24, Blackberry Township; P. O. Batavia; owns 302 acres; Rep.; Ind.; born in New York, May 12, 1839; he married Ellen M. Pierce; she was born in Kane County, and married Dec. 25, 1870; they had one child, Lewis E., born Oct. 31, 1871. Came to Kane County in 1865, and has lived here since; has been School Director; he enlisted in the 8th N. Y. Cav., and was in the various battles of the regiment.

Sheets, Horace, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Stout, P. S., farmer; P. O. Grouse.

Sowers, Chas., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

STEARNS, HENRY E., far.; Secs. 12 and 13 Blackberry Township; P. O. La Fox; owns 120 acres here, seven being of timber; value, \$75 per acre; Rep.; Ind.; born at Linden, Vt., Jan. 1, 1824; he married Miss Almada M. Marks, May 30, 1847; she was born in New York, April 15, 1830; they had five children, one living—Ella V., born July 2, 1859; he left Vermont at the age of 3, and went to Jefferson Co., N. Y., with his parents; remained there nineteen years, then came to Kane Co.; in 1844, settled in Blackberry Township with his parents; though living in other places, he has remained in the county since; he settled on the present place Feb. 15, 1876; has been Collector for two years and is at present Commissioner of Highways, also School Director; his father, Henry, settled in Kane County in 1844; he had ten children, five boys and five girls; the present Mr. Stearns is the only one of the boys now living; his sisters are all living.

Sheldon, Orville.

Swarthout, Wm., P. O. La Fox.

SPAULDING, COLWELL H., farmer and dairyman; Sec. 10; P. O. La Fox; Rep.; Ind.; has 177 acres of land; value, \$50 per acre; born in Onondaga Co., N. Y., March 30, 1800, and came to Genesee County in 1816; came to Washtenaw Co., Mich., in 1833, and located 160 acres of land; remained there until 1844, when he came to the farm where he now lives. He married Beulah Lyons, June 4, 1834, in Michigan; she was born in New Jersey, May 31, 1804; they have three children—Gilbert S., born March 31, 1835; Coit, born Nov. 12, 1836; and Louisa J., born Aug. 30, 1842; Mr. S. has been an active, enterprising and prosperous man; Mrs. S. has assisted in clearing up four new farms, and is now an active woman for her years.

Stevens, G. W., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Scully, Pat, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Samuels, Wm.

Swift, Joe, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Sheldon, S. R., carp.; P. O. Blackberry.

Strong, S. W.

SNOOK, J. W., farmer; Sec. 26; Blackberry Tp.; P. O. Batavia; Rep.; Univ.; owns a farm of 170 acres, valued at \$55 per acre; born in N. Y., Sept. 20, 1829; first wife, Amanda Lyon, born in N. Y., and died in Blackberry Tp. in 1855; had one child—Mattie C., born in 1855, and died in 1863; second wife, M. E. George; she was born in Vt., Aug. 13, 1843, and married in Blackberry Tp. in 1860; had one child—Mattie C., born July 24, 1863; lived in N. Y. until he was 16, then came to Kane Co., living with his brother; in 1854 he bought his present place, and has continued here since; has been Commissioner of Highways, Township Trustee eight years, and is, at present, one of the County Supervisors, also School Director for some eight or nine years.

STEARNS, GEO. A., Secs. 23, 13 and 14, Blackberry Township; P. O. Batavia; Rep.; Ind.; born in Kane Co.; owns 454 acres, valued at \$60 per acre; has lived on present place except two years in Batavia; his father, Geo. N. Stearns, deceased, was born in Jefferson Co., N. Y., March 11, 1829; he settled in Kane Co. with his parents, and died in 1870; his wife was born in Jefferson Co., N. Y.; had three children—Geo. A., Nellie E., Byron L. Mr. John Cronk was born in Jefferson Co., N. Y., Aug., 1841; came to Kane Co. in 1864, and has remained here since; he married Mrs. Stearns in 1872; she died in 1876.

SWAIN, J. W., of Willis, Swain & White, dealers in stock, grain, hay, coal and agricultural implements; P. O. Blackberry; Rep.; Ind.; born in N. Y., Dec. 22, 1832; he married Miss Sophia Platt, Nov. 24, 1868; she was born in Blackberry; lived in N. Y. 12 years, and came to Blackberry with his parents, settling on a farm near the village in 1844; in 1850 he commenced on his own account, on a farm; continued two years; he then engaged in the grain trade, continuing most of time since; in 1862 he enlisted in the 8th Ills. Cav.; was disabled in 1863; returned to Blackberry and continued his business; in 1853 he took his brother in as partner; he withdrew in 1858; in 1860 Mr. Willis joined him, and Mr. White in 1875.

Switser, Michael.

Seavey, Philo, farmer; P. O. Grouse.

Seavey, Mark, farmer; P. O. Grouse.

TAYLOR, D. L., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Titus, F. F., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Tierney Michael, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

TITUS, H. W., farmer, Secs. 26, 27, Blackberry Tp.; P. O. Batavia; owns 158 acres of land, valued at \$55 per acre; Rep.; Ind.; born in New York, April 17, 1814. Married Mary Ann Denny; she was born in Kane Co., May 12, 1846, and was married Jan. 22, 1867; have one child—Ada M., born Sept. 30, 1868; lived in New York until 1844, on a farm, and came to his present place the same year; his brother, F. F. Titus, was born in New York in 1806; came to Aurora, in 1842, and to this place, in 1843; was the first Justice of the Peace under township organization; was also elected Town Clerk, but did not serve.

Thompson, E. W., farmer; P. O. Grouse.

Tanner, W. A., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

WASHBURN, J. S., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Williams, Richard, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Wilson, J. B., Constable; P. O. Blackberry.

WASHBURN, P. B., farmer and dairyman, Sec. 14, Blackberry Tp.; P. O. La Fox; owns 247 acres of land, valued at \$60 per acre; Rep.; Ind.; born in New York, Aug. 1, 1821. Married Miss Eliza A. Wood, in Sandy Creek, Sept. 17, 1846; she was born in New York, Feb. 4, 1821; had 10 children—five living and five dead; Silas H., born April 1, 1848; Julia M., born Feb. 11, 1850; James M., born Dec. 7, 1853; Fred. H., born July 15, 1858; Frank F., born Sept. 30, 1861; he lived in Jefferson Co. until 1866; was engaged in farming; he then came to his present place, in Kane Co., and has remained here since, and is, at present, largely interested in dairy and stock.

Warner, William, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Warne, Elisha, agriculturist; P. O. Blackberry.

Watson, Mrs. T. A., millinery; P. O. Blackberry.

Wilkison, A. S., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

White, Peter, farmer; P. O. Batavia.

West, Wm. P., far.; P. O. Aurora.

WEST, G. C., farmer, Sec. 34, Blackberry, and Sec. 3, Sugar Grove; P. O. Aurora; Rep.; Ind.; born in Chenango Co., N. Y., May 9, 1841; he married Nancy McDole; she was born at Sugar Grove, Sept. 17, 1842, and married at Sugar Grove; Bruce E., born Aug. 16, 1864; Carrie, born April 12, 1866; Wallace G., born Feb. 13, 1871; lived in New York until he was 2 years old, came to his present place with his parents in Sept., 1843, and has lived here since; has been Highway Commissioner and Clerk of School Board for the past ten years; his father, David West, was born in Winsted, Conn., June 13, 1794; he married Dolly Phelps; she was born in New York, Feb. 13, 1794; married Feb. 5, 1816, and died Feb. 7, 1831; seven children, three living; second wife, Rachael Stoddard, widow, born May 31, 1803; married Feb. 7, 1832; five children.

White, W. S., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Willis & Swain, stock dealers; P. O. Blackberry.

Wolf, John, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Wilson, Mrs. Hetty, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Whitney, Aaron, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

WHITE, H. S., of Willis, Swain & White; P. O. Blackberry; Rep.; Ind.; born in Blackberry, March 24, 1841; he married Annie Platt; she was born in Blackberry, Nov. 23, 1844, and married March 6, 1866, at Blackberry; Arthur P., born Sept. 9, 1871; lived on his father's farm in 1861; he enlisted in the 8th Ill. Cav.; was in the seven days' fight, Antietam, Gettysburg, Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, etc., etc.; remained in the army three years and nine months; on his return from the army he engaged in farming, and continued until 1875, when he engaged in his present business; is Township Trustee, also Highway Commissioner.

White, J. K., farmer; P. O. Geneva.

White, Wm., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Watson, Pike.

WARNE, JOHN, of Gray & Warne, general merchandise; P. O. Blackberry; Rep.; Chris.; born at Mt. Pleasant, New Jersey, Sept. 6, 1821; he married Miss Olive S. Burr; she was born in Oneida Co., N. Y., in 1825, and married in Campton Township, May 16, 1847; Julia A., born July 19, 1848; Elsie E., born July 29, 1849; Emma W., born May 2, 1851; De Ette O., born Dec. 16, 1860; Mary G., born Aug. 10, 1863; Harry A., born Dec. 19, 1852, died April 8, 1864; Susan B., born Aug. 22, 1856, died Nov. 7, 1857; lived in New Jersey until he was 11 years old; he then moved with his parents to Livingston Co., N. Y., and lived on the farm until he was 17; then they moved to Du Page Co., Ill., and in 1838 they came to Campton, Kane Co., and engaged in farming; his father kept the half-way house until 1861; he remained on his father's place until 1847, when, on being married, he engaged in farming on his own account; his father continued on his farm until he died, in April, 1865, having lost his wife in 1864; Mr. Warne bought 80 acres in Sec. 31, Campton Township, from Government; he continued farming until 1870, when he came to Blackberry, to give his personal attention to an interest he formerly obtained in his present business; he has added to his real estate until he now has 500 acres within one mile of Blackberry; Mr. Warne has been School Director for ten or twelve years, and is at present Justice of the Peace, and Vice President of the Kane Co. Nat'l Bank, St. Charles; Mr. Warne has done much to make Blackberry the business place it is.

Williams, Jno. J., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Woodmen, Joseph, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

YOUNG, W. J., carp.; P. O. Blackberry.

CAMPTON TOWNSHIP.

ALEXANDER, ROBERT; farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Anderson, Chas., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Anderson, Aug., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Anderson, John, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Albee, T. C., P. O. St. Charles.

Alcott, Dewitt, P. O. St. Charles.

Anderson, Lafayette, far.; P. O. Campton.

Abrahamson, A., farmer; P. O. Campton.

Anderson, Gunner, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Anderson, Andrew, far.; P. O. Campton.

Albee, E. P., farmer; P. O. Campton.

Anderson, Thos., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Augsberg, Peter, far.; P. O. Campton.

Anderson, A. A., far.; P. O. Campton.

BARBER, L. B.

Beith, Wm., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Beith, George, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Barber, Cahisa.

Baldwin, LaGrand, farmer; P. O. Gray Willow.

Bartlett, J. E., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Bigelow, Charles, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Bankson, Andrew, far.; P. O. Campton.

BEATTY, JOHN, farmer; P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; Ind.; has 166 acres of good land in Sec. 26, valued at \$50 per acre; he was born in Cumberland Co., Pa., May 14, 1798; when a child, his father moved to Crawford Co. with his family; in 1834 he came to Chicago and to this township and remaining there and about the county, making and selling claims for several years; he was employed to assist in removing the Pottawatomie Indians to their reservation in the then far West; he used to do breaking for the first settlers; he built the first house in Campton, in the Fall of 1835. He married Hannah Hackett, in June, 1842; she was born in Ohio; they had two children—James, born July 6, 1843; Eleanor, born June 13, 1845, and died in 1864.

Borow, David, far.; P. O. Campton.

Beatty, James, P. O. St. Charles.

Bergland, George, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Burr, Betsey.

Brophy, George, farmer; P. O. Campton.

Buzzell, James, farmer; P. O. Campton.

Bentley, Gardner, far.; P. O. Campton.

Bartlett, L. E., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

BARTLETT, JOSEPH P., farmer and dairyman; Sec. 29; P. O. Blackberry; Rep.; Cong.; has 157 acres; value, \$60 per acre; he was born in Campton, Grafton Co., N. H., Jan. 16, 1810, and came to this State, in June, 1838; remained in Winnebago Co. five years; he came to this township in March, 1843; he was for some time a student in Dartmouth College; and after coming West was engaged in teaching for several years; he was Supervisor in 1850, and on his motion the name of Campton was substituted for Fairfield, the old name of this township; he held the office of Supervisor for 10 years, and Justice of the Peace and associate Justice of the Peace for 16 years; honesty and capability was always awarded him in his official as well as private business; he was a conductor on the underground railroad for many years, aiding the fugitive to a land of freedom. He married July Ann McQuirten (a widow), formerly July Ann Elliott, of this township, in Dec., 1843; she was born in New Hampshire, June, 1813, and died in March, 1876; they had five children—Alice E., Adelaide, John Edgar and Lewell Edwin (twins), and Henry W. B.; Alice married Llewellyn Rice, in 1869, and went to California and engaged in teaching and both died in 1871; H. W. B. died in 1874, aged 19.

Bates, G.

Brophy, W., farmer; P. O. Campton.

Baldwin, Sarah, farmer; P. O. Campton.

Bamford, R., P. O. St. Charles.

Brown, W. W.

Balis, W.

CHAFFEE, S. E., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Chaffee, A. D., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Cooley, Calvin, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Costello, Miles, P. O. St. Charles.

Costar, Nicholas.

Corron, W. T., P. O. Elgin.

Collins, A. W., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Collins, Thomas, farmer; P. O. Campton.

Conner, Welford, far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

Cornwell, Thomas, farmer; Campton.

Cook, Geo. H., farmer; P. O. Campton.

CORRON, ROBT., farmer and dairyman; P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; Meth.; has 276 acres of land on Sec. 2, valued at \$75 per acre, receiving first premium in the county on farms; he was born in Greenbriar Co., W. Va., April 1, 1816, and came to this county in October, 1835, and settled on this farm; he married Maria Eddy, Aug. 1, 1840; she was born in Genesee Co., N. Y., Jan. 11, 1821, and died Oct. 11, 1870, leaving five children—Adeline M., born Nov. 11, 1845; Adelia V., born May 6, 1848; Addison, born Dec. 5, 1849; Mary J., born April 3, 1852; and Flora M., born June 6, 1841. Addison died April 16, 1872; Delia V. married Geo. Gilbert, Oct. 27, 1869; Mr. C. married Barbara A. Thompson, for second wife, Sept. 11, 1871; she was born in Greenbriar Co., W. Va., May 5, 1842; They have one son, Robert M., born Dec. 11, 1875.

COOK, JOHN HENRY, farmer and dairyman; P. O. Gray Willow; Rep.; Meth.; has 224 acres of land on Secs. 5, 6, 7 and 8, valued at \$60 per acre; he was born in Somersetshire, England, May 14, 1815, and came to this State in 1843 and settled on the farm where he now lives; he married Caroline Harvey, of Onondago Co., N. Y., Nov. 4, 1843; she was born in Storrington, Sussex Co., England, April 26, 1822; they have had seven children—George Henry, born July 30, 1844; Laura A., born Jan. 17, 1848; Chas. W., born May 26, 1852; Mary M., born March 5, 1855; Carrie A., born Sept. 27, 1859. Carrie and Laura died of diphtheria in 1865; two died in infancy. Chas. N., married Cornelia E. Read, Oct. 1, 1873, and was killed by lightning Aug. 4, 1876. Mr. and Mrs. C. came here with but very little means, but by industry and good management have made a home second to few in the county.

Crosby, Chas., farmer; P. O. Campton.
Cline, M. S., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.
Chamfield, Ernest, far.; P. O. Blackberry.
Carpenter, Norman, P. O. St. Charles.
Conklin, H. L., far.; P. O. Blackberry.
Cary, James, P. O. Turner Junction.
Cranston, H. J.
Chaffee, S. S., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

CHAFFEE, DORR B., farmer and dairyman; P. O. Blackberry Station; Rep.; Meth.; has 160 acres in Sec. 21, upon which is the first brick house built in the town, being built by his father in 1843; he has a splendid farm, and calls it worth \$50 per acre; he was born on this place Oct. 20, 1841; he married Lodona T. Treadwell, of Elgin, Nov. 15, 1865; she was born March 6, 1843, in Canada; they have four children—George D., born Jan. 24, 1868; Emert A., born Dec. 16, 1871; Fannie L., born Oct. 22, 1874; Martin H., born Jan. 21, 1877. Eber Chaffee, father of Dorr B., and one of the first settlers, was born Dec. 3, 1799, in Athens, Windham Co., Vt., and came to Plato in 1839, and to Campton in 1840, and bought 500 acres of land, which he divided among his sons before his death; he married Anna Davis, May 9, 1822; she was born April 7, 1803, and lived a consistent Christian life, and belonged to the Cong. Ch.; she died Oct. 24, 1876. He died Aug. 3, 1877. They had twelve children—Sarah, Serino S., Fernando H., Marcia A., Edmund (died in infancy), Abigail F., Edmund O., Alonzo D., Dorr B., John D., Simon E. and Albert J. Abigail F. died in 1845. Edmund O. was in Texas at the time of the rebellion; he was a Union man, and for it suffered death at the hands of a mob.

Cranston, H., P. O. Elgin.

Colton, W. M.

Collins, H. J., farmer; P. O. Campton.

Collins, E. S., farmer; P. O. Campton.

Collins, Caroline, P. O. St. Charles.

Collins, S., farmer; P. O. Campton.

DERRIG, MICHAEL, P. O. Blackberry.

Derrig, Daniel, farmer; P. O. Campton.

Dewey, M.

ENGBURG, PETER, farmer; P. O. Campton.

Ellis, William, far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

EDDY, SPALDING, farmer and dairyman; P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; his religion is to do right; he was born in Otsego Co., N. Y., June 4, 1807, and came to this State Aug., 1837, and located 400 acres of land on Secs. 13 and 14; afterward sold a part of it, and now has a very excellent farm of 70 acres,

finely improved, with good buildings, and worth \$75 per acre; he lived in St. Charles for a number of years, engaged in the lumber business; he married Mary Stevens, April 20, 1833, in Sheldon, Genesee Co., N. Y.; she was born in Otsego Co., May 14, 1810; they have six children—Savilla P., born March 11, 1834; Celestia F., born Dec. 3, 1835, in Genesee Co., N. Y.; Hosmer S., born Oct. 4, 1839; John M., born April 29, 1843; Mary A., born Sept. 18, 1848; James W., born Nov. 21, 1835, in Campton, Ill. Mr. and Mrs. E., being among the earliest settlers in the town, have passed through the hardships and privations incident to a new country, raising and educating a large and very intelligent family without a death or any protracted illness, and now live in their ripe old age to enjoy their children's prosperity and usefulness; John M. went into the army at the age of 17, in 1861, and served during the war with distinction and honor; he graduated at the Commercial College, in Aurora, and engaged as a civil engineer on the Pacific Railroad; afterward was Superintendent of Construction of 350 miles of the Southern Pacific, and is now Supt. of the O. & R. V. R. R.; Hosmer S. enlisted in the 52d Cavalry in 1863, and while in camp at St. Louis he was severely injured by his horse, and was obliged to leave the service.

Eddy, Hosmer, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Eagan, John, P. O. Elgin.

Easterbrook, P., farmer; P. O. Campton.

EDDY, HARRY, farmer and dairyman; Secs. 24 and 13; P. O. St. Charles; Dem; religion, the Golden Rule; has 170 acres of fine and well-improved land, valued at \$50 per acre; he was born in Richfield, Otsego Co., N. Y., Oct. 10, 1799; he came to Illinois in March, 1837, and located 260 acres of land, a portion of which he deeded to his son; he married Anna Whiting in Genesee Co., N. Y., in March, 1820; they had eight children—Henry, born in 1821; Maria, 1824; Hiram, 1825; Asenath, 1827; Phoebe, 1829; Edmund P., 1835; Asahel, 1838, and Harry, Jr., in 1842; Henry died when 5 years old, in New York; Sea died here when 3 years old; his wife having

died, Mr. Eddy married for his present one, Mary Ann Acox in Oct. 1863; she was born in Chautauqua Co., N. Y., Aug. 20, 1834; they have one child—Annie, born May 26, 1865; he has been a successful farmer.

Eddy, E. P., P. O. Elgin.

England, John, farmer; P. O. Campton.

FREEMAN, A. E., P. O. St. Charles.

Felt, M.

Fischer, August, P. O. St. Charles.

Flower, A. P.

Finley, Isaac, P. O. St. Charles.

Foss, Eben, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Finnegan, Owen, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Field, H. S.

GRAY, JOS., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Gray, John, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Gilman, A. R., farmer; P. O. Campton.

Garfield, R. M., P. O. St. Charles.

Garfield, J. A., P. O. La Fox.

Garfield, F. G., P. O. Blackberry.

Gilbert, G. L.

Green, Mrs. M. J., P. O. St. Charles.

Gilchrist, S., farmer; P. O. Campton.

Garfield, E. E., farmer; P. O. La Fox.

HITCHCOCK, O., P. O. St. Charles.

Hagaman, Joseph, P. O. St. Charles.

Hagaman, Henry, P. O. Blackberry.

Hagaman, John, P. O. St. Charles.

Hilts, Joseph, P. O. St. Charles.

Higgins, J. L., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Hamilton, David, farmer; P. O. Campton.

Hennegan, James, farmer; P. O. Gray Willow.

Hess, William, far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

Higgins, Horace, P. O. St. Charles.

Hollister, Emory.

Hamilton, John, far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

Higgins, Lucy, P. O. St. Charles.

JOHNSON, A. P.

Johnson, Charles, far.; P. O. Campton.

Johnson, Miles.

Jackson, Robert.

James, D. T., farmer; P. O. Campton.

KELLY, JAMES, far.; P. O. Campton.

Kelley, Thomas.

Kelly, Wilson, farmer; P. O. Campton.

Kendall, A. O., Postmaster; P. O. Campton.

Kimble, H. C.

Kampus, Fred.

Kendall, O., farmer; P. O. Campton.

Kimble, William, St. Charles.

LINDSEY, W. A., P. O. Sycamore.

Lake, George, far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

Lindstrum, J. G., far.; P. O. Campton.

Lawson, Aug., farmer; P. O. Campton.

Loveland, George, far.; P. O. Campton.

LAKE, ANSEL, farmer and dairyman, Sec. 10; P. O. Gray Willow; Rep.; Ind.; owns 317 acres of land, valued at \$45 per acre, with fine buildings and improvements, and is among the best in the county; he was born in Orleans Co., N. Y., Oct. 26, 1811, and while young, moved with his father's family to Canada West, and remained there, until he came to this place in Feb., 1837; he has always been very active in building school houses, organizing societies, building roads, etc. Married Catharine Bonham, in Canada, in September, 1831; she was born in Canada, March 16, 1806; had seven children—Aurelia, born May 26, 1831; Zelpha, born Aug. 26, 1834; David, born June 12, 1836; Elizabeth, born April 29, 1838; Alvira M., born Sept. 14, 1840; George W., born June 15, 1844; Benjamin F., born March 21, 1846; Zelpha married Jefferson Garfield in September, 1857, and died in February, 1862.

Lansing, William, far.; P. O. Campton.

Long, John, far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

Ladd, A., P. O. Elgin.

Loveland, A., farmer; P. O. Campton.

Lake, A.

Lake, Benjamin, far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

Lansing, M. E.

Linstrum, John, farmer; P. O. Campton.

MCDONELL, DANIEL, far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

Miller, John.

Millen, J. V., far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

Moody, Daniel, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Moore, William, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

McKeller, D. J., P. O. Elgin.

MOULDING, THOMAS, farmer and dairyman, Sec. 33; P. O. Blackberry; Rep.; Unitarian; owns 192 acres of land, valued at \$50 per acre; born in Warrington, Lancashire Co., England, Oct. 18, 1805, and came to Geneva, in 1851, and to this farm, in 1853. Married Rachel Bate, in En-

gland, in 1825; she was born in August, 1805; had 15 children—Thomas, Elizabeth, James, John, John, William (Estha and Eliza, twins), Estha, Charles, Arthur, Emma, Susan, Arthur H. and Frank. John, Arthur, Estha and Eliza died in England; Arthur H., James, Estha and Elizabeth died here; Mr. M. was, for many years, the manager of a large cotton factory in England, that being his trade; he came to this country with his large family, and ample means to purchase a fine farm, and assist his children to start in business.

Mattoon, C., P. O. St. Charles.

Moore, Michael.

NORTON, DELOS, P. O. St. Charles.

Norton, John, P. O. St. Charles.

Nelson, F. A., far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

Nilson, Andrew.

NORTON, GARRIT, farmer and dairyman, Sec. 24; P. O. St. Charles; Rep. and an honest man; born in Dutchess Co., N. Y., Oct. 17, 1802, and lived in Rensselaer Co. until 1838, when he came to Du Page Co., where he lived until 1849; when he came to this place, he bought 350 acres of land on Sec. 24, and afterward bought 280 acres more. After supplying his children with farms, he now has 250 acres of most splendid land, valued at \$65 per acre. Married Mahala Blakley, March 8, 1827; she was born April 18, 1806, in Pawlet, Vt.; had eight children—Ann Eliza, George, John, Selden, Margaret, Deloss, Janie and Emma; Selden died Nov. 3, 1854; Janie died Sept. 13, 1870. Mr. N. has been a very prosperous farmer, having saved, by economy, a large property, and feels a great degree of satisfaction in knowing, that in his dealings he has always intended to do right. While in Du Page Co., he sold the first load of wheat in Chicago ever drawn in from the West.

OUTHOUSE, G., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Outhouse, R., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Outhouse, Wm., farmer; P. O. Campton.

Outhouse, James, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

PARSONS, Joseph, far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

Probert, Chas., far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

Potts, Julius, P. O. Elgin.

Peterson, Alfred.

Peterson, J. A.

Plummer, Dan'l, P. O. St. Charles.

Partlon, Jas., P. O. St. Charles.

PECK, WILLIAM, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 17; P. O. Campton; Rep.; Meth.; has 162 acres, valued at \$50 per acre; he was born in Granville, N. Y., Dec. 4, 1799; came to Oswego and Cayuga Counties, and remained until he came to this county, where he now lives, in Oct., 1844. He married Mary Elizabeth Coppanoll Feb. 3, 1838; she was born near Johnstown, N. Y., Aug. 17, 1806; they have had eleven children (five died in infancy)—Catherine, born Dec. 6, 1828; Louis A., born Feb. 24, 1831; Andrew, born March 4, 1836; Harriet and Henrietta (twins), born Nov. 23, 1839; William R., born May 14, 1845; William R. married Cynthia Holden, Sept. 5, 1868; divorced in 1874; they had three children—William H., born July 21, 1869; Mary E., born Feb. 10, 1871; Louis A., born Feb. 19, 1874; Mary died Sept. 8, 1873. His second wife is Lucretia L. Crissy; married Nov. 30, 1876.

Pollard, J. K.

Peterson, Gust.

Powell, James, farmer; P. O. Campton.

Plane, Albert, far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

PERRY, MARQUIS L., farmer and dairyman; Sec. 12; P. O. Elgin; Rep.; Cong.; has sixteen acres of land, valued at \$50 per acre; he was born on this farm (it being the old homestead), Jan. 6, 1842. He married Hattie Ladd, July 3, 1865; she was born at Plato, March 4, 1843; they had one child, Ella G., and one adopted child, John E., born March 28, 1873. George Perry, father of the above, was born in Newbury, N. Y., Jan. 22, 1789, and died Oct. 11, 1865; he came to this county in 1836 and bought 700 acres of land, and came with his family, consisting of his wife and ten children, the next year; his wife was Catherine Schultz; they were married in July, 1814, in Onondaga Co., N. Y.; she was born near Skaneateles, N. Y., July 14, 1795; they had eleven children—Luther, David, Nancy, Israel, Frederick, Lewis, Horace, George, Hiram, Jerome and Marquis L.

Plane, Geo., farmer; P. O. Gray Willow.

Peck, Roselle, farmer; P. O. Campton.

Plummer, P. W., far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

Powell, M. W., farmer; P. O. Campton.

Peterson, Victor, farmer; P. O. Campton.

RICHMOND, M. C., P. O. La Fox.

Richmond, A. D.

Ryan, John, P. O. St. Charles.

Read E., farmer; P. O. Campton.

RUDDOCK, GEO., Sec. 23; P. O. St. Charles; has 240 acres of fine land, well improved.

Ruddock, Erwin, P. O. St. Charles.

Renwick, Frank.

Reynolds, D.

Root, G.

RICE, JOSEPH, (deceased); was born in Henniker, N. H., Jan. 12, 1790, and came, with his family, to Campton in 1842, and located the farm where his son, Jas. C., now lives. He married Sarah Caldwell in Henniker, N. H., Dec. 1818; she was born in Ware, N. H., Nov. 15, 1796; he died Sept. 29, 1872; they had six children—Nancy D., born May 4, 1820; Jas. C., born April 15, 1823; Lenora, born Jan. 9, 1827; Dana E., born Aug. 1, 1829; A. Viana, born Dec. 9, 1831; Llewellyn, born Aug. 1, 1836.

RICE, JAMES C. (son of Joseph Rice), farmer, dairyman, Sec. 23; P. O. St. Charles; Dem.; has 163 acres of fine land, valued at \$50 per acre; he was born in Henniker, N. H., April 15, 1823, and came to Erie Co., N. Y., with his father's family, in 1827, and remained there until 1842, when they came to Illinois and located on the farm where he now lives; he married Maria L. Bogue, of Plato, April 18, 1852; she was born in Ashtabula Co., O., April 21, 1833; they have three children—Emma A., born Feb. 24, 1853; Hattie E., born Aug. 28, 1857; Llewellyn J., born April 4, 1861. Mr. R. lost his house and nearly all its contents, by fire, Dec. 26, 1872; he has since built a fine residence on the site of the old one.

STEWART, A.

Sharp, S., P. O. Blackberry.

Shafner, Wm., farmer; P. O. Gray Willow.

Signey, L., farmer; P. O. Gray Willow.

Sturges, Robt., farmer; P. O. Campton.

Shaw, Mrs. D., P. O. Blackberry.

Swinyer, S. J., farmer; P. O. Campton.

STEWART, JOHN, Secs. 20 and 21; P. O. Blackberry; has a farm of 642 acres; one of the finest farms in the county.

Shettler, G. A., farmer; P. O. Campton.

Smith, A. J., farmer; P. O. Campton.

Shoburg, Jno., farmer; P. O. Campton.

Stoneham, Jno., farmer; P. O. Campton.

Shields, Mrs. S. J., farmer; P. O. Campton.

Shaver, J., farmer; P. O. Campton.

STEVENS, DE VALOIS W.,

farmer and dairyman; P. O. Elgin; Rep.; Bapt.; has 153 acres of land, valued at \$50 per acre; he was born in Onondaga Co., N. Y., March 22, 1843, and came to Illinois March 15, 1866; he married Amelia M. Hayden Aug. 18, 1862; she was born in Cayuga Co., N. Y., June 13, 1843; they have six children—John M., born Nov. 20, 1864; Cyrenus E., born Aug. 25, 1866; Mable R., born Sept. 6, 1868; Edith E., born Nov. 23, 1870; Lottie H., born Sept. 28, 1874; Fred C., born Sept. 10, 1876. He was a member of the 122d N. Y. Infantry, and, after ranking honorably for 2½ years, was discharged Jan. 18, 1865, on account of wounds received in battle.

Shaver, S., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Shepherd, Joseph.

Stevens, E. W., P. O. Elgin.

Strong, G. W., P. O. St. Charles.

Sharp, C. F., P. O. Blackberry.

Shaw, C. H., P. O. Blackberry.

Stalker, Thos., far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

Smith, John.

Samuelson, C.

Scott, L. B., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Stephens, D., P. O. Gray Willow.

Swanson, John, farmer; P. O. Campton.

Switzer, Stephen J., far.; P. O. Campton.

THORNTON, EDWARD, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Taswell, Mrs.

Tucker, R. C.

TUCKER, JOHN R., deceased; Margaret Tucker, his widow, farmer and dairy; P. O. Gray Willow; Meth.; he had a splendid farm of some 800 acres, which has been divided by law; he was born near Boston, June 22, 1806, and moved with his father's family to Greenbriar Co., W. Va., and came to this

county in the Fall of 1842. He married Jane Thompson, Sept. 15, 1831, who died in the Fall of 1841, leaving four children—Charles H., John T., Hannah W. and Robert C.; he married Margaret Thompson, of Greenbriar Co., W. Va., for his second wife, Sept. 11, 1845; after a lingering fever he died, March 10, 1867; he left by the second marriage nine children—Mary D., Sarah E., Loretta J., Henry S., Jefferson T., Joseph W., Adella M., John R. and Jesse M.; Mary D., died May 7, 1873, aged 26 years; Sarah E. died July 12, 1873, aged 24; Mrs. T. has 209 acres of beautiful land, and has the care of it and the family; he was a capable and useful citizen in the community.

Tucker, J. T., far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

Tucker, M. A., far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

Tucker, L. J., far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

VANDERHOOF, E., farmer; P. O. Gray Willow.

Vanderhoof, L., far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

WILSON, D. A.

Webb, Oscar, far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

WARNE, GIDEON W., farmer; Sec. 31, (old homestead); P. O. Blackberry; has 211 acres. Married Ann Willis in 1864; they have two children—Carrie Bell and Henry Willis; his father, Henry Warne, was among the first and leading citizens of the county; was born in New Jersey, Feb. 8, 1791; came to Campton, Nov. 1838, and located where his son Gideon now lives; he built a large log house at once, and commenced keeping hotel; this being the half-way house from Chicago to Oregon on that road and continued the business for many years; he was one of the parties who laid out the Chicago and Oregon road, and was always among the first to assist in all the enterprises incident to a new country. He married Charity Stiles, May 25, 1816; she was born in New Jersey, Jan. 6, 1795; they had nine children—Susan, Daniel, John, Henry Jr., Lucinda, Eliza, Elisha, Isabella and Gideon; he died March 29, 1865; Mrs. W., died Feb. 26, 1864.

Webb, Harriet, far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

Walker, Franklin, far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

Walker, Eugene, far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

Walker, Mrs. L., far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

WATKINS, FRANK W., farmer and dairyman, Postmaster; Sec. 9; P. O. Gray Willow; Rep.; Meth.; he was born June 6, 1841, in Campton; he has 81 acres of fine land; value, \$75 per acre. He married C. E. Wiltse, of St. Charles, Oct. 10, 1865; she was born July 27, 1844, in Paris, C. W.; they have two children—Harry W., born Oct. 17, 1866, and Lilyan H., born Oct. 16, 1869; he enlisted in the 52d Ill. Inf., and was out four years; until the end of the war; Franklin Watkins, his father, was born in Hinsdale, Mass., June 4, 1804, and came to Illinois in Jan., 1836, and purchased 220 acres of land on Sec. 9. He married Arvilla Carpenter, in Trenton, Oneida Co., N. Y., April 15, 1826; she was born in Russia, N. Y., June 1, 1807; they had three children—Dorcas S., born June 25, 1826; Hiram F., born June 25, 1830; Frank W., born June 6, 1841; Mr. W. died May 16, 1867; Mrs. W. lives on the old homestead with her son Frank W., and is enjoying the fruit of her toil and labor. Whitney, Melvina, P. O. St. Charles.

White, William.

WHITNEY, DANIEL, (son of John), farmer and dairyman; Sec. 14; P. O. St. Charles; independent in politics and religion; has 132 acres of excellent land; value, \$45 per acre; he was born Jan. 3, 1840, in Campton. Married Althea Babbitt, Feb. 16, 1863; she was born Oct. 18, 1844; they have three children—Mertell, born Oct. 16, 1865; Merrill, born Jan. 18, 1867; Merritt, born May 24, 1872; Mr. W., although young, has been elected to the most important positions in town, and has discharged their duties well.

WHITNEY, MELVEN, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 14 (old homestead); P. O. St. Charles; is independent in politics; lives with his mother, Mrs. John Whitney, and they together have 175 acres of fine land; value, \$50 per acre; he was born in Campton, Feb. 20, 1852. Married Adella Miller, Nov. 11, 1875; she was born Jan. 24, 1859; they have one child—Lottie M., born Oct. 11, 1877; John Whitney, deceased, father of Daniel and Melven, was a farmer and one of the earliest settlers in the county; he was a Democrat and Baptist; was born in Orange, Franklin Co., Mass., Aug. 18, 1804; came to DuPage Co. in the Fall of 1833, and to this county in 1835, in the Fall, and purchased 280 acres of land and put up good buildings at an early day, and opened a hotel, it being on the great Chicago and Galena route. He married Rachel Ward, of Wyoming Co., N. Y., Dec. 7, 1826; she was born in Genesee Co., and died in 1837, leaving two children—Seymour and Alden; married Maria Blood, of Wyoming Co., N. Y., Feb. 7, 1839; she was born June 28, 1812, in Tompkins Co., N. Y.; they had seven children—Daniel, Rachel C., Mary Ann, John, Maria, Melvin and Charlotte.

Worth, John, far.; P. O. Campton.

Warne, G. H., P. O. Blackberry.

Westgarth, John, P. O. Gray Willow.

Wilkinson, Alex., far.; P. O. Campton.

Ward, J. D., P. O. St. Charles.

Walker, Hiram, far.; P. O. Campton.

Walker, J. N., far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

Walker, E. M., far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

Walker, L. P., far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

Walker, O. M., far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

KANEVILLE NTOWSHIP.

AMES, CHAS., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

ANNIS, DAVID W. (deceased), farmer; P. O. Kaneville; born Sept. 10th, 1812, in Strafford, Vt.; Dem.; non-sectarian; owned 1,794 $\frac{59}{100}$ acres, estimated value of personal and real

estate, \$155,000; married Prudence M. Morrill, Sept. 6, 1835; she was born Sept. 12, 1812, in Strafford, Vt.; had five children—Frank M., born Dec. 1, 1839; Sarah E., born Sept. 14, 1841; Jos. W., born Jan. 22, 1845; Chas. M., born Feb. 13, 1848, he died Oct.

8, 1849; Jeddie N., born June 7, 1852; all in this Co.; Mr. Annis died Sept. 14, 1877. In early life Mr. A. conceived the idea that the Western prairie was the proper place for those inclined to agricultural pursuits; resolved to visit the West in search of a location where he might, in the early future, make a home; with above determination he left his native State Sept. 27, 1836; arrived in Chicago late in October, the same year; journeying westward, he came to what now is Blackberry Tp.; there he met Messrs. West and Hall, purchased of them a claim of 366 acres for \$365; the only improvements on said claim was a small log cabin, afterward used by Mr. A. as a residence. Here the land had not been offered for sale by the Government, consequently the only title to it was priority of occupation; but as soon as it was offered for sale, Mr. A. bought, and got deeds patent for, the claim he was then holding by actual residence; Mrs. A. did not come here with her husband, but followed one year later, and joined him in their new home Sept. 10, 1837; they were amongst the first white settlers of Kane Co., and, like many of the pioneers, had nothing of importance in value wherewith to begin life, but were not lacking in two very essential elements to those who will succeed—*hope* and *courage*; their culinary department was considered well furnished when they had procured one kettle or pot in which to do the entire routine of cooking—all other departments of the house furnished in proportion; the first year they bought a yoke of oxen, which was quite an advance, both in a labor and financial view; the second year they ventured to purchase a horse, as an improvement on the first, but they had only taken the animal in possession when it died, which was, in those days, no light disappointment and loss.

AMES, AVERY, farmer (rents farm of F. Young); Rep.; non-sectarian; owns 1½ acres in village of Kaneville, valued at \$400; personal property valued at about \$3,000; born 1828, in Rutland Co., Vt.; married Esther P. Davis in 1852; she was born in 1835, Rutland Co., Vt; have eight children—

Fredrick A., born 1854; Edwin L., born 1856; Chas. D., born 1858; Eleanor E., born 1860; all in Vt.; Hiram, born 1862, in N. Y.; Janette, born 1865, in N. Y.; Annis, born 1867, in Kaneville; Katie S., born 1870, in Kaneville; Mr. A. moved from Vt. to N. Y. in 1860; enlisted Dec. 25, 1861, in the 194th N. Y. Ind. V.; was discharged Dec. 1862; came to this Co. in 1866, without any property; is now worth in all about four thousand dollars.

Ames, D. C., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

BARTMEERS, N., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Bartmeers, J. F., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Bartmeers, E. H., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Berogan, J., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Blass, S., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Benton, Chas., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Benjamin, M. D., far.; P. O. Kaneville.

Bowdish, P. S., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Bent, John, farmer; P. O. Blackerry.

Belden, F. W., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Bradley, J., shoemaker; P. O. Kaneville.

Beach, J. L., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Benton, Wm., farmer; P. O. Grouse.

Benton, Russell, far.; P. P. Kaneville.

CHAMPLIN, E., far.; P. O. Kaneville.

Crane, Mrs. J., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

CARY, BELA, prop. hotel and stage line; P. O. Kaneville; Dem.; non-sectarian; born Oct. 17, 1811, in Jefferson Co., N. Y. Married Mary Odgen, Jan. 1835, in Monroe Co., N. Y.; they had five children—Eliza, Alvin, Susan, Abram (deceased), Clara (deceased); all lived to maturity and had families; Mr. Cary lived in Monroe and Orleans Counties, N. Y., till May, 1847; then moved West, locating in Lake Co., Ill.; thence to La Porte Co., Ind., in Aug., 1853; thence to Northwestern Missouri by wagon, in March, 1860, but returned in the Fall of the same year, and located in Kane Co., where he has resided ever since; his son (and partner), Alvin Cary, was born Jan. 16, 1837, in Orleans Co., N. Y.; came with his parents to Illinois in 1847; married Kate Valentine, Oct., 1858, in St. Joseph Co., Ind.; they had four children, two living—Charles, Frank (deceased), Mattie, Bela (deceased); Alvin has resided in Kane Co. since 1860.

Clarey, J., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Conlon, Charles, farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

CORNWELL, WILLIAM, far.; Sec. 22; P. O. Kaneville; born Nov. 27, 1827, in Canada West; Dem.; non-sectarian; owns 153 acres; value \$70 per acre; was elected School Director in 1875. Married Persis N. Roberts, 1852, in this town; she was born in 1831, in Middletown, Ct., and came to this State in 1852; children—Lazelle C. H., Charles (deceased), Henry W., Clarie, Albert, Eddie and Gracie; his father, Henry, was born 1795, in Rensselaer, N. Y.; moved to Canada with his parents in 1811; his mother, Abigail English, was born 1798, in County Armagh, Ireland; emigrated with her parents, when quite young, to Canada; they were married in 1822, in Oxford Co., Canada, and remained there until 1845; then they came here and purchased the farm, or part of it, where William now lives; Mrs. Cornwell's father, Wm. Roberts, and her mother, were natives of Connecticut; her father died in 1870, in Connecticut; her mother still lives there; Mr. Cornwell still lives with William; Mrs. C., Sr., died in Feb., 1873.

Coffee, T., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Champlin, H. N., far.; P. O. Kaneville.

Cook, J. C., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Chambers, J., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

CARLISLE, J., farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Kaneville; born in 1820, in Philadelphia, Pa.; Liberal; non-sectarian; owns 127 acres; value, \$50 per acre. Married Lucy Drake in 1845, in New York; she was born in 1823, in Rutland, Vt.; had four children, none of them living; Mrs. C. died Jan., 1867; he married for his second wife, Sallie Cleaveland, widow of the late Luther Seavey, Oct., 1867; she had three children by her first husband—George, Mary J. and Mark L.; when about 14 years of age, Mr. Carlisle moved from Pennsylvania to New York, where he lived three years; thence to this State, and lived here about ten years; thence to Michigan, stayed two years; thence to Iowa, and lived there two years; then returned to this county, where he has lived ever since; his father, Jabesh, was

born in 1785, in Deerfield, Mass.; his mother, Catherine Heins, was born in 1788, in Germantown, Pa.; were married in 1818, in Pennsylvania; moved to New York; from there to Michigan, in 1845; they had 13 children—Catharine, Jonathan, Javish, William, George, Joseph, David, John, Henry, Samuel, Ebenezer, etc; Mr. Carlisle, Sr., served in the war of 1812; he died in Michigan in 1867.

Caldwell, T., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Cleveland, S., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Coy, John, farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Coy, M. A., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Crosby, James, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Coy, W. W., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

DOOLEY, MICHAEL, far.; P. O. Batavia.

DAUBERMAN, J. S., farmer, Sec. 35; P. O. Kaneville; Dem.; non-sectarian; owns 180 acres of land, valued at about \$11,000; he was born in 1850 at Center Co., Pa.; married Mary Merrill in March, 1874; she was born in New Hampshire, in 1851, and came to this township with her father's family; have one child, George; Mr. Dauberman's parents were born in Center Co., Pa.; his father, George, in 1825, and his mother, Matilda Spangler, in 1831; they came to this county with their family, three children—J. S., Ellen and Ida; Mrs. D. died December, 1856; Mr. D. married second wife, Ann Harter; she was born in 1832, in Pennsylvania; she had three children—John, McLelland and Mary; second wife died in September, 1871.

Dadd, Mrs. E., P. O., Kaneville.

DAUBERMAN, MRS. LUCY

A. (third wife and widow of the late George S. Dauberman), resides Sec. 26; P. O. Kaneville; Meth.; owns 170 acres, valued at \$60 per acre; she was born in 1831, at Center Co., Pa.; her parents moved to Sandusky Co., O., in 1833, where her father, Jacob Wise, still resides; her mother, Magdalene Spangler, died there Dec. 18, 1860; Mr. and Mrs. Dauberman were married June 22, 1872; no family; she is guardian of the younger children of Mr. Dauberman's previous wife. Mr. Dauberman died March 20, 1874, aged 48 years, 5 months and 9 days.

EVANS, E. R., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

EBERLY, WM., rents farm of J. Price; P. O. Hinckley; born Jan. 10, 1854, in De Kalb Co., Rep.; Evangelical; owns about \$1,000 worth of personal property; married Cynthia M. Smith April, 1873; she was born 1853, in N. Y.; came here with her parents; they have one child—Jennie M.; Mr. Eberly's parents came to this State from Ohio in 1851.

FLANDERS, P., far.; P. O. Kaneville.

FINK, NORRIS A., farmer; P. O. Kaneville; born 1845, in Oneida Co., N. Y.; came to this State in 1850; owns 156 acres, valued at \$9,000; Dem.; non-sectarian; married Mary Perry Jan., 1868; she was born July 18, 1848, at Lee Center, N. Y.; have four children—Clarence, born Dec. 13, 1868; Maud E., born July 20, 1870; Mary, born May 1, 1872; Henry L., born July 7, 1877; Mr. F. enlisted Aug., 1862, in the 8th I. V. C.; was promoted to Commissary Sergeant Sept., 1863; mustered out July 4, 1865; during the campaign he participated in forty-three engagements, and, haply, never got even the slightest wound; was elected Assessor in 1874 and '5; was elected Road Commissioner in 1877, which office he now holds.

FINK, J. A., farmer, Sec. 26; P. O. Kaneville; born 1814, in Madison Co., N. Y.; Rep.; Bapt.; owns 207 acres, valued at \$15,000; married Nancy B. Norris June, 1838, in Madison Co., N. Y.; had three children—John N. (deceased); Marilda and Nancy; Mrs. F. died Sept. 1843, in N. Y.; married second wife, Mary A. Norris, in 1844; she had two children—N. A. and Francis (deceased); Mrs. Fink, second, died in 1858, in this Township; he married third wife, Louisa Coy, in 1859; she was born 1827, in Chenango Co., N. Y.; had three children—Frankie, Marcia (deceased) and Julia; in 1839 Mr. Fink moved from Madison Co. to Onondaga Co.; lived there till 1851; thence to the place where he now lives, in this Township; he was not amongst the first settlers of this Township, but is one of its enterprising farmers.

Fuller, I., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Fish, J. M., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

FREDERICK, WM., farmer, Sec. 35; P. O. Kaneville; Dem.; non-sectarian; owns 360 acres, valued at \$75 per acre; he was born Feb. 15, 1825, in Johnstown, Fulton Co., N. Y.; married Elizabeth Hathaway, March 15, 1853; she was born July 10, 1835, in Jefferson Co., N. Y.; came to this Co. with her father's family; have seven children—Mary, Artimus, Margaret C., William, Agnes, Charles and Burt; Mr. Frederick left N. Y. April, 1846, and arrived at Chicago May 1, the same year; thence to Montgomery, Kane Co, and lived there till the Spring of 1852; then purchased one hundred and twenty acres of the farm he now owns, and on which he has resided ever since; besides the natural advantages of his farm, it is well improved.

Flanders, T. P., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

FRACE, J. M., farmer, Sec. 2; P. O. Blackberry; Dem.; non-sectarian; owns 260 acres, valued at \$45 per acre; born Feb. 22, 1820, in Morris Co., N. J.; married Sarah Vorhees; she was born Nov. 26, 1824, in Warren Co., N. J.; have three children—Elsie, Albert D. and Elizabeth; Mr. Frace came here in 1848, returned to N. J. in 1856; married and returned again to his location in Kane Co., where he has resided ever since.

G RANGER, E., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Gardner, H. S., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Gardner, R. M., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Guerin, Mary, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

GORHAM, H. C., farmer, Sec. 23; P. O. Kaneville; born 1826, in Rutland Co., Vt.; Rep.; non-sectarian, (Protestant); owns 156 acres, valued at about \$10,000; was elected Highway Commissioner in 1859; held that office nine years; married Susan A. Davis in 1851; she was born 1832, in Clerndon, Vt.; had seven children—Augusta, Ella, Helen (deceased), Ira, George, Frank (deceased), and Charles; Mr. Gorham came from Vt. to this Co. in 1856; his mother, Lydia Hawkins, died at their old home in Vt., in 1834; his father, Ira Gorham, came with him, and died here in 1871.

Galvin, T., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Galvin, T., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Goding, A. L., far.; P. O. Kaneville.

GARDNER, JOHN Q., rents farm of J. H. Scott; Sec. 25; P. O. Kaneville; born Dec., 1829, in Jefferson Co., N. Y.; Rep.; Meth.; owns house and two lots in Kaneville village, valued at \$800, and personal property valued at about \$2,000; married Sophia Coon, 1863, in N. Y.; she was born 1839, in Jefferson Co., N. Y.; had four children—Herman, Eva M. (deceased), Charles (deceased), Birdie M.; when about 9 years of age, his parents moved to Oneida Co., where he lived nine years; then returned to Jefferson Co., and remained five years; thence to Canada, where he lived three years; thence to this State in 1860, where he lived four years; went back to N. Y., married and returned to Ill. the same year; located in this Co., where he has lived ever since.

Gramley, Benj., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Gaunt, H., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Graves, H., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Guster, Jacob, farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

GARDNER, POLLY, MRS., Sec. 1.; P. O. Lodi; born 1821, in Genesee (now Wyoming) Co., N. Y.; her mother moved to Crawford Co., Pa., when she was about fourteen years of age; was married there to Dr. Wm. Kennedy, April 13, 1837; have two children—E. C. and W. H. H. (sons of Dr. Kennedy); they moved from Pa. to Lodi, this Co., Sept., 1857; Dr. Kennedy died at Lodi, Oct. 4, 1862; Mrs. G. still resided with her son, W. H. H., for five years after her husband's death; then married H. S. Gardner, Sept. 28, 1867; Mr. Gardner settled in Kane Co. in 1845, where he now lives. E. C. Kennedy enlisted in the 8th Ill. Cavalry Sept., 1861, and served in the war three years.

HAWLEY, SAMUEL, farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Hoyt, T., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Heustis, D., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Hough, S. H., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Hinds, W., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Harter, A., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Harter, Samuel, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Hoyt, H. L., Station.

HOYT, BATES, farmer; Sec. 3; P. O. Kaneville; owns 80 acres; he was born in Florida, Orange Co., N. Y., in 1820; moved to N. J. in 1836; there he married Sarah M. Doty; she was born in N. J.; they lived in N. Y. a few years; then moved to Darien, Conn., in 1845; they had two children—Geo. E., born in N. Y., and Chas. H. in Conn.; Mrs. Hoyt died at Darien, Conn., May 22, 1850. Married second wife—Mary E. Godfray, 1852, in Conn.; she was born in Fairfield Co., Conn., April 24, 1824. They moved to this State in 1857, and located on his present farm; Geo. E. enlisted in Ill. I. V., Co. A, Jan., 1864, and died in the hospital at Chattanooga, Nov. 29, 1864, of sickness contracted in the army.

Humiston, C. M., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Hunt, S. D., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Hays, S. B., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

HARDY, H. T., M. D., P. O. Kaneville; Rep.; Cong.; owns 2 acres in village, valued at \$2,500; was born in Groton, Grafton Co., N. H., in 1838; married Sophia E. Buzzell, March 12, 1868; she was born Jan. 28, 1848, in Strafford, Vt.; had two children—Ralph H. and Mabel Le Rue (deceased). Mr. Hardy resided at Groton until about 21 years old, when he moved to Thetford, Vt., and began to study medicine; he attended a course of lectures at Hanover, N. H., in 1862; then enlisted in June, 1862 in Sprague's Squadron Rhode Island Cavalry, one company of which was entirely of students of Dartmouth, who were enlisted for three months. At the close of said three months he returned to his home in Vt., and pursued his study until Oct., 1863; then re-enlisted in the 3d Vt. L. A. for three years. He participated in the battle of Appomattox, and was discharged at the close of the war; he never received a wound. At the close of the war he returned to Thetford, completed his studies, and graduated in medicine at Dartmouth, Oct. 31, 1866; he practiced at Strafford, Vt., four years; thence to Neb. where he spent one winter; then came to Elgin, this Co., April, 1872, and in Oct., 1873, came to this village.

HOYT, CHAS. H., farmer; Sec. 3; P. O. Blackberry; Rep.; non-sectarian; owns 80 acres, valued at \$3,000; was born Dec. 23, 1847, in Darien, Conn.; married Mary A. Reeves, April 2, 1873; she was born May 11, 1853, in Kent, Eng., and emigrated to U. S. with her parents in 1861; they settled in this Co. They have one child—Geo. E., born in Feb. 1874. Mr. Hoyt came here with his father's family; has been elected School Director.

Hanchette, D., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Hinds, J. H., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

HOUGH, SAMUEL H., farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Kaneville; owns 43 acres, valued at \$75 per acre; Rep.; Meth.; was born in Niagara Falls, N. Y., in 1827. Mr. Hough came West in 1854; stopped in Wis.; thence to Ill.; lived at Rockford three years; thence to Mo. with Mr. Churchill for whom he had contracted to build; married there Eliza Churchill in 1861; she was born in Genesee Co., N. Y., in 1828; one child living—Fayett C. (deceased); Mary E. Alfred Churchill, and Susan Wilson—Mrs. Hough's parents—came to Chicago in 1834; thence to this Tp., and settled in the northeast side in 1837; their's was one of the first families in the Tp.; had six children, all girls—Fayett, Eliza, Delia, Susan, Fannie, and Emma. Mr. Churchill was the first P. M. in this Tp.; he was chosen as a delegate to represent this Co. in the revision of the State Constitution in 1847; he held various offices of trust and honor, giving general satisfaction; his oldest daughter, Fayett, (now Mrs. Hanchett) taught the first school in the Tp. Mr. and Mrs. Churchill were both natives of Vt.; both were born in 1800. Mrs. C. returned to Vt., to visit a daughter, and died there, Aug. 3, 1867. Mr. C. died in this Tp., near where many of the important days and incidents of his life were passed, Oct. 18, 1868.

Hunt, Daniel, farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

JONES, GEO., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

JAMES, THOS., farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Big Rock; Rep.; Cong.; owns 170 acres, valued at \$55 per acre; he was born in 1835, in Mont-

gomeryshire, Wales; married Margaret Evans in June, 1859, at Utica, N. Y.; she was born in 1839, in Montgomeryshire, Wales; had five children; those living are: Margaret, born in N. Y., and Elizabeth A., in this State. Mrs. James died Jan., 1873; married a second wife—Mary A. Aynon, Nov., 1874; she was born in South Wales, in 1846, and came to this country in 1868; have one child—John M.; Mr. J. came to the U. S. in 1857; settled in N. Y.; lived there until March, 1863, when he came to this Co.; rented here several years until he bought his present farm in the Spring of 1870.

K EENAN, M., far.; P. O. Kaneville.

Kenneda, P., far.; P. O. Lodi.

Kendall, M., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Keegan, D., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Keller, Chas., far.; P. O. Kaneville.

Kennedy, P., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Kendall, W., mason; P. O. Kaneville.

Knight, B.

Kendall, M. J., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Kennedy, Thos., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

L OVELL, E., carp.; P. O. Kaneville.

Lovell, S., farmer.; P. O. Kaneville.

Lynch, J., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

LIGHTFOOT, JAS., Sec. 15; P. O. Kaneville; Rep.; non-sectarian; born in 1801, in Oxfordshire, Eng.; married Louisa Bush in 1835; she was born in 1816 in London; they emigrated to the United States in 1836; settled in Middletown, Conn., where they lived nine years; then moved to this Co., and settled on what is now his son's farm July 4th, 1845; had twelve children, only two living—Wm. Jas., born 1844, and Jessie, born in 1856; Mrs. L. died Oct. 2d, 1865; married second wife, Widow Fuller, January, 1870; he resides with his son, W. J., who owns 85 acres; valued at \$60 per acre; he (W. J.) married Nancy Belden in March, 1869; she was born in 1850, in New York, and came here with her parents when about 6 years old; have three children—Harry, born in 1870; Louisa, in 1871, and Jessie, in 1875.

Libby, Wm., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Libby, W. T., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Lyke, J., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Lovell, Thos., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

LONG, MICHAEL, Sec. 1; P. O. Blackberry; far.; Dem.; Cath.; owns 173 acres; valued at \$45 per acre; born July 2d, 1830, in Co. Dublin, Ireland; married Catharine Ferrington in April, 1869; she was born in Co. Galway, Ireland; Mr. Long emigrated to the United States in 1853, and remained at Boston about two and a half years; thence to Chicago in 1855; thence direct to Kane Co., and has remained here ever since.

Lowell, Frank, painter; P. O. Kaneville.

Lasher, Hiram, farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

LEE, RUSSEL W., Sec. 23; P. O. Kaneville; far.; Dem.; Bapt.; owns 323 acres; valued at \$15,000; born June 20th, 1822, at Middletown, Conn.; came to this Tp. in 1844; bought 160 acres of Government land; went back to Vermont and married Sophronia C. Spencer in April, 1848, and returned to his first choice at Kaneville in June of the same year; had five children—Isabella (deceased), Mary, Ann (deceased), Grace R., Warren S. and Brainard A.; on arrival here Mr. Lee had only \$384 left after paying \$52 for his fare from Vermont to Chicago; inconvenience and disappointment in the extreme were not uncommon to those who would travel to the West, and he found a good share of those, as he journeyed over an almost unbroken wilderness; being a proficient teacher, he applied himself to that avocation during the Winter months of the year for a number of years after locating here, and many are the gratifying reminiscences connected with his work at that time; he is now the earliest settler living in Kaneville Tp., except one; his parents still live in Connecticut; they were born in 1791; his mother is his father's second wife, and at this writing have been married sixty-three years; Mr. L. is pecuniarily well situated, and looks back with pleasure on the time when he purchased, at 14 years of age, the privilege to work for himself.

MILNAMOOR, MARY, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

McNair, Chas., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Mininum, G. H., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Malone, P., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Miner, M., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Murphy, E., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

MUNSON, EMOND, farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Kaneville; born 1820 in Bergen, Norway; Rep.; Bapt.; owns 162½ acres, valued at \$60 per acre; married Mary Whitcom Jan. 24, 1852; she was born in 1832 in York Co., Pa.; had twelve children—Sarah, Malinda, Carolina, David, Mary E. (deceased), Douglass, Ella, Frank, Mary, Catherine, Bettie and Amon. Mr. M. emigrated from Norway to the United States in 1842; lived in Chicago two years; thence to Blackberry Township, where he lived five years; thence to the farm where he now lives in 1850; he entered forty acres of the Government, which is part of his present farm.

MINER, AMOS, farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Kaneville; Rep.; Meth.; owns 516 acres (farmed by his son-in-law, Seymour Perry), valued at \$30,000; he was born in Schoharie Co., N. Y., April, 1814; married Amanda Rose Dec. 30, 1834; she was born in the same county Jan. 7, 1819; have had eleven children—Rosline R., born Dec. 22, 1835, in N. Y.; died here March 19, 1854; Mary L., born Nov. 27, 1837; was the first white child born in this township; Roxie, born April 19, 1840; Malcom, Dec. 2, 1842; Wesley O., April 17, 1845; Eliza J., Nov. 8, 1848 (died Sept. 24, 1849); Flora E., March 2, 1851; Edith, Sept. 13, 1853 (died May 24, 1854); Wellington, April 15, 1855; Orpha, Dec. 9, 1857, and Elmer R., Feb. 24, 1863 (died Oct. 10, 1863). In the Spring of 1836, Mr. M. left New York, with his wife and child; they stopped in Michigan till July of that year, then started for Illinois, and arrived in Chicago Aug. 1, 1836; in the Fall, Mr. M. made a claim, which is part of his present farm, but did not move on the claim until May 10, 1837, which was the first settlement in this township, and, like many of the enterprising pioneers, he arrived here without any property of any kind; but, by energy and economy, he has amassed quite a fortune; he was elected Justice of the Peace in 1858, and held that office four years, and other township offices various times.

MERRILL, THOS. W., farmer; P. O. Kaneville; born in 1825 in Thornton, Grafton Co., N. H.; Rep.; Bapt.; owns 200 acres, valued at \$20,000; was elected School Director in 1867; held that office seven years; also Township Trustee for a number of years, to which office he was re-elected in April, 1877; married Harriet Thornton in 1850; she was born in 1827 in Thornton, Grafton Co., N. H.; they emigrated from New Hampshire to this township in 1854; had six children—John, Mary and Frank M., born in New Hampshire, and Hattie, Bessie (deceased), Lizzie (deceased), born in this county; his father, W. S., Merrill, died at the old home in New Hampshire in November, 1854; Mrs. M.'s father, Wm. Thornton, was a grandson of — Thornton, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence of the United States; the town derives its name from the family; her grandfather was its founder; William, her father, was the leading business man of that vicinity; he died in August, 1854.

Miller, G. P., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Meeks, G., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Miner, W. O., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Meeks, Anson, farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

MILNAMOW, MARY MRS.,

(widow of the late Thos. Milnamow) farmer; Sec. 4; P. O. Lodi; owns 320 acres, valued at \$50 per acre; Catholic; Mr. Milnamow was born in the Co. Longford, Ireland, in 1816; he emigrated to U. S. in 1846, and came direct to this Co., and located on what is part of their present farm; Mrs. M. was born also in Longford Co., Ireland, in 1823; she emigrated to U. S. in 1844, and settled at Albany, N. Y.; thence to Chicago, Ill., in 1851. They were married at Chicago, Dec. 12, 1851; had seven children—Michael, Margaret (deceased), Thomas, Barnard, and John; Mr. Milnamow died here April 19, 1868.

Mead, J. H., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Miner, Wm., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

N EEDHAM, W. T., blacksmith;

P. O. Kaneville; was born in Lanark Co. in 1844; owns real estate in Bruce Co., Canada, valued at about \$500; owns property in Kaneville, valued at about \$1,500; Dem.; Epis.; married

Martha Benton, Nov. 1874; she was born in this Co. in 1856; have two children—Geo. H., born Feb. 20, 1876; W. S., born Sept. 26, 1877. Mr. N. commenced as apprentice to his trade in 1859; afterward moved to Bruce Co. in 1861, where he remained till 1865; thence to Pa.; stayed only a short time, and returned to Bruce Co., Canada; lived there four years; thence to this town in 1870, and commenced business for himself in 1871.

O WENS, CATHARINE, farming; P. O. Kaneville.

Owen, Wm., Jr., far.; P. O. Kaneville.

OSBORN, GEORGE L., farmer and stock dealer; Sec. 3; P. O. Lodi; owns 140 acres; value, \$70 per acre; Rep.; Ind.; Prohibitionist; born Sept. 28, 1825, at Auburn, N. Y. Married Orenda C. Bunker, Oct. 2, 1856; she was born in New London, N. H.; they have two children—Dora and Ella L.; Mr. Osborn left New York on a prospecting tour in 1854; went to Iowa; came to Kane Co., Ill., in the Spring of 1855, and located on his present farm; his wife's parents (Mr. and Mrs. Bunker) with their three children, were among the first settlers of this township; John Bunker was born Aug. 28, 1797, in New London, N. H.; Mrs. Bunker was born Jan. 5, 1800, in Orange Co., Vt.; they emigrated from New Hampshire to Illinois, making a temporary stop in Ohio, and arrived here in the Spring of 1840; they built the first frame house in this township; Mr. B. held the office of Justice of the Peace various terms; Mrs. Osborn is the only one of the children that is living; Mr. Bunker died here May 31, 1865.

O'Donoran, W., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Osborn, H. B., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

OWENS, WM., farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Kaneville; Rep.; Meth.; owns 140 acres; value, \$40 per acre; born July 24, 1831, in Chestershire, England. Married Victoria Boothroyd in 1855, at Utica, Oneida Co., N. Y.; she was born Dec., 1839, at Glenham, Orange Co., N. Y.; have ten children—Edwin, Leonard A., Sarah E., Willie W., born in New York; Florence E., Frank P., Mary M., Louis K., John A., and Charles S., born in this State; Mr. O. emigrated

from England to New York with his parents in 1835; he visited this State a good many years ago, but brought his family to this county in 1863, intent on permanent residence here.

PAULS, F., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

PHELPS, JOHN T., farmer; P. O. Kaneville; born Oct. 13, 1855, in Chenango Co., N. Y.; Rep.; non-sectarian; owns 152 acres of land, valued at \$80 per acre; his father, P. M. Phelps, was born Oct. 12, 1818, in Chenango Co., N. Y.; his mother was born April 15, 1818, in Otsego Co., N. Y.; moved to this State, with their seven children, in 1861; Archer B., Lyman E., Agnes, George, John T., Estelle and Ella; purchased 280 acres of land, which the family still own; Mr. Phelps died March 8, 1868; his aged mother, Clara Vail, born Feb. 28, 1795, in New York, still lives with the widow Phelps and John T.; he is not married. ville.

PHELPS, ARCHER B., farmer, Sec. 24; P. O. Kaneville; Rep.; non-sectarian; owns 214 acres of land, valued at \$11,000; born in 1845, in Chenango Co., N. Y.; married Hartwell, Jan. 26, 1869; she was born Nov. 13, 1849, in New York; have three children—Lynn, born June 22, 1871; Lee, born May 8, 1873; Jennie, born July 19, 1875; Mr. Phelps came to this State with his father's family, and owns the place which his father purchased when he came here in 1861; Mrs. Phelps came to this State with her parents and one brother (Henry) when quite young.

Plapp, Jacob F., far.; P. O. Lodi.

PRICE, JOHN, far., Sec. 31; P. O. Hincley; born in 1842, in Rodnorshire; Rep.; Bapt.; owns 193 $\frac{3}{4}$ acres of land, valued at \$50 per acre; is not married; he came here with his father's family, which consisted of the parents and three children—Edward H., John and Mary; they emigrated from Wales into this county in 1847; his father, Edward Price, was born in 1797, in Wales, and died here in February, 1869; his mother, Ann Harding, was born in 1804, in Wales, and died here in September, 1874.

Perry, Frank, mer.; P. O. Kaneville.

Perry, S. D., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Phelps, Mrs. A. M., farming; P. O. Kane-

Proudfort, W. S., far.; P. O. Kaneville.

RUNKIE, B., P. O. Lodi.

RAVLIN, J. E., farmer; P. O. Kaneville; born 1826, in Essex Co., N. Y.; Dem.; non-sectarian; owns one and a half acres in Kaneville village, valued at about \$800; moved with his father's family—which consists of father, John W. Ravlin; mother, Eunis Linkfield, and four children, two boys and two girls—to Chautauqua Co., N. Y., in 1829; thence to this county, in 1845; married Sophia Bartlett, in 1854; she was born 1835, in Vt.; have three children—Helen E., born 1857; Mary F., born 1860; Fred, born 1870.

Reeves, W. H., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Rudd, H. D., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

RAVLIN, N. N., farmer, Sec. 27; P. O. Kaneville; Rep. since 1856; Bapt.; born in 1823, in Shorham, Vt.; moved with his father's family, in 1824, to Essex Co., N. Y.; thence to Chautauqua Co., in 1832; thence to this county in 1845; owns 160 acres, valued at about \$12,000; married Francis A. West in 1849; she was born in 1831, in England; emigrated with her father's family to this county in 1837; have five children—Warren W., born 1851; Martin B., born 1857; Alta J., born 1866; Frank W., born 1869; Grace, born 1873; Mr. R. was elected Tp. Supervisor in 1857; which office he has held ever since, except two years; and has been *Chairman* of the Board of Supervisors nine years, which office he now holds; was elected to Legislature in 1868, for two years. His father, Rev. Thos. Ravlin, and mother, Hannah Whitman, came here, with their family of seven children, in 1845—John W., Narcissia, Catharine E., M. M., Emly C., N. N. and N. F.; Rev. Thos. Ravlin was the first Bapt. minister in Kaneville; but his services were not long enjoyed here before he was called from things terrestrial; he died in 1846, and was the first interred in Kaneville cemetery; Mrs. R., Sr., died, in advanced years, in 1869.

Read, Hiram, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Riley, Pat, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

RAYMOND, A., farmer, Sec. 34; P. O. Kaneville; Rep.; non-sectarian. Married Delia A. Perrigo, Feb. 12, 1873; she was born in 1856, in N. Y., and came here with her parents; his brother, Chas. F. Raymond, also lives on the estate of their father, G. C. Raymond, which consists of 400 acres, val. at about \$75 per acre. Chas. F. married Carrie C. Humiston, Feb. 15, 1877; their brother Harvey enlisted in the 9th Ill. Cavalry, April 8, 1865, and served three months; was also in the 19th Kan. Cavalry, and served six months. G. C. Raymond, their father, came to this State, from Wareham, Mass., in 1841; lived some time in Kendall Co., and moved to this county in 1844.

SHOOP, T., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Shoop, W. H. H., far.; P. O. Kaneville.

SCOTT, JOHN H., merchant and P. M.; P. O. Kaneville; was born Oct. 26, 1834, in Oneida Co., N. Y.; Rep.; Meth. Epis.; came to this Co. in 1837 with his father's family; married Martha J. Ostrand, Nov. 20, 1858; she was born April, 1837, in Erie Co., Pa., and came to this Co. in 1857; have two children—Lilian, born February, 1861; Robt. B., born March, 1874; was elected J. P. in 1864; served 8 years; elected Tp. Assessor in 1868; held that office two years; appointed P. M. in 1871, which office he now holds. His father, John Scott, was born in 1804, in Londonderry, Ireland; he emigrated to N. Y. in 1815; his mother, Mary Atkinson, was born in 1807, in Leeds, Eng.; she emigrated to U. S. when quite young; when they came to this State they had three children—Sarah, John H., and Alexander; he died shortly after their arrival in Chicago; Elizabeth, born in this Co., died in 1856; Robert enlisted in 127th Ill. I. V., Co. I, and died at home in Aug., 1863, of disease contracted in the army; Wm., Mary E., and George F., he died in 1855; his father died Oct. 17, 1877. John H. Scott owns 161½ acres, Sec. 25, valued at \$8,000, besides property in Kaneville, valued at \$7,000; was elected Township Treasurer in 1874, which office he now holds.

Simmonds, J. M., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Simons, M., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Simons, N., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Simons, C., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Smith, James, farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

SAMUELS, JOHN, blacksmith; P. O. Kaneville; born, in 1843, in Baconshire, Wales; Dem.; Bapt.; owns in Kaneville village property valued at \$500; married Sarah Griffiths in 1863, in Wales; she was born in Sept., 1842; have six children—Sarah A., born Jan. 8, 1865; John, July 19, 1866; Mary, Dec. 24, 1868; Elizabeth, Mar. 9, 1871; Ellen, Dec. 20, 1873; Minnie, April 2, 1875; babe, Oct. 6, 1877. In compliance with the custom of his native land, Mr. Samuels served seven years as apprentice to his trade; the mechanic of the Old World does not start in business for himself, no matter what his ability may be, at the end of a short term of one or two years' apprenticeship. They emigrated to this country in 1869, landing in N. Y. on the 1st day of June; thence direct to this town, where they have lived ever since.

Sherwin, D. C., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Snyder, D., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

SCOTT, LOUIS K., mercantile clk.; P. O. Kaneville; Rep.; non-sectarian; has held office of Collector in this Tp. in 1876; was re-elected in 1877; and Constable also; he was born Dec. 3, 1851, in Utica, N. Y.; married Mary A. Jones, April 23, 1877; she was born June 23, 1854, in Batavia, Ill. Mr. Scott came to Ill. with his father's family, which consisted of his father, John A. Scott, who was born May 24, 1828, in Oriskany, N. Y.; his mother, Kazia Owens, who was born June 29, 1828, in Cheshire, Eng.; in 1855 they came to Ill., and located in McHenry Co.; thence to Kane Co. in 1857; they had six children—George R. and L. K., born in N. Y., and H. W. (deceased); Lillie F., Walter W., Clara M., born in Ill. While in N. Y. Mr. Scott, Sr., was engaged in the manufacture of woolen goods; here he was in mercantile business; he died here Sept. 13, 1865.

Spencer, James, far.; P. O. Kaneville.

Schneider, Charles, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Smith, J. M., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Snyder, Jacob, farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Simons, James, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Scott, Mrs. K., P. O. Kaneville.

TUPPER, W. H., far.; P. O. Kaneville.

Taylor, Wm., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

UNDERWOOD, A., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

VAN ARSDALE, P., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

VAN VOLKENBURGH, GEO., farmer; Sec. 19; P. O. Lodi; Rep.; Meth.; owns 90 acres; value, \$55 per acre; born Feb. 20, 1832, in Yates Co., N. Y. Married M. Hammond, in Jan., 1853; she was born in Tioga Co., Pa., in 1834; had three children—Andrew (deceased), Charlie and Herby; Mrs. Van Volkenburgh died in March, 1871; married second wife, Maryette Hazen, in March, 1873, in this township; she was born Aug. 31, 1842, in New London, Franklin Co., Conn; Mr. V. moved to this State in April, 1866; he purchased the farm where he now lives, the year following; his means was very limited when he got here; he now owns, though small, a well improved farm.

WESTON, J. F., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

WOODWARD, MRS. SOPHIE

J. (widow of the late J. P. Woodward), P. O. Kaneville; Meth.; born in 1829, in Cayuga Co., N. Y.; came to this county with her parents in 1846; Mr. Woodward was born in 1817, in Rutland, Vt., and came to this county in 1845; they were married in this township in 1860; Mr. Woodward died here in March, 1875; her father, Benj. Jenkins, died here in 1867; her mother died here in 1850; two brothers, Daniel and Joseph Jenkins, enlisted in the late war of the rebellion; Daniel was in the 124th I. V. I., and participated in many engagements; while in front of Vicksburg, he was taken sick; got home on a furlough, but soon returned to the regiment; he had been with the company only a short time when he was seized with congestive chills, of which he died, at Vicksburg, in 1864; Jos. M. enlisted in the 23d I. V. I.; he was one of the prisoners captured at Lexington, Mo.; had various narrow escapes; one brother, Benj. F. Jenkins, resides with Mrs. Woodward.

Watson, J. F., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Withey, J. C., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Watson, I. S., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Watson Chas., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Wheeler, Thos., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Weber, Jacob, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Wamsley, J. W., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

WELLS, HORACE A., Sec. 22; farmer; P. O. Kaneville; Rep.; non-sectarian; owns 122½ acres of land, valued at \$60 per acre; born April 26, 1831, at Pittsfield, Mass.; his parents moved from Massachusetts to New York when he was about two years of age; he came to this county in 1866, and married Harriet E. Graves in 1870; she was born in 1854, in New Hudson, N. Y., and came to this county with her parents in 1867; have three children living: Royal H. (deceased), Emma L., Martha M., Lettie H.; Mr. Wells has held the office of Highway Overseer for several terms.

Wolf, Daniel, farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Williams, J. E., far.; P. O. Kaneville.

WHITE, HARRY, retired farmer; P. O. Kaneville; born April, 1804, in Caledonia Co., Vt.; Rep.; non-sectarian; owns 400 acres of land, valued at \$20,000, besides property in the village; was elected to various township offices; married Lucina Scott, April 5, 1831, at Antwerp, N. Y.; she was born in May, 1809, at New York; had seven children: Ann, Jane, John (he died in New York), these three were born in New York; Harry, Julia (deceased), Mary and Martin O., all born in this State; Mrs. White died Aug. 3, 1866; he married his second wife, Lois N. Withers, in 1873; widow of the late Mr. Winder; she was born in Pennsylvania; had two children by her first husband, Elias C. and Jennie Winder; when Mr. W. was about ten years of age, his father, Judge White, and his mother, Prudence Snow, moved with their family of five children, four besides himself—Guy, George, Louisa and John—from Vermont to New York; Harry, being a mechanical genius, applied himself to the millwright trade, which called him to various parts of the State; after acquiring a thorough knowledge of the above named business, he became an extensive contractor of all kinds of

buildings, at the same time moving to various places; he lived one year at Greenbush; thence to Chenango Co., where he lived thirteen years; thence to Jefferson, where he lived about eight years; thence to Chicago, Ill., with his wife and two children, Ann and Jane; they arrived at Chicago, June 6, 1835; Mr. W. was delighted with the appearance of the country, and was determined to purchase, if possible, a piece of land which he might begin to improve; fearing that the squatters' claim was not reliable, he attended one of the first land sales in Chicago, thinking to make a purchase and procure a reliable title; he had been there only a short time when he was convinced that priority of occupation was the only sure method of getting a desirable location, as every squatter was ready and waiting to buy his own claim; and still more convincing proof of the supremacy of the squatters' rights was to see how suddenly and unceremoniously a gentleman fell just as he had bid a dollar and a half per acre for the claim on which some squatter had located, one dollar and a quarter being the actual selling price; the gentleman above referred to regained his upright position after being hurled down a flight of stairs, and instantly, for the sake of harmony, proposed to pay the extra twenty-five cents per acre, which he had over bid, and consider the squatter the rightful owner; Mr. W. hired a man in Chicago to move him and his family to the country; the team was three yoke of oxen; the party traveled several days and came to what now is Blackberry Township; there they stopped; himself, wife and two children camped on the open prairie while he was building a cabin; ere his cabin was completed he had only \$5 in cash on hand, and \$300 in debt; he took a claim of 400 acres, which he owns to this day; he was the first one in this part of the country who attached trucks to a plow, and gave the first order for a reaper in the State of Illinois; his brother George came here with him, but soon after locating sold his claim; his mother and remainder of the family came to this State after his father died in New York; his mother died at Chicago.

Wheaton J., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

WOODWARD, REV. JONAS,

P. O. Kaneville; pastor Bapt. Ch.; born in Stratton, Windom Co., Vt.; married Eliza S. Davis in 1830, in New York. She was born in 1805, Saratoga Co., N. Y.; had four children—Frank J., Henry D., Mary E., Fidelia (deceased); Mrs. W. died in April, 1871, in Kendall Co. Their only surviving daughter—widow of the late Rev. H. Montgomery Howie, who visited Scotland and died there Dec. 5, 1866—resides with her father. When Mr. W. was 12 years of age, his parents moved with their 12 children from Vermont to New York; there he prepared for the ministry, and was ordained pastor of a church in 1831, in Monroe Co., N. Y., where he remained 24 years and six months, thence to the State of Iowa as a missionary, and through due respect for one of such sterling merit he was given the privilege of choosing his location in that State. Accordingly he chose Cedar Rapids as the center of his field of labor. There he established the Baptist Church and worked zealously for four years; since that time he has labored in this State, beginning here at Kaneville in 1859, thence to Dundee, where he remained 5 years, thence to Bristol, where he remained 6 years; thence to Tamaroa, Perry Co., for two years, when in consequence of sickness he concluded to resign his pastoral charge at that place, at the same time being recalled by the church of this place, which he accepted, and here we find him at the ripe age of 73 laboring vigorously and cheerfully, imbued with the spirit of his work, to which he has always given his undivided attention. The high esteem in which the aged and worthy pastor is held, not only by those who are identified with the church, but all who have been favored with his acquaintance, is only equaled by the heartfelt gratitude of himself and household. As facts worthy of historic record would say that he is the oldest minister in active service in the Northwest; he never went on trial with a view to locating but what he obtained the place, and during these many years of ministerial life he has never passed a Sabbath without

a pastoral charge. His sister, Mary, resides with them; she was born 1803; is the widow of David Woodworth; he was born in 1799, in Charleston, N. Y.; they were married in 1822; he had 6 children, Mary, Jacob, Jerome (deceased), Calina, and John M.; he is supervising surgeon of the United States Marine Hospitals since 1870; Frank died in 1862 at Washington, D. C., of disease contracted in the army; Mr. W. died in 1850; his was the second interment in Kaneville Cemetery; he was one of the first pioneers of the county, settling in Blackberry Tp., as early as 1838; and was one of its most enterprising farmers.

YOUNG, F. L., P. O. Kaneville; farmer; born December, 1828, at Strafford, Vt.; Ind.; non-sectarian; owns 450 acres; value of entire property about \$20,000; he married Bettie B. Patterson; was married in 1857; she was born in 1831 in Vermont; had two children, Jennie M. and Frank P.

Mrs. Young died Nov. 3, 1871; he married second wife, Eliza E. Patterson—then widow of Eli Annis—May, 1873; she was born in 1828, in Strafford, Vt.; Mr. Y. was elected Road Commissioner in 1857 for a term of 3 years, and elected Assessor in 1858-9; elected Justice of the Peace in 1874; has held the two last named offices ever since he was elected; his father, Nathan Young, born 1792 in New Hampshire, and his mother, Hannah Smith, born 1799, in Vermont, came here with them; they had four children, George, Nathan, F. L. and Marcella, in 1843; and were obliged to borrow means wherewith to bring the family here; the eldest son, Peleg, had preceded them five years, and stopped in Wisconsin, but finally came to this State; pressed pecuniarily, as they were, on coming here, the old folks were spared to see their children enjoying in abundance the fruits of their own economy and industry.

ST. CHARLES TOWNSHIP.

ALCOTT, J. D., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Anderson, Aug., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Axleson, Aug., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Anderson, A. J., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Abrahamson, Jno., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Arndt, Fred., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

ALCOTT, J. B., farmer and dairyman; P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; Meth.; has 100 acres of very finely improved land on Sec 31; valued at \$100 per acre, with new and very elegant and substantial buildings; he was born in Madison Co., N. Y., Dec. 23d, 1819, and came to Illinois Oct. 16, 1856, and settled where he now lives; he married Deborah A. Shaw in Annsville, Oneida Co., N. Y., Jan. 18th, 1844; she was born in Rensselaer Co. March 6th, 1820; they have two sons—Adelbert D., born May 11, 1849, in Oneida Co., N. Y., and Jared D., born Nov. 13, 1850, in same place.

Ames, A. J., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Atherton, Stephen, far., P. O. St. Charles.

Allen, Robt., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Austin, I. O.; P. O. St. Charles.

Allen, Wm., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Aldridge, Eliza, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Allen, E. A.; P. O. St. Charles.

Anderson, John, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

ADAMS, SAMUEL L., groceryman; P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; Universalist; was born in Cavendish, Vt., June 16th, 1820, and learned the tanners' trade, and for several years was an extensive tanner and leather dealer; in March, 1860, he came to St. Charles and bought a small farm of forty acres, within the corporation, valued at \$4,000, and devoted his time on the farm and in attending to business outside; his health failing him, he sold his farm in 1876 and took his family to the Centennial, and in 1877 he engaged in the grocery business; he married Betsey M. Parker in Cavendish, Vt., May 17th, 1823; they have an adopted

niece, Ella D. Howard, born May, 1865; Mr. A. since coming here has been Supervisor for three years; during the war having the distribution of the fund for soldiers' families; he was Highway Commissioner for six years, and as such was highly instrumental in the building of our confessedly best iron bridge on Fox River; he has always been an uncompromising temperance man, and as such, while President of the Village Board, he enforced the anti-license law, and was instrumental in closing every saloon in town; Mr. A. is a thorough scholar, and a very practical man.

Anderson, David, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Andrus, J. H., painter; P. O. St. Charles.

Ainsworth, Nathan, P. O. St. Charles.

Alexander, F. W., carp.; P. O. St. Charles.

Atkinson, Sarah, P. O. St. Charles.

Alexander, F. L., mer.; P. O. St. Charles.

Anderson, A. G., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Albio, Ira, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Ainsworth, N. J., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Allen, Mrs. Eletha, P. O. St. Charles.

Atkinson, A., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Alexander, Sarah A., P. O. St. Charles.

Alexander, H. H., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

BLANCHARD, ELIZABETH, P. O. St. Charles.

Burley, J. H., carp.; P. O. St. Charles.

Belzer, Chas., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Baldrige, Mrs. E. S., P. O. St. Charles.

Banks Joseph, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

BURR, ALGERNON A., farmer, feeder and dealer in stock; P. O. St. Charles; has 240 acres of land on Sec. 7, well improved, valued at \$15,000; he was born Aug. 11th, 1846, in St. Charles; he married Cornelia L. Bartlett Oct. 30th, 1872; she was born in Hartford Co., Conn., Nov. 17th, 1846; they have one son—Arthur J., born Jan. 13th, 1875; Mrs. B. and her sister, Mrs. Clark Burr, came from Connecticut and engaged in teaching; they were very finely educated.

Brown, Jarvis, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Barnes, Eliza, P. O. St. Charles.

Bromhold, G., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Boardman, Orso, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Bunker, Sarah A.; P. O. St. Charles.

Blanchard, C. L., clerk; P. O. St. Charles.

Baker, Theron, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Blanchard, Z. A., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

BURR, CLARK C., farmer, stock and grain; P. O. St. Charles; Ind.; Liberal; has 382 acres of choice land, located by his father, the late J. C. Burr; his residence and other improvements are among the best in the county, and is valued at \$20,000; he was born March 1, 1842, on the same place. He was married to Ellen Bartlett, Jan. 11, 1871; she was born in East Windsor, Hartford Co., Conn., March 4, 1840; they have two children—Henry James, born Jan. 31, 1874; Charles Clark, born June 24, 1876.

Barry, W. D., attorney; P. O. St. Charles.

Barnes, C. E., P. O. St. Charles.

Balis, William, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Bamford, Robert, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Baremore, George, far.; P. O. Wayne.

Bergreen, John, far.; P. O. St. Charles

BISBY, MARK H., farmer, feeder and dealer in all kinds of stock; P. O. St. Charles; Ind.; Cong.; has 240 acres of the finest land in the county; his residence, buildings and improvements are of the finest class in the State, and are valued at \$20,000; he was born in Onondaga Co., N. Y., April 13, 1828, and came to this State with his father (Jarret Bisby), in 1837, and in 1839, settled where he now lives. He married Hattie S. Mead, of McHenry Co., Sept. 25, 1860; she was born in Rutland Co., Vt., Nov. 22, 1838; have four children—Addie E., Etta L., Lina A. and Mary H.; he went to California in 1852, and returned in 1859; in 1861, he joined the 8th Ill. Cav., commanded by Col. J. F. Farnsworth; he was First Battalion Quartermaster of the regiment; they were in the Peninsular Campaign, and participated in all its battles.

Burr, A. A., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Baldwin, Mrs. E., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Blanchard, A. H., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Billings, Charles, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Blanchard, H. G. S., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Blanchard, G. P., mech.; P. O. St. Charles.

Brownell, E. A., paper mfr.; P. O. St. Charles.

Brannon, M., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Bentley, Sam'l., brk. yrd; P. O. St. Charles.

Brooks, Adelia L., P. O. St. Charles.

Bushell, W. H., P. O. St. Charles.

Beach, E. W., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

BLANCHARD, AARON, far., machinist and blacksmith, Secs. 16 and 17; P. O. St. Charles: Rep.; Swedenborgian; has 240 acres of land, worth \$60 per acre; he was born in Danville, Caledonia Co., Vt., March 5, 1804, and came to St. Charles March 2, 1838, and bought his claim, improved it, and built a house in town, and worked at his trade ever since. He married Annie Stonnor May 22, 1828; she was born in Madison Co., N. Y., July 20, 1809; have four children—Zara A., born September 20, 1829; Gustavus, born Aug. 17, 1831; Geo. A., born May 13, 1834, and Nelson L., born Dec. 24, 1837. Nelson enlisted in the 8th Ill. Cav., and went to Alexandria, Va., and was taken sick and died Feb. 18, 1862; George A. was in the 85th Ill. Vol.; was taken prisoner at Peachtree Creek, Georgia, and was in prison for nine months; he suffered every thing but death, and was liberated by Sherman; he contracted a disease, which finally caused his death in May, 1875.

BISBY, JARED, P. O. St. Charles, farmer, wool carder and cloth dresser; Rep.; Bapt.; has a farm in Kansas. Has sold his farm here to his son Mark; bought a place in town, and living at his ease; was born in New Haven, Addison Co., Vt., Sept. 22, 1798; and came to St. Charles in June, 1839; and bought the farm where his son Mark now lives. He was in low circumstances when he settled here, but by his own success in business, he has retired in good circumstances. He married Almira Harvey, August 26, 1824, in Herkimer Co., N. Y., where she was born Dec. 8, 1807; they have three children—Mark H. Julius F., Emily F.—all born in N. Y. Mr. B. came from Herkimer Co., and brought his family in a covered wagon; Mark and J. Frank went to California; J. Frank left California; visited Colorado, and has finally located in New Mexico, where he is engaged in silver mining.

Bowen, A. G., P. O. St. Charles.

Brannhold, G., P. O. St. Charles.

Boardman, O. S., butcher; P. O. St. Charles.

Baird, J. C., cashr. bank; P. O. St. Charles.

Brown, R. B., carp.; P. O. St. Charles.

Brown, J. B., lab; P. O. St. Charles.

Burley, J. H., carp.; P. O. St. Charles.

BARBOUR, LYMAN L., P. O. Chicago, Ills., Lumber st., foot of Canal st.; lumber merchant; was born in Farmer's Village, Seneca Co., N. Y., in 1838; he passed his youth at New London, Conn., and New York City; he came to Battle Creek, Mich., in 1863, and engaged in the mercantile business; he married Helen Minard, only daughter of the late Ira Minard; he went to Faribault, Minn., in 1865, and engaged in the dry goods business for four years, when he came to Chicago, and became interested with Ira Minard in the lumber business, which he continued after Mr. Minard's death. He has four children—Alice Minard, born in Battle Creek, Mich., in 1864; Jennie Law, born in Faribault, Minn., in 1866; Minnie Townsend, born in St. Charles in 1871; William Earnest, born in St. Charles in 1874.

Bignall, S. L. & Co., hardware; P. O. St. Charles.

Bowman, F. H., hardware; P. O. St. Charles.

Baird, J. E., lab.; P. O. St. Charles.

Bagley, C. V., carp.; P. O. St. Charles.

Baird, O. C., carp.; P. O. St. Charles.

Baxter, Chas.; P. O. St. Charles.

Bosworth, D. S.; P. O. St. Charles.

Banks, Robt., trav. agt.; P. O. St. Charles.

Bross, E. A., conductor; P. O. St. Charles.

Baker, Edw., mer.; P. O. St. Charles.

Barber, Mrs. M. G.; P. O. St. Charles.

Bristol, Edw., lab.; P. O. St. Charles.

Blengrist, Alex., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Ballard, N., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

BLACKMAN, E. W. farmer and dairyman; Sec. 8; P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; Meth.; has 200 acres of land, worth \$12,000; milks from 25 to 35 cows; he was born in Toronto, Canada, June 18, 1825, and came with his father to this State, and settled where he now lives in 1848; he married Sarah Jane Switzer, May 2, 1852, and moved into Cook Co.; and, after living there 8 years, he traded farms with his father, and returned to the old homestead; she was born in Toronto, Canada, Dec. 4, 1834; they have seven children—Salina M., Frank M., Emma M., Mary E., Allen Ray, Amelia J., and Philo M.; Salina M. married L. A. Hovey, Dec. 14, 1875.

Bartlett, Edw.; far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Baldwin, Mrs. H. E.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Bisby, Mark H., far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Baird, J. C., banker; P. O. St. Charles.
 Butt, Wm. H., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.
 Butler, Hattie, P. O. St. Charles.
 Brennan, H., farmer, P. O. St. Charles.
 Bowers, A. G., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.
CREEBER, WM., laborer; P. O. St. Charles.

Carleson, Peter, shoemaker; P. O. St. Charles.

Colson, John, shoemkr.; P. O. St. Charles.

CRAWFORD, H. M., M. D.; P. O. St. Charles; was born in Belfast, Ireland, Sept. 20, 1820; received his collegiate and medical education in Belfast, Glasgow, Dublin and Edinburgh, and then came to N. Y. in 1848, and to St. Charles the same year. He commenced a practice here which has continued and grown into one of the largest in the State; he went into the army as Surgeon, and soon rose to be a Medical Director and one of the prominent acting Surgeons; and since his return has done very much of the surgery in this county; he married Margaret P. McWilliams, Oct., 1855; she was born, also, in Belfast, Ireland, Jan. 1, 1834; they have three children—Henry M., born Oct. 28, 1856; Minnie E., Dec. 28, 1858; Margaret Hypatia, Jan. 9, 1860.

Coughlin, Pat., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Clark, P., tinner; P. O. St. Charles.

CHOVIN, CHARLES, far., Sec. 35; P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; attends the M. E. Church; he has 82½ acres of land in the city limits, called worth \$10,000; was born in Wayne Co., Mich., Dec. 17, 1823, and came to Chicago Feb. 22, 1838, and remained there twenty-one years, and came to this place in 1859. He married Lizzie S. Piffer, of St. Charles, in 1860; and she was born in Venango Co., Pa., and died in 1865, leaving two children—Charles F. and Lizzie. His second wife was Mary Wilson; they were married in 1868; she was born in Canada, in 1842; they have one child—James Wilson; he spent several years in the mercantile business, in Chicago, and, also, in St. Charles; he was elected an Alderman, at the organization of the city, and discharged his duties very acceptably.

Cooley, Geo., laborer; P. O. St. Charles.

Crandal, A., P. O. St. Charles.

Cassidy, Barney, laborer; P. O. St. Charles.

Cavanagh James, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Clark, Ed., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Cary, John, livery; P. O. St. Charles.

Connor, Samuel, lab.; P. O. St. Charles.

Cutler, John, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Connor, L. S., painter; P. O. St. Charles.

Christian, J. S., tailor; P. O. St. Charles.

Caldwell, Chas., laborer; P. O. St. Charles.

COLTEN, MOSES W., farmer and dealer and breeder of Ayrshire cattle; has 160 acres of land, valued at \$75 per acre; was born in Hubbardston, Vt., March 18, 1827. Married Betsey J. Perry, of Castleton, Vt., July, 1853; she was born June 20, 1827, in Castleton; he came to St. Charles in 1864, after living several years in Kalamazoo Co., Mich.; they have three children—Carroll M., born Oct. 12, 1866; Helen E., born July 5, 1867; Tinny, born in 1869, and died in infancy.

Carr, Bryant, laborer; P. O. St. Charles.

Caldwell, O., butcher; P. O. St. Charles.

Clark, H. M., Justice; P. O. St. Charles.

Commicle, Henry, lab.; P. O. St. Charles.

CONKLIN, W. G., has been a miller and dealer in grain for many years; P. O. St. Charles; he was born in Eastern N. Y., and came to this place among the very first.

Collins, Thos., laborer; P. O. St. Charles.

Clark, Joseph, laborer; P. O. St. Charles.

Culverson, Wm., livery; P. O. St. Charles.

Chamberlin, Mrs. B., P. O. St. Charles.

Clark, J. B., P. O. St. Charles.

CLARK, GAROME, farmer and dairyman; Dem.; Meth.; has 162 acres of first-class land on Sec. 17; first-class new buildings and farm well improved, valued at \$12,000; is a very successful farmer; was born in Oneida Co., N. Y., Oct. 14, 1835, and came to this State in the Fall of 1847 and settled where he now lives. He married Arabel A. Minard, June 9, 1856; she was born May 29, 1836; they have three children—Mary Lorette, born Oct. 24, 1856; Frank M., born Aug. 7, 1862; Sherman, born Aug. 11, 1865.

Conklin, Mrs. M. A., millinery; P. O. St. Charles.

Culverson, Alex., wagon mfr.; P. O. St. Charles.

Costin, W. R., mason; P. O. St. Charles.

Coller, E., P. O. St. Charles.

Clute, M. V., minister; P. O. St. Charles.

Cable, M. A., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Cable, M. C., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Cree, Mary H., P. O. St. Charles.

CRAINSTON, H. I., farmer, dairyman and dealer in Norman horses; P. O. Elgin; Rep.; Meth.; has 134 acres of land on Sec. 6, valued at \$50 per acre; he was born in Roxbury, Del. Co., N. Y., Jan. 10, 1825, and came to this State in 1863; he married Adaline Guptill, April 24, 1850, in Fentonville, Mich.; she was born in Clarke Co., O., April 23, 1831; they have three children—Judson G., born Dec. 23, 1852, in Cook Co., Ill.; Frank H., born in Mich., Liv. Co., Sept., 15, 1858; Martha Inez, born Dec. 5, 1873; Frank and Martha are taking a regular course of study at the Elgin Academy.

Colson, Peter, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Carswell, Robert, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Castin, Chas. H., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Crawford, H. M., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Chambers, J. C., P. O. Geneva.

COLMAN, SUMNER, farmer and dairyman; P. O. South Elgin; Dem; Universalist; born in Ludlow, Windsor Co., Vt., Sept. 17, 1819, and came to Washington Co., N. Y., in 1834 and remained there until 1868, when he came to St. Charles and bought a farm of 280 acres on Sections 2 and 3, valued at \$17,000, he has a dairy of 50 cows, and has 150 fine Vermont sheep; he married Mariett W. Campbell, Oct., 1843; she was born in Rutland, Vt., Dec. 6, 1823—they have 9 children—Mary H., born Jan. 12, 1846; Chas. J., born May 18, 1848; Geo. S., born Jan. 4, 1851; Henry E., born June 25, 1853, and died Nov. 23, 1867; Sumner M., born May 13, 1855; Fred W., born Sept. 22, 1857; Amnietta J., born Dec. 9, 1859; Eliza, born Oct. 8, 1862; Franklin A., born March 4, 1865; Jas. H., born July 16, 1866; Henry H. married McCeu July 30, 1866; Geo. S., to Libbie Arnt, 1874; Sumner M., to Lottie Clarkson, Dec. 25, 1877.

Cutler, Mrs. S. A., P. O. St. Charles.

Church, Luther W., P. O. St. Charles.

Clark, Prentice, tailor; P. O. St. Charles.

Collins, M. E., P. O. St. Charles.

DURANT, BRYANT, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

DeGolger, Anthony, P. O. St. Charles.

Disbrow, J. B., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Doyle, Dennis, blacksmith; P. O. St. Charles.

Dickerson, W. O., lab.; P. O. St. Charles.

DUNHAM, MARK W.; P. O. Wayne Du Page Co.; has 300 acres of land on Sec. 13; well cultivated, and stocked with fine cattle and horses; he is the most extensive importer and dealer in the Percheron-Norman horse in the U. S.; his sales are very extensive, and horses are very fine; he was born in St. Charles, in 1842. Married Carrie M. Dunham, May 29, 1877; she was born in Maquoketa, Iowa, July 2, 1858; his father, Solomon Dunham, was one of the early settlers of the county, and was one of the leading surveyors; he located and improved the fine farm where Mark W. now lives.

Dearbourn, N. H., P. O. St. Charles.

Dougherty, W., mason; P. O. St. Charles.

Doyle, Mary, P. O. St. Charles.

DeWolf, A. B., phys.; P. O. St. Charles.

DeLong, Z., carp.; P. O. St. Charles.

DUNNING, EDGAR, farmer, Sec. 35; P. O. St. Charles; Dem.; Universalist; has 75 acres of land, worth \$5,500; he was born in Ticonderoga, N. Y., Jan. 8, 1824; and came to this State in 1853. He married Diantha Moon, Aug. 18, 1853, in Butler, N. Y.; she was born in Butler, N. Y., Nov. 21, 1834; they have two children—Fred, born Nov. 17, 1858, and Anna, born Sept. 25, 1861, both born in Will Co.

Durant, J. T., P. O. St. Charles.

Durant, S. W., P. O. St. Charles.

Dillon, Michael, P. O. St. Charles.

DELANCEY, J. H., farmer, dairyman and dealer in Norman horses and Berkshire hogs; P. O. South Elgin; Rep.; Episcopalian; has a farm of 340 acres of very fine land; he was born in Madison Co., N. Y., Jan. 28, 1828, and came to this State in 1854. He married Mary Anne Larkin in Madison Co., N. Y., March 15, 1853; she was born in Madison Co. Jan. 18, 1833; they have three children—John L., born Sept. 10, 1857; Frank J., born Oct. 1, 1854; Jessie S., born Jan. 28, 1869.

Dunham, Daniel, P. O. Wayne.

Delaney, John, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.
 Donahue, Nellie, P. O. St. Charles.
 Dutton, Mrs. E., P. O. St. Charles.
 Dickerson, W. E., far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Danielson, Samuel, far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Downer, S. E., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.
 Dutton, Lewis, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

EASTMAN, MRS., D. L., P. O. St. Charles.

Eaton, J. M., carp.; P. O. St. Charles.
 England, John, lab.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Elliott, J. F., Justice; P. O. St. Charles.
 England, Aug. mason; P. O. St. Charles.

ELMORE, REV. DAVID W. was born in Rensselaer Co., N. Y., Feb. 3, 1800; was a graduate of Union College, and studied for the ministry, and was ordained a minister of the Baptist Church; he married Mary A. Humphrey, of Albany, Dec. 5, 1824; he came to this State in June, 1836, and took up a farm of 400 acres on sections 3 and 4, where his son Jerome now lives; he immediately set at work clearing, breaking, and making improvements for a home, in common with the first settlers of a new country; he took an active part in the early enterprises of the town, in establishing churches, schools, and Sabbath schools, etc., and spent much time in surveying in all parts of the county; he organized the Baptist churches in Elgin, Dundee, and many others in this and adjoining counties; all through his life he acted as a missionary in supplying destitute neighborhoods with preaching, and for a while was pastor of the church in St. Charles, and always a supply; he was one of the very few who was here in 1836; was always a useful and influential citizen, and spent his time in doing good and raising and educating a large and intelligent family; his family consists of seven children, three boys and four girls; on the 29th day of July, 1854, while at work in the harvest field, he was struck by lightning and killed instantly; others with him were struck down by the same shock, but recovered; his funeral was attended by a large concourse of friends and the sermon was preached by Elder Joslin from the text "Enoch walked with God and was not, for God took him."

Eckman, Chas., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

ELMORE, JEROME H., son of the late Rev. D. W. Elmore, P. O. South Elgin, is a farmer, dairyman and feeder, and dealer in hogs and stock; Rep.; Bapt.; has 145 acres of choice land lying on the bend of Fox River with very fine buildings and improvements; valued at \$75 per acre; he was born on the place Jan. 7, 1841; he married Emeline S. Hall, Nov. 5, 1868; she was born Aug. 3, 1844 in the same neighborhood; they have four children—Clarence J., born Feb. 25, 1870; Wilbur T., born July 29, 1871; Laura May, born April 18, 1873; Cora E. born July 2, 1876.

Eddy, Harry, P. O. Charles.

Eaton, Ithiel, brick maker; P. O. St. Charles.

Elliott, Charles, P. O. St. Charles.

FERSON DEAN, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Flint Jos., carp.; P. O. St. Charles.

Flannery, M., lab.; P. O. St. Charles.

Fumald, J. P., tailor; P. O. St. Charles.

Flannery, P. T., lab.; P. O. St. Charles.

Fowler, E. K., P. O. St. Charles.

Ferson, Mrs., M. H.; P. O. St. Charles.

Farnsworth, J., F. Ex-M. C.; P. O. St. Charles.

Ferson, Geo., grain buyer; P. O. St. Charles.

Fulton, Wm., mason; P. O. St. Charles.

Fellows, D. J., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Ferson, H. A., P. O. St. Charles.

Ferson, C., P. O. St. Charles.

Ferson, J. R., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

FERSON. PARKER (deceased; born in Bradfield, N. H., March 9, 1812, and came to St. Charles in 1836; left a farm of 100 acres in Section 8 of fine land, well improved; he married Amelia Clark Sept. 2, 1846; she was born in Brookfield, N. Y., 1821; they had seven children—Benjamin C., born Oct. 20, 1847; Fred P., born April 29, 1849, and died June 27, 1876; Sarah Jane, born Sept. 28, 1851; Frances, born Feb. 1, 1854; Carrie M., born June 9, 1856; Charles W., born March 9, 1859; Clifford E., born May 22, 1863; Mr. F. died July 29, 1876.

Fay, Pat., lab.; P. O. St. Charles.

Ferson, Robt., grain buyer; P. O. St. Charles.

Fisk, Mrs. B., P. O. St. Charles.
 Forestal, Jas., mer.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Fowler, A. G., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.
 Fletcher, M. W., farmer; P. O. Wayne.
 Fay, W. E., P. O. St. Charles.
 Foley, Thomas, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.
 Fredenhague, A., miller; P. O. St. Charles.
 Freeland, John, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.
 Fitzgerald, John, P. O. St. Charles.
 Ferson, James, P. O. St. Charles.
 Ferson, Clarinda A., P. O. St. Charles.
 Fox, Miss J., P. O. St. Charles.
 Ferson, Ellen M., P. O. St. Charles.
 Fowler, Eugene, lab.; P. O. St. Charles.

GOODHUE, O. A., P. O. St. Charles.

Goodman, J. G., jeweler; P. O. St. Charles.
 Gorham, Sarah, P. O. St. Charles.
 Goodhue, J. M., P. O. St. Charles.
 Garner, George, laborer; P. O. St. Charles.
 Goodell, Joel, collector; P. O. St. Charles.
 Goodman, Mrs. J. R., P. O. St. Charles.
 Gillett, H. C., P. O. St. Charles.

GALLAGHER, J. T., file manufacturer; P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; Ind.; was born in Scotland, Jan. 5, 1843; learned the file making trade, and came to Philadelphia in 1863, and between there and Pompton, N. Y., he worked six years, when he came to Chicago in 1869, and engaged in his business with J. P. Doig, at 32 West Quincy street, which was known as Mechanics' File Works; in June, 1877, they came to St. Charles and established the St. Charles File Co., which is the largest establishment west of New York. These files are used in preference to the English make, everywhere they are known. He married Mary McClalan Feb. 22, 1865; they have four children—Elizabeth, Sarah, Mary Jane and William.

Grey, C. B., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.
 Gustafson, John, far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Gustafson, Otto, far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Gray, Duncan, far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Gloss, John, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.
 Guthrie, James, far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Guthrie, John, far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Green, Mrs., P. O. St. Charles.
 Goodman, John, far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Goodrich, O. C., P. O. St. Charles.
 Garrity, Pat., mason; P. O. St. Charles.
 Grover, A., P. O. St. Charles.

HARROUN, HORACE, merchant; P. O. St. Charles.

Habert, Ed., harness maker; P. O. St. Charles.

Hawkins, P., laborer; P. O. St. Charles.

HAINES, ROBERT J., merchant miller; P. O. St. Charles; Dem.; Ind., and to do right to all men; was born in Cecil Co., Md., June 28, 1799, and went to Port Hope, Canada, in 1825, and in 1829 to Victoria, where he resided until 1837, when he came to this State; after running a mill and working in the lead mines in Galena and vicinity, for five years he came to St. Charles in 1842, and bought the mill on the West Side and has run it ever since; he married Harriet Strikey in November, 1840; she was born in Pennsylvania; they have had four children—Charles H., Melvina, Robert J., Jr., and Frank; Frank died in Pennsylvania in March, 1863; Melvina died in February, 1874; Robert, J., Jr., died in February, 1873; Mr. H. has been one of the fortunate business men of the county, having, by fair dealing and close application to business, earned a large fortune, and has one of the finest homes of the city.

Hunt, W. C., attorney; P. O. St. Charles.

Huls, S. B., P. O. St. Charles.

Hunt, F. B., hardware; P. O. St. Charles.

Hammond, John, farmer; P. O. Wayne.

HOAG, JAMES, farmer, dairyman and manufacturer of butter and cheese; P. O. South Elgin; Dem.; Epis.; was born in Dutchess Co., N. Y., Oct. 5, 1834, and came to St. Charles in October, 1855; purchased a farm of 230 acres on Secs. 9 and 10, valued at \$60 per acre; he married Mary Ann Branford, Dec. 19, 1860; she was born in Great Yarmouth, England, Jan. 24, 1841; they have three children (one died young)—Mary E., born May 6, 1862; Benjamin F., born Feb. 20, 1864; Mr. H. and E. Tiff.; built the South Elgin Creamery in 1873; Mr. H. is now running it; he also keeps a large number of cows and carries on his huge farm; the factory is a fine one, and the average of milk manufactured through May was 30,000 lbs per day.

Haslehurst, H. B., far; P. O. St. Charles.

Humerston, W. P., carp.; P. O. St. Charles.

Halloway, Jacob, P. O. St. Charles.

Hincksladen, H., lab; P. O. St. Charles.

Hazen, D. B., teacher; P. O. St. Charles.

HULS, HUGH, farmer and produce dealer; P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; Bapt.; was born in Yates Co., N. Y., Dec. 17, 1817; and came to St. Charles in October, 1843, and bought the farm he afterward sold to J. C. Wilson, when he went into the provision business; he married Harriet A. Finch, Jan. 30, 1838; she was born in Yates Co., in 1815; they have three children—Azariah F., born Dec. 29, 1839; Jas. B., Dec. 2, 1843; Sarah Jane, born Aug. 27, 1857.

Hammond, Mrs. P., P. O. St. Charles.

Hare, Wm., carp.; P. O. St. Charles.

Hallock, L. D., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

HALE, CHAS., farmer; P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; Bapt.; has 215 acres of beautiful land on Sec. 26, worth \$14,000; he was born in Brooklyn, Vt., Nov. 26th, 1800; he came to this State in June, 1840, and settled where he now lives; he married Deraxa Balch in Athens, Vt., in 1837; she was born in Athens, Vt., in October, 1810; they have had five children—Walter, James, Nathaniel, Sarah and Harriet; Walter died in 1842; James belonged to Dodson's cavalry, and died in hospital in March, 1862.

Harrington, J. H., P. O. St. Charles.

Hooper, A. N., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

HOOKE, HARLOW, farmer and dairyman; P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; Meth.; has a very fine farm of 106 acres, on Sec. 16; he was born in St. Andrews, Province of Quebec, April 11th, 1818, and came to this State and town in October, 1839, and took up his farm before the Government survey; he has by industry improved his farm and built fine buildings, which are among the best in town; he married Sybil M. Balch Jan. 20, 1846; she was born in Athens, Vt., Nov. 22, 1819; they have had five children—Adelbert H., born Oct. 4, 1847; Adolphus N., born Feb. 22d, 1849; Celon I., born May 7th, 1853; Ammarilla A., born Nov. 23d, 1854; Lydia A., born Aug. 21st, 1857; Adelbert H. died Aug. 26th, 1860; A. N. and Emily J. Parker married November, 1873, Ammarilla A. and R. Stewart; Lydia A. and I. S. Kingsbury were married Oct. 10th, 1877.

Harkins, Ed., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Hall, E. D., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Haskins, James, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Haskins, H. J., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Hail, N. A., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Hale, Gustavus, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Hall, Lorenzo, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

HUNT, MAJ. B. T., P. O. St. Charles; hardware mer; Dem; Bapt.; was born in Abington, Mass., Oct., 19th, 1812; came to this State Sept., 1836, and became one of the original owners of St. Charles; he engaged in business with Minard & Ferson; started a large store; built the dam; surveyed out the town and built a saw-mill. The firm of Minard, Ferson & Hunt continued together in the real estate business until the death of Mr. Ferson and Mr. Minard; he has been one of the foremost in building up the town and its enterprises; he married Harriet L. Lathrop, Oct. 12, 1842, in St. Charles; she was born April 15, 1822 in Central N. Y.; they have had four boys—Chas. L., Frank B., Clarence T. and Wilber C.; Chas. L. died Jan. 2, 1857; Frank B. is with his father in business, and is J. P.; Clarence T. is a harness maker; William C. is an attorney in this city, and City Attorney.

Higgins, Wm., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Hall, David, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Haroldson, A., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Hall, L. D., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Hammond, M. J., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

HOWARD, LEONARD, P. O. St. Charles; Rep; Spir.; was born in Sharron, Windsor Co., Vt., August 13, 1805, and came at an early day to Buffalo, N. Y., and engaged in building and merchandising; he set the first stone column in Buffalo and in Chicago, Ill.; and was for several years an extensive contractor in the former city; he moved to Chicago in the Spring of 1836, and in March, 1837, came to St. Charles; he engaged in building, and was always an active politician; he served several years as J. P., and also for some time as Probate Justice; he was Deputy Sheriff, and has been for eleven years Township Assessor. He married Caroline E. Smith, January 27, 1828, in Westfield, N. Y.; she was born May 18, 1811, in Chautauqua Co., N. Y.;

they have had fourteen children, five having died young—Sarah A., Joseph T., Bryant B., Celia M., Walter H., Julia, Aaron, Pamela and Florence; Walter H. died Aug. 9, 1857; Sarah A. married Geo. C. Bunker January 27, 1848. He went in Col. Harding's Regt. to Mexico, and was in the battle of Buena Vista, and was one of twenty who cut his way through the enemies lines and was saved; he also was in our rebellion in the 52d Ill. Regt., as musician, and contracted a disease of which he died Nov. 23, 1868.

Hollingshead, Mary, P. O. St. Charles.

Hess, H. H., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Halfin, Thomas, P. O. St. Charles.

Hinckley Henry, lab; P. O. St. Charles.

Herbert, A., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Hawkins, E. W., far; P. O. St. Charles.

Hazelhunt, James, P. O. St. Charles.

ISRUELSON, HELEN; P. O. St. Charles.

Irwin, W. C.; P. O. St. Charles.

JOHNSON, SAMUEL, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Johnson, Andrew, lab.; P. O. St. Charles.

Johnson, Israel, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Johnson, Nelson, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Johnson, E., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Johnson, Gust., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

JONES, STEVENS S., (deceased) attorney; Rep.; Spir.; was born in Barry, Vt., July 23, 1813; received an academic education, and studied law with Judge Smith, of Barry, and was admitted to the bar in Montpelier; he came to St. Charles in June, 1838, and opened a law office; and, the next year, built the dwelling in which his family now lives; he took an active part in all the enterprises of the town, and was elected Vice President of the projected Chicago, St. Charles, & Mississippi Air-Line Railroad; twelve years ago he left his law business, and engaged in the publication of the *Religio-Philosophical Journal*, in Chicago; he married Lovinia M. Camp, of Hyde Park, May, 1838; she was born in Stow, Vt., Nov. 15, 1815; they have three children—Mary E., born Nov. 11, 1839; Geo. H., Jan. 17, 1844; Clarie M., Feb. 8, 1851; Geo. H. died Sept. 25, 1866.

Johnson, N. P., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Johnson, J. A., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Joy, O. C., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Judd, G. H., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Johnson, A. P., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

JOY, NAPOLEON C., farmer and dairyman; Sec. 15; P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; Meth.; was born in Putney, Vt., Sept. 9, 1827, and came to St. Charles June, 1845; and worked for C. Hale one year and Geo. Minard three years; then, in 1850, with Dick Wheeler and J. Campbell, he went to California; he mined, furnishing them on shares; he returned in 1851, and bought a portion of his present farm of 127 acres, valued at \$75 per acre; he has invested considerable in lands in Kansas and Iowa; he married Cornelia A. Hale, Jan. 1, 1852; she was born in Toronto, Can., Jan. 25, 1832; they have six children—Olen C., born Feb. 26, 1853; Fletcher L., Oct. 28, 1856; Ida J., Jan. 11, 1859; Adin W., Dec. 20, 1863; Lincoln, April 22, 1865; Nora C., Feb. 14, 1871; Olen C. married Flora A. Wheeler, Feb. 24, 1875.

Juckett, Leonard, mason; P. O. St. Charles.

Jennings, P. G., mer.; P. O. St. Charles.

Jones, Mrs. S. S., P. O. St. Charles.

Johnson, John, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Johnson, Christian, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Johnson, Mary, P. O. St. Charles.

Johnson, W., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Judd, John, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Jones, H. A., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

KENNEDAY, MARY, P. O. St. Charles.

Kavenaugh, Jas., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Kaiser, Chris., P. O. Sycamore.

Kilmer, E. H., P. O. St. Charles.

Kimble, C. A., artist; P. O. St. Charles.

Keiser, A. C., P. O. St. Charles.

Kayner, D. P., phys.; P. O. St. Charles.

Kelley, A. W., P. O. St. Charles.

Kingsbury, Luke, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

KEATING, JOHN, farmer and one of the largest dairymen in the county; P. O. Elgin; owns 446 acres of most beautiful land, mostly on Sec. 3, St. Charles; has very substantial buildings and improvements, and is one of the best educated and intelligent men in the county. He has acquired a liberal education, and is one of the most advanced farmers in this section of the State.

KELLEY, A. D., farmer and dairyman; P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; Cong.; owns 160 acres of land on Sec. 33, valued at \$70 per acre; born in Du Page Co., Jan. 30, 1849, and came to St. Charles in the Fall of 1872; married Callie A. Smith Nov. 13, 1872; she was born in Walworth Co., Wis., in April, 1851; they have one son, Albert Raymond, born Jan. 8, 1877. Daniel Kelley (the father) was born in Rutland, Vt., in 1818, and came to Du Page Co. in 1844, located and bought 1,400 acres of land; he sometimes keeps two thousand or more fine Merino sheep. Mr. K. is one of the largest farmers of this section; married Elizabeth Huls, of St. Charles, in March, 1846; their children are A. D., C. B., Ella M., Judson A., Sherman J., Jennie S., Geo. W., Edson and Benjamin F.

KERSHAW, A., JR., far. and breeder of fine short horns; P. O. Wayne; Dem.; belongs to the little church around the corner; born in Pawtucket, R. I., July 10, 1821, and came to St. Charles in 1838; owns 340 acres of land in St. Charles and Wayne; lives on Sec. 5, in Wayne, Du Page Co.; settled on his farm in St. Charles, and lived there until 1851, when he moved on the place in Wayne; married Althea J. Whipple, widow of the late Dr. Thos. Whipple, in 1850; she was born in Oneida Co., N. Y.; she had two children by Dr. W.—Herbert and Charles; she married the Doctor in Cattaraugus Co., N. Y., April 20, 1826; they came to St. Charles in December, 1835; she died July 4, 1873; they made the claim of the farm now owned by Mr. C. I. Minard, on Sec. 12; Dr. W. was the first physician in St. Charles and vicinity. A. Kershaw, Sr., was smuggled over from England in 1818, when the laws of England prohibited mechanics from coming to this country; he settled in New Providence, in the manufacturing business; he came to St. Charles with his family in 1838. Mr. K., Jr., has been an extensive breeder of short horns (not speculator) since 1855, and is one of the most reliable and extensive breeders in Northern Illinois.

Kennedy, B., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.
Kirk, John, laborer; P. O. St. Charles.

Kelley, A. D., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.
Kirk, Jos., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.
Kimble, John, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.
Kelly John, lab.; P. O. St. Charles.

Kelley, R. H. farmer; P. O. St. Charles.
KLINK, LOUIS, P. O. St. Charles; carriage manufacturer; Rep.; Meth.; was born in Wurtemberg, Germany, Feb. 1, 1828, and came to Schoharie Co., N. Y., in 1852, and to St. Charles in 1856; he married Catharine Allen Aug. 28, 1858; they had two children—Loui, born Aug. 13, 1859; Laura May, born May 24, 1862; Mr. C. has been very successful in his business, and has built up a very fine trade.

Kimble, C., P. O. St. Charles.

LAWSON, PETER, P. O. St. Charles.

Lee, S., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Lock, A. N., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Lincoln, C. T., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Lincoln, D., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Lock, C. W., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Laughlin, A. B., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Long, David, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

LINCOLN, C. T. & D., P. O. St. Charles; farmers and dairymen; Rep.; Cong.; have 455 acres of land on Sec. 30, valued at \$50 per acre; it has several very fine springs; C. T. was born in Cattaraugus Co., N. Y., Jan. 5, 1840, and came to St. Charles in 1846 with his father; he married Abbie Pike in May, 1875; Daniel Lincoln, the father, was born in Grafton, Vt., in 1804, and came to Cattaraugus Co., N. Y., in 1831, and to St. Charles in 1846, and bought where his sons now live; he died May 24, 1859; he married Nancy Smith; she died Dec. 25, 1873; they had seven children; one died young; Moses M., died in the army in 1863; those living are Frances J., Captain T., Zelolus, Adaline, Daniel; Mr. L. was always very much interested in schools and education; Frances married Hiram Brown, of DuPage Co.; Adaline married A. Chafee; Daniel is single.

Lees, S. H., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Linstrom, Jno., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Lumgren, Peter, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Lock, Miss M., milliner; P. O. St. Charles.

Lake, R. H., P. O. St. Charles.

Louders, Mrs. H., P. O. Geneva.

LAUFLIN, J. M., P. O. Wayne, Du Page Co.; farmer and dairyman; Rep.; Free Meth.; has 520 acres of land, on Sec. 19, in Wayne; was born in West Virginia, May 20, 1807, and came to this State May 8, 1834, and settled in South Elgin, and made his first claim; afterward sold it and came to this place in the Fall of 1836; he married Emily Garton in January, 1835; she was born in Kentucky, Nov. 14, 1812; they have had six children; three died in infancy; Eddie T., Riley, adopted grandson, Evaline M., Alister G., Albert B.; Evaline died in 1862; Alister G. died Oct. 15, 1874; Mr. L. came here poor, but has made a large property by hard work and good management; he was a hearty supporter of Dr. Redfield, and was the leading man with the Doctor in forming the first Free Methodist Church in the West; the first conference of the new church was formed in his front yard in 1861.

Lee, O., laborer; P. O. St. Charles.

Lewis, J. K., P. O. St. Charles.

Lenhart, J. P., laborer; P. O. St. Charles.

LaDue, W. I., laborer; P. O. St. Charles.

Lake, C. A., mason; P. O. St. Charles.

Lake, W. A., mason; P. O. St. Charles.

Linsey, E. E., butcher; P. O. St. Charles.

Long, John, mason; P. O. St. Charles.

Lawler, Michael, P. O. St. Charles.

Lungreen, Chas., clerk; P. O. St. Charles.

Lloyd, W. B., mer.; P. O. St. Charles.

Loker, J. E., artist; P. O. St. Charles.

Lord, E. W., laborer; P. O. St. Charles.

Lloyd, J. N., lumber; P. O. St. Charles.

Lungreen, P. A., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Lungreen, August, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Lord, Mrs. R. P., P. O. St. Charles.

Linstrum, S. P., P. O. St. Charles.

Lloyd, Emma, P. O. St. Charles.

MURPHY, DANIEL, P. O. St. Charles.

Murphy, C. O. D., carp.; P. O. St. Charles.

McFarland, Mrs. James, P. O. St. Charles.

McWayne, Mrs., P. O. St. Charles.

McKeever, Jno., tailor; P. O. St. Charles.

Michael, C. M., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

McCoy, Jno., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Myers, Geo., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Mungerson, C., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Minard, Mary, P. O. St. Charles.

Mark, Laura, P. O. St. Charles.

Morrison, W. W., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

MATTESON, WM. M., farmer and dairyman; P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; Ind.; was born in Jefferson Co., N. Y., Nov. 18, 1832, and came to St. Charles with his father, in 1842, and bought 127 acres on Secs. 25 and 26, now valued at \$10,700. He married Nancy Wheeler March 18, 1854, who died in 1867, leaving three children—Elizabeth J., Wm. H. and Frank L.; he married Hannah M. Wheeler, for his second wife, Aug. 8, 1869; she was born in Schenectady, N. Y., Nov. 5, 1849; they have two children—Harris J. and Lewis M. Jonathan Matteson, father of the above, was born in R. I. Sept. 1, 1791; married Elizabeth Simmons in 1814, and came to St. Charles in 1842, and died Dec. 23, 1863; he settled on the farm his son now owns; they had ten children (two died young)—Phoebe M., Harry C., Mary, Sally Ann, Olive M., Wm. M., Ruth and Charity A.; Sally A. died July 1, 1853; Wm. M. has, by his industry and management, made the old home a pleasant one.

Mead, Jno., carp.; P. O. St. Charles.

McWilliams, David, Sr., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Murphy, T., lab; P. O. St. Charles.

Murphy, M., lab; P. O. St. Charles.

Miller, Michael, far; P. O. St. Charles.

McWILLIAMS, WILLIAM, P;

O. St. Charles, farmer and stock raiser. has 112 acres of land on Sec. 30, worth \$50.00 per acre. He was born near Belfast, Ireland, Dec. 21, 1836, and came to St. Charles with his father's family Sept. 4, 1851; his father, James McWilliams, settled on the Lincoln Bros'. farm, and remained on it for seven years, when he sold it and bought the farm where his son William now lives. He was born in Belfast in 1798, and married Elizabeth Patterson in that place in 1826; she was born in 1803; they have six children—David, born April, 1831; Ellen E., born in 1833; Margaret (wife of Dr. Crawford), born 1834; James, born 1836; Elizabeth, in 1839. Mr. J. McWilliams died Jan. 18, 1859. Since his death Mrs. McWilliams has kept house for her son William, and is unusually smart for one of her age.

McGowan, Harrison, far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

McWilliams, David, Jr., harness maker ; P. O. St. Charles.

Marsden, Thos., mach. ; P. O. St. Charles.

Murphy, Thos., saloon ; P. O. St. Charles.

Millington, Mrs. M. A., P. O. St. Charles.

Merritt, T. H. S., P. O. St. Charles.

MILLER, CHARLES, P. O. St. Charles ; paper manufacturer ; Rep., and Cong ; was born in Scotland, Jan. 3, 1842. Married May E. Tuck, Nov. 8, 1870 ; she was born in Brentwood, N. H., May 16, 1850 ; they had four children—May, Charlie, Jessie and Fred. He is the present Supervisor, and is one of the capable men of the town ; his father, James Miller, came here from Scotland in 1842 with his wife and six children, and settled on the west side of the river, where his son Charles now lives ; Mr. Miller had a blacksmith shop over the east side ; his honesty in dealing and work was proverbial, Honest Old Uncle Miller being the title he was everywhere known by. One son died the first Summer he came ; two children were born to them in this country : James Miller, born in 1796 ; Isabella, his wife, born in 1802. The children are Alexander, Margaret, James, George, Helen, Charles, Jennie L., Leslie H.

Muth, Henry, bl'ksmith ; P. O. St. Charles.

Marsden, Jas., tinner ; P. O. St. Charles.

Marsden, Mrs. E., P. O. St. Charles.

Melville, David, baker ; P. O. St. Charles.

Mallory, D. B., hotel ; P. O. St. Charles.

Morgan, H. A., P. O. St. Charles.

McMaster, Byron, P. O. St. Charles.

MINARD, HON. IRA, deceased ; was born in Rockingham, Windham Co., Vt., Nov. 11, 1809, where he lived until 19 years of age ; he then spent five years in Bellows Falls and Proctorsville ; he left the latter place Aug. 19, 1833, in company with his brother George, Dean and Reed Ferson, for Illinois, and arrived in Chicago Sept 3 ; they remained there for some two weeks, and bought the southeast corner lot of Lake and Clark streets for \$400, and three of the party returned to Vermont, leaving Dean Ferson here ; the next Summer, Mr. Minard married, and, in company with his wife and Reed Ferson, they came to Chicago. Mr. M. and John Murphy rented a hotel and at once set up in business ; thirteen months after

the purchase of the lot by the four, Mr. Minard bought out the three shares, and paid \$1,276, and in a few months after he sold the lot for \$7,500 ; this gave him his first start. In Dec. following (1834), Mr. and Mrs. Minard left Chicago and came to St. Charles and remained through the Winter in a log house with Dean Ferson, and in early Spring, 1835, he located a claim in Elgin, near where the Asylum now stands, and worked very hard for a year improving it. Early in the Spring of 1836, Mr. Reed Ferson and Ira Minard purchased the land where East St. Charles now stands, built the dam, bridge, store and mill, and, by their energy, at once made improvements which at once stamped the place as being the foremost town on Fox River. In Aug., 1842, Mr. Minard was elected to the State Senate for four years ; he gained the reputation then of being a clear thinker and one of the ablest financiers in the State. His own immense business prevented him from longer serving the State in that capacity ; while in the Legislature, he was one of the foremost supporters of the Michigan canal through the State, and perhaps no one did more to advance its interests than he. He married Sarah P. Wheeler in Cavendish, Vt., in 1834 ; they have three children—Helen, Geo. W. and Charles I. ; Mr. Minard died Jan. 22, 1876, leaving his large estate to his three children.

Marvin, J. M., P. O. St. Charles.

McWayne, A. R., P. O. St. Charles.

McConkey, David, P. O. St. Charles.

Miller, Alburtis, P. O. St. Charles.

Mattison, H. W., far. ; P. O. St. Charles.

Mungerson, John, far. ; P. O. St. Charles.

MINARD, GEORGE W., P. O. St. Charles ; he is the oldest son of the late Ira Minard ; was born in St. Charles May 2, 1845 ; Dem. ; he married Lizzie A. Ward Jan. 22, 1873 ; she was born in this county Oct. 3, 1851 ; they have two children—Ira, born Feb. 14, 1874 ; Nora, born Oct. 26, 1875 ; has been for several years largely engaged in the lumber trade in Chicago ; he has recently returned to this city, and is engaged in improving his large farm and city property by building and repairing.

Metcalf, Richard, boots and shoes; P. O. St. Charles.

Munn, William, carp.; P. O. St. Charles.

McFarlan, Felix, lab.; P. O. St. Charles.

McCauley, Dennis, stone quarry; P. O. St. Charles.

Mahon, Michael, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Matteson, W. P., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Moore, D. B., blksmith.; P. O. St. Charles.

Murphy, Michael, lab.; P. O. St. Charles.

McCabe, Thomas, lab.; P. O. St. Charles.

Moore, W. J., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Minkler, Jacob, lab.; P. O. St. Charles.

Mitchell, Geo., P. O. St. Charles.

MARSHALL, WILLIAM, far.; Sec. 19; P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; Free Meth.; has 200 acres of land, valued at \$12,000; he was born in England, April 21, 1821, and came to St. Charles in 1848; he engaged in the blacksmith business, a trade he had thoroughly learned in England; he continued in the business for four years, when his health failed; he left it, and rented a farm for two years, then bought where he now lives; everything about his buildings and farm indicate that he has learned his trade well; he married Sarah Harpham in England, March, 1843; she was born March 21, 1820; they have had eight children (three of them having died in their infancy)—Jane, Mary Ann, Elizabeth, Adaliza and William Henry; the daughters have all married farmers, and live near their father's; Mr. M.'s prosperity and love of our country induced his father's large family to come to America; they all have settled near by, and are prospering finely.

Morgan, A. D., mer.; P. O. St. Charles.

MINARD, CHARLES I., lumber yard and far.; Sec. 12; is a Democrat and Liberal; he is the second son of the late Ira Minard; was born May 5, 1850, in St. Charles; he married Abbie M. Ward, March 29, 1876; she was born in this Co., Oct. 31, 1853; he is largely engaged in the lumber trade, and has a very fine farm of 363 acres, on which he is now building one of the best barns in the State, and otherwise improving the farm; he is one of the principal stockholders in the Kane Co. Nat. Bank, and also interested in some of the best property in the city.

Michael, I. P., P. O. St. Charles.

Minard, Mahlon, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Marsh, Saml., lab.; P. O. St. Charles.

Marsden, Robt., tinner; P. O. St. Charles.

McNevins, Anthony, laborer; P. O. St. Charles.

Moore, Mrs. W. F.; P. O. St. Charles.

McWilliams, Wm., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Millington, D., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Miller, James, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

MARCH, GEORGE B., far. and dairyman; Sec. 17; P. O. St. Charles; Ind.; Meth.; has 173 acres of land, with first class buildings and improvements; value, \$12,000; he was born in Walpole, N. H., Aug. 2, 1835, and came to this State, Aug. 1857, and settled on the farm where he now lives. He married Marian L. Minard, June 1, 1859; she was born Feb. 10, 1841, on farm where she now lives; they have three children—George Leslie, born Oct. 23, 1860; John Hubert, born Jan. 14, 1866; William Elmore, born Dec. 29, 1869.

Morgan, H. A., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

McPartlin, Kate, P. O. St. Charles.

Muehall, John, lab.; P. O. St. Charles.

McGuire, Thomas, shoemaker; P. O. St. Charles.

Moore, W. F., P. O. St. Charles.

McDonald, R. J., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Metcalf, J. M., P. O. St. Charles.

Miller, Gustin, P. O. St. Charles.

NEWMAN, ADOLPH, P. O. St. Charles.

Nicholson, John, P. O. St. Charles.

Nelson, Peter, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Norman, G. P., P. O. St. Charles.

NICHOLS, A. J., farmer, dairyman, Constable, Deputy Sheriff and auctioneer; Sec. 33; P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; Bapt.; was born in Bolton, Vt., March 24, 1832, came to this State in the Fall of 1855, and settled on the place where he now lives; he has 86 acres of land, very finely improved, and very fine buildings and is valued at \$100 per acre. He married Frances E. Turnbull, in St. Charles, Nov. 26, 1857; she was born in Vermont, March 17, 1840, and died May 10, 1877, leaving four children—Elisha Kent, born July 7, 1859; Charles Judson, born Nov. 26, 1863; Edna Z., born Aug. 22, 1871, and John Burton, born May 10, 1874.

Nelson, L. P., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.
 Nord, Nelson, mason; P. O. St. Charles.
 Norman, Gus., P. O. St. Charles.
 Norton, George, far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Nord, August, mason; P. O. St. Charles.
 Newman, Osman, P. O. St. Charles.
 Nelson, Mrs. E. M., P. O. St. Charles.

OSGOOD, W. F., merchant; P. O. St. Charles.

Ostrom, Chas., P. O. St. Charles.
 Osgood, G. W., clerk; P. O. St. Charles.
 Oleson, Jno., P. O. St. Charles.
 O'Brien, Jerry, far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 O'Brien, Mrs. Mary, P. O. St. Charles.
 Oleson, Peter, P. O. St. Charles.

PRATT, PETER, far.; P. O. Wayne.

Ponsonby, David, far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Peterson, Godfrey, P. O. St. Charles.
 Parquett, Mrs. J., P. O. St. Charles.
 Pemberton, S. S., P. O. Wayne.

PRESCOTT, R. S., was formerly in the lumber trade here and in Chicago, also has been a woolen manufacturer; P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; Bapt.; was born in Washington Co., Vt., June 5, 1802, and came to Genesee Co., N. Y., in 1818, and engaged in the wool carding business until 1845, when he came to this place in 1848, stopping a while in De Kalb Co.; he has been a hard working Whig and Republican ever since. He married Mary Baker in 1821, in Middlebury, N. Y.; she was born in Pa. Nov. 18, 1803; they have had eleven children, five now living—Urbain B., Rezine E., Loduskia J., Luana M. and Viletta M.; he has held offices of trust, and discharged their duties well.

Pruden, Laura, P. O. St. Charles.
 Parks, C. K., P. O. St. Charles.
 Pike, Cornelius, wagon maker; P. O. St. Charles.
 Palmer, C. S., P. O. St. Charles.
 Peterson, N., P. O. St. Charles.
 Palmer, Mrs. C. A., P. O. St. Charles.
 Powers, James, P. O. St. Charles.
 Parker, J. W., furniture; P. O. St. Charles.
 Perry, B., carpenter; P. O. St. Charles.
 Peterson, S. C., ptr.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Parquett, Peter, lab.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Payne, Mrs. Mary, P. O. St. Charles.
 Powers, E. A., butcher; P. O. St. Charles.
 Perkins, B. P., P. O. St. Charles.
 Powers, W. R., lab.; P. O. St. Charles.

PLUMMER, GEORGE, far., Sec. 29; P. O. St. Charles; Dem.; has 116 acres of fine land, valued at \$70 per acre; he was born in Yates Co., N. Y., March 28, 1816, and came to this county in 1844. He married Fanny Bartholomew in 1849; she was born in Yates Co., N. Y., in 1821; they have one daughter—Mary Ann, born Aug. 5, 1856; Mr. P. has one of the best improved farms in this section.

Parquett, Mitchell, mason; P. O. St. Charles.

Patty, Mrs. Sarah, P. O. St. Charles.

PHILLIP, E. P., dealer in all kinds of agricultural implements; P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; Meth.; was born in Wales Nov. 27, 1846, and came to this place in 1852, and was adopted by Wm. Madison, who has ever been a kind guardian to him; he enlisted in the 17th Cavalry in 1864; remained until the close of the war; in 1872, he engaged in the agricultural implement business, being a successor of J. D. Stone. He married Hannah Belgra Jan. 29, 1870; she was born in Canada July 12, 1847; they have an adopted child—Jennie.

Pierce, C. E., marble dealer; P. O. St. Charles.

Peterson, C. G., far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Peterson, J. F., far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Peterson, Alex., far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Peterson, Peter A., far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Peterson, Fred., lab.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Peterson, John A., far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Peterson, John, far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Peterson, Andrew, far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Peterson, Allen, far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Peterson, Aug., far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Parsonby, Mary, far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Pratt, Margaret, P. O. St. Charles.
 Parker, Margaret J., P. O. St. Charles.
 Perkins, Betsey; P. O. St. Charles.

QUINN, JOHN, harness mkr.; P. O. Batavia.

Quackenbush, A., P. O. St. Charles.

Quinn, Joseph, P. O. St. Charles.

RIARDON, MARY, P. O. St. Charles.

Roach, N. T., dry goods; P. O. St. Charles.

Russell, J. H., cheese factory; P. O. St. Charles.

Ralph, Hiram, P. O. St. Charles.

ROCKWELL, H. T., P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; Cong.; was born in Orleans Co., N. Y., Sept. 13, 1835, and came to this State in 1855, and engaged in farming and teaching for ten years; he then went into the insurance business, which he has followed ever since; in 1872 he was elected Clerk and Recorder of Kane Co., and held it for four years; he has held the office of Alderman, Assessor, and other important positions in the city and tp., always discharging these duties with ability and satisfaction to all. He married Mary A. Stone April, 1860; she was born in St. Charles Nov., 1843, and died April 2, 1871; he married Emma E. Osgood, Jan., 1872, for his second wife; she was born in Bellows Falls, Vt., July, 1846; they have two children—Frank, born Nov. 30, 1861, and Hattie, born Nov. 1866.

Richmond, Stephen, carp.; P. O. St. Charles.

Rix, Robert, lab.; P. O. Charles.

Ross, Fred; P. O. St. Charles.

Russell, C.; P. O. St. Charles.

RYAN, T. E. (son of Terance Ryan), P. O. St. Charles; attorney, etc.; Rep.; Cong.; was born in the County of Limerick, Ireland, June 27, 1847, and came, with his parents, to the U. S., in the spring of 1848 and settled in Elgin, and remained there until 1858, when he came to St. Charles; in 1867 he engaged in school teaching and taught in South Elgin two years; then commenced the study of law in 1868, while teaching, and continued its study with Hon. W. D. Barry until 1870, when he was admitted to the bar; he then continued with Judge B., until April, 1876, when he opened an office of his own. He married Emily Millington, the second daughter of the late Darwin Millington, May 14, 1874; they have one child—George Stanley, born July 23, 1877; Mr. Millington assisted his father in building the flouring-mill, West Side, and together they owned much property on the West Side.

Reichmann, Fred., P. O. St. Charles.

Rosean, Oscar, far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Rosean, Aug., P. O. St. Charles.

Ruddock, Chas., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Rosean, Peter, P. O. St. Charles.

ROWLAND, SAMUEL, P. O. Elgin; far., dairyman and general stock raiser; Ind.; Unitar.; he was born in Middletown, by Youghreave, Eng., June 3, 1823; he came to this country and State in August, 1868; John Henry, his son, owns the farm of 183 acres, on Sec. 4, and one of the best in town, and well improved, valued at \$75 per acre; they live and work the farm together. Samuel R. married Annie Wilson, of Enthorpe, near Market Wighton, Yorkshire, Eng., in 1851; she died in 1854, leaving one son, John Henry, who was born Dec. 30, 1853; he married for present wife Mary Ann Pacey, in Nottingham, Eng., in September, 1864; they have one child, Lelinz Pacey, born at Sterling, Ill., Aug. 19, 1870.

Richmond, Ellen M., P. O. St. Charles.

Roach, Mary E., P. O. St. Charles.

S **SMITH, MYRON, P. O. St. Charles.**

States, Henry, P. O. St. Charles.

Scott, Eleanor, P. O. St. Charles.

Sill, Hattie H., P. O. St. Charles.

SILL, A. V., P. O. St. Charles; Postmaster; Rep.; Ind.; was born in Tioga Co., N. Y., April 29, 1808, and came to St. Charles in 1842, and engaged in the gunsmith business, and continued in it until 1852; in 1843 he was elected Justice of the Peace, and held the office (except five years) until 1873, when he resigned; in 1845 he was elected Probate Justice, and held it until it was abandoned; he was in California from 1852 to 1857; in 1861 he was appointed Postmaster by President Lincoln, and has held it ever since; he was appointed Notary Public in 1860, and still acts as such; he has also held various town offices; he took a very active part in raising recruits for the army, and sent three sons; he married Angeline Vanvoert in December, 1828; they have six children—George, Robert, Henry, Julian, Elida and Sarah.

Sinclair, S. G., P. O. St. Charles.

Sill, H. M., dentist; P. O. St. Charles.

Scott, Geo. W., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

Stowell, Hamilton, far.; St. Charles.

Stader, M., far., P. O. St. Charles.

Steger, E. S., far., P. P. St. Charles.

Stryker, C. H., P. O. St. Charles.

Smith, L. M., P. O. St. Charles.

Strader, L., laborer; P. O. St. Charles.
 Smith, L. G., P. O. St. Charles.
 Strader, Maria, P. O. St. Charles.
 Stone, John, butcher; P. O. St. Charles.
 Strader, J. C., clerk; P. O. St. Charles.
 Smith, Fred, Constable; P. O. St. Charles.
 Stewart, W. A., harness maker; P. O. St. Charles.

Schults, Fred, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.
 Sinclair, Jane, P. O. St. Charles.
 Sill, G. N., Road Comr.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Sanguist, Jehn, P. O. St. Charles.

SWITZER, MARTIN, P. O. St. Charles; manufacturer of fine butter and cheese, and is doing business at 157 S. Water St., Chicago, as com. merchant, firm of Curtis & Switzer, jobbers of cheese, etc.; is a Rep.; Meth.; was born in Canada West, March 30, 1831, and came to St. Charles in the Fall of 1848, and bought 300 acres of land in Sec. 10, valued at \$50 per acre, which he still owns, but resides in St. Charles. He married Mary Ann Towner in Oct., 1855; she was born in Canada East, May 5, 1836; they have five children (lost two)—Viola S., born March, 1861; Hattie B., born 1863; Willie R., born 1865; Jo. Fred, born 1870; Lizzie May, born 1872; Mr. S. has been a very successful farmer, and as a business man very few have succeeded as well; Mr. S. was one of the first who built a cheese factory in the county.

Shibley, A. H., butcher; P. O. St. Charles.
 Scott, William, P. O. St. Charles.
 Swanson, Joseph, lab.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Scott, John, P. O. St. Charles.
 Smith, W. H., P. O. St. Charles.
 Sunderland, W. R., P. O. St. Charles.
 Schoeberg, Chas. P. O. St. Charles.
 Switzer, Chas., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.
 Switzer, Saml., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.
 Smart, W. H., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.
 Shaver, C. T., farmer. P. O. St. Charles.
 Stenberg, A., P. O. St. Charles.
 Sharp, Eli, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.
 Samuelson, G., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

THOMPSON, C. O., carp.; P. O. St. Charles.

Trumbull, J. P., blacksmith; P. O. St. Charles.

Turbert, Jane, P. O. St. Charles.
 Treest, Henry, P. O. St. Charles.
 Tefft, E. A., P. O. St. Charles.
 Taylor, A. S., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

TYLER, IRA D., farmer; P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; Free Meth.; born in Cayuga Co., N. Y., April 22, 1810; has 137 acres of land on Sec. 35, worth \$10,000; came to this State in 1835, and settled where he now lives, having \$12.50 left; married Aurelia Mixer, in Victor, N. Y., in 1832, where she was born in 1815; they have five children—Warren T., Hannah, George, Lucinda, Daniel and John; George died of wds. received at the siege of Vicksburg; he was in Co. E, 127th Ill. Vol. Inf. The first school in the town was kept in Warren Tyler's log house, Ira D.'s father, by Prudence Ward. He drew the first load of merchandise into St. Charles, for the first store of Minard & Ferson.

Tefft, F. W., farmer; P. O. Batavia.

Turner, W., carp.; P. O. St. Charles.

Trumbull, C. J., P. O. St. Charles.

UNDERWOOD, E., miller; P. O. St. Charles.

VAN PATTEN, J. S., banker; P. O. St. Charles.

Van Ame, Rachel, P. O. St. Charles.

Veeder, Jacob, P. O. St. Charles.

Vinike, Benj., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

WIDDEN, G., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

Wheeler, J. T., P. O. St. Charles.

Way, Mary E., P. O. St. Charles.

Whipple, Mrs. David, P. O. St. Charles.

Wightson, Edw., far.; P. O. St. Charles.

WING, CLINTON D., Mayor of the city; P. O. St. Charles; Dem.; was born in St. Johnsbury, Vt., Feb. 4, 1835, and moved with his parents to St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., and remained there until 1857, and came to this county in 1862, and engaged in the real estate business and farming, and has been one of the successful men of the times; since the death of Mr. Ira Minard, in 1876, he has been engaged in the settlement of that large estate; in 1872, he was elected President of the Village Council, and is now the Mayor of the city; in an eminent degree, he has the confidence of the people in his official as well as his business duties. He was married Sept. 20, 1857, to Margaret Wine, in N. Y.; she was born in Masseno, N. Y., April 13, 1835; have five children—Hortense M., Clinton D., Jr., Hattie A., Minnie and Fred. M.

Ward, Julia, P. O. St. Charles.
 Wiswell, A. R., P. O. St. Charles.
 Willard, Z., P. O. St. Charles.
 Welch, Geo., mason; P. O. St. Charles.
 Weed, E., mer.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Weed, E. & Co., mer.; P. O. St. Charles.

WHEELER, HIRAM N., editor and publisher of the *St. Charles Leader*; Democrat and Free Thinker; was born in St. Charles, March 30, 1844, and married Maria L. Ferson, Nov., 1865; she was born Sept. 15, 1844; they have three children—James Dean, born Sept. 29, 1867; John R., March 6, 1869; Mary M., Feb. 27, 1871; Mr. W. was brought up a farmer; went into the army, and joined the 52d Ill. Infantry in 1861, and served for three months; after his return he was engaged in an enterprise by which he traveled for four years through the South; in 1873, he purchased the *St. Charles Leader*, which he found without material credit or patronage, and today he has the pleasure of knowing that he has a very large subscription list, and that it is one of the most prosperous and influential papers in the county.

Welton, Anna, P. O. St. Charles.
 Ward, J. L., mach.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Webb, John, lab.; P. O. St. Charles.

WRIGHT, S. N., far., dairyman and breeder of Holstein stock and pure Chester-white hogs; P. O. South Elgin; is a Rep. and Quaker; has 120 acres of land of the finest quality, valued at \$75 per acre; he came to this State in 1856; he married Anna Maria Haines, of N. J., June 20, 1850, in the City of Washington, D. C.; she was born Nov. 14, 1827; they have six children—D. Emerson, George H., Abbie R., Chas. S., Sarah E., Samuel G.; he is doing very much to improve his own stock, and the stock of the county.

White, S. S., lab.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Wisel, Andrew, mason; P. O. St. Charles.
 Ward, L. C., merchant; P. O. St. Charles.
 Wells, Jeffrey, P. O. St. Charles.
 Wheeler, Calvin, lab.; P. O. Charles.
 Wheeler, N. S. P. O. St. Charles.
 Westholm, G., tailor; P. O. St. Charles.
 Wiswell, W., P. O. St. Charles.
 Wheeler, J. B. T., far.; P. O. St. Charles.
 Wheeler, Frank, P. O. St. Charles.
 Wright, Robert, P. O. St. Charles.

WHEELER, AMOS R., far.; Sec. 16; P. O. Benona, Oceana Co., Mich.; was born in Cavendish, Vt., Sept. 12, 1815, and came to St. Charles, in July, 1835, and went to work for Ira Minard on his Elgin claim; in 1836 he made a claim of 220 acres, and improved it; in April, 1850, Mr. Minard furnished him and N. C. Joy money to go to California; they remained two years and returned, and paid Mr. M. per agreement; he and his brother, Adams, built a warehouse in 1850, and afterward sold it to the Free Methodists, which they have furnished for their church; in Jan., 1853, he went to Michigan with J. G. Campbell, and bought a saw-mill, and 1,300 acres of pine land of the present Senator Ferry, and went to work making improvements and manufacturing lumber; Mr. Campbell sold his share in 1861 to Ira Minard, when he, Mr. M., bought additional lands amounting to 5,000 acres; since that time Mr. W. has managed that large business for himself and Mr. M.; in 1856, he assisted in organizing the Co. of Oceana, and was elected its first Co. Treasurer; in 1873, he was elected to the State Legislature, and re-elected in 1875; he has had the sole charge of his own and Mr. Minard's large lumbering business for twenty-five years, and in every way has been successful; since the death of Mr. M. the large property and business in Michigan was settled, and one-third of the whole decreed to Mr. Wheeler; G. W. and Chas. have bought their sister's interests, and now is owned equally and carried on by Wheeler and Minard Bros. He married Phidelia Randall, Jan. 19, 1840; she was the daughter of V. Randall, who came here in 1837 from Tompkins Co., N. Y., and built the first blacksmith shop in St. Charles; they have had five children; lost all except one daughter—Effie E., born Jan. 10, 1859.

WILSON, JOHN C., farmer, dairyman and feeder and dealer in stock; Sec. 31; P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; Cong.; has a farm of 535 acres of as fine land as can be found in the county, with the finest improvements for a No. 1 farm; valued at \$75 per acre; he was born in Glasgow, Scotland, Dec. 18, 1818; came

with his parents to this country in June, 1834, and settled in St. Charles, being one of the very few who were here at that time; he married Matilda Seamans, of Yates Co., N. Y., Sept. 22, 1847; she was born Oct. 22, 1823, in Yates Co.; they have seven children—Walter, John, Emery, Jennette, Albert, David and Jesse; his father, Walter Wilson, died May 15, 1866, aged 85 years, having had his home with his son, John C. Very few men in Kane Co. have a better farm and succeeded better in farming than Mr. J. C. Wilson.

WILCOX, SAMUEL L., dentist, real estate dealer, etc.; P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; Meth.; was born in Cattaraugus Co., N. Y., July 15, 1837; came to this city in the Spring of 1856, having but three dollars; he commenced to work on a farm, then teaching school and working some at his profession, until he finally adopted the real estate business for his life business, in which he has been very successful, and is now one of the wealthy men of the city; he married Lucinda S. Wheeler Sept. 1, 1859; she was born in Williamsburg, N. Y., May 8, 1837; she moved here with her father, Job Wheeler, in 1839; they have four children—William H., George W., Hattie S. and Frank L.

Winteringham, J.; far.; P. O. St. Charles.
Westman, John, P. O. St. Charles.

Wilson, Walter, farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

WHEELER, TIMOTHY A. (deceased), farmer and pioneer of St. Charles; Sec. 10; P. O. St. Charles; Rep.; Universalist; was born in Cavendish, Vt., Feb. 21, 1809; came to St. Charles in the Fall of 1835, and made a claim of 400 acres and improved it, and in 1848 sold out and moved into town and engaged in the lumber business, and remained in it until 1861; in 1867, he bought a farm of 70 acres and moved on to it; he also had a fine farm in Du Page Co. of 260 acres; he married Abbie A. Whitcomb Nov. 1, 1838; she was born in Alstead, N. H., Oct. 7, 1814; they have had seven children; lost one while young; Emery A., born Sept. 3, 1839; Bettie F., July 31, 1844; Willard W., Sept. 6, 1846; Rhoda E., Nov. 21, 1848; Flora A., March 6, 1851; Charles M., July 19, 1855; Emery died Aug. 14, 1862; she married S. S. Pierce, who was shot at Pittsburg Landing; Mrs. Wheeler died of consumption in Jan., 1867.

Wright, D. E., P. O. St. Charles.

Whiddett, George, P. O. St. Charles.

Wideen, John, P. O. St. Charles.

YOUNG, T. P., mason, P. O. St. Charles.

Young, Emory D., P. O. St. Charles.

ZABRISKIE, D. L., merchant, P. O. St. Charles.

SUGAR GROVE TOWNSHIP.

A MBROSE, CARL, far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Adsit, S., farmer; P. O. Jericho.

BLISS, J. H., farmer; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Benjamin, P., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Benjamin, L., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Benjamin, T., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Benton, Wm., farmer; P. O. Grouse.

Bolster, A. S., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Barnes, I. C., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Barnes, E., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

BROOKS, CHAUNCEY, farming and stock, Secs. 13 and 24, Sugar Grove; P. O. Aurora; 260 acres, valued at

\$60 per acre; born in Mass. Jan. 29, 1797. He married Miss Lora D. Sears; she was born June 11, 1801, in Mass., and married Sept. 19, 1821; had eight children, four living—Chauncey S., born Nov. 8, 1825; Collins, born Sept. 30, 1830; Elisha, born Jan. 11, 1833; Linus, born Aug. 27, 1840; lived in Mass. until 1844; engaged in farming and teaching school; he then came to Kane Co. and settled on his present place; has been Township and District Collector, also Highway Commissioner; came to this county in very poor circumstances.

Breese, Jno., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Banker, Paulus, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Brooks, C., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

BLISS, P. Y., farming and stock, Sec. 10, Sugar Grove; P. O. Aurora; 191 acres, valued at \$60 per acre, and 262 acres in Kaneville Tp.; Rep.; was born in Strafford, Vt., April 8, 1806. He married Miss Helen Mather Feb. 5, 1842; she was born in N. Y., July 9, 1822; they have two children; he lived in Vermont until he was eighteen, when he went to Boston; he came to Kane Co. in 1837, and settled on his present place in 1838, and engaged in the general merchandise business, and was assessed highest of any merchant in the county; he continued in business six years, when he bought 1,000 sheep and went in the stock business; he is one of the early settlers, and a much esteemed citizen.

Benjamin, J., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Benjamin, C. L., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Bornholdt, Henry, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Boyce, S., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

BROWN, MORRIS P., farming and stock, Secs. 14, 23, 13 and 24; P. O. Aurora; Rep.; Ind.; owns 340 acres, valued at \$50 per acre; born in Watertown, Jefferson Co., N. Y., July 25, 1827. He married Miss Sarah E. Hyde; she was born in Grand Isle, Vt., May 2, 1834, and married in DeKalb Co., Ill., Nov. 22, 1855; have four children—Ella G., born Sept. 6, 1856; May H., born July 26, 1863; Grace S., born July 21, 1866; Fannie R., born Jan. 30, 1872; lived in Jefferson Co. eighteen years, then came to Aurora, then to DeKalb Co.; lived there twenty years; engaged in farming; came to Kane Co. in 1865, and settled on his present place; was in poor circumstances on coming West.

Brooks, E., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Bertram, Jno., far.; P. O. Bristol Station.

Bertram, W., far.; P. O. Bristol Station.

Breese, L., far.; P. O. Aurora.

CHAPMAN, HENRY, far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Cutting, C. C., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Cole, J. E., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Calkins, Chas., far.; P. O. Jericho.

Cole, F., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Calkins, E. M., Postmaster; P. O. Jericho.

CALKINS, CYRUS, farmer. Secs. 29, 30, 31, 32; P. O. Jericho, and is present Postmaster; has 163 acres valued at \$50 per acre; Rep.; Ind.; born in Steuben Co., N. Y., Jan. 14, 1815; lived in N. Y. until 1853, then came to Kane County and settled where he now resides; his two sisters, Miss Catherine and Morriah, are living with him; they came to Kane Co. about the same time, and have lived here since.

Cooper, E. A., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Crego, Geo., far.; P. O. Grouse.

COSELMAN, AARON, Secs. 33 and 34, Sugar Grove Tp.; farming and stock; P. O. Bristol Station, Kendall Co.; has 160 acres; valued at \$50 per acre; Rep.; Free Meth.; he was born in N. Y., March 24, 1817; he married Miss Nancy Fikes; she was born in N. Y., Sept. 8, 1824, and married Feb. 9, 1843,—had 11 children; 9 living; Lydia A., Elizabeth, Mary J., Arnold, dead; Hudson, dead; Charles, Madison, Sarah M., Hiram, Elphia, Henry C. Lived in N. Y. 25 years, and then came to Kane Co. and settled in Sugar Grove; came to present place in 1848; has been School Director some six years; he had but \$8 on arriving here, and has placed himself in his present circumstances by his own industry.

Clark, Jno., far.; P. O. Kaneville.

Cattin, Frank, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Calkins, A. S., farmer; P. O. Jericho.

Calkins, E., farmer; P. O. Jericho.

Calkins, F., farmer; P. O. Jericho.

DORR, SULLIVAN, farmer; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Denney, W. H., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Dorr, Haskill, far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Dorr, Marshall, far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

DENSMORE, HARVEY B., Sec. 14, Sugar Grove Tp.; farmer; P. O. Aurora; Rep.; S. G. Christian Union; he was born in Hartford, Vt., Sept. 15, 1815; he married Miss Kate S. Densmore; she was born March 25, 1817, in N. Y., and was married Aug. 5, 1835; they have one child, Katie S., born May 14, 1836. Mrs. Densmore died in July, 1841; he has a second wife, Miss Mary J. Mather; she was born in N. Y., Sept. 10, 1815, and married April 7, 1842; they have 4

children; Charles M., born Sept. 27, 1843; Grace L., born Sept. 29, 1847; Jane S., born Dec. 9, 1852; Jessie F., May 10, 1856; he lived in Vt., until he was 15 years of age, then moved to N. Y.; in 1836 he came to Kane Co., settled where he now resides, has been Town Clerk 20 years, Justice of the Peace 16 years, also, Tp. Treasurer.

EVANS, ISAAC, far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Eglinton, J. P., far.; P. O. Jericho.

Eglinton, F. S., far.; P. O. Jericho.

Eglinton, John, far.; P. O. Jericho.

FLETCHER, O. W., farmer; P. O. Bristol Station.

Furman, J. C., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Fuller, E., farmer; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Fikes, Geo., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

GOODWIN, C. A. far.; P. O. Grouse.

Gregory, D. R.; far.; P. O. Grouse.

Green, Henry, far.; P. O. Batavia.

GILLETT, L. H., Secs. 9, 10, 21, 22, 27, 28; farmer and stock; P. O. Sugar Grove; 474 acres here and 146 in Big Rock; probable value, \$75 per acre clear of debt; also 160 in Iroquois Co., and 240 in Kansas; Ind.; Ind.; was born in Sullivan Co., N. Y., October 23, 1820; he married Miss Rachel Harmes; she was born in Sullivan Co., N. Y., October 17, 1827, and married Jan. 24, 1850; they had seven children, four living—Mary, born November 25, 1850; Arthur L., born September 27, 1857; Eddie G., born July 3, 1863; Rittie M., born July 15, 1872; Franklin, born December 31, 1853, died July 1, 1854; Theron, born May 15, 1855, died Sept., 13, 1855; Eugene S., born Sept., 2, 1861, died February 24, 1862. Lived in N. Y., until he was 30; was engaged in farming; in May, 1850 he came to Kane Co., and settled where he now resides, and has lived here since; has been Highway Commissioner some seven years, and School Director some fifteen years; he took an active interest in securing the present Normal and Industrial School to this locality, and freely donated \$500 for the purpose. Mr. Gillett came to Kane Co., in limited circumstances, and by his own exertions, aided by his far-sighted business views, has earned a handsome competence; his

income for one year being in excess of \$6,000; he has also done much to improve and beautify the country, and is at present erecting a residence that reflects credit to himself and the county in general; pleasant and unassuming; placed in a sparsely settled county with very limited means, and in a short space of time rising to his present position; ranking among the first, he goes to prove the advantages held out by the farm to energy.

Goodale, D. S., far.; P. O. Jericho.

GEORGE, BENJAMIN, Secs. 12, 13 and 24, Sugar Grove Tp.; P. O. Aurora; farming, dairy and stock; 482 acres, value \$60 per acre; Rep; Ind; born in Sharon, Vt., Nov. 30, 1825; he married Miss Marcia Robinson; she was born in Strafford, Vt., Oct. 26, 1831, and married May, 1852; no children; lived in Vermont until March, 1856; was engaged in farming, then came to Kane Co., and settled on his present place in Spring of 1858; has been School Director, and at present the Supervisor, which office he has held the past four years.

Gorden Bros., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

HARRIS, H. C., far.; P. O. Aurora.

HANKES, PETER, Sec. 13, Sugar Grove Tp.; P. O. Aurora; Dem.; Cath.; born Luxemburg, Germany, 1834; he married Miss Margaret Walter; she was born in Luxemburg, 1837; married 1858 at Aurora; seven children—George, Eva, John, Maggie, Susan, Kate, Peter; lived in Germany until 1854, when he came to United States and settled in Aurora; lived there until 1863, when he settled on his present place; owns 32 acres valued at \$60 per acre; was in poor circumstances on arriving here; has been School Director four years.

HANKES, NICHOLAS, farmer; Sec. 13; P. O. Aurora; Dem.; Cath.; born in Luxemburg. He married Catherine Kunspick; she was born in Luxemburg; married in Aurora in 1866; had six children; five living—George, Nicholas, Michael, Christian, Annie; lived in Germany until 1856, then came to the United States and settled on present place of 54 acres; value, \$50 per acre.

Harris, H. D., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Healey, Jas., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Hickey James, far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.
 Hanson, D. W., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.
 Hatch, E. F., farmer; P. O. Grouse.
 Hall, Joseph, far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

HALL, FRANK H., Prin. of Sugar Grove Normal and Industrial School; P. O. Sugar Grove; was born in Poland, Me., Feb. 9, 1841, and lived there until 1866; was principally engaged in teaching; he then moved to Earlville, La Salle Co., Ill., and lived there two years; while here he married Miss Sybil Norton; she was born in Somerset Co., Me., Aug. 13, 1843, and married July 23, 1866; have three children—Clyde H., born Aug. 15, 1867; Nina M., born March 12, 1873; Myra, born Nov. 14, 1877; in 1868 he removed to Aurora, where he was Prin. of the West Aurora School; remaining seven years, when he came to his present place; he uses original methods for instructing his pupils—the success of which is attested by the flourishing condition of the school; the Professor resides on his farm adjoining the school and carries on a dairy, which consists of a fine herd of Jerseys, in which he takes much interest and has made valuable discoveries from scientific experiments with the same; aside from his popularity as an instructor, he is also popular among the different dairy associations, before the members of which he has frequently discussed the subject of dairying.

INGHAM, JOSEPH, far.; Sec. 14; P. O. Aurora; 240 acres; value, \$50 per acre; Ind.; born on present place, Oct. 18, 1839. Married Miss Elizabeth Strickland; she was born in Aurora in 1840; married here in 1869; have three children—Samuel S., born Oct. 4, 1870; Sarah, born May 28, 1872; Millie, born Jan. 28, 1875; has lived here all his life, except while in the army; enlisted in Co. A, 36th I. C.; during the latter part of the war was consolidated with 10th I. C.; was in the army nearly four years; has been Road Commissioner, Township Trustee and School Director; his father Col. S. S., was born in New York in 1801; he married Nancy Owens; she was born in New York in 1820; married in 1838; had eight chil-

dren; five living; came to this Co. in 1839, and settled on present place.

JONES, Albert, far.; P. O. Aurora.

Johnson R. B., far.; P. O. Jericho.

JUDD, DEXTER, C. Secs. 15, 16, 21, 22 and 9; P. O. Sugar Grove, Sugar Grove Tp.; farmer, stock and dairyman; owns 276 acres, valued at \$60 per acre; born in Shelburn, Mass., March 11, 1822; he married Miss Eliza C. Brown; she was born in New York, Nov. 5, 1819, and married Nov. 22, 1842; they have five children—Asabel T., born March 21, 1844; Samuel B., born Aug. 23, 1846; Sarson L., born March 4, 1849; Charles D., born Oct. 11, 1851; Smith C., born May 3, 1854. Lived in Mass until he was 8 years old; moved with his parents to New York; resided there until 1850, when he came to Kane Co. and settled at his present place in 1857; has been School Treasurer, Trustee and Director; was Town Clerk three years; he is a blacksmith by trade, and followed his profession on arriving in this township; his son Asahel was in the 124th Ill. Regt.; served somethree years; his son Samuel B. married Miss Sarah Swartout; she was born in Aurora in October, 1849, and was married in 1869; two children—Hattie, born July 20, 1874; Earnest, born Oct. 10, 1872; is carrying on his father's farm.

Johnson, J. A., far.; P. O. Jericho.

Johnson, Chas.

JONES, W. G., Secs. 22, 23, 26 and 27; Sugar Grove Tp.; farming, dairy and stock; P. O. Sugar Grove; owns 213 acres, valued at \$60 per acre; born in Steuben Tp., Oneida Co., N. Y., March 30, 1828; he married Miss Elizabeth J. Owens; she was born in Remsen, Oneida Co., N. Y., August 19, 1837; married at Remsen Jan. 20, 1857; have three children—Franklin W., born Feb. 23, 1858; Herbert, born Dec. 3, 1860; Grace, born April 21, 1871; lived in Steuben Tp. until he was 7 years old, then moved to Remsen, and lived there until 1857, then came West and settled where he now resides; has been School Director and Trustee, Commissioner of Highways and Supervisor for three years.

Jones, O. T.

Jay, W. J.; far.; P. O. Grouse.

JUDD, THOMAS. The subject of this sketch was born in Massachusetts Sept. 4, 1812, and lived there until 1835; was engaged principally in farming; he then moved to Chicago, then to Du Page Co., Ill., engaging in farming; he then removed to Elgin, where he engaged in blacksmithing, his being the first shop at that place; he then went traveling, being with the Government survey, after which he came to Kane Co. and settled where he now resides; he has held the office of Supervisor two years; in 1847 he served as a delegate on the State Constitutional Convention, and has held the office of Postmaster since Taylor's administration. On Jan. 1, 1858, he married Miss Electa S. Rice; she was born in Massachusetts Sept. 8, 1832; they have six children—Phillip N., born Aug. 25, 1863; Perry G., born Nov. 1, 1865; Ermina J., born April 15, 1868; Andrew T., born Nov. 18, 1870; Frank A. L., born Dec. 17, 1872; Ray, born April 23, 1875. Mr. Judd owns upward of 600 acres of land, and has taken great interest in securing a first-class school in his district, and it is considered that the present flourishing school is due to his liberality and enterprise; besides his liberal donations in cash and real estate, he has erected a magnificent block, which he uses to accommodate the pupils of the school and carry on his general merchandise business, etc.; socially, he is pleasant and congenial, and to benefit his fellow-man, seems to be a leading topic, and one which elicits his earnest attention and liberal support.

Johnson, B. F., far.; P. O. Jericho.

Judd, Samuel, far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Judd, Smith, far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

KONEN, Nicholas.

Konen, Philip.

Keck, Marshall, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Keck, Stephen, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Keck, Catherine A., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Kron, S. P., farmer; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Kinney, Mrs. J. W., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Kinney, E. D., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Keys, Betsey.

Keck, Adam, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

LINNINGTON, Z., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Linnington, Z. A., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

MIGHELL, A. H., farmer; P. O. Jericho.

Myers, D. J. farmer; P. O. Grouse.

MARVIN, ROBERT J., carpenter; P. O. Grouse; Rep.; Ind.; was born in New York Feb. 11, 1830; he married Miss Selva A. Rowe; she was born in New York; they have had four children; two living—Belle and Lotta; Mr. M. lived in New York until he was 35; he was engaged in carpentering; in 1865 he came West and settled where he now resides, and has resided here ever since.

McDole, J. R., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Mighell, A. W., farmer; P. O. Jericho.

Mighell, F. P., farmer; P. O. Jericho.

Marvin, W. S., farmer; P. O. Grouse.

MCDOLE, RODNEY, P. O. Sugar Grove; was born in New Hampshire Jan. 31, 1809, and lived there until 8 years old, then moved with his parents to New York; remained there until 1833, then came West and settled in Sangamon Co., Ill.; while there he married Miss Abigail Lownsbury; she was born in New York July 24, 1813; on the 10th of May, 1835, he came to Sugar Grove and laid a claim where he now resides; in 1836, he brought his wife to his place; he has been Road Commissioner and Town Trustee; he lost his wife Jan. 10, 1876; they had thirteen children; nine living; Rep.; he was the first Whig in the township; came here with \$50, and owes his present circumstances to his energy; he owns upward of 1,000 acres in the township; he is Executor of the John Wilson estate.

Marvin, R. J., farmer; P. O. Grouse.

Mighell, E., farmer; P. O. Jericho.

Miller, J. S., mer.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

MYERS, L. P., farming and stock; Sec. 17; P. O. Sugar Grove; was born in Big Rock Township, Kane Co., Ill., July 24, 1853; he married Miss Melissa Croser; she was born in Iowa March 20, 1858; married Nov. 26, 1876; one child—Daniel C., born Oct. 31, 1877; lived in Big Rock with his parents till March, 1877, when he came to present place; Rep.; Ind.; owns 160 acres, valued at \$60 per acre.

Mason, J., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Mighell, S. H., farmer; P. O. Jericho.

McDOLE, R. P., farming, dairy and stock; Secs. 1, 2 and 3, Sugar Grove Township; P. O. Aurora; Rep.; Meth.; was born in New York April 5, 1836; he married Miss Roxie A. Miner; she was born in Kaneville Township, and was the second white child born there; was married July 11, 1866; two children—Minnie M., born March 27, 1870; Cora B., born Oct. 20, 1873; he lived in New York until he was 16, when he visited Kane Co.; returned home and remained two years; in 1852, he settled in De Kalb Co., and engaged in farming; then moved to Aurora in 1870; lived there six years; in March, 1877, he settled on his present place; owns 315 acres, valued at \$50 per acre.

McDole, S. P., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Mighell, T. P., farmer; P. O. Jericho.

NILES, W. S., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Newman, S., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Newman, J. D., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

O'BRIEN, L. F.

O'Brien, L.

PRICE, WILLIAM, farmer; P. O. Grouse

Palmer, J. F., far.; P. O. Bristol Station.

Patterson, Alex, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

PAULL, LOUIS F., Secs. 27, 33 and 34, farming and stock; P. O. Aurora; has 636 acres. Rep.; Ind.; born Kendall Co., Ill., Oct. 14, 1851; he married Miss Fanny Potter; she was born in Aurora Tp. May 22, 1853, and was married Dec. 17, 1873; he came to Kane Co. with his parents and settled in the present place, Mr. L. F. is working his father's farm and is largely interested in stock raising.

Palmer, Ormus, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Patterson, Wm, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

PAULL, W. H., Sec. 33; Sugar Grove; farming, dairy and stock; P. O. Jericho; 240 acres; valued at \$50 per acre. Rep.; Ind.; born in Medina Co., Ohio, July 14, 1819; he married Miss Susan A. Willey; she was born in New York, in April, 1821; married in 1840; have three children, two living—Elizabeth and Susan A.; his second wife is Miss L. M. Sockett; she was born in

Meadville, Pa., Jan. 14, 1829, and married in October, 1849; she had six children—Corinth A., Henry F., Mina A., Etha E., Delano W., Frank O.; lived in Ohio until he was 21; came to Kane Co. and settled in Sugar Grove Tp., near Grouse; lived there two years, and in 1843 he came to his present place and has resided here since; has been Commissioner of Highways and School Director some twelve years.

Palmer, Jas., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Paull, H. F., farmer; P. O. Jericho.

Paull, R. A., farmer; P. O. Sugar Grove.

PAULL, STEPHEN G. (deceased), was born in New York in Ontario Co., Sept. 1, 1812, and at the age of 5 removed with his parents to Medina Co., Ohio, and remained there until 1838; while here in 1834 he married Miss Roxey A. Barker; she was born in Monroe Co., N. Y., May 10, 1816; they had five children, four living; in 1838 he came to Kane Co. and located his present place; he remained here one year when he brought his family from Ohio and resided here until his death in April 26, 1875; he had held the office of Supervisor for five years from 1861; also Assessor, and for many years School Director. The first Town meeting was held at his place.

Palmer, Henry, farmer; P. O. Jericho.

Pittard, Wm., farmer; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Paull, J. B., farmer; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Palmer, Joseph, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Phillips, Jerome, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

PRICE, WM., Secs. 5, 6, 7, and 8, Sugar Grove Tp.; P. O. Grouse; Dem.; Ind.; born in Ireland, July 4, 1816; he married Miss Mary Smith; she was born in Penn., and was married Jan. 4, 1843, she had eleven children; eight are living; lived in Ireland until he was 13, then he came to the United States and settled in Vermont, engaged in farming; lived there twelve years, then came West and settled in Sugar Grove in 1841; bought his present place and settled in 1842; he came to the United States without any means, and by his industry and economy has placed himself in his present position.

Patten, H. H.

Peterson, Chas., farmer; P. O. Sugar Grove.

ROSE, LAURA, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Randall, F., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

ROSE, W. J. (deceased), was born in New York in 1822; he married Miss Laura Hinds, who was born in New York in 1822, and married Jan. 13, 1848; no children; he came to Kane Co. in 1839 with his parents, and settled in Sugar Grove Tp.; came to present place about 1846, and lived here until he died, in May, 1873. Mrs. Rose's father, A. H. Hinds, came to Kane Co. in 1842, and settled in Sugar Grove Tp.; he was born in Vermont in 1796, and married Miss Mercy Wilkie; she was born in New York in 1797, and married in 1818; had nine children; he died in Aurora in December, 1874; she died in Aurora in December, 1872; he was Justice of the Peace and Postmaster in New York.

Reed, G. O.

REYNOLDS, SILAS, far.; Secs. 22, 15, 10; Sugar Grove Tp.; P. O. Sugar Grove; owns 924 acres of land, valued at \$50 per acre; Dem.; Ind.; born in Sullivan Co., N. Y., Sept. 18, 1810; he married Miss Jane Waudover; she was born in Dutchess Co., N. Y., June 19, 1818, and married March 21, 1835; they have seven children—Jane, born March 8, 1836; J. O., born Dec. 12, 1843; Elizabeth, born Sept. 9, 1848; Isaac, born Jan. 24, 1851; Olive, born Sept. 19, 1854; Grace, born Feb. 7, 1859; Minnie, born Sept. 4, 1860. He lived in New York until 1836; was engaged in farming and shoemaking; he then came to Kane Co. and settled where he now resides, buying his land from the Government about 1840; he packed pork and sold it in New York at \$5.00 per barrel; he has been Assessor, and, in early times, was able to assess three townships in eight days; he is genial, liberal and public spirited, and has many warm, personal friends.

Randall, J. D., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

SEAVEY, PHILO, far.; P. O. Grouse.

Shaffer, Wm., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Spencer, S. U., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Snow, M. H., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Starr, M. F., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Schaub, L., far.; P. O. Aurora.

SEAVEY, MARK, farming and stock; Secs. 5 and 6; P. O. Grouse; owns 160 acres here, 332 in Secs. 4 and 5, and 40 in Big Rock, valued at \$50 per acre; Rep.; Ind.; was born in N. Y. in Dec. 14, 1827; he married Miss Ruth H. Thompson; she was born in Vermont, April 6, 1825, and married Sept. 2, 1853, and died in 1865; they had five children—Albert T., born May 30, 1856; Ida J., Feb. 1, 1858; Chas. E., Dec. 18, 1859; Frank W., Sept. 20, 1862; Mary A., Aug. 26, 1864; his second wife was Mrs. M. J. Goodwin; she was born in N. Y., April 14, 1836; and was married Sept. 15, 1867—no children; lived in New York fourteen years; in 1841 he came to Kane Co., and settled with his parents in Sugar Grove, and remained there until 1866, when he moved to his present place; has remained here since; he has been Supervisor two years, Assessor two years, and School Director three years; his father, Aaron, settled in Sugar Grove, on Secs. 4 and 5, in 1841; he was born in N. H., Aug. 23, 1798; he married Betsey Drake; she was born in Vt., May 17, 1791; they had four children; three of them living.

Smith, David, far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

STALEY, J. N., far., dairy and stock; Sec. 36; P. O. Montgomery; owns 191 acres, valued at \$50 per acre; Rep.; Meth.; was born in Fulton Co., N. Y., March 7, 1814; he married Miss Sallie Keck; she was born in Fulton Co., N. Y., July 12, 1819, and married May 23, 1837; she had six children, two of them living; Melessa and Theodore being the only ones who survive their mother, who died Sept. 16, 1856; his second wife was Mrs. Conant, formerly Miss O. A. Stevens; she was born in Vermont, May 11, 1830, and married Dec. 13, 1863; they had one child, who died in childhood; Mrs. Staley had one child by former marriage—Alva B., also Miss Ida M., who was adopted in 1876; he lived in N. Y. until he was twenty-six; then came to Kane Co., and settled on his present place in 1840, and has resided here since; he has been Commissioner of Highways, also School Trustee and Director some ten or fifteen years.

Smith Ephraim, far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.
 Smith, W. D., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.
 Sprague, H. C., far.; P. O. Big Rock.
 Spencer, S. M.
 Sharel, F.

Snow, Ruth, P. O. Sugar Grove.
 Smith, C. W., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.
 Shultz, W. C., far.; Aurora.

THOMPSON, E. W., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Thompson, J. L., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Thompson, Edward, far.; P. O. Grouse.
 Tobey, Clara, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Thompson, John, far.; P. O. Grouse.
 Todd, E., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.
 Tanner, W. A., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Titus, H., far.; P. O. Aurora.

WINDOTT, W. J.
 Windott, A.

Wilson, F.

Wilson, J. W., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Woodard A. J., far.; P. O. Grouse.

Warmes, Louie.

Wright, Thos., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Wilson, T., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Wilkinson, J. J., far.; P. O. Batavia.

Whilding, R., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Whilding, G. F., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Whilding, E. C., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

West, Geo., far.; P. O. Aurora.

West, David, far.; P. O. Aurora.

West, W. far.; P. O. Aurora.

ZIMMER, N., far.; P. O. Aurora.

BURLINGTON TOWNSHIP.

AUBLE, M., far.; P. O. Burlington.

ALLEN, WILLIAM, far.; Sec. 30; P. O. Sycamore; Rep.; born in Washington Co., N. Y., Sept. 28, 1820; in 1844 he removed to Sycamore, De Kalb Co., Ill. He was married Sept. 14, 1845, to Miss Mary I. McMaster, who was born in Oneida Co., N. Y., Jan. 22, 1829; they settled on their present home in Kane Co., in 1848; they have three children—Mary J. (now Mrs. S. D. Andrews, of Hardin Co., Iowa); Rhoda M., and Emma I. (now Mrs. E. A. Windett, of Storey Co., Iowa); he owns 120 acres of land; value, \$4,800; Mrs. Allen's mother, Mrs. Rhoda W. Boon, is now living with the family at the age of 88 years; she was born in Plymouth Co., Mass., Aug. 22, 1789; Mrs. Allen came to Illinois with her mother in 1835; they spent about three years in Chicago and vicinity, one Summer of which was passed in the family of Capt. Russell, commander of the garrison at Fort Dearborn; they were present at the payment to the Indians, preparatory to their removal beyond the Mississippi, and also witnessed a war dance which the savages gave for the entertainment of the whites, just outside the fort, before their departure for their new home.

AUBLE, J. M., far.; Sec. 21; P. O. Burlington; Rep.; owns 58 acres of land; value \$40 per acre; born in Seneca Co., N. Y., Sept. 23, 1827; visited Kane Co. in 1851, spending about a year, and again in the Spring of 1853, returning in the Fall of the same year. He was married Nov. 10, 1853, to Miss Susan A. Galusha, of Schuyler Co., N. Y., who was born in Durham, Greene Co., N. Y., April 25, 1827; they removed permanently to Kane Co., in 1855; have five children living—Loa E. (now Mrs. B. L. Ballard, of Du Page Co., Ill.), Willard E., Edwin V., Ella M., and Carrie V.; Charles G., their oldest son, died April 19, 1872, and Elmer L., their second son, Oct. 25, 1862; in 1874, Mr. Auble was elected Justice of the Peace and still holds the office; he has also served as School Director and Commissioner of Highways.

Andrews, Edward, farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Allen, Wm., far.; P. O. Burlington.

Anderson, C. M., far.; P. O. Burlington.

Anderson, E., far.; P. O. Burlington.

ANDREWS, WALLACE, son of the above, was born in Burlington Tp., Kane Co., Nov. 26, 1844, on the old homestead, where he now resides; he was elected Collector for Burlington Tp., in April, 1877; is a Republican.

AUBLE, M. F., far.; Sec. 21; P. O. Burlington; born in Seneca Co., N. Y., May 23, 1818. Married July 4, 1849, to Miss Rachael A. Coleman, of Yates Co., N. Y., who was born May 29, 1821; they have five children living—Charles C., Montgomery, Frank R., Burt, Mary E.; Montgomery and Frank R. are now residing in California; owns 145 acres of land; value, \$5,800; Rep.; Mr. and Mrs. Auble are members of the M. E. Church; they came to Kane Co., settling on their present home in 1851.

ANDREWS, C. M., far.; Sec. 30; P. O. Sycamore; born in Hampshire Co., Mass., Feb. 9, 1816. He was married Aug. 30, 1842, to Miss Eveline M. Day, of West Springfield, who was born Oct. 30, 1818; came to Kane Co. in 1837; in 1845, deeded 160 acres of land from the Government, which land he still owns and occupies; in 1859, he visited California, remaining there about fifteen years; returning in 1873; have seven children—Wallace, Syrena A., Augusta, Sullivan D. (now living in Iowa), Franklin E., Horace M. and Calvin D.; he owns 160 acres of land; value \$6,400; Rep.; has held the office of Justice of the Peace; and also served as Township Assessor.

BROPHY, W., far.; P. O. East Burlington.

Barrow, George, far.; P. O. Sycamore.

Barry, E. E., far.; P. O. East Burlington.

Butts, Mary, far.; P. O. Sycamore.

Beernish, A., far.; P. O. Sycamore.

Barren, Jane, far.; P. O. Sycamore.

Ballard, H. C., far.; P. O. Burlington.

Ballenger, W., far.; P. O. Burlington.

Brown, G. H., far.; P. O. East Burlington.

Barry, C. E., far.; P. O. Burlington.

CRAFT, CHAS. T., farmer; P. O. East Burlington.

Carver, D., far.; P. O. East Burlington.

Cripps, Jos., farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Collins, L., far.; P. O. East Burlington.

Cole, J. H., cheese factory; P. O. East Burlington.

Craft, L. O., far.; P. O. East Burlington.

Clark, John, farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Carroll, J. D., far.; P. O. E. Burlington.

Crystall, Jos., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Crystall, W., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Crystall, Jas., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Cripps, J. R., farmer; P. O. Burlington.

CHAPMAN, B. F., far.; Sec. 14; P. O. Burlington; was born near Toronto, Canada West, March 7, 1827; came to Kane Co. about the year 1842, settling on his present home; after spending about two years in Chicago, he was married, Feb. 2, 1851, to Miss Lavina Godfrey, of Burlington Tp., who was born in Vermont Jan. 23, 1830; they have three children living—Albert M., who was born June 15, 1852, married Miss Maggie Sherwood, of Plato Tp., Dec. 8, 1875; he resides at the homestead and carries on the farms. The other children are Adah (now Mrs. Ira W. Smith, of Burlington Tp.) and Chas. E. Mr. Chapman and his son own 403 acres of land, valued at \$20,000. Mr. Chapman has held the office of Constable for the town of Burlington for the past twenty-five years, continuously; has also been Deputy Sheriff of the county, most of the time, for the past twelve years, and has served several terms as Collector. Is a Republican.

CHRISTIANSEN, CARLE E. J., M. D., was born in Erfde, in Schleswig-Holstein, Germany, June 6, 1848; he was educated at Kiel, in Schleswig-Holstein, and at Giessen, in Hesse, receiving his diploma from Giessen University; came to the United States in 1873, being a passenger on the ill-fated "Atlantic," which was wrecked off the coast of Nova Scotia on her passage from Liverpool to New York; Dr. Christiansen was one of 429 saved out of a list of nearly 1,100, including officers and crew. He served through the Franco-Prussian War as Asst. Surgeon of the 9th Artillery; was wounded at the battle of Gravelotte, and again at the battle of Orleans. Arriving at New York, he was appointed by the Commissioners of Immigration as Asst. Physician in the hospital at Castle Garden; he afterward went to Milwaukee and practiced medicine for a while, and, in 1875, removed to Chicago; he came to Burlington in August, 1877, where he is now engaged in the practice of his profession. Married, Dec. 28, 1876, to Miss Augusta Putscher, of Burlington Tp.; they have one child—Karl Earnest August Fahrenholtz.

Cripps, A. H., farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Casey, Dennis, farmer; P. O. Burlington.
 Chapman, B. F., far.; P. O. Burlington.
 Carro, J. L., farmer; P. O. Burlington.
 Casey, Thos., farmer; P. O. Burlington.
 Calkins, Luther, farmer; P. O. Hampshire.
 Cripps, E. C., farmer; P. O. Burlington.
 Cripps, A. D., farmer; P. O. Burlington.
 Cough, Jos., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

DAVIS, DAVID, farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Davis, Reed, farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Devine, David, farmer; P. O. Burlington.

ELLITHORP, L. S., farmer; P. O. East Burlington.

Ellithorp, W. H., farmer; P. O. East Burlington.

Endres, Mrs., P. O. Burlington.

ELLITHORP, STEPHEN R., farmer, Sec. 27; P. O. East Burlington; born in Vt. April 20, 1819; came to Kane, and settled on the farm still owned and occupied by him, in 1842; owns 318 acres of land, valued at \$16,000; is a Democrat. Married Jan. 12, 1841, to Miss Emily Smith, of the Province of Quebec; they have five children living—Marion R., William H., Libby P., Nettie E., Nathan S.; their oldest son, Franklin B., died in Kansas Feb. 2, 1876. Mr. Ellithorp held the office of Town Clerk two years.

Eaton, F., far.; P. O. East Burlington.

Engal, S. E., farmer; P. O. Burlington.

FELLOWS, ADAM, farmer; P. O. East Burlington.

Factley, Jno., farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Factley, Henry, farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Factley, N. R. S., far.; P. O. Burlington.

Fatherill, John, laborer; P. O. Sycamore.

Frink, David, farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

GODFREY, C. B., far.; P. O. Burlington.

Grollemand, Jno., far.; P. O. Burlington.

Grollemand, Leo., far.; P. O. Burlington.

HAWLEY, T. S., farmer; P. O. East Burlington.

Hine, C., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Helson, Wm., farmer; P. O. Burlington.

HODGSON, WILLIAM, Sec. 3, farmer; P. O. Burlington; Rep.; he rents a farm of 220 acres of A. J. Mann; he was born in Yorkshire, England, in 1834, and came to Ontario, C. W., with his brother Mathew, when he was eighteen years old; there he resided until 1856, when he moved to Wis.; he

remained there two years and then returned to Canada; he came to Kane Co. and settled in Burlington in 1864; was married Sept. 6, 1855, to Miss Mercy A. Wilson, who was born in Ontario, C. W., July 10, 1837; they have 11 children living—George L., Salome E., Rachael A., William H., James E., Chas. L., Della A., Grace J., Ezra G., Herbert O., and Calvin W.

Heine G., farmer; P. O. Burlington.

HEPTON, GEORGE, Sec. 7, farmer and stock raiser; P. O. Sycamore; Dem.; Cath.; born in Lincolnshire, England, Feb. 13, 1816; came to the United States in 1844, and settled in Kane Co.; he was married in 1849, to Miss Hannah Stacia, of St. Charles, Ill., who was born in Ireland; they have two children—Sarah and Bridget; Mr. Hepton owns a farm of 207 acres, valued at \$10,000.

Helson, Jno., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Hagreen, Isaac, far.; P. O.; Burlington.

Holden, C., far.; P. O. East Burlington.

HAWLEY, T. S., Sec. 25; farmer and dairyman; P. O. East Burlington; Spir.; Ind.; he was born in Montgomery Co., N. Y., July 4, 1814, and came to Illinois in 1844 and settled in Lake Co.; he removed to Kane Co. in 1854, and with the exception of about four years spent in Wisconsin, has been a resident of the county ever since; he was married in 1847, to Miss Sarah Cramp, of McHenry Co., Ill.; they have six children living—Marcus A., Helen L., Ann E., Emily H., Cora E., Arvin T.; one child, Sarah E., died April 14, 1855. Mr. H. owns 127 acres of land, valued at \$40 per acre.

Heine, Jacob, farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Hepton, Geo., far.; P. O. Sycamore.

JONES, N. W., far.; P. O. Burlington.

Jackson, E. V., far.; P. O. Sycamore.

KING, S. M., far.; P. O. Burlington.

Kegan, Pat, far.; P. O. East Burlington.

King, J. A., far.; P. O. Burlington.

LAWRENCE, JOHN., far.; P. O.

Burlington.

LAWRENCE, EDWARD, far.;

Sec. 8; P. O. Burlington; Rep.; owns a farm of 200 acres, valued at \$8,000; also one of 120 acres, situated in De Kalb Co.; he was born in Lancashire,

Eng., Jan. 15, 1819; he came to Kane Co. in 1850, spending about a year in St. Charles; since that time he has been a resident of Burlington Tp.; he was married June 4, 1856, to Miss Lissey Marshall, of Sycamore, Ill., who was born in Nottinghamshire, Eng., in Jan. 27, 1835; they have four children—Marshall, M. Jane, Robert E. and Mary E.

Lovell, Chas., far.; P. O. Sycamore.

Lawrence, John, far.; P. O. Burlington.

LAWRENCE, WM., far., dairyman and stock raiser; Sec. 17; P. O. Burlington; was born in Lancashire, Eng., Feb. 28, 1829; he came to Kane Co. in 1850; he was the second, in age, of three brothers who came to Kane Co. at the same time; all of whom are settled on adjoining farms, and are married to three sisters, daughters of Wm. Marshall, who came to Kane Co. in 1852; Mr. Lawrence was married on the 30th of March, 1854, to Miss Mary Marshall, of Cherry Grove, who was born in Nottinghamshire, Eng., March 25, 1837; they have four children living—Clara E., John F., Mary and Hattie May; they have lost seven, five of them within the last four years; he owns 495 acres of land, valued at \$40 per acre; Rep.; Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence are Methodists.

MATTESON, H. A., farmer; P. O. Burlington

Middleton, J., far.; P. O. Sycamore.

Morey, J. H., far.; P. O. Burlington.

Mann, A. J., Postmaster; P. O. Burlington.

McConell, A., far.; P. O. East Burlington.

MANN, A. J., general merchant; P. O. Burlington; born in Wyoming Co., N. Y., Nov. 8, 1835; when he was 9 years old he came, with his father's family, to Kane Co., settling at Burlington; the family consisted of five brothers and four sisters, all but one of whom came at the same time; the brothers, of whom A. J. is the fourth, are all residents of Kane Co.; at the age of 17 years, Mr. Mann entered the store of his brother, S. S. Mann, remaining there until 1856, when he became a partner in the firm of Mann Bros.; the partnership continued

until 1859, when they disposed of their business to S. C. Hapgood, and retired to their farms, where they resided until 1865; the firm of Mann, Hapgood & Co. was then established, which still continues; they have, also, a store and cheese factory at Hampshire Station, conducted under the firm name of Hathaway & Co. He was married Oct. 13, 1858, to Miss Elsie Terwilliger, of Hampshire, who was born in Chenango Co., N. Y., April 28, 1835; they have two children living—James F. and Effie; he owns 225 acres of land, finely improved, at and near Burlington P. O., valued at \$12,000; Mr. Mann was elected Town Clerk in 1867, holding the office three years; in 1870, he was elected a member of the Board of Supervisors, and held the office four years; he is at present Town Clerk and Township Trustee, to which positions he was chosen in April, 1877; Mr. Mann is a Republican.

McDonagh, J., far.; P. O. East Burlington.

McEwen, Jas., far.; P. O. East Burlington.

MANN, JAMES, retired farmer; P. O. Burlington; was born in Blanford, Hampden Co., Mass., Jan. 1, 1794; removed to Sheldon, Wyoming Co., N. Y., in 1810, and a few years later to Java, in the same county, where he resided up to the time of his coming West. At Java, he erected a hotel in 1836, which is still used for that purpose. He came West in 1843, and purchased a large tract of land in Burlington and Hampshire Townships, Kane Co., Ill.; in the following Spring, he removed with his family to Burlington, his present home; on Jan. 1, 1815, he was married to Miss Lucy Shermau, who was born in the State of R. I.; she died at Burlington, Sept 24, 1870; there were ten children by this union, seven living—Franklin, Elvira, wife of Merritt B. Lewis; Lucy C., wife of Amos A. Brown (both of whom now reside at Lockport, N. Y.); Sylvester S., Farmenio A., Alfred J., and Sherman D.; the three deceased are Orlon, died Jan. 8, 1824; Julina, died April 26, 1847; Louisa, wife of S. C. Hapgood, died May 18, 1868. Was married to his present wife, Mrs. Esther Tabor, July 10, 1871; she was born in Washington Co., N. Y.

McEwen, Jno., far.; P. O. E. Burlington.

McEwen, W., far.; P. O. E. Burlington.

Maynard, Geo., farmer; P. O. Burlington.

MANN, S. D., farmer and dairyman; P. O. Burlington; born in Wyoming Co., N. Y., April 5, 1839; came to Kane Co. with his father's family in 1844; is the youngest of a family of nine; he was married, Nov. 21, 1860, to Miss C. E. Terwilliger, of Hampshire; they have three children living—Georgiana, Andrew Eugene and Elsie M.; owns 240 acres of land, valued at \$10,000; Rep.

Maurer, Ignatius, far.; P. O. Burlington.

McGregor, Margaret, far.; P. O. Burlington.

MIETH, AUGUST, blacksmith; born in Germany. April 5, 1829; came to Chicago in 1855, remaining there fifteen years, following his trade of a blacksmith; removed to Kane Co., in 1870, settling on a farm about a mile and a half east of Burlington P. O.; resided there until 1874, when he opened a blacksmith's shop at the village. He still owns the farm of 135 acres, valued at \$35 an acre. Married in 1854 to Miss Theodora Wika, who died in 1858; in 1860, he was again married to Miss Mary Pingal, of Chicago, who was a native of Germany; she died in 1872. He has five children—August, Emma, Fritz, Barta and Ida. Mr. Mieth is a Republican and Lutheran.

McGough, James, farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Mitchell, Nancy, farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

McEwen, A. V., far.; P. O. East Burlington.

MANN, FRANKLIN, butter and cheese manufacturer; P. O. Burlington; born in Wyoming Co., N. Y., Jan. 13, 1816. Married, June 21, 1838, to Miss Electa Willard, of St. Joseph Co., Mich., who was born in Cattaraugus Co., N. Y., April 1, 1816; came to Kane Co. in 1844, and engaged in farming five years; in 1849, he built a steam saw-mill at Burlington, and followed the trade of a carpenter and wagon maker until 1872, when he engaged in the manufacture of butter and cheese, with his son-in-law, Mr. Roseborough; he has two children living—Delia M. (now Mrs. Roseborough) and Celia; his son, Thaddeus, was a member of the 8th Ill. Cavalry; served through the war, and afterward enlisted in the regular

army, serving two years, and died in St. Louis in 1870; Mr. Mann owns a house and lot, at Burlington; a farm of 145 acres, about a mile north of the village, and, with Mr. Roseborough, owns the cheese and butter factory at Burlington; he is a Rep.; has served as School Director about ten years, as Town Clerk four years, as Township Trustee of Schools two years, and as Commissioner of Highways five years; he was elected Justice of the Peace and Notary Public in 1870, and still holds the office; he is also, at present, Township School Treasurer.

McEWAN, ROBT., Sec. 36; P. O. East Burlington; Rep.; born in the County of Perth, Scotland, Sept. 15, 1841; came to the United States in 1852, settling in Kane Co. Married Sept. 22, 1867, to Miss Ann Harvey of Burlington Tp.; who was born in England, Jan. 11, 1827. They have three children—Fred. A., Mary E. and Frank E. Owns 56 acres of land, valued at \$40 an acre; has held the office of School Director since April, 1875.

PUTUHER, E., farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Parkenson, W., merchant; P. O. Sycamore.

Peirce, D. W., far.; P. O. E. Burlington.

Powers, Wm., farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Pearcey, Robt., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

PERRY, MATHEW H., farmer, Sec. 31; P. O. Sycamore; is one of the earliest settlers of the county; was born in Berkshire Co., Mass., Aug. 27, 1796; his parents removed to Yates Co., N. Y., when he was about seventeen years of age. He was married Dec. 25, 1821, to Miss Pamela Briggs, who was born in East Greenwich, R. I., April 7, 1802; they removed to Ottawa, Ill., in 1837, and, the following year, settled in Big Rock Tp., Kane Co.; they had five sons living at the beginning of the late civil war, all of whom served in the army, and two of them, Hale and Samuel, lost their lives in the service of their country; one son, Josiah, died at the age of twenty-two years; the children now living are—Oliver H., Amos, George W., Delia, Lucy, Mary, Pamela and Sarah. Mr. Perry is a Republican; owns 17 acres of land in Kane Co., and 160 acres in Nabrasca.

Perry, M. C., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.
 Perry, J. M., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.
 Patch, S. C., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.
 Pease, S. L., farmer; P. O. Burlington.
 Phelps, W. H., farmer; P. O. Burlington.
 Pease, J. L., farmer; P. O. Burlington.
 Perry, George, W., far.; P. O. Sycamore.

RUSSELL J., far.; P. O. Sycamore.

Roseubaugh, J., far.; P. O. Burlington.

ROSEBOROUGH, JOSEPH, Sec. 31; farmer; P. O. Sycamore; Rep.; he was born in the North of Ireland, Feb. 15, 1812, and came with his parents to Canada West when he was about 12 years of age; he was married Dec. 29, 1833, to Miss Hannah Brisbin, who was born in the Province of Quebec, near Lake Champlain, May 24, 1813; they have 13 children living—Joseph (now living in Nevada), Alexander (residing in Oregon), Donald (now a resident of Iowa), Jane (now Mrs. W. M. Lewis), Rachel (now Mrs. Westgrath), Hannah (now Mrs. Snell), James (living at Burlington P. O.), Nancy C. (now Mrs. Strong), John (residing in Hampshire Tp.), Mary, Samuel, Charles, and Angeline; one child, George, died in Nov., 1850. Mr. R. owns 120 acres of land, valued at \$5,400.

Roberts, J. H., farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Richert, Jacob, far.; P. O. Burlington.

Rogers, J. H., far.; P. O. Burlington.

ROSEBOROUGH, JAMES, butcher and cheese mfr., junior partner in the firm of F. Mann & Co.; he was born in Virgil Tp., Kane Co., May 6, 1846, and followed farming until he was 18 years of age, when he learned the trade of a blacksmith, and followed it until about three years ago, when he entered upon the present business; he was married Dec. 29, 1870, to Miss Delia M. Mann, daughter of Franklin Mann, one of the earliest settlers of Burlington Tp.; they have one child, Dewey, born June 15, 1876; Mr. R. is a Rep; has held the offices of Constable, Collector and School Treasurer.

Risser, F. H., far.; P. O. Burlington.

Russell, Jones, far.; P. O. Burlington.

SOLOMAN, THOS, far.; P. O. East Burlington.

Soloman, J. P., far.; P. O. East Burlington.

Seward, H., far.; P. O. Burlington.

Swinbank, Wm., far.; P. O. Sycamore.

SCHAIRER, GEO. E., Sec. 15, farmer; P. O. Burlington; he was born in Chicago, July 3, 1844; he came to Kane Co. in 1868. and was married May 4, 1876, to Miss Salome Fix, of Lisle, Du Page Co., Ill. They have one child, Edward.

SCHAIRER, CHAS. H., was born in Chicago, Nov. 18, 1850, and came to Kane Co. in 1871.

SCHAIRER, LOUIS, was born in Lisle, Ill., Jan. 18, 1857; came to this county in 1868. The above named, with two sisters—Carrie M. (now Mrs. Chase, of De Kalb Co.), and Salome (now living in De Kalb Co.), constitute the family of George Schairer, who came to this county in 1868, and died in 1870. The estate comprises 140 acres, valued at \$40 per acre. The three brothers above named own, in addition, 98 acres, valued at \$40 per acre. They are Democrats, and were raised in the German Lutheran Church.

Struck, Henry, farmer; P. O. Burlington.

SCHULZ, PHILIP, far. and stock raiser; Sec. 8; P. O. Burlington; born in Baden, Germany, May 25, 1838; came to this country in 1846, and settled in Du Page Co., residing there about twenty years, and settling in Kane Co. in 1866; he was married, Sept. 15, 1861, to Miss Caroline Delles, of Chicago, who was born in Luxemburg, Germany, Jan. 18, 1843; they have seven children living—Mary, Carrie, Philip, Katie M., Rosa L., Lizzie and Adelia M.; one daughter, Annie I., died Oct. 8, 1877. Mr. Schulz has been School Director about eight years; Dem.; owns 446 acres of land, valued at \$45 per acres. Mr. S. and family are Catholics.

SHOLES, DAVID, farmer and stock dealer; Sec. 24; P. O. Burlington; born in Genesee Co., N. Y., June 9, 1820; came to Illinois in 1840; stopping about a year in Knox Co., and another year in Galena, settling in Kane Co., in 1843. Married March 29, 1847, to Miss Mary J. Young of Burlington Tp., who was born in the State of New York in 1827. Have three children living—Earnest C., Esther C., (now Mrs. Wm. Smith of Sycamore), and David W. Mr. Sholes is a Democrat.

Samis, B., farmer; P. O. Burlington.

SPRAGUE, C. W., farmer; Sec. 10; P. O. Burlington; born in Erie Co., Penn., April 24, 1835. His father's family removed to Kane Co., when he was three years of age, settling in what is now Rutland Tp.; he was married Dec. 6, 1865 to Miss Sarah Jobe, a native of McHenry Co., Ill., who was born March 14, 1845; they have five children living—Jessie L., Ephraim J., Willard L., Maudie S. and Wm. R.; one child, Wm. C., died May 23, 1868. Owns 80 acres of land, valued at \$4,400. He enlisted in 1861 in the 52d Ill. Vols., serving 19 months; he was wounded twice at the battle of Corinth, one ball passing through his left leg and another through the heel of his right foot, also received as many as eight bullet holes in his clothing; this was during a charge to recapture a battery that had been taken from them by the enemy. He is a Republican, and himself and wife are members of the Baptist Church.

Smith, W. J., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Shefner, L., farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Sullivan, J., farmer; P. O. East Burlington.

Swinbank, Jno., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Smith, L. B. far.; P. O. East Burlington.

Sawyer, D. H., far.; P. O. East Burlington.

SAMIS, VALENTINE, farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. Burlington; owns 130 acres of land valued at \$45 an acre; has been School Director nine years. He was born in the Province of Ontario, Feb. 25, 1829. Came to Kane Co., in 1848, and in 1851 he settled in Du Page Co., residing there four years; he then removed to Whiteside Co., and lived there two years; returning to Kane Co., he settled in Burlington Tp. in 1857 on the farm now owned and occupied by him. He was married Nov. 21, 1860, to Miss Nancy A. McClelland, of Hampshire Tp., who was born in Crawford Co., Pa., Nov. 18, 1841. They have five children—Martha, Eva J., William S., Solomon and Edwin.

Sanders, Jno., far.; P. O. Burlington.

SMITH, IRA W., son of the above, farmer and dairyman; born on the homestead in Burlington Tp., June 3, 1852; married Dec. 24, 1874, to Miss Adah Chapman, of Burlington Tp.; they have one child, Cecil.

Swinbank, S., farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Sparow, Chas., far.; P. O. Burlington.

SMITH, MRS. JANE, Sec. 2; P. O. Hampshire; was born in Crawford Co., Penn., March 13, 1815; she was married June 23, 1836, to the late Charles Smith, who was born in Mercer Co., Penn., July 22, 1812; they removed to Kane Co. in 1850; Mr. Smith died Sept. 15, 1869; Mrs. Smith has nine children living—Anna (now Mrs. C. Hart, of Wisconsin); John M. (now living in Kansas), Lydia W. (now Mrs. E. B. Wright, of Ford Co., Ill.), Mary M. (wife of Richard Santee, of Elgin), William M. (living in Sycamore), Eliza, (wife of E. Keyse, of Burlington), Ira W., Maggie and Charles; Mrs. Smith is a member of Unionist Church.

SMITH, CHARLES, was born Dec. 11, 1856; he is engaged with his brother in carrying on the farm and in dairying and stock raising; they are Republicans; the estate comprises 400 acres, valued at \$20,000.

Sprague, Sarah E., far.; P. O. Burlington.

Sammis, Peter, farmer; P. O. Burlington.

SMITH, WM., farmer, Sec. 29; P. O. Sycamore; born in Niagara Co., N. Y., May 5, 1819; until 1847 he lived in sight of Niagara Falls, when he came to Kane Co. and settled in Burlington Tp.; he was married Jan. 28, 1843, to Miss Catharine O'Kane, of his native county, was born in the Co. of Londonderry, Ireland, in 1819; they have two children—William J. and Catharine A. (now Mrs. Charles Barry, of Burlington Tp.); Mr. Smith owns 180 acres of land, valued at \$7,200; he is a Republican.

Swinbank, Margaret, P. O. Sycamore.

Saunders, Richard, far.; P. O. Burlington.

SHOLES, D. W., farmer and dairyman, Sec. 13; P. O. Burlington; Dem.; born in Burlington Tp., Kane Co., Ill., April 24, 1854; was married July 17, 1872, to Miss Jane McClelland of the same town; they have two children.

TRUSCOTT, RICHARD, far.; P. O. Sycamore.

Torey, J. W., far.; P. O. Sycamore.

Thompson, J., far.; P. O. East Burlington.

Tucker, C. H., far.; P. O. Burlington.

Thompson, E. A., far. P. O. Burlington.

THOMPSON, T. J., farmer and stock raiser; Sec. 24; P. O. East Burlington; Rep.; born in Greenbriar Co., West Virginia, April 18, 1833; in 1849, his father's family moved to Kane Co., and settled on the farm now owned and occupied by Mr. Thompson. Married Dec. 3, 1857, to Miss Hannah A. Tucker, of Campton Tp., who was born in West Virginia, April 14, 1839; they have five children—John R., Charles K., Frank F., Mary J. and Henry M.; Mr. Thompson and wife are members of the American Wesleyan Methodist Church; he owns a farm of 220 acres, valued at \$11,000.

UMDENSTOCK, MICHAEL, farmer and stock raiser; Sec. 5; P. O. Burlington; Dem.; Cath.; born in Alsace, France, March 4, 1833; came to the U. S. in 1853, and spent one year in Du Page Co., Ill.; he then went to California, and engaged in mining, remaining there ten years; returning, he settled on his present farm in Burlington Tp. He was married April 21, 1866, to Miss Mary A. Ansel, of Naperville, Ill., who was born in Alsace, France, Sept. 11, 1840; they have four children—Michael, Joseph, John and William; he owns 160 acres, valued at \$6,400.

VAN DUSEN, O., far.; P. O. Sycamore.
Viggers, James, far.; P. O. Sycamore.

Varty, Thos., far.; P. O. Sycamore.
Varty, Margaret, far.; P. O. Sycamore.
Varty, R. J., far.; P. O. Sycamore.

WEIGHTMAN, H., farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Wallace, John, far.; P. O. Burlington.

WRIGHT, D. C., farmer; Secs. 11, 14 and 15; P. O. Burlington; Rep.; born in Putnam Co., N. Y., March 1, 1822; in 1836, his father removed with his family to this township; he was one of the earliest settlers, there being but two houses in the township at the time he came; Mr. Wright was married Jan. 3, 1847, to Miss Sarah J. Pease, of Burlington Tp., who was born in Cattauga Co., N. Y., Nov. 3, 1828; they have seven children—Daniel S., William T., Hattie J., Helen R., Jennie M., Ida L. and Rosa E.; owns a farm of 192 acres, valued at \$9,600.

Wadley, John, farmer; P. O. East Burlington.

Ward, Mary, farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Wright, Sol., farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Wangham, P., far.; P. O. Burlington.

Wallace, Edw., far.; P. O. Burlington.

Wallace, Patrick, far.; P. O. Burlington.

White, Caroline, far.; P. O. Burlington.

Winchester, Geo., far.; P. O. Burlington.

YOUNG, S., far.; P. O. Burlington.

Young, Daniel, far.; P. O. Burlington.
Elgin township

ELGIN TOWNSHIP.

ALLASON, J. W., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Allason, Robert, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Allason, Alice; P. O. Elgin.

Allason, Richard, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Abbott, N. K., farmer; South Elgin.

Anderson, Hans, shoemaker; P. O. South Elgin.

Ahrens, Joseph; P. O. Elgin.

Avendet, Chas., P. O. Elgin.

Alexander, Kate, P. O. Elgin.

Abbott, H. S., P. O. South Elgin.

Alberdeng, Theo., P. O. Elgin.

Abell, W. W., watch factory; P. O. Elgin.

ADLER, LEOPOLD, clothier and hatter; P. O. Elgin; born in Baden, Germany, Oct. 15, 1834; came to this country in 1855, locating in Chicago, where he remained until 1857, when he took up his residence in Elgin; married in 1859 to Miss Rosa Shewerman, of Muscatine, Iowa; has six children; is a member of Elgin Lodge, No. 117, A. F. & A. M.; also of Loyal L. Munn Chapter, No. 96. Mr. A. was one of the unfortunate ones in the fire of March 23, 1874, losing about \$3,000.

Ablerman, A., P. O. Elgin.

Abbott, Jesse, Jr., P. O. Elgin.
 Allen, Geo. W., P. O. Elgin.
 Ahlo, Charles, P. O. Elgin.
 Acker, G. H., Tea Co. manager; P. O. Elgin.
 Adams, S. M., artist; P. O. Elgin.
 Ayres, Charles, billiards; P. O. Elgin.
 Anderson, Andrew, watch factory; P. O. Elgin.
 Amaden, Eliza, P. O. Elgin.
 Amaden, J., notions; P. O. Elgin.
 Adams, J. M., artist; P. O. Elgin.
 Allen, E. J., mail route messenger; P. O. Elgin.
 Apple, Andrew, manfr.; P. O. Elgin.
 Anderson, Swan, Milk Condensing Co.; P. O. Elgin.

Allanson, Henry, stock dealer; P. O. Elgin.
ABBOT, NATHANIEL K., farmer; Sec. 26; P. O. Elgin; born in Washington, Orange Co., Vt., Dec. 19, 1818; came to Illinois in the Fall of 1842, stopping at Lockport, Will Co., until the following Spring, when he removed to Kane Co.; Rep.; Liberal; married Miss Ann M. Devore, April 12, 1839; she was born in the State of Ohio; five children living—Henry S., Abram A., Eleanor E., wife of Seth Doxey; Mary C., wife of M. Bragey; Isabell A., wife of Wm. Barton; lost three—Mary Ann, Sophia J. and Agnes.

Adams, J. S., Supt. watch factory; P. O. Elgin.
 Adams, Oscar, dentist; P. O. Elgin.
 Aldrich, C. T., barber; P. O. Elgin.
 Anderson, Z., laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 Adams, O. O., watch factory; P. O. Elgin.
 Allen, A. G., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

ALLEN, EDSON K., Constable; P. O. Elgin; was born in Rutland Co., Vt., May 19, 1834; came to Illinois in early childhood with his parents, who located in Hampshire Township, Kane Co., in 1837; Rep.; Bapt.; married Miss Mary Jane Brydia Nov. 1, 1855; she was born in Crawford Co., Pa., June 27, 1838; two children living—Lucretia N. and George E.; lost one child—William E., died in Feb., 1863; Mr. A. served during the war in the Kane Co. Cavalry, which was consolidated with the 15th Cavalry in Dec., 1862, and afterward merged into the 10th Ill. Cavalry; was formerly a member of Burlington Lodge, No. 637, A., F. & A. M.

Ahle, Clara, P. O. Elgin.
 Anderson, C. K., P. O. Elgin.
 Aldrich, U. E., expressman; P. O. Elgin.
 Ayres, R. S., laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 Ainsworth, E. C., P. O. Elgin.
 Abbott, Mrs. S. A., dressmaker; P. O. Elgin.

Abbott, Ann B., P. O. Elgin.
 Adolph, Rose, P. O. Elgin.
 Adriance, N. V., farmer; P. O. Elgin.
 Anderson, John, P. O. Elgin.
 Andrews, Samuel, laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 Abbott, F., watch factory; P. O. Elgin.
BARRY, A. S., teacher, P. O. Elgin.
 Britton, L. F., far.; P. O. Elgin.
 Bishop, Henry, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

BLOOMFIELD, NORMAN J. (D. R. Jencks & Co.), real estate, insurance and passage tickets; P. O. Elgin; born in Herkimer Co., N. Y., Dec. 20, 1818; came to Illinois in 1860, locating at Dundee; has resided at Elgin since 1866; Dem.; Lib.; has filled the offices of School Inspector and Superintendent in Herkimer Co., N. Y.; was Captain of steamer Great Western, Lake Erie, from 1852 to 1855; married, in 1864, to Miss Louisa M. Mills, of Buffalo, N. Y., who died in March, 1851; was again married, in October, 1853, to Harriet A. Van Norman, of Tillsburg, Canada; three children—Kate L., Frank L. and Sam B. Mr. B. is a member of Monitor Lodge, No. 522, A., F. & A. M.; has a watch which bears this inscription: "Presented to Past Master N. J. Bloomfield by Monitor Lodge, No. 522, A., F. & A. M., Dec. 30, 1875."

Bishop, Thos., farmer; P. O. Elgin.
 Bartell, Chris., P. O. Elgin.

BROWV, JAMES C., far.; born in Steuben Co., N. Y., March 20, 1831; came to Illinois, in November, 1844, locating in Hampshire Tp., Kane Co.; came to Elgin, his present home, in 1874; owns 400 acres of land, valued at \$20,000; Rep.; Lib.; was elected Sheriff of Kane Co. in 1870, and re-elected in 1872; has held other minor offices, and at present that of Supervisor of Elgin Tp.; married Miss Theresa P. Harney, of Massillon, Ohio, Sept. 23, 1855; three children living—Lillie D., Ira J. and Mamie L.; lost one—Daisy, who died in 1852, aged 11 yrs.

Bishop, Chas., P. O. South Elgin.
 Barton, Wm., P. O. South Elgin.
 Burns, Samuel, P. O. South Elgin.
 Buzzell, Henry, P. O. Elgin.

BOSWORTH, INCREASE C.,

President of the First National Bank of Elgin; born in Greenfield, Saratoga Co., N. Y., April 2, 1812; came to Illinois in 1836, remaining in Chicago two years, and locating at Dundee in 1838; in 1867, he removed to Elgin, his present home; owns 450 acres of land, valued at \$30,000; served as Supervisor of Dundee Tp. for two years, and same term in Elgin Tp. Mr. B. is Resident Trustee of the Northern Illinois Hospital for the Insane, at Elgin, and one of the Directors of the Elgin Academy; he is also connected with the Chicago University and Theological Seminary, being on the Board of Trustees of both institutions. Rep.; Bapt.; married, in December, 1844, to Mary Ann, daughter of Dr. Root (formerly of Elgin, deceased); four children—Alfred, William E., Abbie L. and Henry I.

Badendick, Louis, P. O. Elgin.

BORDEN, HENRY LEE, Superintendent of the Illinois Condensing Company, Elgin, Ill.; born in Egypt, Wheaton Co., Texas, Jan. 18, 1832; came to Illinois in March, 1875, locating at Elgin, his present home; Lib.; married, in 1872, to Miss Laura J. George, of Wheaton Co., Texas; owns 600 acres of land in the State of Texas, valued at \$6,000. Mr. B.'s father, Gail Borden, who died Jan. 12, 1873, was widely known, both in this country and Europe, in connection with various forms of concentrated food, especially that of condensed milk.

BARCLAY, DAVID F., dealer in hardware and stoves; P. O. Elgin; born in Edinburgh, Scotland, March 29, 1828; came to this country in 1842, locating at Waukegan, Ill., where he remained until 1851, when he came to Elgin, his present home; served as Mayor of Elgin three terms—1874, '5 and '6; was married in 1851, to Miss Martricia J. Hammer, of Elgin; she was born in Cook Co., her father being one of the first settlers of that county. Rep.; Meth.; Mr. B. is a member of Elgin Lodge, No. 117, A., F. & A. M.

Bateman, Jacob, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Brown, W. F., P. O. Elgin.

Buzzell, Mrs. W. S., P. O. Elgin.

Bramer, Lena, P. O. Elgin.

Barton, Charles, carriage trimmer; P. O. Elgin.

Baker, Chas. D., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Bradford, H. H., P. O. Elgin.

Bigsby, C. L., mason; P. O. Elgin.

BOSWORTH, FRANKLIN S.,

dealer in hardware, stoves and dairy supplies; P. O. Elgin; born in Boston, Erie Co., N. Y., Dec. 17, 1831; came to Illinois in Aug., 1839, locating at Dundee; removed to Elgin about six years ago; Rep.; Liberal; was married in 1859, to Miss Sarah E. Hunt, of Cleveland, Ohio; she was born in Perrysburg, Cattaraugus Co., N. Y.; have three children—Edward I., Mary A. and Frank H.

Brown, Alex., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Burk, Ella, P. O. Elgin.

BALDWIN, LYNDON A. (L. A.

Baldwin & Co.), druggists; P. O. Elgin; born in St. Lawrence County, N. Y.; came to Illinois in 1850, locating in McHenry Co., Ill.; removed to Elgin in 1864; was married, in 1857, to Miss Mary D. Joslyn, of Chicago; they have two children—Bessie A. and Harrie L. Dem.; Lib.

Baldwin, M. B., ex P. M.; P. O. Elgin.

Barrows, Eunice, P. O. Elgin.

Borden, Mrs. E. C., P. O. Elgin.

BOSWORTH BROS. & PECK

(Alfred Bosworth, William E. Bosworth and Geo. M. Peck), wholesale and retail dealers in dry goods, carpets, notions, etc.; P. O. Elgin; this well-known house was established in the Fall of 1867, in Stowe's Block, on Main st., but removed to their present location in the Bosworth Block, Fountain Square, in the Fall of 1868, giving them more comfortable and spacious quarters to meet the demands of an increasing trade. They keep constantly on hand a general stock of first-class goods for the wholesale and retail trade, consisting chiefly of dry goods, notions, carpets, oil cloths, live geese feathers and furs.

Brown, S. P., physician; P. O. Elgin.

Buck, Sarah A., P. O. Elgin.

Blackley, J. S., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Benham, K. W., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Benham, S. A., painter; P. O. Elgin.

Balch, W. S., minister; P. O. Elgin.

Bodden, Randolph, P. O. Elgin.

BOTSFORD, RICH'D N., Botsford & Barry, attorneys; P. O. Elgin; born in Newton, Fairfield Co., Conn., Oct. 28, 1830; came to Illinois in 1851, locating at St. Charles, Kane Co.; admitted to the bar in 1857; was elected Judge of the County Court in 1861, which office he held four years; in 1869, he located at Elgin, his present home; Dem.; Liberal. Married Miss Ellen E. Bundy, in 1860; she was born in New Hampshire; have two children—Carl E. and Alosie.

Bartholomew, Warren, carp.; P. O. Elgin.

Brandt, Fred, P. O. Elgin.

Ball, A. D., lab.; P. O. Elgin.

Ballen, G. W., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Bassett, O., P. O. Elgin.

Bloomfield, N. J., ins. agt.; P. O. Elgin.

BARTLETT, PATTEN S., P. O. Elgin; born in Amesbury, Mass., Sept. 3, 1833; was connected with the American Watch Company at Waltham, Mass., from 1854 to 1864; came to Illinois, in the latter year, locating at Elgin; he took an active part in establishing the Elgin National Watch Company in 1864, and has traveled extensively, both in this country and Europe, in the interest of the company, introducing the Elgin Watches to the trade in the larger cities of both continents; resigned the position of Assistant Supt. of the Elgin National Watch Co. in December 1, 1877, to accept a position with the American Watch Co. at Waltham, Mass., with which he was formerly connected. Mr. B. is a member of the following Masonic bodies: Monitor Lodge, No. 522, Loyal L. Munn Chapter, No. 96, Bethel Comd. No. 36, Knight Templars, at Elgin; also of the higher bodies with membership at Chicago, Ills.

Brown, Wm., P. O. Elgin.

BACHRACH, CHAS., clothing, hats, caps, boots, shoes and gents' furnishing goods; P. O. Elgin; he was born in Baltimore, Md.; came to Illinois in 1866, locating at Elgin, his present home; he married in 1868 to Miss Lanora Goldman, of Chicago. They have five children—Martha, Benjie, Richard, Harrie and Samuel.

Burton, Richard, P. O. Elgin.

Bristol, Lyman, carp.; P. O. Elgin.

Bennett, Dr. R. F., physician; P. O. Elgin.

Beegan, Julia, P. O. Elgin.

Buell, Joseph E., P. O. Elgin.

Bewmaster, John, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Burns, Rev. W., minister; P. O. Elgin.

Barrett, B., P. O. Elgin.

BECKER, JOHN H., Justice of the Peace, P. O. Elgin; was born in Saratoga Co., N. Y., Dec. 25, 1836; he came West in 1867, locating at Elgin, his present home; Ind.; Liberal; was married in 1864, to Miss Lydia K. Keyes, of Albany, N. Y.; she had three children living—Florence, E. Keyes and Kate D.; lost two—Adelaide Juliette G.; was elected Justice of the Peace in 1877.

Bucklinger, C., far.; P. O. Elgin.

Basly, Ann, P. O. Elgin.

Brown, Ephraim, lab.; P. O. Elgin.

Barney, Henry, P. O. Elgin.

BURT, HENRY F.; P. O. Elgin, Ill.; born in Norton, Mass., Jan. 21, 1846, but removed in early childhood with his parents to Taunton, Mass., where he resided until 1866; went to Providence, R. I., where he graduated at Schofield's Commercial College, and entered the establishment of Gladding, Bro. & Co., wholesale and retail dealers in books and stationery, as cashier; remained with this firm two years; came to Illinois in 1868, locating at Elgin; he was engaged as balance maker in the Elgin National Watch Factory till Oct. 10, 1874, when he left that institution to accept a position in the Postal Service on the Union Pacific Railroad from Omaha, Neb., to Ogden, Utah (a distance of 1,032 miles); was transferred to a route on the C., R. I. & P. R. R. from Chicago to Iowa City, March 10, 1875; Mr. B. resigned this position, Nov. 1, 1875, to accept the position as chief clerk and purchasing agent for the Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane, which position he held until the Fall of 1876; Rep.; Liberal; he married in Nov. 8, 1870, Miss Kate L., daughter of Norman J. and Louisa M. Bloomfield, of Elgin; is Secretary of Monitor Lodge, No. 522, A., F. & A. M.

Baker, Chas., watch factory; P. O. Elgin

Byington, Miss M. E., P. O. Elgin.

Barclay, Margaret, P. O. Elgin.

Buzzel, Ezra, P. O. Elgin.

BORRMAN, THEODORE F., proprietor of Riverside Green-House, Elgin; was born in Prussia, March 23, 1852; he came to this country with his parents in 1860, locating at Buffalo, N. Y., where he remained until 1869; spent considerable time traveling prior to 1873; locating in Chicago that year; he came to Elgin in the Spring of 1874; Rep.; Lutheran; was married in Nov., 1873, to Miss Emily C. Busch, of Columbus, Ohio; she was born in Delaware, Ohio; Mr. B. keeps constantly on hand a fine stock of flowering plants, also all kinds of decorations furnished on short notice.

Boyington, G. E., P. O. Elgin.

Burns, Samuel, lab.; P. O. Elgin.

Burton, Mark, far.; P. O. Elgin.

Brown, H. J., far.; P. O. Elgin.

Bridges, W. H., Supt. Schools; P. O. Elgin.

Burdick, O. S., P. O. Elgin.

Brown, D. W., mer.; P. O. Elgin.

Brayman, Mary B., P. O. Elgin.

Burroughs, Erastus, P. O. Elgin.

Black, Lyman, capitalist; P. O. Elgin.

BECKER, DANIEL C., milling; P. O. South Elgin; he was born in Shutters Corners, Schoharie Co., N. Y., March 27, 1833, but removed in early childhood with his parents to Ames, Montgomery Co., N. Y., where he remained until 22 years of age, then returned to Schoharie Co. and engaged in milling; he came to Illinois May 10, 1867, locating at Dixon, Lee Co.; Rep.; Lib.; he married May 5, 1855, Miss Elizabeth Banta; she was born in Sheridan, Schoharie Co., N. Y. Mr. B. has made milling a business for many years, and is now manager and foreman in the Prairie State Mill at South Elgin, Ill., operated by Foster, Lee & Co., of Chicago. His home and family are at Dixon, Lee Co., Ills.

Bierns, Wm., P. O. Elgin.

Beith, Jas., P. O. Elgin.

Benham, Horace, painter; P. O. Elgin.

Benham, Wm., painter; P. O. Elgin.

Benham, S., P. O. Elgin.

Brown, Louis, Sr., P. O. Elgin.

Brown, S. N., traveler; P. O. Elgin.

BROWN, RODOLPHUS P., far.; Sec. 35; P. O. South Elgin, Ill.; born in Canada West Aug. 2, 1829; came to Illinois in 1845, locating about three miles northwest of Elgin; removed to his present location in 1851; owns 88 acres, valued at \$7,000; Rep.; Free Meth.; has served as School Director several terms; married in Sept., 1850, to Miss Lydia Jane Collins; seven children—Frances L., Charles E., Marion A., Adaline C., Nathan C., Freddie R. and George.

Butler, J. B., P. O. Elgin.

Bohne, Jno., P. O. Elgin.

BROWN, JAS W., far.; Sec. 34; P. O. Elgin; he was born in Canada West, July 29, 1825; he came to Illinois in the Spring of 1846, locating about three miles northwest of Elgin; he removed to his present location in 1870; he owns 177 acres of land, valued at \$9,000; Greenback; Lib.; has held minor township offices at different times. He married in 1844 to Miss Hannah Sinclair; she died Jan. 25, 1860; had six children by this union, four living—Hiram J., William A., Herbert R., Alfaretta A.; lost two, Harriet E. died Jan. 3, 1869, and Jas. J. died Jan. 26, 1853; he was again married in 1862 to Catharine Wheeler; she was born in Albany, N. Y.

Buchanan, Sandy, P. O. Elgin.

Beth, Christ., P. O. Elgin.

Baldwin, Thos., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Barrack, Margaret; P. O. Elgin.

Bagley, Geo., engineer; P. O. Elgin.

Baxter, John, watch factory; P. O. Elgin.

BISHOP, THOMAS, farmer and stock raiser; Sec. 22; P. O. Elgin; born in Devonshire, England, Sept. 16, 1826; removed with his parents, in early childhood, to New Brunswick; came to Illinois in July, 1850, locating in Elgin Township, on the farm where he now resides; owns 240 acres of land, valued at \$20,000; Ind.; Universalist; held the office of Road Commissioner for three terms, also other minor offices; is at present one of the directors of the Home National Bank of Elgin; married in May, 1869, to Miss Emma J., daughter of John A. and Mary Ann Stringer; have three children—Clarence N., Flora P. and Lawrence.

Brown, Mrs. Lydia; P. O. Elgin.

Bagley, C. H., supt. at watch factory; P. O. Elgin.

Blim, G. H., watch factory; P. O. Elgin.

Buck, I. N., detective; P. O. Elgin.

Bosworth, Eugene, merchant; P. O. Elgin.

Bruman, H., florist; P. O. Elgin.

BURTON, FRANCIS, far.; Sec. 32; P. O. Elgin; born in Canada East, Dec. 14, 1829; came to Illinois in May, 1845; located in Plato Township; removed to his present home in the Fall of 1854; owns 135 acres of land, valued at \$7,000; Rep.; member of the United Brethren Church; married, in 1853, to Miss Mary Pool; she was born in England, Feb. 23, 1835; have eight children—Charles R., Adaline M., George F., Francessa, Olive, Willie L., Frank and Minnie M.

Burrett, Peter, capitalist; P. O. Elgin.

Brass, Julia E.; P. O. Elgin.

Bundy, P. E., P. O. Elgin.

Bingham, Mary A.; P. O. Elgin.

Balch, E. E., watch factory; P. O. Elgin.

Boyce, Sylvester, watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Byington, Milo, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Byington, Irwin, clerk; P. O. Elgin.

Batterman, Henry, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Browning, J. H., retired far., P. O. Elgin.

BEAN, CHARLES F., groceries. crockery, notions, boots and shoes; P. O. Udina, Elgin Township; born in Groton, Grafton Co., N. H., May 31, 1836; removed, in early childhood, to Illinois, with his parents, who settled in Elgin, in the Fall of 1837; his father, Folsom Bean, coming the year before and selecting the location; owns 7 acres of land in Plato Township, valued at \$1,200; Ind.; Lib.; married, in 1861, to Miss Anna E. Dedrick; she was born in Frankfort, Herkimer Co., N. Y., Nov. 25, 1839; two children living—Mabel A. and Vernon L.; lost two—George N., died Sept. 6, 1873, and Alice V., died Dec. 2, 1871. Mr. Bean has in his possession the day-book and ledger used by Stores & Bean when in business together in Elgin, bearing date 1836.

Burrett, B., capitalist; P. O. Elgin.

Bodee, Adam, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Brush, Daniel, carpenter; P. O. Elgin.

Brush, Edwin, carpenter; P. O. Elgin.

Barker, Wm., jeweler; P. O. Elgin.

Barr; O., mechanic; P. O. Elgin.

Barnes, W., P. O. Elgin.

Barnes, W. G., P. O. Elgin.

Busse, Otto, miller; P. O. Elgin.

BENNETT, JOHN W., P. O. Elgin; was born in Geneva, Kane Co., Ill., July 2, 1850; removed to Plato Township in early childhood and has resided there since until 1870; during the past seven years he has resided at Chicago and in the lumber districts of Michigan; crossed the Plains in 1869, stopping at Denver, Colo., a few months; owns an interest in his father's estate consisting of 138 acres of land, valued at \$50 per acre; Rep.; married, March 14, 1875, to Miss Clara M. Warner, of Alleyton, Mich.; she was born in the State of Michigan. Mr. Bennett is a member of Newaygo Lodge, No. 131, A., F. & A. M., at Newaygo, Mich.

Bangs, D. W., retired farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Baker, J. E., watch factory; P. O. Elgin.

Brong, G. G., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Barry, A. H., attorney; P. O. Elgin.

Bennett, R. F., physician; P. O. Elgin.

Bennett, Charles R., P. O. Elgin.

Berggren, C. H. L., grocer; P. O. Elgin.

BUZZELL, BENJ. R., farmer and carpenter and builder; Sec. 7; P. O. Elgin; born in Strafford, Orange Co., Vt., Aug. 6, 1809; came to Illinois July 4, 1845, locating where he now resides; owns 85 acres of land, valued at \$50 per acre; Rep.; Free-Will Baptist; was married in 1834, to Miss Sarah Gilman; she was born in Orange Co., Vt., Sept. 19, 1808, and died Oct. 22, 1856; three children—Angeline, wife of Judge L. F. Fombelle, of Villa Ridge, Ill.; Marcella, wife of L. C. Dow, of Elgin; Sarah E., wife of Capt. N. Patchen, of Elgin Township. Married second wife, Alethée Downer, in 1857, now deceased; one child by second wife, Charles E.; was again married to Cyrene L. Baker; she was born in West Schuyler, Herkimer Co., N. Y., Sept. 9, 1829.

Buhmeyer, J. H., cigars; P. O. Elgin.

Bruckman, Chas., merchant; P. O. Elgin.

Bracken, Wm., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Burdick, H. S., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Brintnell, H., carpenter; P. O. Elgin.

Brown, Dr. S. P., physician; P. O. Elgin.

Bent, W. E., boarding house; P. O. Elgin.

Bowman, T. F., P. O. Elgin.

Bergland, B. F., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Becker, W. F., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Bosworth, W. E., merchant; P. O. Elgin.

Bosworth, Alfred, banker; P. O. Elgin.

BORDEN, GAIL (deceased); well known, both in this country and in Europe, in connection with various forms of concentrated food, especially that of condensed milk; was born in Norwich, N. Y., in 1801; in 1814, his father removed to Cincinnati, O., and two years later to the territory of Indiana, where the subject of this sketch resided until 1822; at the age of 21, he went South for his health, and engaged in teaching in the pine regions of Mississippi; during his sojourn there, he received the appointment of County, also Deputy U. S. Surveyor; in 1829, he removed to Texas, where he followed, for a time, farming and stock growing; he was elected a delegate, in 1833, to the convention held to define the position of the colonies and to petition the Mexican Government for separation from the State of Coahuila; was appointed Superintendent of official surveys by Gen. Austin, and compiled the first topographical map of the colonies; also, had charge of the Land Office at San Felipe; in 1835, Mr. Borden, with others, published the only newspaper issued in Texas during the Texan Revolution; he was appointed Collector of the port of Galveston in 1837, and made the first surveys of that city; in 1839, he was appointed agent of the Galveston City Company, which position he held for more than twelve years. To Mr. Borden's efforts and inventive genius in after years in the product, first, of the "meat biscuit" and, second, that of condensed milk, the world is greatly indebted, for to almost every nation and clime the latter is sent from the factories established by him and now operated by members of his family. Mr. Borden's home was at Elgin, where his widow now resides, some years prior to his death, which occurred on the 11th of January, 1874.

Becker, A. V., ice dealer; P. O. Elgin.

Babbitt, D. S., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Breckman, Herman, P. O. Elgin.

Bierman, Henry, miller; P. O. Elgin.

Butler, D. H., flour and feed; P. O. Elgin.

Bernhardt, Phillip, ca p.; P. O. Elgin.

Brown, Joseph, barber; P. O. Elgin.

BURLINGAME, DWIGHT E., physician and surgeon; P. O. Elgin; born in Adams, Berkshire Co., Mass., June 8, 1845; removed to Illinois in Feb., 1864, stopping at Earlville, La Salle Co., until the following Spring, when he located at Elgin, his present home; he entered the Chicago Medical College in the Fall of 1866, graduating at that institution in 1869, and the following year became associated with Dr. E. Winchester in the practice of his profession, and succeeded to Dr. W.'s practice on his removal to California in 1872. He has held the position of City Physician since March, 1874; served the Fox River Valley Medical Association as Vice President in 1873; married in 1870 to Miss Sarah A., daughter of Dr. E. Winchester; she was born in Canada; one child by this union—Anna M.; Dr. B. is also a member of Monitor Lodge, No. 522, A., F. & A. M.

Booth, M. H., drugs; P. O. Elgin.

Bishop, E. L., agriculturist; P. O. Elgin.

BURGESS, W. W., lumber merchant; P. O. Elgin; was born in Wyoming Co., Penn., Dec. 11, 1830; his early years were passed in the ordinary manner of farmers' sons, working on the farm in the Summer and attending the district school during the Winter months; on the 2d of June, 1853, at the age of 22 years, he was married to Miss Sarah T. Grist, of his native town, who was born Jan. 1, 1831; they removed to Illinois the same year (1853), and settled on a farm in McHenry Co., about three miles east of the village of Huntley; here he continued to reside until 1865, when he removed to Chicago and engaged in the commission business; at the end of one year he disposed of his interest in the business and returned to Huntley, engaging in the grain and produce trade, which he continued with varied success for five years; he then retired to his farm and resided there until 1874, when he removed to Elgin and, with Mr. Lewis Fletcher, established the lumber firm of Fletcher & Burgess; Rep.; was raised a Bapt.; Mrs. Burgess died Aug. 20, 1877, leaving four children—Ida S., born June 1, 1855; Alvin E., June 8, 1858; William G., Oct. 27, 1868; Herbert M., June 21, 1874.

Blair, John, barber; P. O. Elgin.
 Buckrice, John, grocer; P. O. Elgin.
 Baldwin, L. A., drugs; P. O. Elgin.
 Batchelder, W. H., boots and shoes; P. O. Elgin.

Bohne, Henry, miller; P. O. Elgin.
 Beilenberg, A., barber; P. O. Elgin.
 Brown, Louis, watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Bullard, E., carpenter; P. O. Elgin.
 Baldwin, M. B. merchant; P. O. Elgin.
 Bentley, A. E., jeweler; P. O. Elgin.
 Borden, Mrs. Gail, P. O. Elgin.
 Barrows, D., banker; P. O. Elgin.
 Barrett, James, P. O. Elgin.
 Beckwith, Robt., stock dlr.; P. O. Elgin.
 Bigsby, C. L., mason; P. O. Elgin.

CORRAN, J. P., farmer; P. O. South Elgin.

Campbell, Martin, P. O. Elgin.
 Cable, M. H., P. O. Elgin.
 Clock, Charles, saloon; P. O. So. Elgin.
 Conner, James, shoemaker; P. O. Elgin.

CHRISTIE, WILLIAM J., groceries and crockery; P. O. Elgin; born in Philadelphia, Pa., June 3, 1840; came to Illinois in the Fall of 1842, locating in Rutland Township, Kane Co.; went out, in August, 1861, with Company B, Cav. 36th Ill. Inf. (with this regiment were two companies of cavalry); was mustered out in 1865; Rep.; Presb.; located at Elgin two years ago; married, Dec. 5, 1865, to Jenett McQueen, of Plato Tp., Kane Co.; has four children—Stewart, Mary S., Ella and Eugene.

Cox, John, merchant, P. O. Elgin.
 Collins, N. P., physician; P. O. So. Elgin.
 Clute, Alex.
 Cooms, George, farmer; P. O. Elgin.
 Cox, Benjamin, farmer; P. O. Elgin.
 Clute, Caroline, P. O. South Elgin.
 Chaffer, J. D., far.; P. O. Elgin.
 Cumings, Jason, P. O. Elgin.
 Connor, T., blacksmith; P. O. Elgin.

CHAPMAN, SAMUEL W. (S. & S. W. Chapman), milling; P. O. Elgin; born in Cattaraugus Co., N. Y., Sept. 9, 1842; his parents located in Plato Township, Kane Co., as early as 1843; came to Elgin in 1868; Dem. Mr. C. was married, in 1868, to Miss Ella F. Stone, of Elgin; he is a member of Monitor Lodge, No. 522, A., F. & A. M.; the firm of S. & S. W. Chapman owns 120 acres of land, valued at \$6,000.

Clark, Thos. L., P. O. Elgin.
 Collins, Mrs. C. M., P. O. Elgin.
 Corly, Geo., shoemaker; P. O. Elgin.
 Childs, Henry, mech.; P. O. Elgin.
 Coolie, Albert, P. O. Elgin.
 Carr, James, P. O. Elgin.
 Calaban, Ann, P. O. Elgin.

CUBITT, HENRY, clerk; P. O. Elgin; born in Sheffield, Eng., Feb. 26, 1848; came to this country in 1869, stopping one year in Mass. and the two years following in Albion, Edwards Co., Ill., locating at Elgin in 1872; Dem.; Epis. Married in 1868, to Miss Annie E. Burrell, of Sheffield, Eng.; have two children—Albert Earnest and Minnie Lula.

Case, Mrs. B., P. O. Elgin.
 Cafford, R., P. O. Elgin.
 Crane, Delia E., P. O. Elgin.
 Caven, James, P. O. Elgin.
 Connor, Robert, lab.; P. O. Elgin.

CLIFFORD, EUGENE, attorney; P. O. Elgin; was born in Rochester, N. Y., Dec. 3, 1848, and came to Illinois in April, 1854, locating at Elgin in his present home; was admitted to the Bar in June, 1871; served as Town Clerk some years, and as City Attorney from 1873 to 1877; he entered Notre Dame University with the graduating class and remained one year.

Chapman, Albert, P. O. Elgin.
 Corneer, J. M. watch factory; P. O. Elgin.
 Campbell, Mrs. C., millinery; P. O. Elgin.
 Church, E., P. O. Elgin.
 Curtis, Harriet, P. O. Elgin.

CHRISTIE, WILL J., Jr., publisher and proprietor of the *Daily Bluff City*; P. O. Elgin; born in Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 10, 1852, and came to Illinois in 1854, locating at Elgin, his present home. Rep.; Presb.

Clute, May, P. O. Elgin.
 Church, S. M., P. O. Elgin.
 Coburn, John A., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Clark, John, mach.; P. O. Elgin.
 Cooley, Geo. R., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Colton, Chas., P. O. Elgin.
 Cort, Nelson, watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Clothier, Edwin, cabinet mkr; P. O. Elgin.
 Cassady, Jas., merchant tailor; P. O. Elgin.
 Cosman, M. J., P. O. Elgin.
 Clondman, Wm., Ass't Supt. W. Co.; P. O. Elgin.
 Cornell, E. K. W., P. O. Elgin.

Coburn, John, watch fac. ; P. O. Elgin.
Chambers, Anderson, laborer ; P. O. Elgin.

CLARK, ANSON L., phys. ; P. O. Elgin ; born in Clarksburg, Mass., Oct. 12, 1836 ; came to Illinois in May, 1841, stopping at Bangs' Lake (now Wauconda) ; thence to Palatine, Cook Co. ; received his collegiate education at Lombard University, Galesburg, Ill. ; entered Eclectic Medical Institute at Cincinnati, O., where he graduated in 1871, with degree of Doctor of Medicine ; has resided at Elgin since 1862 ; accepted position of Assistant Surgeon of 127th I. V. I. in 1862, in which capacity he served until close of the war ; in 1869, was elected to Chair of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children in Bennett Medical College, Chicago, and about three years later to the Presidency ; has now ready for press a volume on Diseases of Women and Children ; is at present a member of State Board of Health ; served as member of State Legislature from this county in 1871-'72 ; married Aug. 20, 1859, to Miss Phebe J. Lemon, of Metamora, Ill., who died in 1868 ; was again married, in 1872, to Miss Mary F. Danton, daughter of Hiram P. and Belinda H. Danton, of Spencer, Mass. ; Rep. ; Liberal.

CARPENTER, JULIUS A., mfr., miller and banker ; P. O. Elgin, Ill. ; born in Uxbridge, Mass., Aug. 19, 1827, but removed in childhood with his parents to the town of Dundee, Ill., in 1837, where they settled on a farm, upon which has since been built the village of Carpentersville ; the subject of this sketch worked on the farm with his father till 22 years of age, then engaged in trade and milling in Carpentersville, where he has since resided, until 1875, when he removed to Elgin, Ill., his present home ; was for many years Postmaster of the village, held the office of Supervisor of the town several terms in succession, was a member of the State Legislature from 1871 to 1875, and served as Chairman of the following House Committees : Finance, Manufactures and Special Temperance Committees ; is now Business Manager and Treasurer of the Illinois Iron and Bolt Company (an extensive manufac-

turing company in Carpentersville), President of the Star Manufacturing Company (manufacturers of agricultural implements) ; also, stockholder and Director in the Valley Woolen Co., both of Carpentersville ; President of the Elgin City Banking Co., and Treasurer of the Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane ; married in April, 1852, to Miss Mary, eldest daughter of Alfred and Lucinda Edwards, of Dundee ; Rep. ; Cong. in belief ; owns 1,200 acres of land in Kane Co., valued at \$60,000 ; also 320 acres in Champaign Co., Ill., valued at \$6,000.

Corran, Wesley, horse dlr. ; P. O. Elgin.

CHISHOLM, OLIVER P., attorney ; P. O. Elgin ; born in Hazel Green, Grant Co., Wis., Sept. 18, 1843 ; came to Illinois in October, 1862 ; was a member of Co. C, 153d Ill. Inf. ; Rep. ; Lib. ; served as Supervisor of the town of Elgin one term ; married June 22, 1870, to Sarah Jane Bishop, of Chicago ; three children living — William A., Charles B., Grace E. ; lost one, Edward J., who died July 1, 1871.

Clark, Palmer, horse dealer ; P. O. Elgin.

Clark, T. S., farmer ; P. O. Elgin.

Church, C. C., milk carrier ; P. O. Elgin.

Christie, R. S., watch factory ; P. O. Elgin.

CRUE, VALENTINE, farmer, Sec. 36 ; P. O. South Elgin ; born in Hesse-Darmstadt, Germany, Nov. 15, 1828 ; came to this country in childhood with his parents, locating in Somerset Co., N. J., where he resided until 1854, removing to Cook County Ill., in the Spring of that year ; removed to his present location in 1873 ; owns 210 acres of land, valued at \$15,000 ; served as Assessor, Collector and Road Commissioner in Cook Co. ; Rep. ; Baptist in belief ; married, in 1854, to Miss Cornelia Smith ; she was born in Morristown, N. J. ; three children—John S., Eddie E. and Jessie A.

Christie, Jas., bookkeeper ; P. O. Elgin.

CHAFFEE, ALBERT J., farmer, Sec. 10 ; P. O. Elgin ; born in Campton Tp., Kane Co., Ill., April 27, 1848 ; owns 60 acres of land ; value, \$6,000 ; Rep. ; Meth. Married in 1873, to Miss Susan E. Ambrose ; she was born in Kennebec Co., Me. ; two children—Mettie E. and Edward A.

Cornell, F. A., merchants; P. O. Elgin.

Caldwell, C. A.,; P. O. Elgin.

CHISHOLM, ROBERT B., SR., mining; P. O. Elgin; born in Delaware Co., N. Y., Oct. 20, 1812, but removed, in early childhood, with his parents, to St. Thomas, Canada; came to Illinois in Oct., 1836, locating at Chicago, and in connection with the improvements of that city, furnished timber for the harbor in 1837; in 1840 he returned to Canada, and after disposing of his real estate interests there, located near Galena, Ill., where he engaged in lead mining; removed to California, in 1851, and commenced mining operations there with varied success, until the opening of the Emma mine, in 1868, which proved a very profitable enterprise—the products of this mine amounting to about \$1,000,000 per annum; two years later the mine was sold to capitalists in New York City, and is now owned and operated by the American Emma Mining Co., of N. Y.; Mr. C. has traveled extensively throughout the mining regions of California, Idaho, Arizona, Montana and Mexico, visiting the Cerro County (also known as the Heintzleman), Cahnabian, Bahia and other mines; in 1862, he visited the old Potosi Mine of Mexico with a view of leasing, but was preceded by other parties. Was married in 1840, to Miss Sarah Van Valkenburgh, of Toronto, Canada West; she was born Dec. 20, 1819; had six children by this union; five living—William W., Oliver P., George S., Robert B., Jr., and Emma M.; lost one—Fannie, died in June, 1850, aged four years.

Campbell, Robert, P. O. Elgin.

Cole, D. M., mechanic; P. O. Elgin.

COLE, CHARLES H., jeweler; P. O. Elgin; born in St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., March 8, 1846; came west in 1853, locating at St. Charles, Kane Co., Ill.; removed to Elgin, his present home, in 1862; Rep.; Meth. Married, in 1869, to Miss Ellen F. Stiles, of Elgin; have two children—Harry L. and Fred. O.; enlisted in Co. A, 141st Ill. Inf., April 29, 1864; mustered out October 3, 1864; Mr. C. is First Lieut. of the Elgin National Guards, Co. E, 3d Regt. Ill. N. G.

Cass, Charles, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Clarkson, George, P. O. Elgin.

Cannan, Robert, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Crocker, R., P. O. Elgin.

Cole, Mrs., P. O. Elgin.

COOMBS, GEORGE, farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Elgin; born in Somersetshire, England, March 20, 1831; came to this country in 1854, stopping in the State of Ohio until the following Spring, and then locating in Elgin, Ill.; came to his present location in the Spring of 1856; owns 115 acres of land; value, \$6,000; Rep.; Liberal. Married in 1854 to Miss Maria Lewis; she died in 1863; two children by this union; lost both—Jonathan, died in 1859; Angeline died in 1860; was again married in 1865, to Miss Phebe Pingree; she was born at Pingree Grove, Kane Co.; six children, five living—Ella M., Bertha D., Ida, George F. and Edith, lost one—Martha, died in 1855.

Clark, P. J., P. O. Elgin.

Clinton, James, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Champion, Mrs. E. A., P. O. Elgin.

Creighton, Wm., lab.; P. O. Elgin.

Carlisle, J. A., Supervisor; P. O. Elgin.

Collett, John, P. O. Elgin.

Clark, Byron, mfr.; P. O. Elgin.

Clark, Barton, mach.; P. O. Elgin.

Cart, Chas., laborer, P. O. Elgin.

Coffee, C. H., mer.; P. O. Elgin.

Collins, C. R., mfr.; P. O. Elgin.

Conner, T., blacksmith; P. O. Elgin.

Collins, Julia, P. O. Elgin.

Collins, James, P. O. Elgin.

Chapman, W. H., watch factory; P. O. Elgin.

Coolie, Moses, shoemaker; P. O. Elgin.

Collins, David, lab.; P. O. Elgin.

Church, A. B., milk dealer; P. O. Elgin.

Chila, H. M., P. O. Elgin.

Childs, E. M., P. O. Elgin.

Cole, G. W., jeweler; P. O. Elgin.

Cornell, Jas., P. O. Elgin.

Clark, E. M., mason; P. O. Elgin.

Conner, John, blacksmith; P. O. Elgin.

Cresey, Orvis, tinner; P. O. Elgin.

Cox, Benj., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Campbell, S. N., boots and shoes; P. O. Elgin.

Chamberlain, F. H., mer.; P. O. Elgin.

Chamberlain, D. J., mer.; P. O. Elgin.

Chapman, Samuel, Street Commissioner; P. O. Elgin.

Cass, Gilbert, R.R. conductor; P. O. Elgin.

Crane, N. J., phys.; P. O. Elgin.

DAGGETT, J. R., P. O. Elgin.

Deer, Peter, P. O. Elgin.

Dolton, Wm., P. O. Elgin.

Dalby, Wm., P. O. Elgin.

DOUGLASS, ELON G., farmer, Sec. 27; P. O. Elgin; born in Ontario Co., N. Y., Feb. 11, 1832; came to Illinois in April, 1856, locating on the farm where he now resides; owns 171 acres of land, valued at \$15,000; Rep.; Bapt.; married in Oct., 1856, to Miss Angie B. Bradbury; she was born in Erie Co., N. Y., July 29, 1832; they had two children, both deceased—Ella May, died Nov. 1, 1861; Irving M., died Sept. 18, 1865.

Damly, Lewis, P. O. Elgin.

DuBois, Wm., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Dadswell, Fred, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

DeReemer, J. D., wagon mkr.; P. O. Elgin.

Dunne, Wm., far.; P. O. Elgin.

Doran, Jas., engineer; P. O. Elgin.

Duhy, John, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Dickenson, E. T., P. O. Elgin.

Deitzel, A. N., P. O. Elgin.

Dangerfield, James, Supt. Mach. Dept. W. F.; P. O. Elgin.

Davis, L., P. O. South Elgin.

Doney, E. G., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

DuBois, J. W., merchant; P. O. Elgin.

Denniss, Lewis, P. O. Elgin.

Dewey, Ann, P. O. Elgin.

DENISON, HENRY H., books and stationery; P. O. Elgin; was born in Burke, Caledonia Co., Vt., May 22, 1845; he came to Illinois in 1852, locating at Mendota, La Salle Co., where he remained two years, when he returned to the East, spending about thirteen years in Maine and Mass.; he returned to Illinois in 1867, locating at Elgin, his present home; Rep.; Bapt.; he was married in 1869, to Miss Jennie M. Burdick, of Elgin; two children—Lizzie and Henry H.

Doxey, Edward, carpenter; P. O. Elgin.

Dietrick, John, butcher; P. O. So. Elgin.

Dean, Peter, P. O. Elgin.

Dutton, D., P. O. Elgin.

Doney, Hattie, P. O. Elgin.

Davenport, H. W., carpenter; P. O. Elgin.

Dougherty, Elizabeth, P. O. Elgin.

Danner, John, furniture; P. O. Elgin.

Daggett, Elijah, P. O. Elgin.

DEWEY, RICHARD S., M. D.; First Asst. Physician in the Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane, at Elgin; was born in Forestville, Chautauqua Co., N. Y., Dec. 6, 1845; he came to Illinois in 1871, locating at Elgin; he spent five years at Michigan University, graduating in medicine in 1869; he served in Brooklyn City Hospital one year as House Physician and Surgeon; was in the volunteer service of the Prussian Army during the Franco-German War as Asst. Surgeon; was stationed at Port à Mousson in the field hospital, and afterward in the reserve hospital at Hessen Cassel; studied one semester in the University of Berlin; was married in 1873, to Miss Lillian D. Dwight, of Clinton, N. Y.; she was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., in 1850; Rep.; Cong.

Dougherty, Mrs. Mary, P. O. Elgin.

Dugan, Pat, merchant; P. O. So. Elgin.

Damish, E., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Day, John, painter; P. O. Elgin.

Durfee, J. D., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Dickinson, Harriet, P. O. Elgin.

Dailey, Patrick, grave digger; P. O. Elgin.

Dennis, Widow, P. O. Elgin.

Dunton, Mrs. H. B., P. O. Elgin.

Driscall, P. W., P. O. Elgin.

Dexter, E. L., tinner; P. O. Elgin.

Dumser, J. S., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Dundenhafer, Geo., iron work; P. O. Elgin.

Davidson, O., banker; P. O. Elgin.

Dickerson, Jas., wagon mfr.; P. O. Elgin.

Day, J. G., painter; P. O. Elgin.

Dunlap, Geo., shoemaker; P. O. Elgin.

Dunlap, Maria A., P. O. Elgin.

Doney, Thos., artist; P. O. Elgin.

Dewitt, Frank, watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

DOW, LORENZO C., P. O. Elgin; born in Strafford, Orange Co., Vt., Oct. 22, 1839; located in Elgin, his present home, in 1876; Rep.; Liberal. Married Sept. 27, 1875, to Miss Marcella Buzzell; she was born in Strafford, Orange Co., Vt., Sept. 20, 1841. Mr. D. is a member of Temple Lodge, No. 52, A., F. & A. M., at Strafford, Vt.

Davis, Mrs. S. A., P. O. Elgin.

Dickenson, Rev. C. E., min.; P. O. Elgin.

Dickinson, Russell, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Deill, Henry E., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Dawson, Jas., stone cutter; P. O. Elgin.

Denton, Richard, watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Danner, Chas., furniture; P. O. Elgin.
 Dempster, A. R., trav. agt.; P. O. Elgin.
 DuBois, M. W., mer.; P. O. Elgin.
 DuBois, W. M., farmer; P. O. Elgin.
 Deal, Albert, laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 Dougherty, E., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

DEANE, CHARLES P., groceries;
 P. O. Elgin; born in Brookfield, Worcester Co., Mass., April 4, 1813; came to Illinois in Oct., 1857, locating in Elgin Township; came to Elgin city in 1871.

Dickerson, C. D., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Davis, Mrs. C., P. O. Elgin.
 Dolph, S. S., mason; P. O. Elgin.
 Daggett, Mary T., P. O. Elgin.
 Daniels, Dr. C. M., phys.; P. O. Elgin.
 Daniels, Geo. H., gen. pass. agt. C. & P.; P. O. Elgin.

Dickenson, Mary L., P. O. Elgin.
 Daggett, W. D., carpenter; P. O. Elgin.
 Duck, J. H., pump dealer; P. O. Elgin.
EAMES, E. R., carp.; P. O. Elgin.
 Elmore, W. C., farmer; P. O. Elgin.
 Elliott, M. W., W. Ft. Supt.; P. O. Elgin.
 Ewing, M. B., P. O. Elgin.
 Ericksen, E., P. O. Elgin.

EATON, LEWIS S., dlr. in lumber, Elgin; born in Otsego Co., N. Y., May 22, 1817; came to Illinois in September, 1838, remaining in Evanston until the following Spring, when he took up his residence in Elgin; Dem.; Lib.; married, in 1845, to Miss Jane N. Fay, of St. Charles. Mr. E., at the time of his marriage, moved into his present residence, which has been his home for thirty two years; six children—Albert W., Frank E., Waldo R., Rose J., Charles L. and Matie.

Esch, Jno., mfr.; P. O. Elgin.
 Eakin, R. J., merchant; P. O. Elgin.
 Eakin, W. J., merchant; P. O. Elgin.
 Earlie, G. E., M. R. Mess.; P. O. Elgin.
 Ettner, J. F., merchant; P. O. Elgin.
 Elethorpe, E.; P. O. Elgin.
 Ettner, Fred., P. O. Elgin.

ELGIN BOARD OF TRADE.

At the session of the Northwestern Dairyman's Association, held at Elgin Jan. 16 to 18, 1872, the following committee was appointed by the Chair (Judge Wilcox) to adopt measures for the organization of a Board of Trade for the purchase and sale of dairy products:

R. R. Stone and C. W. Gould, of Elgin, Ira Albro, of Wayne, and R. W. Stewart, of Hebron. At a subsequent meeting, held at the Home National Bank, Feb. 15, the following gentlemen were added to the above committee: J. R. McLean, of Elgin. Mark Dunham, of Wayne, and Geo. Lake, of Gray Willow, with instructions to draft a constitution and by-laws, and report at an adjourned meeting to be held at Elgin March 1, 1872. At the adjourned meeting, the report of the committee was accepted and, with slight change, the constitution and by-laws were adopted, and the following officers elected: Dr. J. Tefft, President; J. R. McLean, Vice President; R. R. Stone, Secretary; and O. Davidson, Treasurer. The results attained by this organization have far exceeded the most sanguine expectations of the originators in bringing about a concert of action on the part of the dairymen of the Northwest, thereby establishing a higher grade, and, hence, higher prices for their products. The dairy product from the factories of the Northwest is now put upon the market on its own merit, and it is no longer necessary to brand it "New York factory" in order to obtain its value, which is the highest market price; and it is mainly through this organization that these results have been attained. The number of factories represented on the Board at the present time is about one hundred. The sales for the year 1877 were 6,636,386 pounds of cheese and 1,174,385 pounds of butter. The following members have served the Board in an official capacity: Dr. Joseph Tefft, President, from 1872 to date; J. R. McLean, Vice President, in 1872, also Secretary from 1873 to 1876, inclusive; R. R. Stone, Secretary, in 1872; O. Davidson, Treasurer, in 1872-73; W. T. Osgood, Vice President, in 1873-74; C. C. Church, Treasurer, from 1874 to date; C. W. Gould, Vice President, from 1875 to date. Officers for 1877: Dr. Joseph Tefft, President; C. W. Gould, Vice President; R. P. McGlinicy, Secretary; C. C. Church, Treasurer. The following statement will show the aggregate sales on the Board of Trade since its organization: The sales, in 1872,

amounted to \$81,000; in 1873, to \$219,177.53; in 1874, to \$368,528.58; in 1875, to \$496,220.04; in 1876, to \$767,640.68; and in 1877, to \$1,059,085.08. The total sales for the six years, ending with December, 1877, amounted to \$2,991,651.91. These figures speak louder than words, and show conclusively that the Board has been placed on a firm footing by the united efforts of the factory men and buyers. A stable market has always been found in Elgin for both butter and cheese since the establishment of the Board, and the Board has gained a wide reputation, and its sales regulate the prices of dairy products in many of the larger cities in the country. Especially is this so west of the Mississippi. It should be to the interest of the milk producer, as well as the manufacturer and buyer, to aid in sustaining the Board.

Ellsworth, C. C., O. P. Elgin.

Elmore Chauncey, far.; P. O. So. Elgin.

Eakins, W. S., merchant; P. O. Elgin.

Ellithorpe, O. H., P. O. Elgin.

FLETCHER, LOUIS, lum. dealer; P. O. Elgin.

Fehd, Andrew, miller; P. O. Elgin.

Freeland, Julia, P. O. Elgin.

Fredericks, M. N.; watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Farrington, G. E., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Fish, G. W., capitalist; P. O. Elgin.

Fancher, Henry, painter; P. O. Elgin.

Fisher, Peter, barber; P. O. Elgin.

Farnam, G., P. O. Elgin.

Fiburger, Fred., lab.; P. O. Elgin.

FISH, AURORA B. (L. A. Baldwin & Co.), dealer in drugs and medicines; P. O. Elgin; born in Monroe Co., N. Y., Nov. 18, 1817; came to Illinois in 1845, locating at Elgin, Ill. Mr. Fish was for several years engaged in purchasing wool and selling manufactured goods for the Elgin Mfg. Co. (now Fox River Mfg. Co.); Rep.; Lib.; married in December, 1847, to Miss Allie A. Norton, of New York; two children living—Clara B. and Jno. J.; lost one, Dora A., who died Oct. 5, 1876.

Fish, Mrs., milliner; P. O. Elgin.

Fierk, Fred., lab.; P. O. Elgin.

Farnham, Mrs. E. G., P. O. Elgin.

Fetzner, Henry, saloon; P. O. Elgin.

Fuller, B. F., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Fletcher, John, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Furnal, Henry, P. O. Elgin.

FEHRMAN, FREDRICK, dlr. in dry goods, groceries, crockery, boots and shoes; P. O. Elgin; born in Hanover, Germany, Dec. 25, 1825; came to this Co. in 1849, locating at Elgin; owns 46 acres of land, valued at \$4,600; Dem.; member of the United Evangelical Church and German Benevolent Society; married in 1852 to Miss Paulina Bruckman; she was born in Berlin, Prussia; two children living—Albert and Emil; lost six.

Fay, Martha W., P. O. Elgin.

Fry, Mary, P. O. South Elgin.

Fletcher, Jas.; P. O. Elgin.

Fardner, Jos., P. O. Elgin.

Frazier, D., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Flynn, Jno.; P. O. Elgin.

French, Horace, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Fuller, E. J., watch factory; P. O. Elgin.

Force, Jonathan, gardener; P. O. Elgin.

Furze, James, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Fletcher, C. W., sash and blinds; P. O. Elgin.

Fordrasher, Joseph, saloon; P. O. Elgin.

FAY, ELBRIDGE E., stock dealer and shipper, Elgin; born in Southborough Township, Worcester Co., Mass., May 11, 1825; removed in early childhood with his parents to Chenango Co., N. Y., and about one year later to Stenben Co., where they resided until 1837, then removing to Racine, Wis. Came to Kane Co., Illinois, in 1840, locating in Fayville, St. Charles Tp.; has resided at Elgin since 1861; Rep.; Bapt. Married April 26, 1858, to Miss Mary E. Goble; she was born in Parke Co., Indiana, Feb. 24, 1834; four children—Clara E., born Sept. 14, 1859; Dinnie A., born Nov. 20, 1861; Franklin G., born March 22, 1865; Mary E., born August 27, 1871. Mr. Fay has been extensively engaged in shipping produce in former years, commencing as early as 1851.

Flynn, Danl., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Fowler, Colista, P. O. Elgin.

Forsyth, Warren, watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Fowler, Robt., P. O. Elgin.

Foster, T. H., miller; P. O. Elgin.

Fitzgerald, James, bl'ksmith; P. O. Elgin.

Fenn, L. L., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Fairchild, Harry, watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

FLETCHER, HENRY, farmer; Sec. 18; P. O. Udina; born in Cambridgeshire, England, Dec. 12, 1813; removed in early childhood with his parents to Homesburg, near Philadelphia, Penn., where he remained two years, then removed to Luzerne Co., which was his home till the Spring of 1851, at which time he came to Illinois, stopping a short time in Plato Tp., Kane Co., and locating on the farm where he now resides, the following December; owns 207 acres of land, valued at \$75 per acre; Rep; Cong.; married in 1838 to Miss Lydia M. Vananken; she was born in Sussex Co., N. J., Dec. 4, 1819; ten children living—John W., Wm. H., Hannah, wife of E. Whitecomb; Lewis D., Sarah, wife of C. Fisher; James, Lydia J., wife of S. Carr Byron, Geo. E. and Charles; lost one, Rachel, died Dec. 1871.

Foster, A. H., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Fowler, Mrs. C. H., P. O. Elgin.

Frazier, Robert, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Flynn, David W., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Frazier, W., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Fuller, Almon, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Forman, H. M., P. O. Elgin.

Flynn, J. H., engineer; P. O. Elgin.

FRASER, WILLIAM, farmer; Sec. 11; P. O. Elgin; born in Inverness, Scotland, Feb. 8, 1811; came to this country in 1834, locating in Caledonia, Livingston Co., N. Y.; removed to Illinois in July, 1839, locating on the farm where he now resides; owns 200 acres of land, valued at \$14,000; Rep.; Presb.; married in 1844 to Miss Jennett McCormack; she was born in Weightonshire, Scotland, in 1820.

Fultz, W., P. O. Elgin.

Farrow, Henry, P. O. Elgin.

Fitz Simmons, Terrance, priest; P. O. Elgin.

Foley, Patrick, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Fry, M. E., P. O. Elgin.

Fletch, M., P. O. Elgin.

Ford, John, laborer, P. O. Elgin.

GUPTAL, WM., Sr., farmer; P. O. So. Elgin.

Guptal, Wm., Jr., far.; P. O. So. Elgin.

Guptal, Daniel, gardener; P. O. Elgin.

Guptal, Fred, P. O. Elgin.

Guptal, Charles, carp.; P. O. Elgin.

Gifford, Mrs. C. M., P. O. Elgin.

Gifford, J. H., mfr.; P. O. So. Elgin.

Gifford, F., P. O. So. Elgin.

Gifford, J. C., P. O. Elgin.

Guffin, Mrs. G. W., P. O. Elgin.

GROTE & ETTNER, 19 Douglas ave., Elgin; dry goods, groceries, crockery, boots and shoes, hats and caps; P. O. Elgin; Grote, William, born in Hanover, Germany, Nov. 22, 1849; came to this country in 1866, locating in Du Page Co., Ill.; removed to Elgin in 1871; Rep.; member of German Evangelical Church. Ettner, John F., born in Hampshire Tp., Kane Co., Ill., Sept. 4, 1850; this firm has been doing a prosperous and gradually increasing business since 1872, at which time the firm was established.

Gustason, Charles, tailor; P. O. Elgin.

Gardner, Thomas, P. O. Elgin.

Gilbert, Truman, farmer; P. O. So. Elgin.

Gould, Chas. W., dairyman; P. O. Elgin.

Gadske, George, P. O. Elgin.

Gulick, A. J., farmer; P. O. So. Elgin.

Gooding, E. F., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Giles, Wm. S., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Grover, John, P. O. Elgin.

GREGORY, CHARLES E., editor of the *Daily Bluff City*, Elgin; born in Elgin, Kane Co., Ill., April 15, 1855; Rep.; Liberal; his father Samuel E. Gregory, was an early settler in Kane Co., was born in Monroe, Orange Co., N. Y.; died in Sept., 1872.

GOULD, CHARLES W., farmer and dealer in butter and cheese; P. O. Elgin; born in North Adams, Berkshire Co., Mass., Jan. 23, 1828; removed, with his parents, to Cook Co., Ill., in July, 1840, locating in Hanover Township, where he resided for thirty-seven years; located at Elgin in the Spring of 1877; owns 260 acres of land, valued at \$17,000; Rep.; Liberal. Married, in 1857, to Miss Mariett Hunting; she was born in Madison Co., N. Y.; seven children—Samuel W., Cora E., Alice, Frank H., Etta, Charles W. and Frederick; Mr. G. is a member of Clintonville Lodge, No. 511, A., F. & A. M.; he owns the following butter and cheese factories: Home Factory, in Hanover, Cook Co.; Wayne Factory, at Wayne, Du Page Co.; Bartlett Factory, at Bartlett Station, Cook Co.; also interested in two others.

Gould, L. J., P. O. Elgin.
 Glines, A. B., P. O. So. Elgin.
 Grasser, Joseph, P. O. Elgin.
 Gritz, Fred, saloon; P. O. Elgin.
 Gardner, Mrs. E., P. O. Elgin.
 Gahn, Daniel, harness mkr; P. O. Elgin.
 Grimes, Henry, P. O. Elgin.
 Gregory, Wm., printer; P. O. Elgin.
 Gregory, Charles, printer; P. O. Elgin.
 Gaffney, Pat., lab.; P. O. Elgin.
 Glave, John, saloon; P. O. Elgin.
 Grow, J. Madison, lab.; P. O. Elgin.
 Graham, Katie A., P. O. Elgin.
 Gustason, A. watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Gage, S., station agt. C. & P. R. R.; P. O. Elgin.
 Goodale, J. P., mfr.; P. O. Elgin.
 Geister, Henry, ret. far.; P. O. Elgin.
 Goff, David, expressman; P. O. Elgin.
 Gregory, Mrs. S. E., P. O. Elgin.
 Gill, David S., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Gifford, Miss H. E.; P. O. Elgin.
 Giebert, Mrs. R. M.; P. O. Elgin.

GIBBONS, PIERCE F. (Stone &

Gibbons), manfr. of butter tubs, pails, cheese boxes, and wholesale dealer in cheese box and butter tub stock; P. O. Elgin; born in Fayette Co., Pa. Sept. 27, 1848, but removed in early childhood, with his parents, to McHenry Co., Ill., where he resided until 1872; spent one year in Kansas and located in Elgin in 1873; Dem.; Cong. in belief. Married in Sept., 1877, to Miss Kate E., daughter of Reuben R. and Hannah A. Stone, of Elgin.

Gannon, Edward, Elgin Butter Co.; P. O. Elgin.

Greene, Simon, shoemkr.; P. O. Elgin.

Green, Carl; P. O. Elgin.

Gardner, Mrs. E., P. O. Elgin.

Gifford, S. J., printer; P. O. Elgin.

Gibson, J. F., foreman watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Gromburg, C. P., mfr.; P. O. Elgin.

Gilbert, W. J., news dealer; P. O. Elgin.

Gilbert, E. L., insurance agt.; P. O. Elgin.

Gerry, E. P., foreman escapement department watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Gates, Silas, carpenter; P. O. Elgin.

Gable, Jno., tailor; P. O. Elgin.

Gailey, A. L., carpenter; Elgin.

Gooby, Wm., engineer; P. O. Elgin.

Gimmer, Henry, P. O. Elgin.

Goodrow, Jacob, painter; P. O. Elgin.

Grace, Fred, saloon; P. O. Elgin.

GULICK, ABRAHAM, Sec. 26; farmer; P. O. South Elgin; he was born in Northumberland Co., Pa., Feb. 12, 1820, where he re-sided until 1854, when he came West with a colony of 21 persons from Pa.; he purchased the farm where he now resides in 1853, removing to it with his family the following year; he owns 130 acres of land, valued at \$13,000; Ind.; Bapt.; was married Jan. 1, 1846, to Miss Matilda Vastine; she was born in Northumberland Co., Pa., Feb. 27, 1824; they have five children living—Anna C., wife of G. E. Boynton; Arthur J., Viola F., Clara E. and Lillian K.; lost one, William V., died Sept. 8, 1857.

Geskie, J. H., restaurant; P. O. Elgin.

Gifford, Cornelia, P. O. Elgin.

Gilbert, P. C., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Green, R. T., painter; P. O. Elgin.

Gifford, Cora, P. O. Elgin.

Grippen, Mrs. Eliz. B., P. O. Elgin.

Gilman, Edward, P. O. Elgin.

GIESKE, JOHN H., auctioneer; P.

O. Elgin; he was born in Schaumburg, Germany, June 6, 1839; came to this country in Nov., 1844, locating in Schaumburg Tp., Cook Co.; removed to Elgin in July, 1858; he owns 300 acres of land in Kansas valued at \$1,200, and city property in Elgin, valued at \$16,000; Greenbacker; Luth.; married in Dec., 1860, to Miss Sophia Weber, of Elgin; she was born in Schaumburg, Germany, June 4, 1840; they have six children living—John L. F., August C., Herman F. C., Matilda, Emil and Douglas; lost two—Bertha died September 23, 1872; Seigfred died April 1, 1877.

Gibbins, Thos., H., dairyman; P. O. Elgin.

Groce, Nelson, mfr. B. & S.; P. O. Elgin.

Groce, H. A., mfr; P. O. Elgin.

Guptal, R. G., theat. actor; P. O. Elgin.

Gahan, Lucy A., P. O. Elgin.

Gahan, Thos., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Gubbins, Wm., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Grote, Wm., merchant; P. O. Elgin.

Gahan, Danl, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

HOXIE, J. W., engineer; P. O. Elgin.

Heine, Wm., miller; P. O. Elgin.

Hawkins, A. C., banker; P. O. Elgin.

Hintze, W. H., banker; P. O. Elgin.

Hannis, Joseph, watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Haddock, A., Justice; P. O. Elgin.

Hubbard, Harvey, P. O. Elgin.
 Hendrickson, W. D., P. O. Elgin.
 Holdridge, Catharine, P. O. Elgin.
 Hill, C. J., P. O. Elgin.
 Hewitt, Oscar, P. O. Elgin.
 Holthusen, Henry, Condensing Co.; P. O. Elgin.

Hoagland, J. W., real estate; P. O. Elgin.
 Harpending, A. S., P. O. Elgin.

Holtz, August, P. O. Elgin.

Harger, Milton, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

HART, WILLIAM (Kelly & Hart), wholesale and retail druggists; P. O. Elgin; born in Johnston, Montgomery Co., N. Y., Feb. 22, 1849; came to Illinois in June, 1869, locating at Elgin. his present home; Dem.; Lib.; married in 1875 to Miss Ella M. Yarwood; she was born in Elgin; they had one child, Edward W.; Mr. H. is a member of Monitor Lodge, No. 522, A., F. and A. M.

Hipple, J. W., P. O. Elgin.

Hogan, Jno., P. O. Elgin.

Holland, Mary, P. O. Elgin.

Hanley, C. B., P. O. Elgin.

Hammond, A. H., P. O. South Elgin.

Hickey, William, lab.; P. O. South Elgin.

Hammond, A., farmer; P. O. South Elgin.

HAWTHORNE, GEORGE E., & BRO., hardware, stoves, cheese factory and dairy supplies; P. O. Elgin; George E. Hawthorne was born in Salisbury, Conn., Dec. 7, 1844; came to Illinois in Nov., 1866, locating at Elgin; Rep.; Cong.; married in June, 1870, to Miss Emma Gregory, of Elgin; Richard J. Hawthorne was born in Pittsburgh, Penn., Jan. 17, 1842; resided in the State of Connecticut several years; came West in Jan., 1868, locating at Lyons, Iowa; served in the 7th Conn. Inf. from 1861 to 1864; was temporarily disabled in the latter year on account of wound; married Sept. 28, 1872, to Miss S. Marie Woodward, of Lyons, Iowa; she was born in East Haven, Conn.; one child—Ralph W.; is a member of the following Masonic bodies: Monitor Lodge, No. 522, Chapter and Consistory. This firm own and operate White Clover Creamery at East Plato, about six miles west of Elgin; about 60,000 pounds of butter and 185,000 pounds of cheese are made at this factory annually.

Holland, Jerry, farmer; P. O. South Elgin.

Hale, G. W., P. O. South Elgin.

Holland, James, farmer; P. O. South Elgin.

Higgins, Pat., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Hubbard, G. B., lab.; P. O. South Elgin.

Harding, Margaret, P. O. South Elgin.

Hines, Peter, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Haase, Henry F., P. O. Elgin.

Haeden, Mrs. M. A., P. O. Elgin.

HOAGLAND, WINFIELD K., books, stationery, toys, fancy goods, etc.; P. O. Elgin; born in Spring Prairie, Walworth Co., Wis., July 20, 1847; came to Illinois in 1854, locating in Elgin, his present home; Rep.; Cong.; married June 11, 1852, to Miss Phoebe M. Wheeler, of Bridgeport, Conn.; one child—Charles N.

Hagle, John, P. O. Elgin.

Harlow, Samuel, P. O. Elgin.

Hall, Mrs. V. M., P. O. Elgin.

Hines, Mrs. Jane, P. O. Elgin.

Heath, Aaron, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Hall, E. M., P. O. South Elgin.

Hazelman, Fred., sewing machines; P. O. Elgin.

Hamilton, D. S., P. O. Elgin.

Howell, Mrs. A. S., P. O. Elgin.

Hyde, Daniel, lab.; P. O. Elgin.

Hill, Louise; P. O. Elgin.

Horton, John, watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Hanchett, S., boarding house; P. O. Elgin.

Hoese, T. B., lab.; P. O. Elgin.

HUNTER, WILSON J., dealer in coal and wood; P. O. Elgin; born in Saratoga, N. Y., Nov. 18, 1834; came to Ill., in May, 1847, stopping at Chicago one year, and locating at Elgin in 1848; Dem.; Liberal. Married Nov. 22, 1855, to Miss Amanda Dennis; she was born in Sussex Co., N. J.; five children—Cora L., Ella May, Arthur W., Irene and Millie A.; Mr. H. is a member of the following Masonic bodies: Elgin Lodge, No. 117; Freeport Chapter, No. 23, at Freeport, Ill.; Bethel Commandery, No. 36, K. T., at Elgin, and Freeport Consistory, at Freeport, Ill.

Hoagland, Mrs. A. A.; P. O. Elgin.

Heath, Mrs. H. L.; P. O. Elgin.

Hall, Amos; P. O. South Elgin.

Hibbard, Mrs. M. P. O. Elgin.

Hartwell, David, boss mech. watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Hoagland, Z. C., expressman; P. O. Elgin.

Haines, Carrie, P. O. Elgin.

Hubbard, Wm. G., capitalist; P. O. Elgin.

HEATH, SIDNEY, retired farmer; P. O. Elgin; was born in West Hartford, Conn., Jan. 22, 1812; came to Illinois in the Spring of 1836, stopping for a short time with his brother at what is now Lockport, Will Co., and in October of the same year, moved on to a claim bought of Ira Minard; this farm of 142 acres was purchased by the State in 1870, and is now the present site of the Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane; he removed with his family to the City of Elgin, in 1871, thus making the original claim his home for more than thirty-five years; he was married April 28, 1833, to Miss Charlotte S. London; she was born in Burlington, Hartford Co., Conn., Nov. 22, 1806; three children living—Lottie S., George S. and Warren H.; lost two; Mr. H. has been a member of the Meth. Episcopal Church for forty-seven years; Republican.

Hendricks, W. D., engineer; P. O. Elgin.

Heath, Mrs. A., P. O. Elgin.

Hewitt, Catherine, P. O. Elgin.

Hinsdel, Andrew, carpenter; P. O. Elgin.

Hawkins, Andrew, Cashier First National Bank; P. O. Elgin.

Harble, Margaret, P. O. Elgin.

HARVEY, GEO. P., insurance; P. O. Elgin; was born in Ontario Co., N. Y., Dec. 22, 1816; came to Illinois with his father's family in Oct., 1835, locating in what is now St. Charles, Kane Co.; removed to Plato Township in 1838; came to Elgin in 1848; Rep.; Liberal; was married Nov. 13, 1839, to Miss Mary L. Burr, of St. Charles; she was born in N. Y., Dec. 23, 1816; five children living—Welford W., Cecil C., Mary E., Estelle E. and Illieone; Mr. Harvey's son, Lieut. Charles M. Harvey, who was First Lieut. of Co. B Cavalry, 36th Ill. Inf., died in 1874, of disease contracted while in the army; Mr. H. has been a member of Kane Lodge, No. 47, I. O. O. F., since its organization.

Hickox, Margaret, P. O. Elgin.

Henning, Philip, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Hume, Mrs. L., P. O. Elgin.

Hunter, Mrs. T. E., P. O. Elgin.

Hinsdell, Oliver, furniture; P. O. Elgin.

Harger, N. N., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Harford, Rachel, P. O. Elgin.

Hubner, Henry, P. O. Elgin.

Heelan, Jno., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Hanson, Mary W., P. O. Elgin.

Hanson, Ezra, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Hinsdell, A. B., ret. far.; P. O. Elgin.

Hays, Jno., blksmith; P. O. Elgin.

Hoag, Smith, contractor; P. O. Elgin.

Helden, Jno., boots and shoes; P. O. Elgin.

Hillis, W. D., musical inst.; P. O. Elgin.

HOAG, CHARLES, dealer in groceries, notions, crockery, hats and caps, boots and shoes; P. O. South Elgin; born in Dutchess Co., N. Y., May 27, 1836; came to Illinois in 1857, locating at Chicago; has resided at South Elgin since 1874; Dem.; Episcopal. Married May 15, 1873; has two children—John T. and Henry W.

Hoslin, Thos., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Heath, F. S., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Hewett, Darius, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Hancock, Ebenezer, foreman train department, watch factory; P. O. Elgin.

Hartwell, D. R., foreman carp. department, watch factory; P. O. Elgin.

Haines, Minnie, P. O. Elgin.

Howe, Tryphenia, P. O. Elgin.

Hawkins, C. J., P. O. Elgin.

Hays, Milton, watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Hewett, Chas., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Heath, S. S., painter; P. O. Elgin.

Heath, G. S., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

HALL, JEREMIAH C., farmer, Sec. 18; P. O. Udina; born in Fairlee, Orange Co., Vt., Jan. 4, 1833; came to Illinois in 1845, locating in Elgin Township; owns 110 acres of land, valued at \$4,000; married in 1865, to Miss Mary S. Harger; she was born in Lewis Co., N. Y., Oct. 22, 1834; two children—Eva M., Minnie E. Mr. Hall was a member of Co. A, 36th Ill. Infantry; enlisted in Sept., 1861, mustered out Sept., 1864, at Atlanta, Ga. Rep.; Cong.

Howland, Mary, P. O. South Elgin.

Heath, Mrs. Milo, P. O. Elgin.

Higgins, Edward, P. O. South Elgin.

Harvey, Gage J., P. O. Elgin.

Hank, John, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Hall, Alvah, P. O. Elgin.

Haney, J., P. O. Elgin.

Hinsdell, Geo. W., tinner; P. O. Elgin.

Harris, Sandy, painter; P. O. Elgin.

Heath, Warren, P. O. Elgin.

Hawley, Abraham, cooper; P. O. Elgin.

Hart, William, drugs; P. O. Elgin.
Healey, Bernard, harness maker; P. O. Elgin.

Himes, A. J., boarding house; P. O. Elgin.

Holmes, Jos. R., machinist; P. O. Elgin.

Hill, Wm. P., ice agent; P. O. Elgin.

Hibbard, Martha N., P. O. Elgin.

Hoagland, Z., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Hadlock, Henry, carpenter; P. O. Elgin.

Hemmens, Jos., merchant; P. O. Elgin.

HALL, ALVAH, farmer, Sec. 18;

P. O. Udinga; born in Hillsborough Co., N. H., Sept. 14, 1802; removed to Grafton Co., N. H., when young, and from there to the State of Vermont; came to Illinois in May, 1845, locating in Elgin Township, where he now resides; owns 90 acres of land, valued at \$4,500; married, in 1830, to Miss Clara Cummings; she was born in Dunstable, Middlesex Co., Mass., April 9, 1800; two children—Asenath B., wife of Alonzo S. Harpending, and Jeremiah C.

Hagalow, B., saloon; P. O. Elgin.

Haseman, Fred., musical and S. M. agt.; P. O. Elgin.

Hunter, Chas. E., clerk; P. O. Elgin.

Hubbard, W. G., capitalist; P. O. Elgin.

Hewitt, D. W., Ins. Agt.; P. O. Elgin.

Huntington, M. J., Pur. Agt.; P. O. Elgin.

HUNTER, GEO., superintendent of the Elgin National Watch Factory; a native of Franklin Co., Mass.; was born Nov. 13, 1834; at the age of 13, he entered the cutlery establishment of J. Russell & Co., at Greenfield, and since that period has been constantly engaged in mechanical pursuits; removed to Litchfield Co., Conn., in 1850; returned to Massachusetts in 1853; was employed on steam and gun machinery in Springfield and vicinity until May, 1859, when he joined the American Watch Co., of Waltham; upon the organization of the National Watch Company, in the Fall of 1864, was employed by them; came to Elgin in December of that year, and took charge of its machinery department; held the position until May, 1872, when he became superintendent; was married to Louise J. Connor, a native of Hampshire Co., Mass., Oct. 21, 1858, and has one child, Geo. E. Hunter; Past Master of Monitor Lodge, A., F. and A. M.; Rep.; Lib.

Hubbard, A. H., Ins. Agt.; P. O. Elgin.

Hunter, W. L., P. O. Elgin.

Hobert, A. C., B. and S. maker; P. O. Elgin.

Heath, Horace, P. O. Elgin.

Heideman, Wm., miller; P. O. Elgin.

Heideman, A., miller; P. O. Elgin.

Homan, Alex., P. O. Elgin.

Hendricks, A. R., iron works; P. O. Elgin.

Hagle, Fred., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Heath, Zaney, P. O. Elgin.

Henry, Mrs. J., P. O. Elgin.

Inslee, Stephen, hay presser; P. O. Elgin.

JAMES, HENRY, bkpr.; P. O. Elgin.

Jackson, H. A., trav. agt.; P. O. Elgin.

Jeonmaire, L. P., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Jennings, Morris, livery; P. O. Elgin.

Jaeger, Dr. C. A., phys.; P. O. Elgin.

Juby, Fred., contractor; P. O. Elgin.

Jurg, Fred., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Jones, Jno., clk.; P. O. Elgin.

Jennings, C. G., lab.; P. O. Elgin.

Johnson, Mrs. P. E., P. O. Elgin.

JENCKS, DENISON R. (D. R.

Jencks & Co.), real estate, ins. and passage tickets; P. O. Elgin; born in North Adams, Mass., Oct. 13, 1837; came to Illinois in October, 1841, locating at Dundee, where he resided until five years ago, when he came to Elgin, his present home; was appointed Postmaster at Dundee in 1861; served six years, resigning in 1867 in favor of A. M. Dunton, who was crippled in the late war; Rep.; Bapt.; married Oct. 26, 1859, to Miss Elizabeth A. Hollister, of Dundee. Mr. J. is a member of Monitor Lodge, No. 522, A., F. & A. M., also Secy. of Loyal L. Munn Chapter, No. 96, and member of Bethel Comd. K. T., No. 36.

Jones, Patrick, tailor; P. O. Elgin.

Joslyn, A. C., P. O. Elgin.

JACKMAN, RICHD. P. (Jackmann & Blackwell, founders and machinists); P. O. Elgin; born in Goffstown, N. H., Dec. 16, 1834; came to Illinois in 1865, locating in Elgin; Rep.; Lib.; served as member of City Council four years; married May 23, 1857, to Semantha Clark; of Nashua, N. H.; she was born in Norwich, Vt.; two children—Geo. L. and Isabel E.; Mr. J. is a member of Monitor Lodge, No. 522, A., F. & A. M.

Jewell, H. S., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Joslyn, Z. S., P. O. Elgin.

Jackson, Mrs. D. A., P. O. Elgin.

Jochin, Jos., mason; P. O. Elgin.

Jarvis, Lydia, P. O. Elgin.

Judson, W. E., P. O. Elgin.

Jennings, Mrs. Josephine, P. O. Elgin.

James, Mrs. L. H., P. O. Elgin.

Joslyn, Walter S., mason; P. O. Elgin.

Jordan, John, P. O. Elgin.

Joyce, L. B., mach.; P. O. Elgin.

Jensen, Henry, carp.; P. N. Elgin.

Joslyn, E. S., atty.; P. O. Elgin.

JOHNSON, DUNCAN, proprietor of the following butter and cheese factories: Plato Center Factory, Gray Willow Factory, and Cold Spring Creamery; resides at Elgin; was born in Canada West, near the city of London, Sept. 15, 1848; came to Illinois in 1870, locating in Plato Tp.; removed to Elgin in 1878; Lib.; married Oct. 9, 1873, to Miss Sophia J., daughter of John and Rebecca McDonald; she was born in Kane Co. Aug. 23, 1845; three children—Minnie M., Archibald D.

Jeffers, Peter, lab.; P. O. Elgin.

Jerrell, Mrs., P. O. Elgin.

Jules, Mrs. Betsey, P. O. Elgin.

Joachim, Jos., contr.; P. O. Elgin.

KETCHAM, E. E., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Kavanagh, Peter, lab.; P. O. Elgin.

KELLEY, LEVERETT M. (Kelley & Hart), wholesale and retail dealers in drugs and medicines; P. O. Elgin; born in Schenectady, N. Y., Sept. 28, 1841; removed to Illinois in early childhood with his parents, who settled in Rutland Tp., Kane Co., in June, 1845; Mr. K. enlisted in the 36th Ill. Inf., in Aug., 1861; was commissioned First. Lieut. in 1863, and promoted to Captaincy in the early part of 1864; has served two terms as Sheriff of Kane Co.; first election in 1868, second election in 1874; Rep.; Universalist; owns 520 acres of land, valued at \$25,000; married Nov. 22, 1865, to Miss Emma G. Pingree; she was born in Kane Co.; three children—Gertrude H., Charles K., and Grace; Mr. Kelley is a member of the following Masonic bodies: Monitor Lodge, No. 522; Fox River Chapter, No. 14, and Bethel Commandery, No. 36, K. T.

Kline, Peter, cooper; P. O. Elgin.

Kruger, Wm., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Kruger, Chris., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

King, Mathew, P. O. Elgin.

Kramly, Chas., P. O. Elgin.

Kramly, John, P. O. Elgin.

Kenyon, P. F., ret. farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Kenyon, D. S., ret. farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Knight, H. D., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Keys, Eber, gardener, P. O. Elgin.

Keff, Caleb., ret. farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Kevette, I., P. O. Elgin.

Kelly, B., P. O. Elgin.

Klock, Charles, mfr.; P. O. Elgin.

KING, HERVEY (H. & W. D. King), jewelers; P. O. Elgin; born in Onondaga, N. Y., June 2, 1822; came to Illinois in 1837, locating at Aurora, Ill., residing there until 1843, when he went to Ottawa, Ill., LaSalle Co., making that his home until the beginning of the present year, 1877, when he located at Elgin; he was married in 1847 to Miss Ann L. Olmstead, of New York, who died January, 1877; they had four children—Albert E., Willis D., Julia O. and Jessie A.

Knox, Henry, P. O. Elgin.

Kotal, Frank, P. O. Elgin.

Kelsey, A. F., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Kryhl, C. P., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Keel, Chris., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Klick, W. F., P. O. Elgin.

KNOTT, GEO. H. (Cox & Knott), dealers in groceries and crockery; P. O. Elgin; he was born in Liecester, Eng., Feb. 8, 1838; he came to this country in 1841 with his parents, stopping in Brooklyn, N. Y., one year and locating in Kane Co., Ill., in 1842; he has resided at Elgin since 1858; Rep.; Bapt.; married July 8, 1860, to Mary E. Ambros, of Chicago, who died 1871; was married to his present wife, Elizabeth Sears, Oct. 27, 1875; three children—Lillie Mary, Emma L. and Geo. Ruthford; Mr. K. went out with the 127th Ills. Inf., in 1862; was transferred to Battery A., 1st Light Artillery, in 1864 and soon after was taken prisoner and placed in Andersonville prison, where he was held two months; he is a member of Samuel Ward Post, No. 11, G. A. R.

Klick, Henry, P. O. Elgin.

Kinney, Simon, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Kinney, Bernard, laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 King, T., laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 Kemble, Paul, saloon; P. O. Elgin.
 Kohn, T., butcher; P. O. Elgin.
 Knettle, J., farmer; P. O. Elgin.
 Kimball, W. H., farmer; P. O. Elgin.
 Kimball, E. A., merchant; P. O. Elgin.
 Kimball, Jos. C., mer.; P. O. Elgin.
 Kipp, Melville, P. O. Elgin.
 Kline, Wm., carpenter; P. O. Elgin.

KILBOURNE, EDWIN A., M.

D., Medical Superintendent of the Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane at Elgin; born in Chelsea, Vt., March 12, 1837, but removed in early childhood with his parents to Montpelier, Vt., where he received an academical education; served in the army in various capacities for nearly three years, resigning Sept. 24, 1864, on account of ill health; graduated at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City; was for a time Assistant Physician of the Insane Asylum on Blackwell's Island, and was subsequently appointed to the position of House Surgeon of the City Hospital at Brooklyn, N. Y.; he visited Europe in 1869, with a view to professional improvement, and spent some months in the hospitals of London and Paris; came to Illinois in 1870; married, Jan. 17, 1872, to Miss Louisa B., daughter of Edward Kilbourne, of Keokuk, Iowa; she was born in Ft. Madison, Iowa; three children—Jennie Louise, Walter Foote and Edwin Dearborn.

Kimball, James R., P. O. Elgin.
 King, Nathaniel, mason; P. O. Elgin.
 Kelley, Mary, P. O. South Elgin.
 Kimball, Caroline, P. O. Elgin.
 Kimball, G. W., clerk; P. O. Elgin.

KIZER, JOHN, milling; P. O. Elgin; born in Hamilton Co., O., Aug. 31, 1820; came to Illinois in the Fall of 1844, locating at Elgin, his present home; Dem.; Liberal; Mr. K. has served as member of the City Council for the past ten years, and is member of the present Board; married in 1845 to Miss Nancy G. Kimball; she was born in N. H.; five children—Nettie, wife of R. K. Sherwin; Mary, wife of Dr. Albert Warner; Lottie, Kate, wife of Mr. Bradford, and Lena.

Kohn, C. B., P. O. Elgin.

Kirkpatrick, Mary, P. O. Elgin.
 Kirkpatrick, W., blacksmith; P. O. Elgin.
 Kenson, G. D., loans; P. O. Elgin.
 Kane, Albia, P. O. Elgin.
 Kimble, P. J., mer. tailor; P. O. Elgin.
 Knott, J. P., P. O. Elgin.
 Kimball, Nancy, P. O. Elgin.
 Kendall, John A., P. O. Elgin.
 Kee, James L., carpenter; P. O. Elgin.
 Kobs, J. C., shoemaker; P. O. Elgin.
 Kee, John L., carpenter; P. O. Elgin.
 Kelley, Frank, P. O. Elgin.
 Kirk, Henry, farmer; P. O. Elgin.
 King, E. W., printer; P. O. Elgin.
 Kimball, J. W., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Kilpatrick, Wm., blacksmith; P. O. Elgin.
 Knott, F. T., carpenter; P. O. Elgin.
 Kirkland, E., mason; P. O. Elgin.
 Kendall, Byron, P. O. Elgin.
 Kincaid, E. C., M. R. messenger; P. O. Elgin.

Krame, Henry, mason; P. O. Elgin.

Kohn, Chas., butcher; P. O. Elgin.

KEOGH, EDWARD, editor and proprietor of the *Elgin Times*; born in Galway, Ireland; came to this country in 1849, stopping a short time in New Jersey, and locating in Elgin in the Fall of the same year; Mr. K. commenced in the newspaper business in 1863, as editor of the *Second District Democrat*, published in Elgin; the paper, while Democratic, was a strong advocate of the war for the Union; this paper having been sold, Mr. Keogh established the *Elgin Chronicle* in 1865, which he published and edited until 1867, when he engaged in newspaper reporting in Chicago; in 1871, he became editor of the *Elgin Advocate*, with Mr. S. L. Taylor as proprietor, but had, at the time, almost entire control of the paper, Mr. Taylor being, at the time, engaged in publishing the *St. Charles Transcript* and *Geneva Republican*; in 1873, he edited the *Elgin Gazette*, and in 1874, established the *Elgin Times*; has served as City Collector three terms, also as U. S. Assistant Assessor. Liberal.

Kohn, Theodore, butcher; P. O. Elgin.
 Kramer, M., house mover; P. O. Elgin.
 Klineschrodt, Phillip, cigars; P. O. Elgin.
 Kuhn, Conrad, P. O. Elgin.
 King, W. D., P. O. Elgin.
 Kohn, Fred., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Knowles, Pat., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Kimball, C. F., sch'l tchr.; P. O. Elgin.
 Koster, William, P. O. Elgin.
 Kemler, Paul, hotel; P. O. Elgin.
 Kelly, John, painter; P. O. Elgin.
 Kramer, Frank, laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 Kimball, J. M., auctioneer; P. O. Elgin.
 Kelsey, Frank, foreman watch factory; P. O. Elgin.

Kipp, Caleb, ret. farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Karan, Gus., P. O. Elgin.

LATHROP, ELIJAH, Jr., farmer;
 P. O. Elgin.

Lee, Parley, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Lathrop, L. T., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Long, Margaret, P. O. So. Elgin.

LARKIN, CYRUS H., farmer; Sec. 15; P. O. Elgin; born in Waterville, Franklin Co., Vt., May 20, 1830; came to Illinois with his parents in early childhood, settling in Dundee Tp., in Oct., 1837; removed to his present home in Elgin Tp., in 1841; owns 500 acres of land; value, \$40,000; has served as member of the Board of Supervisors for Elgin Tp., two terms; Rep.; Liberal. Married in 1854, to Miss Jane E. Johnson, of Putney, Vt.; she was born in Jan., 1829; died May 2, 1874; two children by this union—May and Fred A.

Larkins, S. K., stock dlr.; P. O. So. Elgin.

Larkin, Cyrus, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Lynn, James, mechanic; P. O. Elgin.

Lathrop, E., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Lake, I.

Long, Peter, blacksmith; P. O. Elgin.

Lilly, O. B., mason; P. O. Elgin;

Lamersall, F. C., carpenter; P. O. Elgin.

Leonard, D. W., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin;

Lind, J. L., mason; P. O. Elgin.

Luntz, Catharine, P. O. Elgin.

Lagerstrom, Oscar, P. O. Elgin.

LOUCKS, THOMAS C., (T. C. Loucks & Co.), lumber, lath and shingles, Elgin, Ill.; born in Canada West, April 6, 1856; removed to the State of Michigan in 1875, and to Illinois in 1876; locating at Elgin. Rep.; Lib.

Lowe, W. L., P. O. Elgin.

Long, W. B., carpenter; P. O. Elgin.

Leavitt, J. E., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Little, Edward, carpenter; P. O. Elgin.

Loose, John, lab.; P. O. Elgin.

Loose, Fred, lab.; P. O. Elgin.

Littlefield, Mrs. L. A., P. O. Elgin.

Long, Charles, lab.; P. O. Elgin.

LONGLEY, DAVID, farmer, wagon maker and wheelwright; Sec. 36; P. O. South Elgin; born in County of Kent, England, May 27, 1813; came to Canada in 1828, and about one year later to Troy, N. Y.; removed to Kane Co., Ill., in the Fall of 1840, locating at Elgin, where he engaged in wagon making several years. In 1850 he moved on to a farm in Cook Co.; was Justice of the Peace in Cook Co., for sixteen years, and Assessor for fourteen years; has held other minor offices at different times. Rep.; Lib.; owns 20 acres of land where he now resides, valued at \$3,000; married to Cathrine Luffman in 1835; she died in 1853; was again married to Sarah Leatherman in 1854; she was born in Putnam Co., Indiana; eight children by first wife, six living—Edwin B., Luther W., William H., Henrietta, Amelia M., Jane E.; lost two, Anna M. and David; one child by second wife, John N. Mr. Longley helped build the track of the Mohawk & Hudson R. R. Co., in 1831, which was the first in this country; the first steam passenger excursion train in America was run on this road on Aug. 9, 1831.

LUND, JOSEPH H., restaurant and manfr. of candies; P. O. Elgin; born in Wentworth, Grafton Co., N. H., April, 26, 1852; came to Ill., Sept. 12, 1873, locating at Elgin; Rep.; Liberal. Married, in 1873, to Miss Ruth Ann Haynes; she was born in Grafton Co., N. H.; May 6, 1852; three children; two living—Charles F. and Edith E.; lost one—Ellen Jane, died in Feb. 1877; member of the Elgin National Guards, Co. E, 3d Regt., Ill. National Guards.

Lovell, John, far.; P. O. Elgin.

Lovell, V. S., news correspondent; P. O. Elgin.

Lovell, E. C., attorney; P. O. Elgin.

Lovell, Lucy S., P. O. Elgin.

Lane, James, contractor; P. O. Elgin.

Lavoie, A., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin

Loomis, Delia, P. O. Elgin.

Lehman, Paul, carp.; P. O. Elgin;

Lea, Benjamin, iron works; P. O. Elgin.

Lungreen, S., milk dealer; P. O. Elgin.

Lamersoll, Frank, tailor; P. O. Elgin.

Linane, P., merchant; P. O. Elgin.

Long, John, wagon maker; P. O. Elgin.

LAWRENCE, OSCAR F., far.; Sec. 9; P. O. Elgin; born in Collins, Erie Co., N. Y., Feb. 9, 1828; came West, with his father's family, in the Fall of 1837, making the journey from Toledo, Ohio, with an ox team; they first located in Burlington Township, where they remained about two years, and then removed to the farm where Mr. L. now resides; owns 328 acres of land, valued at \$15,000; Rep.; Liberal. Married, in Feb. 1859, to Miss J. Frances Kilborn; she was born in Boscawen, Merrimack Co., N. H., Sept. 28, 1832; two children living—Carrie B. and Albert K.; lost two—Edwin E., died Feb. 8, 1861, and Lewie P., died March 13, 1875.

Little, Lewis, carpenter; P. O. Elgin.
 Locie, Esther, P. O. Elgin.
 Lewis, G. F., sash and blinds; P. O. Elgin.
 Lewis, A. T., attorney; P. O. Elgin.
 Lessenden, E., P. O. Elgin.
 Lynch, J. A., P. O. Elgin.
 Lockwood, Jacob, P. O. Elgin.
 Lewis, F. S., carpenter; P. O. Elgin.
 Lord, G. P., farmer; P. O. Elgin.
 Lynd, James, P. O. Elgin.
 Lusk, Peter, contractor; P. O. Elgin.
 Linderstran, Peter, P. O. Elgin.
 Lemon, S. B., watch factory; P. O. Elgin.
 Lawrence, Mrs. P., P. O. Elgin.
 Lynch, Mrs. T., P. O. Elgin.
 Lightfoot, Martha R., P. O. Elgin.
 Lynd, Jacob, P. O. Elgin.
 Logan, Julia, P. O. Elgin.
 Laser, Esther, P. O. Elgin.
 Lynch, Mary, P. O. Elgin.
 Long, Mrs. John, P. O. Elgin.
 Lawrence, Dennis, P. O. Elgin.
 Larkins, Pat, P. O. Elgin.
 Lawsha, Robert M., P. O. Elgin.
 Lawson, Sylvester, laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 Lethin, M., tailor; P. O. Elgin.
 Lethin, Swan, merchant tailor; P. O. Elgin.
 Lynn, Barney, mer. tailor; P. O. Elgin.
 Lightner, Chas. E., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Leake, Israel, farmer; P. O. Elgin.
 Lockwood, Eugene, salesman; P. O. Elgin.
 Linkfield, G. E., boots and shoes; P. O. Elgin.
 Long, Phillip, wagon maker; P. O. Elgin.
 Luna, G. P., P. O. Elgin.
 Lay, Chris., P. O. Elgin.
 Lund, E. H., confectionery; P. O. Elgin.
 Lutz, Fred., P. O. Elgin.

Lawrence, T. E., mason; P. O. Elgin.
 Lasher, Stephen, Waverly House; P. O. Elgin.

Lamming, Wm., mason; P. O. Elgin.
 Lord, Anasa, publisher; P. O. Elgin.
 Lyon, C. B., music dealer; P. O. Elgin.
 Leavett, J. E., watch factory; P. O. Elgin.
 Lovell John R., ret. farmer; P. O. Elgin.
 Lunz, George, butcher; P. O. Elgin.
 Long, W. B., carpenter; P. O. Elgin.
 Long, Wichleffe, painter; P. O. Elgin.
 Lee, S. A., agt. Am. Express; P. O. Elgin.
 Lind, Jacob, mason; P. O. Elgin.
 Logan, Thomas, laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 Lynn, J. H., P. O. Elgin.
 Leake, S. E., harness maker; P. O. Elgin.
 Lawrence, E. J., farmer; P. O. Elgin.
 Lobdell, Nathan, pump maker; P. O. Elgin.
 Lynch, Mrs. Ann, P. O. Elgin.

Lynch, Eugene, merchant; P. O. Elgin.
McBRIDE, THOMAS, far.; P. O. Elgin.

Miller, Peter, farmer; P. O. Elgin.
 McCormack, Stephen, far.; P. O. Elgin.
MUNTZ, HENRY, saddler and harness mkr; P. O. Elgin; born in Mecklenburg, Germany, Oct. 15, 1849; came to this country with his parents in 1853, who, after remaining in Chicago a short time, located on a farm in Cook Co.; Mr. M. has resided at Elgin about eighteen years. Married in 1871, to Miss Cathrina Stein; she was born in France; one child—Sophie B.

McGarry, Margaret, P. O. Elgin.
 Marshall, W. E., farmer; P. O. Elgin.
 Morgan, M. S., gardener; P. O. So. Elgin.
 Mitchell, Ann, P. O. South Elgin.
 Masterson, A., farmer; P. O. So. Elgin.
 Mann, H. P.

Murphy, Edmond, lab.; P. O. So. Elgin.
 Mapes, Peter, far.; P. O. South Elgin.
 Munroe, Samuel, ice dealer; P. O. Elgin.
 Maule, Robert, merchant; P. O. Elgin.
 Morgan, Cordelia, P. O. Elgin.

MITCHELL, HENRY J., manufacturer of cheese boxes; P. O. South Elgin; born in Kane Co., Ill., Feb. 12, 1850; owns 236 acres of land, valued at \$17,000; Rep.; Liberal; married, April 16, 1872, to Miss Ella I. Orcutt; she was born in South Elgin; two children—Edward T. and Able A.; Mr. M.'s father, Thomas Mitchell (deceased), was one of the early settlers of Kane Co.

Murphy, Mary, P. O. Elgin.
 Mitchell, Mrs., P. O. Elgin.
 Mills, Eliza, P. O. Elgin.
 Meehan, John, P. O. Elgin.
 Mann, Peter, P. O. Elgin.
 Mallett, V. W. H., painter; P. O. Elgin.
 McDowell, Margaret, P. O. Elgin.
 Meyer, Christian, blacksmith; P. O. Elgin.
 Manahan, Hugh, P. O. Elgin.
 McNabb, Mary, P. O. Elgin.
 Moseley, N. N., machinist; P. O. Elgin.
 Martin, J. P., P. O. Elgin.
 McMillen, N., P. O. Elgin.
 Mackey, Caroline, P. O. Elgin.

MANN, SYLVESTER S. (Mann & Sherwin), who esale dealer in butter and cheese; P. O. Elgin; the subject of this sketch was born in North Java, Wyoming Co., N. Y., May 31, 1826, and is a son of James and Lucy (Sherman) Mann; having completed his education, he came West with his father's family in May, 1844, locating in Burlington, Kane Co., Ill., where his father purchased a tract of 1,200 acres of land; in Aug., 1846, he opened a store in Burlington, under the firm name of Mann & Brown, being engaged in farming at the same time; he still retains his interest in the store, now under the firm name of Mann, Hapgood & Co., and is also engaged in mercantile business at Hampshire, the firm name being Hathaway & Co.; was elected Supervisor of Burlington Township in 1858, serving in that capacity several years; member of the State Legislature in 1863 and '64, and with other Republicans brought to pass the disagreement between House and Senate, which enabled Gov. Yates to prorogue that discordant body; was re-elected, and served in 1865 and '66; in 1872, he was a third time elected to the Legislature; he has been instrumental in securing the passage of many beneficial and local measures; among these was the incorporation and location of the Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane, which, through his industry and perseverance, was located at Elgin; served as Revenue Collector of the Second District in 1866, removing to Elgin in the Fall of that year; Rep.; Liberal; owns 800 acres of land, valued at \$40,000; married in 1850 to

Miss Caroline Young, of Burlington; she was born in Rochester, N. Y.; four children by this union—Alvira J., wife of C. H. Potter; Alice, John S. and Nellie; Mr. Mann is also engaged in the manufacture of butter and cheese, and breeder of Holstein cattle.

Meat, Mrs. E., P. O. Elgin.
 Monahan, W., P. O. Elgin.
 Morrison, Hannah, P. O. Elgin.
 Miller, Wesley, P. O. Elgin.
 McBairty, Ellen, P. O. Elgin.
 McBairty, Catherine, P. O. Elgin.
 Merrill, H., carp.; P. O. Elgin.
 Monahan, N. R., P. O. Elgin.

McKINNELL, PETER. far.; Sec. 22; P. O. Elgin; born in Wigtonshire, Scotland, June 22; 1825; came to this country in February, 1855, locating at Elgin; Rep.; Presb.; married, in 1852, to Miss Jessie McDowell; she was born in Scotland; eight children, six living—Ellen J. (wife of William Bishop), Agnes, Mary, Annie, James C. and George; lost two—Eliza Jane, died in 1862, and one in infancy.

Magden, Mrs. C. S., P. O. Elgin.
 Moore, Geo. I., machinist; P. O. Elgin.
 Menaugh, J. N., laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 Menaugh, P., laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 Marekhoff, Theodore, lab.; P. O. Elgin.
 Monger, John S., laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 Maule, Geo. H., mason; P. O. Elgin.
 Mackh, Charles, hotel; P. O. Elgin.
 Meway, Mrs., P. O. Elgin.
 Murphy, Thomas, laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 Marshall, Nettie, P. O. Elgin.

MARSHALL, GEORGE P., far.; Sec. 27; P. O. Elgin; born in Ryther, Yorkshire, England, May 9, 1817; removed to Canada in 1842, and to Illinois in the Spring of 1843, locating in Plato Tp., Kane Co.; came to Elgin Tp. in 1846; owns 77 acres of land, valued at \$6,000; Greenbacker; Spiritualist; married, March 28, 1842, to Miss Mary Burton; she was born in Sherrington, Canada, Aug. 14, 1825; eleven children, ten living—Ann J., wife of H. E. Perkins; William E. W., Charles H., George F., Lizetta C., wife of Alfonso Brown; Ellen L., wife of M. Starr; Richard S., Lavina E., wife of H. C. Padelford; Frederick J., Henry L.; lost one—James B., who died Aug. 21, 1863.

Morgan, Lansing, P. O. Elgin.
 McQueeny, Jno., laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 McArthur, D., farmer; P. O. Elgin.
 Morgan, R. L., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Manchester, E. L., engraver; P. O. Elgin.
 Morgan, J. P., farmer; P. O. Elgin.
 McElroy, Peter, road master; P. O. Elgin.
 Mallery, Martha S., P. O. Elgin.
 McLean, J. R., Justice; P. O. Elgin.
 McGrath, Thomas, P. O. Elgin.
 McClure, Mrs. F. W., P. O. Elgin.
 McKean, Chloe, P. O. Elgin.
 Meyer, Johanna, P. O. Elgin.
 Meyer, J., P. O. Elgin.
 Meisner, Joseph, P. O. Elgin.
McDONALD, JAMES D., farmer;
 Sec. 30; P. O. Elgin; born in Kane
 Co., Ill., Feb., 26, 1851. Married Jan.
 22, 1873, to Miss Frances Sovereign;
 she was born in Plato Tp.; three chil-
 dren—Walter A., Lillie L. and Elmer J.
 McNeil, M., mer.; P. O. Elgin.
 Moulton, J. H., Alderman; P. O. Elgin.
 Marks, John, watch factory; P. O. Elgin.
 Mixer, Mrs., P. O. Elgin.
 Mackin, Thomas, P. O. Elgin.
 Manning, John, P. O. Elgin.
 Martin, R. H., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Mixer, C. S., Sheriff; P. O. Elgin.
 Mackey, John, laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 McIntyre, S. L., carp.; P. O. Elgin.
 Maxon, George, engineer; P. O. Elgin.
MARSHALL, GEORGE F., car-
 penter and builder; Sec. 27; P. O.
 Elgin; born in Kane Co., Ill., June 20,
 1851; Rep.; Liberal.
 Mosher, Anthony, lab.; P. O. Elgin.
 McCornack, Wm., P. O. Elgin.
 McCornack, C. J., P. O. Elgin.
 Mark, J. A., P. O. Elgin.
 Mollin, O. M., P. O. Elgin.
 Muller, William, P. O. Elgin.
 Minke, William, P. O. Elgin.
 McAllister, F. A., manager est. W. P.
 McAllister; P. O. Elgin.
 McAllister, Sylvester, P. O. Elgin.
 Murphy, Ellen, P. O. Elgin.
 Mann, Pat, grocer; P. O. Elgin.
 Mendelson, R., clothing; P. O. Elgin.
 Miller, F. S., expressman; P. O. Elgin.
 Mallett, Jas., painter; P. O. Elgin.
 Martin, A. D., stoves, etc.; P. O. Elgin.
 McKinley, Jno., baker; P. O. Elgin.
 Meehan, J. J., hardware; P. O. Elgin.
 Mann, Michael, bkpr.; P. O. Elgin.
 McCallum, F., blacksmith; P. O. Elgin.

Miller, C. N., livery; P. O. Elgin.
 Merrill, John, P. O. Elgin.
 Mann, Edward, laborer; P. O. Elgin.
McGLINCY, RICHARD P.,
 local and dairy editor of the *Elgin Ad-
 vocate*; born in Shepherdstown, Jeffer-
 son Co., Va., May 21, 1840; came to
 Illinois in July, 1868, stopping in
 Chicago until the following Spring,
 when he located at Elgin, his present
 home; commenced his journalistic
 labors about twenty-five years ago, in
 the State of Virginia; has been associ-
 ated with the *Elgin Advocate* since Jan-
 uary, 1873, as local editor; was elected
 Secretary of the Elgin Board of Trade
 in May, 1877; is Secretary of the
 Northwestern Dairymen's Association,
 and member of the State Dairymen's
 Association; member of Kane Lodge,
 No. 47, I. O. O. F.; also District
 Deputy Grand Master, which position
 he has held for the past four years.
 Mills, E. S., pumps; P. O. Elgin.
 Marckhoff, Herman, mason; P. O. Elgin.
 Meehan, Jno., Sr., hardware; P. O. Elgin.
 Marckhoff, Chas., mason; P. O. Elgin.
 Mazel Albert, P. O. Elgin.
 Meenough, Jno., lab.; P. O. Elgin.
 Monroe, Saml., ice dealer; P. O. Elgin.
 McDonald, Rebecca, P. O. Elgin.
 Miller, Jos., clerk; P. O. Elgin.
 Murray, Geo. F., lab.; P. O. Elgin.
 Mutzelburg, Chas., laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 Morgan, Mrs. E. L., P. O. Elgin.
 Martin, Thos. L., contractor; P. O. Elgin.
 Magden, Wm., carpenter; P. O. Elgin.
 McNeil, Jno., merchant; P. O. Elgin.
 Mott, W. A., coal dealer; P. O. Elgin.
 Moseley, C. H., mach.; P. O. Elgin.
 Moseley, C. S., mach.; P. O. Elgin.
 Marsh, M. M., bkpr.; P. O. Elgin.
 Miller, Wesley, capitalist; P. O. Elgin.
 Merrielfield, Walter, clerk; P. O. Elgin.
 McNicol, Wm., P. O. Elgin.
 Moxan, A. B., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Mock, Elgin, P. O. Elgin.
 Marshall, M. N., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Moulton, M. S., jeweler; P. O. Elgin.
 Moulton, J. H., P. O. Elgin.
 Magnus, Andrew, P. O. Elgin.
 Mallett, W. V., painter; P. O. Elgin.
 Meehan, Mrs. Mary, P. O. Elgin.
 McAllister, O. A., P. O. Elgin.
 Mapes, Geo., P. O. Elgin.
 McCornack, A. H., P. O. Elgin.

Mackie, Wm., laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 Mann, Thos., mason; P. O. Elgin.
 Miller, John, P. O. Elgin.
 McClure, F. L., ice dealer; P. O. Elgin.
 Murray, Michael, P. O. Elgin.
 Maule, R. B., P. O. Elgin.
 Maule, Geo. H., P. O. Elgin.
 Mollin, Matt., P. O. Elgin.
 Miller, Henry, P. O. Elgin.
 Merritt, W. W., P. O. Elgin.
 Moulson, John, P. O. Elgin.
 McClure, V. C., milk dealer; P. O. Elgin.
 Miller, Catherine, P. O. Elgin.

Needham, Martin, P. O. Elgin.

NEWMAN, JOHN, dealer in dry goods and groceries; P. O. Elgin; born in Bishop Stortford, Herefordshire, England, March 11, 1842; came to this country in October, 1859, remaining in Chicago a few years, and locating at Elgin Nov. 9, 1865; his store and stock were destroyed by the fire of March 23, 1874; opened, with new stock, in Mrs. Lynch's Block the day after the fire; was re-established in business in former location, and the one occupied by him now, in October of the same year. Married Sept. 5, 1867, to Miss Addie V., daughter of Col. J. F. and Susan P. Beaty, of Chicago; have four children—Paul B., John B., Hattie B. and Willie; Mr. N. was bereft of his beloved wife, who died April 2, 1876, leaving a large circle of friends to mourn her loss.

Newsom, Peter, laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 Naylor, George, barber; P. O. Elgin.
 Newcomb, J. B., agent; P. O. Elgin.
 Nimms, Chas. A., chair mkr.; P. O. Elgin.
 Nyberg, Gustus, watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Newton, Julia A., P. O. Elgin.

NICHOLS, KELLOGG, express agent; P. O. Elgin; born in Utica, Oneida Co., N. Y., Aug. 15, 1838; came to Illinois in 1856, locating at Elgin; was, for a short time, in the lumber business at Green Bay; has lived in different places in the West, up to 1865, since which, Elgin has been his permanent home; Rep.; Lib. Married Oct. 28, 1856, to Miss Ellen Briggs, of Utica, N. Y.; she was born July 4, 1838.

Nicholson, John, watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Nestor, William, P. O. Elgin.
 Newsom, Arthur, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Nicholson, Elizabeth, P. O. Elgin.
 Naughton, Thomas, lab.; P. O. So. Elgin.

NISH, JOHN (Kimball & Nish), hardware, stoves, dairy goods and manufacturers' supplies; P. O. Elgin; born in Wigtonshire, Scotland, May 3, 1829; came to Illinois in 1853, locating in Chicago, where he entered the house of J. K. Botsford & Co., as clerk, and remained with this firm three years; in 1856, Mr. N. removed to Cary Station, McHenry Co., Ill., where, with his brother, he was engaged in general merchandising till 1874, when he came to Elgin, his present home, and became a partner with Mr. E. A. Kimball; Rep.; Lib.; served as Postmaster, at Cary Station, about sixteen years, and Express and Station Agent for several years, and School Treasurer two terms. Married, in 1864, to Miss Electa Weaver; she was born in New York; have three children living—Leon D., William H., Alvah L.; lost one—Annie M. E., who died in August, 1869; Mr. N. is a member of the Burns Cal-edonian Club.

Nimmo, C., shoemaker; P. O. Elgin.
 Nolen, John, farmer; P. O. Elgin.
 Nicholson, L. P., P. O. Elgin.
 Newton, Miles, farmer; P. O. So. Elgin.
 Neperman, John, farmer; P. O. Elgin.
O'BRYAN, JAMES, shoemaker; P. O. South Elgin.
 Oxenschlager, Phillip, lab.; P. O. So. Elgin.
 Ober, O. M., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Oswald, Anthony, laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 Oates, M. Mrs.

OWEN, J. D., farmer, Sec. 30; P. O. Elgin; born in Wyoming Co., N. Y., April 6, 1821; came to Illinois in Oct., 1840, locating in Elgin Township, Kane Co.; owns 156 acres of land, valued at \$9,360; Ind.; Liberal; was married in 1840, to Lucy E. Williams; she was born in Madison Co., N. Y., died in Feb., 1872; had seven children by this union, five living—Cephas E., Albert H., Mary Jane (wife of W. Seward), Darwin H. and Walter H.; lost two, Galusha D., died June 28, 1854; Martha D., died May 22, 1849. Was again married Feb. 24, 1871, to Clarissa S. Arnold; she was born in Clinton Co., N. Y.; had two children, one living—James W.; Anson A., died Aug. 15, 1877.

O'Flarity, Eliza.

Otto, John, mason; P. O. Elgin.

Orton, F. S., salesman; P. O. Elgin.

O'Neil, Bartholomew, florist; P. O. Elgin.

Ostrander, Geo., carp.; P. O. Elgin.

O'Flaherty, P. T., boots and shoes; P. O. Elgin.

O'Connell, C., boots and shoes; P. O. Elgin.

Owen, Wm., Justice; P. O. Elgin.

Osburg, A., boots & shoes; P. O. Elgin.

Oakes, Harvey, tinner; P. O. Elgin.

O'Conner, Jas., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

O'Neal, Matt, mason, P. O. Elgin.

Oakes, Henry, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

PEARSON, WM., P. O. Elgin.

Philip, Nathan G., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Park, W., gardener; P. O. Elgin.

Potter, John, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Padelford, J. F., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Preest, Charles, P. O. Elgin.

Pendergast, A. L., painter, P. O. Elgin.

Pember, L. F., flagman; P. O. Elgin.

Priller, Jos., carpenter; P. O. Elgin.

Powers, John, City Marshal; P. O. Elgin.

PANTON, V. W., propr. of Pantan Mills, and tub and cheese-box factory; P. O. South Elgin; was born in Clarkson, Monroe Co., N. Y., April 15, 1845; he came to Illinois in 1845 with his parents, who settled in Aurora, his father, Wm. Pantan, coming the year before, and selecting the location; removed to South Elgin, his present home, in 1854; Rep.; Liberal; was married in 1864, to Miss Eliza E. Mitchell; she was born in Kane Co., her parents being among the early settlers in the Co.; four children—Cora A., Henry V., Nellie A. and William J.

Pixley, Ira A., jeweler; P. O. Elgin.

Part, H., glove maker; P. O. Elgin.

Peake, R. W., harness; P. O. Elgin.

Pixley, W. A., jeweler; P. O. Elgin.

Pfeiffer, H. A., salesman; P. O. Elgin.

Palmer, B. B., livery; P. O. Elgin.

Payne, Bruce, R. R. P. O. clerk; P. O. Elgin.

Plummer, H. T., carriages, &c., P. O. Elgin.

Port, H., glove maker; P. O. Elgin.

Pruet, Mary L., P. O. Elgin.

Pendergast, Dennis, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Petersen, Julius, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Perry, Lysander, P. O. Elgin.

Paten, J. M., merchant; P. O. Elgin.

PRICE, ARWIN E., mfr. and dealer in marble, granite and building stone, importer of Scotch Granite direct from Aberdeen; P. O. Elgin. Mr. Price is largely engaged in monumental work, having during the past season erected a large number of monuments in this and adjoining counties. Some of the most elaborate, being the soldiers' monument at Elgin; Alfred Edwards, Robert Crichton and James Winnie at Dundee; Robert Grey at Blackberry, and vault for Jacob Johnson at same place; Geo. Brown of Sycamore, DeKalb Co., also a large number in McHenry Co.; born in Waukesha, Wis., Aug. 29, 1849; came to Illinois in 1868, locating at Elgin.

Pierce, Luther, P. O. Elgin.

Provost, J., P. O. Elgin.

Pratt, Mary, P. O. Elgin.

Pratt, Wm. A., Fish Comr.; P. O. Elgin.

Peasley, Jas., butcher; P. O. So. Elgin.

Peterson, Vic, lab.; P. O. So. Elgin.

Peterson, Helen, P. O. So. Elgin.

PEASE, WALTER L., ret'd banker; P. O. Elgin. Mr. Pease was born in Hartford, Conn., April 18, 1825, where he was for a time in his early business life engaged in the fur trade; but in 1848 removed to Watertown, Wis., and engaged in general merchandising for about four years, then removing to Belvidere, Ill.; he was associated at the latter place with Lawrence & May in merchandising and distilling until 1857, and in November of that year came to Elgin, his present home; was a member of the firm of Lawrence, Malona & Co. until July, 1863, when he engaged in the banking business under the firm name of Lawrence, Pease & Town, which continued until 1865; then the business of this firm was merged into the First National Bank of Elgin, Mr. Pease becoming Vice President, on the death of Mr. Lawrence, in 1872, President. He held this position until 1876, when he sold his interest and retired from the bank; was Mayor of the city two terms, and Alderman four years; Dem.; Epis. belief; married in 1848 to Miss Sarah W., daughter of Benj. F. Fowler, of Hartford, Conn.; three children—Sarah K., wife of Daniel Innes, of Lawrence, Kan., Charles F. and Hattie O.

Parsons, Martha, P. O. Elgin.
 Perry, Horace, far.; P. O. Elgin.
 Phillips, S. K., far.; P. O. Elgin.
 Perkins, H. E., far.; P. O. S. Elgin.
 Patchen, H. N., far.; P. O. Elgin.
 Peaslee, Charles, P. O. So. Elgin.
 Palcter, Herman, P. O. Elgin.
 Peaslee, Fred. G., P. O. So. Elgin.
 Palmer, Wm., far.; P. O. Elgin.
 Pierce, J. C., P. O. Elgin.
 Pike, Mrs. C. S., P. O. Elgin.
 Perry, Sarah N., P. O. Elgin.
 Pendergast, Bridget, P. O. Elgin.
 Pifster, S., lab.; P. O. Elgin.
 Parshall, J. M., P. O. Elgin.
 Parsons, L. H., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Perry, Hiram O., P. O. Elgin.
 Preston, Frank, assistant foreman steel dept. watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Perkins, F. B., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Pethybridge, Philip, butcher; P. O. Elgin.
 Pratt, Chas. C., conductor C. & P.; P. O. Elgin.
 Pierson, J. W., pumps; P. O. Elgin.
 Palmer, J. A., furniture; P. O. Elgin.
PHILLIPS, NATHAN G., Sec. 17; farmer; P. O. Elgin; he was born in Chautauqua Co., N. Y., Sept. 27, 1818; came to Illinois in Nov., 1842, locating on the farm where he now resides, which has been his home for more than thirty-five years; he owns 200 acres of land, valued at \$15,000; Rep.; Bapt.; married in 1834, to Miss Mary Ballard; she was born in Erie Co., N. Y., Sept. 23, 1822; they have three children living—Scott K., Willie J. and Harrie W.; also, Amelia L. (Gardner), an adopted daughter, now wife of Byron F. Skinner; they lost one—Harriet, died June 5, 1849. Mrs. Phillips taught school in an unoccupied house of Horace Heath's, on the west side of the river, near Elgin, in the Winter of 1841-42.
 Pabst, Joseph, hotel; P. O. Elgin.
 Peyton, J. M., grocer; P. O. Elgin.
 Perry, S. F., supt. packing Co.; P. O. Elgin.
 Purdy, F. W., P. O. Elgin.
 Powers, Thos., policeman; P. O. Elgin.
 Paeper, Adolph, harness; P. O. Elgin.
 Potter, Miss M. A., P. O. Elgin.
 Potter, Chas. H., laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 Padelford, R. W., ins. agent; P. O. Elgin.
 Preston, Mrs. S., P. O. Elgin.
 Pratt, E. S., jeweler; P. O. Elgin.
 Parkins, R. R., mach.; P. O. Elgin.

Perry, H. S., P. O. Elgin.

Pruden, Elias, P. O. Elgin.

PRATT, CALVIN, farmer; Sec. 7; P. O. Elgin; was born in Pitt William, Cheshire Co., N. H., May, 19, 1799; resided in the States of N. H. and Vt. until 1837, removing to Illinois in Oct. of that year, and located on the farm where he now resides; his first house on this claim was 11x13, built of logs, using a chest as a substitute for a table during the first two years; he has recently sold his farm of 117 acres, which has been his home for more than forty years; Rep.; Presb.; married Sept. 6, 1825, to Miss Anna Buzzell; she was born in Rumney, N. H., May 18, 1805; they have two children living—Charles and Isaac N.; lost four—Joseph B., died Jan. 22, 1852; Julius C., died July 19, 1863; Orville M., died May 31, 1857; Arabella died Aug. 14, 1874.

Potter, Mrs., P. O. Elgin.

Pilford, Thomas, barber; P. O. Elgin.

Panton, W. W., miller; P. O. South Elgin.

Peterson, Oscar, P. O. Elgin.

Peterson, Mrs., P. O. Elgin.

Panton, George, P. O. Elgin.

QUEENHEIN, PHILLIP, shoemkr.; P. O. Elgin.

Quinlan, James, P. O. Elgin.

ROBERTS, L., gardener; P. O. Elgin.

Rowe, J. H., miller; P. O. South Elgin.

Reser, Charles, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Roulen, James, far.; P. O. South Elgin.

Runge, E. C., far.; P. O. Elgin.

Robinson, John, far.; P. O. Elgin.

RANSTEAD, JOHN W., attorney; P. O. Elgin; born in Kane Co., Ill., June 14, 1843; owns 53 acres of land in Plato Tp.; value, \$2,500; Dem.; Liberal; graduated at the University of Michigan (Law Department) in 1866; admitted to the bar of this State same year, and commenced the practice of his profession in 1868; he was elected Judge of the County Court in 1873, and re-elected in 1877, being the present incumbent. Married in 1867 to Miss Eugenie A. Fuller, of Galesburg, Ill.; she was born in Missouri; one child—Nettie M.; Mr. R. is a member of the following Masonic bodies: Monitor Lodge, No. 522, and Loyal L. Munn Chapter, No. 96.

Robinson, James, far.; P. O. Elgin.
 Rogers, J. A., finisher; P. O. Elgin.
 Rhines, Chas. E., farmer; P. O. So. Elgin.
 Ryder, L. P., lab.; P. O. Elgin.
 Roach, Michael, lab.; P. O. South Elgin.
 Rady, John, lab.; P. O. South Elgin.

ROSECRANS, GARRETT, City Engineer; P. O. Elgin; born in Sussex Co., N. J., April 1, 1828; came to Illinois in 1837, locating at Elgin, which, at that time, contained but a few log houses, and settlers in this part of the State were few and far between; owns 80 acres of land; value, \$6,000; Rep.; Liberal.

Rice, Wm., malt dealer; P. O. So. Elgin.
 Rice, P. H., distiller; P. O. Elgin.
 Rice, Thomas, brewer; P. O. So. Elgin.
 Russell, J. W., P. O. South Elgin.
 Rose, Geo. H., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Rowland, J. H., retired far.; P. O. Elgin.
 Rogers, W. C., farmer; P. O. Elgin.
 Resser, C. W., farmer; P. O. Elgin.
 Ryan, Johanna, P. O. Elgin.
 Robinson, Emeline, P. O. Elgin.
 Riordan, James, P. O. South Elgin.
 Russett, Jacob, P. O. South Elgin.
 Roberts, Rachel, P. O. Elgin.

RUE, EZRA, attorney, P. O. Elgin; was born in Steuben Co., N. Y., Nov. 23, 1847; came to Illinois in 1858, locating at Elgin; admitted to the bar in 1876.

Rose, Alex., painter; P. O. South Elgin.
 Rebhorn, John, P. O. Elgin.
 Rahn, Carl, P. O. Elgin.
 Rankin, Anna, P. O. Elgin.
 Reed, O. M., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Rudersal, John, watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Rahn, Fred, P. O. Elgin.
 Rapp, John, P. O. Elgin.
 Ruch, Chas., machinist; P. O. Elgin.

RIPPBERGER, CHARLES, dealer in groceries, crockery, boots and shoes; was born in Cook Co., Ill., June 29, 1850; his father, George Rippberger, who was born in Germany, came to Cook Co. in 1842; Rep.; Evan.; married, Dec. 25, 1874, to Miss Sophie Deuchler, of Cook Co., Ill.; one child—Clara L.

Romseyer, Gottfried, watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Robinson, Lizzie, P. O. Elgin.
 Rusk, Vernard, P. O. Elgin.
 Russell, Charles D., printer; P. O. Elgin.
 Richards, Lydia, P. O. Elgin.
 Robins, James, P. O. Elgin.

Roach, W., P. O. South Elgin.
 Rothgover, Flora, P. O. Elgin.
 Ryder, F., P. O. South Elgin.
 Ready, John, P. O. South Elgin.
 Ranquest, Wm., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Robertson, Mrs. Ellen, P. O. Elgin.
 Rombo, Fred., P. O. Elgin.
 Reinhardt, Phillip, carp.; P. O. Elgin.
 Rober, Frank, P. O. Elgin.
 Rockaway, H., P. O. Elgin.
 Rowland, R. M., P. O. Elgin.
 Rahn, Louis, carp.; P. O. Elgin.

ROOT, A. WILSON, milling, Elgin; born in Genesee Co., N. Y., Dec. 20, 1823; came to Illinois in 1838, locating near Batavia, Kane Co.; owns 200 acres of land in Rock Co., Wis., valued at \$10,000; also owns half interest in the stone mill property, residence and other city property. Rep.; three children—William A., Ida L. and Alice M.

Ross, Eliza, P. O. Elgin.
 Renwick, Geo. L., P. O. Elgin.
 Rovelstadt, Peter, watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Ross, Chris., laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 Rhiel, Ed., P. O. Elgin.
 Runyan, Christian, P. O. Elgin.
 Rogers, John A., finisher; P. O. Elgin.
 Rowe, W., carpenter; P. O. Elgin.
 Reynolds, Matilda, P. O. Elgin.
 Richards, Mrs. L., P. O. Elgin.
 Ross, Jno., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.
 Richards, W. P., dentist; P. O. Elgin.
 Rice, Annie, P. O. Elgin.
 Raymond, G. B., lumber; P. O. Elgin.
 Rogers, Albert, laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 Roberts, Lewis, gardener; P. O. Elgin.
 Root, Chas. M., gardener; P. O. Elgin.

ROGERS, HENRY C., farmer; Sec. 32; P. O. Elgin; born in Lowville, Lewis Co., N. Y., Jan 2, 1823; came to Illinois in June, 1856, locating at Elgin; owns 307 acres of land, valued at \$15,000; Dem.; Lib.; married Feb. 6, 1844, to Miss Mary A. Sterling; she was born in Lowville, Lewis Co., N. Y., Oct. 3, 1824; they have two children—James F. and Delavan W.

Rahn, John, laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 Retan, Ebenezer, P. O. Elgin.
 Retan, Phoebe E., P. O. Elgin.
 Rohm, J. C., laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 Rich, Chas., P. O. Elgin.
 Rush, Edward, laborer; P. O. Elgin.
 Ryan, John, P. O. Elgin.
 Rankin, Jno., com mer.; P. O. Elgin.

Ramsdell, Wm. L., sample room; P. O. Elgin.

Rundquist, Alfred, watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Rudd, O. M., Elgin Watch Co.; P. O. Elgin.

Rosene, Alfred, P. O. Elgin.

Rosenkrans, Elizabeth, P. O. Elgin.

Rosenkrans, H., surveyor; P. O. Elgin.

Rose, Adolph, watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Reeves, E. F., agent; P. O. Elgin.

RENWICK, GEO. W., manufacturer; P. O. Elgin; born in Delaware Co., N. Y., March 2, 1818; came to Illinois May 28, 1838, locating in Elgin; built a brick blacksmith shop the year he came to the county, which was, probably, the first brick building erected in Kane Co.; Mr. R. and Mr. Gifford exhibited a steel plow at a fair held at Ottawa, which was, among the thing, new, and, perhaps, the first of its kind. Was married Jan. 1, 1840, to Miss Kate Burrett; she was born in Montgomery Co., N. Y.; have two children living—Maggie M., widow of E. S. Chappell (deceased), and Geo. L.; lost two—Andrew J., died Nov. 27, 1847; Frank died April 2, 1852. Mr. R. organized the Elgin Battery, and was Captain of same until he resigned, in 1863, on account of ill health.

Russell, Ellen A., P. O. Elgin.

Roberts, Alfred, gardener; P. O. Elgin.

Rowland, M. P., P. O. Elgin.

Rohn, Charles, P. O. Elgin.

Ryan, Jane, P. O. Elgin.

Rakkor, F., P. O. Elgin.

Reah, Wm., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Rippberger, Jno., painter; P. O. Elgin.

Richards, W. T., dry goods; P. O. Elgin.

Rickert, J. D., engineer; P. O. Elgin.

Rogers, Nelson, P. O. Elgin.

Ranzenberger, S., P. O. Elgin.

Rinehimer, E., sash and doors; P. O. Elgin.

Ruste, Henry, agr'l. works; P. O. Elgin.

Runge, Henry, sample room; P. O. Elgin.

Radcliffe, W. P., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Ross, Geo. C., P. O. Elgin.

STRAUSS, ABRAHAM, clerk; P. O. Elgin.

Sherwin, L., P. O. Elgin.

Schuchnecht, Chas., butcher; P. O. Elgin.

Shaker, Jacob, gardener; P. O. Elgin.

Smith, Joseph, P. O. Elgin.

Swanson, S., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Smith, Louis, P. O. Elgin.

Stricker, James, wagons; P. O. Elgin.

SMITH, C. STODDARD., editor and publisher of the *Elgin Free Press*; was born in Vermont in 1842; came to Illinois in 1854; graduate of Philadelphia Dental College of 1865; practiced dentistry in Springfield, Ill., for nine years; came to Elgin in 1877; married Julia S. Smith, of Lancaster, Wis., in 1869; one child; Rep.; Cong.

Schumenan, Fred, P. O. Elgin.

Seidell, Emma, P. O. Elgin.

Scott, E. D., harness maker; P. O. Elgin.

SHERWIN, ALBERT (Mann & Sherwin), wholesale dealer in butter and cheese; P. O. Elgin; Mr. S. was born in Lowell, Mass., Feb. 23, 1828; removed to the State of Vermont in early childhood with his parents, where he resided until 1851, when he came to Illinois, locating at Ottawa; was engaged on railroad contracts at Ottawa and Peru; went to Madison, Wis., in 1853, where he engaged in the same business for some years; in 1864, he removed to Berrien Co., Mich., and to Chicago, in 1867; came to Elgin, his present home, in 1868; Rep.; Liberal. Married, in 1849, to Miss Louisa M. Davis, of Rockingham, Vt., who died in 1866; five children, three living—William W., Albert E. and Susan D.; lost two—Carrie A., died in 1862; Frank L., died in 1866; was again married, in 1868, to Frances M. Lang, of Gallipolis, Ohio; one child by this union—Frederick L.

Smith, A. H., watch fac., P. O. Elgin.

Schroder, F., harness mkr.; P. O. Elgin.

Silver, Emma, P. O. Elgin.

Swan, W. G., livery; P. O. Elgin.

Strubring, John, lab.; P. O. Elgin.

Schoonhoven, Sarah, P. O. Elgin.

Stromberg, C. E.; P. O. Elgin.

SHERMAN, GEORGE H. (Sherman & Gerlach), photographer; P. O. Elgin; born in Fairfield, Franklin Co., Vt., March 2, 1828; came to Ill., in 1867; resided in St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., nine years prior to coming to this State; Rep.; Epis. Married Miss Cordelia Howard, of Fairfax, Vt., Aug. 12, 1855; Mr. Sherman has followed the photograph business steadily for twenty-five years; Mr. S. is Treasurer of Monitor Lodge, No. 522, A., F. & A. M.; Also fills the same office in Loyal L. Munn Chapter, No. 96.

Sullivan, P. S., foreman Cond'g Co.; P. O. Elgin.

Stryker, J. W., carp.; P. O. Elgin.

Stewart, Thomas, merchant; P. O. Elgin.

Sears, D. G., P. O. Elgin.

Stryker, J. R., carp.; P. O. Elgin.

Shady, Mrs., P. O. Elgin.

Sanders, W., Jr., restaurant; P. O. Elgin.

SCHULTS, CHARLES J. (Schults & Todson), wholesale and retail dealer in dry goods, carpets and oil cloths; P. O. Elgin; born in Prussia, Feb. 4, 1836; came to this country in 1851, locating at Chicago; came to Elgin in 1869. Married, in 1858, to Miss Emma E. Sedgwick, of Bloomingdale, Du Page Co., Ill.

Schundemund, L., mason; P. O. Elgin.

Stanley, J. W., P. O. Elgin.

Souter, Richard, carp.; P. O. Elgin.

Saninon, Hugh, carp.; P. O. Sycamore.

Shehan, James, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Seapy, John farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Schaller, Geo., clerk; P. O. Elgin.

Stone, Charles, tinner; P. O. Elgin.

SCHOONHOVEN, NATHANIEL W., Deputy Sheriff and Constable; born in Cook Co., Jan. 27, 1841; came to Elgin seven years ago; his father, James Schoonhoven, was one of the early settlers of Cook Co., locating in that county in 1837; married in 1862 to Miss Mary E. McCloud of Iowa. Mr. Schoonhoven is a member of Kane Lodge, No. 47, I. O. O. F.

Schultz, M., merchant; P. O. Elgin.

Storch, H., P. O. Elgin.

Stephenson, Mrs. R., Jr., P. O. Elgin.

Schrader, Lewis, saloon; P. O. Elgin.

Shaw, N. L., P. O. Elgin.

STONE, ISAAC, farmer; Sec. 17; P. O. Elgin; born in Orford, Grafton Co., N. H., Jan. 1, 1811; came West in 1833, stopping in White Pigeon, Michigan, one year, arriving in Chicago in the Fall of 1834; made a claim three miles west of the city of Elgin in the Spring of 1835; his present home is on the original claim, and now consists of 246 acres, valued at \$18,000. Dem.; Lib.; married in 1842 to Miss Abigail Knapp; she was born in New York; two children living—Alvena F., now Mrs. S. W. Chapman, and Charles A.

Sadbrick, Adolph, P. O. Elgin,

Styles, C. B., mechanic; P. O. Elgin.

Slade, Mrs. C. S. W., P. O. Elgin.

Sharp, A. J., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Stone, C. E., P. O. Elgin.

Spitzer, J. D., P. O. Elgin.

SMAILES, WM., JR., with Smailes & Son, mer. tailors; P. O. Elgin; born in Burlington, Yorkshire, Eng., May 14, 1841; came to this country in 1852, locating at Elgin, his present home; went out with the 36th Ill. Inf. in 1861; was mustered out at Rock Island, Ill., in Oct., 1865; Rep.; Lib.; was married Jan. 10, 1866, to Miss Emma Lane, of Quincy, Ill.; she was born in England; two children—Fred. J. and Anna M.; Mr. S. is Captain of the Elgin National Guards.

Scanlan, Jas., lab.; P. O. Elgin.

Smith, Chris., shoemkr; P. O. Elgin.

Schrader, Chas., cigars; P. O. Elgin.

Shaller, Mrs. A., P. O. Elgin.

Seidel, Chas., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Sherwood, Seth, farmer, P. O. Elgin.

SAUNDERS, WM., restaurant and sample room, 14 Chicago st.; P. O. Elgin, Ill.; born in Sheffield, Eng., April 23, 1825; came to this country in 1841, remaining in the State of New York one year; came West in 1842, and located in what was known as Washington Precinct (now Plato Tp.), Kane Co., Ill.; Rep.; Lib.; married Feb. 8, 1848, to Miss Almira U. Ingalls; she was born in Cuba, Allegany Co., N. Y.

Sylla, W. F., City Clerk; P. O. Elgin.

Schultz, Ott, P. O. Elgin.

Scott, Santy, watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Shepard, Sally, P. O. Elgin.

Sherman, E. L., carp.; P. O. Elgin.

Stanford, Caroline, P. O. Elgin.

Stewart, A. N., mer.; P. O. Elgin.

SCHLAGER, HENRY, groceries, boots and shoes; P. O. Elgin; born in Hesse Darmstadt, Germany, Aug. 9, 1828; came to this country in 1847, locating in Aurora, Ill.; came to Elgin, his present home, in the Fall of 1849; Rep.; Liberal. Married in 1852 to Miss Anna Ludeke; she was born in Hanover, Germany; six children—Mary, Charles, Anna, Emma, Frank and William.

Shaw, W. S., hotel; P. O. Elgin.

Slade, S. M., fruit grower; P. O. Elgin.

Seymour, H., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Stowell, Washington, far.; P. O. Elgin.

Stowell, Seth, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Stringer, M., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Samuelson, Charles, far.; P. O. Elgin.

STOWE, LEVI S., dentist; Elgin; born in Granville, Washington Co., N. Y., June 24, 1826, but removed in early childhood with his parents to Cone-wango, Cattaraugus Co., N. Y., where he resided until 1843; then removing to Illinois, and locating, first at Elgin; spent several years in different parts of the Northwest, returning and permanently locating at Elgin in 1854; in 1856 he engaged in general merchandising, which he continued until 1869; was established in his present business in 1871; Rep.; Liberal. Married in 1853 to Miss Jane E. Hulgate, who died in 1855; was again married to Betsey E. Lesenden in 1858; she was born in the County of Kent, England.

Stringer, J. T., far.; P. O. Elgin.

Stringer, Frank, far.; P. O. Elgin.

Stringer, G. E., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Stringer, E. W., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Starr, Ezra, farmer; P. O. South Elgin.

Shepard, Frank, tin shop; P. O. So. Elgin.

Swartz, John, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Shephard, Thos., P. O. Elgin.

Sanburn, Chas., P. O. Elgin.

SWITZER, MARTIN J. C., far.; Sec. 33; P. O. South Elgin; was born in Elizabethtown, N. J., April 8, 1815, but removed in early childhood with his parents to Canada; came to Illinois in 1837, locating in Kane Co., making a claim where he now resides, which has been his home since 1843; owns 200 acres of land, valued at \$13,000; Rep.; Swedenborgian in belief; was married in July, 1843, to Miss Elizabeth Eakin; she was born in Ireland, June 20, 1820; seven children living—Virgil M., Isabel, Maria, Abner, Oscar, Lena and Martin; Jackson, who was a member of the 141st Illinois Infantry, died in Jan., 1867; Virgil M., who has had charge of the farm for several years, on account of the failing health of his father, was born in Kane Co., Sept. 28, 1846.

Sherman, Henry, Part. Elgin Packing Co.; P. O. Elgin.

Spaulding, Matt, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Smith, Myron, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Smith, W. E., P. O. Elgin.

Smith, P. J., P. O. South Elgin.

Stowell, W., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Starr, E. M., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Smith, M., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Stevens, Mary J., P. O. Elgin.

STONE, REUBEN R. (Stone & Gibbons), mfr. of butter tubs, pails, cheese boxes, and wholesale dealers in cheese-box and butter-tub stock; P. O. Elgin; was born in Chenango Co., N. Y., April 16, 1824, but removed to Cattaraugus Co., N. Y., when quite young, where he resided until 1845; he followed farming and teaching for several years, commencing the study of medicine in 1846; graduating at Rush Medical College of Chicago, in 1849; he practiced his profession at Richmond, McHenry Co., Ill., for fifteen years, then turning his attention to mercantile pursuits, in which he was engaged at the same place for eleven years; he located in Elgin in 1871; Rep.; Liberal; he was married in 1850 to Miss Hannah A. Cahoon; she was born in N. Y.; five children; three living—Kate E., wife of P. T. Gibbons; Lizzie L. and Louie H.; lost two—Edgar H., who died in 1851, and Frank, who died in 1856.

Strancil, Henry, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Slayton, D. H., P. O. Elgin.

Swan, Mrs. L., P. O. Elgin.

Silver, Monroe, watch factory; P. O. Elgin.

Scott, A. D., watch factory; P. O. Elgin.

Schoenhoven, Henry, far.; P. O. Elgin.

STRINGER, GEORGE, farmer; Sec. 22; P. O. Elgin; was born in Yorkshire, Eng., July 11, 1806; removed with his parents to Canada East in the Spring of 1819; came to Ill. in 1838, locating in Elgin Township, Kane Co.; owns 440 acres of land, valued at \$30,000; Rep.; Liberal; was married in the Fall of 1837 to Miss Ruth L. Strang, who was born in Fort Ann, N. Y.; she died Nov. 2, 1875; three children by this union, one living—Charles H.; lost two in infancy; Mr. S. is one of the Directors of the Home National Bank of Elgin.

Spoonholtz, Louis, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Spoonholtz, John, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Smith, E. A., P. O. Elgin.

Schmuhl Charles, P. O. Elgin.

Sandberg, Andrew, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Sherman, Marshall, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

STRINGER, JOHN A., Sec. 30; farmer; P. O. Elgin; was born in Yorkshire, England, July 20, 1808, and removed to Canada with his parents in 1819; he came to Illinois in Sept., 1845, locating on the farm where he now resides; he owns 340 acres of land, valued at \$22,000; Rep.; Liberal. Married, Oct., 1835, to Miss Mary Ann Sterricker, who was born in Yorkshire, England, June 7, 1818; six children—Judge T., Justice J., Melvin H., Clarence R., Emma J. (wife of Thomas Bishop), Edith F. Mr. S. was engaged in the manufacture of wheelbarrows in 1831, which were used in the construction of the Mohawk & Hudson R. R., the first R. R. in this country.

Seymour, J. B., P. O. Elgin.

Stringlow, David, P. O. South Elgin.

Smith, Mary E., P. O. Elgin.

Strubing, Chas., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Sturm, Fred, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Smith, C. D. F., P. O. Elgin.

Smith, Casper, butcher; P. O. Elgin.

Schuilke, Carl, P. O. Elgin.

Stewart, Thos., merchant; P. O. Elgin.

Sherman, Elon N., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Sherman, Ira L., carp.; P. O. Elgin.

Straussel, Martin, P. O. Elgin.

Sherwin, R. H., P. O. Elgin.

STERRICKER, THOMAS, far., Sec. 27; P. O. Elgin; born in Yorkshire, England, May 20, 1818; removed to Canada in 1830, and five years later to Otsego Co., N. Y.; came to Illinois in the Spring of 1852; owns 148 acres of land, valued at \$11,000; Greenbacker; Liberal. Married Dec. 25, 1840, to Miss Elizabeth Fitzgerald; she was born in Cherry Valley, Otsego Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1821; four children by this union—Irving W., Mary E., William H. H. and Alice J.

Sovereign, G. P., mechanic; P. O. Elgin.

Spillard, Jno., leather mfr.; P. O. Elgin.

Sedlacek, Adolph, notions; P. O. Elgin.

Sherwood, N. B., fruit trees; P. O. Elgin.

Schultz, J. O., bartender; P. O. Elgin.

Smith, Albert, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Sterricker, Jas., wagons; P. O. Elgin.

Sorn, Chas., shoemaker; P. O. Elgin.

Stoner, Wm. H., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Stone, R. W., merchant; P. O. Elgin.

Stoneforth, Mrs. B. W., P. O. Elgin.

STRINGER, ROBERT, farmer, Sec. 20; P. O. Elgin; born in Yorkshire, England, Dec. 15, 1816; removed with his parents, in early childhood, to Canada East; came to Illinois in May, 1844, locating in Kane Co., on the farm where he now resides; owns 225 acres of land, valued at \$15,300; Dem.; Episcopal in belief. Married Nov. 9, 1841, to Miss Martha Dibb; she was born in Yorkshire, England, June 23, 1822; six children, four living—Margaret, wife of L. A. Wood, Mary E., wife of T. D. Cookman, Alfred H., Edwin W., Clara A.; lost one—Clara E. died Nov. 9, 1854.

Spillard, J. A., traveler; P. O. Elgin.

Stranssel, H. A., water insp.; P. O. Elgin.

Stoné, Chas. A., physician; P. O. Elgin.

Stoddard, G. F., com. mer.; P. O. Elgin.

Schroeder, Chas., harness; P. O. Elgin.

Strett, Fred., merchant; P. O. Elgin.

Smith, S. A., shoemaker; P. O. Elgin.

Seaman, Wm. A., boarding; P. O. Elgin.

Shaw, Wm. S., P. O. Elgin.

Smith, Alvia, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Spencer, P. H., boarding; P. O. Elgin.

Schrum, Mrs. M. A., P. O. Elgin.

SCHOONHOVEN, JAMES, far.; Sec. 7, Hanover Tp., Cook Co.; P. O. Elgin; born in Steuben Co., N. Y., June 30, 1815; came to Illinois in June, 1841, locating on the farm in Cook Co., where he now resides; owns 540 acres of land in Cook Co., and 176 in Kane Co., valued at \$55 per acre. Independent in politics; Bapt.; married Sept. 20, 1838, to Miss Lydia Jane Wintermute; she was born in Stillwater, Sussex Co., N. J., July 18, 1820; five children living—Henry A., Nathaniel W., Rachie H., Willard C., and Edwin J.; lost three—Daniel L., died Sept. 24, 1843; Florence A., wife of A. T. Beverly, died Feb. 6, 1874; one died in infancy.

Sherman, G. D., com. mer.; P. O. Elgin.

Spire, Jno., P. O. Elgin.

Smith, Henry, agent; P. O. Elgin.

Stiles, L. C., carp.; P. O. Elgin.

Swan, Hannah, P. O. Elgin.

Smith, Susan, P. O. Elgin.

Squier, Henry, carriages; P. O. Elgin.

Sullivan, P. S., milk insp.; P. O. Elgin.

Smith, G. W., livery; P. O. Elgin.

Schaller, Victoria, P. O. Elgin.

Smith, C. L., millwright; P. O. Elgin.

SCOFIELD, DAVID C., proprietor of Elgin Nursery; born in Albany Co., N. Y., Dec. 21, 1803; he came West in 1847 for the purpose of locating and purchasing land, and in 1852 located his nursery at Elgin, where he has resided since 1854; owns 130 acres of land near the city, valued at \$10,000; also a half interest in 640 acres in Indiana, valued at \$32,000, both being operated as dairy farms. Mr. S. is a member of both Illinois State and Northern Illinois Horticultural Societies, having served these institutions in various ways for several years. At the first annual meeting of the latter, held at Freeport, Ill., in February, 1868, he read an essay on "Timber Culture a National Necessity." To our State and this society belong the credit of first bringing before the American people this very important subject. In January, 1877, at the meeting of the society, held at Franklin Grove, he made an extended report on Arboriculture, or a review of the origin and progress of timber culture in this country. His forest, commenced in 1858, contains about 10,000 trees, from which lumber has been manufactured and used in finishing a part of his present residence. Rep.; Presb.; married in 1827 to Miss Sally King; she was born in Greene Co., N. Y.; died in 1842; seven children by this union, three sons and four daughters; was again married in 1854 to Emily W., daughter of Cyrus Larkin; one child. Mr. S. is also a member of the American Forestry Association.

Smith, C. H., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Shure, Henry, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Short, Hugh, carp.; P. O. Elgin.

Starkweather, Geo., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Sears, Prof. A. G., A. M., prin. academy; P. O. Elgin.

Schranek, Peter, cigars; P. O. Elgin.

Schraeder, Louis, saloon; P. O. Elgin.

Smith, Emma, P. O. Elgin.

Silver, Timothy, watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Smith, C. A., mach.; P. O. Elgin.

Snow, Rev. R. R., min.; P. O. Elgin.

Smith, L. H., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Sexton, J. H., mechanic; P. O. Elgin.

Stoddard, Isaac, P. O. Elgin.

Stryker, J. R., carpenter; P. O. Elgin.

Seiger, Wm., P. O. Elgin.

Schoonhoven, Mrs. L., P. O. Elgin.

Sowers, Geo., P. O. Elgin.

Shady, Mary, P. O. Elgin.

Smith, R. E., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

STRINGER, MELVIN H., Sr., farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Elgin; born in Waterloo, Seneca Co., N. Y., March 25, 1845, and removed to Illinois in early childhood with his parents, who located at Elgin in 1844, moving on to the farm where he now resides, about one year later. Rep; Universalist; married Dec. 12, 1865, to Miss Nettie Adams, of Beloit, Wis.; she was born in this Co.; have one child living—Melvin H., Jr.; lost one—Geo. E., died April 20, 1876. Mr. S. is a member of Elgin Lodge, No. 117, A., F. & A. M.

Stone, Arthur N., dentist; P. O. Elgin.

Sylla, Lavinia, P. O. Elgin.

Skinner, J. J., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Smailes, Wm., Sr., tailor; P. O. Elgin.

Scherknecht, Chas., butcher; P. O. Elgin.

Smith, I. R., P. O. Elgin.

Sherwood, D. B., lawyer; P. O. Elgin.

Sears, G. W., grocer; P. O. Elgin.

Scott, E. D., harness maker; P. O. Elgin.

Swan, Mrs. E. A., P. O. Elgin.

Swan, T. F., mer.; P. O. Elgin.

TUCK, GEORGE E., coal and wood; P. O. Elgin.

Treadwell, H. A., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Treadwell, William, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

TAYLOR, S. L., proprietor and editor of the *Elgin Advocate*; is a native of Vermont; was in the army in 1861-62; is a graduate of Ann Arbor Law School in 1865; was assistant editor of the *Western Rural*, Chicago, from 1866 to 1868; purchased the *Geneva Republican* in 1869; established the *St. Charles Transcript* (now *Leader*) in 1870; established the *Elgin Advocate* in 1871; the *Advocate* was consolidated with the *Elgin Gazette* in 1874, and is now the leading newspaper of Elgin, and among the best interior papers on the globe. Mr. Taylor has a very fine printing and binding establishment, employing from sixteen to twenty workmen; he is a shrewd, energetic business man, and his success is well deserved.

Todd, Hugh, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Todd, Thomas, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Thomas, Robert, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Taylor, Margaret N., P. O. Elgin.

Thompson, C. L. F.

THOMPSON, M. H., emigrated from Plattsburg, N. Y., in 1834; remained in Chicago and Du Page Co. until 1836, at which time, with his parents, he removed to Dundee, in this county, where he resided till man grown; the first election ever held in Lake Precinct (Elgin and Dundee) was held at his father's house; he is a civil engineer by profession, which calling he followed for many years; he is now acting as Secretary and Treasurer of the Elgin Gas Light Co.; he is extensively engaged in agriculture, owning two of the largest farms in Dundee Township.

Tefft, Jos., Dr., Prest. Board of Trade; P. O. Elgin.

Tobin, Jno., far.; P. O. Elgin.

Thiers, Mrs. R. A., P. O. Elgin.

Tefft, Mrs. F., P. O. Elgin.

Tazewell, Mrs. M., P. O. Elgin.

Taylor, Margaret, P. O. Elgin.

TAYLOR, FRANK H., manager and one of the proprietors of the *Elgin Daily News*, published by the Elgin Printing Co.; Mr. T. was born in Colton, St. Lawrence Co., N. Y., Nov. 12, 1854; came to Illinois in 1871, stopping a short time at Geneva, Ill., and locating at Elgin, his present home, the same year; Rep.; Lib.

Travis, Jos., P. O. Elgin.

Tyrrell, Margaret, P. O. Elgin.

Tewksburg, J. A., P. O. Elgin.

Tenant, W. H., P. O. Elgin.

TEFFT, ELI A. (Tefft & Hoag, proprietors of the South Elgin Butter Factory); born in Madison Co., N. Y., March 5, 1823; came to Illinois with his parents in the Fall of 1835, stopping in Will Co., near Lockport, until the following Spring, when they removed to Kane Co., and located on a claim near Elgin; this claim is now owned by the Elgin Agricultural Society; bought a farm in Plato Tp. in 1849, where he resided between one and two years; in 1850 he made the overland journey to California, returning in 1852; owns 200 acres of land, valued at \$14,000; Rep.; Lib.; was married in 1849 to Miss Eliza H. Hewett; she was born in Steuben Co., N. Y., in October, 1822; one child—Arthur J. Mr. T. removed to South Elgin, his present home, in 1872.

Tobin, M. C., P. O. Elgin.

Throop, Mrs. S. B., P. O. Elgin.

Towner, I. C., wagons; P. O. Elgin.

Todd, Frank M., bag'eman; P. O. Elgin.

Turner, Frank, watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Thiel, Henry, P. O. Elgin.

Tubbs, Lewis, P. O. Elgin.

Tefft, Thos. W., far.; P. O. Elgin.

TEFFT, JONATHAN, farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. So. Elgin; born in Lebanon, Madison Co., N. Y., Jan. 23, 1817; came West with his father's family in the Fall of 1835, stopping at what is now Lockport, Will Co., Ill., a few weeks; his father made a claim in Cook Co., about a mile and a half east of Elgin, the same Fall; Mr. T. now resides on the claim made in Kane Co. the following year; owns 269 acres of land, valued at \$20,000; also one-half interest in 160 acres in Iowa, valued at \$3,000; Rep.; Lib.; served as Assistant Supervisor of Elgin Tp. three terms; Com. of Highways several terms; married in 1841 to Miss Dalinda West; she was born in New York; two children living—Rhoda J. and Frank; lost three—Mary E., other two died in infancy. Mr. T. is a member of the following Masonic bodies: Elgin Lodge, No. 117, dimitted from Fox River Chapter, No. 14, charter member of Bethel Comd., No. 36, K. T.

Tuck, Reuben, coal and wood; P. O. Elgin.

Tabor, Ann, P. O. Elgin.

Turner, H., P. O. Elgin.

Treadwell, J. M., far.; P. O. Elgin.

Townsend, H. J., P. O. Elgin.

Thomas, Mrs., P. O. Elgin.

Ticknor, R. S., lum.; P. O. Elgin.

Ticknor, Jno. L., lum.; P. O. Elgin.

Todd, W. F., mason; P. O. Elgin.

Todd, Mrs. Thos. F., P. O. Elgin.

Thomas, Hiram, watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Turner, Dr. A., P. O. Elgin.

This, Henry, P. O. Elgin.

TOWN, MORRIS C., Cashier of the First National Bank of Elgin; P. O. Elgin; was born Feb. 7, 1818, in Granville, Washington Co., N. Y., and is a son of Bester and Betsey (Martin) Town; his father was a merchant farmer and manufacturer; he removed in early childhood with his parents to Erie Co., Pa., where he was educated, and entered his father's store, at the age of 16, as a

clerk ; and, in 1840, became a partner, where he continued until 1846, when he removed to Chicago, and opened a dry goods and grocery store ; he removed to Elgin in 1847, where he was engaged in mercantile pursuits till 1851, at that time opening a banking office, which was the first in Elgin ; the following year a charter was obtained, and the Bank of Elgin was established, with Mr. Town as President ; this was the first bank in Kane Co. organized under the State Banking Law ; in 1858, the business was closed, and he removed to Chicago, where he was connected with the Board of Trade for about two years, returning to Elgin, and engaging in the mercantile business, which continued about one year ; he then formed the banking firm of Lawrence, Pease & Town, which was afterward merged into the First National Bank of Elgin, of which he became Cashier, and has since held that position ; he served as a member of the City Council in 1862 and 1863, and as one of the Trustees of the Elgin Academy since its incorporation in 1854 ; he was a Director and the Treasurer of the Fox River R. R. from the commencement of the organization until it was transferred ; he is Manager and Director of the Elgin City Banking Co., and was at one time a Director of the Wis. Central R. R. ; in 1874, he erected what is known as Town's Block, at a cost of over \$30,000 ; he was married in 1840 to Hannah S. Oviatt, of Ohio ; she died in 1843, leaving one daughter—Helen S., now wife of Wm. O. De Long, of Titusville, Pa. ; he was again married, in the Fall of 1844, to Maria Selkregg, of Erie Co., Pa. ; four children by this union—Ella, wife of L. B. Hamlin, of Chicago ; Hattie E., wife of J. H. Volk, of Chicago ; Frank and Carrie M.

Townsend, M. S., P. O. Elgin.

Tilden, G. L., P. O. Elgin.

THOMPSON, JOHN (Newman & Thompson), proprietors of Spring Brook creamery ; Sec. 32 ; P. O. Elgin ; Mr. T. was born in Derbyshire, Eng., Sept. 8, 1836 ; he came to this country Feb. 19, 1870, stopping a short time in N. Y. City and Chicago, and locating in Elgin the same year ; Rep. ; Liberal.

Trambly, Alex., watch fac. ; P. O. Elgin.

Tunney, James, P. O. Elgin.

Tucker, Robert, P. O. Elgin.

Thompson, C. E., watchman ; P. O. Elgin.

Timerhoff, Wm., smelter ; P. O. Elgin.

Taylor, John, shoemaker ; P. O. Elgin.

Thompson, Robert, laborer ; P. O. Elgin.

Truesdell, W. H., dentist ; P. O. Elgin.

Tyler, L. S. ; P. O. Elgin.

Turner, Ellen M. ; P. O. Elgin.

TODD, WILLIAM T., machinist ; P. O. Elgin ; born in Franklin Co., Vt., Sept. 27, 1821 ; came West, with his parents, in the Fall of 1837, and located where he now resides ; owns 60 acres of land, valued at \$12,000 ; Greenbacker ; Cong. Married, in 1849, to Miss Mary E. Murray ; she was born in Tompkins Co., N. Y. ; three children—Frank M., Ella M., wife of S. Billings, Charles F. ; Mr. T. manufactures a barometer, also publishes a weather calendar.

Todson, A. M. C., mer. ; P. O. Elgin.

Tetzner, Henry, saloon ; P. O. Elgin.

Townsend, Charlotte ; P. O. Elgin.

Tyler, Mrs. Calvin ; P. O. Elgin.

Truax, J. S., carp. ; P. O. Elgin.

Tyrrell, Dr. P. ; P. O. Elgin.

TODD, HUGH, farmer and dairyman ; Secs. 2 and 3 ; P. O. Elgin ; born in Lanarkshire, Scotland, in 1818 ; came to America in 1837 ; in the Spring of 1838, came to Dundee ; owns 196 acres of land, 20 in Dundee, also two houses and lots in same place ; finished present fine residence in 1877 ; has extensive dairy ; Rep. ; Cong. Married Magdalen Rankin at Dundee, in 1847 ; she was born in Ayreshire, in 1828 ; eight children—Jane C., Grace H., Mary R., James, William, Hugh, Allen and Robert.

Taylor, James, merchant ; P. O. Elgin.

Thompson, C. L. F., farmer ; P. O. Elgin.

Tidmarsh, Wm., blacksmith ; P. O. Elgin.

Thompson, M. H., Sec. Gas Co. ; P. O. Elgin.

ULSAVER, JONATHAN, stone quarry ; P. O. South Elgin.

ULSAVER, STEPHEN, dealer in stone and lime ; P. O. South Elgin ; born in Oswego Co., N. Y., April 9, 1822 ; came to Illinois in June, 1845, locating in Elgin ; owns 20 acres of land, valued at \$5,000 ; Ind. ; Meth. Married in April, 1860, to Miss Sarah J. Paulding ; she was born in Brownville,

Jefferson Co., N. Y., April 14, 1831; had four children, three living—Cora E., Effie M., Ervin S.; lost one in infancy. Underhill, G. W., carp.; P. O. Elgin.

UNDERHILL, MONROE, far.; Sec. 8; P. O. Elgin; born in Jefferson Co., N. Y., Dec. 9, 1823; came to Ill. in May, 1853, locating in Elgin Township, Kane Co.; Dem.; Liberal. Married Nov. 6, 1856, to Miss Martha Kenyon; she was born in Granville, Washington Co., N. Y., April 12, 1835; have five children living—Ervin M., Eva O., Ella U., Hazen M. and Lillian E.; lost one. Mrs. Underhill's father, Joseph C. Kenyon, was born in Argyle, N. Y., Nov. 2, 1792, and died Jan. 10, 1877; her mother, Martha (Richardson) Kenyon, was born in Vermont, Aug. 13, 1798, died Nov. 2, 1873.

Underwood, Amos, P. O. Elgin.

Ultes, Henry, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

VAIL, JOHN, watch factory; P. O. Elgin.

Van Drisen, Henry, P. O. Elgin.

Van Ostrand, Peter, P. O. Elgin.

Vail, R. S., P. O. Elgin.

Vinton, Mrs. Phoebe, P. O. Elgin.

Vollor, Joseph, gun factory; P. O. Elgin.

Volstorff, C. F., butcher; P. O. Elgin.

Volstorff, F. A., butcher; P. O. Elgin.

Vickers, J., butcher; P. O. Elgin.

Volch, Mary, P. O. Elgin.

Volstorff, Charles, mason; P. O. Elgin.

Vice, John, P. O. Elgin.

Vierk, Fred, P. O. Elgin.

Vasey, John, watch factory; P. O. Elgin.

Van Nostrand, G. Y., carp.; P. O. Elgin.

Valstorff, Gustave, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Vaughn, Pat, P. O. South Elgin.

Vaughn, Mary, P. O. South Elgin.

Wing, J. H., P. O. Elgin.

WILCOX, WILLIAM H., attorney; Elgin; he was born in Montgomery Co., N. Y., Jan. 13, 1836; he has resided at Elgin since May 24, 1842, at which time he came to the State with his father, Gen. E. Wilcox. Left Camp Lyons, Nov., 1861, as Capt. of Co. G, 52 Ills. Inf. Vols.; was mustered out at Savannah, Ga., Dec. 19, 1864; was admitted to the bar in 1871; Dem.; Universalist. Married, Jan. 19, 1857, to Miss Mary A. Greene, of Galesburg, Ill. Mr. W. is a member of Monitor Lodge, No. 522, A., F. & A. M.

Walker, Wm., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Wilber, L. D., carpenter; P. O. Elgin.

Wheeler, Mrs. C. E., P. O. Elgin.

Webster, Hazen, fruit dealer; P. O. Elgin.

Wardlan, John, P. O. Elgin.

Wright, S. N., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Welch, John, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Webster, B. F., dairyman; P. O. Elgin.

Williams, E., P. O. Elgin.

Ward, F., P. O. Elgin.

Ward, J. H., music teacher; P. O. Elgin.

Wascher, Henry, P. O. Elgin.

Walter, A., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Wilbern, A. W., merchant; P. O. Elgin.

Weare, David, P. O. Elgin.

Walker, Abel, mechanic; P. O. Elgin.

WILLIS, HENRY B., attorney; born in Bennington, Vt., May 8, 1848; came to Illinois in 1852, locating in Sycamore Tp., De Kalb Co.; came to Elgin, his present home, in July, 1872; graduated at Albany, N. Y., in 1871, and was admitted to the bar of that State same year; admitted to the bar of Illinois in 1872; held office of Supervisor in Elgin Tp. two years; elected State's Attorney, in Nov., 1876; Rep.; Liberal. Married Miss Lucy E. Wait, of Elgin, in 1874.

Wilcox, J. H., Asst. P. M.; P. O. Elgin.

Wilson, R., P. O. Elgin.

Wait, M. T., merchant; P. O. Elgin.

Walters, Geo., watchmaker; P. O. Elgin.

Witmore, B. J., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Wilson, W. H., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

WELD, SALEM E. (R. & S. E. Weld); dealer in drugs and medicines; P. O. Elgin; born in Elgin, Ill., Aug. 3, 1841; second white child born in the city; graduated at Cincinnati Eclectic Medical College in 1866; was member of City Council two years; Rep.; Liberal; Mr. Weld is member of the following Masonic bodies: Elgin Lodge, No. 117, A., F. and A. M.; Loyal L. Munn Chapter, No. 96, and Bethel Commandery Knight Templars, No. 36; served as Hospital Steward in 127th Ill. Inf. Vols., from 1862 to the close of the war.

Wing, G. H., watch factory; P. O. Elgin.

Whitney, Mark, P. O. Elgin.

Walsh, John, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Weld, O. B., farmer, P. O. Elgin.

Whitton, Fred, P. O. Elgin.

Works, Geo., grocer; P. O. South Elgin.

WELD, NELSON A., physician; P. O. Elgin; born in Orford, N. H., Sept. 11, 1832; came to Illinois in June, 1838, locating about three miles west of Elgin; graduated at Bennett Medical College, of Chicago, in 1870; was married Nov. 1, 1855, to Miss Frances S. Scott, of Elgin; two children—William C. and Winfield S.; Rep.; Cong.

Westman, Joseph, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Wright, Nat., P. O. Elgin.

Wetherell, H., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Wetherell, Jas., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Walker, J. M., carp.; P. O. Elgin.

Walters, J. B., watchman; P. O. Elgin.

Ward, Henry, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Wood, E. N., P. O. Elgin.

Wanzer, Henry, P. O. Elgin.

WING, WILLIAM H., attorney, Elgin; born in Washtenaw Co., Mich.; came to Illinois in 1846, locating at Elgin, his present home; commenced the study of law in the office of Judge Wilcox in 1865, and was admitted to the bar in 1867; opened a law office in the Fall of the latter year with Col. E. S. Joslyn as law partner, which continued some four years, since which time Mr. Wing has operated alone; was City Attorney in 1870, and at present is attorney for the First National Bank of Elgin, also on the list of bank attorneys published by James Hogan of St. Louis, for the use of wholesale merchants and others throughout the U. S. Owns 110 acres of land, valued at \$8,000; Rep.; Lib.; married July 18, 1861 to Miss Abbie C. Saunders of N. H.

Welch, Edward, bl'ksmith; P. O. Elgin.

Woodruff, L. D., P. O. Elgin.

Woodward, J. S., P. O. Elgin.

Wilson, Frank, P. O. Elgin.

Whitford, J. F., P. O. Elgin.

Welch, J. B., P. O. Elgin.

WORKS, GEORGE, groceries, crockery, boots and shoes, hats and caps; South Elgin, Ill.; born in Windham Co., Vt., Sept. 17, 1823; came to Ill., in 1848, stopping one year in Chicago, and locating at Elgin in 1849; has resided at South Elgin since 1866; Rep.; Lib.; married in 1851 to Miss Althea Rutherford; she was born in the State of N. Y.; four children—Fred. J., Anna M., Alla M. and George E.

Waterbury, J. H., P. O. Elgin.

Ward, Mrs., P. O. Elgin.

Wright, Joseph, wood turner; P. O. Elgin.

Wilkins, Jno. D., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Wiglie, Wm., P. O. Elgin.

Wright, Wm., P. O. Elgin.

Wheeler, Peter, P. O. South Elgin.

Webb, Geo., painter; P. O. Elgin.

WRIGHT, CHARLES, wagon maker and blacksmith; P. O. South Elgin; born in Devonshire, England, Jan. 2, 1842; came to this country in 1857, locating in Detroit, Mich., where he remained until 1860, when he removed to his present location; Rep.; Free Meth. Married in 1864, to Miss Lydia M. Delano; she was born in Vermont; had five children—Frederick J., Erbet T., Eva May, Gracie M. and Ida M.

Wahl, Fred., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Waldo, Henry, P. O. Elgin.

Wahl, J. F., express; P. O. Elgin.

Woodruff, Chas. H., clerk; P. O. Elgin.

Webb, Jno., laborer; P. O. Elgin.

Wightman, Walt, P. O. Elgin.

Wilson, Jno., P. O. Elgin.

Wedgewood, E. L., clerk; P. O. Elgin.

Walker, Abel, P. O. Elgin.

Warne, Fred, P. O. Elgin.

Watson, E. B., agent C. & N. W. R. R.; P. O. Elgin.

Williams, Sarah, P. O. Elgin.

Webster, G., horse trainer; P. O. Elgin.

Walters, J. B., watchman; P. O. Elgin.

Webster, Virgil, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

WHEELER, SYLVANUS M., farmer, Sec. 36; P. O. Elgin; born in Cattaraugus Co., N. Y., April 22, 1830; came to Illinois in 1850, locating in Du Page Co., and removed to Kane Co. in 1862; Rep.; Liberal. Married in 1861, to Miss Emaline A. Doane; she was born in the State of New York; had four children—Nettie B., Eddie D., Cora L. and John. Mr. Wheeler is a member of Clintonville Lodge, No. 511, A., F. & A. M.

Wood, E. G., P. O. Elgin.

Wahl, Chas., omnibus line; P. O. Elgin.

Welch, E. N., traveler; P. O. Elgin.

Wilthers, Mrs. A., P. O. Elgin.

Whitford, H. K., physician; P. O. Elgin.

Westerman, Henry, merch.; P. O. Elgin.

Wilsie, Jno. C., stock dealer; P. O. Elgin.

Wall, J., shoemaker; P. O. Elgin.

WARREN, FREDERICK W.,

proprietor of Riverside Billiard Hall; P. O. Elgin; was born in Boston, Mass., Feb. 24, 1848, but removed, in 1859, to Waltham, Mass., where he resided until 1867, when he located at Elgin, his present home; Rep.; Lib.; married, Dec. 13, 1868, to Miss Julia E. Lee, of Elgin; have two children—Etta H. and Edward F.; Mr. Warren is a member of Washington Lodge, No. 13, A. O. U. W.

Woodruff, Rev., L. M., min.; P. O. Elgin.

Wolf, Charles, P. O. Elgin.

Wilcox, Sylvanus, P. O. Elgin.

Wolf, Fred, milkman; P. O. Elgin.

Walmouth, Chris., P. O. Elgin.

Whalen, John, laborer; P. O. Elgin.

WEIGHTMAN, WALTER S.

(Weightman & Plant), groceries, provisions, crockery, etc.; P. O. Elgin; was born in Nottinghamshire, Eng., July 16, 1847; he came to this country in 1852, locating in Schuylkill Co., Pa., and about six years prior to coming West, removed to Boston, Mass.; came to McHenry Co., Ill., in 1865, where he resided until 1872, when he located in Elgin; Rep.; Lib.; married, in 1871, to Miss Amelia M. Longley; two children—Walter F. and Katie.

Wanzer, Sidney, cheese mfr.; P. O. Elgin.

Webster, H., fruit dealer; P. O. Elgin.

Wilder, S. D., Elgin Brick Co.; P. O. Elgin.

Wright, Jos., wood turner; P. O. Elgin.

Woodward, H. D., house mover; P. O. Elgin.

WHELPLEY, JOHN M., farmer;

Sec. 27; P. O. Elgin; was born in Ulster Co., N. Y., March 16, 1807; came to Illinois in the Fall of 1837, stopping in Cook Co. till the following Summer, when he located in Du Page Co.; removed to Hampshire Township, Kane Co., about eleven years later, and to his present home in Elgin Township about eight years since; owns 115 acres of land, valued at \$9,000; Rep.; Liberal; married Maria Terwilleger in 1827; she was born in New York; died in 1867; six children by this union; three living—Edwin W., Jane T., wife of E. Ketchum, John H.; lost three—Anson, died Feb. 15, 1829; James W., May 9, 1843; Mary A., Feb. 28, 1852; was again married Sept. 1, 1868, to Phebe Terwilleger.

Wenterfelt, Mrs., P. O. Elgin.

Welch, Thos. R., grain dealer; P. O. Elgin.

Wheeler, D. B., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Wellsby, J., carpenter; P. O. Elgin.

Wilcox, Jno. S., Postmaster; P. O. Elgin.

Wilcox, Mrs. Louisa, P. O. Elgin.

Wilkins, J. D., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Waldron, E. D., City Treas.; P. O. Elgin.

Woodruff, Louisa, P. O. Elgin.

Weatherell, H. G., P. O. Elgin.

WEIGHTMAN, HENRY, far-

mer; Sec. 18; P. O. Udina; was born in Canada East Aug. 30, 1827; came to Illinois in the Spring of 1855, locating in Burlington Township, Kane Co.; removed to his present location two years ago; owns 340 acres of land in Plato Township, valued at \$45 per acre; also five acres in Elgin Township, valued at \$2,000; Rep.; Liberal; married Sept. 24, 1850, to Miss Henrietta Shufelt; she was born in Canada East Nov. 25, 1830; seven children living—Serena A. (wife of Charles Graves), born July 13, 1852; William H., May 8, 1854; Franklin R., Nov. 10, 1856; John E., Feb. 10, 1859; Sarah M., May 3, 1861; Susan M., Aug. 11, 1864; Henrietta M., Nov. 10, 1868; lost one in infancy, born May 14, 1875, died Aug. 16, 1875.

Whitcomb, E. K., lumber; P. O. Elgin.

Wetherell, Jane, P. O. Elgin.

Worden, William, P. O. Elgin.

Wooley, P. A., contractor; P. O. Elgin.

WING, WASHINGTON, farmer,

Sec. 10; P. O. Elgin; born in Madison Co., N. Y., Dec. 3, 1808; removed to Washtenaw Co., Mich., in 1831, and came to Elgin Township, Kane Co., in June, 1845; owns 126 acres of land, valued at \$12,600; Rep.; Meth.; served as Supervisor of Elgin Township several terms, and has also held other minor offices. Married, in 1836, to Catharine Himes; she was born in Michigan; died in 1854; had three children; two living—William H. and Orlando A.; lost one—Mary, died Dec. 26, 1862; was again married, in 1856, to Adeline Willets; she was born in Washtenaw Co., Mich.; two children by this union—Katie L. and Edwin W.

Webb, George, painter; P. O. Elgin.

Wicken, Wm. T., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Wright, A. K., watch fac.; P. O. Elgin.

Ward, Mrs. W. J., P. O. Elgin.

Waite, John, P. O. Elgin.

Webster, B. F., dairyman; P. O. Elgin.

WELD, OWEN B., farmer, Sec. 16; P. O. Elgin; born in Orford, Grafton Co., N. H., Oct. 24, 1831; removed to Illinois in childhood, with his parents, who located on the farm where he now resides, in June, 1838; owns 717 acres of land, valued at \$43,000; Dem.; Lib. Married, Jan. 11, 1854, to Miss Elizabeth M. Kelley; she was born in Schenectady, N. Y.; have two children—Hattie E., wife of Orlando A. Wing, and May.

Walter, Henry, P. O. Elgin.

Wedell, J. O., jeweler; P. O. Elgin.

Wilbern, A. W., bakery; P. O. Elgin.

Wahl, Wm., music hall, P. O. Elgin.

WILSON, HIRAM, farmer; Sec. 8; P. O. Elgin; born in New London, Merrimack Co., N. H., Aug. 27, 1811; came to Illinois, June, 1838, locating on the farm where he now resides; owns 300 acres of land; value, \$15,000; Rep.; Liberal. Married in 1838, to Miss Elizabeth Kimball (now deceased); she was born in New Hampshire; six children by this union, five living—Joseph F., Mary, wife of George Sailsbury, William H., Susan C., wife of Cyrus J. Cole, Adelbert; lost one—Melvina.

Weld, Russell, drugs; P. O. Elgin.

Waters, H. B., P. O. Elgin.

WHITCOMB, ALBERT B., lumber; P. O. Elgin; born in Cook Co., Ill., Oct. 20, 1847; removed to this county in 1856, locating at Elgin, his present home; graduated at Western Union College and Military Academy at Fulton, Ill., in 1863; owns 3,500 acres of pine lands in Wisconsin, valued at \$15,000; Dem.; Liberal. Married in 1868 to Miss Ann Van Drusen; she was born in New York; three children—Albert B., Emily and Elias K.

Welch, Albert, lab.; P. O. Elgin.

Wright, Farwell, mechanic; P. O. Elgin.

Wilbur, Mrs. L. P., P. O. Elgin.

Winchester, Wm., phys.; P. O. Elgin.

YOUNG, C. L., watch factory; P. O. Elgin.

Young, Conrad, cabinet mkr.; P. O. Elgin.

Young, Adam, wagon mkr.; P. O. Elgin.

Yarwood, L. H., Librarian Pub. Library; P. O. Elgin.

Young, Charles, P. O. Elgin.

Yurs, Fred., P. O. Elgin.

Younger, Catharine, P. O. Elgin.

Yarwood, Sarah J., P. O. Elgin.

Yeo, Wm., watch factory, P. O. Elgin.

Yarwood, Mrs. R. L., P. O. Elgin.

Young, Wm., farmer; P. O. South Elgin.

ZORNER, JOHN, lab.; P. O. Elgin.

Zimmerman, William, section boss; P. O. Elgin.

VIRGIL TOWNSHIP.

ANDERSON, PETER, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Anderson, F. O., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Axal, C., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

ADAMS, HORACE, carpenter and builder; P. O. Lodi; born in Tompkins Co., N. Y., Nov. 20, 1824; married Nov. 27, 1845, to Miss Maria Van Vlack, of Tompkins Co.; removed to Kane Co. in 1863, settling at Lodi; they have two children—Edgar A., born Aug. 13, 1847 (now a resident of Indianapolis); and Sarah E., born May 30, 1852 (now Mrs. John H. Hoyt, of Lodi); he is a Republican.

Adkins, Levi, railroad man; P. O. Lodi.

Anderson, Jno., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Allen, Spencer, far.; P. O. Sycamore.

AUSTIN, MRS. L. M., whose maiden name was Miss L. M. Hall, was born in Herkimer Co., N. Y., in 1833; married, in 1851, to the late E. J. Austin, of Albany Co., N. Y., who died in July, 1874; removed to De Kalb Co., Ill., in 1863, and to Lodi in the year following; owns land in De Kalb Co., also the National House and other property in Lodi; has five children—Annetta M., Willie E., Ida M., Wallace H. and Willie F.; Mrs. Austin is a Methodist.

ALLEN, J. S., farmer; Sec. 3; P. O. East Burlington; owns 160 acres of land, valued at \$40 per acre; Rep.; Free Meth.; was born in the Province of Quebec, Oct. 21, 1828; he removed to Kane Co. in 1849; he settled on his present home in 1850; he was married May 8, 1859, to Miss Maria Barber, of Campton, who was born in the Province of Quebec, June 5, 1840; have seven children—Eva L., born July 21, 1861; Paulina, Jan. 15, 1863; Carrie D., May 19, 1864; Elon R., Aug. 29, 1866; Linus W., March 23, 1869; Ennis, March 17, 1871; Clark R., March 11, 1874; Mr. Allen held the office of Road Commissioner from 1874 to 1877, when he was elected Justice of the Peace.

Anderson, Aug., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Auble, Charles, farmer; P. O. Campton.

Anderson, Thos., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

ANDERSON, MRS. ANNA, Sec. 25; P. O. Blackberry; was born in Sweden in 1807; she was married in 1838 to the late Andrew Anderson, who died in 1859; came to Kane Co. in 1852; has five children living—Andrew, born Nov. 26, 1839; he married, in 1871, Miss Carrie Samuelson, of Elgin, and has two children—Victor and Annie C.; Peter G., born Oct. 9, 1841; August, Feb. 23, 1844; Clark, Nov. 15, 1846, and Emma C., Oct. 23, 1850; the last four being unmarried, and living at home; owns 232 acres of land, valued at \$9,000; Mrs. Anderson and family are Lutherans.

Bert, Jno., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Butler, Jas., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

BAKER, GEORGE, farmer and stock raiser; Sec. 1; P. O. Campton; Rep.; born in Lincolnshire, England, Dec. 29, 1832; came to Kane Co. in 1851; married, Dec. 20, 1859, to Miss Caroline Lawrence, of Clayton Co., Ia.; they have five children living—Wm. G., born April 27, 1862; Fred. E., born May 18, 1865; Walter J., born Aug. 29, 1867; Delbert E., born Oct. 13, 1869; Estella M., born Sept. 8, 1874; owns a farm of 215 acres, valued at \$10,750.

Breman, Wm., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Bushby, Jno., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Barnard, Wm., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Benedict, C.; farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

BEAMISH, ABRAHAM, far.; Sec. 33; P. O. Sycamore; Rep.; belongs to the Church of England; born in Ireland in 1816; came to the United States in 1840, settling in Kane Co.; married, in 1843, to Miss Sarah Mitchell, of the Province of Quebec; they have four children living—Samuel, born June 21, 1844; John, born April 3, 1846; Jane, born Sept. 27, 1849; and Lillie, born June 14, 1857; owns 120 acres of land, valued at \$4,800.

Bennett, W. H., hotel; P. O. Lodi.

BEVERLY, ALBERT, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Brown, David, far.; P. O. Lodi.

Baldwin, John, far.; P. O. Lodi.

BEVERLY, MELVIN, carpenter and builder; born in Chatauqua Co., N. Y., Sept. 21, 1842; raised a farmer; came to Kane Co. in 1860; enlisted, in May, 1862, as Corporal of Co. K, 65th Ill. Vols., serving ten months, and afterward for a short time in the 13th Regulars; Republican.

Barker, Jno. B. far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Butler, Dennis, far.; P. O. Lodi.

Ball, W. H., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

BROWN, R. S., dealer in hardware and lumber; was born in Virgil Tp., Kane Co., in June, 1842; he is of Scotch parentage, being a son of David and Ellen Brown, who came direct from Scotland to Kane Co., in 1840. He was married, Dec. 16, 1875, to Miss Hattie Robertson, of Lodi; they have one child—Esmond R., born March 30, 1877; Mr. Brown is a Democrat.

BOARDMAN, WILLIAM, far.; Sec. 35; P. O. Blackberry; born in Lancashire, Eng., June 27, 1831; came to Kane Co., in 1847; Rep. Married, Jan. 1, 1854, to Miss Elizabeth Malls, of Virgil Tp. (then Franklin), who died Nov. 22, 1868; married again in 1869, to Miss Eveline Burrows, of Rock Island Co., Ill.; have six children living—William, born Jan. 18, 1855; Martha, born Oct. 10, 1856; Eliza, born Jan. 15, 1859; Lydia, born May 9, 1862; Charles E., born April 1, 1866; Maud, born May 16, 1875; Mr. B. was a soldier in the Union army, enlisting in Co. B, 124th Ill. Vols., in 1862, and was discharged the following year; owns farm of 180 acres, valued at \$9,000.

Blackman, S. B., butcher; P. O. Lodi.
 Burke, Michael, shoemkr.; P. O. Lodi.
 Beamish, Samuel, far.; P. O. Blackberry.
 Barker, John A., far.; P. O. Blackberry.
 Bolster, A., far.; P. O. Lodi.
 Blackman, W. S., butcher; P. O. Lodi.
 Bennett, J. W., hotel; P. O. Lodi.
 Bucklin, A. N.; P. O. Lodi.
 Bucklin, H. C.; P. O. Lodi.
 Brophy, Wm., far.; P. O. Sycamore.
 Barmesk, Samuel, far; P. O. Sycamore.
 Bennett, Silas, railroad man; P. O. Lodi.

CONGLE, JOSEPH, farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Catentine, Alex., far.; P. O. Lodi.

Collopy, Timothy, far.; P. O. Lodi.

CLYNE, JOHN, dealer in general merchandise; P. O. Lodi; was born in Ireland in 1846; he came to this country in 1861, engaging in his present business. He was married in 1876 to Miss Mary Fitzgerald, of Lodi; they have one child, Charles Francis Clyne; Mr. Cline is Independent in politics.

Cox, Joseph, far.; P. O. Lodi.

Crook, Millard, far; P. O. Lodi.

Copey, J., far.; P. O. Lodi.

Carver, Daniel, far.; P. O. Sycamore.

Chrystal, Geo., far.; P. O. Sycamore.

Cotting, Henry, far.; P. O. Sycamore.

CURRIER, ABNER, retired farmer; born in Holland, Erie Co., N. Y., in 1813, was married in 1833 to Miss Melissa C. Norton, of Holland, who was born in Rutland Co., Vt. Mr. Currier came to this country in 1837, settling in Campton Tp., where he held the office of Justice of the Peace for several years, and served one year as Town Clerk. He subsequently removed to Blackberry Tp., and in 1864 came to Lodi. He belongs to the Republican party.

Chrystal, Joseph, far.; P. O. Sycamore.

Cain, R., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Cook, S., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Collins, Owen, farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Caldwell, E., far; P. O. Sycamore.

Clark, James, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Cobourn, Charles, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Coyle, Joseph, farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

DAVIS, WILLIAM, farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Dougherty, Richard, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Derwin, Peter, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Doyle, Martin, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

DOBSON, MRS. MARY, Sec. 13; P. O. Blackberry Sta.; born in Ireland, and came to this country when about 15 years old; married, in 1847, to the late Abraham Dobson, who was born in New Brunswick, March 25, 1810, and came to Kane Co. in 1838; Mrs. Dobson has six children living—Mary J., born Feb. 9, 1848; Juliette T., born March 17, 1849; Frank I., born June 27, 1851; George A., born Feb. 27, 1854; Elenor, born July 3, 1855; Abraham A., born June 8, 1857; the estate comprises 355 acres of land, valued at \$50 per acre.

Downing, Jackson, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Downing, S. F., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Derrick, James, farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

DOWNING, S. F., farmer. Sec. 29; P. O. Lodi; born in Queens Co., Long Island, Aug. 12, 1845; came to Kane Co. in 1868, settling on the farm now owned and occupied by his brother, G. J. Downing; in 1877, he removed to his present farm; married Feb. 8, 1877, to Miss Jennie Thatcher, of Virgil Tp.; owns a farm of 200 acres, valued at \$8,400; Rep.

Dooley, James, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Dayton, James, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Downing, O. J., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Dickson, Norman, jeweler; P. O. Lodi.

DOWNING, G. J., farmer and stock raiser; Sec. 22; P. O. Blackberry Sta.; Rep.; born in Queens Co., Long Island, Sept. 29, 1830; married Feb. 6, 1861, to Miss Phoebe C. Albertson, of the same county; came to Kane Co. and settled at their present home, "Woodland Farm," in 1869; owns 570 acres of land, valued at \$23,000; is largely engaged in stock raising; has two children—Lizzie L., born Jan. 5, 1862; Hicks A., born Dec. 1, 1863.

EAGAN, WM., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Ellithorp, Cass., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Ellithorp, L. S., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Ellithorp, T. C., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Ellithorp, P. C., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

FEENY, DENNIS, farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Freeland, Jno., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Frink, J. S., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Footh, Levi, farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Fitter, Nicholas, far.; P. O. Sycamore.

Footh, Simon, farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Fitzgerald, Jos., saloon; P. O. Lodi.

FILLMORE, B. J., farmer, Sec. 30; P. O. Lodi; Rep.; Adventist; born in New Brunswick, June 25, 1833; removed with his father's family to Kane Co. when he was 12 years of age, settling in Virgil Township; married Dec. 24, 1854, to Miss Mary Boyd, of Chicago; they have five children—Eugene W., born Jan. 28, 1856; Rosa E., born June 23, 1858; Lillian A., born Sept. 22, 1861; Henry O., born June 17, 1864; Mary E., born Oct. 17, 1867; owns farm of 195 acres, valued at \$8,000.

Fillmore, David, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Flood, Philip, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Fillmore, John, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Finkeburg, F., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Fiddler, Nicholas, far.; P. O. Sycamore.

Foss, Chas., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Foss, E. J., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

GOLDSBERG, A., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

GOODER, GEO. C., farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Lodi; born in Yorkshire, England, in 1825; came to the United States in 1849; after spending some time in Rhode Island and Ohio, he settled in Kane Co.; he was engaged in the construction of the first railroad in the State of Ohio; married in England in 1847, to Miss Ellen Brunt, of Bradford, England, who died in 1856; she was the mother of his two children, John and Hannah; married again in 1857, to Mrs. Eliza McKinley, daughter of Henry Krows, one of the earliest settlers of the township; they own 50 acres of land in Virgil Township, and 120 acres in Iowa; Rep.; Meth.

Granger., Thos., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

GANNON, PHILLIP, far.; Sec. 20; P. O. Lodi; Dem.; Rom. Cath.; born in Ireland; came to this country when about 15 years of age; he was married in 1848 to Miss Catharine Maloney, who died in 1860; married again in 1861 to Miss Bridget Hennigen, of St. Charles, Ill.; they have seven children living—William P., Edward, Margaret J., Thomas A., Katie, Ellen and Jane; owns 220 acres of land, valued at \$60 per acre.

Garin, E., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Grace, Edw., lab.; P. O. Lodi.

GALE, JOHN, farmer, blacksmith and dealer in agricultural implements; born in Oxford-hire, Eng., removing to New York State with his parents when a child; came to Illinois in 1840, and settled in Lee Co.; removed to De Kalb Co. in 1854, and to Lodi in 1859; married in 1848 to Miss Maria Ramer, of Du Page Co.; they have had five children—George, born March 24, 1849; Lucy J., born July 14, 1855; Elizabeth, born Feb. 19, 1857; John E., born April 16, 1859, and died Aug. 18 of the same year; Mary, born Sept. 10, 1860. Owns a farm of 160 acres in De Kalb Co., valued at \$8,000; Rep.; and with his family belongs to the Methodist Episcopal Church.

GRAY, JOS., farmer; Sec. 25; P. O. Blackberry Station; born in New Brunswick April 22, 1830; came to Kane Co. with his parents in 1849, settling on his present homestead; married Sept. 15, 1859, to Miss Juliett Woodman, who was born in New Hampshire June 2, 1841; they have four children—Alice, born Oct. 30, 1864; Wilber, born Aug. 26, 1866; James R., born June 14, 1874; John, born Feb. 17, 1877. Owns 347 acres of land, valued at \$60 per acre, a large portion of which is under drainage; has a creamery manufacturing 300 lbs. of butter a week, of the finest quality, which during the past year has found its way direct to the tables of the Palmer House in Chicago.

Gray, John, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Green, John, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

HOYT, John, mer.; P. O. Lodi.

Holdridge, Clark, R. R. man; P. O. Lodi.

Hinds, Hawley, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Hastret, John, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Humphrey, Russell, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

HOPKINS, MICHAEL, Sec. 7; farmer; born in Mayo, Ireland, in 1836; when 15 years old, left home and went to England, where he was married in 1854, to Miss Mary McGreal, of Mayo; came to Kane Co. in 1864; three children living—Margaret, born 1856; John, born 1860; and Peter, born 1864; Cath.

Hopkins, James, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Hopkins, Pat., Jr., far.; P. O. Lodi.

Hopkins, P., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

HOWARD, C. H., farmer; Sec. 29; P. O. Lodi; he was born in Yorkshire, England, Feb. 9, 1809. In 1844 he came to this country, the passage across the Atlantic occupying six weeks, and two weeks longer were consumed on the canal, on his journey from N. Y. to St. Charles; arriving at the latter place, he spent the first night in a barn. He was married March 13, 1832, to Miss Anna Moriah, who became the mother of five of his children, and who died in March, 1846. He was married again, Sept. 2, 1853, to Miss Esther Gregory, who was born in Conn., in 1821. He has nine children, all living—Harness J., Emily M., Sarah M., Charles R., Lydia, Christiana D., Ella E. E., Paul and Georgiana. Mr. Howard is Liberal in politics, although voting with the Republican party on questions of State and National issue; he owns 110 acres of land, valued at \$50 an acre, which he purchased direct from the Government more than thirty years ago, and has occupied ever since.

HALWICK, IRA, farmer; Sec. 28; P. O. Lodi; he was born in Tompkins Co., N. Y., July 27, 1824, and removed to Kane Co. in 1844, residing three years at Batavia, when he settled on his present farm; he was married Nov. 7, 1847, to Miss Deborah McKinley, a native of Ulster Co., New York; she was born Sept. 23, 1826, and came to Kane Co. in 1837; they have ten children—Martha L., born Dec. 22, 1848; Josephine, born Feb. 10, 1851; Julia, born July 9, 1853; Emma, born April 5, 1855, died April 13, 1875; William, born Jan. 4, 1858; Charles A., born Jan. 31, 1860; Hugh E., born March 3, 1862, died June 3, 1866; Mary D., born July 17, 1864; Rachel A., born Jan. 16, 1868, died May 10, 1869; Mabel E., born March 20, 1871. He owns 248 acres of land, valued at \$50 per acre; Rep.

HOYT, JOHN H., firm of Shoop & Hoyt, general merchants; Rep.; P. O. Lodi; born in Conn. in 1844; raised a farmer; when he was about 9 years old, his parents removed to Kane Co., settling in Kaneville Township; came to Lodi in 1876, and entered his present business; married in 1869 to Miss S. E. Adams, of Lodi.

Honschneth, Jos., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Henrie, Jas., hotel; P. O. Lodi.

Hall, Ira B., furniture; P. O. Lodi.

Hines, B. H., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

HINES, H. J., farmer, Sec. 35; P. O. Blackberry Station; Rep.; born in Erie Co., N. Y., in 1818; married, Dec. 19, 1843, to Miss Harriet Thorp; removed to Kane Co. in 1845; they have one child living—Mary, born Aug. 27, 1856 (now Mrs. Leroy Sharp, of Virgil Township); owns 80 acres of land, valued at \$4,800.

Hard, Milton, farmer; P. O. DeKalb.

Hall, Hugh, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Hackett, Samuel, blacksmith; P. O. Lodi.

HOLDRIDGE, AARON, farmer; Rep.; born in Bridport, Vt., in 1816; twice married; in 1841, to Miss Maria Patchen, of Burlington, Vt., and again, in 1847, to Miss Miranda Eddy, of Bristol, Vt.; removed to Burlington Township, Kane Co., in 1853, and to Virgil Township, in 1870; he has six children—Daniel M., born in 1843; Everrand A., born in 1848; Clarence E., born in 1851; Clark B., born in 1854; Mary L. (now Mrs. Tuttle, of Cortland, Ill.), born in 1857; and Luella M., born in 1858.

Henderson, O. H., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Hodges, L., real estate; P. O. Lodi.

IRWIN, HENRY, hotel; P. O. Lodi.

JACKSON, E. V., far.; P. O. Lodi.

Jones, Thomas, farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

JACKSON, E. V., butter and cheese manufacturer and miller, Sec. 5; P. O. Sycamore; Rep.; value of property, \$6,000; born in Jefferson Co., N. Y., June 15, 1841; came to Kane Co., in 1853; served in the Union army, from 1862 until the close of the war, as a member of the 127th Ill. Vols. Married, Nov. 17, 1868, to Miss Jennie M. Benedict, of Virgil Township.

Jackson, John, far.; P. O. Sycamore.

Johnson, N., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

JOHNSON, ANDREW, farmer, Sec. 36; P. O. Blackberry Sta.; born in Sweden, Sept. 5, 1821. Married Oct. 20, 1850, to Miss Johanna Valentines, of Skaraborg State, Sweden, who died Feb. 7, 1866; came to Kane Co. in 1852; owns 63 acres of land, valued at

\$2,500; has six children living—John H., born Aug. 22, 1852; Matilda C., born Sept. 17, 1854; Augusta J., born Nov. 24, 1856; Anna C., born Nov. 28, 1860; Frederick, born Dec. 28, 1862; Emma L., born in 1864; Mr. Johnson is a Republican and Lutheran.

Johnson, J. A., far.; P. O. Sycamore.

Jaynes, John, far.; P. O. Sycamore.

Jones, B. P., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

KEIFER, JOHN, far.; P. O. Lodi.

Kenyon, S. P., P. O. Sycamore.

Kelley, David, farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Keegan, James, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

KEEFE, PATRICK, farmer; born in Ireland; at an early age removed to New Brunswick, and in 1845 to Kane Co.; has two sons living.

KEEFE, JOHN C., son of the above; born in New Brunswick in 1836; removed to Kane Co. with his parents in 1845; engaged chiefly in farming; married in 1873 to Miss Annie Meehan, of Elgin, Ill.; one child—George P.; Rep.

KEEFE, CULLEN, dealer in grain, coal, stock and agricultural implements; son of Patrick Keefe; was born in New Brunswick in 1836; removed with parents to Kane Co. in 1845; Rep.; married in 1869 to Miss Ella J. White, of Lodi; they have one child—Frank A., born in 1871.

Karp, John, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

KENDALL, ORSON, farmer and stock raiser; Sec. 12; P. O. Campton; born in Hartford Co., Conn., April 24, 1813; came to Kane Co. in 1837, and opened up his present farm in 1844, entering 80 acres direct from the Government; married June 10, 1840, to Miss Fannie M. Read; she was born in New Brunswick, and came to this township in 1838; they have seven children—Flora H., born Oct. 15, 1841 (now Mrs. A. Moody, of Ogle Co., Ill.); Newton J., born May 5, 1843 (now a resident of Dundee Township); Joseph E., born March 27, 1846 (now living in Ogle Co.); Albert O., born March 10, 1848 (now engaged in trade at Campton); Otis Read, born Dec. 29, 1849 (now living in Campton); Morton H., born Jan. 23, 1852; Ruthie H., born May 20, 1854; owns farm of 260 acres, valued at \$13,000; Rep.; Bapt.

Kier, Edward, clerk; P. O. Lodi.

Keifer, Peter, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Krows, Henry, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Kane, F., farmer; P. O. Burlington.

Keating, B., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Kasser, C., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

KENNEDY, W. H. H., attorney at law; born in Ashtabula Co., Ohio, August 13, 1840; at an early age he removed to Crawford Co., Penn.; was educated principally at Allegheny College, Meadville, Penn.; has been a resident of Lodi since 1857; admitted to the bar in 1860; elected a member of Board of Supervisors in 1866, and 1867, and again in 1874, '5, '6 and '7; married in 1863 to Miss Celia Kenyon, daughter of Crandall Kenyon, of Elgin; they have one child—Pearl, born in 1876. Mr. Kennedy is a War Democrat.

Kirk, F., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Keller, David, farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Kelley, P., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

LAKIN, Calvin, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Lowery, A. M., far.; P. O. Sycamore.

LEES, SILAS, farmer; Sec. 2; P. O. East Burlington; Dem.; Presb.; owns 164 acres of land, valued at \$6,600; born in Ireland, March 16, 1837; came to Du Page Co., Ill., in 1854, and settled on his present farm in Kane Co., in 1868; married March 27, 1863 to Miss Sarah McCulla, who was born in Ireland Dec. 12, 1837; they have three children living—Enos H., born July 22, 1866; Elmina J., born Sept. 19, 1868; Henry E., born March 18, 1875.

Lyon, W., P. O. Lodi.

Lawerson, Wm., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

LATHROP, REV. J. F., senior member of the firm of Lathrop & Snow, general merchants, Lodi; was born in Montgomery Co., N. Y., March 24, 1817; when he was ten years of age his parents removed to Windsor Co., Vt.; received an academic education; removed in 1837 to Erie Co., N. Y., where he was married in 1839 to Miss Cathrine Kelley of Hamburg, N. Y. In 1843 he came to Du Page Co., Ill., and two years later to Kane Co. In politics he is a Republican, in religion a Baptist; has one child living (now Mrs. Thos. J. Brown of Lodi).

Lowling, Robt., farmer ; P. O. Sycamore.
Lowery, Henry, farmer ; P. O. Sycamore.
Loveland, Mrs. E., far. ; P. O. Campton.

MAYER, NICHOLAS, farmer ; P. O. Blackberry.

McCormack, Thos., far. ; P. O. Blackberry.
Meternash, Henry, far. ; P. O. Lodi.

MARVIN, GEO. W., farmer ; Sec. 27 ; P. O. Lodi ; Rep. ; born in the State of New York, Dec. 1, 1833 ; came to Kane Co., with his parents, when he was about ten years of age. Married April 22, 1862, to Miss Robenia Parker, who was born in Scotland, Oct. 16, 1842 ; they have five children living—Minnie M., born Nov. 29, 1863 ; Aie A., born May 27, 1866 ; Ella C., born June 21, 1869 ; Jennie June, born Dec. 8, 1872 ; Nettie N., born Jan. 27, 1876. Owns farm of 320 acres.

Mahar, Danl., farmer ; P. O. Lodi.

McGough, Jas., blksmith ; P. O. Lodi.

McHenry, A., farmer ; P. O. Lodi.

McNAIR, ROBERT, M. D. ; born in Erie Co., Penn., in 1815, of Scotch-Irish parentage ; his grandfather being a cousin to Capt. Jno. Paul Jones, of revolutionary fame ; in 1837, he came to Kane Co., being a passenger on the first line boat ever run from Buffalo to Chicago ; after about seven years, his health failing, he returned home and began the study of medicine, and practiced it in his native State about seven years, when he removed to Wisconsin and engaged in the practice of his profession ; in 1862, he removed to Kane Co., since which time he has been practicing medicine at Lodi. Married about 1846, to Miss Mary Ann Lakin, of Blackberry ; they have had ten children, five of whom are living.

Miller, Mich., blacksmith ; P. O. Lodi.

Mayhum, Swancy, farmer ; P. O. Lodi.

McDuff, Frank, farmer ; P. O. Lodi.

Mason, W. H., farmer ; P. O. Lodi.

NICHOLSON, William, farmer ; P. O. Blackberry.

Nyland, Martin, farmer ; P. O. Lodi.

NIBBE, JOHN, P. O. Lodi ; was born in Germany, in 1824 ; raised a commission merchant ; was married, in 1842, to Miss Catherina Ehinke, of Holstein, Germany ; came to Chicago, in 1850, where he continued to reside, engaging in the grocery trade, manufacture

of brick, navigation of the lakes, dealing in grain, wood, etc., until the great fire in 1871, when he removed to Lodi.

O'MALLEY, D., farmer ; P. O. Lodi.

O'Malley, Peter, P. O. Lodi.

Ottaway, H., farmer ; P. O. Lodi.

Olson, Ira, farmer ; P. O. Sycamore.

ORMSBY, M. M., carp. and builder ; Rep. ; was born in New York, in 1842 ; raised a farmer ; when 2 years old removed with his parents to Kane Co. ; was married, in 1866, to Miss Helen Hardy, of Virgil Township ; two children living—Myrtie E., born in 1869, and Jennie B., born in 1877.

O'Sullivan, Dena, farmer ; P. O. Lodi.

Outhouse, L., farmer ; P. O. Campton.

PERRY, A.

Perry, M. C.

Perry, M. H.

Pratt, J. V., P. O. Sycamore.

Percil, John, farmer ; P. O. Lodi.

Pratt, J., far. ; P. O. Sycamore.

Pulson, N., far. ; P. O. Lodi.

Pew, John, Constable ; P. O. Lodi.

Powel, James, farmer ; P. O. Sycamore.

Percy, M. far. ; P. O. Sycamore.

Peterson, J., far. ; P. O. Sycamore.

Poff, J. H., far. ; P. O. Sycamore.

UPDIKE, W. C., farmer, P. O. Lodi.

RAND, A. J., farmer ; P. O. Lodi.

Ryan, Michael, farmer ; P. O. Lodi.

Reilly, Pat., far. ; P. O. Blackberry.

Robertson, J. Q., carpenter ; P. O. Lodi.

Ryan, Thos., far. ; P. O. Lodi.

READ, ALBERT, farmer and stock raiser, Sec. 13 ; P. O. Campton ; Rep. ; born in New Brunswick, Oct. 19, 1829 ; came with his parents to Kane Co. in 1838, being but 9 years of age ; was married April 3, 1861 to Miss Catharine E. Sweet, who was born in Pennsylvania in July, 1841 ; they have four children—Flora A., born March 5, 1852 ; Albert E., born May 29, 1854 ; George H., born Nov. 8, 1867 ; Frank A., born Sept. 12, 1872 ; owns 295 acres of land, valued at \$50 per acre ; Mr. Read and his wife are members of the M. E. Church.

Root, Wm. E., farmer ; P. O. Lodi.

Rood, E. O., wagon maker ; P. O. Lodi.

READ, C. C., farmer and stock raiser, Sec. 14; P. O. Blackberry Sta.; son of Eliphalet Read; was born in Campton Tp., Kane Co., Dec. 22, 1844; married Dec. 17, 1874, to Miss Ella Wilson, who was born in Whiteside Co., Ill., Feb. 22, 1852; he owns a farm of 271 acres, valued at \$50 per acre; Rep.

RAMER, PHILLIP, farmer, Sec. 31; P. O. Lodi; Rep.; born in Ohio in 1840; removed to Kane Co. in 1866; married Jan. 1, 1866, to Miss Olivia Watson, of Kaneville; they had four children—Elvin W., born June 13, 1867; Fieldon A., born June 11, 1870, and died July 31, 1870; Harlie E., born Nov. 3, 1872; Charles W., born Aug. 24, 1876; Mr. Ramer served about a year in the war for the Union, enlisting Nov. 9, 1861, in Co. "G" of the 58th Ill. Volunteers; owns 80 acres of land valued at \$4,000; belongs to the M. E. Church.

Richardson, J. A., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Robinson, Geo., mer.; P. O. Blackberry.

Read, Richmond, far.; P. O. Blackberry.

READ, CHARLES, far.; Sec. 23; P. O. Blackberry Station; one of the earliest settlers of the township; born in New Brunswick Nov. 12, 1816; removed with his parents to Kane Co. in 1838, still occupying the old homestead; married, Sept. 1, 1852, to Miss Adeline B. Baxter, who was born in Orleans Co., Vt., Jan. 26, 1835; they have had seven children, five of whom are living—Frederick B., born Sept. 14, 1853, died Jan. 10, 1855; Charles T., born Nov. 11, 1855; Orrissa E., born Feb. 17, 1858; H. G. Martin, born July 22, 1860; Clara C., born Sept. 22, 1862; died Feb. 11, 1863; Harry B., born July 21, 1864; Frank G., born June 14, 1867; Rep.; owns 340 acres of land, valued at \$17,000; Mr. and Mrs. Read are members of the First Baptist Church, of Campton; Mrs. Read is a contributor to the *Aurora Beacon*, and has been an occasional contributor to the *Standard, Advance* and *Pomeroy's Democrat*.

Read, Albert, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Read, Allen, farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Reed, E., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

Rand, Warren, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Read, H. L., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

READ, OTHO, farmer and stock raiser; Sec. 21; P. O. Lodi; Rep.; one of the earliest settlers of Virgil Tp.; born in New Brunswick Oct. 5, 1825; removed with his father's family direct to Kane Co., in 1838, and opened up his present farm in 1850; owns 350 acres of land, valued at \$50 per acre, 120 acres of which he entered from the Government about the year 1845; has a fine brick house, built of brick made on the place, the clay being cut from the spot where the house now stands.

ROBERTSON, E. P., Rep.; born in Saratoga Co., N. Y., in 1828; raised in a shoe shop and a roadside country school house; married, in 1848, to Miss Julia A. Esmond, of the same county; they have had two sons—Fred., who was a drummer in the 46th Ill. Vols., and died at Vicksburg at the age of 15 years, and Ira D., a member of the 141st Ill. Regt, who died in 1873. Mr. Robertson removed to Ohio in 1851, and to Lodi in 1856; was the first Justice of the Peace in Lodi, in 1857; has been Express and Station Agent for eighteen years.

Ragam, M., farmer, P. O. Lodi.

SCHRAMER, NICHOLS, farmer; P. O. Campton.

SMILEY, C. E., Rep.; born in Middletown, N. Y., in 1843; went to New York City in 1852, and entered a drug store, since which time he has fought his own way; in 1858, he came to Kane Co.; entered the army in 1861, in the 42d Ill. Vols., serving till the close of the war, when he returned to Lodi; married in 1868 to Miss Emeline A. Brown; they have two children—Clyde and Gay; Mr. Smiley is senior member of the firm of Smiley & Brown, druggists, which business he entered in 1869.

Schramer, John, far.; P. O. Campton.

Sullivan, Dennis, far.; P. O. Lodi.

Sturges, William, far.; P. O. Campton.

Seaman, W. H., far.; P. O. Campton.

Snyder, G., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Sharp, G. L., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Shoop, John, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Schreider, J. W., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Smith, John, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Spaulding, John, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Snyder, Jos., tailor; P. O. Lodi.

Shoop, Benj., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Smith, John S., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Stephens, A., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Sloan, A.

Snow, N. I., P. M.; P. O. Lodi.

THOMPSON, ARTHUR, far.; P. O. Lodi.

THATCHER, E. W., farmer; Sec. 21; P. O. Lodi; Rep.; was born in Tompkins Co., N. Y., in 1818; he was married Jan. 17, 1843, to Miss Adelia Van Vlack, who was born in Dutchess Co., N. Y., Dec. 30, 1820; he settled on their present homestead in 1854; they have had nine children—Delphine, born March 30, 1844 (now Mrs. Coburn, of Kaneville Township); Mary H., born Jan. 17, 1846, and died Sept. 4, 1848; Frank, born Oct. 17, 1847; Elbert, Feb. 24, 1850; Jane A., Feb. 1, 1853; Homer, July 11, 1855, and died Aug. 29, 1856; Daniel H., born June 22, 1858; Cora I., Feb. 17, 1860, and De Witt, Aug. 10, 1862; Mr. Thatcher owns 200 acres of land, valued at \$50 per acre.

Turk, Frank.

Tukeberg, F., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

THATCHER, FRANK S., far.; Sec. 28; P. O. Lodi; Rep.; was born in Ithaca, N. Y., Oct. 17, 1847; he removed with his father's family to Kane Co. in 1854; he was married Nov. 22, 1871, to Miss Anna Snook, of Virgil Township, who was born Oct. 29, 1850; they have two children—Winnefred, born Oct. 12, 1873, and Edmund, Dec. 14, 1876; owns a farm of 74 acres.

Thompson, Geo., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Thornton, M., farmer; P. O. St. Charles.

THOMPSON, J. W., M. D.; P. O. Lodi; was born in Ireland in 1853; when he was 3 years of age, his parents removed to this country, settling in De Kalb Co., Ill.; he came to Lodi in 1875, and entered upon the practice of medicine; he is a graduate of the Chicago Medical College; Republican.

Turner, W., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Truly, S. K., harness maker; P. O. Lodi.

VANDERVULGAN, C. M., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

VAN VLACK, RICHARD, ret. farmer; P. O. Lodi; was born in Dutchess Co., N. Y., in 1814; he came to Kane Co. in 1844, and settled on a farm about two miles east of Lodi, where he

resided until 1866, when he moved into the village; he was married, at the age of 22, to Miss Avoric Howland; they have two children—Fernando, who occupies the farm above mentioned, and Cornelia (now Mrs. King, of Chicago); he is a Republican.

Van Vlack, F. C., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

WALKER, NELSON, farmer; P. O. Campton.

Wilson, William, farmer; P. O. Campton.

Warble, Aug., farmer; P. O. Campton.

Watters, Hugh, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

WHITE, SOLOMON, retired farmer; born in Wiscasset, Lincoln Co., Maine, June 3, 1801; married June 3, 1825, to Miss Joanna Hathorn, of Woolwich, Maine; she died in Sept., 1856; removed to Kane Co. in 1855, settling at Lodi and engaging in the grain, stock and lumber trade, which he followed some fifteen years; he has eight children—Hannah W. (now Mrs. John Hathorn, of Kansas); Mary (now Mrs. H. Ford, of Cortland, Ill.); Rachel (now Mrs. Soper, of Buchanan Co., Iowa); Elizabeth (wife of William Gary, of Wheaton, Ill.), Solomon, Jr. (now a resident of Vinton, Iowa), Sophia (now Mrs. Ward Norris, of Kansas), Frank (now Mrs. Clark Henrie, of Kansas), Ella J. (wife of Cullen Keefe, of Lodi). Mr. White has held the office of Assessor for about six years; Rep.; Meth.

Winters, J. F., farmer; P. O. Lodi

Wallace, Edmund, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Walsh, Richard, farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Walker, Hiram, farmer; P. O. Campton.

Warbury, John, farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Warford, John, farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Wilcox, S., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Wadley, C. P., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Wilcox, John, farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Winchester, Samuel, far.; P. O. Sycamore.

Walker, J. N., farmer; P. O. Campton.

Wilson, Huson, farmer; P. O. Campton.

WALRAD, JAMES, farmer; Rep.; was born near Albany, N. Y., in 1818; when about eight years old he removed with his parents to Allegheny Co.; came to De Kalb Co., Ill., in 1846, and four years later to his present farm in Virgil Township; married in Allegheny Co. in 1838, to Miss Eliza Hovey; four children living; Mr. and Mrs. Walrad are members of the Methodist Church.

WILKINSON, SAMUEL, farmer; Secs. 33 and 34; P. O. Lodi; born in Beaver Co., Penn., March 10, 1827; came to Illinois in 1846, spending a short time in Ogle Co., and settling in Kane Co. in 1847; was married Dec. 22, 1847, to Miss Sarah Smith, of Blackberry Township, daughter of James Smith, one of the earliest settlers of Kane Co.; they have had twelve children—Mary J., born Nov. 13, 1848 (now Mrs. C. L. Gilbert, of Nebraska); Lucetta A., born Jan. 7, 1850 (now Mrs. Julius Lee, of Huron Co., Ohio); John J., born March 3, 1852 (now a resident of Black Hawk Co., Iowa); William W., born Nov. 8, 1853, and died

May 11, 1871; Frank B., born Aug. 9, 1855; Harvey S., born April 22, 1857; Georgia, born March 27, 1859, died Jan. 1, 1863; Luella A., born April 13, 1861; Nora S., born Feb. 1, 1863; Perry B. born June 10, 1865; Miles W., born June 28, 1869; Clark G. born March 18, 1872. Is a Free-Will Bapt.; Rep.; owns a farm of 374 acres, valued at \$20,000.

Winterhatter, J. B., farmer; P. O. Blackberry.

White, J. P., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

White, J. C., farmer; P. O. Lodi.

Wyman, H. D., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

YEOMAN, MARK, farmer; P. O. Lodi.

BIG ROCK TOWNSHIP.

ANDERSON, OSCAR, laborer; P. O. Big Rock.

Ament, Mrs. S., P. O. Big Rock.

Abby, Henry, P. O. Little Rock.

Allen, James, farmer; P. O. Plano.

Ament, B., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Andrews, Andrew, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Ament, O. N., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Allison, J. D., laborer; P. O. Big Rock.

Ashton, Wm., farmer; P. O. Hinckley.

BARTLETT, S. B.; farmer; P. O. Little Rock.

Brady, J. H., farmer; P. O. Little Rock.

Brooks, Mrs., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

BARTON, GEORGE, Sec. 23; P. O. Big Rock; owns 90 acres, valued at \$4,000; Dem.; Lib.; was born in Somersetshire, England, in 1815; immigrated to New York, in July, 1835; remained in New York one year; thence to Big Rock Township, Kane Co., Ill., in July, 1836, and has been a resident of this county ever since, except two years which were spent traveling in the South; married Sarah A. Ferguson, in 1853; had twelve children, eleven living—Martha A., Sarah J., Fannie M., Emma H., George C., Frank L., Addie E., Effie M., Charles H., and John and Jessie, twins; Mrs. Barton was born in Portage Co., O., in 1835, and came to Kane Co., Ill, with her parents, in 1852.

Benton, Wm., farmer; P. O. Grouse.

Brackett, M. V., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Barton, Geo., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Boyce, S. E., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

CARTER, ALEXANDER, farmer; P. O. Hinkley.

Carpenter, E., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Carpenter, R., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Cone, A., farmer; P. O. Hinckley.

Crane, E., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Chapman, Jas., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Casselman, A., farmer; P. O. Little Rock.

Coster, Peter, farmer; P. O. Hinckley.

Clark, C. P., farmer; P. O. Jericho.

Crawford, L. B., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Chapman, J. H., far.; P. O. Sugar Grove.

Clark, John, farmer; P. O. Jericho.

Carpenter, Luman, far.; P. O. Little Rock.

Carpenter, Julia, P. O. Little Rock.

Carpenter, Wm., far.; P. O. Little Rock.

Crouse, Charles, farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Crouse, E. A., farmer; Big Rock.

Carpenter, Israel, farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Codington, Daniel, far.; P. O. Kaneville.

Cleveland, Fred., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Chapman, A. W., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

DRAKE, E., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Drake, G., farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Davies, J. D., farmer; P. O. Hinckley.

Davies, Susanna, farmer; P. O. Hinckley.

Davies, Robt., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Durkee, N. D., farmer; P. O. Jericho.
 Dean, Lewis, farmer; P. O. Jericho.
 Dugan, W. H., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.
 Davies, Widow, farmer; P. O. Big Rock.
 Denny, Catherine, farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

DUGAN, WM. (deceased), Sec. 24; P. O. Big Rock; estate of 400 acres, valued at \$40 per acre; born Feb. 20, 1802, in Dublin, Ireland; married Maria Hall, in Lancashire, England; she was born March 31, 1808, in Lancashire; have four children—Wm. H., born in Lancashire; Geo. H., born in Paterson, N. J.; Mary E., born in Boston, Mass.; Charles R., born in this county; Mr. Dugan, with his wife and child, emigrated from England to the United States in 1842, and located in Boston, where they remained four years; thence to this county and to their present farm in 1846, where he resided until the time of his death, Nov. 13, 1877; he held the offices of Highway Commissioner and School Trustee various terms; Wm. H. enlisted, Sept. 3, 1861, in Co. B, 36th Ill. I. V.; was promoted to First Lieutenant April 30, 1863, and was promoted to Captain Nov. 30, 1864; was mustered out Oct. 23, 1865, having served over four years.

Davies, Thos., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.
 Dugan, Wm., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.
 Davies, Richard, farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

DALE, RICHARD, Sec. 23; P. O. Big Rock; Dem.; Epis.; owns 214 acres of land, valued at \$50 per acre; born July 28, 1824, in Durham, England; married Ann Summers, March 6, 1856, in Aurora; have five children—Joseph H., John R., Martha M., Annie S., and Sydney J.; Mr. Dale came to this county with his father's family, and located in this township, where he has resided since, except a short time in Iowa; Mrs. Dale was born in Somersetshire, England; she came to United States with her father's family in 1834; her father, Joseph Summers, moved his family to Kane Co. in 1836, being one of the first to settle in Big Rock Township; he was one of the most prominent and energetic farmers of this township, owning quite a large estate; his wife, Mrs. Summers, died in January, 1866; he was living with Mr. Dale at the date of his death, Jan. 12, 1870.

Dick, John, farmer; P. O. Little Rock.
 Davies, Benj., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.
 Denny, Major, farmer; P. O. Big Rock.
 Denny, M. M., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.
 Davies, Wm., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.
 Davies, Levi, farmer; P. O. Big Rock.
 Davies, J. E., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.
 Dale, Richard, farmer; P. O. Big Rock.
 Dugan, Geo. H., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.
 Davies, J. R., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.
 Dugan, G. A., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.
 Doty, H., farmer; P. O. Little Rock.
 Dean, John, farmer; P. O. Jericho.
 Davies, Levi, Jr., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.
 Dorr, Jas., farmer; P. O. Sugar Grove.
 Davies, D., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.
 Delano, Edward, farmer; Big Rock.
 Davies, John, farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

ELLINGTON, JOHN, farmer.; P. O. Jericho.

EDWARDS, JAS., farmer; P. O. Big Rock; owns \$2,500 personal property; born April 15, 1853, in Cardiganshire, Wales; he emigrated to the United States with his grandmother and uncle—his parents having died in Wales when he was quite young; married Margaret Ingram Feb. 24, 1875, in the township; she was born Mar. 8, 1854. Have one child—Evan.

Erwin, Edwin, far.; P. O. Jericho.

EVANS, JAMES, Sec. 9; P. O. Big Rock; farmer; owns 40 acres of land, valued at \$4,000; Cong.; born, May 17, 1823, in Cardiganshire, Wales, and emigrated to U. S. in 1840; came direct to this county, and located in Big Rock Township; married Jane Owens, Jan. 24, 1865, in Licking Co., O.; she was born April 21, 1836, in Maryonethshire, Wales, and came to U. S. with her father, David Owens, and six children, who located in Ohio; Mr. E.'s father came to U. S. on a prospecting tour, and shortly after his return to Wales, his wife died; he then returned again to the U. S., bringing along seven of his children, leaving one in England, who had studied for and adopted the profession of the ministry.

Evans, J. M., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

EVANS, DANIEL, Sec. 24; P. O. Big Rock; far.; Rep.; non-sectarian; owns 202 acres, valued at \$50 per acre; born in 1827 in Cardiganshire, Wales; married G. Leyson, Dec., 1854; had

four children—Annbert M., Howell A., Annalon M., Lizetto H.; Mrs. Evaus was a native of Pa.; she died here in 1868; married his second wife, Sarah A. Owens, April, 1873; she was born in N. Y., and came to this county with her parents in 1859; have two children—Edith L. and Alice A.; Mr. E. emigrated to the U. S. with his father (his mother having died in Wales) in 1840; they located on what is his present farm; Mr. Evans was elected Township Supervisor, April, 1874, which office he has held ever since.

Evans, Thomas, far.; P. O. Hinckley.

Evans, John, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Evans, D. J., farmer; P. O. Hinckley.

EVANS, JOHN M., Sec. 8; P. O. Big Rock; farmer; owns 197½ acres, valued at \$50 per acre; Rep.; Cong.; born June, 1818; married Jane Eynon in 1861; she was born Feb., 1825, in Cardiganshire, Wales, and came to Wis. in 1850; Mr. E. embarked at Liverpool in the "Julia Howard," May 20, 1852, and arrived at N. Y. after 33 days' sailing; thence to Chicago; thence to Kane Co., and hired with Foff Bradley, of Campton Township, for \$120 per year; he worked some on the C. & N. W. R. R., afterward coming to Big Rock Township, and worked by the month for various parties, until he paid for 80 acres, which was his first purchase, in 1854, which he still owns; his father, David Evans, was a teacher; he taught school from the time he was 25 years old until his eightieth year, and died in Wales at the advanced age of 82 years; Mrs. Evans' father, Richard Eynon, was a soldier in the British army, and participated in the battle of Waterloo.

Evans, Isaac, farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

FOSTER, URIAH, farmer; P. O. Jericho.

Ferry, J. S.

GREEN, JOHN, farmer; P. O. Jericho.

Graham, J. C.

Grass, Adam, shoemaker; P. O. Big Rock.

Goodale, John, farmer; P. O. Jericho.

Goodale, J. W., farmer; P. O. Jericho.

Greenacre, Jas., far.; P. O. Bristol Station.

HADDEN, JAMES A., farmer, P. O. Jericho.

Hazzard, Wm., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Houghtaylem, S., far.; P. O. Little Rock.

Harbar, Charles, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Hadly, Robert, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Houghtaylem, Herick, far.; P. O. Little Rock.

Hatch, Isaac, far.; P. O. Little Rock.

Hall Eugene, farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Henry, Lamont, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

HUGHES, WILLIAM, far., Sec.

14; P. O. Big Rock; Rep.; Bapt.; born

in 1800, in Carnavonshire, Wales.

Married Grace Williams, in 1827; em-

migrated to New Brunswick, in 1831;

had six children; all but two died in

infancy; they moved from New Bruns-

wick to New York, thence to Pennsyl-

vania, where they lived twelve years,

thence to this State, in 1843, and

located in Big Rock Township, on his

present farm; Mrs. Hughes died in

1865. He married second wife—Dinah

Edwards—in 1869; she was born in

Wales; his son Hugh was Conductor on

the I. C. R. R.; he married Margaret

Jones in 1866, in Moonee, Ill.; she was

born in Wales, and emigrated to this

country when quite young. H. died at

Chicago, Feb. 21, 1871, leaving three

children—Sarah E., Alice J. and Will-

iam; his son William, Jr., emigrated to

California in 1864; he returned in

1874; went back to California in the

Spring of '75, and returned here again

in September, 1876, and now resides on

old homestead.

Halsted, J., mer.; P. O. Big Rock.

Hodgeman, W. C., far.; P. O. Little Rock.

Hodgeman, J. H., far.; P. O. Little Rock.

Hogeland, George, far.; P. O. Little Rock.

Hall, Alexis, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Hanson, Cornelius, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Hoagland, Aaron, farmer; P. O. Jericho.

Hoagland, Alfred, farmer; P. O. Jericho.

Hemmingway, S. F., far.; P. O. Little Rock.

Herrington, R., far.; P. O. Hinckley.

Hughes, William, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Hodgeman, F., farmer; P. O. Little Rock.

INGRAM, EVAN, farmer; Sec.

16; P. O. Big Rock; owns 120 acres,

valued at \$60 per acre; Rep.; Cong.;

born Feb. 1, 1828, in Montgomeryshire,

Wales; married Elizabeth James Sept.

29, 1852, in Utica, N. Y.; she was born

April 7, 1825, in Montgomeryshire,

Wales; had four children—three living—Margaret (now Mrs. Edwards), Edward and John T., all born in this township. Mrs. Ingram died Dec. 6, 1867. Mr. Ingram married his second wife, Ann P. Evans, June 17, 1876; she was born April 23, 1832, in Denbighshire, Wales. Mr. Ingram emigrated to the United States June, 1851, lived in New York about eighteen months, thence to Kane County in Nov. 1852.

JILES, B. E., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

James, Mrs., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Johnson, R. B., farmer; P. O. Jericho.

Jones, D. W., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Jones, Evan, farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Jones, Hugh, Jr., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

JONES, DANIEL W., blacksmith and farmer; P. O. Big Rock; Rep.; Epis.; owns 120 acres of land valued at \$50 per acre; was born in March, 1824; in Cardiganshire, Wales. Married Margaret Thomas in January, 1849, in Wales; have five children—James, Lewis, Annie, William and Thomas—all born in Wales. Mr. Jones emigrated from Wales to United States, in September, 1868—stopped a few months in Chicago, thence to Kane Co., and located in Big Rock Township, and pursued his business—that of blacksmithing—with untiring energy, which has been rewarded with success.

James, Richard, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Jones, John, farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Jones, J. T., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Jones, Thomas, farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

JONES, THOMAS, farmer, Sec. 14; P. O. Big Rock; Rep.; Cong.; owns 178 acres of land, valued at \$50 per acre; born in Cardiganshire, Wales, in 1813. Married Anna Evans, in 1838, in South Wales; she was born in Cardiganshire, Wales, in 1815; have six children living—Evan T., born in Wales—Elizabeth, James C., Mary A., David O. and Albert R.; the five last named born in Illinois. Mr. and Mrs. Jones emigrated from Wales to the United States in 1840, and located in this county and township, where they have resided ever since, and secured a good and comfortable home.

Jones, Hugh, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

James, Thomas, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

KING, H. G., farmer; P. O. Little Rock.

Keasler, William, farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

LEWIS, R. D., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Long, C. S., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Lamson, L. J., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Leke, Henry, farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Long, E. R., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Long, J. L., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Long, Mrs. S. O., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

LONG, J. L., Secs. 19 and 20; P. O. Big Rock; farmer; owns 197 acres, value \$75 per acre; Rep.; non-sectarian; born August 14, 1818 in Greenfield, Franklin Co., Mass.; married Sarah A. Cornell, March 30, 1842; she was born July 4, 1823, in New York City, and came to this county with her uncle (Shepard Johnston), in 1839; have six children living—Chas. S., born Jan. 17, 1844; Flora M., born February 1, 1849, A. L., born Feb. 11, 1852; E. O., born Aug. 11, 1854; E. C., born Feb. 13, 1856; Geo. S., born Jan. 15, 1858; Herbert C., born Sept. 11, 1859, and died Sept. 3, 1860. Mr. Long came here with his parents in 1840; his father, Dr. Silas Long, of whom mention has been made elsewhere, practiced medicine in this vicinity at an early date; his practice extended to such a distance that he was often out several days before he could return; later in life, he practiced in Aurora; he died here Oct. 27, 1857. His wife, after prolonged illness, died July 28, 1845.

LONG, E. R., Secs. 19 and 20; P. O. Big Rock; farmer; owns 265 acres; value \$75 per acre Lib; non-sectarian; born Sept. 21, 1827 in Greenfield, Franklin Co., Mass.; married Emma Dale in Aurora, Ill., Nov. 13, 1854; had six children; two dead, Alice and Johnnie, and four living—Fred. E., Caroline A., Harry S., and Minnie E.; Mrs. Long was born Oct. 23, 1834, in Pittington, Durham Co., England; she is a daughter of the late Thos. Dale, who with his wife and 8 of their 15 children emigrated to the United States, and located in this county in 1852. Two of her brothers were sea captains, Henry and William; the latter sailed in command of a vessel to the East Indies about 28 years ago; after arrival at their destination he was never heard of more.

Henry died four years ago in Sligo, after about thirty years of seafaring life. Mr. Long came to this county with his parents June 19, 1840; his father, Dr. Silas Long, bought a claim of his son, S. O., and his son-in-law, A. Hall. Mr. Long's present farm is a portion of said claim, which his father bought in 1840.

MASON, J., farmer; P. O. Grouse.

Murphy, H., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Morrison, Thomas, farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Morgan, E., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Mighell, N. C., farmer; P. O. Jericho.

Mighell, Albert, farmer; P. O. Jericho.

Myers, William, farmer; P. O. Grouse.

Mead, Wm. D., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Mead, Charles, farmer; P. O. Jericho.

Morrison, Richard, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Murphy, H. M., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Michael, Thos., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Miller, G. L., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Moore, W. B., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Myers, D. J., farmer; P. O. Grouse.

MORRISON, RICHARD M., farmer, Sec. 14; P. O. Big Rock; owns undivided half interest in 185 acres of land, valued at \$75 per acre; Liberal; non-sectarian; born in 1834, in Oneida Co., New York; married Mary R. Greer, Oct. 24, 1869; she was born in 1843, in Johnson Co., Missouri; had six children, four living—Louisa E., Sarah A., Mary L. and Minnie E.; Mr. Morrison's father, Richard Morrison, was born in 1802, in Wales, and his mother (who is still living on the old homestead) was born in 1797; they emigrated to the United States in 1829; lived in New York about five years; moved to near Joliet, Ill., in 1836, and to Kane Co. in 1837, and located on what is their present farm; Mr. Morrison, Sr., died in 1820; Richard M. and family have spent some years in California, but have lately returned to their old home in Big Rock.

Masterson, John, farmer; P. O. Grouse.

Morris, Nathan, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Morgan, E. J., farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Maltby, H. A., grain dealer; P. O. Hinckley.

NICHOLS, CLARK, farmer; P. O. Hinckley.

Norton, O. M., far.; P. O. Hinckley.

OTT, CHARLES, far.; P. O. Jericho.

Ovitt, S. A., far.; P. O. Little Rock.

PALMER, H., far.; P. O. Jericho.

Pratt, J. H., far.; P. O. Jericho.

Perry, J. H., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Philips, I. W., wagon maker; P. O. Big Rock.

Price, M., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Price, Edward, farmer; P. O. Hinckley.

Price, Eugene, farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Parsons, Widow, P. O. Jericho.

Price, William, farmer; P. O. Grouse.

Philips, John, farmer; P. O. Kaneville.

Perry, H. J., laborer; P. O. Big Rock.

PERRY, WILLIAM, far.; Sec. 9; P. O. Big Rock; owns 116 acres of land, valued at \$60 per acre; Rep.; non-sectarian; born May 14, 1854, where he now resides. Married Ida J. Houghtling, Oct. 1, 1873; have two children—Stella May and Hattie Viola; Mrs. Perry was born, in 1858, in Adams, Mass.; their family moved to Conn., thence to Kane Co., Ill., in 1868; her father, Wm. Houghtling, enlisted, in the late war in Co. A, 61st Mass. V. I., and was killed in the battle of City Point, Va., April 2, 1865; Mr. Perry's father, Wm. Perry, Sr., was born in 1817, in N. Y., and came to this county when quite young; was one of the first settlers in this tp. He married Eliza Cleaveland; she was born in N. Y., in 1825, and came to this Co., with her parents, in 1842; Mr. Perry, Sr., died Sept. 3, 1871.

Palmer, Jos., farmer; P. O. Jericho.

Pierce, John, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Pierce, Edward, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Pearsons, James, laborer; P. O. Big Rock.

RITTER, GEORGE, farmer; P. O. Big Rock.

Roberts, Edward, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Roberts, Mrs. C.; P. O. Big Rock.

RHODES, JOSHUA, merchant and Postmaster; P. O. Big Rock; owns 280 acres of land, valued at \$16,000, besides his interest in the mercantile establishment of Rhodes Bros.; Rep.; non-sectarian; his father, Joshua H. Rhodes, was born Dec. 21, 1800, in Burnstown, near Manchester, Eng.; his mother died when he was 8 years old, and being a devoted Christian mother,

before and at the time of her death, made such a favorable impression upon her son's mind, that he joined the Wesleyan Methodist Church when he was 12 years old; he emigrated to the U. S., in 1818, landing in New York, after an eight weeks' voyage; after spending three years in the States of N. Y., Pa., Conn. and Mass., he returned to Eng.; he did not remain long, but returned to Boston, Mass., in 1823; he there disposed of a bale of woolen goods, which attracted the attention of Messrs. Robinson and Dickenson (woolen manufacturers); Mr. Rhodes was employed in the manufacture of woolen goods, rising from one position to another, until he was overseer of the largest establishment of the kind in Mass.; some of his woolen goods were awarded the first prize at the first National Fair ever held in the U. S., at Phila., Pa. Married Jennetta Powel, of Watertown, Mass., in 1828; they moved to Northfield, La Salle Co., Ill., in 1837, thence to Big Rock, in 1839, where they still reside; had eleven children, three of whom died when small, in the East; he has held various offices of trust in this township; was the first Assessor in this township; was Town Clerk, most of the time until 1867; was appointed Postmaster, in 1851; for a long time carried the mail 8 miles, for a shilling a trip, until the stage route was established, and continued Postmaster until 1857; was the founder of the Big Rock Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Co., which was organized in 1863; owing to his business tact and forethought, the above named Co. received a State charter; the Co. is in good standing; its present officers are: Pres., Alexis Hall; Sec., J. Rhodes; Treas., A. W. Chapman; Gen. Agt., Charles Schryver.

Rhodes, J. H., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Rawlinson, C. T., lab.; P. O. Big Rock.

Richard, Michael; P. O. Big Rock.

SHUETZ, JOEL, far.; P. O. Little Rock.

Sprague, C., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Summers, Alfred, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Sedgewick, Dr., phys.; P. O. Big Rock.

Schryver, Wm., ins. agt.; P. O. Big Rock.

Spangler, Edw., far.; P. O. Kaneville.

Seavy, Amasa, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Swan, Edwin, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

SUMMERS, ALFRED, Sec. 23; P. O. Big Rock; owns 290 acres, valued at \$55 per acre; Dem.; Epis.; born Jan. 9, 1832, in Somersetshire, Eng.; came to this Co. with his father's family (Joseph Summers) in 1836; married Caroline Dale Feb. 22, 1865; have two children—Ellery A. and Laura L.; Mrs. Summers was born in Durham, Eng., and came to this country with her parents and family in 1852; there were in all fifteen children which lived to man and woman's estate, but did not all come to the United States; one was in the British East India service, and there fell in battle. Her father (Thomas Dale) located in this Tp., and here he remained until the date of his death, July, 1862, aged 75 years, 11 months and 15 days; her mother died here March 20, 1876, at the advanced age of 81 years and 11 months. Mr. Summers spent about seven years on others farms, but returned from his farm at Squaw Grove to the old homestead in 1872, where he now resides.

Severance, G. W., far.; P. O. Big Rock.
Severance, G. W., Sr., far.; P. O. Hinckley.

Swan, Jarvis, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Shultz, Jeff., far.; P. O. Little Rock.

Shultz, W. C., far.; P. O. Little Rock.

Snook, John, far.; P. O. Hinckley.

Severance, F. C., far.; P. O. Hinckley.

THOMAS, WM. T., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Thomas Lewellyn, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

THOMAS, JOEL, Sec. 11; P. O. Big Rock; farmer; Rep.; Bap.; owns 340 acres, valued at \$50 per acre; born in 1837 in Pembrokeshire, Wales; married Winifred Evans April 2, 1863, in Wales; Mrs. Thomas was born in 1834; have five children—John H., David A., William E., Winifred E. and Margaret J.; all born in Wales. Mr. Thomas and family emigrated from Wales to the United States October 10, 1871, and located where he now resides in 1872.

Thomas, David, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Taylor, Geo., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Thomas, Benj.; far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Thomas Joel, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Travis, Hiram, mer.; P. O. Big Rock.

Thompson, E. W., far.; P. O. Grouse.

THOMAS, WM., Sec. 15; P. O. Big Rock; far.; owns 380 acres, valued at \$25,000; Rep.; Bapt.; born in Pembroke-shire, Wales, Feb. 30, 1833. Married Mary Morrison Feb. 21, 1857, at Chicago; have three children—Geo. W., R. M. and W. D.; Mrs. Thomas was born Nov. 26, 1830, in Angleshire, Wales; emigrated to the United States with her parents in 1831; they stopped in Oneida Co., N. Y., five years; thence to Illinois in 1836, and to Kane Co. in 1837. Mr. Thomas emigrated from Wales to Canada in 1851; remained there only a few months, thence to Chicago, where he learned and worked at the carpenter trade (with Baker & McKune); he resided in Chicago six years; thence to Aurora, where he lived one year; thence to Big Rock Tp., in 1858, and worked at his trade one year; was a tenant farmer for three years, and in 1863 he purchased the Dundas farm, containing 220 acres, for \$17 per acre; it was poorly cultivated, Jas Dundas being more of an inventor and mechanical genius than farmer, as will be seen in the general history; to the first Mr. T. has added 160 acres, all well improved, and with good buildings. He has held the offices of School Director, Commissioner, and is now serving his second term as Justice of the Peace; using his influence with the church as one of its most prominent deacons.

Tripp, Andrew, far.; P. O. Jericho.

Terry, J. S., P. O. Little Rock.

VORIS, CHAS., far.; P. O. Little Rock.

Vaughn, J., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Vaughn, G. L., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Vaughn, Geo., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Vaughn, D. J., P. O. Big Rock.

WATTERMAN, WM., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Williams, Richard, P. O. Big Rock.

Whildin, Edward, P. O. Big Rock.

Wilcox, John, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Whildin, John, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Wheeler, Edward, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Winslow, L. A., far.; P. O. Hinckley.

Williams, David, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Watterman, W. S., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Whildin, J. M., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Williams, Wm., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

WAGNER, JOEL, Secs. 20 and 29; P. O. Big Rock; owns 362 acres of land; value, \$20,000; Ind.; Liberal; was born in 1834, at Fort Plain, Montgomery Co., N. Y. Married Anna Leyson, April, 1865; she was born in 1841, in Pennsylvania, and came to this State with her parents in 1852, who located at Shabbona Grove; have two children—Willard S. and Arthur H.; Mr. Wagner came to this county with his parents and five children in 1850; he enlisted the 36th I. V. I., in Aug., 1861, and served till Dec. 31, 1862, on which day he was wounded, in front of Murfreesboro, Tenn., by a bullet entering his face, immediately below the right eye, passing diagonally under, and emerging on the left side close to the nose, shattering his left jaw-bone and teeth; has held the offices of Treasurer, Collector and Assessor.

WATTERMAN, W. S., far.; Secs. 9 and 16; P. O. Big Rock; owns 212 38-100 acres; value, \$50 per acre; Ind.; non-sectarian; held offices of Assessor and Road Commissioner; born Dec. 6, 1838, in Oneida Co., N. Y. Married Elizabeth James, Dec. 29, 1875; she was born May 14, 1858, in Ogle Co., Ill.; have one child—Myrtle; Mr. Waterman's father, Wm. Waterman, came to this county with his family of six children—Charlotte, Clark, W. S., Sarah, Delia, Mary and Charles (deceased), in June, 1844, and located in Big Rock Tp., where he has resided ever since; W. S. enlisted in the war of the late rebellion, Sept. 1, 1861, in Co. B, 36th I. V. I., and served one year and was discharged at Rienzi, Miss., on account of sickness contracted in the service.

Way, Joseph, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Winslow, P. S., far.; P. O. Hinckley.

Whildin, Jerry, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Whildin, Bichard, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

WHEELER, EDWARD, farmer; Sec. 13; P. O. Big Rock; owns 140 acres; value, \$35 per acre; Liberal; non-sectarian; born in 1822, in County Cavin, Ireland. He married Margaret Murphy, July, 1852; she was born in 1829, in County Down, Ireland; have eight children—Eliza J., Mary, Annie, Robert, James, Daniel, John and Isabell;

Mr. Wheeler emigrated to this country in 1830; being a mere boy, he remained with two older brothers who had emigrated some years previous and located in New York; his parents died in Ireland when he was quite young, which was the cause of his early emigration; Mrs. W. came to the United States with her parents in 1847, who settled in New

York; shortly after Mr. Wheeler married, they moved to Aurora, in this county, thence to the farm where they now reside, March, 1862.

Whildin, Wm., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Wagner, Joel, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Winslow, D. C., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Williams, David, far.; P. O. Big Rock.

Whildin, J. M., far.; P. O. Big Rock.

RUTLAND TOWNSHIP.

ADAMS, SARAH W., farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.

ATCHISON, MRS. MARGARET, widow of Geo. Atchison; born at Londonderry, Ireland, Sept. 16, 1832; came to America in 1847; married in Rutland Tp. Feb. 20, 1851. Her husband was born in Ankin, Ireland, in 1809, and died at Rutland Tp. July 19, 1873; he came to America in 1833; estate comprises 284 acres, and is worth \$20,000; the children are—Martha Jane, born Nov. 19, 1852; Margaret, born Nov. 28, 1856; Jas. G., born Nov. 22, 1858; Wm. S., born Jan. 17, 1861; Emma A., born March 3, 1863; Catherine, born Nov. 22, 1865; Jemima, born Dec. 27, 1867; Gracie, born Dec. 29, 1869; Ruth E., born Nov. 23, 1871.

Anderson, Jno., far.; P. O. Pingree Grove.

BURKE, JNO., farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.

BECHTENBERG, JOSERH, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 18; P. O. Huntley, McHenry Co.; born in Prussia, Germany, in 1825; emigrated to America in 1847, and settled in Rutland Tp. in 1865; owns 200 acres of land, valued at \$38 per acre; worth \$6,000; Dem.; Cath.; was a soldier in the German War; married Miss Mary Rischrote in Germany, in 1845; children—Ubert, born April 26, 1856; Mary, born in January, 1858; Peter, born Oct. 1, 1861; Fred., born Sept. 21, 1863; Maggie, born May 9, 1868.

Blanchard, Mrs., far.; P. O. North Plato.

Brumer, John, farmer; P. O. Huntley.

Burns, Hugh, farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.

Burns, David, far.; P. O. Pingree Grove.

BINNIE, JOHN, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 12; P. O. Gilbert's Station; he was born at Sterlingshire, Scotland, June 7, 1835; came to America in 1849, and settled in Kane Co. in the same year; he owns 162 acres of land, valued at \$50 per acre, and is worth \$10,000; Rep.; Presb.; has held the office of School Director; he married Miss Mary Fairweather, in Clayton Co., Iowa, in Jan., 1859; she was born in Jo Daviess Co., Ill., in May, 1842; children are—Robert, born April 13, 1860; Katy, born Aug. 18, 1861; Agnes, born April 5, 1863; Ella, born Feb. 2, 1857; James, born Dec. 1, 1868; Elizabeth, born March 28, 1870; John, born Nov. 14, 1871; George, born Feb. 25, 1874; and Mary L., June 5, 1876.

BURNS, JOHN, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 18; P. O. Holstein; he was born in Hagerstown, Mass., in 1807 and came West in 1843 and settled in Hampshire; he purchased 85 acres of land, and in 1859 purchased 150 acres in Rutland; present value, \$50 per acre; he is worth \$10,000; Dem.; he has held the office of School Director; he married Miss Mary Bailey, at Warren, Trumbull Co., Ohio, in 1832; she died May 15, 1839; he then married Elizabeth Weed, at Orwell, Ohio, Sept. 12, 1839; she was born in Bloomfield, Trumbull Co., Ohio; children are—Mary M., born July 27, 1840; Miranda D., born Feb. 19, 1842; Helen M., born Dec. 9, 1843; John A., born May 9, 1846; Clara, born May 13, 1848; David H., born Oct. 24, 1849; George

W., born Feb. 25, 1852; Warren R., born April 19, 1854; Thomas M., born Sept. 7, 1856; James A., born Dec. 13, 1858; Oscar O., born Nov. 24, 1860; Ida A., born Feb. 4, 1865; Robert C., born April 17, 1835; Wm. J., born April 29, 1838, died May 21, 1847; Mary M., Thos. M., James A. and Warren R., are also deceased.

BURKE, OWEN, farmer and dairyman, Sec. 13; P. O. Gilbert's Station; was born in Limerick, Ireland, in May, 1809; came to America in 1834; to Kane Co. in 1837; lived 11 years in Cook Co.; moved to Rutland Tp. in 1849; has owned large property, having divided property among his sons; now only owns 150 acres; his son James owns 150 and Daniel 80 acres; he is worth \$20,000; Dem.; Cath.; he held the office of Collector, Highway Commissioner, and School Director; he married Miss Mary Glass at Albany, N. Y., Sept. 10, 1837; she was born in 1804; they have five children—Abigail A., born June 8, 1838; James, born Jan. 20, 1840; Johannah, born Oct. 22, 1841; Mary J., born Aug. 11, 1843; Danl., born Nov. 20, 1844; Mr. B. has 21 grandchildren.

BELLOWS, WM., farmer and dairyman, Sec. 35; P. O. Elgin; was born in Wallpool, Canada, in 1809; he came to Kane Co. in 1839; owns 315 acres of land, valued \$35 per acre; he married Miss Ann Stevens, at Dundee, in 1849. She was born in Susquehanna Co., Penn., in 1830; her children are—Augusta, born Dec. 19, 1850; Norman, born Jan. 10, 1852; George, born Sept. 19, 1853; Frank, born Aug. 4, 1855; Preston, born Sept. 7, 1857; William, born June 26, 1865; John, born Feb. 5, 1871. Mrs. B. settled in Rutland Tp. at an early day.

Burke, Daniel, far.; P. O. Gilberts.

BROWN, JOHN J., far. and dairyman, Secs. 28 & 29; P. O. Pingree Grove; was born at Middletown, Middlesex Co., Conn., May 13, 1813; he came to Chicago, Ill., in 1835; he came to Kane Co. in 1837, and bought, in 1839, 120 acres; he now owns 400 acres, valued at \$50 per acre; is worth \$25,000; Rep.; Protestant; he held the office of Postmaster for six years, Justice of the

Peace seven years, and School Trustee for nine years; he was married to Miss Katherine Holtzlaw, at Somerset, Ohio, Nov. 15, 1855; she was born in Fredericksburg, Va., Aug. 18, 1826; the children are Clara C., born April 4, 1858; Ernest F., Jan. 31, 1860; May A., July 19, 1862, and died Dec. 15, 1866; Minerva, April 30, 1864, and died April 19, 1866, and Lendell L., Feb. 10, 1867; he has a farm of 400 acres, well watered, timbered and all under a high state of cultivation, and is for sale at the low price of \$45 per acre; part cash, the balance to suit purchaser; long time given at 7 per cent. interest.

BLANCHARD, MRS. ONEIDA

(widow of Keyes W.); Sec. 31; P. O. North Plato; was born June 16, 1821; was married April, 1841; she came West with her husband in June, 1846; bought 80 acres; the estate now consists of 244 acres, valued at \$50 per acre; is worth \$10,000; her husband was born in 1815, and passed away at North Plato, Dec. 30, 1863; the children living are Charles, born Nov. 7, 1843; Almira, Dec. 2, 1846; Deane, Oct. 23, 1848; Milan, May 9, 1853, and died Sept. 27, 1858; Lorenzo, May 20, 1856; Keyes W., July 30, 1861; with the exception of Chas., all were born in Kane County.

BRAYMAN, LA FAYETTE

farmer and dealer in an extra grade of timothy and prairie hay; Sec. 24; P. O. Gilbert's Sta.; was born in Buffalo, N. Y., in July 30, 1839; he came to Kane Co. in 1856; owns 253 acres, valued at \$65 per acre; is worth \$50,000; he married Miss Kate Tyrell, at Elgin, Oct. 4, 1864; she was born in Ireland, April 4, 1841; Mr. B. is ex-Supervisor of Rutland Township; his farm is devoted principally to the raising of hay, both timothy and prairie; he makes large shipments of loose and pressed hay, and is one of the most extensive hay dealers in the West; all orders are promptly filled; Mr. Brayman held stock in the Yuba Canal Water Power Co., of California, and sold his interest in the Autumn of 1876; he has some very fine Percheron draught horses.

Billings, J. S., far.; P. O. Huntley.

Baldwin, Benjamin, far.; P. O. Pingree Grove.

CHURCH, C., farmer; P. O. Huntley.

Christie, Stewart, far.; P. O. Pingree Grove.

CHRISTIE, MRS. MARY, far. and dairy, Sec. 20; P. O. Pingree Grove; was born at Perthshire, Scotland; came to America May 1, 1844, and came to Udina, Kane Co., where she married Stewart Christie Sept. 8, 1854; he was born near Derry Co., Ireland, Sept. 18, 1809; came to America, and was married, first, to Eliza J. Hood, May 30, 1839; she was born in Ireland, and died at Rutland, July 14, 1853; children—Wm., Jas., Matilda, Catherine A., Hattie, Althea, and Stewart; one, by first marriage, deceased; estate consists of 160 acres, valued \$60 per acre; farm well improved, and, with stock, is worth \$12,000.

Cannon, B., farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.

Clinnin, Jno., farmer; P. O. Huntley.

CLINNIN, JOHN, farmer and dairyman, Sec. 5; P. O. Huntley, McHenry Co.; was born at County Cork, Ireland, about 1817; came to America in 1847, to McHenry Co. same year; came to Kane Co. in 1862, where he has since resided; owns 200 acres, Sec. 5, valued at \$50 per acre; is worth \$12,000; has held the office of Commissioner of Highways for three years. Married Mrs. Catherine Long at Cork, Ireland, June 14, 1837; she was born in same parish and county, in 1817; children—Ellen, Hannah, Catherine, Jas., Mary, John and Margaret.

CROWLEY, JEREMIAH, farmer and dairyman, Sec. 2; P. O. Huntley, McHenry Co.; was born at Limerick, Ireland, Nov. 11, 1803; came to America and settled in Kane Co. about 1844; owns 240 acres, valued at \$60 per acre; is worth \$20,000; Rep.; held office of Collector in N. Y. State; was Constable and Collector for 14 years; married Mrs. Hannah Laury, at Florida, Montgomery Co., N. Y.; she was born in Florida, Jan. 29, 1827; children are Winfield S., born April 27, 1847; Sarah, Oct. 21, 1848; John H., Jan. 14, 1851; Arletta, Aug. 27, 1852; Jeremiah, Jr., Dec. 25, 1854; Willard B., March 20, 1858; Frank, June 5, 1862.

Connors, J., farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.

Coughlin, Mrs., farmer; P. O. Huntley.

Coyle, John, farmer; P. O. Huntley.

Cummings, S., farmer; P. O. Huntley.

Connover, John, farmer; P. O. Huntley.

CLINTON, JAMES, farmer and dairyman, Secs. 25 and 26; P. O. Gilbert's Station; was born at County Cavan, Ireland, April 17, 1824; emigrated to America in 1840, and came to the city of Chicago same year; settled in Kane Co. in 1847, and purchased 80 acres for \$250; owns 240 acres, which property he has acquired through perseverance and energy; owns American Express building at Elgin; farm is valued at \$65 per acre; is worth \$23,000; Ind. in politics; Cath.; held office of School Director; married Miss Margaret McLain, at Chicago, Feb. 19, 1849; she was born at County Sligo, Ireland, in 1827; children are Edward, Bridget, Ellen, Michael, Maggie, Lizzie, Thos., Mary and Sherwin.

Cady, Wm., far.; P. O. Pingree Grove.

DAUM, GEO., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Dwyer, Ed., farmer; P. O. Huntley.

Dean, Hank, farmer; P. O. Huntley.

DWYER, JOHN, farmer and dairyman, Sec. 10; P. O. Gilbert's Station; he was born at Piqua, O., in June, 1839; Dem.; Cath.; owns 240 acres, valued at \$50 per acre; is worth \$15,000; held the office of Road Commissioner; married Mrs. M. Tobin, at Gilbert's Station, in 1865; she was born at Gilbert's Station, in 1842; six children—Richard, Maggie, John, Thomas, Edward and William, all born in Rutland.

DUMISH, ALBERT H., farmer and stock raiser; Sec. 27; P. O. Pingree Grove; was born in Germany, in 1847; came to America about 1850; settled in Kane Co. the same year with parents, who settled at Elgin and acquired a large property; Mr. Dumish is quite wealthy, owning property in California; he married Miss E. Lynch, at Chicago, Nov. 30, 1866; she was born in Rutland Township, Nov. 28, 1848; she owns 180½ acres; three children—William A., born Feb. 17, 1868; Angelina, born April 27, 1873 and Lorena Elsie, Oct. 17, 1877.

Duff, A. D., farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.
 Donahue, Daniel, farmer; P. O. Huntley.
 Duff, Daniel, farmer; P. O. Huntley.
 Duff, Robert, farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.
 Dunn, P., farmer; P. O. Huntley.
 Dougherty, Charles, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

DUFF, ALEX., farmer and dairyman; Sec. 1; P. O. Gilbert's Station; was born in Perthshire, Scotland, March 30, 1807; came to America in 1840, and to Kane Co. the same year; purchased a farm, first in Dundee, of 120 acres; resided on it twenty years; purchased at Rutland, in 1866, 170 acres, valued at \$60 per acre; is worth \$12,000; Rep.; Bapt.; has held the offices of School Director and Road Master; married Miss Helen McCullum at Dundee, in 1857; she was born in Glasgow, Scotland, about 1827; four children—Helen, born in 1860; Mary, in 1862; Jane, in 1864, and Lucy, in 1866, all born at Dundee, Kane Co., Ill.

Driscoll, Jno., farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.

DARCY, MICHAEL, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 13; P. O. Gilbert's Station; was born at Tipperary, Ireland, Nov. 4, 1835; came to America in 1855, and to Rutland Township the same year; in 1858, purchased 80 acres of land; still own the same; worth \$50 per acre; is worth \$5,000; Rep.; Cath.; held office of Treasurer of the Board of Highway Commissioners, also Collector, and now holds office of School Director; married Miss Mary Ann Ryan in Rutland Township in 1856; she was born in Ohio; children—Michael, Mary, Alice, John, Patrick, Ellen, Thomas, James, William, Michael, Joseph.

Donovan, J., farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.

Dwyer, Thomas, farmer; P. O. Huntley.

Devine, Wm., farmer; P. O. Huntley.

DUFF, JOHN R., farmer and dairyman; Sec. 1; P. O. Gilbert's Station; was born in Rutland Township Oct. 11, 1847; always resided in the county; Rep.; Protestant; enlisted Jan., 1864, in Co. I, 8th Cav., at Marengo, McHenry Co., at the age of 16; served eight months; was in the battles of the Wilderness, Upperville, Aldie, Fort Stevens and numerous other engagements; was honorably discharged at Washington in Sept., 1864.

EPORN, CHARLES, farmer; P. O. Gilbert.

EAKIN, SAMUEL, farmer and dairyman, Sec. 16; P. O. Pingree Grove; was born in County Derry, Ireland, Aug. 12, 1801; came to America in 1848, settled in Kane Co. the same year, purchased 80 acres of land; now owns 200 acres, valued at \$50 per acre; is worth \$12,000; Rep.; Presb.; held office of Town Clerk, School Trustee, Town Treasurer; he has held the latter office 21 years; married Miss Jane Christie in Derry Co., Ireland, in April, 1830; she was born in County Derry, Ireland, in 1807; her children are Lavina J. S., Wm. Stewart, Martha Ann, Robert, Jas., Mary, David C., David, Bella, S. A. and Mathew M.

Eakin, Wm., farmer; P. O. Gilbert.

FREEMAN, N., farmer; P. O. Gilbert.

FLANNIGAN, PATRICK, farmer and dairyman, Sec. 2; P. O. Huntley, McHenry Co.; was born in County Roscommon, Ireland, in March, 1829; came to America in 1852, resided in New York, Orange Co., four years; came to Kane Co. in 1861; owns 80 acres of land, valued at \$38 per acre; is worth \$5,000; Dem.; Cath.; married Miss Hannah Upton at Adams Co., N. Y., in Sept., 1854; she was born in County Limerick; her children are Thomas, born in Aug., 1856; William, born 1858; Michael, born 1860; James, born 1862; John, born 1864; Charles, born 1867; Edward, born July 31, 1870; Robert, born 1873.

Fitzgerald, M., farmer; P. O. Huntley.

FREEMAN, MICHAEL, farmer and stock raiser, Sec. 12; P. O. Gilbert's Station; was born in County Tipperary, Ireland, in March, 1825; came to America in 1842 and settled in Kane Co. the same year; Mr. F. owns 120 acres of land, valued at \$40 per acre; is worth \$6,000; Dem.; Cath.; holds office of School Director; married Miss Mary Welch at Elgin, Jan., 1860; she was born in Ireland. Her children are James, Morris, Thomas, John, Catharine, Mary, Mary, Ellen, and Elizabeth.

Flanagan, M., farmer; P. O. Huntley.

Farrell, Thos., farmer; P. O. Huntley.

FOLEY, PATRICK, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 14; P. O. Gilbert's Station; born in County Mead, Ireland, about 1817; came to America in 1849, lived in New York State five years, and settled in Kane Co. in 1854 and in Rutland in 1865; Dem.; Cath.; married Miss Helen Reily in Herkimer Co., N. Y., in February, 1853; she was born at Cavan, Ireland, in August, 1842; children—Peter, Julia, Ann, Patrick, Mary, Christopher and Margaret, all born in Rutland; owns 97 acres of land, valued at \$25 per acre.

Fitzgerald, Jas., farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.

FRASER, THOMAS, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 36; P. O. Elgin; born in Livingston Co., N. Y., Aug. 18, 1812; came to Kane Co. in 1839, and purchased, in 1840, 160 acres of land; now owns 275 acres, valued at \$50 per acre; worth \$14,500; Rep.; Presb.; held the offices of Town Treasurer and Town Trustee; married Miss Ann Fraser at Pembroke, N. Y., in October, 1839; she was born in Scotland April 7, 1818; the children are—John, born Dec. 27, 1841; William, born Nov. 24, 1843 (died at Rutland Dec. 11, 1863, from exposure in the army); Daniel, born Dec. 9, 1847; Elizabeth, born April 1, 1850; Jennette, born July 4, 1852; Ellen, born Oct. 4, 1854; Katie, born May 13, 1858; Thos. A., born Jan. 11, 1861; and William and Isabel, deceased.

Fleming, Mich., farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.

G ARVY, D., farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.

GAGE, JAMES H., proprietor of Holstein creamery; P. O. Holstein; was born in Plato Tp., Kane Co., Jan. 3, 1843; Rep.; Presb.; worth \$40,000; married, in 1867, to Isabel McCornack, at Rutland; she was born July 15, 1842; has four children—Elizabeth J., Albert, Charles D. and Harry; his factory was established in 1875; is situated 11 miles west of Elgin, east $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Hampshire, and 6 miles southwest of Huntley; has a capacity of turning out 30 cheese and over three hundred pounds of butter daily; it is of excellent quality, and the factory has every facility for carrying on a large business.

Griffith, James, farmer; P. O. Gilbert.

GALLIGAN, JAMES, farmer and dairyman, Sec. 4; P. O. Gilbert's Sta.; was born in Ireland, Jan. 7, 1817; came to America in 1837, and to Kane Co. in 1857; owns 160 acres of land, valued at \$40 per acre, and is worth \$5,000; Ind.; Cath.; held offices of Collector and School Trustee, and now holds the offices of Town Clerk and School Trustee; married Miss Ellen Smith, at New Haven, Conn., Dec. 23, 1856; she was born in Ireland, in 1823; has five children—Joseph Bernard, born Sept. 4, 1857; Catherine, born Nov. 4, 1858; James E., born Aug. 12, 1860; Rose Ann, born Feb. 17, 1865.

Gage, L., farmer; P. O. Hampshire.

Griser, John, farmer; P. O. Huntley.

Griser, Paul, farmer; P. O. Huntley.

GAGE, SOLOMON, far. and dairyman; Sec. 31; P. O. Hampshire; was born in New York State, June 15, 1828; came to Kane Co. in 1841, and bought 40 acres; crossed the plains in 1852, and spent the Winter in Eureka City, California; in 1853 was engaged in buying and selling merchandise to emigrants; in 1854, came back to Illinois, and bought a drove of horses, cows and oxen and returned to the Pacific slope, and engaged in dairying until 1857, when he again returned to Illinois and settled permanently; owns 140 acres; value, \$60 per acre; is worth \$10,000; Rep.; Free-Will Bapt.; held the office of School Director. He married Miss Susan Hogboom, at Geneva, Ill., March 15, 1854; she died in California, March 15, 1857; he married for his second wife, Mary E. King, in 1858; she died June 4, 1871; his present wife was Mrs. Busbin; they were married in 1872.

H ENNIG, LEO, far.; P. O. Huntley.

Hogan, Mrs., P. O. Huntley.

Haight, Charles, far.; P. O. Huntley.

Hemdrick, P., far.; P. O. Hampshire.

HAYES, EDMUND, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 15; P. O. Gilbert's Station; was born in Tipperary Co., Ireland, Dec. 25, 1814; came to America in 1847, and settled in Rutland, Kane Co.; purchased 80 acres; now owns 240 acres; value, \$45 per acre;

Dem.; Cath.; held office of Town Clerk, Assessor, and other offices of trust. He married Catherine Donovan, at Tipperary, Ireland, Dec. 5, 1835; she was born in same county in 1817; children—David, Patrick, Julia (now Mrs. Truman), Margaret and Edmund.

Higgins, Luke, far.; P. O. Huntley.

Hennessey, James, far.; P. O. Gilbert's.

HUNTER, JOHN, farmer and dairyman, Sec. 21; P. O. Gilbert's Station; was born at Derry Co., Ireland, Aug. 17, 1809; came to America in 1832; lived 10 years in Philadelphia, and settled in Kane Co. in 1842; purchased 80 acres; now owns 320 acres, valued at \$40 per acre; is worth \$15,000; owns lot in Elgin; held office of School Director, School Trustee, and other offices of trust; Rep.; Reformed Presb. Married Mrs. Elizabeth Hart, at Philadelphia, Aug. 25, 1836; she was born in Derry Co., Ireland, in 1814. Children are Eliza, Jane, James, William, Hugh, Thomas and Joseph; deceased are Sarah Ann, Joseph, Matilda and John (who died at Elgin from effects of army life).

Hyde, N., farmer; P. O. Huntley.

Hogan, John, farmer; P. O. Huntley.

HOOD BROS., farmers and dairymen, Secs. 17 and 20; P. O. Pingree Grove. William was born in Rutland, Vt., March 7, 1852; is Rep.; Prot.; married Miss Hester McArthur at Rutland, May 11, 1875; she was born at Londonderry, Ireland, about 1854; have one child, John W., born April 10, 1876. Father of Wm. J. and John, who own the property jointly, settled in 1837; he was born in Ireland in 1807. The property amounts to \$20,000; farm is stocked with 50 head of cattle, 6 horses, and is devoted principally to dairy.

Hogan James, farmer; P. O. Huntley.

Hollister, Mrs., farmer; P. O. Huntley.

Hennigan, John, far.; P. O. Pingree Grove.

HENNIG, JOHN, farmer, Sec. 5; P. O. Huntley; was born at Baden, Germany, in 1828; came to America in 1857; to Kane Co. in 1862; owns 120 acres, valued at \$40 per acre; Dem.; Cath. Married Rosa Gallagher, at St. Charles, Kane Co., Sept. 29, 1861; she was born at Cavan, Ireland. Children, Mary, Káty and John.

Heelan, J., farmer; P. O. Holstein.

Hadley, Richard, farmer; P. O. Huntley.

HAYDEN, TIMOTHY, farmer and dairyman, Sec. 8; P. O. Huntley; McHenry Co., Ill.; was born at Tipperary Co., Ireland, Feb., 1815; came to America in 1834, landing at New York city; lived at city of Newark, N. J., five years; came West Aug. 16, 1845, to Kane Co.; purchased in 1845 160 acres; now owns 280 acres, valued at \$60 per acre; is worth \$20,000; Dem.; Cath.; has held office of Highway Commissioner. Married first in Ireland, when 19 years old, to Miss Susan Gorman; she died at Newark, N. J., in 1837. In 1839, married Miss Ellen Kaffe, in Mercer Co., Ohio; she died in 1873; the same year he married Mrs. Catharine Devine, at Elgin; she passed away July 24, 1874; present wife was Miss Helen Healan, of Elgin. Had by first marriage one child, Edmund, born in 1836, died in 1837; by third marriage two children—Timothy, born Aug. 31, 1876, and Margaret, born July 23, 1877, both deceased.

JAMES, JOS., farmer; P. O. Gilbert's Station.

KINSAL, AUG., far.; P. O. Gilbert's.

KELLY, JOHN, retired farmer, Sec. 32; P. O. Pingree Grove; was born in Schenectady, N. Y., May 13, 1805; came to Kane Co. March 3, 1845; owned at one time 700 acres of land, now owns 400 acres, valued at \$50 per acre; is worth \$25,000; Rep.; Spiritualist; held office of Justice of the Peace and Town Trustee four years; was also School Director some years; married Miss Eliza Mansfield Sept. 20, 1826, at Schenectady, N. Y.; she was born in New York, May 20, 1808; seven children living—Alfred W., born March 17, 1828; Sarah S., born May 20, 1832; Elizabeth, born Oct. 24, 1834; Mary, born Jan. 10, 1839, died Oct. 6, 1864; Capt. L. M. Kelly Sept. 28, 1841, and John H., born Oct. 4, 1846; A. Lynn, born May 18, 1844; Charles, born April 14, 1849.

Kinney, Wm., farmer; P. O. Huntley.

KELLY, JOHN, dry goods, groceries, boots and shoes; P. O. Gilbert's Station; was born at Hampshire, Kane Co., Ill., Oct. 15, 1853; Dem.; Cath.; holds office of Postmaster; is also Agt. for

Am. Ex. Co.; formerly farmer and teacher; is worth \$2,500; married Mrs. Johanna Hogan, at Huntley, McHenry Co., Ill., Oct. 26, 1875; she was born in Rutland Township, April, 1853; have two children—Jennie, born Sept. 22, 1876; Catharine, born Sept. 20, 1877.

Krutzer, Jno., farmer; P. O. Huntley.

KELLY, A. W., clerk and farmer; was born in Schenectady, N. Y., March 17, 1828; came to Kane Co. in 1846; owns 165 acres of land, valued at \$50 per acre; is worth \$8,000; Rep.; held the office of Alderman at St. Charles, and was School Director in Plato for one term; was also Township Trustee at St. Charles; is Assistant Postmaster at Pingree Grove; married Elizabeth M. Prucher, at Udina, Ill., April 1851; she was born at Romulus, Seneca Co., N. Y., Oct. 27, 1828; three children—Sarah E., born Jan. 31, 1852; E. Belle, born Aug. 24, 1854; W. Scott, born July 14, 1857.

LAWRENCE, WM., far.; P. O. Dundee.

Logue, Hugh, far.; P. O. Pingree Grove.

LOWRY, ROBT., farmer and dairyman; P. O. Hampshire; was born at Co. Tyrone, Ireland, about 1825; came to America in 1847; came to Kane Co., six years after; Rep.; Presb.; owns 95 acres, value \$40 per acre; worth \$5,000; married Mrs. Mary J. Smiley at Brooklyn, N. Y., in 1853; she was born in Tyrone, Ireland, in 1825; children—Maria, born March 2, 1853; Marian, May 24, 1856; William, Jan. 28, 1858; Eliza, Dec. 2, 1860; Sarah, April 20, 1862; Martha, C., June 5, 1865; and Margaret, May 5, 1869.

Lasher, Joseph, far.; P. O. Pingree Grove.

LONG, RICHARD. farmer and dairyman; Sec. 23; P. O. Gilbert's Station; was born at Tipperary, Ireland, May 13, 1817; came to America in 1855, and settled in Kane Co.; purchased 160 acres of land in 1865 at Rutland, value \$30 per acre; is worth \$6,000. Dem.; Cath.; married Miss Elizabeth Dundon at Tipperary, Ireland, Oct. 11, 1851; she was born at County Cork, Ireland, about 1825; children—Richard, born Oct. 1855; Cathrine, born Dec. 1854; Edward, born 1859.

Lynch, Mary Ann, farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.
MAKER, EDWARD, far.; P. O. Gilbert's.

Marshall, James, far.; P. O. Algonquin.

MCGOUGH, HUGH, farmer and stock raiser; Sec. 14; P. O. Gilbert's Station; was born at Tyrone, Ireland, March, 1830; came to America in 1849; settled in Kane Co., in 1863; owns 60 acres; Dem.; Cath.; married Miss Bridget Reily at Elgin in 1863; she died Feb. 28, 1871; in 1873 married Miss Helen O'Brien at Elgin; children by first marriage—Mary, Bridget, Hugh and Peter; by second marriage, Rosa and John.

McClelland, W., far.; P. O. Pingree Grove.

MURPHY, MICHAEL, farmer and dairyman, Sec. 14; P. O. Gilbert's Station; was born at Limerick Co., Ireland, in 1829; came to America in 1854; came to Kane Co. in 1856; owns 112 acres, valued at \$65 per acre; worth \$9,000; Dem.; Cath.; married Miss Abbie N. Burke at Rutland, Nov. 1, 1857; she was born at Elgin Township, June, 1838; children are Mary, Bridget, James, Eugene, Homer, Robert, John, Johanna, Margaret and Catharine.

Miller, Fred., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

McLOUGHLIN, JAMES, farmer and dairyman, Sec. 17; P. O. Huntley, McHenry Co.; was born at County Donegal, Ireland, Aug., 1815; came to America in 1834; resided in Penn. 10 years; came to Rutland, Kane Co., Ill., in 1844; purchased 160 acres, valued at \$45 an acre; is worth \$10,000; Dem.; Cath.; held office of Road Master; married Miss Margaret McGrauth, at Gilbert's Station, Sept. 14, 1856; she was born at New Haven, Conn., in 1840; children are William A., James E., Charles P., John J., Hugh F., Henry M., Edward G., Thos. G., Thos. A., Mary, Margaret S. and Catharine A.

Moroney, P., far.; P. O. Huntley.

McCartney, A., far.; P. O. Pingree Grove.

MASON, O. H., miller; P. O. Gilbert's Station; he is a member of the firm of Mason, Eatinger & O'Brien; he was born at Dundee, March 12, 1850; Rep.; Prot.; the mill has a capacity for grinding 800 to 1,000 bushels daily.

McCartney, Jno., farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.

Moore, Thos., far.; P. O. Pingree Grove.

MANGAN, PHILLIP, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 10; P. O. Gilbert's Sta.; he was born Tipperary Co., Ireland, and came to America in 1841, and settled in Kane Co., in 1864; he lived in Boston seventeen years, and on coming West, purchased 80 acres; he now owns 210 acres, valued at \$45 per acre; he is worth \$11,000; Dem.; Cath.; has held the office of School Director; married Miss Helen Hayes, at Boston, Mass., Oct. 8, 1848; she was born at Tipperary, Ireland, in 1821; children are—John, born in 1851; Phillip, born in 1852; James, born in 1854; Helen, born in 1854; Mary, born in 1856; Maggie, born in 1858; Bridget, born in 1860; and Patrick, born in 1866.

MOORE, WILLIAM, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 22; P. O. Gilbert's Station; he was born in Derry Co., Ireland, in 1807; came to America in 1836, and settled in Kane Co. the same year; he purchased 160 acres of land, at \$1.25 per acre. At the time of Mr. Moore's arrival, Frink & Walker's line of stages still ran along the old State road. Mr. M. has, by industry and indomitable energy, accumulated a nice property. He did own 560 acres, and now owns 510 acres, worth \$50 per acre; Mr. M. is worth \$30,000; Rep.; Presb.; married Miss Mary Cochran, at Derry Co., Ireland, May 19, 1834; she was born somewhere about 1815, and died in 1855; children are—Mary and Margaret, Catharine, Eliza A., and William.

MCCORNACK, WM., farmer and dairyman; Sec. 35; P. O. Pingree Grove; born at Wiston, Scotland, in January, 1815; came to America in 1837, and to Kane Co. in 1838; purchased 160 acres of land; now owns 180 acres, valued at \$50 per acre; is worth \$12,000; Rep.; Presb.; held the office of Assessor two terms; married Miss Elizabeth Fraser, in Rutland Tp., in November, 1842; she was born in Scotland in 1817; children—Isabel, born July 15, 1843; Wm. F., born in October, 1844; Andrew H., born July 4, 1848; John C., born in 1850; three deceased—Elizabeth Ann, Ellen Mary and Sarah.

Moore, Wm., Jr., farmer; P. O. Gilbert's Station.

Maher, P., far.; P. O. Gilbert's Station.

Moore, David, farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.

Martin, John, farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.

MURRY, MICHAEL, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 21; P. O. Pingree Grove; born in Hampshire, Kane Co., May 22, 1856; Dem.; Cath.; works 100 acres, the estate of his father, who was born in Ireland, and came to Kane Co. in 1853; his wife was Mary Kalanher, who was also born in Ireland.

Murphy, Mrs., farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.

Manning, P., farmer; P. O. Gilberts.

MOORE, JAS., retired farmer, Sec. 30; P. O. Pingree Grove; was born at Londonderry Co., Ireland, in 1796; came to America April, 1847; came to Kane Co. Aug. 10, 1847; owned, at one time, 280 acres; was naturalized in 1848, at Chicago; Rep.; Prot.; served in the war of the rebellion, in Ireland. Married Mrs. Jane Harper at Londonderry, in 1825; she was born at Londonderry in 1800; children—Thomas, Mary, Margaret, Jane, Eliza, Anna and James.

Mason, Horace, farmer; P. O. Huntley.

MCCORNACK, JOHN, farmer, Sec. 34; P. O. Pingree Grove; was born in Galloway, Scotland, in 1810; came to America in 1836, and to Kane Co. in 1838; in 1840, he purchased 160 acres; now owns 86, valued at \$50 per acre; is worth \$2,500; Rep.; Presb. Married Miss Martha N. McMillian at Rutland, in 1843; she was born in Franklin Co., N. Y., April, 1825, and died Dec. 12, 1876, at Rutland; children—Andrew, born April, 1844; Elizabeth, born Aug. 9, 1846; Minerva, born Sept. 12, 1848; Jeanette, born Jan. 15, 1852; Helen M., born Jan. 31, 1860.

McClure, John.

O'LEARY, D., farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.

O'Brien, Bernard, far.; P. O. Gilbert's.

O'BRIEN, THOMAS, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 14; P. O. Gilbert's Station; he was born in Limerick Co., Ireland, about 1817; came to America in 1834; lived two years in Chicago, when it had but two or three hundred inhabitants; came to Rutland Tp., in

1837; purchased 220 acres at land sale; now owns the same; value, \$40 per acre; is worth \$11,000; Dem.; Cath. Married Ellen Freeman, at Elgin, Kane Co., Feb. 6, 1843; she died in 1862, at Rutland; he married Oct. 26, 1863, Miss Ann Daly; children by first marriage, living, are—Thomas, born Dec. 22, 1845; Mary, born in 1850; Ellen, born in 1852; Maggie, born in 1854; John, born in 1856; Michael, born in 1858; Bridget, born in 1861; second marriage—Bernard, born in 1864; Terrence, born in 1866; Elizabeth, born in 1872 and Phillip, born in Nov., 1874.

O'Brien, Thos., Jr., far.; P. O. Gilbert's.

O'BRIEN, THOMAS P., farmer and dairyman; Sec. 27; P. O. Gilbert's Station; was born in Rutland, Oct. 26, 1846; is Dem.; Cath. Married Mrs. Ellen Clinton, at Elgin, Nov. 13, 1872; she was born in Rutland, in 1852; children—Mary, born April 22, 1874; James, born Sept. 13, 1876; both born in Rutland; owns 120 acres, valued at \$4,000.

PITCHER, JOHN, farmer; P. O. Gilbert's Station.

PINGREE, ANDREW, farmer and dairyman, Sec. 33; P. O. Pingree Grove; is ex-Supervisor; was born in Plainfield, N. H., in 1803; came to Kane Co. in 1838; purchased claim of six or eight hundred acres; now owns 1,100 acres in Iowa and Illinois; Dem.; Union clergyman; held office Supervisor 18 years, P. M. 18 years, and Notary Public since 1846; County Surveyor for many years; Trustee of Lombard College, of Galesburg, Ill.; stockholder in Elgin Academy; School Director since 1846; also stockholder of C. & P. R. R.; gave to C. & P. R. R. Co. \$1,000 and right of way of the road; married Miss Hannah M. Curtis, at Plymouth Co., Mass., in 1844; she was born in Mass. in 1811; adopted child of Mrs. Kelley.

Pingree, Mrs. S., far.; P. O. Pingree Grove.

PINGREE, MRS. HARRIET, far.; Sec. 33; P. O. Pingree Grove; born near Zanesville, O., Dec. 6, 1821; was married to Israel S. Pingree, April 13, 1844; he died Sept. 18, 1874, at Rutland; estate consists of 62½ acres, val-

ued at \$45 per acre; worth \$4,000; children are Phebe, born Jan. 13, 1847; Andrew C., Oct. 3, 1848; Hiram T., Aug. 13, 1850; Jennie, June 27, 1854; Hannah, July 2, 1857; Daniel C., May 2, 1860; died Feb. 8, 1863; Francis, born March 15, 1862; Lawrence, Jan. 1, 1865.

Pingree, Stran, far.; P. O. Pingree Grove.

PLUMMER, OLIVER, farmer and dairyman, Secs. 20 and 21; P. O. Pingree Grove; was born in Seneca Co., N. Y., in 1807; came to Kane Co., in 1842; settled permanently June 2, 1843; Dem.; owns 160 acres, valued at \$55 per acre; is worth \$15,000; married Miss Sarah M. Cady, at Yates Co., N. Y., May 14, 1843; she was born in Chenango Co., N. Y., Feb. 13, 1820; five children—Jane, born Feb. 6, 1844; Mary Ann, June 17, 1845; George O., Sept. 13, 1846; Harriet, March 6, 1851; Frankie, June 24, 1857.

Rhode, Jno., farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.

RICH, EVELYN E., farming and stock; Sec. 31; P. O. Hampshire; born in Rutland Tp. April 26, 1839; owns 250 acres of land, valued at \$60 per acre; is worth \$16,000; Rep.; Prot.; held the offices of Highway Commissioner and School Director; enlisted in Co. K, 141st Inf., May 2, 1864, at Elgin, and hon. disd. Oct. 10, 1864, at Camp Fry, Chicago; married Miss Helen Doty, at Hampshire, Ill., March 12, 1861; she was born in Ashtabula Co., Ohio, Oct. 1, 1839; five children living—Addie E., born July 26, 1862; May E., born Dec. 2, 1865; Milton, born Sept. 16, 1867; Henry E., born Oct. 10, 1871; Ralph, born March 18, 1873; Arthur, died Feb. 6, 1875. Elijah, his father, who came to Kane Co., in 1835, was born June 10, 1795, and died Nov. 10, 1871.

Rhode, Julius, farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.

ROATH, NATHANIEL, farmer and stock raiser; Sec. 6; P. O. Hampshire; born in New York Dec. 25, 1831; settled in Kane Co. in 1837; owns 60 acres of land, valued at \$40 per acre; is worth \$4,000; Rep.; Prot.; enlisted in Co. B, 17th Ill. Cav., Nov. 17, 1863; was in many important battles of the war, wounded twice, and hon. disd. at close of war; married Miss Sarah

Jane Tansey, at Hampshire, Aug. 15, 1872; she was born in Elgin in 1851; two children—Rosetta, born July 15, 1873, and Abigail, born July 4, 1875.

RANDALL, JNO., farmer; P. O. Huntley.

RILEY, EDWARD, far. and dairyman; Sec. 21; P. O. Gilbert's Sta.; was born at Londonderry, Ireland, in 1807; emigrated to America in 1839, and settled in Rutland Township, Kane Co.; owns 200 acres, valued at \$40 per acre; is worth \$10,000; Rep.; Presb.; held the office of School Director and Road Master. Married Miss Margaret Moore, of Ireland, March 7, 1835; children—Wm. John, born March 28, 1841; Margaret, born Jan. 6, 1843; Jas. R., born March 10, 1844.

Rich, Thos., farmer; P. O. Pingree Grove.

ROWE, MRS. HANNAH A., far. and dairy; Sec. 17; P. O. Pingree Grove; was born in Susquehanna Co., Penn., Aug. 12, 1831. Married John L. Rowe at Toronto, Canada; he was born at Trafalgar, Canada, Jan. 16, 1814; family moved into Kane Co. in 1838, and settled on 160 acres; her husband died June 17, 1865; property worth \$5,000; now owns 80 acres; children—Mary M., born 1835; Chas. H., born March 27, 1837; Eliza, born Feb. 27, 1839; Crist. R., born March 1, 1841; Daniel H., born Aug. 30, 1843; Hurbert, born Jan. 18, 1845; Hannah, born Dec. 18, 1847; Carrie E., born May 3, 1849; Harrison, born Sept. 23, 1852; Eugene, born Jan. 8, 1854; Eunice, Elis, Hannah and Eugene, deceased.

SHEDDING, J. B.

SWITZER, JOSEPH M., far. and sheep raiser of the Spanish Merino breed; Secs. 6, 7 and 18; P. O. Holstein; was born at Toronto, Canada, May 21, 1822; came to Kane Co. in 1838; purchased in 1845, 80 acres, now owns 120 acres; worth \$10,000; Rep.; member of the New Jerusalem Church; Justice of the Peace nine years, elected in 1849. Married Mrs. Alice Smith at St. Charles, Kane Co., in 1851; she was born at Yorkshire, England, Aug. 11, 1830; children living—Horatio, Howard and Maria.

Shultz, Wm., far.; P. O. Pingree Grove.

Shine, John, farmer; P. O. North Plato.

Sales, M., far.; P. O. North Plato.

Smithing, Jos., farmer; P. O. Holstein.

SPRAGUE, H. J., farmer and dairyman; Sec. 2; P. O. Huntley; was born at Erie Co., Pa., in 1833; moved to Kane Co. in 1839; J. E. Sprague, father, is still living; he was born in Berkshire Co., Mass., March 2, 1811, and settled in Kane Co. same year as the subject of this sketch.

Stanley, H. F., far.; P. O. Pingree Grove.

STARKS, M. G., far. and dairyman; Sec. 30; P. O. Hampshire; born in Rutland Tp., June 7, 1849; works 400 acres of land, estate of E. R. Starks; is Rep.; Prot. Married Miss Lucretia Grow, at Udina, Ill., in 1869; she was born in Pennsylvania, Sept. 8, 1852; four children—Carrie E., born June 11, 1871; Eddie, born Dec. 23, 1872; Fanny S., born Dec. 5, 1874; Alfred E., born Oct. 6, 1876; Eddie died Aug. 25, 1874.

Seymour, Peter, farmer; P. O. Holstein.

Sprague, S., farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.

STARKS, E. R., retired farmer; Sec. 30; P. O. Hampshire; was born at Williamstown, Mass., March 19, 1813; lived in Vermont until 22 years of age; came to Kane Co. in 1835; is one of the earliest settlers in the township; in 1839, he purchased 240 acres; now owns about 800 acres, valued at \$50 per acre; is worth \$50,000; Rep.; Protestant; held offices of Supervisor, Constable and School Trustee; was married first to Esther Doty in Granville, N. Y., April 5, 1838; she was born in Washington Co., N. Y., Oct. 30, 1820; died May 15, 1840; his second wife was Saloma Gage; they were married at Hampshire, Ill., Dec. 6, 1845; six children, all by first marriage—L. G., Evelyn, Milton G., Frank John, Willie and William.

TASWILL, JAMES, farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.

TYRRELL, WILLIAM, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 24; P. O. Gilbert's Station; was born in Rutland Township; owns 160 acres—80 acres in Kansas and 80 acres in Rutland—worth \$6,000; Dem.; Cath.; held office of Tax Collector one term; married Miss Mary Bray-

man in Elgin in April, 1869; she was born in Buffalo, N. Y., in 1849; one child—Katy, born Nov. 3, 1870, in Rutland Township.

Taswill, William, farmer; P. O. Gilbert's.

TOBIN, WM., farmer and dairyman; Secs. 23 and 26; P. O. Gilbert's; was born in Rutland Township, Kane Co., Jan., 1846; owns 20 acres in Dundee, and 100 acres in Rutland, valued at \$50 per acre; is worth \$7,000; Dem.; Cath.; he married Miss Mary Egan, at Elgin, Oct., 1868; she was born April 10, 1848; at Kilkenny, Ireland; their children are—Albert, born Aug. 14, 1869; August, April 20, 1871; Alice, Jan. 28, 1873; Willie, Jan. 25, 1875; John, Jan. 26, 1877.

TYRRELL, DAVID, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 42; P. O. Gilbert's; was born at Tipperary, Ireland, June, 1833; he came to America in 1847; direct to Rutland, Kane Co., in 1854; he bought 80 acres, valued at \$60 per acre; Rep.; he holds the office of School Director, being elected in 1874; was married to Mrs. Mary Hilley, at Elgin, Ill., Oct., 1862; she was born in Ireland, and died in 1866, leaving two children; in Feb., 1868, he was married to Miss Mary Wiley, at Elgin; she was born at New Brunswick, British Provinces, in 1844; the children are, by first marriage, Wm. and John; by the second marriage, Maud, Walter, Nevada and Alba.

WEBSTER, JOS., far.; P. O. North Plato.

Widner, Adam, far.; P. O. Gilbert's.

WEIGHTMAN, WILLIAM S., Sec. 1; P. O. Huntley, McHenry Co.; he was born in Nottingham, England, May 14, 1818, and came to America in 1851; he purchased the property he now resides upon in 1859, consisting of 135 acres; he now owns 280 acres;

value of home property, \$80 per acre; the other is worth \$35 per acre; he is Rep.; Episcopalian; he has held the offices of School Director, Road Com., Road Master; he married Miss Ann Salmon, at Nottingham, England, in 1844; she was born April 4, 1818; they have six children—Walter S., Roland J., Salmon, John C., William A., and Charles A.

WILSON, SAMUEL, farmer and dairyman; Sec. 32; P. O. Pingree Grove; he was born at Ayrshire, Scotland, in 1848; came to America in 1858, and to Kane Co. in 1868; he rents a farm of Capt. L. M. Kelly, of 480 acres; Rep.; Cong.; he has held the office of Road Master; he married Miss Grace Crichton, at Dundee, in 1873; she was born near Glasgow, Scotland, in 1848; they have one child living—Effie May, born in 1875, at Dundee; Frank, died Dec. 24, 1876.

Whiting, B. S., far.; P. O. Holstein.

Whitney, B. S., far.; P. O. Campton.

WELCH, RICHARD, farmer and dairyman; Secs. 31 and 32; P. O. Gilbert's; he was born at Co. Kilkenny, Ireland, in 1827, and came to America in 1849; came to Dundee Tp. the same year; he located on his land in 1854, and bought 181 acres, which he still owns; value, \$60 per acre; he is Dem.; Cath.; married Miss Mary Fleming, at Elgin, Ill., in 1856; she was born at Tipperary Co., Ireland, in 1827; they have seven children—Edward, born March 15, 1855; James, born Feb. 1, 1857; Mary, born May 25, 1859; John, March 10, 1861; Richard, born March 25, 1862; Katy, born July 31, 1865; David, born May 25, 1870.

Webster, D., far.; P. O. North Plato.

ZIMMERMAN, C., far.; P. O. Gilbert's.

PLATO TOWNSHIP.

DAMS, BEAMAM, farmer; P. O. Udina.

Allen, George, farmer; P. O. East Burlington.

Anderson, J., far.; P. O. East Burlington. Adgate, F., blksmith; P. O. North Plato.

BROPHY, C., far.; P. O. Campton.

BRITTON, GEORGE H., farmer and dairyman, and grower of many varieties of the common potato; Sec. 12; P. O. Udina; was born at Cheshire Co., N. H., June 26, 1850; settled in Kane Co. in 1861; owns 87 acres in own name, and his wife owns 125 acres; they are worth together \$16,000; Rep. Married Miss Sarah Ransted, sister of the Hon. J. W. Ransted, Judge of Kane Co., at residence of parents, April 7, 1870; she was born in Plato, Aug. 23, 1851; children are Orie Maud, born Feb. 19, 1871; Winfield W., March 12, 1873, and John R. and Jessamine A., twins, Feb. 22, 1877.

BUCKLEY, SAMUEL, farmer, Sec. 25; P. O. Elgin; born in Northamptonshire, England, Feb. 4, 1841; removed to Canada in the Spring of 1865, and about four years later to Kane Co., Ill.; Rep.; Lib. Married July 16, 1874, to Miss Clara J. Burton; she was born in Plato Township; two children, one living, Anna S.

BAKER, LAWRENCE M. (formerly of Plato Tp., Kane Co., Ill.), now deceased, was born in Wyoming Valley, Pa., July 9, 1803; removed, in early childhood, to Lancaster, Pa., with his parents, where he grew to manhood; came to Illinois in the Fall of 1840, locating in Kane Co., where he resided up to the time of his death, June 11, 1866; he was married in 1829, to Miss Sarah A., daughter of Robert J. Thompson, of Bellefonte, Center Co., Pa.; she was born in Brandywine, Del.; had seven children by this union—Cyrellus C., eldest son, was educated at Mt. Morris, Ogle Co., Ill., and, in 1854, entered the United States Survey; died at Dubuque, Iowa, in August, 1856; John T. enlisted in Company B, Cav., 36th Ill. Inf., in 1861; was killed, near Atlanta, Ga., July 23, 1864, while acting as escort for Gen. Hooker; Nellie B., wife of B. C. Payne; Mollie M., wife of A. Elwood; Annie E., wife of F. H. Smith; Ella M. and Lizzie T.; Mr. Baker was a member of the Methodist Church from early youth, and served in an official capacity for many years, assisting, also, in establishing and maintaining institutions of learning in Northern Illinois.

Blow, Mahlon, farmer; P. O. Udina.

Burton, Wm., farmer; P. O. Genoa.

Blannchard, C., farmer; P. O. No. Plato.

Burnidge, Thos., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Becklinzer C., farmer, P. O. Udina.

Brady, Wm.

Bode, Jacob, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

BURNS, ALBERT C., farmer, Sec. 1; P. O. Elgin; born in Ashtabula Co., Ohio, April 17, 1836; removed to Kane Co., Ill., in early childhood, with his parents, who located in Hampshire Tp., in the Fall of 1843; came to present location Nov. 10, 1874; owns 167 acres land, valued at \$8,350; Rep.; Liberal; married March 22, 1863, to Miss Ann C. Doty; she was born in Conneaut, Ohio, Jan. 11, 1845; has two children living—Cora D. and Addie J.; last one died Feb. 19, 1869.

Bean, C. F., Postmaster; P. O. Udina.

Brisbin, T., farmer; P. O. North Plato.

CUMMINGS, J., farmer; P. O. Udina.

Crouther, Robert, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Cornell, E. A., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Crocker, Joseph, farmer; P. O. Udina.

Campbell, Martha, farmer; P. O. North Plato.

Campbell, H., farmer; P. O. North Plato.

Campbell, H., Jr., farmer; North Plato.

Campbell, Daniel, far.; P. O. North Plato.

Colie, Chas., Postmaster; P. O. North Plato.

Carr, J. W., far.; P. O. North Plato.

Collins, Jas., lab.; P. O. North Plato.

Carrol, William.

Colter, William, farmer; P. O. Udina.

Campbell, R., farmer; P. O. Sycamore.

Campbell, C. M., far.; P. O. North Plato.

Craft, C. P., far.; P. O. East Burlington.

DICKINSON, ASA, farmer; P. O. Marengo.

Dougherty, John, farmer; P. O. Udina.

DOUGHERTY, MICHAEL, far. and dairyman, Sec. 11; P. O. Udina; was born in Clare Co., Ireland, Sept. 27, 1810; came to America, in 1834, and settled in Kane Co. in 1846; purchased 80 acres of land; now owns 183 acres, valued at \$50 per acre; is worth \$15,000; Rep.; held office as Supervisor six years, and School Director twelve years, also numerous offices of trust and responsibility. Married Miss

Mary McKee, in Clare Co., Ireland, in April, 1834; she was born in same county, March 28, 1808; have eight children—Mary Jane, born Sept. 27, 1835; Edmund, born in 1837; Jennie, born Jan. 9, 1839; James C., born in 1841; John, born Sept. 6, 1842; Kate A., born Nov. 6, 1843; Thomas N., born in 1845; Elizabeth M., born Feb. 1, 1847.

Davis, E., far.; P. O. North Plato.

Dickson, C. L., far.; P. O. North Plato.

Duril, Joseph, lab.; P. O. North Plato.

DURAND, J. S., farmer and dairyman, Sec. 9; P. O. North Plato; was born in Warren Co., N. Y., Oct. 19, 1819; came West in 1843, and settled in Kane Co., and the same year came to Plato Township—1851; owns 300 acres of land, valued at \$50 per acre; Mr. D. is worth \$25,000; was Second Lieut. of Co. B, attached to 36th Regt.; it was afterward known as the 15th Ill. Cav.; was in service three years, and in numerous battles—principal one, Pea Ridge; resigned commission at Sugar Creek, Ark. Married Miss Mary Padelford, at Elgin, in February, 1847; she was born in Montgomery Co., N. Y., Dec. 14, 1827; three children—W. S., Arthur J. and Jay; Mrs. Martha Padelford, the mother of Mrs. D., resides with them.

Durfee, J. W., far.; P. O. Pingree Station.

Dondenhaven, C., far.; P. O. North Plato.

Dunden, Catharine, P. O. Elgin.

Durand, Sherwood, far.; P. O. North Plato.

EASTMAN, HIRAM, farmer; P. O. North Plato.

Eastman, John, far.; P. O. North Plato.

Edmeston, William, far.; P. O. Udina.

FITZIMMONS, P., farmer; P. O. Udina.

Fisher, Chris., farmer; P. O. Udina.

Fisher, Theo., farmer; P. O. Udina.

Foltz, F., farmer; P. O. Udina.

Foltz, L., farmer; P. O. Udina.

Fletcher, Henry, farmer; P. O. Udina.

GRENBANKS, JOHN, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

GAGE, HARVEY, farmer; Sec. 12; P. O. Udina; was born at Orford, Grafton Co., N. H., May, 1808; settled in Kane Co. in 1837; in 1836, he resided in Chicago; has owned 180 acres; now owns 45; is worth \$5,000; Rep.;

Cong.; held the office of School Trustee for fifteen years; has been Commissioner of Highways; coming at an early day, Mr. G. has seen vast changes. Was married to Miss Eunice S. Butler, at Plato, July, 1840; she was born in Ontario Co., N. Y. State, Sept., 1818; children—Jas. H., born Jan., 1843; Myron, born in 1845; Emily N., born Oct., 1851; Martha, born April, 1854; Nellie E., born March, 1858; two deceased.

Grow, A. C., far.; P. O. Blackberry Sta.

Gelick, Geo., far.; P. O. North Plato.

GROW, FREEMAN, blacksmith; P. O. Udina; born in Wyoming Co., Pa., April 18, 1833; came to Illinois in Jan., 1856, locating in Kane Co.; Rep.; Liberal. Married May 31, 1860, to Miss Harriet M. Dean; she was born in Templeton, Worcester Co., Mass., June 11, 1834; had four children—Ellen E., Susan A., Ruby G., Corena A. Mr. G. was a member of the 153d Regt., Ill. Infantry; enlisted Feb. 14, 1865; mustered out Sept. 21, 1865.

Griggs, Jno., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Gulack, Fred, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Gage, Sylvia, farmer; P. O. No. Plato.

GRIGGS, EUGENE H., farmer; Sec. 31; P. O. Gray Willow; born in Kane Co., Ill., Jan. 4, 1841; Rep.; Liberal; served as Collector and School Director for several terms. Married in 1877, to Miss Hattie Patterson; she was born in Genoa, DeKalb Co.; Mr. G. is a member of Elgin Lodge, No. 117, A. F. & A. M. His father and grandfather were among the first settlers of Plato Township, locating on the farm where he now resides in June, 1835.

Gardner, Thos., farmer; P. O. Udina.

HARGER, Milton, far.; P. O. Udina.

Hanson, Jno. S., farmer; P. O. Udina.

Hanson, Wm., farmer; P. O. Udina.

Hall, A. W., farmer; P. O. Udina.

HARGER, MERRITT, farmer; Sec. 36; P. O. Elgin; born in Lewis Co., N. Y., July 31, 1819; removed to Illinois in 1853, locating on Sec. 1, Plato Tp., Kane Co.; located on farm where he now resides in 1865; Rep.; Lib.; owns 410 acres of land, valued at \$40 per acre; has served as Supervisor of Plato Township two terms, also

held other minor offices ; married in 1843 to Miss Mary E. Rogers ; she was born in Lewis Co., N. Y. ; one child—L. Mariah, wife of James Buzzell.

Hilts, J. M., far. ; P. O. North Plato.

Hummel, Michal, far. ; P. O. Udina.

Hurlbut, E.; far.; P. O. North Plato.

HEATH, AARON, farmer ; Sec. 36 ; P. O. Gray Willow ; born in West Hartford, Conn., March 2, 1825 ; came to Illinois in June, 1836, locating at Elgin, where he resided until 1870, when he removed to his present location ; owns 308 acres of land, valued at \$17,000 ; Rep. ; Lib. ; married in 1847 to Miss Mary H. Fisher ; she was born in Vt. ; twelve children, ten living—Lyman, Clara, wife of John Seapy ; Frank, Julian, Fred., Malcolm, Lula, Earnest, Martha and Mary ; lost two ; Mr. H. resided on the farm now occupied by the Northern Illinois Hospital for the Insane for more than thirty-five years.

Hanigan, A., far. ; P. O. Pingree Grove.

JOHNSON, DUNCAN, farmer ; P. O. Elgin.

JULIAN, RICHARD, far. ; Sec. 21 ; P. O. Elgin ; born in Cornwall, Eng., March 30, 1825 ; removed to Canada in 1849, where he resided until 1854, when he came to Elgin, and located on the farm where he now resides in 1869 ; Rep. ; Meth. ; owns 209 acres of land, valued at \$45 per acre ; he was married in 1850 to Miss Eliza Thompson ; she was born in London, Eng. ; she had seven children ; six living—Richard H., William, Thomas J., Charles, Frank and Helen E. ; lost one—John, who died July 21, 1854.

Johnson, Daniel, farmer ; P. O. Elgin.

KRIGER, WM., farmer ; P. O. Elgin.

Karstens, H. H., far. ; P. O. Elgin.

Kranka, R., far. ; P. O. North Plato.

Kranka, Chas., far. ; P. O. North Plato.

Kelley, A. W., far. ; P. O. Pingree Grove.

LOVELL, JOHN, farmer ; P. O. Elgin.

Lenz, Andrew, farmer ; P. O. Udina.

Larson, L. M., far. ; P. O. Udina.

Lee, A. A., farmer ; P. O. Elgin.

Lee, J. S., Jr., far. ; P. O. Elgin.

Lee, Geo. F., far. ; P. O. Elgin.

Lee, John P., farmer ; P. O. Elgin.

Loveless, A. C., far. ; P. O. North Plato.

Loomis, A. W., farmer ; P. O. Udina.

Lathrop, Elijah, farmer ; P. O. Udina.

Lee, Geo. P. ; farmer ; P. O. Elgin.

LENZ, JOSEPH, farmer and dairyman ; P. O. Udina ; was born in Baden, Germany, April 26 ; came to America in 1857 ; settled in Kane Co. the same year ; owns 48 $\frac{1}{2}$ acres of land, valued at \$40 per acre ; is worth \$3,000 ; rents 96 acres ; Rep. ; Cath. ; was in the German war ten years ; married Miss Magdalene Hennig, at Aurora, June, 1857 ; she was born at Baden, Germany, in 1832 ; children are—John, born Jan. 23, 1858 ; Albert, born Oct. 29, 1859 ; George, born Nov. 26, 1861 ; Frederick Wilhelm, born Nov. 15, 1864 ; Henry L., born Dec. 18, 1865 ; Frank L., born Oct. 29, 1872.

Long, Alice, P. O. Gray Willow.

LADD, NATHANIEL, farmer, Sec. 36 ; P. O. Elgin ; born in Orange, Vt., Aug. 27, 1814 ; removed in early childhood with his parents to Washington Co., where he resided till October, 1835, when he came to Illinois, stopping a short time at Lockport, Will Co., making a claim in Lake Co. the same year ; located on the farm where he now resides in the Spring of 1838 ; owns 201 acres of land, valued at \$12,000 ; Rep. ; Lib. ; married, Feb. 11, 1838, to Miss Mary Buzzell ; she was born in Orange Co., Vt. ; ten children, six living—Emmagine, Elizabeth, Harriet, Mary, Josephine and Charles L. ; lost four—Mark P., member of 127th Ill. Vols., died in the army Jan. 5, 1863 ; Frank P., died Sept. 11, 1853 ; Lida, died Aug. 4, 1855 ; Ella, died March 23, 1862.

McEWEN, S. R., far. ; P. O. North Plato.

McArthur, Norman, far. ; P. O. North Plato.

McArthur, A., farmer ; P. O. North Plato.

McArthur, Daniel, farmer ; P. O. North Plato.

McDonald, Thos., P. O. Udina.

McBride, Henry, farmer ; P. O. North Plato.

McNamara, Mat., farmer ; P. O. North Plato.

McConnell, L., farmer ; P. O. Burlington.

McDearmit, Daniel, farmer ; P. O. Elgin.

Miller, G., farmer; P. O. Udina.

McDONALD, WILLIAM W., farmer, Sec. 25; P. O. Elgin; born in Kane Co., Ill., Oct. 14, 1846; Rep.; Lib.; married in 1866 to Miss Elizabeth M. Youngs; she was born in the State of New York; her two children are Charles A. and John F.

Martin, John.

Muirhead, Geo., farmer; P. O. North Plato.

Mock, Wm., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Mock, Jas., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Myers, Chester, far.; P. O. Gray Willow.

Miser, Fred.

Minka, Fred., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

NELSON, JOHN.

Nickel, Henry, farmer; P. O. Udina.

Norton, Betsey, far.; P. O. North Plato.

O WEN, C. E., far.; P. O. N. Plato.

PINGREE, A. C., far.; P. O. Pingree Grove.

Peterson, Chas., far.; P. O. Pingree Grove.

Potts, M. A.

PEASE, GEORGE L., far.; Sec. 21; P. O. Elgin; born in Cattaraugus Co., N. Y., March 6, 1843; removed to Illinois in early childhood, with his parents, who located in Plato Tp., in 1844; Dem.; Liberal. Married in 1860, to Miss Harriet A. Armstrong; she was born in the State of New York; has served as Constable for three years; his father, David Pease, still resides on the farm on which he first located, when he came to the county.

PINGREE, DANIEL, physician and surgeon; P. O. Pingree Grove; was born at Springfield, N. H., Jan. 26, 1819; came to Kane Co., in 1838; in 1840 he purchased 335 acres of land and still retains the same; is a graduate of the Indiana Medical College, situated at La Porte; graduated in 1849; practiced medicine for eighteen years; has had a large practice in Kane Co.; held the office of School Director. Married Miss Jane H. Avenhill, at Newark, Kendall Co., Ill., Nov. 10, 1859; she was born in Litchfield, Grayson Co., Ky., Nov. 5, 1825; three children—Walter, born July 22, 1863; Ellen Douglas, born Feb. 26, 1865; Jennie, born Jan. 3, 1868.

Pease, David, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Pugsley, George, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Pease, Wm. A., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Pease, J. W., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Pease, A. J., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Phelan, John, far.; P. O. Elgin.

Pickering, Sarah, far.; P. O. Udina.

ROSS, THOMAS, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Rue, Joseph, farmer; P. O. Udina.

Robinson, Samuel, farmer; P. O. Udina.

Reed, G. B., P. O. Gray Willow.

Runge, A. H., farmer; P. O. Udina.

RUSSELL, IRA N., farmer; Sec. 13; P. O. Udina; born in Wyoming Co., N. Y., Feb. 4, 1833; removed to Illinois with his parents, who settled in Batavia in the Summer of 1844; located on the farm where he now resides in 1865; own 387 acres of land, valued at \$23,000; Rep.; Liberal; member of Elgin Lodge, No. 117, A., F. & A. M.; married May 19, 1853, to Miss Charlotte B. Sherburne; she was born in Essex Co., N. Y., Oct. 2, 1827; four children—Emma A. (wife of Joseph Rue), Ellen A., Freeman A., Laura A.; Mr. R. is Supervisor of Plato Township; has also held other minor offices.

Rourke, A. H., farmer; P. O. North Plato.

Roach, L.

Robinson, R. C., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Rippberger, Adam, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Ross, Myron, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Rue, E., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Rue, P., farmer; P. O. Udina.

Ribel, L., farmer; P. O. Udina.

Rowe, W. H., farmer; P. O. Udina.

Robinson, William, far.; P. O. Sycamore.

Ripperger, George, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

SHEDDAN, MARGARET, farmer; P. O. Udina.

SCHOONHOVEN, HENRY A., farmer; Sec. 24; P. O. Elgin; born in Steuben Co., N. Y., June 19, 1839; removed to Illinois in early childhood with his parents, who located in Cook Co.; came to his present home in the Fall of 1861; owns 386 acres of land, valued at \$19,000; Rep.; Lib.; married Sept. 13, 1860, to Miss Martha A. Cass; she was born in Washington Co., Vt., July 13, 1839; four children living—Frank J., Cora J., Eugene H. and Bessie I.; lost two—Georgie, died in April, 1869; one died in infancy.

Switzer, J., farmer; P. O. Udina.
 Shuman, Fred., far.; P. O., Udina.
 Sherwood, Geo., far.; P. O. No. Plato.
 Shuman, Chris., far.; P. O. Udina.
 Sheddham, Robt., far.; P. O. Udina.
 Sheddham, J. R., far.; P. O. Udina.
 Shuman, Aug., far.; P. O. Udina.

SEAPY, WM. R., farmer; Sec. 20 ;
 P. O. Elgin; born in Plato Tp., Kane
 Co., Ill., Feb. 27, 1847; Rep.; Lib.;
 owns 80 acres of land, valued at
 \$4,000; married March 4, 1872, to
 Miss Lottie A. Swan; two children—
 Charles A. and Bertha E.

Strickling, H.

Swanson, Peter, P. O. Gray Willow.
 Schrader, J., farmer; P. O. No. Plato.
 Seapy, J. W., farmer; P. O. Elgin.
 Scott, A. D., farmer; P. O. Udina.
 Sherwood, Seth, farmer; P. O. No. Plato.
 Seward, C. L., farmer; P. O. No. Plato.
 Shrader, John, farmer; P. O. No. Plato.
 Shrader, William, far.; P. O. No. Plato.
 Skinner, B. O., farmer; P. O. Udina.
 Smith, G. E.
 Schueller, L., farmer; P. O. Elgin.
 Smith, Joseph, farmer; P. O. Udina.
 Seward, Levi, farmer; P. O. Udina.
 Seward, A., farmer; P. O. Udina.
 Sherwood, L., farmer; P. O. No. Plato.
 Stambach, C.
 Schlierback, Conrad, farmer; P. O. Udina.
 Sherwood, A. P., far.; P. O. No. Plato.
 Sovereign, G. P., farmer; P. O. Elgin.
THIES, F., farmer; P. O. North
 Plato.

Tucker, J. R., P. O. Elgin.

Taylor, J., P. O. Elgin.

Tucker, Chas., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Tucker, Margaret, P. O. Elgin.

Tucker, R. C., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Tucker, J. W., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

VESY, JAMES, farmer; P. O.
 Udina.

Vanostrand, H. B., farmer; P. O. Udina.

Valtz, Lewis, farmer; P. O. Udina.

WARNER, CHAS., farmer; P. O.
 North Plato.

Walker, J. N., P. O. Gray Willow.

Wilkie, Chris.

Wallace, Pat., far.; P. O. North Plato.

Wallace, Edward, far.; P. O. No. Plato.

Wilcox, A. R., far.; P. O. No. Plato.

Wardlaw, John, far.; P. O. Udina.

Wilcox, J. W., far.; P. O. North Plato.

Wilcox, O., far.; P. O. North Plato.

Werbach, Chas., farmer; P. O. Udina.

Werbach, Andrew, Sr., farmer; P. O.
 Udina.

Werbach, Andrew, Jr., farmer; P. O.
 Udina.

Walters, far.; C. P. Elgin.

Wallace, W., far.; P. O. North Plato.

Wright, E. B., far.; P. O. Blackberry.

Walker, Louisa, P. O. Gray Willow.

Walker, Eugene, P. O. Campton.

Walker, F. P., P. O. Gray Willow.

YOUNGS, S., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Youngs, Peter, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Youngs, M. C., farmer; P. O. Elgin.

Yurz, Carl, farmer; P. O. Elgin.

AURORA TOWNSHIP.

AYRES, CHARLES, carp.; P. O.
 Aurora.

Arnell, Lewis, P. O. Aurora.

Asburgh, John, P. O. Aurora.

Arkwright, Caroline, P. O. Aurora.

AURORA BEACON, is the oldest
 newspaper published in the Fox River
 Valley; it was established in 1846, by
 Frank and Myron V. Hall; a small
 weekly, printed on a sheet 22x32 inches,
 and has now grown to a semi-weekly of
 26x42 inches, and a weekly of double
 that size; it has suffered several changes

and some vicissitudes; in 1854 it was
 sold by the Halls to James W. and
 Dudley Randall, who, with the aid of
 N. S. Greenwood, Brewster & Sons, and
 Augustus Harman, continued its publi-
 cation until July, 1857, issuing also a
 daily edition during the Fremont cam-
 paign; at the last date the interests of the
Beacon and *Guardian* were consoli-
 dated into the *Republican Union*, under
 the proprietorship of Simeon Whitely
 and James W. Randall; but the affairs
 of the old *Beacon* had become so badly

involved, that Mr. Randall was obliged to withdraw his interests and materials, and place them in the hands of his creditors; in Sept., 1857, the owners of the material put it in the possession of Augustus Harman, who had been editor of the daily *Beacon*, and O. B. Knickerbocker, job printer in that office, who revived the *Beacon*, and Mr. Knickerbocker has remained with it since that time; Mr. Harman, thoroughly impregnated with prohibition and woman's rights doctrines, soon withdrew from the paper and established sheets more to his fancy; in 1859, Mr. Whitely, of the *Republican-Union*, failed, and the materials of his office was bought by George S. Bangs, who had, years before, been in the employ of the Halls, and the two interests were combined, the paper, as the *Beacon*, enlarged and the business continued in Temperance Hall block, where it now remains; the *Beacon* was the first paper to mention the name of Abraham Lincoln in connection with the Presidency, and after his accession to power, he made Mr. Bangs Postmaster at Aurora; in 1866, the *Beacon* disagreed with Mr. Johnson and his policy, and Mr. Bangs desiring to retain the post office, sold his interests to Mr. J. H. Hodder, who had been connected with the mechanical department of the paper much of the time since 1854; the firm then formed, Knickerbocker & Hodder, still own and conduct the paper; during the first years of its publication, the *Beacon* was somewhat anomalous of its political character—one page being devoted to Democratic principles, under control of B. Frank Hall, and the other to Whig teachings, according to the views of Myron V. Hall; it afterward passed under the direct control of Myron Hall, and was Whig in principle, until after the Bloomington Convention; it placed itself square upon Republican principles as enunciated by the platform put forth by that patriotic body; since that time it has remained unswervingly and consistently Republican.

Messrs. K. & H. have, in connection with the paper, one of the largest and best appointed book and job printing establishments in the State (out of

Chicago), and a complete bindery and blank book manufactory, being the only one in the south end of the county. The History of the 36th Ill. Vols., History of Du Page County, and the History of Kendall County, are among the productions of the past year. The facilities of the *Beacon* establishment are perfect in every detail, and the proprietors expend their personal efforts to bring all their work up to the highest standard of excellence.

Oscar B. Knickerbocker was born in Rhinebeck, Dutchess Co., N. Y., in 1837. Passed his younger school days in the public schools of Albany, N. Y. In 1849 removed with his father's family to Lansingburg, N. Y., where in 1851, he commenced to learn the trade of printing in the Democrat office, under Old Hunker Democratic influences. He gained further knowledge of printing in the office of the Albany *Evening Journal*, while Thurlow Weed was its editor, and George Dawson and Fred. Seward assistants. In 1855, he came West, worked a little time upon his father's farm near Earlville in this State. In the Summer and Winter of 1856, he taught the village school in Earlville. In the Spring of 1857 he came to Aurora, secured a situation with the Messrs. Randall, and on the day of the first municipal election became a resident of the city. His history since that time has been simply close attention to the interests of the *Beacon*. He was, in 1870-1, one of the Secretaries of the Illinois State Senate.

John H. Hodder was born in Bridport, Dorsetshire, England, where he learned the printing and book binding business; serving a regular five years' apprenticeship. He landed in New York in 1853, at the age of eighteen, having no intention of remaining in this country but a short time; worked at his trade in New York City for several months, when, taking the Western fever, he came to Chicago in 1854, and from thence to Aurora, where he engaged to work for the Randalls at the time of their purchase of the *Beacon* from the Halls. Shortly after, he established in Aurora the first book bindery in the Fox River Valley, which subsequently became connected with the *Beacon*. He was for

many years foreman and job printer of the *Beacon* office, and accomplished more toward the advancement in Aurora, of "the Art Preservative of all Arts," than any other member of the craft.

Artis, Clinton, upholsterer; P. O. Aurora.
 Ashford, Pat., boiler mkr.; P. O. Aurora.
 Ashford, John, Sr., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Ashford, John, Jr., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Annis, F. M., attorney; P. O. Aurora.
 Adams, C. C., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Adams, Hiram, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Anthony, W., traveler; P. O. Aurora.
 Anderson, A., tailor; P. O. Aurora.

AURORA GAS LIGHT CO.;

located on S. River st., near the West Depot of the C., B. & Q. R. R.; this Co. manufactures all the gas used for lighting purposes in the city; charter first granted to I. W. Buck, Wm. H. Hawkins and others, in 1861, and they held it until 1868, and transferred it to the present Co.; they manufacture from coal, and the gas is of a superior quality; Mr. Copley has been a resident of Aurora since 1868; born in Delaware Co., N. Y., in 1825; Major Whiting is a partner and brother-in-law, and was a Paymaster during the war; after the war had his headquarters at Detroit, Mich.; was made a Colonel; Mr. W. is a liberal, enterprising man; his brother was also a soldier, enlisting in Co. G, 89th R. R. Reg.; he was a fine officer, and in every important battle of the war; taken prisoner at Chattanooga, and sent to Libby Prison; after his release, he was made a Captain; he fell at the battle of Chickamauga; it is said of him that no braver man ever entered the field.

Alden, Thomas, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

ATWOOD, C. B., Sec. 32; P. O. Montgomery; born in N. Y., Nov. 12, 1839. He married Miss Cynthia M. Bennett; she was born in New York; had four children; she died May 6, 1873; second wife, Miss Moriah C. Smith; she was born in N. Y.; no children; lived in N. Y. 16 years, then came to Geneva, then to Kendall Co., lived there 12 years, then to Kaneville, then back to Kendall Co., then to Montgomery, in 1875, and has lived here since; has been School Director.

Andrus, J. M., marble works; P. O. Aurora.

Allaire, P. A., physician; P. O. Aurora.

Anning, C., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Angel, David, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Angel, Charles, P. O. Aurora.

Ayers, J. C., far.; P. O. Montgomery.

Adams, Elisha, lab.; P. O. Montgomery.

Aucut, Gustavus, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Armstrong, Mrs. Ann, P. O. Aurora.

Andrews, John, mail agt.; P. O. Aurora.

Allen, Wm., lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Anderson, J. M., P. O. Aurora.

Allen, Mrs. E. J., P. O. Aurora.

Allen, E. C., mfr. sash, doors, etc.; P. O. Aurora.

Allen, R. C., salesman; P. O. Aurora.

Allen, L. J., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

ALLEN & CORSAIR, proprietors of the sash, door and blind manufactory, Aurora. This is the leading manufactory of the kind in Aurora. This factory first commenced business in 1870, under the firm name of Allen & Dyke; the present proprietors, Edward C. Allen (son of the Hon. E. R. Allen), was born in Aurora, in 1849, and is possessed of rare business qualifications; and David Corsair, a native of Scotland, and one of the most practical of manufacturers. They make a specialty of ordered work, give estimates on all kinds of work usually done in sash factories, and guarantee all work as represented; their conveniences for shipping are unsurpassed, as they have a side track adjoining the works; they employ from eighteen to twenty men, and find sales for their goods in the States of Illinois, and Iowa. This firm is composed of two of the rising manufacturers who hold a high place in the estimation of the citizens of Kane Co., for their geniality, sociability and business qualities.

Allen, Mrs. S. T., P. O. Aurora.

Ames, E., contractor; P. O. Aurora.

Alexander, Geo., train master C., B. & Q. and C. & I. R. R.; P. O. Aurora.

Alexander, E. M., clerk; Aurora.

Assell, B., mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Adams, C. H., Justice Peace; P. O. Aurora.

Arcouet, C., phot.; P. O. Aurora.

Abens, Nicholas, mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Abens, Stephen, saloon; P. O. Aurora.

Arnes, Fred, mer.; P. O. Aurora.

ALLEN, E. R., P. O. Aurora; was born in Courtland Co., N.Y., in 1819; he left his native home when fifteen years old for Lockport, N. Y., where he remained about fourteen years; thence emigrated and went to Illinois in 1839, via canal and lake on the steamer Illinois; first settled in Chicago and was in the drug business for two years. In 1841, with the inducement of Geo. E. Peck, he came to Aurora, and commenced partnership with that gentleman, firm Peck & Allen. Then he entered the grocery business and continued until 1849; he built a warehouse and commenced the grain and coal business in 1851; he was appointed Postmaster of Aurora, by President Jas. K. Polk, being the second Postmaster of Aurora; was city Alderman in 1859, '60, '61, '71, '72, '73; was Mayor in 1860; Senator from the 2d District in 1861 and '62 at the breaking out of the late war; was President of the Board of Education for several years; all of these were offices of trust, in each of which he has acquitted himself in a very creditable and efficient manner. He has always taken an active part in promoting the various interests of the city, and to this end has spent much money and time. His father, Edward Allen, is a native of Mass.

Avery Isaac, lumber inspector; P. O. Aurora.

Albert, Peter, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Andrews, Jno., barber; P. O. Aurora.

Austin, A. T. D., P. O. Aurora.

Alschuler, Jacob, Sr., salesman; P. O. Aurora.

ALLEN, WM. B., U. S. Internal Revenue Collector; born in New York in 1821, remaining there until 1849; then emigrating West to Kane Co.; commenced in the drug and book store business 1849, which business he continued in until 1851, thence in the warehouse business with his brother until 1867; was appointed U. S. Collector in 1867 under President Johnson; in Jan., 1876, the Second and Sixth Districts consolidated; then re-appointed by President Grant. He has creditably filled many offices of public trust; in 1858 was elected Mayor of the city of Aurora—the second Mayor of Aurora.

Alschuler, Jacob, Jr., P. O. Aurora.

Ashling, Thos., salesman; P. O. Aurora.

Ayres, C. G., carp.; P. O. Aurora.

Ansley, Ira, P. O. Aurora.

Arnson, Thos., P. O. Aurora.

Abel, Chris., mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Abel, Chas., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Abell, Jas., expressman; P. O. Aurora.

Aldringer, Jno., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Aldringer, Jacob, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Aldringer, Theo., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Anson, Leonard.

ANGELL, LORENZO, born in New Hampshire Sept. 9, 1817; son of David and Deborah Angell; his father was a farmer, and also kept a hotel at Sunapee, Sullivan Co.; here young A. grew to manhood; received a good education for those days; at 11 years of age his father died; on becoming of age, he carried on the hotel heretofore mentioned; in 1835 he married Charlotte Twiss at Sunapee; they lived together twelve years, when his wife passed peacefully away; in 1849 he was married to Mary Jane Twiss, sister of his first wife; in 1853 he came to Chicago, Ill., and, not liking the looks of the place, went East; but he again came to the West the following year, and located at Aurora and bought 252 acres of land; he had very little capital, but plenty of clear Yankee grit, and in time had as fine a farm as could be found, for the size, in the county; in June, 1877, he died, and was laid to rest in the beautiful West Side Cemetery; thus passed away a man of sterling worth and industry; the children by the first marriage were David, Charles and Amanda; by the second, Myron; after the death of Mr. A., his estate became divided up, Charles having 80, David 90 and his wife the remainder.

ANNING, CHAS., dry goods; it is now nearly nine years since Mr. Anning began business in Aurora; on a strictly cash basis his trade is not restricted to one manufacturer or importer, but has the range of the whole market; commencing small, relying on twenty years' experience in the leading houses of London and America, establishing as a motto never to be undersold, coupled with one price and a study to please, he has built up a trade on a solid foundation.

BEVIER, W. E., tinner; P. O. Aurora.

Bevier, W. B., express messenger; P. O. Aurora.

Brown, Mrs. A. R., P. O. Aurora.

Brown, Roger, infr. wagons, etc.; P. O. Aurora.

Brown, Mrs. E. L., millinery; P. O. Aurora.

Brown, S. W., attorney; P. O. Aurora.

Brown, Frank.

Breed, James, car repairer; P. O. Aurora.

Breed, Abel, prop. stone works; P. O. Aurora.

Breese, G. S., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Breese, H. V., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Baker, George, merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Brown, E. L., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

BALDWIN, L., merchant (firm of W. Lawrence & Co.); was born in Susquehanna Co., Pa., April 4, 1824; son of Samuel and Betsey Baldwin, who were natives of Conn., and who moved from the Mohawk Valley to the State of Pa. more than a half century ago; young Baldwin received an academical education at Montrose; his father was a farmer, and he remained with him until he came West, in the Spring of 1848; passing through Chicago, he located at Aurora, and entered the employ of Geo. McCollum, piano, carriage and wagon manufacturer, of Aurora; worked for him five years, and then bought out R. C. Anderson without a dollar of capital, and at the time was receiving \$1 a day; in six months he cleared \$2,000; at this date, was elected Justice of the Peace and served 12 years; also officiated as Town Clerk, Insurance Agent and Dep. P. M.; in 1864, became partner of D. Volentine and Wm. Lawrence, for the sale of dry goods, &c.

BURTON, PIERCE, of the firm of Pierce Burton & Co., publishers of the *Aurora Herald*; he was born in Norwich, Vt., Dec. 24, 1834, to William Smith and Nancy Russel Burton; his father died when he was 8 years of age, and at the age of 10 he removed with his mother to Republic, Seneca Co., Ohio; when 16 years old he taught school in Logan Co., Ohio, during the Winter, working on a farm Summers; at 18, he was employed in the railroad

freight and ticket office and grain warehouse at Republic, where he learned telegraphing; at 20 years of age, he visited friends in Massachusetts, where he was employed as assistant electrician to Henry M. Paine, of Worcester, who was then engaged in electrical experiments in producing gas from water and in constructing an electro magnetic motor; after that failed, he served as telegraph operator for a year; then he went to Anderson, Ind., then the northern terminus of the Cincinnati & Chicago Air Line Railroad, as station agent for that company, where he remained six years. In 1860, he was married to Miss Nellie G. Lapham, of South Adams, Mass., who died three years afterward; their only child, Charles Pierce, was born in Anderson, Ind., March 7, 1862. Mr. B. then returned to Massachusetts for a short time, then went to Demopolis, Alabama, intending to run a cotton plantation, but was made agent for the Freedmen's Bureau. While in that capacity he wrote a letter to the Springfield (Mass.) *Republican*, giving an account of the working of the tax on cotton upon the fortunes of the freedmen, which was widely copied and caused his discharge from the Bureau, and, getting into Congress, hastened the repeal of the tax; he was afterward employed as Registrar over two counties, under the Reconstruction Acts, and while away from home attending to this duty, was elected, in his own county, Marengo, as Delegate to the State Constitutional Convention; while serving in that capacity, was nominated as Representative in the Legislature, to which position he was elected, and served as Chairman of the Committee on Finance, and afterward on that of Ways and Means; while in that body, he became noted for his vigorous opposition to the railroad bond steals, which were being pushed through the Legislature, and saved the State several millions of dollars. In 1868, he commenced the publication of the *Southern Republican* in Demopolis. In 1870, he was nominated as the Republican candidate for Lieutenant Governor; the ticket was defeated by less than 2,000 votes through a peculiar system of "counting" known only in the South. Finding publishing

a Republican newspaper in Alabama extremely unpleasant, as well as unprofitable. he sold out in 1871, and settled in Aurora in December of that year, purchasing the *Aurora Herald*, with which paper he is at present connected. In December, 1873, he was married to Miss Maria A. Sibley, of Athol, Mass., by whom he has had two children.

BUNNELL, A. D., firm of Phillips Bros. & Co.; was born in Litchfield Co., Conn., Nov. 16, 1817; became associated in business with Phillips Bros. in 1864; this house is well and favorably known as one of the leading grocery houses of Aurora; Mr. B. has held numerous offices in the East; was member 2d Vol. Inf., and member Legislature from Conn.; married Miss Phillips at Litchfield; one child—Lyman P.

Baker, James, tinuer; P. O. Aurora.

Baker, G. W., mechanic; P. O. Aurora.

BROWN, PETER, retired farmer; was born in Rensselaer Co., N. Y., Feb. 4, 1789; he acquired his education as best he could; at the age of twenty-one, he began life as a farmer at Nassau; in 1836, he moved to Chatham, Columbia Co., and from thence to Salem, Washington Co.; while in Nassau, he had been in the mercantile business; in 1865, he came West, to Illinois, and settled in Aurora as a farmer; he accumulated a nice property; he is now nearly ninety years of age and still vigorous for a man of his age; his first wife was Miss T. Green; they were married at Nassau, N. Y., in 1811; she died in 1815; his second wife was Mrs. Polly Slyter, who died in 1852; in 1853, he was again united in wedlock to Mrs. Groot of Salem, who is still living.

Baker, C. M., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Bonte, Philip, brewer; P. O. Aurora.

Billings, John, tree grafter; P. O. Aurora.

Billing, Wm., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Billing, James, gardener; P. O. Aurora.

Butler, Mrs. Nancy, P. O. Aurora.

Brennan, Thos., boiler mkr.; P. O. Aurora.

Ballard, Joseph, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Battle, E. P., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Battle, J. W., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Barnes, W. B., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Beers, Jas. T., agent; P. O. Aurora.

Bristol, Hiram, P. O. Aurora.

Buck, Mrs. G. F., P. O. Aurora.

BLACKMORE & REED, carriage manufacturing, blacksmithing and general jobbing; this is one of the old established houses of Aurora, the business dating back to 1861, when the firm was Blackmore & Russell; they continued in business but a short time; at the breaking out of the war Mr. Blackmore entered the army, entering in Co. E, 124th Ill. Infantry, at Aurora for three years; participated in the battles of Vicksburg, Spanish Fort, Champion Hills, etc., etc.; he was honorably discharged at Vicksburg; returned to Aurora and started in business with W. E. Carpenter in 1875; D. B. Jackson became a member, but shortly after started in business for himself; since 1875 Mr. Reed became a partner; he is a skilled workman, and was a Supt. in Geo. McCollum's shop for a number of years. Mr. B. was born at Eastport, Maine, April 25, 1827, and in his seventeenth year, was apprenticed to the Carriage Manufacturing Co. of Geo. W. Bailey.

Buffer, Peter, salesman; P. O. Aurora.

Blair, Jno., sheet iron wkr.; P. O. Aurora.

Blair, Miss M. A., millinery; P. O. Aurora.

Blair, Miss L., millinery; P. O. Aurora.

BROWN, BYRON (Lake & Brown), mfrs. and dlrs. in boots and shoes; born in Rensselaer Co., N. Y., in March, 1826; his father was a farmer in good circumstances for those days; here he received a good education, and, when 19 years of age, was apprenticed to Daniel Davis, a carpenter; worked for him five years, and became a skillful workman; in 1856, formed a partnership with F. L. Barton, who carried on a general merchandise business; this became a leading house at a time when the stringency of the money market was being felt; came to Aurora, Ill., in 1865, and went into the lumber trade; the firm was composed of D. Valentine, W. Lawrence, D. W. C. Brown (a brother) and himself; continued in it three years, and then became partner of D. W. Simpson, boot and shoe dlr.; they did a fine trade, both partners being energetic men. D. G. Lake, his present partner, is a wealthy and prominent man.

Bisbey, B., Empire House; P. O. Aurora.
 Barker, Al., painter; P. O. Aurora.
 Brundage, C. F., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Branch, Hiram, P. O. Aurora.
 Burr, Mrs. S. M., P. O. Aurora.
 Bellon, J., saloon; P. O. Aurora.
 Burgen, L., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

BRONSON, EDWIN H., Baptist minister; son of Rev. W. A. Bronson; born at Dexter, Mich., Sept. 14, 1847; in early life, his parents moved to New York; when 10 years old, his father died, and, shortly after, the family moved to New Jersey; the preliminary education of young Bronson was received at Hamilton, N. Y.; this was the preparatory course to entering the Madison University, which he entered in 1869, graduating in 1873, and receiving the degree of Bachelor of Arts; in 1876, received the degree of Master of Arts; after graduation, became Gen. Supt. of Bible work in connection with the Connecticut State Baptist Convention; Jan. 21, 1875, was ordained to the work of the ministry, and entered on pastoral duties first at Haddam, Conn.; in June, 1877, became Pastor of the First Baptist Church, in the city of Aurora. Rev. W. A. Bronson, father of Edwin, was born in Oneida Co., N. Y., Sept. 3, 1808; in 1830, entered Hamilton Literary and Theological Institute; married in July 1833; he was a man of talent and intellect; died Mar. 14, 1858, leaving a widow and eight children. When the war came on, three brothers of Edwin entered the army—W. A. enlisted in the 127th N. Y., in 1862, and was disd. for disability; Geo. enlisted in the 37th N. J. Vols., in 1864, and died at Point of Rocks; James D. took camp fever at Point of Rocks, and, returning home, died four weeks after.

Bates, T. S., salesman; P. O. Aurora.
 Burlingame, S. A., baggage master; P. O. Aurora.
 Beede, J. Cone, P. O. Aurora.
 Beaupre, Wm S., Dep. U. S. Internal Revenue Collector; P. O. Aurora.
 Blasey, Margaret, P. O. Aurora.
 Benson, P. G., Alderman; P. O. Aurora.
 Bowron, Thos. D., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Bowron, Clara, P. O. Aurora.
 Bryan, H. S., M. M. C. & I. Railroad.
 Butzen, John, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

BAKER, LEONIDAS Z., far.; P. O. Aurora; was born in Washington Co., N. Y., Dec. 24, 1817; when 8 years old, his father disposed of his farm, and moved to Cortland Co.; Leonidas remained on the old homestead until 1844; he acquired a good common school education through his own efforts, and at 17 years of age commenced teaching in the district school, and taught for seven years; in 1841, he started in the mercantile business, and was very successful; in 1843, he married Miss Nancy M. Emmons, at Lafayette, Onondaga Co., N. Y.; in the Spring of 1844, he came to Illinois, starting on the 23d of May, and reaching Chicago on the 23d of June; they located three miles west of Aurora; here he bought 160 acres; for twenty years he followed farming; the first were years of hardship and toil, but time brought him a competence; Mr. Baker was never a politician, and never ran for office; he was a member of the Church of Christ, and a truly Christian man; in 1865, he went to Minnesota for his health; he returned in 1867, and became bookkeeper for F. B. Rice, a hardware merchant; he continued in his employ three and a half years; for many years he suffered with hay asthma, and in 1870 was attacked with typhoid pneumonia, which resulted fatally, and after a short illness he was laid at rest in the beautiful Cemetery of Spring Lake; thus passed away a man whom all respected; six children were born, of whom two are living—Alice C. and Albert G.

BOLSTER, MRS. S. A., born in Herkimer Co., N. Y., Nov., 1826; in 1836, in company with her parents, she moved to Chenango Co., N. Y.; in 1839, she married Alva Bolster, and they moved to Illinois the same year, settling at Sugar Grove Township, Kane Co.; bought 80 acres in 1849; in 1856, bought 126 acres; renting this property, he continued his trade of wagon maker; removed to Lodi in 1858, and to De Kalb Co. in 1866; in 1875, she was divorced from her husband; she owns a house and lot in De Kalb Co., and makes it her home there.
 Badry, Peter, blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.

BRADY, LORENZO D., is a descendant from the earliest American settlers; was born Jan. 19, 1810, in Westchester Co., N. Y.; his parents were John B. and Lydia C. (Kipp) Brady; at the age of 12 they removed to New York city to live; here Mr. B. obtained a situation at a grocery store, as clerk, remaining for six years in that position; having saved enough money, he commenced business for himself in a small way, which he carried on until 1837, when he emigrated West and settled in Big Rock, Kane Co., Ill., where he was engaged in farming for two years; from there to Little Rock where he was engaged in the general mercantile business until 1848, at which time he was elected a member of the Legislature. One of the leading questions agitating the country then was the acquisition of additional slave territory, to which measure he was conscientiously and firmly opposed. During his term in the Legislature, an election was held for United States Senator, and Mr. B. recorded the first and only vote cast that session in favor of a Free-Soil candidate. Mr. B. is the author of a charter for a railroad from Aurora to Turner Junction to connect with the Chicago and Galena line, now a branch of the Chicago & Northwestern R. R.; he afterwards assisted to complete and equip said road. In the meantime, in the year 1848, he removed to Aurora and commenced the mercantile business in partnership with the Hon. E. R. Allen, and afterward as warehousemen under the firm name of Brady & Allen. In 1862 he was one of the firm of Brady, Hawkins & Allen in the banking business until the same was merged into the First National Bank of Aurora, which he assisted to establish; he was President of the Aurora Fire Insurance Company, which company was ruined by the great Chicago fire in 1871. Of the late rebellion he contributed liberally of his means; was the first to suggest a monument in Aurora in honor of its defenders; is President of the Aurora Monument Association, the building now nearly completed at a cost of \$10,000; was one of the first to suggest the establishment of free schools in

Aurora. For the interest he has manifested in free schools, the Brady School, one of the public schools of the city, was named after him. He was twice married—in 1836 to S. B. Fowler, who died in 1844, and in the following year was married to Caroline Kennon, of Plattsburgh, N. Y., by whom he has one son and four daughters living.

Blakesly, Ed. N., conductor C. B. & Q. Railroad; P. O. Aurora.

Black, L. O., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Bailey, David, train dispatcher; P. O. Aurora.

Bean, J. S., carp.; P. O. Aurora.

Bugbee, C. S., carriage trimmer; P. O. Aurora.

Brummel, W., car repairer; P. O. Aurora.

Benedict, Lewis, minister; P. O. Aurora.

Berry, T. E., carp.; P. O. Aurora.

BRIGHAM, LEONARD R., M. D.; P. O. Aurora; was born July 11, 1819, in Lake Co., Ohio; he is the son of Jonathan and Melinda (Davenport) Brigham, and received his education at Farmington Institute of Ohio; he began the study of medicine in 1839, and the practice of it, in Thompson, Ohio, in 1843; in 1844, he married Eliza S. Fancher, of Auburn, N. Y.; from 1847 to 1850 he continued his practice at Painsville, Ohio; since then he has gained a wide reputation in Canada and the Western States as a popular lecturer on anatomy, physiology, hygiene and kindred subjects; he came to Aurora in 1860, and commenced the practice of medicine; he receives a large first-class practice, being a gentleman of acknowledged ability, and well educated in the medical profession.

Bigger, John, carp.; P. O. Aurora.

Bigler, Nick, machinist; P. O. Aurora.

Bowen, C., carp.; P. O. Aurora.

Battersoll, Jacob, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Bunker, Frank, shoemkr.; P. O. Aurora.

Burke, Martin, car repairer; P. O. Aurora.

Brugger, Matt, saloon; P. O. Aurora.

Bower, George, P. O. Aurora.

Bauer, A., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Bauer, Mrs. C., P. O. Aurora.

Bauer, Eisen J. M., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Brooks, Levi, moulder; P. O. Aurora.

Brooks, Wm., barber; P. O. Aurora.

Beard, Jason, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Baumann, Chris., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

BUSHEE, ABNER, prop. Fitch House, Aurora; P. O. Aurora; he was born in Mass. in 1828; he came to Aurora in 1861, and commenced the ambrotype business, which he continued for two years; he then commenced the hotel business, first as proprietor of the Wilder House, Aurora; since he has been engaged in conducting, at Richmond, Ill., the Richmond House; Aurora House, of Aurora; Everett House, Chicago, and the Clifton House, West Liberty, Iowa; he is to-day one of the most experienced landlords in Illinois, having hotel experience of fifteen years; since taking possession of the hotel he has suggested many improvements which his thorough knowledge of a convenient hotel demanded, all of which have been carried out; and now the Fitch House may lay claim to be one of the best of any in a city the size of Aurora; the landlord has spared no pains or expense in making it one of the hotels which should give satisfaction to the traveling public, and induce those once domiciling under its roof to return when occasion required, and to speak of it as it really deserves.

BROWN & SOUTHWORTH, attorneys at law; P. O. Aurora. The above named gentlemen are among the most prominent and thoroughly educated attorneys of this vicinity; they commenced a partnership in 1872; S. W. Brown, the senior member, is one of the oldest attorneys of Kane County, and, probably, he is one of the best known lawyers in this county, whose ability and knowledge of law is of a high order; M. O. Southworth was born in La Salle Co., Ill., in April, 1842; having received a full collegiate course at the Beloit College, of Beloit, Wis., he entered the law department of the Michigan University, at Ann Arbor, and graduated in 1870; he then came to Aurora and commenced the practice of law; was elected City Attorney of Aurora two terms (1874 and 1875), which office he creditably filled.

Bolton, Joseph, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Beardsly, E. C., general agent; P. O. Aurora.

Bradley, E. A., Cashier First National Bank; P. O. Aurora.

Byron, Wm., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Brown, A. M., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

BE VIER, ISAAC T., druggist; was born in New York in 1818, remaining there until he was 14 years of age; thence to Elmira, N. Y., where he was engaged in farming and in the tailoring business until 1844, which year, in company with his family, he emigrated to Illinois and settled in Aurora; commenced the tailoring business the year he came to Aurora, which business he followed until 1852; at one time he had in his employ Mr. Wm. McMicken; afterward they formed a partnership in the merchant tailoring business; from 1850 to 1856 he was Deputy Sheriff of Kane Co., under Sheriff L. Dearborn, N. B. Spaulding and L. P. Barker; Mr. Be Vier commenced the drug business in 1856, which business he has been in ever since; is the oldest druggist in Aurora; has held various public offices, among which that of East Side Street Commissioner, and is now filling his second term as Highway Commissioner. He has always taken an active part in the legitimate enterprises that tended to add to the prosperity of Aurora. When Mr. Be Vier first came to Aurora, he was in very poor circumstances, but, with industry and hard labor, he ranks among the leading merchants of Aurora; his son, John E., was in the late war, did good service and was honorably discharged, and is now living in Dubuque, Iowa, in charge of the C., D. & M. R. Car Shops; William is messenger on the C. A. & St. Louis R.

Brimmyer, Jno. A., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Battendorff, A., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Beaver, John, cabinet maker; P. O. Aurora.

Bock, Henry, car repairer; P. O. Aurora.

Bartholomew, G. W., pattern maker; P. O. Aurora.

Barry, Charles, engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Barrett, C. C., lumber mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Berrett, W. H., blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.

Barnet, Thomas, moulder; P. O. Aurora.

Bartolott, Philip, P. O. Aurora.

Barth, Chris., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Barth, Jacob, painter; P. O. Aurora.

Barber, S. P., machinist; P. O. Aurora.

Bristol, George, P. O. Aurora.

Bagg, Mrs. F. L., P. O. Aurora.

BRUCE, M. R., merchant tailor, No. 21 Main st., Aurora; born in Scotland in 1821; lived there until 1846; then came to the United States and settled in Aurora, and engaged in merchant tailoring; was the first in the cloth business in the city, and has been identified with the business since, in Aurora and Chicago; in 1851, he married Miss Euphenia Parker; she was born in Canada; they had nine children, seven living—Maggie, teacher in West Side schools; Mary A., teacher in State Normal School, Terre Haute, Ind.; John, in commercial business, at Chicago; Ida, teaching Hebrew and Greek at Cornell University; Euphenia, teaching music; Jennie, teaching in City High Schools; Edward M., with his father; all his children are graduates of the Aurora High Schools, but one, the youngest; in a law suit against the city, Mr. Bruce, after twenty-two days' trial, beat and put the Mayor, Street Commissioners, etc., in jail, and it was the means of making him Alderman from his ward.

BEILER, JOHN, wagon manufacturer and livery stable; P. O. Aurora; was born in Germany, in 1840; emigrated to America in 1857, and came West and settled in Aurora the same year; Mr. Beiler commenced his career in life by laboring; was at one time a laborer on a steamer, running on the Mississippi, Ohio and Tennessee Rivers; It was on the Tennessee River that a bale of cotton fell on him and crippled him for life, but, by industrious habits and close attention to business, has succeeded in building up a large business; he keeps forty head of stock, and from fifty to seventy-five vehicles of different kinds; in his wagon and carriage works, he employs twelve hands, and turns out all kinds of wagons, carriages and sleighs manufactured; Mr. Beiler, when he first came to Aurora, was in very poor circumstances, but, with industry, hard labor and good management, is to-day one of the successful men of Aurora.

Beck, Theodore, C. B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora.

Butler, Mrs. E., P. O. Aurora.

Backhouse, Francis, shoemaker; P. O. Aurora.

Bishop, W. W., Alderman; P. O. Aurora.

Bishop, J. R., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Brown, Mrs. Jennie, P. O. Aurora.

Bates, Chas., butcher; P. O. Aurora.

Biver, Nich., 1st., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Biver, Dominick, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Blair, J. L., sheet iron worker; P. O. Aurora.

Beers, J. T., machinist; P. O. Aurora.

Brown, Horace, engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Brown, Roger, wagons, etc.; P. O. Aurora.

Breed, J. M., car repairer; P. O. Aurora.

Braker, S. P., P. O. Aurora.

Brayton, Chas., P. O. Aurora.

Bowen, Cyrus, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Burley, Isabel, engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Burkhart, J. F., C. B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora.

Beaver, Jane, P. O. Aurora.

Brady, Mary, P. O. Aurora.

Brogan, James, trackman; P. O. Aurora.

Beyer, Mary, P. O. Aurora.

Burkhart, Leonard, capitalist; P. O. Aurora.

Bentz, Mat., C. B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora.

Baumann, August, saloon; P. O. Aurora.

Bailey, Mrs. Fred, P. O. Aurora.

Bailey, Henry, teamster; P. O. Aurora.

Barthenclay, M. A., C. B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora.

Brooks, W. L., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Britton, T. T., P. O. Aurora.

Bershte, Michael, lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Batterman, Henry, lab.; P. O. Aurora.

BARTLETT, DR. F. L., Mayor of the city of Aurora; was born in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., in 1843; thence to Maine; thence to Chicago, remaining there until 1850; came to Kane Co. in 1851; received a thorough education both in law and medicine, being a graduate in the law department in the Michigan University at Ann Arbor in 1856; also graduated in the Homœopathic Medical College of Missouri at St. Louis, in 1868; was nominated and placed on the Republican ticket for Mayor of the city of Aurora, in March, 1877, receiving an overwhelming majority of about 1,400 votes over his opponent; has also held the offices of City Physician and member of the Board of Education, which offices he has held faithfully for the people of Aurora.

Brecker, Nick., lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Billen, Peter, far.; P. O. Aurora.

Billen, Wm., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Berenger, Jno., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Billen, N., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Beverley, Mrs. M., P. O. Aurora.

Baker, Jos., carp.; P. O. Aurora.

BABCOCK, DOUGLAS, Sec. 8; farmer; P. O. Aurora; was born in Knox Co., Ill., in 1841; is the son of Linus and Eophrasia Douglas Babcock; he remained in Knox Co. until 1843 with his parents; came to Kane Co. and settled on the place he now lives on. Mr. Babcock has held several offices of public trust; is School Director, which office he has held for the last twelve years. Married in 1869 to Miss Ellen Harris, of New Jersey, born in 1849; one child—Laura E., born April 23, 1875. His brother, Andrew J., born in New York in 1837; enlisted in the late war, Lead Mine Regt., for three years; participated in the battle of Ft. Donelson; took sick, and died with fever in 1863; his remains were brought home and buried at West Aurora Cemetery.

Brannon, P., lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Breed, Abel, stone works; P. O. Aurora.

Biltgen, Mat., lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Bendenberger, N., lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Berner, Jno., P. O. Aurora.

Binder, Jacob, butcher; P. O. Aurora.

Bock, Henry, car repairer; P. O. Aurora.

Baker, A. L., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Belting, A., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Blassey, Charles, saloon; P. O. Aurora.

Barchide, Jacob, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Breen, Dennis, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Barthey, F., gen. agt. gas works; P. O. Aurora.

Beck, Henry, blacksmith, C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora.

Beard, Joseph, machinist; P. O. Aurora.

Barrett, Thos., moulder; P. O. Aurora.

Brennan, John, engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Briggs, T. P., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Baker, Mrs. A. B., P. O. Aurora.

Buck, I. A. W., U. S. Rev. Office; P. O. Aurora.

Blackman, B., teamster; P. O. Aurora.

Bellows, Jacob, saloon; P. O. Aurora.

Beane, John, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Burns, James, tank C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora.

Breese, G. S., teamster; P. O. Aurora.

Battersoll, Peter, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Burley, Wm., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Brown, D. C., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Barrett, G. L., machinist; P. O. Aurora.

Battersoll, Leon, laborer, P. O. Aurora.

Bowers, Mrs., P. O. Elgin.

Bunnan, Jno. B., watchman; P. O. Aurora.

Bowers, E. C., trav. agt.; P. O. Aurora.

Ballard, L. W., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Burlen, J. E., P. O. Aurora.

Brown, Alvia, P. O. Aurora.

Buck, Ellen, P. O. Aurora.

Barker, A. W., mach.; P. O. Aurora.

Burk, Delia, P. O. Aurora.

Brown, D. W. C., clerk; P. O. Aurora.

Brigham, L. R., physician; P. O. Aurora.

Beaupre, W. S., Deputy U. S. Int. Rev. Coll.; P. O. Aurora.

Bailey, David D., train dispatcher; P. O. Aurora.

Berchide, John, C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora.

Butsen, John, C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora.

Bassett, Eli, painter; P. O. Aurora.

Baldrige, M. N., P. O. Aurora.

Bloss, Bertha, P. O. Aurora.

Bloss, Henry, P. O. Aurora.

Bloss, Fred, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Baker, C. F., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Boots, J., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Brooks, Perry, whitewasher; P. O. Aurora.

Boyer, Stephen, C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora.

Burns, Maria, P. O. Aurora.

Blonguist, John, P. O. Aurora.

Bell, Samuel, whitewasher; P. O. Aurora.

Barrett, Orinda, P. O. Aurora.

Bargen, M., P. O. Aurora.

Benedict, W., C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora.

Baulton, W., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Beeler, Mary, P. O. Aurora.

Brown, Emma, P. O. Aurora.

Briggs, Mary, P. O. Aurora.

Baker, Mary A., P. O. Aurora.

Breese, Mrs. C. M., P. O. Aurora.

Baldwin, Mrs. L., P. O. Aurora.

Belden, Mrs. Fanny, P. O. Aurora.

Breise, Mrs. J. J., P. O. Aurora.

Burnham, E. L., C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora.

Brown, Roger, mfr.; P. O. Aurora.

Blackmore, J. H., mfr.; P. O. Aurora.

Barker, E., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Bally, Henrietta, P. O. Aurora.

Blakeslee, L. W., general trader; P. O. Aurora.

Bowen, E. L., P. O. Aurora.

Boyle, Mary, P. O. Aurora.

Boyle, Michael, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Bruce, Mary, P. O. Aurora.

Blauen, A., P. O. Aurora.

Behr, F. A., P. O. Aurora.

Brown, Robert, P. O. Aurora.

Battendorf, Henry, far.; P. O. Aurora.

Barclay, Frank, P. O. Aurora.

Bradley, E. D., P. O. Aurora.

Belden, Ira, P. O. Aurora.

Berringer, Mrs. H. A., P. O. Aurora.

Boug, Andrew, blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.

Bunnell, O. M., P. O. Aurora.

Bunnell, A. D., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Burnell, K. A., P. O. Aurora.

Blakeslee, L. W., mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Bartlett, A. R., physician; P. O. Aurora.

Bishop, W. W., Alderman; P. O. Aurora.

Bishop, J. B., horse buyer; P. O. Aurora.

Baumann, Aug., lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Babcock, Mrs. M. T., P. O. Aurora.

Benton, Chas., blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.

Baldwin, L., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Baldwin, Mary A., P. O. Aurora.

Bishop, J. R., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Behr, V. X., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Babcock, O. L., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Banker, Conrad, far.; P. O. Aurora.

Budlong, C. A., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Brace, Edwin, P. O. Montgomery.

Breese, L. C., far.; P. O. Montgomery.

Barckley, Green, carp.; P. O. Aurora.

Benedict A. F., painter; P. O. Aurora.

Babcock, Voughten, P. O. Aurora.

Brownell, J. H., cheese factory; P. O. North Aurora.

Bowler, S. B., mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Baker, E. P. O. Aurora.

Baker, S., P. O. Aurora.

Banker, Frank, far.; P. O. Aurora.

Blackmore, J. H., mfr.; P. O. Aurora.

Bulmer, R., ticket agt.; P. O. Aurora.

Bell, D. W., clerk; P. O. Aurora.

Baker, Mrs. L. Z., P. O. Aurora.

Baker, S. B., P. O. Aurora.

Brown, Byron, P. O. Aurora.

Brown, D. W. C., P. O. Aurora.

Bolduc, O., marble cutter; P. O. Aurora.

Bartholomew, J. L., cooperage; P. O. Aurora.

Boyle, Michael, P. O. Aurora.

COWDRY, W., P. O. Aurora.

Clark, E. M., carp.; P. O. Aurora.

CLINTON, MRS. E. H., Librarian Y. M. C. A.; born in Geauga Co., Ohio, in 1828; her preliminary education was received in the public schools of her native place, and completed at Norwalk College, New York, also remained three years at Oberlin College, Ohio; taught school in Cleveland one term in 1851; married H. P. Clinton, relation of the famous DeWitt Clinton of New York; her husband was an attorney. He was educated at Oberlin College. At the time of his marriage Mr. Clinton was in the mercantile business; he remained in business until the breaking out of the war; for a number of years was Secretary and Treasurer of the Iowa & McGregor R. R., when the war broke out, was appointed Quartermaster; in 1861 enlisted in 7th Wis. Volunteer Regiment at Madison, Wis.; served two years; obtained the rank of Captain; engaged in battles of Bull Run and Chickamauga, in 1863; while in Virginia he contracted a Southern fever; obtained leave of absence for twenty-one days, and did not again return on account of health; he was honorably discharged at Washington, D. C. Captain Clinton's energy during the war laid the foundation for the disease which resulted fatally Feb. 25, 1863; during his life he had held the office of Postmaster under Lincoln; soon after he died, his wife succeeded him, giving great satisfaction.

CRARY, AUSTIN B., barber, 45 River street; P. O. Aurora; born at Defiance, Ohio, Feb. 28, 1854; his father was a Universalist minister, and settled in Ohio at an early day; in 1865, the family moved to South Bend, Ind.; while there, the head of the family became Pastor of the First Universalist Church; here young Crary attended the public schools, and also acquired the rudiments of a collegiate education at "Notre Dame;" in 1870, came to Elgin, Ill., and learned the barber trade; in 1872, went to Traverse City, Mich., and opened a shop; in 1876, came to Aurora, entered the employ of Mr. W. E. Brooks, barber, and worked for him seven months; in 1877, located at the above number.

Clark, Alex., carp.; P. O. Aurora.

Clark, T. H., Prin. High School; P. O. Aurora.

Clark, John, P. O. Aurora.

CORYELL, T. C., of the firm of T. C. Coryell & Son; P. O. Montgomery, Ill.; was born in New York, March 29, 1814. He married Miss Mary C. Crane; she was born in New York, Feb. 27, 1823; married Dec. 15, 1840; has two children living; he lived in New York until he came to Kane Co., in 1844; settled in Big Rock Tp.; came to his present place in 1868; has been Justice of the Peace seven years, in Big Rock; also School Director and Asst. Supervisor of Aurora Tp.

Clark, James, P. O. Aurora.

Cook, Amos, moulder; P. O. Aurora.

Cook, Almond, blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.

Chapin, C. B., P. O. Aurora.

Chapin, Fred., saloon; P. O. Aurora.

Cooley, J. B., far.; P. O. North Aurora.

CLAYTON, O. S., merchant; P. O. Aurora; dealer in wall paper and notions, No. 23 South Broadway; the above named gentleman is one of the leading merchants in Aurora; is the son of Joseph and Rachel (Ross) Clayton; he was born in New York City, in 1828, where he remained until he was 15 years of age, then emigrated West to Chicago, where he entered a paints, oils and notion house as clerk; he remained in this business about eight years; having saved enough money, he went to Freeport, Ill., where he commenced the paints, oils and notion business on his own account, with a stock valued at \$1,000; this was in 1854; he remained at Freeport until 1867; thence to Aurora, where he commenced business in the line of wall paper, fancy goods, paints, oils, glass, lamps, small instruments, toys, etc.; with hard labor, enterprise and attention to business, he is to-day worth \$50,000.

Carpenter, Mrs. B. C., milliner; P. O. Aurora.

Carpenter, A. E., P. O. Aurora.

Carpenter, W. E., carriage manufacturer; P. O. Aurora.

Carpenter, George, upholsterer; P. O. Aurora.

Crance, S. E., cond'r C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora.

Corsair, David, mfr. sash, doors, etc.; P. O. Aurora.

Culver, A. B., machinist; P. O. Aurora.

Clifford, Wm., mason; P. O. Aurora.

COULTER, MRS. LUCY, P. O. Aurora; is the daughter of Thos. and Fannie (Dye) Miner, and the wife of the late John R. Coulter, who was born in Pennsylvania in 1825; is the son of Samuel and Elizabeth (Kreamer) Coulter of Pennsylvania; he commenced his career in life in Armstrong, Penn., as a stone cutter; in 1852, he came West and entered into partnership with his brother, Samuel Coulter, of Charlotte, Michigan, where they were engaged in the construction of important sections of the Michigan Central R. R., in 1854; he came to Illinois, engaged in the position of superintendent of the construction of depots and important bridges for that company; was engaged in erecting the magnificent bridge across the Mississippi, at Burlington, Iowa; after this he came to Aurora, and commenced the banking business, in company with W. W. Bishop, in 1869 and 1870; re-organized under the National Bank Law, and is now known as the Union National Bank of Aurora; his death occurred May 20, 1873, and he was buried at Spring Lake Cemetery under the auspices of the Masons, he being a member of the same, where a monument was erected at a cost of \$8,000.

Church, Z., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Compton, A., merchant tailor; P. O. Aurora.

Chase, F. A., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Chase, J. B., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Corbett, Richard, boiler maker; P. O. Aurora.

Cozens, Jas., machinist; P. O. Aurora.

Carr, Mrs. Julia, P. O. Aurora.

Carroll, Frank, boiler maker; P. O. Aurora.

Carey, J. A., tinner; P. O. Aurora.

Cottrell, Mrs. A. W., P. O. Aurora.

Conover, M., livery; P. O. Aurora.

Cherry, Hamilton, P. O. Aurora.

Caster, Nicholas, merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Claremont, Lewis, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Chesley, William, carp.; P. O. Aurora.

Cornell, A. V., mason; P. O. Aurora.

Collins, Mrs. M. C., P. O. Aurora.

Campbell, A. carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Campbell, L. W., mach.; P. O. Aurora.

CANFIELD, HON. EUGENE,

P. O. Aurora. It is a well known fact that the legal profession is well represented in Aurora. The above named gentleman is one of the best educated lawyers in the West, and ranks high at the Illinois bar; was born in Arlington Co., Vt., in 1837; he emigrated West, to Illinois, and settled in Aurora, in 1860; during the years of 1861 and 1872, he filled the office of Attorney for the city of Aurora, and has been elected to the State Senate, from the 14th District, his term expiring in 1876; during his Senatorial experience, he has given entire satisfaction, having proven himself a gentleman of acknowledged ability, whose duties have been performed in a faithful manner.

Campbell, R. B., mach.; P. O. Aurora.

Cassidy, James, far.; P. O. Montgomery.

Cummings, Pierce, blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.

Colville, Robert, foreman R. H.; P. O. Aurora.

Cleveland, E. P., expressman; P. O. Aurora.

Chilvers, Robert, conductor; P. O. Aurora.

COULTER, THOMAS B., Treasurer of Kane Co., and Cashier of the Union National Bank, of Aurora. The above named gentleman is one of the most prominent men of Kane County; was born in Armstrong Co., March 11, 1845, where he remained until the breaking out of the late war; when only 16 years old, he enlisted in the 11th Pa. R. V. C., and for three years participated in all the battles before Richmond, also engaged in the second battle fought at Bull's Run, in 1862; after serving his time, was honorably discharged, and then re-enlisted in the U. S. Signal Corps, where he served until the end of the war; he returned to Elder Ridge, Pa., where he was engaged in the dry goods business until 1867, and then he came west to Burlington, Iowa, where he was engaged in helping build the bridge that spans the Mississippi River at that place, in 1868 and '69; was connected with the C., B. & Q. R. R., in bridge building; in 1869, he came to Aurora, and accepted a position in the banking house of Bishop & Coulter, as bookkeeper, which

position he held, until the organization of the Union National Bank, of Aurora, in March, 1871; was Assistant Cashier, until 1873, when he was appointed Cashier, which office he has filled ever since; held office as Township School Treasurer for one year—1873 to '74; at the end of office, he donated his commission to the school fund. Mr. Coulter, in his political opinion, is a Democrat; in 1877, his friends nominated him for County Treasurer, against his opponent, Mr. John Plain, one of the leading Republicans and highly respectable German citizens of Kane Co. Kane Co. has been giving three thousand Republican majority, but Mr. Coulter overcame all this, and was elected by a majority of 621 votes.

Christianson, John, mechanical engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Cullan, J. P., restaurant; P. O. Aurora.

Challand, Reuben, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Covert, B. O., pattern maker; P. O. Aurora.

Covert, A., moulder; P. O. Aurora.

Covalt, E., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Carroll, James, engineer; Aurora.

Carroll, Tim., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Culbert, James, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Christie, A., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

CUSHING, M. A., M. D., oculist and aurist; P. O. Aurora; was born in Vermont, in 1821; came to Aurora in 1837; he remained here three years; thence to Troy, N. Y., where he commenced the study of medicine in 1840; graduated at Castleton Medical College of Vermont, in 1847; his first practice of medicine was at Troy, N. Y., thence to Glens Falls, N. Y., where he remained some twenty years; thence to Kane Co., Illinois, in 1867. The doctor, besides his regular profession, has been largely connected with the manufacture of paper; he is the inventor of the process of manufacturing paper out of straw, at Glens Falls, N. Y.; he rebuilt and was engaged in running the Batavia paper mills for one and a half years. He is also the inventor and patentee of the Cushing's Tubular Furnace Grates and Stoves, which is claimed to be the most important invention of the age.

Cross, J. G., teacher; P. O. Aurora.

Cox, Henry, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Cooney, W., mason; P. O. Aurora.
 Coone, A. E., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Coons, J. F., fireman; P. O. Aurora.
 Cunningham, Henry, mason; P. O. Aurora.

Carnes, B. F., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Carmody, Timothy, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Colby, Moses, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Crandall, D. V., painter; P. O. Aurora.
 Coyne, Pat, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Clifford, Robt., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Chadwick, Mrs. M. A., P. O. Aurora.
 Christman, Matt., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Coyne, Stephen, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Colliver, Jno., conductor; P. O. Aurora.

CREGO, C. OWEN, farmer; Sec. 9; P. O. Aurora; was born in Columbus, Chenango Co., N. Y., Feb. 15, 1839; his father was a farmer; when 13 years old, parents moved to Kane Co.; lived 5 years at Sugar Grove; in 1857 the family moved to De Kalb Co., and settled on 160 acres of land. Mr. C. continued on the old homestead until 21 years of age, then went to Idaho; engaged in mining three years, then returned to De Kalb Co.; he worked 180 acres that he had purchased previous to his departure; worked four years on farm in De Kalb Co., in 1871 married Miss Mary M. Van Fleet, a daughter of John Van Fleet, who came to Kane Co. some 40 years ago, who was born in 1804, and raised on a farm; receiving more than a common school education he became a linguist, and studying the higher branches; in 1837 drifted with the current Westward, and took up a claim, in Kendall Co.; he was a very enterprising man, and highly respected; it was he who built the dam across Fox River, and probably built the saw-mill. Mr. C. is worth \$35,000, and owns fine property.

Curtis, Asahel, P. O. North Aurora.
 Clemens, Peter, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Carp, Mike, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Cook, Pat., mason; P. O. Aurora.
 Cass, J. N., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Carroll, Geo., boiler maker; P. O. Aurora.
 Craver, Wm.
 Cook, Lorenzo, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Cottrell, N. A., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Coughlin, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Coughlin, Lawrence, mason; P. O. Aurora.
 Carthbut, Jane, P. O. Aurora.

COOLEY, DeWITT C., supt. painting department C., B. & Q. R. R.; Aurora; was born in Buffalo, N. Y., 1830; is the son of Anthony and Armada (Stanley) Cooley; his father was a landscape and portrait painter; when quite young, he moved to Michigan with his parents, and settled at Kalamazoo, where he remained until 1853 engaged in the milling business and learning his trade as a painter, which he commenced when he was ten years of age, he then went to Van Buren Co., Pean., where he remained until 1856, thence to Aurora, where he has been connected with the shops of the C., B. & Q. R. R., ever since; he first entered the shops as an ornamental painter, then took charge of the whole of the painting department of the C., B. & Q. R. R.; the company has shops at Aurora, Galesburg, Burlington, Crestline and Beardstown, where they employ some two hundred hands in the painting department. Is one of the Directors of the Union National Bank of Aurora. He married Miss Angeline Barrett, daughter of Capt. E. L. Barrett.

Custer, N., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Carpenter, G. W., upholsterer; P. O. Aurora.

Culver, A. B., machinist; P. O. Aurora.
CADY, PROF. MARTIN E., Jennings Seminary, Aurora; was born in Middlebury, Vt., in 1846; the son of G. C. and Eliza L. (Everetts) Cady; is a graduate of the Middlebury College; he first commenced school teaching at River Falls, Wis., in 1869; was County School Superintendent of Pierce Co., Wis., in 1873; resigned office and returned East to Vt., where he was Principal of Troy Co. Academy for three years; in 1877, he came to Aurora, and was appointed principal of Jennings Seminary, which is among the foremost institutions of learning in the West; it was founded in the year 1850; Prof. Cady was married in 1871 to Miss Helen L. Howard, of Mass., daughter of Rev. Wm. B. Howard.

Cooley, A. B., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Conner, Martin, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Clancy, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Connery, Mary, P. O. Aurora.
 Colwell, C. B., contractor; P. O. Aurora.

- Caldwell, S. C., minister; P. O. Aurora.
 Cone, M. D., P. O. Aurora.
 Colby, W. H., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Copley, I. P., Sec. Gas Co.; P. O. Aurora.
 Chapman, W. H., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Childs, Mrs. S. E., P. O. Aurora.
 Catlin, G. L., P. O. Aurora.
 Case, E., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Clancey, Wm., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Cota, L. P., blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Crooks, S. B., feed stable; P. O. Aurora.
 Curry, J. O., P. O. Aurora.
 Campbell, G. W., lab.; P. O. Montgomery.
 Clark, C. P., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Carter, D. C., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Canigan, A., P. O. Aurora.
 Crinnimin, Catherine, P. O. Aurora.
 Calihan, C., P. O. Aurora.
 Cooper, Thomas, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Cunningham, H., mason; P. O. Aurora.
 Crosby, S. D., P. O. Aurora.
 Charles, G. B., P. O. Aurora.
 Carpenter, J. T., P. O. Aurora.
 Cull, Stephen, P. O. Aurora.
 Card, C. W., tel. operator; P. O. Aurora.
 Congdon, W., P. O. Aurora.
 Callighan, Patrick, C., B. & Q. Railroad;
 P. O. Aurora.
 Curtain, Jeremiah, P. O. Aurora.
 Clark, J. D., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Chilson, J. N., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Carroll, Daniel, C., B. & Q. Railroad; P.
 O. Aurora.
 Clark, Isaac, P. O. Aurora.
 Cooper, L. C., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Currier, A., P. O. Aurora.
 Curry, J. O., P. O. Aurora.
 Crandall, Sarah, P. O. Aurora.
 * Corning, S. B., capitalist; P. O. Aurora.
 Cook, George, P. O. Aurora.
 Case, G. S., baggage man; P. O. Aurora.
 Crocker, Adelia J., P. O. Aurora.
 Case, J. N., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Clark, W. D., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Campbell, A. C., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Cook, Chas. C., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Carpenter, Theodore, P. O. Aurora.
 Connors, Martin, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Carns, J. C., P. O. Aurora.
 Copley, I. B., Supt. Gas Works; P. O.
 Aurora.
 Canisius, Thomas, P. O. Aurora.
 Clegg, Eliza, P. O. Aurora.
 Crosby, O. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Childs, H., P. O., Aurora.
 Collins, G. L., livery; P. O. Aurora.
 Crego, G. N., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Carroll, Mrs. M., P. O. Aurora.
 Caldwell, J. M., P. O. Aurora.
 Casler, George, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Clark, A. S., C., B. & Q. Railroad; P. O.
 Aurora.
 Cooper, J. N., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Churcher, Alfred, P. O. Aurora.
 Chrich, E., P. O. Aurora.
 Childs, Lyman, P. O. Aurora.
 Churcher, Mrs. Jane, P. O. Aurora.
 Crowley, Pat., tankman; P. O. Aurora.
 Creighton, Mrs. C. J., P. O. Aurora.
 Cronk, G. M., C., B. & Q.; P. O. Aurora.
 Cassidy, Edward, mason; P. O. Aurora.
 Campbell, Caroline A., P. O. Aurora.
 Calkins, Geo., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Crunin, J. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Clark, Mary, P. O. Aurora.
 Campbell, H. A., C., B. & Q.; P. O. Aurora.
 Christman, Jno., C., B. & Q.; P. O. Aurora.
 Covell, L. R., C., B. & Q.; P. O. Aurora.
 Clark, Albert, P. O. Aurora.
 Cullen, M. N., policeman; P. O. Aurora.
 Collins, John, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Cyr, Felix, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Cook, Ed., C., B. & Q.; P. O. Aurora.
 Clark, C. P., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Cody, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Cody, Edward, car repairer; P. O. Aurora.
 Culbert, James, switchman; P. O. Aurora.
 Cannes, W. W., operator; P. O. Aurora.
 Congrove, Jas., P. O. Aurora.
 Christie, C. C., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
DE COURSEY, M., barber; P. O.
 Aurora.
DICKES, JACOB, of the firm of
 Jacob Dickes & Bro., hard and soft coal
 and wood merchants; was born in
 Germany in 1835; is the son of Peter
 and Josephine (Kergen) Dickes, of
 Germany; he came to America and
 settled in Aurora in 1854; is one of the
 old settlers of Aurora; when he first
 came here he worked out as a laborer,
 thence in the grocery business, and
 from there he commenced the coal and
 wood business; and ranks to-day as one
 of the leading merchants in Aurora;
 having been in the coal trade since 1867,
 and during that time has been con-
 ducted with success, and considered one
 of the representative coal firms of
 Aurora. He married Miss Maria Lies,
 of Germany, who died in 1870; had
 one child—John L., born 1869.

Desotell, Stephen, saloon; P. O. Aurora.

Desotell, Jos., lab; P. O. Aurora.

Dissell, Frank, teamster; P. O. Aurora.

Dissell, Trift, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Dissell, Saml., machinist; P. O. Aurora.

DOUGLAS, HENRY B., farmer, Sec. 34; P. O. Aurora; was born in Kane Co., Ill., Feb. 16, 1842; at the breaking out of the late war he enlisted in Co. A, Cavalry, 36th Ill. Volunteers, for three years; he participated in the battles of Corinth, Iuka, Pea Ridge and the Missouri campaign; was taken prisoner at Holly Springs by the rebels under Gen. Van Dorne; was paroled, rejoining his company at Port Hudson; after the fall of Vicksburg he enlisted as a private, discharged as Orderly Sergeant. He then commenced work in the Engineer Corps as Chief Clerk; he was engaged in the New York harbors, where he remained for two years; from thence home to Kane Co., where he commenced farming, which business he has been engaged in ever since; owns a farm of 84 acres of land; was at one time Highway Commissioner, which office he held for three years; he is a Republican in politics. He married Miss M. L. Brockway in 1873; they have two children—Mark H. and Gertrude.

Dapprich, F., proprietor vineyard; P. O. Aurora.

Dickens, B., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

DICKES, PETER, of Jacob Dickes & Bro., dealer in all kinds of hard and soft coal and wood; P. O. Aurora; was born in Germany in 1838; is the son of Peter and Josephine (Kergen) Dickes, of Germany; came to America and direct to Aurora, in 1856; at the breaking out of the late war, he enlisted in Co. D, 7th Kan. Cavalry, for three years; he served his time and re-enlisted in same regiment, and served until the end of the war; he participated in some of the hard-fought battles; his regiment and other Kansas regiments were known as the Kansas Jayhawkers, and when there was any hard fighting to be done, the Kansas Jayhawkers always took the lead; at the end of the war he returned to Aurora, and was engaged in the C., B. & Q. R. R. shops, thence with his brother in the coal business.

DENNEY BROS., furniture, upholstery and undertakers' goods; P. O. Aurora; business established in 1851; is now the most extensive and successful house of its kind in this vicinity, and one that has always held a foremost and prominent position in the furniture line. All kinds of furniture, from the most superb to the ordinary, is kept on hand, and sold at lower prices than the same can be purchased for in any of Aurora's competitive cities. In looking over their extensive establishment we were surprised to see the large and various stock on hand. They have every style and variety of furniture, from which persons in any station of life may select whatever they may need. Their house, which is located at No. 29 Broadway, is three stories high with basement, and is so arranged that the basement, 57 by 100 feet, is used for storing, receiving, and unpacking of goods; the first floor is used for office, reception room, and customers, and for the display of goods; the second floor, 57 by 100 feet, is used for kitchen and sitting room and furniture; the third floor, 57 by 100 feet, is used for upholstery goods and chamber suites of the latest styles. Their shop is in the rear of main building, where they keep constantly employed hands in the manufacture of all their upholstered goods; also in furnishing, putting together, and setting up of furniture. The firm is composed of Joseph, a native of England, who commenced the business in 1851, and then took in as partners his three brothers—Thos., H., and E. All have had a life long experience in the furniture business, as their father, Joseph Denney, of England, was engaged in the furniture business; value of stock, \$10,000.

Dickinson, D. D., carp.; P. O. Aurora.

DeWitt, B. A., P. O. Montgomery.

Delatour, J. J., bookkeeper; P. O. Aurora.

Damin, T. G., trav.; P. O. Aurora.

Denney, Thos., furniture; P. O. Aurora.

Denney, Jos., Jr., furniture; P. O. Aurora.

Denney, Mrs. T., milliner; P. O. Aurora.

Denney, H., furniture; P. O. Aurora.

Dorn, Jos., lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Doran, Jas., lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Doran, Hugh, machinist; P. O. Aurora.

Dolan, Thos., lab.; P. O. Aurora.

DOUGLAS, C. T., contractor and builder; P. O. Aurora; was born in Aurora in 1837; was the second white child born in Aurora. He is one of the oldest citizens and one of the leading contractors and builders of Aurora, whose business transactions inspire confidence in his skill and integrity; has been awarded some of the largest and most responsible contracts in the city, among those worthy of special mention are Young's school house, Y. M. C. A. building, Allen's Block, Mrs. L. J. Hawley's store and a great many others, all of which prove him a master builder. Mr. Douglass was in the late war; enlisted as Corporal of Co. H, 52d Ill. Vol. Inf., for three years; he participated in some of the most severe battles under Gens. Grant and Rosecrans; received three wounds at the battle of Pittsburg Landing; at the battle of Corinth he received a very severe wound, which disabled him for service, and was honorably discharged.

Donovan, Dan., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Donaldson, Robt., drayman; P. O. Aurora.
 Donahy, A., P. O. Aurora.
 Donahy, Arthur, P. O. Aurora.
 Donahue, Pat, lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Denney, Eb., furniture; P. O. Aurora.
 Darling, A. S., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Dren, Jno., baker; P. O. Aurora.
 Davis, W. A., machinist; P. O. Aurora.
 Daily, C. D., mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Desjardines, A., traveler; P. O. Aurora.
 Day, T. H., capitalist; P. O. Aurora.
 Douglass, Mrs. C. M., P. O. Aurora.
 Dox, Jacob, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Dockendorff, Mich., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Droudt, Jno., farmer; P. O. North Aurora.
 Durkey, Matt., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 David, Wm., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Drain, Mrs., P. O. Aurora.
 Davis, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Dickinson, W. F., Sec'y Silver Plate Manufacturing Company; P. O. Aurora.
 Deliaden, John, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Dunn, Thomas, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Dewey, Mrs. S., P. O. Aurora.
 Danley, Elward, painter; P. O. Aurora.
 Darling, A. S., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Darling, D. S., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Dunn, John, butcher; P. O. Elgin.
 Dunn, Charles E., upholsterer; P. O. Aurora.

Daprick, F., saloon; P. O. Aurora.
 Darlington, H. C., P. O. Aurora.
 Dussing, Mike, P. O. Aurora.
 Diedrich, Mat., P. O. Aurora.
 Davenport, Oscar, P. O. Aurora.
 Dalschen, Susan, P. O. Aurora.
 Desold, Stephen, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 David, W., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Donner, Mrs. M., P. O. Aurora.
 Dennison, S. S., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Duning, J. S., P. O. Aurora.
 Dykeman, S. B., P. O. Aurora.
 Diebold, C. T., P. O. Aurora.
 Dale, Lincoln, tailor; P. O. Aurora.
 Davis, M. J., conductor; P. O. Aurora.
 Davis, John E., P. O. Big Rock.
 Darling, P. S., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Dayton, E., P. O. Aurora.
 Downer, Mrs. M. W., P. O. Aurora.
 Donivan, J. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Dale, C. S., P. O. Aurora.
 Dale, J. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Davis, J. J., salesman; P. O. Aurora.
 Dale, W., P. O. Aurora.
 Downer, G. O., canvasser; P. O. Aurora.
 Duncan, A., machinist; P. O. Aurora.
 Dillenburg, Frank, blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Delaney, James, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Dewey, J. M., boarding house; P. O. Aurora.
DUNNING, J. D., ret. farmer; was born in Ticonderoga, N. Y., Feb. 25, 1803, and resided there up to 1840; while in the East he was engaged in farming and teaching school; was Postmaster in 1843; he came to Illinois, and settled at Big Rock, Kane Co.; he bought 200 acres, and afterward owned 300 acres; he came to Aurora in 1856, and bought the present residence of George Hoyt; in 1858, he built a large block known as Dunning's Block.
 De Gerld, Henry, yard master; P. O. Aurora.
 Draper, Jonathan, packer; P. O. Aurora.
 Dalidan, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Dykes, Mrs. I., P. O. Aurora.
 Dyckman, John, carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Dalton, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Dieterich, L. P., coal mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Drake, Daniel, drayman; P. O. Aurora.
 Drake, J. B., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Deerfield, John, railroad lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Doetschmann, Fred, stone cutter; P. O. Aurora.

DORR, ALVIN, carp.; P. O. Aurora; was born in Cheshire Co., N. H.; he acquired a good common school education in his native place, and was brought up on a farm; when 21 years of age he became employed as shipping clerk at Taunton, Mass.; in 1841 he came, *via* the Lakes, to Chicago; from this point he went to Knox Co., Ill., in 1843; he located at Sugar Grove, and bought 80 acres, and improved it; he came to Aurora in 1875; he married Hannah Howard, in Mass., in 1836; in 1846 she died quite suddenly; they had six children; three of them are now living; the boys were all in the army; George and Charles enlisted in the 36th I. V. I., and Henry in the 8th Missouri; since the close of the war George has been Deputy at the Joliet Penitentiary.

Durr, Michael, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Drake, Jacob, policeman; P. O. Aurora.

Delatour, S. J., P. O. Aurora.

Drummond, D. G., P. O. Aurora.

Dennison, Ann, P. O. Aurora.

Daggert, Mrs. H. A., P. O. Aurora.

Dickens, Wm., P. O. Aurora.

Dunham, W. H. H., P. O. Aurora.

Dugdale, Peter, fireman; P. O. Aurora.

Demorest, Mrs. D. L., P. O. Aurora.

Denny, E., furniture; P. O. Aurora.

Dumphry, Thomas, stone cutter; P. O. Aurora.

Dear, J. G., P. O. Aurora.

Dahn, John, P. O. Aurora.

Derr, Martin, P. O. Aurora.

Dumars, J., mer., P. O. Aurora.

Doyle, Mrs. G. M., P. O. Aurora.

Dean, N., P. O. Aurora.

David, J. L., P. O. Aurora.

Davis, W., P. O. Aurora.

Dickes, Peter, Jr., coal dlr., P. O. Aurora.

Dutton, E. F., P. O. Aurora.

Dodson, Mrs., P. O. Aurora.

Day, Christopher, P. O. Aurora.

Doyle, M., lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Doyle, John, lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Doty, H. F., carp.; P. O. Batavia.

Dirks, Chris., mer.; P. O. Plano.

Douglas, P. A., P. O. Aurora.

Desotel, Isaac, carp.; P. O. Aurora.

Desotel, Sophia, P. O. Aurora.

Douglas, Mrs. A. L., P. O. Aurora.

Davenport, Homer, carp.; P. O. Aurora.

David, W., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Deto, Alexander, P. O. Aurora.

Dunning, Mrs. E., P. O. Aurora.

Dunn, W. H., painter; P. O. Aurora.

Dunn, W., P. O. Aurora.

Diviky, John, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Devin, Mary A., P. O. Aurora.

Devin, Kate, P. O. Aurora.

Dennstor, Ann, P. O. Aurora.

Donovan, Pat, conductor; P. O. Aurora.

Deming, J. R., salesman; P. O. Aurora.

Dial, W., teamster; P. O. Aurora.

Davis, A. J., traveler; P. O. Aurora.

Dean, L. A., P. O. Aurora.

Dumphy, Robt., marble cutter; P. O. Aurora.

Doty, Robinson, P. O. Aurora.

Downer, Roswell, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Daily, G. W., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Deer, Mary, P. O. Aurora.

Dombernosky, A., shoemkr.; P. O. Aurora.

Dorr, Geo., mail agent; P. O. Aurora.

Debold, Charles, P. O. Aurora.

Dotterwich, John, grocer; P. O. Aurora.

Dutton, C. P., P. O. Aurora.

Dewitt, Saml., blacksmith; P. O. Montgomery.

Danforth, Chas., far.; P. O. Montgomery.

Doremus, J. A., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Dennison, G. P., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Drain, A., farmer; P. O. Montgomery.

Day, E. S., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Downer, Lucinda, P. O. Aurora.

DURRAN, JOHN, H., practical jeweler; the oldest jewelry house in the city is that owned and conducted by the above named gentleman; it was established in 1847; for over sixteen years Mr. Durran has done business in Aurora, and is one of the most conscientious jewelers who ever located here; incidentally we will mention that the first log cabin in West Aurora occupied the site where Mr. Durran now carries on an extensive jewelry business; he is a practical watchmaker and jeweler, of many years' experience; he buys close, and gives his customers the benefit; has built up a large trade; is a very popular man; it is a mistaken notion that goods can be purchased in Chicago cheaper than Aurora; on comparing prices at this house and leading houses in Chicago, it will be found that Mr. Durran can offer as good goods, at lower figures, than can be found in the Garden City, or perhaps any similar establishment in the West.

Downer, Alfred, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

DOWNEY, CORNELIUS, grocer and coal merchant; P. O. Aurora; son of Daniel and Mary Downey; was born in Ireland; his father was a quarryman and farmer; young Downey remained in Ireland until he was 30 years of age: March 7, 1851, he emigrated to America, and came from New York to Chicago via the lakes; in October of the same year he located in Aurora; his brother was then Superintendent of the old Black Hawk Mills, and he entered the same establishment; in 1852, he ran a boarding house, and was also in the employ of the C., B. & Q. R. R.; Mr. D. made money rapidly in these enterprises, and started a hotel on South River st., which also proved a financial success; in 1867, he built his present store, situated near the depot, and here can be found everything usually kept in a first-class grocery; he also owns four fine houses and lots in Aurora, and 160 acres of land in Iowa.

ESSER, W. J., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Esser, Joseph, saloon; P. O. Aurora.

ELLIOTT, H. T., merchant, of the firm of Foss, Elliott & Co., No. 164 Washington st., Chicago; was born in Kane Co., Ill., April 8, 1838; was about the first white male child born in Aurora Township; is the son of Wm. T. and Rebecca (Peirce) Elliott, who are among the oldest settlers of Kane Co., having settled in county in 1834; Mr. Elliott was farming until the breaking out of the late war; he enlisted in Co. E, 124th I. V. I., for three years; re-enlisted in the 50th U. S. Infantry; participated in some of the hard-fought battles; enlisted as private, and mustered out as First Lieutenant; at the close of the war he went to Iowa, and commenced farming on a very large scale; in four years he raised 16,000 bushels of small grain; in 1872, he moved to Chicago, where he commenced the grain business; married Jan. 28, 1858, to Miss Harriet F. Meeker, daughter of David Meeker; three children—two living—William W. and Letta Belle.

Evans, Wm., painter; P. O. Aurora.

Evans, Griffith, P. O. Aurora.

Empy, J. G., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Elmore, Mary J., P. O. Aurora.

Ellwood, W. S., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Ellsworth, Sam., agent; P. O. Aurora.

ELLIOTT, FRANCIS M., M. D.,

P. O. Aurora; was born in Kane Co., Ill., April 5, 1844; is the son of Wm. T. and Rebecca (Peirce) Elliott, who are among the oldest settlers of Kane Co., having come here in 1834; Dr. Elliott spent his boyhood days on the farm with his parents, his first business in life was learning to be a photographer; on account of his health he retired; he then commenced the study of medicine with Dr. S. F. Hance; thence entered the Rush Medical College of Chicago in 1866, and graduated Feb. 3, 1869; his first practice after graduating was at Blainstown, Iowa, Spring of 1869, where he remained until 1872; he then came to Aurora and commenced his profession; the successor of Dr. S. F. Hance; is City Physician, which office he has held very satisfactorily for three terms; is a member of the Congregational Church; married Feb. 28, 1870, to Miss Lydia French, who was born in Ahmed Nuggur, Hindostan, Sept. 26, 1844; is the daughter of Rev. Osro and Jane (Hotchkiss) French; two children—Frank Osro and Fannie Jennivave, born in Blainstown, Iowa, April 28, 1871.

English, T., moulder; P. O. Aurora.

Ey, Joseph, expressman; P. O. Aurora.

Edwards, Wm., butcher; P. O. Aurora.

EARLE, CHAS. C., banker; P. O.

Aurora; born in New York in 1822; is the son of Nathaniel and Mary F. Earle; remained in his native State until he was 13 years old, with his parents, when they moved to Worcester, Mass.; here he was engaged in business until 1856; he then came West and settled in Aurora, and commenced the foundry business with W. W. Bishop, the firm being known as W. W. Bishop & Co.; was engaged in this business for twelve years, and then in the lumber business for seven years; now retired from business; was at one time City Alderman, from the old Second Ward; is a stockholder in the First National Bank of Aurora; married Miss Mary J. Shepard; have two children—Clara A. and Charles F.

EVANS, HON. H. H. This gentleman is probably one of the best known and most highly respected men of Aurora; he was born in Canada, in 1836; and is the son of Griffith and Elizabeth (Weldon) Evans; when he was three years old, his parents left Canada and settled in Aurora; Mr. Evans commenced his business career by clerking in a store, by which managed to save a little money, and then commenced the restaurant business; at the breaking out of the war, he enlisted in Co. H, 124th I. V. I., for three years; was in the most severe battles under Gen. Grant; served three years and was honorably discharged at Camp Douglas, in 1865; now ranks as Col., Aide-de-Camp of Governor's staff; Mr. Evans was elected to the Legislature from the 14th District in 1876; Alderman from the 9th Ward for the last two years; these offices he has held with credit to himself and to the people he represented; owner of the Fitch House and furniture. Was married to Miss Alice M. Rhodes, daughter of A. C. Rhodes, of England, Nov. 3, 1858; one child—Arthur R., born in Aurora, July 31, 1867.

Edwards, Isaac, stone mfr.; P. O. Aurora.

Eresch, J. P., lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Eresch, J. W.; engineer, P. O. Aurora.

Eberline, Wm., shoe mkr.; P. O. Aurora.

Eberly, Jeremiah, car repairer; P. O. Aurora.

Ebersoll, G. W., mach.; P. O. Aurora.

Eitelgeorge, Charles, stone cutter; P. O. Aurora.

Enoch, Terry, P. O. Aurora.

ELLIOTT, WILLAM T., farmer; Sec. 33; was born in Conn., in 1810; on account of the war of 1812, his father and family moved to Pa., remaining there but two years, thence to N. Y., where he remained until 1834, engaged in farming and learning the blacksmith's trade; he emigrated West, to Kane Co., in 1834; is one of the oldest settlers in the county; went to hear the first sermon that was preached in this part of the county; when Mr. E. came here he was worth about \$15, but through industry and hard labor, is one of the successful farmers of Kane Co.; owns 190 acres of land, valued at \$100 per acre. Married Rebecca Peirce, of Ohio, daughter

of Elega Peirce, in 1835; she was born in 1818; eight children—Emeline, Homer T., Francis M., Mary E., John, William, Sarah, Byron; had three sons in the late war; Homer T. enlisted for three years, in the 124th I. V. I.; was under General Grant in his most severe battles; William enlisted and did good service; Byron B. went out in the 36th, came home, and then enlisted in the 153d; all were honorably discharged.

Elliott, Jno., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Edwards, Peter, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Echorn, Gustave, mech.; P. O. Aurora.

Engler, Peter, mech.; P. O. Aurora.

Eberline, Andrew, mech.; P. O. Aurora.

Erwin, Fowler, mason; P. O. Aurora.

Eberline, M., mechanic; P. O. Aurora.

Evans, Leonard, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Ellis, Nancy, P. O. Aurora.

Evans, C. G., livery; P. O. Aurora.

Edert, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Edwards, Wm., butcher; P. O. Aurora.

Edwards, Enoch, tailor; P. O. Aurora.

Evans, Thos., P. O. Aurora.

Emmons, F. A., P. O. Aurora.

Egermann, W., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Egleston, J. A., Asst. Cashier Sec. Nat. Bk. Aurora.

Evans, Robt., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Evans, L. H., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Ernst, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Eitelgeorge, N., mason; P. O. Aurora.

Exheben, F. E., painter; P. O. Aurora.

Eddy, John H., mech.; P. O. Aurora.

Ellis, Nancy, P. O. Aurora.

Ericson, H., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

FICKENSHER, HENRY, barber; P. O. Aurora.

Fickensher, P. W., carp.; P. O. Aurora.

Fox, R. W., P. O. Aurora.

Fox, Judson, conductor; P. O. Aurora.

FRITZ, GEORGE, of the firm of Stickle & Fritz; P. O. Aurora; he was born in Germany, in 1849; came to the United States in 1863, and settled in Aurora; in May, 1877, he engaged in his present business; he married Miss Emma Donohue, Nov. 14, 1877; she was born Feb. 21, 1857.

Fox, Ira, conductor; P. O. Aurora.

Fox, D. W., agent, P. O. Aurora.

Farwell, S. M., foundry; P. O. Aurora.

Felsenheld, S., clothing; P. O. Aurora.

Felsenheld, H., clothing; P. O. Aurora.

Flick, Wm., baker; P. O. Aurora.

FOSTER, HENRY W., conductor on Toledo & Wabash R. R.; was born in Chelsea, Orange Co., Vt., in 1830; resided there until 27 years of age; in 1857, he came West, stopping first at Chicago, where he was employed by a wholesale grocery house for five or six months; in 1859, he engaged with the C. & N. W. R. R.; afterward entered the employ of the C., B. & Q. R. R. and has worked for this company and the T. & W. until this date; has held the position of conductor on both roads; married Miss Charlotte M. Stowe, at St. Johnsbury, Vt., in July, 1855; one child—Grace Lulu.

Farrell, R. W., restaurant; P. O. Aurora.

Fredenburg, I. W., teacher; P. O. Aurora.

Fisher, C. B., P. O. Aurora.

Frank, Alonzo, P. O. Aurora.

Farrington, C. H., P. O. Aurora.

Ferry, M., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Flowers, James, blksmith; P. O. Aurora.

Frear, George, carp.; P. O. Aurora.

FREESE, DANIEL, prop. sample room, 19 Broadway; P. O. Aurora; was born in Germany, March 5, 1833; is the son of Christian and Caroline Freese, of Germany; he emigrated to America in 1854; came direct to Aurora, where he commenced his trade, cabinet maker; remained here but a short time; he then went to Chicago and worked in the shops of the C., B. & Q. R. R., finishing passenger coaches; he remained there two years; returned to Aurora and was engaged with the same company until 1861, when he opened a sample room; in 1863 he purchased the place where he now lives, known as Dan. Frees' centennial sample rooms and restaurant; is the oldest fireman in Aurora, having joined the fire department in 1856, and has been a very active member ever since; was foreman of No. 1 for three years; when he resigned the office he was presented with a fine table caster, by the members of the company; in politics he is a Democrat; member of the Lutheran Church. Married in 1856, to Miss Louisa Hansey; four children—Lena, Edie, Bertha, Otto

Freeman, James, mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Frenier, Morris, lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Fridrus, Philip, far.; P. O. Aurora.

Fitch, Ira, Justice; P. O. Aurora.

Fauth, Fred, machinist; P. O. Aurora.

Ford, J. L., produce dlr.; P. O. Aurora.

FARNSWORTH, ASA PARKER, was a farmer and dairyman; P. O. Aurora; had 240 acres of land adjoining the city limits; was born in Dublin, Cheshire Co., N. H., in 1815; came to Battle Creek, Mich., in 1843, and engaged in teaching; in 1844-45, he came to Aurora and located his farm from the Government. He married Susan Mann, with whom he lived eight years; they had two children, both having died in infancy; she died of consumption, in 1854; in 1862 he married Lydia A. Drane (whose parents were among the early settlers of Aurora); they had four children, only one of which is living—Jessie Estella, born Jan. 13, 1870; Mr. F., after a severe illness for one week, died in April, 1873; he was a self made man, and died regretted by the whole community.

Felton, Henry, blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.

Fulton, Joseph, mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Fullerton, J. T., conductor; P. O. Aurora.

Fowler, Mrs. M. G., P. O. Aurora.

Fahnestock, J. D., dentist; P. O. Aurora.

Fillmore, P. P., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Fickett, Mrs. M. A., P. O. Aurora.

Funk, Stephen, peddler; P. O. Aurora.

Frauenhoff, F., lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Finch, Luther, canvasser; P. O. Aurora.

Foster, Rev. C., Bible agt.; P. O. Aurora.

Fosmer, Jos., cabinet mkr; P. O. Aurora.

Ferris, Wm., teamster; P. O. Aurora.

Feiertag, Rev. Jno., min.; P. O. Aurora.

Fitzgerald, Edw., barber; P. O. Aurora.

Figge, Fred., lab.; P. O. Montgomery.

Freidendale, Fred., far.; P. O. No. Aurora.

Fish, Mrs. G. O., P. O. Aurora.

Fitzgibbins, Thos., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Fitzgibbins, Jno., lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Fidler, Stephen, lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Fridrus, Jno., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Fleming, Susan, P. O. Aurora.

Farnsworth, Lydia A., P. O. Aurora.

Fecher, Lawrence, far.; P. O. Aurora.

Fichtell, Jno., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Faber, Peter, cabinet mkr; P. O. Aurora.

Friders, Nick., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Felton, Matt., lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Fridrus, Mike, far.; P. O. Aurora.

Fiddler, Jacob, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Fidler, John, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Ferry, J. S., farmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Flood, Michael, lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Fitzgibbins, Mary, P. O. Aurora.
 Fish, J. M., farmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Frenier, Eusebe, carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Fenton, Mrs. Eliza, P. O. Aurora.
 Fulton, John, mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Fish, J. M., far.; P. O. Kaneville.
 Fellows, J., P. O. Aurora.
 Fallon, John, shoemkr.; P. O. Aurora.
 Frost, C. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Frenzer, Joseph, P. O., Aurora.
 Ferry, J. S., farmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Fracy, John, P. O.; Aurora.
 Frydendall, F., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Flynn, James, brakeman ; P. O. Aurora.
 Ford, Wm., brakeman ; P. O. Aurora.
 Fletcher, James, P. O. Aurora.

FRAZIER, WALTER, S., P. O.; Aurora; was born in Onondaga Co., N. Y., in 1835; received an academical education; when he was 17 he clerked in a dry goods store in Syracuse, N. Y.; from there came to Chicago, in 1857; capital then \$300; accepted several responsible salaried positions, adding, meanwhile, to his possessions by judicious management in real estate; in 1865, was elected Clerk of the House of Representatives, in the Illinois Legislature by a Republican majority, a position of great honor and responsibility at that time; the *Springfield Register* said of him, "He is notably a most competent, courteous and graceful officer;" from the *St. Louis Democrat*, "He is the best Clerk that ever officiated in the House of Representatives;" from the *Chicago Times*, "He is acknowledged, on all sides, to be one of the best, most accommodating and popular Clerks the House of Representatives ever had;" at the close of the session, the members, through Judge Plato, of Jo Daviess Co., presented him with an elegant watch and chain; see Judge Plato's speech, House Journal, 1865, page 1,202; in 1866, Mr. Frazier was taken ill and came to Aurora; he has retired from business; is a member of the Board of Education; he has a fondness for horses, and is breeding some choice ones of Royal blood; the well-known trotter, Brother Jonathan, graduated from his elegant private stables—an animal that was a source of pride to the people of Kane Co.

Fox, J. D., lawyer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Flannigan, Wm., laborer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Fuller, Antin, P. O. Aurora.
 Franzen, Matt., laborer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Fecker, Mrs. R., P. O. Aurora.
 Frest, Anthony, P. O. Aurora.
 Fouth, John, P. O. Aurora.
 Fitzpatrick, Thos., laborer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Foster, D. S., P. O. Aurora.
 Frink, A., P. O. Aurora.
 Farrell, Mrs. D., P. O. Aurora.
 Fickett, R. W., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Fribley, Chris., P. O. Aurora.
 Frerbile, Jacob, laborer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Fitzgerald, John, P. O. Aurora.
 Flynn, Elizabeth, P. O. Aurora.
 Flynn, Michael, shoemkr.; P. O. Aurora.
 Flinn, John, carpenter ; P. O. Aurora.
 Fickensher, Mrs. E., P. O. Aurora.
 Furman, C., P. O. Aurora.
 Frazier, W. S., P. O. Aurora.
 Fuller, A., P. O. Aurora.
 Foster, Mrs. C., P. O. Aurora.
 Fox, Emily, P. O. Aurora.
 Frary, A. N., lightning rods ; P. O. Aurora.
 Fridley, B. F., attorney ; P. O. Aurora.
 Ferris, R. R., livery ; P. O. Aurora.
 Ferguson, Mrs. M. A., P. O. Aurora.
 Filkens, A., farmer ; P. O. Montgomery.
 Flanagan, John, section boss ; P. O. Aurora.
 Ferguson, Ira, farmer ; P. O. Montgomery.
 Fletcher, O., farmer ; P. O. Montgomery.
 Farr, Anna H., P. O. Aurora.
 Fredenburg, Mrs. H. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Frerbile, Henry, P. O. Aurora.
 Ferris, W. N., teamster ; P. O. Aurora.
 Frauenhoff, F., laborer ; P. O. Aurora.

GARDNER, T., engineer ; P. O. Aurora.

Gardner, W., P. O. Aurora.
 Gardner, J. W., carpenter ; P. O. Aurora.
 Gardner, John, cooper ; P. O. Aurora.

GRAY, RUFUS, far.; Secs. 5 and 6, Kendall Co.; P. O. Montgomery; owns 200 acres, valued at \$75 per acre; was born in New York, Feb. 19, 1817; he married Miss Angeline Van Alstine, Jan. 18, 1854; she was born in N. Y. in 1825; she had seven children, four living; he lived in N. Y. eighteen years; he came to his present place in 1835, and has lived here since; he has been Justice of the Peace sixteen years; he expects to move to Aurora in the Spring; his uncle was the founder of Graytown, now Montgomery.

GOLDSMITH, NATHAN, double palace clothing house; P. O. Aurora. As in most other branches of business and manufactures, Aurora takes a leading position in the clothing and furnishing goods, having several of the leading houses of the kind in the West, which take rank with those in many cities of 50,000 inhabitants. The leading one of the clothing business is that of N. Goldsmith, whose business has been established since the year 1863, when he started with a stock valued at \$5,000; his business since then has grown to metropolitan proportions, commanding a trade throughout Illinois; the immense trade of this house has been accomplished through various reasons, among which may be mentioned sagacity, tact and the admirable judgment of the proprietor's unswerving business integrity and the valuable location of the city in which he is located. Mr. Goldsmith has marked his goods in plain figures and has adopted the one-price system, the merits of which are attested by every one, the more so as it is known that he allows no deviation on the part of his clerks, who are, also, required to be pleasant and polite to the trade. The double store he occupies is located at Nos. 8 and 10 South Broadway; 45 feet front and 85 feet deep, first and third stories, and is one of the most elegant and palatial business houses in the West, and thoroughly devoted to ready-made clothing, hats and caps, trunks and valises, gents' gloves and furnishing goods, ladies' and gents' laces and furs; the custom department is conducted by Mr. A. D. Rude, an experienced cutter, formerly of St. Louis, where he was identified as a leading cutter of that city. Mr. Goldsmith's first experience in the clothing business was at Alexandria, Va., where he was employed as clerk in a clothing house at three dollars per month, and by his close application and sterling business qualities he has risen from an obscure clerkship to proprietor of his present mammoth business, occupying two floors 45x85 feet, and employing six clerks, a bookkeeper and cutter, beside his own personal attention, and carrying a stock of from \$50,000 to \$75,000; and we may say, in conclusion, that no

business man in Aurora commands higher esteem or has a greater number of friends than Nathan Goldsmith. He has had twenty-eight years' experience in the clothing business.

Gilbert, E. W., salesman; P. O. Aurora.
 Gilbert, J. H., jeweler; P. O. Aurora.
 Gilbreth, F., conductor; P. O. Aurora.
 Gunnison, John, P. O. Aurora.
 Gardner, Luther, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Gardner, Saml., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Gardner, W. E., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Gunnison, W., P. O. Aurora.
 Goldsmith, Aaron, clerk; P. O. Aurora.
 Goldsmith, David, clerk; P. O. Aurora.
 Goodwin, Mrs. S. M., P. O. Aurora.
 Griffin, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Griffin, Maria, P. O. Aurora.
 Groat, J. W., P. O. Aurora.

GRISWOLD & GILLET, Aurora, drain tile and brick works; P. O. Aurora; they commenced the manufacture of tile by hand power in 1869; from that to horse power, their demand being so large that they now manufacture by steam power; these works were established nine years ago, and since then they have been gradually brought from an insignificant beginning to a point of excellence and standard surpassing most others in the State; to-day they are being rewarded by a large trade; the manufactures of these works are principally drain tiles, sizes from 2 inches to 8 inches; the proprietors have 14 acres of ground here, and buildings, sheds, kilns and other apparatus, including one tile and brick machine operated by steam power, enabling them to turn out 500,000 tiles per year; they give employment to an average of twelve hands; these are the only tile works in Kane Co., and rank among the largest in the State; Mr. Rufus Griswold was born in Vermont in 1818, and emigrated to Illinois in 1858; Mr. Geo. E. Gillett was born in N.Y. in 1821; he came to Aurora in 1869.

Gabel, H. G., physician; P. O. Aurora.
 Gibbs, W. P., machinist; P. O. Aurora.
 Griswold, R., brick works; P. O. Aurora.
 Gandal, W. F., P. O. Aurora.
 Gould, Jas., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Goodrich, S. L., mechanic; P. O. Aurora.
 Goodrich, H. N., fanning mill; P. O. Aurora.

Greaves, Geo., foreman fdry.; P. O. Aurora.

GARMS, FRED., sample rooms; No. 19 S. Broadway, Aurora; was born in Germany, 1836; came to America and direct to Aurora 1859; commenced work in the machine shops U., B. & Q. R. R., where he was engaged about two years. In 1861 he opened his sample rooms and up to this time he has been noted for keeping a quiet, orderly place. The sample rooms of Fred. Garms are among the well kept places in the city, every person known to conduct himself improperly being refused admittance, however profitable his custom might be.

Geyer, F. C., machinist; P. O. Aurora.

Galt, Rev. Thos., minister; P. O. Aurora.

Guempelein, L., carp.; P. O. Aurora.

Guild, Albert, capitalist; P. O. Aurora.

Gale, G. C., bl'ksmith; P. O. Aurora.

Glover, W. W., carp.; P. O. Aurora.

Grant, Geo., painter; P. O. Aurora.

Grannis, Mrs. Fannie, P. O. Aurora.

GRASS, GEO., prop. of Grass House, corner of River and Walnut streets; was born as Hesse-Darmstadt, Germany, March 24, 1821; his preliminary education was received in the seminary, at Friedberck, and was completed when eighteen years old; he then received his diploma, and began to teach school in 1844; he entered the army, being assigned to the 2d Regt. Infantry; at the end of six years he was made an under officer at the battle of Hemsbeck; he received the medal of honor for bravery in action, in 1851. He married Miss Helena Koch at Darmstadt, on the 2d of June; it should have been mentioned, Mr. G. served his full time, seven years, in the army; in 1852, he came to America and landed in New York city on the 4th of July; a few days after he came to Chicago, remained about two years; in 1854, he settled at Aurora, for Mr. Haroon, who kept a match factory on River street; in 1856, he became a teacher and organist of the German Lutheran Church; in 1859, he opened a saloon and grocery on River street, and in 1862, he bought a hotel and saloon, now known as the Grass House.

Gray, Virgil, teamster; P. O. Aurora.

Graham, W. J., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Grometer, J. M., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Gromeder, Geo., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

GRAMPP, CONRAD, prop. Germania Hotel; P. O. Aurora; the above named gentleman was born in Germany in 1840; emigrated to America in 1866; when he first came to America, he was worth about eleven hundred dollars; his first business in the United States was in Baltimore, where he was engaged in a brewery for a year, thence to St. Louis, Quincy, Davenport and Rock Island, at this point he was foreman of the leading brewery, where he remained for three years, thence to Galesburg, where he was engaged in the manufacture of spruce beer, also proprietor of a large beer garden; he then came to Aurora, where he opened the Germania Hotel in 1875; he refitted and refurnished the house and made it one of the leading hotels of Aurora; Mr. Grampp has been in Aurora but three years, and during that time has won a host of friends; is a liberal, enterprising gentleman, and to this fact he may attribute a large measure of his success; in connection with his hotel, Mr. Grampp is engaged in bottling lager beer, manufactured by Bartholomae & Leicht Brewing Co. of Chicago; all orders sent to Mr. G. will receive prompt attention; price, pint bottles 85 cents per dozen; quart bottles \$1.50 per dozen.

GEORGE, ALONZO, President Second National Bank; P. O. Aurora; was born in Orange Co., Vermont, in 1822; remaining there until 1860, engaged in the mercantile business; he emigrated West, to Illinois, and settled in Aurora, in 1860; was engaged in the wool business, also the lumber trade, for six years; commenced the banking business in 1872; the Second National Bank of Aurora was started Jan. 1, 1872, with a paid-up capital of \$100,000; Mr. George has held many public offices of trust, in each of which he has acquitted himself in a very creditable and efficient manner; was Mayor of the city of Aurora in 1873, and Supervisor in 1870; his father, Ebenezer George, was born at Stratford, Vt., in 1786; was in the war of 1812; draws a pension; is now living at his native home in Vermont.

Gropengiesser, H., blksmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Grass, Jacob, teamster; P. O. Aurora.
 Gumz, Jno., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Gass, Jno., blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Geiser, Jonas, policeman; P. O. Aurora.
 Gillespie, Saml., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
GREEN, G. W., manufacturer of bottled soda water, seltzer water and syrups, champagne cider and Belfast ginger ale; P. O. Aurora; commenced business in 1871, known as Green Bros. (G. W. & J. W. Green); Mr. J. W. Green retired from the firm in 1877; This manufactory is located at 53 N. Broadway, and is well equipped with a fine class of machinery and everything necessary for the business; employs four hands, being enabled to turn out soda water at the rate of 600 dozen bottles per day; Mr. Green was born in Wisconsin, in 1847; has been engaged in the soda water business eleven years; his first experience in the business was at Fond du Lac, Wis.; thence to Watertown; from there to Aurora, where he has built up a good paying trade, having proven to the citizens that he understands this business thoroughly, and produces a superior beverage.
 Gengler, Fred., merchant tailor; P. O. Aurora.
 Gilbert, H., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Giles, W., sewing machines; P. O. Aurora.
 Gamwell, Ed., billiard room; P. O. Aurora.
 Gesper, Matt, P. O. Aurora.
 Glesen, Jacob, wool buyer; P. O. Aurora.
 Gates, R. Wilder, U. S. Commissioner; P. O. Aurora.
 Gates, Mrs. C., P. O. Aurora.
 Guhl, Fred., P. O. Aurora.
 Gudgson, W., stone cutter; P. O. Aurora.
 Goodman, Mrs. S. M., P. O. Aurora.
 Grubber, Leonard, engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Geik, Jacob, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Gutche, Mrs. E., P. O. Aurora.
 Gillett, S. C., phys.; P. O. Aurora.
 Gillett, W. B., trav. agt.; P. O. Aurora.
 Grupe, Henry, lamplighter; P. O. Aurora.
 Grupe, Chris., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Graves, A. C., P. O. Aurora.
 Griffith, Seth, traveler; P. O. Aurora.
 Gavney, Thos., mason; P. O. Aurora.
 Gavney, Edw., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Goodwin, J., lightning rods; P. O. Aurora.
 Gregory, H. H., machinist; P. O. Aurora.
 Gray, Amelia, P. O. Aurora.

Gray, C. J., fisherman; P. O. Aurora.
 Graham, Saml., expressman; P. O. Aurora.
 Guinang, Jno., burnisher; P. O. Aurora.
 Gilbert, S. W., P. O. Aurora.
 Grass, Geo., brding house; P. O. Aurora.
 Gromberg, C. A., tailor; P. O. Aurora.
 Gemeleah, J. C., P. O. Aurora.
 Gray, Jno., far.; P. O. Montgomery.
 Gillett, L., farmer; P. O. Montgomery.
 Grommer, Phil., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Goodall, Frank, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Gray, L. W., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Gray, Mary J., P. O. Aurora.
 Gale, W. H., dentist; P. O. Aurora.
 Gath, Saml., blksmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Goodell, J. M., clerk; P. O. Aurora.
 Goodell, N. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Gardner, Jacques, P. O. Aurora.
 Granger, F., P. O. Aurora.
 Gibney, Wm., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Gaffery, Felix, P. O. Aurora.
 Greaser, Geo., P. O. Aurora.
 Grannis, F. C., P. O. Aurora.
 Goodroad, Geo., fireman; P. O. Aurora.
 Gardner, L. G., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Gorham, Saml., P. O. Aurora.
 Glath, Saml., blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Gibson, F., far.; P. O. North Aurora.
 George, B., far., P. O. Sugar Grove.
 Gardner, Wm., capitalist; P. O. Aurora.
 Goodale, J. W., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Gilbert, Horace, mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Gates, Mrs. C., P. O. Aurora.
 Gronberg, C. P., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Gridley, F. L., stock dealer; P. O. Aurora.
 Gregory, H. H., mach.; P. O. Aurora.
 Greenwood, N. S., P. O. Aurora.
 Green, J. A., P. O. Aurora.
 Graves, A. J., P. O. Aurora.
 Gray, L. W., far.; P. O. Aurora.
GRAY, LESTER W., P. O. Aurora; born in Tioga Co., Pa., July 18, 1811; he worked his father's farm at the age of 17; he then became apprenticed to a tanner at Milton; finished his trade at the age of 21; married Diantha Putnam (a daughter of Thomas Putnam) in 1833; after working at his trade three years, he moved to Illinois in 1837; in 1838, moved to Cedar Rapids, Iowa; resided in Galesburg, Ill., five years; in 1852, he moved to Aurora, and is now one of its wealthy and prominent men; was Supervisor, and has been Alderman thirteen years, and is a member of the Board of Education.

Gray, Margaret, P. O. Aurora.

GRAVES, CAPT. A. C., P. O. Aurora; was born in Cortland Co., N. Y., Feb. 15, 1825; resided with his parents in New York State until 9 years of age; in the Winter of 1834 they located near Lockport, Ill.; his father had only about \$300, but he purchased a claim and some oxen, and followed farming for several years; in 1837 he settled about four miles south-east of Batavia, purchasing some 260 acres, and, notwithstanding a large family (ten still living), he accumulated a handsome property; he is still living at Warrensville, near Batavia, with his wife, and is 77 years of age. Capt. G. did hard work on the farm, and in 1854 he was elected Sheriff of Du Page Co.; upon the expiration of his term, he was made Deputy; in 1857 or 1858 he was again elected Sheriff; during this term of office he was running a livery stable, which afterward was destroyed by fire. Prior to his election as Sheriff he was Constable and Collector; in 1862 he enlisted in Co. D, 105th Inf., at Naperville; he organized the Co., and was elected Captain; the regiment went into camp at Dixon, Ill.; six companies were from De Kalb and four from DuPage; this regiment was commanded by Capt. Graves all through the Atlanta campaign; at the close of Sherman's raid he was removed (very much against his will) to the Officers' Invalid Hospital at Chattanooga. In the Fall of 1864, on account of his health, he obtained a leave of absence, and returned home, and was unable to rejoin his command; in 1867 he came to Aurora, and has since made it his home, and been prominently identified with the place. He was Deputy Sheriff four years, and was also elected City Marshal.

HALL, JOHN, wagon maker; P. O. Aurora.

Hall, John S., carpenter; P. O. Aurora
Hagadone, B. Y., conductor; P. O. Aurora.

Hagadone, J. L., sprinkler; P. O. Aurora.

Hayward, Willard, P. O. Aurora.

Hayward, L., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Hanks, W., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Hanks, Matt., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Holden, J. L., insurance; P. O. Aurora.

HOBBS, N. R., manufacturer and dealer in all kinds of upholstering goods, furniture and undertaking, No. 36 So. River st., West Aurora; the business of this house dates back to the year 1867; he has built up a large business through upright, square dealing; is a thorough business man, and as a natural consequence has been very successful; he does his own upholstering, and his immense stock of ornamental and plain furniture was bought in New York, Boston, Grand Rapids, Mich., and many other points noted for their elegant and substantial goods and superior furniture; he owns the store, pays cash for what he buys, and offers great inducements to purchasers; Mr. Hobbs has resided within a few miles of Aurora since 1855.

Holden, W., stone cutter; P. O. Aurora.

HAWKINS, WILLIS B., son of William H. and L. Brooks Hawkins, was born August 15, 1852, in the then village of Aurora; living with his parents until his twelfth year, he divided his time between the public schools, Clark Seminary and the occupation of train-boy on the old main line accommodation of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad; in September, 1864, he entered the military academy, Immanuel Hall, at Lake View, Ill., from which he emerged three years later; one year in Clark Seminary (now Jennings Institute) closed his school experience, and, under the administration of Hon. Geo. S. Bangs, P. M., he entered upon the duties of a clerk in the Aurora Post Office; this position was soon yielded up to satisfy a desire for knowledge of telegraphy, which was gained under the tutorship of Mr. T. L. Cleveland, of Batavia; this occupation was plied at different points on the C., B. & Q. R. R.—Naperville, West Aurora (Mr. Hawkins opened this office), Aurora yards, Plano and Ottawa—until, in 1871, he accepted a position in the First National Bank of Aurora; with this institution, the subject of this sketch remained until the Fall of 1872, when he joined a detective corps in Chicago, from which, however, the distasteful deception necessary to be practiced soon drove him; in the following Spring, Mr. Hawkins proceeded to St. Paul, Minn., where

the clerkship of a Minnesota River packet awaited him; a season of navigation, during the latter part of which he performed the duties of pilot, and another change, much to his liking, placed him in a lucrative position with the *Minneapolis Tribune*; under the tutelage of Clifford Thomson, brother of the late Mortimer Thomson ("Philander Doesticks") our subject became somewhat familiar with the details of journalism, and not until the *Tribune* was sold to the *Pioneer Press* did he leave it and proceed to Indianapolis, where he engaged as editor of the *Courier*, in which paper he owned a half interest; an acquaintance with Wong Chinfoo, the well-known Chinese lecturer, and a desire to further his studies of Chinese history and customs, prompted his relinquishment of the *Courier* chair, and until January 1876, he managed and traveled with that Oriental gentleman through the far East and West; in the month last named, Mr. Hawkins purchased a half interest in the *Aurora Daily News*, and took the editorial chair, to which he is now glued; in December, 1876, enlarged the *Daily News* to 24 columns; December, 1877, commenced the issue of a weekly; in December, 1876, put in steam power and cylinder press. R. W. Corbett is Local Editor. In some circles, the *non de plume* "Ben Wilde" will be, perhaps, more familiar than Willis B. Hawkins.

Hopps, Walter, P. O. Aurora.

Hartman, M., P. O. Aurora.

Harmow, Jacob, P. O. Aurora.

Hopps, George, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Hartman, Thos., conductor; P. O. Aurora.

Hackney, Miss Mary, P. O. Aurora.

Hackney, Mrs. L. E., P. O. Aurora.

Hackney, Jerry, P. O. Aurora.

Hilt, J. D., auctioneer; P. O. Aurora.

Hilts, Daniel, hay and wood; P. O. Aurora.

Hild, Wm. J., teacher; P. O. Aurora.

Hoyt, A. J., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Hoyt, E. W., supt. cement works; P. O. Aurora.

Howard G. S., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Howard, Mrs. E. A., P. O. Aurora.

Howard, L. T., contractor; P. O. Aurora.

Hopper, H., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Hopper, Jacob, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Hubbard, J. H., machinist; P. O. Aurora.

HASTINGS, L. M., Superintendent of the West Side Public Schools, District No 4; is the son of L. M. and Margaret Hastings, and was born in Worcester Co., Mass., April 18, 1837; he received his preliminary education at common school and the Thomas Academy, in 1854; he went to Fort Edward about a year, taking a classic course; in 1860, he came to Batavia, Ill., and remained one year, continuing his studies at the Batavia Institute; he taught at Birmingham, and also eight years in Decatur Co.; he founded the Garden Grove Academy there, in 1858; had charge of the public schools in Ottumwa, Iowa, for eight years; he took charge of the Graded Public School, at Litchfield, Ill., in 1873; he has taken charge of District No. 4, by request of the Board of Education.

HARRIS, O. M., proprietor of the Tremont House. The first of importance to point out to the public is a good hotel at which to stop and refresh satisfactorily the wants of the inner man, and this can conscientiously be said in naming the Tremont House. Before opening the hotel, the proprietor expended a large amount of money, determined to have a house that should give satisfaction and recommend itself through their attention and the comforts and fare offered. How well he has succeeded their increasing patronage will testify. The Tremont is very centrally located, being adjacent to the depot, business houses and places of amusement. Baggage and passengers are taken from and to the depot free of charge. The house contains about fifty rooms, all of which have been recently newly furnished and the whole interior renovated, giving the hotel a very home-like and cheerful appearance. Mr. Geo. H. Bean, the accommodating Clerk, recently of the Balis House, Indianapolis, and Biddle House of Detroit, and O. M. Harris, the attentive landlord, have made many friends by their uniform kindness and pleasant manners.

Hubbard, E. B., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Howell, I. M., lumber P. O. Aurora.

Huntoon, Mrs. M. J., P. O. Aurora.

Hathorn, A. C., clerk; P. O. Aurora.

Hunton, I. C., mason; P. O. Aurora.

HAWKINS, W. H., P. O. Aurora; Vice President of the First National Bank of Aurora, and General Adjusting Agent C., B. & Q. R. R.; born in New York, in 1817, remaining there twelve years, thence to Erie Co., Pa., remaining there until 1835, engaged in learning a trade as a tanner, thence to Canada, where he was engaged in the book and stationery business, until the breaking out of the patriot war; rather than enlist and go to war in that country, he emigrated to Chicago, in 1837; was with Maj. Brooke, one of the contractors in building the Illinois Canal, thence to Aurora, in 1840, and took charge of the West Side of Aurora; at that time there was two saw-mills, two shingle-mills, and other business, until it was sold to Charles Hoyt; was engaged in the merchandising business until 1853; has been General Adjusting Agent of the C., B. & Q. R. R. since 1851, which office he has very acceptably and efficiently filled. Mr. Hawkins has creditably filled many offices of public trust; was Mayor of the city of Aurora, in 1862 and 1872, also Alderman of the city for several years. His son, W. D. Hawkins, was in the late war; first entered the service in Co. C, 7th Ill. Vol. Inf., for three months' service; served his time out and was honorably discharged; then rejoining the army, he entered the 36th Ill. Vol. Inf. for three years, or during the war; participated in hard fought battles, under Gen. Sherman; was honorably discharged June 5, 1865; is now engineer on the C., B. & Q. R. R.

HAWLEY, JOHN S., dry goods, of the firm of Hawley & Otis; P. O. Aurora; was born in Fairfield Co., Conn., in 1820, where he remained until he was 16 years of age; he then immigrated West to Chicago, where he entered the dry goods house of McGee & High as clerk, receiving \$150 per year and board for his services; Mr. Hawley remained and saved enough money that, in 1851, he came to Aurora and commenced the dry goods business on his own account, and to-day ranks as the oldest dry goods merchant in Aurora; he was City Treasurer in 1865, in which office he gave entire satisfaction.

Hoyleo, Saml., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Henry, John, lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Hollering, John, P. O. Aurora.

Huglis, Lavina, P. O. Aurora.

Holmes, W. E., mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Holmes, J. S., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Hoffman, J. F., cigars; P. O. Aurora;

Hoffman, Conrad, cigars; P. O. Aurora.

HALE & CARPENTER, proprietors of Aurora Carriage Manufactory, established 1865. They commenced business with a capital of about \$200 in a little brick building in the rear of the Fitch House. With hard labor, good management, and the manufacture of first class work, to-day they stand among the leading carriage manufacturers of the West. They are located on the corner of Water and Benton streets, where they attend to light work and turn out carriages and buggies which for beauty of design and proprietors see that nothing leaves their finish are not excelled either East or West. The material used by this firm is of the very best to be obtained. They employ twelve practical men, and the shop unless first class. Geo. Hale was born in Pennsylvania; came to Aurora at an early day, where he commenced his trade as a blacksmith, which business he has followed ever since. W. E. Carpenter was born in Michigan; came to Aurora in 1856; was in the late war; enlisted in Co. H, 124th Ill. Volunteers, and served three years, from 1862 to 1865. These gentlemen are honorable and enterprising, and from their long experience and facilities are able to compete with any other establishment for like work.

Hitchcock, Mrs. F. A., P. O. Aurora.

Hitchcock, W., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Hitchcock, S., painter; P. O. Aurora.

Hodges, Laura, P. O. Aurora.

Hillock, R. J., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Hiller, Stephen, saloon; P. O. Aurora.

Hill, Thos. E., author and ex-Mayor; P. O. Aurora.

Hill, H. W., P. O. Aurora.

Hill, L. O., Alderman; P. O. Aurora.

Hennig, Herman, bridge builder; P. O. Aurora.

Hattery, A. J., purchasing agt.; P. O. Aurora.

Higbee, A., P. O. Aurora.

Healy, John, machinist; P. O. Aurora.

HOWELL, DR. O. D., P. O. Aurora; the subject of this sketch is probably one of the best known and highly regarded business men of Aurora, having resided in Aurora since the year 1855; he was born in New York, in 1818; he commenced his career in life by teaching school, where he saved enough money to pay his tuition in college; he graduated at the New York University, in the medical department, in 1840; he immigrated West to Aurora, in 1855, where he commenced the practice of medicine, which he has followed ever since; was in the late war as Surgeon; at the close of the war was Examining Surgeon for the United States Pension Department, appointed by President Lincoln; is Vice President of the Union National Bank of Aurora, which was organized March, 1871, with a paid-up capital of \$125,000. The Union National Bank is one of the most solid and reliable in the country, whose officers and stockholders rank among the leading capitalists and men of Aurora; Dr. H. delivered the first temperance lecture in Aurora, in a school house on the site where now stands John Plain's liquor store; his son, Dr. Edwin B. Howell, is one of the best educated doctors in Aurora; is a graduate of the Chicago University, also in French and German schools of medicine of the highest class in Europe, Persia and Vienna.

Hawks, George, Inspector; P. O. Aurora.

Huntington, A., ins. agt.; P. O. Aurora.

Hawkins, Delos, eng.; P. O. Aurora.

Hale, Geo., carriage mfr.; P. O. Aurora.

Holt, J. M., foreman R. R. carp. shops; P. O. Aurora.

Hanson, C. E., clerk; P. O. Aurora.

Harral, J. F., star churn; P. O. Aurora.

Haney, Chas., bkpr.; P. O. Aurora.

Holcolm, O., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Hendricks, M. S., machine works; P. O. Aurora.

Hassett, Michael, merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Hollis, Fred, mach.; P. O. Aurora.

Halkyard Jas., P. O. Aurora.

Henn, Frank, shoemkr.; P. O. Aurora.

Hadden, Mrs. Helen, P. O. Aurora.

Hirsh, L., mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Harrington, Jesse, auctioneer; P. O. Aurora.

HARD, ABNER, M. D., P. O. Aurora; he was born at Geneva, N. Y., Dec. 3, 1820, and is the son of Peter N. and Mary Hard. When he was thirteen years old his parents left Geneva, and settled in Livingston Co., Mich.; here, as well as in his native town, Dr. Hard attended the district school, making the best use of the advantages afforded by them. He early decided upon the medical profession, but not having means sufficient to pay his expenses through a regular course of study, he taught school through the winters, and through the summer months studied for his profession in the vicinity of Detroit; this he continued for four years, and in 1851 came to Aurora, Ill. In 1852, he went to Keokuk, Iowa, and afterward graduated from the medical department of the Iowa State University; he is also a graduate of the Rush Medical College, of Chicago. He began the practice of his profession at Ottawa, Illinois, and remained there and at Marseilles two years. In 1854, with a view to locating permanently, he returned to Aurora. In addition to his professional work, he has filled many important positions. He entered the army in 1861, as Surgeon of 8th Regiment Ill. Cavalry, and held the position till the close of the war. For his meritorious services while in the army, he was breveted Lieut. Colonel. In 1868 he was elected Alderman of the city, and in 1869 was appointed Postmaster of Aurora, and held the position until 1873. He was President, Secretary and Treasurer of Fox Valley Medical Association; was a member of the State Medical Association, and also of the American Medical Association; besides, he has written and published a history of the 8th Regiment Ill. Cavalry. Socially, he has a pleasing address and genial manners, that win the respect of all. He is a member of the Congregational Church; his political opinions are Republican. He was married May 7, 1844, to Miss Laura E. Vreeland, by whom he has four daughters.

Hodder, J. H., publisher; P. O. Aurora.

Haeni, J. F., mer. P. O. Aurora.

Hawley, Mrs. H. D., P. O. Aurora.

Habermeyer, J. G., P. O. Aurora.

HIGGINS, DR. GEO., P. O. Aurora; born in Vermont, Dec. 27, 1826; when he was quite young, his father with his family moved to Canada; thence to New York, and back to Canada; Dr. H., in company with his father, Winslow Higgins, came West and settled in Aurora, in 1835; was engaged in farming when he first came here; he also, in the Fall of 1835, helped his father build the first frame house in Aurora; was built on the site of what is now called Allen's warehouse; is a graduate of the Rush Medical College, of Chicago; graduated in 1850; has been following the practice of medicine ever since.

Habermeyer, Michael, lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Hough, J. W., drayman; P. O. Aurora.

Hadlock, W. S., fireman; P. O. Aurora.

Harrison, Alfred, clerk; P. O. Aurora.

Huston, J. E., mnfr.; P. O. Aurora.

HATCH, A. P., of the firm of Judd & Hatch, dealers in agricultural implements, grain and seed; P. O. Aurora; was born in New York, in July, 1844, remaining there until 1847; came West and settled in Sugar Grove Tp.; engaged in farming; thence to Aurora and commenced the druggist business in 1868, which business he followed until 1876; sold out and entered into partnership with H. A. Judd, in the agricultural business, in 1876; Rep.

Hunt, Mrs. E. L., P. O. Aurora.

Hummel, Rev. C., min.; P. O. Aurora.

Hooker, M. F., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Hamilton, A. A., bkpr.; P. O. Aurora.

Hermon, John, lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Hurleyhy, John, P. O. Aurora.

HOLDEN, T. N., bookkeeper locomotive department C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora; is a native of Sullivan Co., N. H.; came West in 1853; was engaged with Fuller, Finch & Fuller, druggists, of Chicago, as clerk, from 1858 to 1866; this year he was taken in as partner, and continued with the firm until 1869; he then entered the glass-ware business, which he continued until the great Chicago fire of 1871, when his entire stock was consumed in fire; he then came to Aurora in 1871; in 1872, he entered the office of the C., B. & Q. R. R., as bookkeeper in the locomotive department; is President of the East Side Board of Education.

Heimsath, Henry, manf.; P. O. Aurora.

Herrick, D. A., carp.; P. O. Aurora.

Howell, E. B., surgeon; P. O. Aurora.

Hawley & Otis, merchants; P. O. Aurora.

Hopkins, Rev. W. C., minister.

Hardy, Sandford, coal and wood; P. O. Aurora.

Hettinger, Peter, far.; P. O. No. Aurora.

Hiltgen, Nicholas, far.; P. O. Aurora.

Hess, Jno., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Hess, Nicholas, far.; P. O. Aurora.

Hines, John, painter; P. O. Aurora.

Hermus, Nicholas, mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Hinnen, Peter, P. O. Aurora.

Hettinger, Matt., farmer; P. O. North Aurora.

Hanks, John, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Hankers, Peter, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Harnon, Goodhart, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Harvey, Alexander, far.; P. O. Aurora.

Heitz, Dominick, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Hanks, Fred., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Hennis, N., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Huss, Peter, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Hammer, Joseph, mason; P. O. Aurora.

Hartz, M., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Heitz, Nicholas, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Hornly, Mrs. B., P. O. Aurora.

Hill, Mrs. Nancy, P. O. Aurora.

Holden, Mrs. Sarah, P. O. Aurora.

Hoffman, J. G. F., cigars; P. O. Aurora.

Hall, Abby B., P. O. Aurora.

Hoyt, C. L., manufacturer; P. O. Aurora.

Hoyt, L. P., manufacturer; P. O. Aurora.

Hayward, Ansel, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Hartman, Margaret, P. O. Aurora.

Hopp, W. J., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Harris, R. C., far.; P. O. No. Aurora.

Hines, Harrison, P. O. Aurora.

Harman, Sarah A., P. O. Aurora.

Hatch, J., P. O. Aurora.

Huntoon, Ann, P. O. Aurora.

Harris, Jas., P. O. Aurora.

Hotz, Fred., clerk; P. O. Aurora.

Hyland, Mary A., P. O. Aurora.

Hinman, Mrs. Sarah J., P. O. Aurora.

Heaton, Jno., mason; P. O. Aurora.

Hathron, M. L., P. O. Aurora.

Hass, Michael, far.; P. O. Aurora.

Hanson, Norman, carp.; P. O. Aurora.

Holbrook, Mrs. B. N., P. O. Aurora.

Holbrook, Betsey, P. O. Aurora.

Hibbard, Mrs. H., P. O. Aurora.

Howard, Theodore, mason; P. O. Aurora.

Hale, A. H., P. O. Aurora.

Hurd, D. W., mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Hoyt, L. B., mfg.; P. O. Aurora.
 Hotz, Emeline, P. O. Aurora.
 Hardy, Jno. W., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Hunt, M. R., P. O. Aurora.
 Hurd, Saml., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Higgins, Mary, P. O. Aurora.
 Holbrook, A., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Hanchett, J. L., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Hamilton, O. S., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Hitchcock, Geo. I., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

HOPKINS, ALBERT J., the subject of this sketch, was born on his father's farm near Cortland, De Kalb County, Ills., Aug. 15, 1846. His parents are Cyrus B. and Fannie Hopkins, who were among the earliest settlers of Northern Illinois, having made their home in De Kalb County nearly forty years ago. Those born amidst the circumstances of pioneer life, must necessarily imbibe something of the nature of their surroundings. The freedom of the life from the cares and responsibilities that ever attend the older forms of society, tends to produce a spirit of independence and vigor, which are unknown in the latter; while the isolation of the life develops a fertility of resource and an energy of action that might otherwise have remained dormant. Amid these surroundings, young Hopkins spent his childhood and early youth, working on the farm from the time he was able to handle an ax or hold the plow, and in the Winter gathering what instruction the rude "district" school of the period could afford. At seventeen, at his own earnest entreaty, he was permitted to attend school at Sycamore, the county seat of De Kalb, and such was his industry, that in one year he fitted himself to enter the preparatory course of the Hillsdale College at Hillsdale, Mich. Twelve months in that course fully equipped him for entrance into the college, and there he spent four years, graduating in 1870, and receiving the degree of A. B. Hopkins' thoughts as to a life pursuit had long since been directed toward the law. His father came home one day from court, where he had been serving as a juror, and his description of court scenes, and particularly of the passages at arms between the lawyers, and their eloquent appeals to the jury, awakened

in the lad an ambition that had slumbered. On graduating from college, however, he received a tempting offer to take charge of an academy in Maine, but through some misunderstanding on the part of the trustees of the institution the project fell through. His mind then reverted to the dream of his early boyhood. He came to Aurora in August, 1870, and began the study of law with C. J. Metzner, then one of the leading members of the bar in Kane County. Hopkins brought to his law studies zeal, industry and determination to succeed, and in September, 1871, he was admitted to practice by the Supreme Court of Illinois, and a year later in all the United States Courts. In 1872, he was elected State's Attorney for Kane County, and held the office for a term of four years, greatly distinguishing himself by the energy and success which attended his criminal prosecutions. It has become a custom to confer this office upon young lawyers, and in no term since the organization of the county has there been secured so large a number of convictions for criminal offenses as during the term it was held by Hopkins. Since his retirement from office, Mr. Hopkins has devoted his entire attention to his practice, which is extensive and lucrative, and constantly growing. Some men pursue the law merely as a means of livelihood, just as they might engage in trade, or saw wood, or keep a hotel for a living. With Hopkins the law is a part of his life. The dream of the farmer's boy has not only never faded, but its realization in the highest sense has become a passion. His ambition is to distinguish himself in his chosen profession, and particularly as an advocate. To this object he bends all his energies with the zest that marked his early studies. He understands well the importance of thoroughness of preparation, and he never enters a court room with a case without being thoroughly equipped for its presentation. He studies it from both standpoints, and is as ready to meet and repel the arguments of opposing counsel as to press his own. It is this thoroughness that makes him ready for the most unexpected emergency that may arise in the course of a trial, and to his unwearied

industry he owes much of his success, which is seldom equaled in the early career of lawyers. His temperament is the nervous and sanguine, and this, based upon a vigorous constitution, makes him a hard hitter. In politics Mr. Hopkins is a Republican, and in every election for several years past he has been one of the most effective stump speakers of that party in Kane County. His name has been frequently mentioned in connection with a seat in the Legislature.

Hoppenger, Mike, P. O. Aurora.
 Hickey, John, P. O. Aurora.
 Hill, H. R., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Hill, J. E., blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Hughes, John, blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Hogan, James, P. O. Aurora.
 Hogan, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Hawkins, C., P. O. Aurora.
 Hines, Wm., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Hill, John, blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Hinds, James, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Hinds, Peter, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Hillock, James, merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Harding, A., P. O. Aurora.
 Holland, Thomas, lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Houghton, Hannah J., P. O. Aurora.
 Hackett, John, engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Halpin, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Hannon, John, mach.; P. O. Aurora.
 Hayward, A. B., P. O. Aurora.
 Hughes, Michael, P. O. Aurora.
 Henning, L., P. O. Aurora.
 Hotz, Fred, salesman; P. O. Aurora.
 Hadlock, J. C., railroad man; P. O. Aurora.
 Hartzburg, W. A., sash fac.; P. O. Aurora.
 Hotchkins, W. H., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Hall, S. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Holmes, Mrs. C. M., P. O. Aurora.
 Hackenburg, C. F., P. O. Aurora.
 Horton, Caroline, P. O. Aurora.
 Hork, Julia, P. O. Aurora.
 Hamsmith, Henry, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Hamsmith, Ed., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Holden, Whitaker, stone cutter; P. O. Aurora.
 Hamsmith, A., P. O. Aurora.
 Hall, J. M., P. O. Aurora.
 Hogan, Peter, P. O. Aurora.
 Hayes, Thos. E., fireman; P. O. Aurora.
 Hollis, Fred., Jr., machinist; P. O. Aurora.
 Hastings, Dan'l, switchman; P. O. Aurora.
 Hank, S. S., P. O. Aurora.

Hanna, Robert, mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Howe, James, mechanic; P. O. Aurora.
 Houghlin, Frank, P. O. Aurora.
 Host, Peter, machinist; P. O. Aurora.
 Higgins, George, physician; P. O. Aurora.
 Haggarty, Charles, wagon maker; P. O. Aurora.
 Hopps, Mrs. Ann, P. O. Aurora.
 Hard, Abner, physician; P. O. Aurora.
 Houston, Mrs. Alex., P. O. Aurora.
 Hareiman, Hiram, P. O. Aurora.
 Hannon, Sarah, P. O. Aurora.
 Hall, J. G., P. O. Aurora.
 Hathaway, G. W., P. O. Aurora.
 Hassett, R., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Hassett, Michael, mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Hobbs, N. R., furniture; P. O. Aurora.
 Hannah Bros., mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Hanna, Robt., P. O. Aurora.
 Hoyt, Willis, mfr.; P. O. Aurora.
 Hoyt, Mrs. Mary, P. O. Aurora.
 Hoyt, Mrs. S. A., P. O. Aurora.
 Hoyt, L. P., mfr.; P. O. Aurora.
 Hoyt, Agnes; P. O. Aurora.
 Hagerty, Chas., wagon mkr; P. O. Aurora.
 Hale, Horace, brkman.; P. O. Aurora.
 Hume, T. J., marble cutter; P. O. Aurora.
 Holstin, Martha, P. O. Aurora.
 Holstin, Julia, P. O. Aurora.
 Howard, P., P. O. Aurora.
 Huntoon, E. C., P. O. Aurora.
 Hubbard, N., mail carrier; P. O. Aurora.
 Hubbard, Mrs. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Hewett, E. E., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Hart, J. W., painter; P. O. Aurora.
 Hinekley, L., painter; P. O. Aurora.
 Hammond, K. S., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Higgins, M. A., mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Higgins, Jas., P. O. Aurora.
 Hastings, L. M., Supt. West Side School; P. O. Aurora.
 Hawley, S. B., phys.; P. O. Aurora.
 Hauser, C., P. O. Aurora.
 Hamilton, Pat., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Huntington, J. H., clerk; P. O. Aurora.
 Holbrook, Mrs. B. N., P. O. Aurora.
 Hatch, Mrs. M. P., P. O. Aurora.
 Hill, Rev. D. D., min.; P. O. Aurora.
 Hord, L., miller; P. O. Aurora.
 Hord, M. P., miller; P. O. Aurora.
 Haigh, W. C., tailor; P. O. Aurora.
 Hayward, Mary, P. O. Aurora.
 Hadden, A., shoemaker; P. O. Aurora.
 Hartigan, Thos., bill poster; P. O. Aurora.
 Hunt, Herman, butcher; P. O. Aurora.
 Hurd, D. W., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Hanna, Jno., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Hanna, Geo., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Hotz, F. H., salesman; P. O. Aurora.
 Hord, Emmons & Co., flour-mill; P. O. Montgomery.
 Hammond, Jno., sash, doors and blinds; P. O. Montgomery.
 Hager, Joseph, mer.; P. O. Montgomery.
 Humphry, Geo., P. O. Aurora.
 Hardy, J. W., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Hopkins, H. L., dairyman; P. O. Aurora.
 Hill, D. L., milkman; P. O. Aurora.
 Hayes, Abigail, P. O. Aurora.
 Hough, J. W., drayman; P. O. Aurora.
 Harwood, Mrs. M., P. O. Aurora.
 Hurd, Samuel, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Halpine, Mrs. Mary, P. O. Aurora.
 Haroley, Mrs. H. D., P. O. Aurora.

HIGGINS, M. A., of the firm of W. Lawrence & Co.; P. O. Aurora; was born in Jamaica, Windham Co., Vt., Dec. 16, 1827; was educated there; his father was a farmer in good circumstances; when 15 years old he entered the employ of Higgins & Summers, his father being the senior member; he remained as clerk five or six years; two years after he opened a general merchandise store in his native place, and continued in business five years; while here he married Miss Martha A. Reed in 1853; he went to Washington Co., and entered into partnership with Mr. Lawrence, his present partner; they commenced on a small scale, but in a few years their sales reached \$100,000 per annum; at the end of seven years the firm dissolved; nine years from this time he came to Aurora, and went into the lumber business, and finally again became a partner of Mr. Lawrence.

LIFE, DAVID, insurance agent; P. O. Aurora.

Irwin, Fowler, mason; P. O. Aurora.
 Irvin, Jerry, P. O. Aurora.
 Isbell, E. K., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Isbell, Levi H., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Innes, Peter, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Isbell, Mrs. A. C., P. O. Aurora.

JONES, MRS. LETITIA, P. O. Aurora.

Jameson, J., miller; P. O. Aurora.
 Johnson, W. J., agent; P. O. Aurora.
 Jones, Wm., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Jones, H. R., mason; P. O. Aurora.
 Johnson, Joseph, mer.; P. O. Aurora.

JUDD, ASAH, retired farmer; P. O. Aurora; was born in Franklin Co., Mass., in 1808, where he remained until 1853, and then emigrated West to Kane Co., and settled in Sugar Grove Township, where he commenced farming, which business he carried on very successfully until 1868, when he moved to Aurora; Mr. Judd, when he first came to Kane Co., was worth about \$5,000; he invested in farming land, and with hard labor and industry, is to-day one of the successful farmers of Kane Co.; Nov. 25, 1841, he married Miss Mary Ann Bates, daughter of John and Ann Bates, of Hampshire Co., Mass.; she was born in 1817; three children—Henry A., born in 1847; engaged in the agricultural business in Aurora; married Miss Jane Smith; William B., traveling salesman of Wright & King, of Chicago, married Annie T. Graves; Mary L., married James Davis, farmer.

Johnson, L. E., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Johnson, W. J., traveler; P. O. Aurora.
 Johnson, J. B., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Johnson, G. N., traveling agent; P. O. Aurora.

Jackson, Rev. J. L., min.; P. O. Aurora.
 Jackson, Fred, painter; P. O. Aurora.
 Judd, Theo., mach.; P. O. Aurora.
 Judson, L. B., ins. agt.; P. O. Aurora.
 Jurden, W. E., physician; P. O. Aurora.
 James, J. C., P. O. Aurora.
 James, F. D., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

JUDD, HENRY A., of the firm of Judd & Hatch, dealers in agricultural implements, grain and seed, Aurora, Ill.; P. O. Aurora; was born in Franklin Co., Mass., in 1847, remaining there until 1853; thence West to Kane Co., Ill., and settled in Sugar Grove Township; he engaged in farming; he came to Aurora, and started in the agricultural business in 1871; he holds the office of Supervisor, which he was elected to in 1876; Rep.; Episcopalian.

Jassoy, Mrs. A. B., P. O. Aurora.
 Jenkins, Ed., mason; P. O. Aurora.
 Jacoby, John, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Jameson & Russell, city mills; P. O. Aurora.
 Jenkins, D. J., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Jungles, Geo., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Jungles, Philip, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Jungles, Peter, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Jacobs, Nicholas, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Jones, John, mason; P. O. Aurora.
 Jungles, P. M., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Jones, W. H., auctioneer; P. O. Aurora.
 Jenks, Mrs. S., P. O. Aurora.
 Janes, N. L., P. O. Aurora.
 James, H. E., P. O. Aurora.
 Jones, W., mach.; P. O. Aurora.
 Jones, E. T., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Judd, A. T., lumber dlr.; P. O. Aurora.
 Judd, Charles, lumber; P. O. Aurora.
 Jameson, John, prop. mill; P. O. Montgomery.
 Jackson, A. L., P. O. Aurora.
 Johnson, Jno., traveler; P. O. Aurora.
 Johnson, James, P. O. Aurora.
 Johnson, M. F., teamster; P. O. Aurora.
 Jones, John, contractor; P. O. Aurora.
 Jones, O. T., P. O. Aurora.
 Jenks, Joel, P. O. Aurora.
 Johnson, Mary, P. O. Aurora.
 Jackson, A., P. O. Aurora.
 Johnston, Joseph, mnfr.; P. O. Aurora.
 Johnson, G. N., traveler; P. O. Aurora.
 Johnson, A. A., P. O. Aurora.
 Jones, W., Jr., mach.; P. O. Aurora.
 Jorbon, John, watchman; P. O. Aurora.

JONES, O. T., retired farmer; P. O. Aurora; he was born at North Wales, Jan. 15, 1809; in 1838 he came to America, and settled down in the State of New York; he remained four years, working out for \$8 per month; in 1836 he came West to Illinois, passing through Chicago, and eventually settling down at Somanauk, De Kalb Co.; here he gave \$200 for 340 acres of land, and the same year split rails and built fence and also erected a log cabin; the following Spring he hired six yoke of oxen and broke about 40 acres and put in his crop; in Oct., 1837, he was married, at Chicago, to Miss Elizabeth Williams, at the residence of E. Van Lewis; on his return he farmed it very successfully for ten years; in 1847 he moved to Alexandria, near Sandwich, Ill., where he resided for eight years; in 1866 he came to Sugar Grove and purchased 155 acres; he disposed of this in 1868, and in 1869 came to Aurora, lived a short time in the city, and finally purchased 4 acres just outside the city and built himself a handsome residence; has four children—Albert, William D., Clayton, and John T.

Joyce, Cordelia, P. O. Aurora.
 Johnson, M. T., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Jones, Jurby, P. O. Aurora.
 Jurand, Jacob, P. O. Aurora.

JACKSON, S. L., P. O. Aurora; was born in Chautauqua Co., N. Y., Aug. 6, 1819; when 10 years old, moved with his parents to Ashtabula Co., Ohio; his father, a blacksmith, early instructed him in the trade, but, at 18, young Jackson determined to try his fortune in the West; with the consent of his parents and \$80 in money, he started—*bon voyage*—fording rivers, doubling teams through swamps and highways, and guessing the road in sparsely settled localities, guide boards being few and far between; an idea may be had of the difficulties in the way of the emigrant when it is stated that, in a distance of thirty miles, thirty-one taverns were counted; this was en route through the Maumee Swamps, and it was no uncommon occurrence to see nine yoke of oxen trying to pull a wagon out of a plunge hole; in some places, holes were so deep that the mud and water would force their way through the bottoms of the wagons; old settlers will remember the Pre-emption Hotel, the favorite stamping ground of the emigrant; for four or five years, Mr. Jackson followed blacksmithing and farming in Chicago and in McHenry and Du Page Counties; in 1843, he established himself in a blacksmith shop at Naperville, and continued there for fourteen years; at 27, married Miss Sarah A. Baker, of Aurora; two sons and two daughters are the result of the union; for a number of years, Mr. Jackson held the office of Alderman in Aurora, and on his retirement from office he worked his farm property for seven years; in 1870, he again came with his family to Aurora, and erected his present residence. Coming to Illinois as poor as the poorest, he steadily went onward and upward; he is wealthy, affable and courteous.

JAMES, F. W., photographer; corner Downer place and River street; P. O. Aurora; became established in present business seven years ago; was born in Wooster, Ohio, Nov., 1847; his father was a dealer in musical instruments and

music many years; settled in Ohio forty years ago; he was also a sea captain in his younger days; here the subject of this sketch grew up, received a preliminary education, and was afterward finished in Aurora; when 18 years of age, his parents settled in Aurora; he became an employe of the C., B. & Q. R. R., and worked three years as a machinist; then became an agent for the Florence Sewing Machine Co. Mr. James had also had a large experience in the photograph business with D. C. Pratt and others.

JACKSON, D. B., blacksmith and carriage maker, and a teacher of penmanship; P. O. Aurora; was born at Naperville, Du Page Co., in 1850; his father was a blacksmith and wagon maker; when he was six years old his parents moved to Aurora, and remained three years; the family then moved on to a farm of 270 acres, three miles northwest of the city; there young Jackson grew to maturity; in early youth he attended the District School; at 15 years of age he became a student in the Northwestern Business College in the city of Aurora; took a course in the higher branches and penmanship; then attended Jennings Seminary; in penmanship he studied under Prof. Cross; on leaving the seminary, he worked on the farm a short time, and in 1871 he went to Kansas and bought a farm, which he still owns; May 15, 1872, he married Julia L. Felton, daughter of J. M. Felton, at Winfield, near Arkansas City; while on the farm Mr. Jackson had become a skillful workman; he is one of the best wagon makers in Aurora, and a fine penman; resides close to shop.

KELLEY, JOHN, expressman; P. O. Aurora.

Kelly, W., mechanic; P. O. Aurora.

Kelly, L., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Kelly, J. A., P. O. Aurora.

Kelly, Pat, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Killian, Emil, engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Knight, I. J., shoemaker; P. O. Aurora.

Kinley, J. A., clerk; P. O. Aurora.

Knott, James, P. O. Aurora.

Kuchue, E. H., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Kramer, J. J., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Kranert, Fred., fruit dealer; P. O. Aurora.

Karl, J. H., stone quarry; P. O. Aurora.

KLEIN, PETER, editor and proprietor of the *Aurora Volks Freund*; he was born in Nussbaum, Prussia, near Bingen on the Rhine, Sept. 1, 1849; is the son of Henry and Elizabeth (Kessler) Klein; Mr. Klein came to America with his father in 1862; his first business in this country was clerking in Chicago; from there he came to Kane Co. and settled in Aurora in 1864, where he commenced clerking in a store; thence in the insurance business, which he continued until 1868; he then entered into partnership with Mr. Siegmund in the publication of the *Volks Freund*, the only German paper in the Fox River Valley; on the 1st of July, 1870, Mr. Klein bought out the half interest of Mr. Siegmund, and continued to publish the paper alone; when the first number made its appearance, few entertained the belief that it would live any length of time; but with a firm and powerful will and the good business qualifications that characterize its present publisher, the paper has been gradually brought to a firm, substantial basis, and may now be deemed one of the permanent institutions of Aurora.

Klamser, Joseph, engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Kutler, John, P. O. Aurora.

KING, ALFRED, farmer; resides in Aurora; born in N. Y., in 1825. He married Miss M. Dean; she was born in New York, 1845; have four children, three living; lived in New York until 1856, then came to Aurora, then to Big Rock, then to Aurora; has been Highway Commissioner and School Director; he owns 153 acres in Secs. 18 and 19, in Aurora Township, valued at \$65 per acre.

Keith, James, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Keepers, I. B., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Keyes, S. P., P. O. Aurora.

Kirsch, Peter, engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Kirsch, Nick, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Kendall, J. W., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Kearns, B., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Kyle, T. A., engineer; P. A. Aurora.

Keil, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Kiesel, C., butcher; P. O. Aurora.

Keup, Jos., peddler; P. O. Aurora.

Krauter, Geo., mason; P. O. Aurora.

Koenig, Jno., shoemaker; P. O. Aurora.

Kehm, Fred, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Kansler, Albert, brooms; P. O. Aurora.
 Kramer, Conrad, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Kramer, John, carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Kartizer, Barney, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Kartizer, Theo., car repairer; P. O. Aurora.
 Kartizer, John, car repairer; P. O. Aurora.
 Komas, Jno., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Kartizer, Peter, car repairer; P. O. Aurora.
 Kartizer, Michael, far.; P. O. North Aurora.
 Krantz, Nick., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Kramer, Wm., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Krantze, Lawrence, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Krutchen, Jno., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Komas, Frank, far.; P. O. North Aurora.
 Komas, Anton, far.; P. O. North Aurora.
 Komas, Nick, far.; P. O. North Aurora.
 Komas, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Kale, Harry, lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 King, Betsey, Mrs., P. O. Aurora.
 Kraymor, N., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Karthizer, Mat., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Keifer, John, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Kranz, Peter, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Kaley, Henry, lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Kline, N., P. O. Aurora.
 Kirchens, P., blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Kinley, J. R., ticket agt.; P. O. Aurora.
 Kohra, Jno., P. O. Aurora.
 Kattler, Jno., butcher; P. O. Aurora.
 King, Mrs. Amelia, P. O. Aurora.
 Knight, Chas. B., cond'r; P. O. Aurora.
 Kerwin, M. W., P. O. Aurora.
 Kellam, Frank, engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Kimball, Wm., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Kennedy, Thos., flagman; P. O. Aurora.
 Kelly, Michael, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Kraft, Philip, P. O. Aurora.
 Klamser, Joseph, engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Keefe, Morris, lab; P. O. Aurora.
 Kingsbury, S., P. O. Aurora.
 Keenan, Jno., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Kealey, Henry, C. B. & Q.; P. O. Aurora.
 Keep, Emma, P. O. Aurora.
 Kelsey, C. E., P. O. Aurora.
 Kaiser, John, shoemaker; P. O. Aurora.
 Kohn, John, P. O. Aurora.
 Krawsenkle, Frank, P. O. Aurora.
 Keefe, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 King J. R., clerk; P. O. Sugar Grove.
 King, Nancy, P. O. Aurora.
 King, Almer, carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Kennedy, J. D., P. O. Aurora
 Kehl, Mike, P. O. Aurora.
 Karl, J. H., stone quarry; P. O. Aurora.

Kinney, Patrick, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Keck, Leander, P. O. Aurora.
 Kennedy, Geo., C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora.
 Kennedy, J. M., conductor; P. O. Aurora.
 Kavanaugh, M., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Kuapp, Valentine, wagon maker; P. O. Aurora.
 Karb, Peter, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Knight, D. A., P. O. Aurora.
 Knickerbocker, H., printer; P. O. Aurora.
 Knickerbocker, W., mason; P. O. Aurora.
 Knickerbocker, Geo., mfr.; P. O. Aurora.
 Kemp, Jno., harness maker; P. O. Aurora.
 Keasler, I., jeweler; P. O. Aurora.
 Keasler, B., P. O. Aurora.
 Kilbourne, Dr. E. H., dentist; P. O. Aurora.
 King, Henry, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Kennedy, Chas., P. O. Aurora.
 Keck, Daniel, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Keck, Jas., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Klepper, Nich., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Keck, Jno., farmer; P. O. Montgomery.
 Keck, Walter, farmer; P. O. Montgomery.
 Keck, Nimrod, far.; P. O. Montgomery.
 Knight, I. J., mfr.; P. O. Aurora.
 Kelley, Bridget, P. O. Aurora.
 Kearns, John, watchman; P. O. Aurora.
 Kranard, Fred., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Koller, Anna, P. O. Aurora.
 Koller, Miss W., P. O. Aurora.
 Krouse, Mary, P. O. Aurora.
 Kalf, Leonard, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Kinley, W., P. O. Aurora.
 Kinley, W. B., P. O. Aurora.
 LONG, J. H., painter; P. O. Aurora.

LOSER, ANTON, senior member of the firm of Loser & Son, dealers in groceries, glassware, wines, liquors and cigars; P. O. Aurora; was born at Luxemburg, Germany, Sept. 21, 1821; in 1857 he became established in business in Aurora, and ranks among the oldest business men of the place; a few years ago, Christopher Loser, his son, became a partner; he is a young man well liked for his pleasing manner, and possesses good business qualifications; they are located at 45 River street; they carry a fine line of goods, and customers always get their money's worth; everything applying to groceries may be found at this house; also a fine line of wines, liquors and cigars.

Long, Fred., policeman; P. O. Aurora.

Long, Nicholas, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Leonard, Mrs. I. P., milliner; P. O. Aurora.

LEWIS, JAMES. wool merchant; P. O. Aurora; was born in Jefferson Co., New York, in 1836; up to the time he was 14 years of age, his parents resided at Jefferson; they then removed to Cayuga Co., and thence to Washington Co., where they still live; James received a good common school education in the same county, and remained on the farm there until he was 26 years of age; in 1864, he came West and located first at Montgomery, about two miles from Aurora; while there, he was employed to run a flax-mill, by an Eastern firm; in 1867, he came to Aurora and entered the employ of Hon. D. Volentine, and, in 1872, became a member of the firm; this house transacts the heaviest wool business of any firm in the Northwest; buys very largely in the States of Nebraska, Iowa, Wisconsin, Missouri, Illinois, and many other Northwestern States; their shipments are made East, principally to Boston; to give the reader a little idea of the immense amount of business transacted by this firm, it would take one man six to eight months to repair the sacks used in shipping.

Leonard, John, mason; P. O. Aurora.

LAWRENCE & CO., W., dry goods and groceries; of the many successful business houses of Aurora, there are none that rank ahead of the above enterprising firm; they were established in 1862, commencing in a small way; they now command a trade for miles around the city, and ship their produce to an eastern market; they occupy the double store, 42 and 44 South River st., one of the most palatial business houses in the West, devoted exclusively to dry goods, groceries, pork, butter and produce; principal shipments are made to Boston; the members of the firm are Wm. Lawrence, Lyman Baldwin and M. A. Higgins; W. Lawrence is also Treasurer and Director of the Aurora Silver Plate Mfg. Co., member of the West Side Board of Education, and Vice President of the Second National Bank.

Leonard, Philip, engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Leonard, B. F., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Loomis, John, lumber; P. O. Aurora.

Lindsley, Wm., loan agt.; P. O. Aurora.

Lowry, J. K., painter; P. O. Aurora.

Layton, Henry, P. O. Aurora.

Lindsley, G. W., gilder; P. O. Aurora.

Lowry, Mrs. J. B., dressmaker; P. O. Aurora.

Lackner, John, mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Little, Miss R. C., P. O. Aurora.

Loser, M., mason; P. O. Aurora.

Loser, Peter, mason; P. O. Aurora.

Lacure, J. P., yard master; P. O. Aurora.

Lillie, Mrs. L., F. O. Aurora.

Lantz, C., watchman; P. O. Aurora.

Loucks, P. L., P. O. Aurora.

Loucks, Phebe E., P. O. Aurora.

Lux, Peter, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Lantrom, Nick, P. O. Aurora.

Leary, Michael, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

LAKE, D. G., boots and shoes, and farming; was born in the year 1828, at Conneaut, Ashtabula Co., Ohio; in 1835 his parents moved West and reached the banks of the Fox River same year; the head of the family, who was a stirring business man and ambitious to make a home, claimed, in connection with his brother, Tophint, several hundred acres, and also bought a claim of Samuel McCarty, John Halbrook, John R. Livingston and Mr. Powers; afterward he kept a portion of the claims, and part of this claim is now comprised in the city of Aurora. Theo. Lake, the father of the subject of this sketch, was born at East Bloomfield, N. Y., Feb. 16, 1801; as before stated, he came to Aurora in 1835, and was one of the earliest pioneers in Kane Co.; he and the brother heretofore mentioned started, probably, the first general merchandise store in Aurora. As an instance of the growth of Kane Co., Mr. Lake states that when he was nine years of age he rode on horseback and plowed corn through what is now River street, the main thoroughfare on the west side of the river; this was in 1835, when Aurora had but two log houses and the frame for a saw-mill on the east side of the river, and but one log house stood on the west side, where Dunning Block now stands.

Litz, Matt, mechanic; P. O. Aurora.

Lee, C. W., car repairer; P. O. Aurora.
 Lombard, W. E., mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Ladd, A. H., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Laundry, O., wood and coal; P. O. Aurora.
 Ladd, J. S., P. O. Aurora.
 Lamb, Pat., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Lamson, E., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

LOSER & EGERMAN, grocers; commenced business in 1857; the business of this firm was established by Anthony Loser; in 1870 they were located at 45 River st., but soon after removed to their present spacious quarters at 33 River st.; they are doing a good business, and are one of the leading houses of the city.

Linington, C. A., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Lutekerne, Conrad, carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Lincoln, W. H., mason; P. O. Aurora.
 Lehmann, Fred., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Longenburger, M. A., P. O. Aurora.
 Laplansg, H., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Leins, Isadore, painter; P. O. Aurora.
 Lintner, Samuel, carp.; P. O. Aurora.

LE BARON, J. K., ret. far.; P. O. Aurora; was born in Roxbury, Mass., in Sept. 1810; after serving eight years as clerk and bookkeeper in a bank, impelled by the glorious accounts of the beauty and fertility of the Western prairies, he started for Illinois in 1835, and settled in what is now Kendall Co.; purchasing a large farm, he resided upon it until 1871, when he sold and removed to Aurora, in Kane Co.; while a resident of Kendall Co., Mr. Le Baron was a successful farmer and held many offices of trust and responsibility.

Lee, L. C., jeweler; P. O. Aurora.
 Lord, Curtis, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Loucks, Jesse, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Lies, Nicholas, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Lenekugal, Lewis, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Leweck, Jacob, Sr., mach.; P. O. Aurora.
 Leonard, Nicholas, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Linden, Peter, 1st, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Lies, John, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Linden, Barney, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Linden, Henry, wool dealer; P. O. Aurora.
 Linden, Peter, 2d, wool dealer; P. O. Aurora.
 Lund, A. A., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Lintz, C., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Loucks, A., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Lucille, C., mechanic; P. O. Aurora.
 Light, Mrs., M. S., P. O. Aurora.

Lane, Catherine, P. O. Aurora.

LITTLE, ALEXANDER C., attorney at law; Little & White; born in Rome, N. Y., in 1838, remaining at his native State until 1851, then emigrating West, in company with his father and family, to Ill., and settled in Kendall Co. in 1851, remaining there three years, engaged in farming; graduated in the Medical College at Keokuk, Iowa, in 1858; at the breaking out of the late war he enlisted in Co. K, 127th I. V. I., serving until the close of the war; was wounded at the battle of East Point, which disabled him for a few months, and then rejoined his regiment with Gen. Sherman in the Carolinas, on their way to Washington; participated in a great many battles under Gen. Sherman; the most severe were Champion Hill, Vicksburg, Mission Ridge, Kennesaw Mountain, Resaca and Decatur, Ga., where the gallant McPherson fell; entered the service as private, mustered out as Captain; was at the grand review at Washington; returning from the war, he commenced the law business in 1865; is to-day one of the most prominent and thoroughly educated attorneys of this vicinity; he has creditably filled many offices of public trust; was City Alderman in 1869, City Attorney in 1873, Mayor of the City in 1874; his father, John Little, is a native of Scotland.

LIES, MICHAEL, conveyancer and ins. agt.; is the son of Nicholas and Maria (Weller) Lies, of Europe; he was born in Luxembourg, Europe, in 1841; with his father and family he emigrated to America in 1852 and settled in Aurora, where he commenced farming and continued until 1856, thence in the grocery business for eight years; in 1864 he commenced the insurance business. Mr. Lies has held several offices of public trust—that of City Collector in 1865, Town Clerk in 1868, and Town Collector in 1874. In all of these offices he acquitted himself in a very creditable manner. He is a Democrat in politics; is a member of the Catholic Church; married Miss Catharine Krantz, of England; they have six children.

Levy, M., P. O. Aurora.

- Loveque, Jacob, C., B. & Q.; P. O. Aurora.
 Lies, Catherine, P. O. Aurora.
 Linster, Nicholas, P. O. Aurora.
 Lang, Nicholas, teacher; P. O. Aurora.
 Lynch, John, P. O. Aurora.
 Larson, Gustaf, P. O. Aurora.
 Lindberg, G. H., mach.; P. O. Aurora.
 Landray, Mary, P. O. Aurora.
 Landray, B., P. O. Aurora.
 Loser, A., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Lovejoy, Mrs. C. A., P. O. Aurora.
 Lallaway, T., P. O. Aurora.
 Lathrop, S. F., P. O. Aurora.
 Leland, Mrs. E., P. O. Aurora.
 Lassing, Mrs. M. W., P. O. Aurora.
 Lawton, John, gas fitter; P. O. Aurora.
 Lankaw, Fred., fireman; P. O. Aurora.
 Leonard, Mary, P. O. Aurora.
 Laging, W., P. O. Aurora.
 Lillie, John, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Leonard, Wm., P. O. Aurora.
 Linden, John, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Leonard, Mrs. E., P. O. Aurora.
 Lawton, Mrs. M. A., P. O. Aurora.
 Lovett, W., P. O. Aurora.
 Logan, Thos., painter; P. O. Aurora.
 Loser, John, merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Lincoln, R. O., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Lutekuhem, Stephen, P. O. Aurora.
 Luse, M. O., P. O. Aurora.
 Lenox, Ellen G., P. O. Aurora.
 Lone, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Lynch, Pat., baker; P. O. Aurora.
 Loveque, Geo., P. O. Aurora.
 Leach, A., P. O. Aurora.
 Lammonix, J., P. O., Aurora.
 Lombard, Wm., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Leveque, P., C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O.
 Longhurst, Mrs. E., P. O. Aurora.
 Aurora.
 Lanabee, Catharine, P. O. Aurora.
 Lowery, Mrs. P., P. O. Aurora.
 La Brick, Frank, engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Loucks, J. H., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 La Clair, Alex., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Lee, Clancy C., teamster; P. O. Aurora.
 Leveque, John, C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O.
 Aurora.
 Leveque, Augustus, Sr., P. O. Aurora.
 Leveque, Jos., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Lowery, D. D., hotel; P. O. Yorkville.
 Long, R. B., painter; P. O. Aurora.
 Lutkehom, Conrad, P. O. Aurora.
 Laden, Michael, lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Lanigan, J. A., painter; P. O. Aurora.
 Loser, Peter, mason; P. O. Aurora.
 Loser, C., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Loser, A., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Landis, Joseph, engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Lankow, Fred, fireman; P. O. Aurora.
 Loomis, Jas., blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Lennington, Geo., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Lennington, W. C., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Lord, A., P. O. Aurora.
 Longworthy, A. C., mfr.; P. O. Aurora.
 Long, S. D., P. O. Aurora.
 Lathrop, W. B., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Lancaster, L., P. O. Aurora.
 Lawton, Jane, P. O. Aurora.
 Lansing, W. H., wagon maker; P. O.
 Aurora.
 Lindgreen, G., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Leonard, John.
 Loucks, Erastus, lab.; P. O. Montgomery.
 Loucks, Mrs. E. M., P. O. Montgomery.
 Lillie, E., laborer; P. O. Montgomery.
 Lyon, Lewis, P. O. Aurora.
 Lucas, William, far.; P. O. Montgomery.
 Lennington, I. B., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Lowry, R. M., P. O. Aurora.
 Lee, Caroline, P. O. Aurora.
 La Planck, H., P. O. Aurora.
 Lewis, A. M., P. O. Aurora.
MILLER, H. H., jeweler; P. O.
 Aurora.
 Miller, Jacob, cigars; P. O. Aurora.
 Miller, Chauncey, mnfr.; P. O. Aurora.
 Miller, Jno., blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Miller, James, P. O. Aurora.
 Miller, W. J., painter; P. O. Aurora.
 Miller, Martin, millwright; P. O. Aurora.
 Miller, W., lab.; P. O. Montgomery.
 Miller, Anthony, blksmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Miles, M. M., physician; P. O. Aurora.
 Martin, Isaac, saloon; P. O. Aurora.
 Meyer, Frank, butcher; P. O. Aurora.
 Myers, L. F., coppersmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Meyer, Joseph, wagons; P. O. Aurora.
MARSHALL, MRS. J. W.; came
 to Illinois in 1842, and to Kane Co. in
 1855; was born in Alexandria, N. Y.,
 March 26, 1824; her parents came
 West in February, 1842, and settled
 four miles west of Aurora; in 1846, she
 married John W. Marshall, and went to
 Millville, where her husband commenced
 mercantile business; was there nine
 years, engaged in trade, and, being a
 man of great energy, was very success-
 ful; came back to Aurora in 1855, and,
 having bought out W. B. Gillett, con-
 tinued in a mercantile capacity.

Meyer, John, mechanic; P. O. Aurora.

Myers, John J., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

McNett, D. G., pawnbroker; P. O. Aurora.

McCabe, L. S., mer.; P. O. Aurora.

McKEE, DAVID, retired far.; Sec. 11; P. O. Aurora; the subject of this sketch is the oldest of the living settlers that first settled in Chicago; he was born in Loudon Co., Va., Dec. 2, 1800; is the son of John F. and Jane (Marple) McKee, of Scotland; Mr. McKee, with his father and family, moved to Pennsylvania, where he remained but a short time; thence to Cincinnati, O., in 1813, where he learned his trade, blacksmithing; he remained there until 1821; made a trip to New Orleans and St. Louis that year; came back to Cincinnati and was appointed by the Government to go to Chicago and do the blacksmithing for the Indians, as the treaty was the Government would furnish the Indians with a blacksmith; he arrived and commenced work in 1822; he relates that when he first came to Chicago, the bones of those who were slain in the massacre at Fort Dearborn, in 1812, were still lying on the ground, and Capt. Bradley, with soldiers, gathered them up and buried them in two large boxes, about two miles south of Fort Dearborn; he remained as blacksmith for the Indians, eight years; was the first Constable of Chicago; he was engaged for one year carrying the U. S. mail from Chicago to Fort Wayne, in 1828; on his way from Fort Wayne was caught in one of the most severe snow storms ever known in that section; was six days making the trip from Niles to Chicago; found a soldier frozen to death, who had been discharged from the garrison at Fort Dearborn the previous day, and was on his way home, east; in 1827 he married his first wife, Miss Wealthy Scott, born in 1812, and died in 1835; he went to Naperville and was engaged in building the first house at that place; he remained here until 1836; thence to Du Page Co., where he settled on a farm of 400 acres; remained there until 1874; thence to Kane Co., Ill.; in 1836, married his second wife, Miss Sarah Ward, of New York; daughter of James and Laura (Dayton) Ward; she was born in

1816; two children by his first wife—Stephen, born in 1830, and Joseph, born in 1833, died in 1833; three children by second—Wealthy, born in 1837; James W., born in 1839, and Carrie, born in 1842.

McWilliams, F., mer.; P. O. Aurora.

McIntosh, A., patternmkr; P. O. Aurora.

McAlpine, Dr. L., P. O. Aurora.

MEREDITH, THOMAS, P. O. Aurora; was born in Montgomeryshire, Wales, in December, 1812; his father was a farmer, and on the old homestead young Meredith grew up; his father died when he was but a few years old; he received a good common school education, and was gifted with a wonderful memory; his father had taken a lease of 321 acres of land for twenty-one years, and the young man had the supervision of it for ten years; at the age of 21 years, he married Miss Sarah Thomas, in May, 1843; came to America in 1843; came by way of the lakes to Chicago, on the steamer Constitution, and settled in Big Rock Tp.; purchased 400 acres of land; carried on this very successfully till 1865, when he disposed of his property and moved to Aurora, and bought a fine property, including residence; his children are Thomas, Mary, Ann, John Edwin, George William, Wynne, Elizabeth, and Helen, deceased.

McConnell, W. H., miller; P. O. Aurora.

McGann, Patrick, shoemkr; P. O. Aurora.

McNulty, Patrick, P. O. Aurora.

McKinney, J. W., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

McKinna, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

McCullouck, W., shoemkr; P. O. Aurora.

MERRITT, MRS. LUCY D., P. O. Aurora; is the daughter of E. P. and Sallie (Cutts) Huntoon, and the wife of the late John M. Merrett, who was born in Vermont in 1803, and died at Aurora, in September, 1876. Mrs. M. is one of the old settlers of Aurora; came here, in 1838, in company with her husband from the East, by the way of canal and lake, and part of the way by wagon, it taking them some three weeks to make the trip; Mr. Merrett was engaged in the boot and shoe business; have two children living—one, at present, living in Kansas, the other at home.

McCollum, James, sewing machines; P. O. Aurora.

Mack, Gottlieb, mason; P. O. Aurora.

Mason, J. O., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Mitchell, Robert, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Mitchell, Henry, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Mileham, S. H., carp.; P. O. Aurora.

Mahar, Harriet, P. O. Aurora.

Maydwell, J. E., tinner; P. O. Aurora.

Messenger, F., carpet weaver; P. O. Aurora.

Markes, Peter, engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Meadows, Wm., conductor; P. O. Aurora.

Minnium, F. J., contractor; P. O. Aurora.

Minnium, H., contractor; P. O. Aurora.

Montony, R. G., attorney; P. O. Aurora.

MILLER, HOLMES, P. O. Aurora;

merchant of the firm of Miller & Senckenbaugh, dry goods; born in Tompkins Co., N. Y., in 1839; leaving his native State when quite young, he emigrated west, in company With his father and family, and settled in Aurora in 1842; he first began the dry goods business, by clerking for W. H. Hawkins, and in July, 1853, he started in the dry goods business for himself, and the first day's cash sales amounted to \$34.84; has held several public offices; was President of the Board of Trustees, and Alderman of the city of Aurora for several years; these offices he has held with honor and credit to himself and to the people he has represented. His brother, Col. Silas Miller, entered the late war in the 36th Ill. Vol. Inf.; was mortally wounded at the battle of Kenesaw Mountain, June 27, 1864, from which he died at Nashville, Tenn.

MARX, PETER, dealer in groceries and provisions; the above named gentleman is one of the old settlers of Aurora, having come here in 1854; he built the first log house in the northeast part of Aurora Township; Mr. Marx was born in the Rhine Province, Germany, Oct. 3, 1826; is the son of Frank and Margaret Marx, of Germany; his father and mother died at a good old age—his father 99, his mother 101 years old at their death. Mr. Marx came to America in 1854, and came West; was engaged on a farm in Du Page Co. for six months thence; to Kane Co., where he was engaged as laborer on a farm, at \$8 per month; when

he first came here he had but \$3, but with hard labor and good management he succeeded in saving a little money; he invested it in a small farm, where he commenced to farm for himself; from that on he has been very successful; owns to-day a fine farm about three miles from Aurora, and one of the leading grocery stores of Aurora; Mr. Marx relates that the first time he came to Aurora, he thought he knew no one in this part of the country, but was surprised to see his old friend, John Plain; they were boys together in the old country; he married Miss Margaret Coster, of Germany, in 1856, in the Catholic Church at Aurora; has six children—four boys and two girls; his son Jacob was born in Kane Co., Ill., in 1857; he has full charge of the grocery store.

MIGHELL, EZEKIEL, retired farmer; P. O. Aurora; was born in Rutland Co., Vt., Dec. 24, 1799, remaining there until he was 31 years old, engaged in cabinet and joining and farming business; then he went to Tompkins Co., N. Y., where he remained for 6 years; in 1837 he emigrated with his wife and six children, west to Illinois, by wagon and team, taking them 24 days to make the trip; he first settled in the north part of La Salle Co., one and a half miles from the mouth of Rock Creek, remaining there about one year; he came to Kane Co. and settled in Sugar Grove Tp. in the Fall of 1837; when Mr. Mighell first came west he was worth about fifteen hundred dollars; he invested that amount in land, worked hard and faithfully, and to-day owns over seven hundred acres of fine land in Sugar Grove Tp.; in 1872, on account of the health of his wife, he moved to Aurora, thinking the change would benefit her, but very little benefit was derived; after very much pain and suffering, she died March 26, 1877; her name was Lucinda Todd; five children living—Lewis, farmer and warehouseman; Silas, farmer, Sugar Grove; Albert, farmer, Aurora; Ruel, farmer, Grundy Co., Ill.; Franklin was in the late war—enlisted in the 8th I. V. C. for three years; served his time out, and was honorably discharged at Chicago.

Marme, William, cigars; P. O. Aurora.
 Muszgun, Joseph, mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Maslin, J. C., traveler; P. O. Aurora.
 Morin, D. J., saloon; P. O. Aurora.
 Moss, F., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Milgate, Wm., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Mann, A., P. O. Aurora.
 Meredith, John, engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Mulvey, Joseph, architect; P. O. Aurora.
 Michels, Frank, merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Morris, W. G., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Morrison, J. E., mfr., P. O. Aurora.
 Meeker, David, P. O. Aurora.
 Maxon, J. B., road-master; P. O. Aurora.
 Marsh, David, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Murphy, James, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Mears, Wm., P. O. Aurora.
 Moulton, S. L., painter; P. O. Aurora.
 Moore, Jas., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Moore, John, mechanic; P. O. Aurora.
 Moore, Eliza.
 Matter, Isaac, P. O. Aurora.
 Muschler, Andrew, P. O. Aurora.
 Muschler, F., P. O. Aurora.
 Morris, B. W., mach.; P. O. Aurora.
 Moss, Moses, mer.; P. O. Aurora.

McCOLLUM, GEO., prop. Pioneer Wagon Manufactory, Aurora; P. O. Aurora; was born in N. Y., in 1808; when very young he went to Pa., remaining there until he was 26 years old; he engaged in blacksmithing; thence West to Aurora in 1836; when he first came here, he was worth about thirty dollars; he commenced the blacksmith business, and then in the manufacture of wagons and fine carriages; also the manufacturer of the McCollum wagon; with hard labor, perseverance industry and good management, he ranks to-day as one of the leading manufacturers of Aurora; he was one of the first Aldermen of Aurora; when he first came to Aurora there were about two families living on the East Side, and ten families on the West Side; the rear of Mr. McCollum's house that he now lives in was built in 1838, he drawing all the lumber by wagon from Chicago to build the same; his son, Orlando, J., was in the late war; he enlisted in Co. H, 124th I. V. I., for three years' service; he was honorably discharged, and is now engaged with his father in the wagon manufactory business.

Millard, Mrs. H. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Mertz, Nicholas, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Martz, Peter, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Modaff, Peter, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Modaff, Henry, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Mitchells, Francis, mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Meyer, Paul, P. O. Aurora.
 Miller, Peter, P. O. Aurora.
 Millen, Hubart, P. O. Aurora.
 Miller, John, P. O. Aurora.
 Millen, Peter, P. O. Aurora.
 Mazury, John, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Marks, John, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Miller, Hiram, farmer; P. O. No. Aurora.
 Miller, Nicholas, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Mulitour, Matt, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
McLALLEN, J. J., Clerk of the City of Aurora; born in Seneca Co., N. Y., in 1845; at 12 years of age he came West and settled in Aurora in 1857 in company with his father, Wm. H. McLallen, who was born in Tompkins Co., N. Y., in 1812; was engaged in the grocery business in Aurora for ten years, in Texas one year on the Texas & Pacific R. R.; was first elected to office of City Clerk in 1874 and re-elected to same office in '75, '76, and '77, which office he has held faithfully; also holds the office of Town Clerk; Rep.
 Mulitour, Nick, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 May, Nicholas, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 McMuller, W., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Multour, John, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Myer, Lambert, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Mettle, John, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Myers, N., P. O. Aurora.
 Morgan, Eugene, finisher; P. O. Aurora.
 Mahan, Mrs. Bridget, P. O. Aurora.
 McGuire, Mrs. Ann, P. O. Aurora.
 Moon, Martin, machinist; P. O. Aurora.
 Mighell, A. W., P. O. Aurora.
 Morrison, James, P. O. Aurora.
 McGuire, Edward, fireman; Aurora.
 Moon, W. B., P. O. Aurora.
 Mallory, M., P. O. Aurora.
 Meek, J. W., conductor; P. O. Aurora.
 McGraw, Thomas, P. O. Aurora.
 Misner, Fred, P. O. Aurora.
 Manaban, Mrs. E., P. O. Aurora.
 Maloney, L., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Manahan, Pat, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Morean, Peter J., shoemaker; P. O. Aurora.
 Mulbury, H., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Miles, Mrs. M. S., P. O. Aurora.

Miller, J. A., P. O. Aurora.
 Merrideth, Geo., merchant ; P. O. Aurora.
 Mead, A. P., farmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 McMurry, John, P. O. Aurora.
 Mullen, Michael, stock insp. ; P. O. Aurora.
 Morsant, Joseph, P. O. Aurora.
 Misner, Z. M., P. O. Aurora.
 McArdle, Thos., engineer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Miller, Henry, jewelry ; P. O. Aurora.
 Minor, Amos, P. O. Aurora.
 Mathewson, John, P. O. Aurora.
 McPillotson, D., P. O. Aurora.
 Merritt, John, shoemaker ; P. O. Aurora.
 McLeod, R., P. O. Aurora.
 McCraskey, J. F., far. ; P. O. Aurora.
 McKee, John, P. O. Aurora.
 Martz, C. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Monrose, Louise, P. O. Aurora.
 Moss, I., P. O. Aurora.
 Miller, Smith, P. O. Aurora.
 Montleau, A., P. O. Aurora.
 McNulta, W. P., P. O. Aurora.
 Moss, Leopold, merchant ; P. O. Aurora.
 McDole, R. P., farmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Massey, Chas., farmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 McWethy, H. L., ins. ; P. C. Aurora.
 Manzy, B., P. O. Aurora.
 Merwin, F. S., P. O. Aurora.
 McCollum, O. J., painter ; P. O. Aurora.
 Michael, John, P. O. Aurora.
 McKenna, Thos., P. O. Aurora.
 Meeham, John, P. O. Aurora.
 Mulligan, Christ., laborer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Melner, A., P. O. Aurora.
 Marden, John, P. O. Aurora.
 Morrissey, May, P. O. Aurora.
 Miller, K., P. O. Aurora.
 Mears, Mat., P. O. Aurora.
 McGrath, Matt., fireman ; P. O. Aurora.
 Michard, Anthony, P. O. Aurora.
 Miller, J. C., blacksmith ; P. O. Aurora.
 Monroe, O. C., P. O. Aurora.
 Mathews, R. W., tailor ; P. O. Aurora.
 Mears, Archibald, farmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Mahl, Frank, P. O. Aurora.
 Merwin, Charles, P. O. Aurora.
 Myer, Peter, P. O. Aurora.
 Mitchell, Moses, P. O. Aurora.
 McGuire, Wm., core maker ; P. O. Aurora.
 Martin, Larry, engineer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Mills, Henry, P. O. Aurora.
 McCann, Geo., metal buffer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Michard, Philip, P. O. Aurora.
 Miller, Valentine, farmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Maydwell, L. R., P. O. Aurora.
 Madder, James, laborer ; P. O. Aurora.

McArdle, Patrick, laborer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Maloney, Thomas, laborer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Markle, Ann, P. O. Aurora.
 Manning, Joseph, laborer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Milchert, Mathias, P. O. Aurora.
 Muse, W., P. O. Aurora.
 Moisant, Ben., car repairer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Madoff, H., farmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Moore, T. T., P. O. Aurora.
 Myer, Lambert, C., B. & Q.; P. O. Aurora.
 Mortimer, Pat., laborer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Miller, M. B., millwright ; P. O. Aurora.
 McLallen, W. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Mann, Austin, merchant ; P. O. Aurora.
 Myers, Joseph, carpenter ; P. O. Aurora.
 Minniam, Henry, P. O. Aurora.
 Mulligan, Henry, laborer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Montony, R. G., attorney ; P. O. Aurora.
 Mears, Jas., C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora.
 Moore, F. W., P. O. Aurora.
 Myers, Mike, P. O. Aurora.
 McNulta, Helen, P. O. Aurora.
 Muscher, A., laborer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Miller, Anthony, blksmith ; P. O. Aurora.
 Meen, Michael, P. O. Aurora.
 Miers, Michael, P. O. Aurora.
 Myers, Jacob, P. O. Aurora.
 Matler, Jacob, farmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 McGuire, Margaret, P. O. Aurora.
 Muschler, W., laborer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Marcy, Elbert, P. O. Aurora.
 Marsh, C. W., P. O. Aurora.
 Mileham, S. H., carpenter ; P. O. Aurora.
 McGregor, John, boiler maker ; P. O. Aurora.
 McCue, Thos., P. O. Aurora.
 Milgate, W. H., C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora.
 McCarty, Wm., C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora.
 Mann, Fred, peddler ; P. O. Aurora.
 Miller, Karl, barber ; P. O. Aurora.
 Miller, C. K., blksmith ; P. O. Aurora.
 Miller, Jacob, cigar mfr.; P. O. Aurora.
 Meagher, W., marble cutter ; P. O. Aurora.
 Marshall, R. W., city hotel ; P. O. Aurora.
 Marshall, Mrs. E. P., P. O. Aurora.
 McMicken, W., merchant ; P. O. Aurora.
 McMicken, W. S., P. O. Aurora.
 McArthur, Jno., mach.; P. O. Aurora.
 Meredith, Thos., P. O. Aurora.
 Merrill, A., stone worker ; P. O. Aurora.
 Moon, J. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Mathews, H. B.; sewing machine agt.; P. O. Aurora.

Mathews, R. W., tailor; P. O. Aurora.
 Mighell, A., P. O. Aurora.
 Mullen, Jno., blksmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Moore, Henry, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Myers, Jos., 1st., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Mason, Mrs. M. F., P. O. Aurora.
 Metzner, C. G., Clk. City Court; P. O. Aurora.
 McCollum, Orlando, ptr.; P. O. Aurora.
 McCollum, G. S., painter; P. O. Aurora.
 Morrison, J. K., P. O. Aurora.
 Michels, Jno., moulder; P. O. Aurora.
 McInhill, Victor, propr. brewery; P. O. Aurora.
 Mix, E. B., coal dealer; P. O. Aurora.
 Mix, Mrs. S., P. O. Aurora.
 Meek, J. W., conductor; P. O. Aurora.
 Miller, T. V. R., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Massy, Ann, P. O. Aurora.
 Mulberry, H., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Mead, L. D., lab.; P. O. Montgomery.
 McWethy, J., ins. agt.; P. O. Aurora.

McCARTY, SAM'L., P. O. Aurora; was born in Morris Co., N. J., March 9, 1810; when quite young his father and family moved to Seneca Lake, N. Y., where he remained until at the age of twenty-four; when he was nineteen years old, he entered the millwright business, which he followed until he came West; his brother, Joseph, came to Kane Co. in the Spring of 1834; with his brother's earnest solicitation and his glowing accounts of the country, whose forethought was that Illinois would be the richest State in the Union, Mr. McCarty left his business and started then for the far West, and settled in Aurora in the Fall of 1834; came via Canal and Lake to Detroit, thence by stage, this being the quickest route West at that time, taking him fourteen days to make the trip; Mr. McCarty and his brother, Joseph, are the founders of Aurora; they made Aurora what it is to-day, a flourishing commercial and manufacturing city, with a population of about 13,000; Mr. McCarty built the first saw and grist-mill in Aurora; when he first came here the country was nothing but a wild, unbroken waste, inhabited by roving bands of Indians, with here and there an occasional adventurous pioneer; to-day he can see what his brother foretold of what Illinois would be, the garden State of the Union.

McWethy, M. L., ins. agt.; P. O. Aurora.
 McLain, Jno., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Merrill, Allen N.; P. O. North Aurora.
 Miller, Henry, lab.; P. O. Montgomery.
 Merritt, Morris, P. O. Aurora.
 McCurdy, Fred., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Marlett, O. E., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Mongan, M., flagman; P. O. Aurora.
 Myers, John, P. O. Aurora.
 Madonock, Francis; P. O. Aurora.
 Mulvaney, Hugh, lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Mellen, M., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 McGuire, P. F., P. O. Aurora.
 Means, Joseph, far.; P. O. Aurora.

METZNER, C. J., attorney at law; P. O. Aurora; was born at Hohenstein, Saxony, Germany, in 1834; at the early age of 13 his parents came to America and settled at Erie, Penn., on a farm; he commenced his education at the age of nine years at the University of Leipsic, and when he became of age he had acquired a splendid education; when fifteen years old he became apprenticed to a blacksmith in Chicago; with him he stopped a short time and then came to Aurora and started for himself. On account of an accident received, he took up the study of law in 1854 or 1856 under Judge Parks; at the end of nine months he was admitted to the bar, and became a partner of Judge Parks in 1859; was elected City Attorney, and in 1860 was elected to the position of State's Attorney; this position he filled with great credit; he was Rep., and when Grant became a candidate for the Presidency in 1868, he stumped the county for him, making over 70 speeches in German and English. This in all probability laid the foundation of the disease which resulted in his death August 8, 1874. He was a man gifted with a wonderful memory, and when he died Aurora lost one of its most honored and useful men; he was entirely a self made man, and rose in his profession until he stood in the front rank. His wife, Susan P. Metzner, resides in a beautiful residence in West Aurora.

NEWTON, H., teamster; P. O. Aurora.
 Newton, F. H., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Northam, R. R., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Nixon, Richard, engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Norris, M. N., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Nesler, C., gas-fitter; P. O. Aurora.
 Negus, S. B., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Nichol, John, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Nichols, M., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Norris, M. N., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Nicholds, Eugene S., brakeman; P. O. Aurora.

Nesbitt, Isabella, P. O. Aurora.
 Needham, Mrs. F. M., P. O. Aurora.
 Newlan, Mary J., P. O. Aurora.
 Nelka, Christ., P. O. Aurora.
 Nichols, N., attorney; P. O. Aurora.
 Newman, W. W., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Nobbs, F. E., insurance; P. O. Aurora.
 Neale, Robt., policeman; P. O. Aurora.
 Nelson, Fred, pattern mkr.; P. O. Aurora.
 Nelson, E., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Newman, Chas., mill-right; P. O. Montgomery.
 Nichols, Matt, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Nottingham, J., proprietor of mill; P. O. North Aurora.

Nickley, Ann, P. O. Aurora.

O'DONNELL, THOS., mer.; P. O. Aurora.

O'Donnell, J. M., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Olinger, Barney, harness; P. O. Aurora.
 Olinger, Mike, lab.; P. O. Aurora.

O'NEILL, CORNELIUS, Street Commissioner; P. O. Aurora; born in Co. Tipperary, Ireland, Jan. 1833; acquired a liberal education in the schools of his native place; his father was a farmer, and young Cornelius lived at home until he was 16 years of age; then emigrated to America, lived one year in New York; in 1851, went to Canada West and was employed on the Bytown Railroad, remaining one year; in 1854, became an employe of the G. T. R. R., then being built from Moorehead to Toronto; in 1856, settled in Lyons, Iowa, and was foreman on a railroad there; in 1867, went to Davenport, Ia., and was foreman for Boyce & Britton, contractors; soon after went to Memphis, Tenn.; in 1859, married Miss Mary Mehan, at St. Joe, Mo.; prior to marriage, was conductor on Overland Mail Route; July, 1860, came to Aurora; started a saloon, the new departure proving very successful, continued this until 1872; was then nominated for Street Commissioner and elected by an immense majority, being very popular and universally respected.

Oats, Jno., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Oats, Chas., P. O. Aurora.
 Otis, Newton, P. O. Aurora.
 Otis, L. F., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Oxenschlager, M., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Olson, J. P., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Osborne, C., comp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Oberwise, J. P., far.; P. O. N. Aurora.
 O'Donnell, Cornelius, moulder; P. O. Aurora.

Otte, C., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Ochenschlager, Adam, P. O. Aurora.
 O'Dell, A., P. O. Aurora.
 O'Neill, C., Road Com.; P. O. Aurora.
 Oberley, Jacob, lab; P. O. Aurora.
 Owen, Dr. J. H., phys.; P. O. Aurora.
 O'Brian, W. H., bl'ksmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Odikirk, Chas., far.; P. O. Aurora.

OLSAVER, T. J., ornamental painter; is a gentleman of acknowledged ability, and work trusted to him is guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Olinger, Peter, P. O. Aurora.
 Olinger, John, saloon; P. O. Aurora.
 Oberwise, Peter, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 O'Donnell, M., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 O'Donnell, P., P. O. Aurora.
 O'Riley, John, mason; P. O. Aurora.
 O'Donnell, J. S., P. O. Aurora.
 O'Neil, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 O'Conner, Charles, mason; P. O. Aurora.

PORTER, J. C., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Porter, J. H., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Powell, O. D., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Powell, James, lumber; P. O. Aurora.

PHILLIPS, TRAVIS, of the firm of Phillips Bros. & Co.; was born in Litchfield Co., Connecticut, in 1831; Mr. Phillips made Connecticut his home for twenty-one years, where he engaged in farming; commenced the grocery business with Isaac W. Phillips and A. D. Bunnell in 1857; in the Spring of 1877, was elected Alderman of Aurora; Rep.; Protestant.

Pfufflea, George, painter; P. O. Aurora.
 Payne, Oscar, ins. agent; P. O. Aurora.
 Pierce, Philip, engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Pierce, W. H., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Payne, George, blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Pierce, Stephen, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Pierce, Albert, pattern mkr.; P. O. Aurora.
 Pierce, Daniel, P. O. Aurora.
 Pierce, J. D., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Plain, John, City Treasurer; P. O. Aurora.

Plain, Nicholas, saloon; P. O. Aurora.

PLUM, WM. V., senior member of the firm of Mix & Plum, was born in the city of New York, Jan., 1814, residing in the East until 22 years of age; he came to Chicago in 1836; stopped in Chicago one year, when he came to Aurora and established a general merchandise store; in 1850 he built the first brick building on Fox River, which is now occupied by Phillips Bros. & Co.; in 1856 the firm became known as Mix & Plum, R. C. Mix becoming a partner; they erected the largest warehouse on the river; in 1857-9 Mr. Plum served as Alderman, and became Mayor of the city.

POWELL, PROF. W. B., Supt. East Aurora Public Schools; was born in N. Y. in 1836; is the son of Joseph and Mary (Dean) Powell, of England; when quite young, with his parents, he moved to Jackson, Ohio, where he remained eight years; thence to Walworth Co., Wis., where he was engaged in farming for five years; thence to Greene Co., Ill., where he took charge of a large farm of 300 acres; from there he commenced his schooling; he attended the schools at Wheaton, and Jacksonville, and Oberlin, where he received a thorough education; he then commenced school teaching, first in a district school, then at Hennepin, Putnam Co., Ill.; was engaged in the public schools of Peru, Ill., eight years; in 1870 he was called to Aurora to take charge of the East Side schools; on the East Side there is a total of 35 teachers employed, with Prof. Powell as Superintendent; each are remarkably thorough in their various departments, while the whole of the schools are conducted in a superior manner, showing conclusively the great advantages to be attained in employing a superintendent of the scholarly attainments and practical experience as those possessed by Prof. Powell.

Pierpoint, Robert, mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Plumstead, G. B., lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Purdy, E. S., carp.; P. O. Aurora.

Page, M. N., P. O. Aurora.

Painter, Jasper, butcher; P. O. Aurora.

Piedlan, Julius, P. O. Aurora.

Pastle, Martin V., P. O. Aurora.

Pulfer, D., P. O. Aurora.

Plumstead, James, slsmn.; P. O. Aurora.

Pull, J. P., blksmth; P. O. Aurora.

Peetz, Jacob, car repairer; P. O. Aurora.

PRATT, D. C., the Pioneer Artist; P. O. Aurora; was born in Cortland Co., N. Y., Aug. 14, 1823, remaining there until 1845 where he was engaged in sign and ornamental painting; he then immigrated West to Chicago, where he remained one year; thence to Waukegan; thence to St. Charles, in 1852; in 1853, he first commenced the daguerreotype business, and continued said business in St. Charles until 1854; Mr. Pratt then came to Aurora, where he commenced in business, and it is claimed that he is the oldest artist in the Fox River Valley, and has held a foremost place in this vicinity for many years past, as the leading photographer, having an elaborate gallery and elegant parlors in which to conduct his business; married Miss Mary M. Burdick, of Cortland Co., N. Y.; have four children living; his father, David Pratt, is a native of Conn.; his mother is Electa (Alexander) Pratt, of Vermont.

PORTER, L. C., foreman manufacturing department "Aurora Silver Plate Co.;" was born at Camden, N. Y., in 1839; when old enough, he entered the employment of Reed & B., silver platers, situated at Taunton, Mass.; this firm was originated in 1827; here he served an apprenticeship; on his brother becoming general superintendent of the "Porter Britannica & Plate Co.," he joined him the same year; at the breaking out of the rebellion, he enlisted in Co. G, 4th Mass. Infantry; during his term of service he participated in the battles of Fort Hudson, Pattersonville, Brashear City, and many other small engagements; was taken prisoner at Brashear City and sent to Fort Buchanan; in a few months was paroled and returned home, entering the same establishment he had worked in before, and became foreman of the manufacturing department, and held this position fourteen years; in 1873, he came to Aurora and became foreman of the manufacturing department of the Silver Plate Manufacturing Co.; is regarded a very superior workman.

PORTER, E. W., P. O. Aurora; son of W. W. Porter; pioneer of britannia manufacturing; was born in Taunton, Mass., in March, 1831; W. W. Porter was identified with the britannia trade, first in Lawrenceburg, Mass., where, in 1824, it was inaugurated by the making of cane heads and looking glass frames; was, for many years, foreman of the famous works of Reed & B., in Taunton; in 1869, when the sons became identified with the "Porter Britannia and Plate Co.," of that place, he was with them, having charge of the mixing and rolling department until 1873, when he retired from the business, having been engaged in it nearly one-half of a century; at the age of 14, in 1845, E. W. Porter entered the manufactory of Reed & B., as apprentice; became journeyman at the age of 20; received, during that year, \$1.08 per day; in 1856, was appointed foreman of the manufacturing department; in 1850, electrotyping was introduced into this business; in 1859 another company was organized, and Mr. P. was invited to take charge of it as General Superintendent, which was accepted, and the company organized under the "Porter Britannia and Plate Co.;" in 1873, Aurora invited him to take charge of the manufacturing, which he accepted, reaching here in May, found the factory in a bad state of management, unskilled and intemperate workmen; set to work to reform abuses, and present prosperity of the Aurora plate speaks volumes for Mr. Porter.

Perrigo, E., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Paxton, J. H., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Pope, O., machinist; P. O. Aurora.
 Pilstrom, Mrs. Betsey, P. O. Aurora.
 Prindle, E. T., P. O. Aurora.
 Pollard, F., P. O. Aurora.
 Pullman, Joseph, blksmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Pooley, John N., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Page, Alonzo, machinist; P. O. Aurora.
 Poole, Edwin, conductor; P. O. Aurora.
 Putnam, G. B., salesman; P. O. Aurora.
 Perry, A. K., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Phillips, D. R., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Phillips, Madison, P. O. Aurora.
 Prentiss, Rev. N. A., min.; P. O. Aurora.
 Pease, J. H., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

POTTER, SILAS, retired farmer; P. O. Aurora; was born in Dutchess Co., N. Y.; until 21 years old he worked on his father's farm, and then went to Wyoming Co., N. Y., where he remained four years; his education was acquired at a district school; he married Cynthia Weir, of Wyoming Co., N. Y.; in 1846 he came to Illinois, and located at Aurora; two years after he removed to De Kalb Co., and bought 160 acres; it was unbroken prairie; he resided there twelve years; in 1860 he removed to West Aurora, and bought 101 acres; he did not locate permanently until the Fall of 1876; he now owns a fine residence in West Aurora, having built it five years ago, and is a man of considerable means, and is liberal and enterprising.

PHILLIPS, T. J., farmer; P. O. Aurora; was born at Woodstock, Windsor Co., Vt., Nov. 15, 1810; was educated in the district schools; when 21 years of age his father disposed of his property at Woodstock, and removed to Windsor, in the same Co., purchasing a farm; T. J. and his father followed farming for several years; in 1861, he moved to Bethel; in 1865, he came to Illinois, and settled on a farm near Blackberry; in Dec., 1866, he moved into the City of Aurora, and soon after established a coal yard; he has since discontinued this business; in 1837 he married Maria L. Graham, at Hartland, Vt.; they had two children—Charles H., a locomotive engineer, and Sarah.

Paradise, N. J., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Polleys, Edward, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Polglase, T. R., machinist; P. O. Aurora.
 Paradise, N. B., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Pollock, Alex., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Phillips, C. J., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Pierce, Chester, P. M.; P. O. No. Aurora.
 Potter, H. H., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Phelps, P. A., dairyman; P. O. Aurora.
 Potter, Mrs. S., P. O. Aurora.
 Poss, Barney, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Plain, Jno., 2d, far.; P. O. No. Aurora.
 Poss, Jno., far.; P. O. No. Aurora.
 Plant, Moses B., far.; P. O. No. Aurora.
 Plant, Peter, far.; P. O. No. Aurora.
 Pettit, Michael, far.; P. O. No. Aurora.
 Plum, John, far.; P. O. No. Aurora.

PADDOCK, H. C., President Union National Bank, Aurora; was born in Orleans Co., Vt., in 1834; is the son of Col. W. E. and Mary (Clark) Paddock; he remained at his native State until he was 21 years of age, where he was engaged in going to school, and received a thorough education; was clerk in his father's store; in 1855, he came West and settled in Aurora, and entered the office of the C., B. & Q. R. R., as clerk; remained there until 1857; he then entered the service of Hall & Bro., in their employ as bookkeeper until 1860; returned to the C., B. & Q. office; there until 1862; he then commenced the banking business with Mr. Coffin, known as Coffin & Paddock, which business he continued in until 1864; thence to Batavia, where he organized the First National Bank of Batavia; there until 1869; returned to Aurora, and organized the private banking house of Bishop & Coulter in 1869, filling the office of Cashier; in March, 1871, the organization of the Union National Bank of Aurora, with a paid-up capital of \$125,000, with John R. Coulter, President; W. W. Bishop, I. A. W. Buck, T. B. Coulter and H. C. Paddock, Directors; at the death of John R. Coulter, May, 1873, Mr. Paddock was elected President of the Bank; ever since its organization it has been largely managed by the President, Henry C. Paddock, who has been one of the successful bankers of this vicinity for the past sixteen years; when he first came to Aurora, in 1855, financially he was worth \$1; to-day, 1878, is known over a large territory as one of the leading bankers of Aurora, whose financial qualifications and cautious business character have caused him to rank among the most reliable and far-seeing men of this vicinity; the Union National Bank is one of the most solid and reliable in the country, whose officers and stockholders rank among the leading capitalists and business men of Aurora; the Directors are O. D. Howell, D. C. Cooley, S. W. Thatcher, H. C. Paddock, Mrs. Lucy Coulter, T. B. Coulter; the officers being H. C. Paddock, President; O. D. Howell, Vice President; T. B. Coulter, Cashier.

POND, DR. F. L., prop. Aurora Cancer Hospital; P. O. Aurora; was born in Addison Co., Vt., in 1835; he was engaged in going to school and attending medical lectures at Dartmouth College until 1852; he came West and located at Chicago in 1869; thence to Earl; from there he came to Aurora, and established the Cancer Hospital in 1872; a great many patients are now receiving treatment; it cannot fail to be noticed that confidence and kindly feelings exist toward the Doctor by all, and so pleasant is everything connected with the institution that removes it beyond all comparison with the dismal reality of most hospitals and institutions of a similar character; the building will accommodate about one hundred patients; this is the largest and most successful institute of the kind in the United States, and has proven a blessing to several hundred of patients from all parts of the United States who had almost despaired of ever receiving relief in life; from among the hundreds of testimonials received by the Doctor, are the Rev. Robert Hounold, of the Illinois Conference of the M. E. Church, who was successfully treated, he having a cancer that covered the whole side of his face, and measured 19 inches in circumference; when taken from him the tumor weighed over five pounds; by special permission the Doctor refers to the clergy of Aurora, to Drs. L. R. Brigham, F. H. Van Liew, F. M. Elliot, of Aurora; G. A. Pfrangle, P. M., Aurora, and to hundreds of persons in all parts of the country whom he has cured.

Plain, Jacob, far.; P. O. No. Aurora.

Plain, Chas., far.; P. O. No. Aurora.

Pierce, Miss M. Estell, P. O. Aurora.

Porter, Mrs. E. H., P. O. Aurora.

Pfifer, T., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Pierce, Wm., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Pinney, Mrs. C., P. O. Aurora.

Porter, L. C., foreman metal room; P. O. Aurora.

Page, Mrs. M. J., P. O. Aurora.

Pike, D. J., capitalist; P. O. Aurora.

Phelps, E. J., furniture; P. O. Aurora.

Phillips, I. W., mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Phillips, Robert, mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Phillips, T. J., P. O. Aurora.

Potter, Theron, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

PFRANGLE, CHAS. J., painter; P. O. Aurora; born at Baden, Germany, April 21, 1846; his parents came to America in 1853; they came to Chicago, Ill.; thence to Wheaton; the head of the family was a fine musician, and became a Professor of Music at Wheaton College; in 1853, he moved to the city of Aurora; the subject of this sketch received a liberal education; is a very fine penman; at the age of 13, he was employed by the C., B. & Q. Railroad Company, in their shops, to learn the trade of a painter; for this he had a natural gift, made rapid progress, and to-day ranks as one of the best sign and ornamental painters in the West, and it is no exaggeration to say that no other man in Kane County, and perhaps the West, can do work as rapidly as Charles Pfrangle; was employed by the Railroad Company until the Autumn of 1877; Mr. P. still works for the Railroad Company, but devotes most of his time to custom work; he can be found over Jackson's blacksmith shop; when you want work done rapidly, skillfully and reasonably, give Charles Pfrangle a call.

PAINÉ, REV. S. D., was born in London, Eng., in Sept., 1836; at the outbreak of the Crimean war between the combined powers of England, France, Turkey and Sardinia against Russia, he enlisted in the English Royal Artillery, and participated in many of the battles in the Crimea, and at the storming and capture of Sebastopol, in Sept., 1855. For gallant conduct in the Crimea he received a silver medal from Queen Victoria, and one from the Sultan of Turkey. In 1857, Mr. Paine came to the United States; in 1861 he helped organize a battery of marine volunteer artillery, and served during part of the war of the rebellion in Virginia, in the Army of the Potomac, as First Lieutenant of artillery. Mr. Paine fitted himself for the Methodist ministry at Rent's Hill, Maine, and the Garrett Biblical University, Evanston, Ill. In October, 1875, he was appointed by the Rock River Conference Pastor of Galena Street M. E. Church, Aurora. The church had been sold for

an indebtedness of \$10,000; through the efforts of the newly-appointed Pastor and his predecessor, Rev. Jno. Ellis, and Rev. J. H. Austin, who acted for a time as financial agent, the church was redeemed, and is now in a flourishing condition. Mr. Paine is the Chaplain of the State Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic of Illinois, also of the Aurora Light Guards, and the Aurora Post of the Grand Army of the Republic, and financial agent of Jennings Seminary, Aurora.

PALMER, A. C., carpenter and joiner; he was born at Franklin, Trenton Co., Vt., May 31, 1823. He was brought up on a farm, and his preliminary education was received in the district schools. In 1823 he moved with his parents to Canada, settling near Slab City; when he was eight years old his parents moved to Conneaut, Ashtabula Co., Ohio. For one Winter young Palmer attended school on their arrival, and had previously acquired some education through his grandfather. In May, 1835, they started for Illinois, overland, and after thirty days' travel settled in Aurora; on arriving here, his father staked off a claim of 160 acres near the present farm residence of Mrs. Farnsworth; in 1837 he traded this for property in West Aurora. Young Palmer received a common school education, and at eighteen became apprenticed to a carpenter and joiner; he worked as builder till 1853, and then went to Montgomery, Kane Co., and worked in Palmer's sash, door and blind factory; in 1855 he went into the mercantile business; in 1868 he was foreman of a sash factory at Grand Haven, Mich.; he has held many lucrative positions, and was foreman of the C., B. & Q. R. R., for three years. He owns a fine property.

Parks, George, P. O. Aurora.

Pierce, Mary A., P. O. Aurora.

Perry, H. L., P. O. Aurora.

Pritchard, Mrs. S. E., P. O. Aurora.

Putney, Mrs. H. L., P. O. Aurora.

Pease, Oscar, P. O. Aurora.

Paxton, Jonathan, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Peters, Julius, P. O. Aurora.

Powell, E. A., ins. agt.; P. O. Aurora.

Plummer, Jennie, P. O. Aurora.

PEASE, MYRON R., groceries; P. O. Aurora; was born in Ohio, in 1832; when young, he went with his father and family to N. Y., remaining there two years, then emigrated West to Aurora, in 1836; was conductor on the C., B. & Q. R. R. four years—1861 to 1865; was engaged in the dry goods business for sixteen years; in the Fall of 1866, he commenced the grocery trade, which business he has carried on ever since. His father, Anson Pease, was born in Connecticut, in 1807, and died in 1857; Oscar C. Pease entered the late war, and served three years in the 89th Ill., known as the Railroad Regiment; was Second Lieut. in Co. E; is now on railroad in Iowa. The mother of M. R. Pease was Sarah Johnson; born in New Jersey in 1811, and now living with her son in Aurora.

PFRANGLE, G. A., Postmaster; P. O. Aurora; was born in Baden, Germany, in 1845; he emigrated to America in 1853; landed at N. Y., where he remained for two years, thence West to Chicago; was engaged in going to school three years, at Chicago and Wheaton; thence to Aurora, in 1858; was apprenticed in the *Beacon* office; from there he accepted a clerkship in the post office, under Mr. Bangs; became Assistant Postmaster in 1863, which office he held until 1873, under Postmaster Bangs and Dr. Hard; in 1873, he was appointed Postmaster under President Grant, which office he has held with honor and credit ever since; his father, Sebastian Pfrangle, a native of Germany, was an educational man, died in 1859; his mother, Hemmels Cach, of Germany, is living with Mr. Pfrangle, at Aurora.

Perrin, P. M., P. O. Aurora.

Pagel, Charles, lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Peoples, Robt., lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Peckham, Margaret, P. O. Aurora.

Porter, T., machinist; P. O. Aurora.

Plummer, Moses, carp.; P. O. Aurora.

Pierce, H. J., machinist; P. O. Aurora.

Phelps, E. J., furniture; P. O. Aurora.

Painter, J. E., butcher; P. O. Aurora.

Perrin, P. W., P. O. Aurora.

Pearsons, Martha, P. O. Aurora.

Postle, M. V., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Parish, H. M., carpenter, P. O. Aurora.

Pollock, John, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Pfrangle, Albert, mach.; P. O. Aurora.

Porter, C. H., P. O. Aurora.

Pollard, F., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Pollock, Jas., car repairer; P. O. Aurora.

Patten, David, P. O. Aurora.

Platt, D., P. O. Aurora.

Parnell, Peter, P. O. Aurora.

Perry, Mary Ann, P. O. Aurora.

Pillow, Patrick, P. O. Aurora.

Perkins, Horace, P. O. Aurora.

Pierce, George, P. O. Aurora.

Peoples, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Pierce, E., P. O. Aurora.

Plant, Moses, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Pierce, Mrs. Ruth, P. O. Aurora.

Peckham, T., C., B. & Q.; P. O. Aurora.

Pauley, Nicholas, P. O. Aurora.

Perry, A. K., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Putnam, J. P., P. O. Aurora.

Palmer, James, P. O. Aurora.

Pollock, J. D., P. O. Aurora.

Payne, P., P. O. Aurora.

Paulin, Jane, P. O. Aurora.

Pfrangle, C., painter; P. O. Aurora.

Pennington, Josiah, tailor; P. O. Montgomery.

Pickett, Geo., lab.; P. O. Montgomery.

Plucker, A., lab.; P. O. Montgomery.

Pease, E. J., stock dlr.; P. O. Montgomery.

Phy, Adam, P. O. Montgomery.

Pfrangle, Mrs. L. E., P. O. Aurora.

Potter, Silas, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Pope, J. F., P. O. Aurora.

Parson, W., P. O. Aurora.

Plum, W. V., coal dealer; P. O. Aurora.

Parish, L. A., car repairer; P. O. Aurora.

Pickens, Alex., merchant, P. O. Aurora.

Percival, Geo., wheelwright; P. O. Aurora.

Palmer, A. C., P. O. Aurora.

Putnam, C. W., printer; P. O. Aurora.

Parrington, J. W., P. O. Aurora.

Parrington, J. W., attorney, P. O. Aurora.

Prickett, H., C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora.

Philip, Madison, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

QUACKENBUSH, J. J., painter; P. O. Aurora.

Quereau, G. W., P. O. Aurora.

Quackenboss, D. J., mason; P. O. Aurora.

Quereau, Susan H., P. O. Aurora.

Quinn, B. M., traveler; P. O. Aurora.

Quick, F. H., grocer; P. O. Aurora.

RICKENGER, PETER, far.; P. O. Aurora.

RICHARDSON, PERKINS, contractor and builder; P. O. Aurora; he was born at Watertown, N. Y., Nov. 19, 1832; his father was a carpenter and joiner, and from him he received his practical knowledge of the business; in 1845, they came West; when he was 9 years old his mother died; he received a good education for those times; at the age of 23 he started in business for himself; two years after he married Miss Frances Mostow, of Aurora; four children were born to them—Emma, Edward, James and Ruth; Emma is a natural artist; she is only 18 years old and her work has received much attention; in 1853 Mr. Richardson took the contract for H. White's stone house, at Sugar Grove; since that time, he has built many beautiful and handsome buildings, but it would be a useless task to mention them all; the first public building was the City Hall, and stands to-day a monument of his skill as an architect and builder; the most substantial blocks of West Aurora were built by him; in 1869, he started a sash, door and blind factory at Montgomery; this was not a success, financially, but the work was done in a superior manner; Mr. Richardson has more orders for work than he can conveniently fill.

RICHARDSON, ANOR, retired contractor; P. O. Aurora; was born in Oneida Co., N. Y., in 1801, and was the son of Russell Richardson, a farmer; when eleven years of age his father died; his education was acquired in the Winters, as he had to work during the Summer seasons; at the age 17 he built a large barn on the old homestead; this was quite an undertaking for a boy; in 1845, just after the election of James K. Polk, he started for Illinois by way of the lakes, and landed at Chicago soon afterward; located at Aurora and became a contractor and builder; his first work he took for \$24 and finished it in seven days; times were hard, but he always had a fair share of work, and when one job was finished he generally had another waiting for him; the work was always finished in a superior manner, every detail being carefully attended to; he is now 77 years old and still vigorous. Reeves, C. H., mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Reeves, S. D., yard master; P. O. Aurora.
Rogers, W. W., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
Rogers, Ed., mail agt.; P. O. Aurora.

REYNOLDS, JAMES, retired farmer; he was born in Sullivan Co., N. Y., Oct., 1812, and lived in the East until 24 years of age. He came West and settled on a farm of 200 acres in Sugar Grove Tp., Kane Co., and followed farming a great many years; in the early history of the township, he held the offices of Justice of the Peace and School Director; he retired in 1872, and became a resident of Aurora.

Rogers, Mrs. A. C., P. O. Aurora.
Ricker, S. J., physician; P. O. Aurora.
Richards, Henry, engineer; P. O. Aurora.
Richards, Wm., conductor; P. O. Aurora.
Richards, W., carp.; P. O. Aurora.

RACE, A. S., & CO., dealers in dry goods and notions, millinery goods, carpets and oil cloths, feathers, etc.; this firm do a large business; were established in February, 1877; they are shrewd advertisers and a strictly honorable firm; the members are men of experience in the dry goods line, understanding every detail; goods are marked in plain figures, and there is no deviation from them; they buy for cash, and cannot be undersold. They have a similar establishment in Chicago, and one at Coldwater, Mich. Their millinery department is a feature that rivals anything of the kind in the West.

ROBINSON, F. H., dentist; was born in the City of Aurora in the year 1850; his father was a woolen manufacturer; he came from England and settled in the Eastern States many years ago, and is also an old resident; he is now in the employ of S. B. Stolp & Co., the woolen manufacturers, and is a skillful workman. The son received a liberal education in the graded schools and also attended the Philadelphia dental colleges; at the age of 21 he was a practicing dentist with Dr. Wilson, and became established in business on the corner of River and Downer streets in 1874.

Reilein, L., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
Rang, W., car repairer; P. O. Aurora.
Rang, Henry, carp.; P. O. Aurora.
Rang, J. F., mer.; P. O. Aurora.
Rink, Jacob, moulder; P. O. Aurora.

Rink, Casper, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

RICHARDSON, RUSSELL, general agent for C. J. L. Myer, South Chicago Sash, Door and Blind Manufactory; P. O. Aurora; born at Watertown, Jefferson Co., N. Y., March 20, 1835; when 8 years of age, his parents came to Aurora; he acquired a public school education, and engaged in business as a builder and contractor, in partnership with Perkins Richardson; in 1859, he married Miss Eliza Akers, at Elgin, Ill.; when the war broke out, and the second call for volunteers was made, he enlisted in the 124th Ill. Vol. Inf.; he participated in a number of battles; was at the siege of Vicksburg, and served through the Atlanta campaign; after the siege of Vicksburg, he was transferred to the First Brigade Band; was honorably discharged at the close of the war; in 1869, he re-entered business as a builder, and, in company with P. Richardson, he started a sash, door and blind factory; in 1874, he became employed by C. J. L. Myer, and is considered a superior salesman.

RISING, JOSEPH, of the firm of Rising & Simmons, dealers in boots and shoes, Aurora, was born in Germany, Sept. 28, 1829; came to America, and landed in N. Y., in 1845, thence to Cleveland, Ohio, remaining there until 1850, engaged in clerking in a boot and shoe store; thence to the gold fields of California, in the Spring of 1851, and engaged in the mining business, which business he followed with good success for five years, making enough money to come to Aurora and start in the boot and shoe business, in 1855, which he has followed ever since; in the year 1865, he entered into partnership with N. C. Simmons, to-day forming a partnership in the leading boot and shoe house of Aurora; holds office of Supervisor, in which office he has served his people and party faithfully, for the last two years; when Mr. Rising first came to America, he was very poor, but by hard labor, good management and fair dealing, is to-day one of Aurora's leading merchants. Married Miss Mary M. Smith, daughter of E. Smith, who came to this State at an early day; two children—Mary C. and Annie.

Ross, Mrs. H. D., hair goods; P. O. Aurora.

Ross, C. M., editor; P. O. Aurora.

Rice, N. B., mason; P. O. Aurora.

Rice, F. B., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Rice, Philander, salesman; P. O. Aurora.

Riley, Francis, blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.

Riley, John O., mason; P. O. Aurora.

Rand, G. B., conductor; P. O. Aurora.

Rand, J. S., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Robinson, Jas., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Raggan, Danl., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Robinson, C. K., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Riley, Terrance, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Riser, Simon, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Richardson, Mrs. R., P. O. Aurora.

Rugh, Chris., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Reising, John, mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Riddle, A., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Reed, W. E., moulder; P. O. Aurora.

Ries, J. F. mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Rees, Richard, florist; P. O. Aurora.

Roderick, Theo., lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Randolph, J. F., clerk; P. O. Aurora.

Roberts, Charles, far.; P. O. Aurora.

Rumble, Mary, P. O. Aurora.

RICE, ISAAC W., City Marshal of Aurora; was born in Vt., in 1838, where he remained until 1844; in company with his father, Laton Rice, and family, emigrated West and settled in Will Co., Ill., about five miles from Aurora; he remained here until the breaking out of the war, 1861, and enlisted in Co. A, Cavalry, 36th Ill. Vols., for three years; participated in some of the most severe battles fought during the war, was thrown from his horse during an engagement at Vicksburg; was taken from the field dangerously hurt; he came home, with good care of himself for about two months he rejoined his regiment and served until the end of the war; enlisted as a private, mustered out as Orderly Sergeant. At the close of the war he returned home and farmed for two years, thence to Aurora, where he was engaged in the grocery business for three years. Mr. Rice has held several offices of public trust, and has acquitted with credit and honor to himself and to the people he has represented; was Deputy Sheriff of Kane Co., for two years; was elected City Marshal of Aurora in 1875, and re-elected in 1876 and 1877.

Raymond, J. O., bookkeeper; P. O. Aurora.
 Reader, D. L., tailor; P. O. Aurora.
 Reigh, Chris., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Russell, Geo., City Mills; P. O. Aurora.
 Rothschild, J., mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Rhodes, C. W., ins. agent; P. O. Aurora.
 Richmond, C. M., painter; P. O. Aurora.
 Ryder, Sam., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Rugg, G. F., mach.; P. C. Aurora.
 Reinhart, M., mech.; P. O. Aurora.
 Rutishauser, J. W., P. O. Aurora.
 Reddington, Jno., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Roesch, John, mason; P. O. Aurora.
 Robbins, Dr. M. M., phys.; P. O. Aurora.
 Reynolds, E. E., painter; P. O. Aurora.
 Rowe, Mrs. R., P. O. Aurora.
 Rutter, Jos., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Renland, Nick, boots; P. O. Aurora.
 Royston, Henry, P. O. Aurora.
 Ruggles, G. F., manr. foundry; P. O. Aurora.
 Rust, Wm., P. O. Aurora.
 Riley, P. J., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Rockabrand, Louis, shoemaker; P. O. Aurora.
 Reiland, Wm., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Reiland, Nick., shoemaker; P. O. Aurora.
 Rieland, Cornelius, lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Reder, Joseph, far.; P. O. Aurora.
ROACH, J. C., of J. C. Roach & Son, Park House Livery Stable; P. O. Aurora; born in Orange Co., Virginia, in 1814, remaining there until he was 19 years old; thence to Springfield, Ohio, remained there until 1858, engaged in school teaching and farming; thence to Kendall Co., Ill., remaining there until 1865; thence to Aurora, engaged in farming until the Spring of 1871, when he commenced the livery business; their stock is of the very best, and their vehicles, hacks and stables are first-class; Mr. Roach is the oldest and only living one out of seven brothers; he lost three brothers in the late war; his two sons, Newton and John, were in the war; John entered the service, but on account of sickness was honorably discharged; Newton belonged to the 36th I. V. I., took sick at Lake Providence, La., and died of heart disease; his father, John Roach, died at the age of 87 years.
 Reder, D., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Rausch, Jno., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Reckenger, Nick., 2d, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Roders, Nick., P. O. Aurora.
 Reckenger, Matt., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Reckenger, Nick., 1st, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Rausch, Nick., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Rennel, Nick., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
RANDALL, JOHN D., retired farmer; P. O. Aurora; was born in Connecticut in 1823; when he was 12 years old he, with his father and family, moved to N. Y. State, where he remained until 1843, then came West to Illinois and settled in Sugar Grove Tp., Kane Co., where he was engaged in farming; was a resident of De Kalb Co. for four years, engaged in farming, where he held several offices of trust—that of Justice of the Peace, School Director, and Township Trustee; all of these offices he held with credit to himself and to those he represented; on account of schooling his children he moved to Aurora; Mr. Randall has made what he is worth to-day by hard labor, industry, and good management; owns 60 acres in Sugar Grove, and 160 acres in Aurora Tp. He married Miss Marie L. Barns, of N. Y.; has three children. His brother, S. W. Randall, was in the late war; enlisted in Co. E, 124th I. V. I.; was captured by the rebels in Tenn., and taken as prisoner to Andersonville, where he died in prison, in 1864.
 Roberts, C. W., butcher; P. O. Aurora.
 Reardon, D., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Reed, Mrs. Emma, P. O. Aurora.
 Ready, Pat., mason; P. O. Aurora.
 Ries, John F., saloon, P. O. Aurora.
 Rowell, Mrs. P. L., P. O. Aurora.
 Rood, L. W., real estate; P. O. Aurora.
 Rhodes, A. C., spinner; P. O. Aurora.
 Richardson, Mrs. R. C., P. O. Aurora.
 Richards, Mrs. S. E., P. O. Aurora.
 Ruch, Jacob, miller; P. O. Aurora.
 Ray, William, mach.; P. O. Aurora.
 Riley, E., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Reynolds, Henry, engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Riley, Pat, P. O. Aurora.
 Rhodes, J. H., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Roberts, Abby, P. O. Aurora.
 Russell, J. B., P. O. Aurora.
 Reynolds, Henry, engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Rogers, Calvin, P. O. Aurora.
 Rising, Joseph, Township Supervisor; P. O. Aurora.

RANDALL, MRS. NANCY A.,

P. O. Aurora; wife of the late James W. Randall, who was born in Connecticut, Nov. 25, 1825; at 17 years of age, he came West in company with his parents, and settled in Sugar Grove Tp., Kane Co., where he was engaged in farming; in 1852 he moved to Aurora, and commenced the carpenter's trade, which business he continued until 1854; he then invested his hard earnings in the *Aurora Beacon* which had previously been published by the Messrs. Hall; removed the office from the West Side to the East Side; never man worked harder than he, frequently spending twenty hours a day at his business; in 1857 he failed; he then went West with his family and settled in Kansas; he settled in a wild country, his wife, Mrs. R., helping him build the log cabin to live in; there he was somewhat prominent during the famine, in relief work, and afterward entered into some speculation; after the war he returned to Kane Co.; he first commenced making charcoal; soon after he became interested in the stone quarries, and the last three years in partnership with Isaac Stevens; Mr. Randall was attending to some scaffolding which was to support a mass of earth when it was loosened; the ground gave way unexpectedly, and crushed him, destroying his life instantly; the deceased was so well known in the city, so universally respected, that the news cast a gloom over the whole city; four children—Sarah F., Charles D., Jay Cook, Parke B.; Charles D. is engaged in the moulding sand business, having a very extensive trade in Chicago and Aurora.

Randolph, J. L. F., clerk; P. O. Aurora.
 Raucher, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Reddington, John, lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Rice, G. W., P. O. Aurora.
 Rampa, August, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Ragh, Christian, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Rousch, F., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Richmond, O. M., far; P. O. Aurora.
 Rull, J. P., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Ryland F., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Richardson, Mrs. S., P. O. Aurora.
 Reising, John, merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Runey, Mrs. J., P. O. Aurora.
 Reynolds, Joseph, P. O. Aurora.
 Reed, E., P. O. Aurora.

Rand, J. S., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Ruch, Michael, P. O. Aurora.
 Robinson, Henrietta, P. O. Aurora.
 Richardson, Mary, P. O. Aurora.
 Ruste, Mrs. H. S., P. O. Aurora.
 Ring, Michael, C., B. & Q. R.; P. O. Aurora.
 Reed, Clarissa, P. O. Aurora.
 Riddle, Adoniram, engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Rawlin, Jane, P. O. Aurora.
 Richardson, F. A., P. O. Aurora.
 Rice, J. A., P. O. Aurora.
 Russ, Alfred, painter; P. O. Aurora.
 Rink, Christopher, P. O. Aurora.
 Rodner, J. W., P. O. Aurora.
 Rockabrand, Louis, shoemaker; P. O. Aurora.
 Reckinger, Mrs. B., P. O. Aurora.
 Russeller, A., P. O. Aurora.
 Reedy, W., saloon; P. O. Aurora.
 Riley, James, blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Reedy, Ellen, P. O. Aurora.
 Rugg, G. F., machinist; P. O. Aurora.
 Reed, Thomas, grocer; P. O. Aurora.
 Rodener, Jno. M., painter; P. O. Aurora.
 Regan, D. A., P. O. Aurora.
 Reedy, John, mason; P. O. Aurora.
 Reidalein, Julius, P. O. Aurora.
 Rice, Mrs. M., P. O. Aurora.
 Rogers, A. P., P. O. Aurora.
 Richardson, C. R., agent; P. O. Aurora.
 Ross, Jane H., P. O. Aurora.
 Ruste, W., capitalist; P. O. Aurora.
 Roe, H., P. O. Aurora.
 Reeves, H. E., brakeman; P. O. Aurora.
 Renner, John, boots and shoes; P. O. Aurora.
 Ray, James, P. O. Aurora.
 Ragen, Martin, P. O. Aurora.
 Rumble, M. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Rumble, F. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Richardson, Isabella, P. O. Aurora.
 Rand, G. B., conductor; P. O. Aurora.
 Robbins, Norris, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Reynolds, Silas, P. O. Aurora.
 Renger, Lewis, P. O. Aurora.
 Raymond, Lewis, boiler maker; P. O. Aurora.
 Robinson, F. H., dentist; P. O. Aurora.
 Rice, F. B., mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Rice, J. D., mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Rice, Israel, P. O. Aurora.
 Rice, E. W. L., mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Race, J. D., conductor; P. O. Aurora.
 Race, W., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Race, E. D., carp.; P. O. Aurora.

Roach, J. C., livery; P. O. Aurora.
 Ryan, H., merchant; O. O. Aurora.
 Richardson, P., builder; P. O. Aurora.
 Richards, D., painter; P. O. Aurora.
 Rolph, J. G., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Rust, Alfred, lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Raymond, G. C., P. O. Aurora.
 Randall, J. D., P. O. Aurora.
 Ryder, B. D., tailor; P. O. Aurora.
 Reynolds, James, P. O. Aurora.
 Reynolds, Mrs. F. E., P. O. Aurora.
 Roberts, J. B., butcher; P. O. Aurora.
 Rising, Leonard, mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Rystrom, S., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Reed, J. H., blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Reyneer, Geo., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Rhutassel, Lawrence, farmer; P. O. North Aurora.
 Rhutassel, Frank, far.; P. O. No. Aurora.
 Rhutassel, J., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Russ, John, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Reising, V., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
SEARS, NELSON, engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Smith, Pat, lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Smith, J. F., P. O. Aurora,

STANDEN, GEO. H., lessee of the North Aurora Flour Mill; P. O. No. Aurora; was born in the town of Rye, England, Sept. 17, 1846; remained there until 1870, where he was engaged in the milling and bakery business; he then emigrated to America, landed at Quebec, thence to Warrenville, Du Page Co., Ill., where he remained but a short time; he then came to North Aurora, where he commenced the flour-mill business at the North Aurora Flour-Mill, one among the best equipped mills on the Fox River. The flour made from these mills meets with ready sales in Aurora and vicinity, as preference should be given to home productions, if equal to outside offerings. Mr. Standen married Miss Mary Goods, of England; three children. His parents, James and Mary (Hovenden) Standen, are natives of England.

Smith, Jno. H., blacksmith; P. O. Aurora

Smith, R. D., clipper; P. O. Aurora.

Smith, R. B., bkpr.; P. O. Aurora.

Smith, Alphonso, P. O. Aurora.

Smith, U. M., P. O. Aurora.

Smith, W. B., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Smith, Wm. E., mach.; P. O. Aurora.

Smith, J. H., blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.

SCHUB, FRED., ice mer. and agent for Phillip Best's Brewing Co.; born at Waldeck, Germany, in 1842; in 1854, his father came to Illinois, having emigrated from Germany, and located on a farm in Sugar Grove Tp. The subject of this sketch was then but 12 years old; he had attended school a short time in Germany, and at Sugar Grove went for two Winters; in 1864, he followed farming; in 1869, he bought land from Wilder Gates and Charles Buck, and erected some large, roomy ice houses; in the Winter of 1870, he began the cutting of ice, and in the Summer started out with two wagons; in 1874, he became the local agent for Phillip Best's Brewing Co.; from a small beginning, his business rapidly increased; in the Summer season, he employs twelve men and a clerk, running six ice wagons and two beer wagons; owns ten horses, and takes the lead in the ice trade; at present, is the only ice merchant in the city, and since he became the agent for the brewery he has built up a large business. Mr. S. is a liberal, courteous gentleman, and a hard worker.

STODDARD & RYAN, manufacturers and dealers in plain and stamped tin ware, silver ware, glass ware, Japanned ware, etc., No. 145 South River street; P. O. Aurora; the firm is composed of J. M. Stoddard and H. Ryan; eight years ago, the firm was H. Ryan & Co. (H. Ryan, L. D. Sage and J. M. Stoddard); in 1872, Mr. Sage retired, and the firm name has since been Stoddard & Ryan; they do a large trade; they manufacture quite extensively, and can supply every article needed in the kitchen, and of a superior quality; they own the building they occupy, which is, of course, a benefit to their customers, they have eighteen wagons on the road and employ sober, reliable and industrious men, who attend strictly to business; in addition to the above, S. & R. are in the fur trade, paying highest market prices for all kinds of furs.

Smith, C. D. F., attorney; P. O. Aurora.

Smith, Leonard, mach.; P. O. Aurora.

Smith, Fred., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Seidleman, Martin, lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Seidleman, P., boiler mkr.; P. O. Aurora.

Sims, Z., clerk; P. O. Aurora.

STICKLE, ALBERT H., of the firm of Stickle & Fritz; res. 3 East st., Aurora; P. O. Aurora; born in Ohio Dec. 6, 1845; married Miss Harriet A. Turner; she was born in New York May 23, 1853, and married Dec. 18, 1873; one child—Guy, born Sept. 2, 1874; lived in Ohio until he was 15, when he came to Aurora and has lived here since, except one year in Mendota; enlisted in Co. H, 124th Ill. Inf., and remained three years in service; was in the battles of Port Gibson, Raymond, Vicksburg, Champion Hills, etc.

SPAULDING, A., M. D., P. O. Aurora; was born in Washington Co., N. Y., May 9, 1807; is the son of Silas and Annie (Brown) Spaulding; his father was born March 25, 1757; was a soldier in the Revolutionary war; participated in the battle of Bennington, also at the surrender of Burgoyne; died at Fort Ann, Feb. 29, 1812; his mother is a descendant of the Peter Brown that came over on the Mayflower; they had eight children; five are dead and three living—Samuel B., born Jan. 27, 1789, living in Ct.; Ann, born Oct. 13, 1797, married N. Baker, now of Knox Co., Ill.; Dr. Spaulding remained at his native State until 1835, where he was engaged in the jewelry business; he also commenced the study of medicine; attended medical lectures at Brooklyn, N. Y.; his first practice of medicine was at Jersey City, N. J., in 1845; thence to New York City, where he remained until 1847; the same year he emigrated West to Illinois, and settled in Aurora, where he opened a jewelry store, which business he was very successful in; retiring from the jewelry business, he put his full time in his profession, electropathic physician. Married Ephurasia Babcock, of Ct., in 1848; has three children living—Sarah Jane, married Oscar Tanner, engaged in farming in De Kalb Co., Ill.; Eliza J., married Harlow Minor, stock raising, Denver, Colo.; Henry A., married Miss Cornelia Russell; is a stockholder in Tiffany & Co., jewelers, of New York, Paris and London; he has charge of the house at Paris.

Sims, Samuel, blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.

Sims, Curtis, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

SUMMERS, ROBERT, farmer; born at Somersetshire, England, Feb. 4, 1826; in 1834, his father came to America and rented a farm in the State of New York; in May, 1836, he sent for his family, and they joined him in New York City; shortly after, they came to Illinois, settling at Big Rock Township; here his father made a claim for 400 acres, and in time possessed a fine property; he died in 1870; in 1830, Mr. S., Jr., bought a farm of 40 acres; married Miss F. Hall; at one time owned 400 acres of land; was a very successful farmer; was Postmaster under Fillmore's administration; also Road Commissioner, etc.

Sims, E., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Stickling, A., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Scharschug, Mrs. Mary, P. O. Aurora.

Spurgen, J. M., painter; P. O. Aurora.

Schoemann, M., drayman; P. O. Aurora.

Strong, Michael, blksmith; P. O. Aurora.

Strong, C. F., burnisher; P. O. Aurora.

Skinner, Jas., P. O. Aurora.

SCHNEIDER, JOHN P., retired farmer; P. O. North Aurora; was born near Frankfort on the Rhine, Germany, in 1801; he emigrated to America and landed in Philadelphia in 1824, where he remained for four years, engaged in the carpenter trade; thence to Erie Co., Pa., in same business for three years; immigrated West to Chicago in 1832; thence to Naperville, where he remained but a short time; in 1833, he settled in Blackberry, Kane Co.; thence to the place that he now lives on in 1834; Mr. Schneider, when he first came West, had but very little money, but with hard labor, industry and good management, is to-day one of the successful farmers of Kane Co.; he built the dam across Fox River at North Aurora in 1835; also, the saw-mill, which burned; he afterward rebuilt the saw-mill; built the present flour-mill at North Aurora; was Postmaster of what was then known as Schneider's Mills post office; Mr. Schneider is one among the oldest settlers of Kane Co.; is one who clearly remembers when the beautiful land was an unbroken waste, inhabited by roving bands of Indians, with here and there an occasional adventurous pioneer; owns 160 acres of land.

Simpson, G. O., mechanic; P. O. Aurora.
 Schick, J. F., butcher; P. O. Aurora.
 Snow, Mrs. Mary, P. O. Aurora.
 Spicer, Thos., C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora.

Slippick, C., painter; P. O. Aurora.
 Santany, David, carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Squires, Z., P. O. Aurora.
 Stearns, C. A., machinist; P. O. Aurora.
 Searles, A. E., attorney; P. O. Aurora.
 Southworth, M. O., atty.; P. O. Aurora.
 Snook, N. H., artist; P. O. Aurora.
 Siegmund, Jacob, publisher; P. O. Aurora.
 Slosson, Daniel; P. O. Aurora.
 Stickle, Thos., marble works; P. O. Aurora.
 Standt, J. M., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Stoll, Jno., tailor; P. O. Aurora.

SHEPARDSON, WM., retired farmer; born in Windham Co., Vt., in 1804; remained there until 1845, when he settled in De Kalb Co., Ill.; here he purchased about 600 acres of land; was elected Justice of the Peace in 1846; has also been Assessor; was re-elected J. P., in 1851; received the nomination and election in Kane and De Kalb Counties for the State Legislature; he represented his district for four years; has also held other important offices of trust and responsibility.

Straight, J. J., cabinet mkr.; P. O. Aurora.
 Stubbs, Joseph, machinist; P. O. Aurora.
 Somerindyck, J. Y., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

SIMMONS, N. C., manufacturer and dealer in boots and shoes (firm of Reising & Simmons); was born at Bridgewater, Mass., in 1838; his father was a farmer; at the age of nine he went to live with an uncle, at Montrose, who was a well-to-do boot and shoe dealer; resided with him until he was fifteen, getting as good an education as the district school afforded; he was an apt scholar, and acquired a rather more liberal education than most boys; at 15, he became an apprentice to the trade with his uncle, serving three years; he became a skillful workman; came to Aurora in 1857; became foreman for C. A. Malloy, who kept a boot and shoe store in East Aurora; worked there a short time and then became partner of Leon & Reising; in 1863, he became associated in business with Joseph Reising; is the present Supervisor of Aurora.

Somerindyck, A., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Sencenbaugh, S. S., mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Satterly, E. S., coal dealer; P. O. Aurora.
 Sexton, C. M., agent; P. O. Aurora.
 Stoughton, J. C., minister; P. O. Aurora.
 Sanburn, C. F., shoemaker; P. O. Aurora.
 Sanford, N. R., car repairer; P. O. Aurora.
 Shoemaker, Walter, lumber; P. O. Aurora.
 Sibley, J. R., clerk; P. O. Aurora.

STOLP, JOSEPH, farmer; P. O. Aurora; born in Columbia Co., N. Y., in 1794; is the son of Peter and Catharine Stolp, who were among the earlier settlers of N. Y. State; were natives of Germany; shortly after Joseph was born his parents moved to Montgomery Co. and purchased a farm; shortly after moved to Onondaga Co.; Mr. S. lived in Onondaga Co. nearly 20 years; received as good an education as the times and circumstances would allow; at 25, married Miss Margaret M. Arlett, at Marseilles, in 1837; came to Ill., passing through Penn., Ohio, Mich. and Ind.; from La Porte, Ind., to Joliet; thence to Naperville; from Naperville to Big Woods, then near present city of Aurora, and joined a brother Fred., who had come one year before; claimed 300 acres timber and prairie; Mr. S. has lived in Aurora ever since coming, is 84 years old, and has lived to see Kane Co. grow from a wilderness to what it now is; his wife died but a short time ago.

Solfisburg, Rudolph, ptr.; P. O. Aurora.
 Stinson, J. E., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Sperry, J. D., contractor; P. O. Aurora.
 Sperry, B. E., mechanic; P. O. Aurora.
 Schrolle, A., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Stringer, F., painter; P. O. Aurora.
 Shiltz, John, bartender; P. O. Aurora.
 Shears, George, Principal school; P. O. Aurora.

Shuman, Jno., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Shadock, F., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Sawyer, Mary J., P. O. Aurora.
 Stenger, Mike, P. O. Aurora.
 Solfi-burg, C., manufacturer; P. O. Aurora.
 Springer, J. L., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Switzer, Albert, brakeman; P. O. Aurora.
 Scott, R. K., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Swarthout, C., restaurant; P. O. Aurora.
 Swarthout, Selah, mason; P. O. Aurora.
 Sparrow, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Summers, Andrew, traveler; P. O. Aurora.

SHEDD, O. N.; P. O. Aurora; was born in Maine, in 1831; is the son of Silas and Clarissa (Noyes) Shedd; his father was born in 1794; he was engaged in the war of 1812; he is now living in Maine; his mother was born in 1800, and died in 1877; Mr. O. N. Shedd remained at his native State until he was 21 years of age; he was engaged in going to school and school teaching; thence to Lawrence, Mass., where he entered a soap factory, and remained there for three and a half years; in 1855, he came West to Chicago, where he purchased real estate which he owns to-day; he remained there but a short time; he came to Aurora in company with Mr. Beach; they purchased 100 acres of land adjoining Aurora; he laid it out in town lots, and known as Beach and Shedd's addition; he purchased Mr. Beach's half interest in 1863, and has been dealing very extensively in real estate ever since; he commenced the soap manufactory in 1856, which business he has carried on ever since; he employs from three to four men in the manufactory; he has held several offices of public trust; he was City Alderman four years, Highway Commissioner three years and Supervisor two years.

SLAKER, JOSEPH, far.; Sec. 4; P. O. North Aurora; was born in Germany, in 1816; son of Adam and Eva Slaker; came to America in 1840, to Cleveland, O., where he was engaged in laboring for five years; thence to Chicago, where he remained but a short time; to Aurora in 1846; commenced working in a cooper shop; remained there for two years; thence purchased farm that he now lives on of 190 acres of land, for \$15 per acre; now owns 108 acres, valued at \$75 per acre; Mr. Slaker's name was at one time Joseph Ochenschlager; in 1874 he had the Hon. Eugene Canfield, at the Legislature, change it to Joseph Slaker. Married in 1845, to Mary Hiens, of Germany; seven children—John, Louisa, Joseph, Mary, Eva, Sophia, Willie, all born in Kane Co., Ill.

Stevens, Emma, P. O. Aurora.

Steadman, H. D., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Scarlett, Wm., P. O. Aurora.

Scarlett, Charles W., P. O. Aurora.

SLATER, GEO. K., farmer, Sec. 36; P. O. Aurora; is one of the oldest settlers of Kane Co.; the son of Jonathan and Abigail (Holmes) Slater; was born in Clinton Co., N. Y., in 1812; remained in his native State until 1835, where he was engaged in farming and the lumber business; in 1835, he came to Kane Co., Ill., and settled on the farm he now lives on. When Mr. Slater first came here, ne was in poor circumstances, but, with hard work, industrious habits and good management on his farm, he is to-day one of the successful farmers of Kane Co., owning 255 acres of fine land; has held several offices of public trust—that of Pathmaster and School Director; married Mrs (Loomis) Wheadon, daughter of W. Wheadon, of New York; she was born in 1815, and married in 1846; have three children—Henry, Emma and Frank. Henry was in the late war; he enlisted in the 124th Ill. Vol. Inf. for three years, but, on account of sickness, was hon. disd., and is now living at Rochelle, Ill., engaged in the lumber and coal business.

Seymour, H. S., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Seymour, Joseph, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

SCHNEIDER, J. F., far.; Sec. 4; P. O. North Aurora; was born in Philadelphia, Pa., 1828; came West with his parents and settled in Kane Co. in 1834; he helped his father, John P. Schneider, build the mill at North Aurora. Married in 1858, to Miss Charlotte Denham, of England; six children—George W., Emma L., Eva J., Nellie A., Eddie J., Estella.

Sabin, Wm., drayman; P. O. Aurora.

Spink, Edward, compositor; P. O. Aurora.

Spink, John, lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Schrader, E., carp.; P. O. Aurora.

Shepherd, Edward, mach.; P. O. Aurora.

Shepard, J., P. O. Aurora.

Stolp, John, P. O. Aurora.

Stolp, J. G., mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Stolp, R. S., carp.; P. O. Aurora.

Stolp, Levi, carp.; P. O. Aurora.

Sorg, Michael, P. O. Aurora.

Sorg, Christian, P. O. Aurora.

Scharpenter, Theo., P. O. Aurora.

Schmahl, Jacob, Sr., mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Schlicht, W., lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Schiltgen, Peter, P. O. Aurora.

Shorr, Frank, P. O. Aurora.

Stumm, Jos., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Shomer, Nick, lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Shoger, F., lab.; P. O. Aurora.

SOLFISBURG, CHRISTIAN, proprietor of brick yard and lime kiln; was born in Switzerland, Jan. 12, 1832; is the son of John and Mary Solfisburg; came to America May 1, 1852; was engaged in working on a farm, when he first came here, at \$10 per month—near Naperville; he came to Kane Co., and settled near Aurora, in 1855; commenced farming and dealing in wood; in 1861, he commenced burning lime; in 1862, the manufacture of brick; since he has been in the business, he has furnished brick to build nearly all the prominent buildings in Aurora—such as Coulter's Opera House, Brady's School, and all the free schools in Aurora, Fitch House and others. When he first came here, he was worth but very little; today, he ranks as one of the successful business men of Aurora; owns one of the most extensive brick yards and lime kilns in Kane Co.; 34 acres of fine improved land, where is located his fine brick residence; one house and lot in Aurora; six lots in South Chicago; one fine improved farm, of 160 acres, in Kendall Co.; all of this made by hard work and good management; is also engaged with Mr. Kerr, in building a first-class tile manufactory at Hinckley; was married in 1859, to Miss Elizabeth Love; she was born in Toronto, Canada, March 25, 1843; father Robert Love and mother Margaret (Landers) Love, settled in Aurora in 1852; seven children—Clara, Albert, Lincoln, Lillie, Edmond, Adie Bell and Lydia.

SMITH, C. F., artist, painter and letterer, for the C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora; he was born at Frankfort, Germany, in 1826, and came to America in 1850; his first work in this country was with the well known John Stephenson, car and omnibus builder of N. Y.; he remained there about two years; thence went to Jersey City, and thence to Chicago in 1854, where he commenced work for the C., B. & Q. R. R., and has been in the employ of this company ever since; he is one of the oldest employes of the C., B. & Q. R. R.; he moved to Aurora in 1856.

Schoeberlein, Adam, coal; P. O. Aurora.
 Seamans, Mrs. L. A., P. O. Aurora.
 Schickler, C., P. O. Aurora.
 Schickler, Phillip, mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Stone, A. J., P. O. No. Aurora.
 Stephenson, Wm., milk dealer; P. O. Aurora.

Stone, A. H., R. R. agt.; P. O. No. Aurora.

SILL, S. B. & SON, dentists; P. O. Aurora; established the business in Aurora in 1877; they have always held a foremost place in the dental profession. S. B. Sill, senior member, was born in Buffalo, N. Y., in 1824; is the son of Joseph and Eliza (Berry) Sill; his father was engaged in the United States Custom House at Buffalo; when young his parents moved to Oberlin, O.; remained there but a short time, thence to Jonesville, Mich., about 1836, where he commenced the study of dentistry in 1846; about 1848 he located at Kalamazoo, and was the first established dentist of that town, where he remained until 1853; thence to Iowa City, Ia.; remained there until 1856, returned to Michigan and continued the practice of dentistry until 1877, when he moved to Aurora. His son, Edward J., was born in Kalamazoo, Mich., in 1852; has had excellent advantages in dentistry with his father and the most prominent dentists of Michigan; is regarded by the dental profession as one of the finest dental operators in the State. These gentlemen employ no assistants, and the work they do they guarantee to be durable and first-class. S. B. Sill married in 1850 to Miss Caroline M. Swayzee, daughter of David Swayzee; four children, two boys and two girls.

Shehan, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Spoton, Matt, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Sargent, E. A., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Stewart, Henry, engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Spang, John, P. O. Aurora.
 Steffers, Valentine, P. O. Aurora.
 Smith, Catharine, P. O. Aurora.
 Shuler, John, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Smith, Peter, farmer; P. O. No. Aurora.
 Smith, Henry, saloon; P. O. Aurora.
 Sachan, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Sauber, Michael, far.; P. O. No. Aurora.
 Sholan, Peter, lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Schilling, Peter, lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Shoden, Catharine, P. O. Aurora.
 Souter, Michael, lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Stone, A. H., far.; P. O. No. Aurora.
 Smith, Mrs. E., P. O. Aurora.
 Stiffers, Jacob, P. O. Aurora.
 Smith, Susan, P. O. Aurora.
 Spray, Mathew, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Squires, Geo. J., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Scharschug, J. J., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Schuller, John, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Skinner, James, insurance; P. O. Aurora.
 Shedden, L. M., P. O. Aurora.
 Snow, A., P. O. Aurora.
 Sullivan, Daniel, P. O. Aurora.
 Swan, Hannah, P. O. Aurora.
 Spear, Lewis, P. O. Aurora.
 Stickle, Thompson, marble worker; P. O. Aurora.
 Shears, Joseph, mason; P. O. Aurora.
 Saulsberry, David, P. O. Aurora.
 Shannon, Mat, drayman; P. O. Aurora.
 Spaulding, H. L., P. O. Aurora.
 Seamans, S. D., lumber dealer; P. O. Aurora.
 Schuder, Frank, P. O. Aurora.
 Sullivan, Mary, P. O. Aurora.
 Sawerbucker, M., P. O. Aurora.
 Stawss, Felix, P. O. Aurora.
 Smith, A. A., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Suitner, Samuel, P. O. Aurora.
 Schmahl, Mrs. Mary, P. O. Aurora.
 Stinner, Joseph, P. O. Aurora.
 Schwarzhous, H., Jr., C., B. & Q.; P. O. Aurora.
 Schwartzhous, H., Sr., C., B. & Q.; P. O. Aurora.
 Schorr, Frank, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Stolp, J. B., C., B. & Q.; P. O. Aurora.
 Smith, John, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Severance, Absalom, P. O. Aurora.
 Stewart, Robt., car repairer; P. O. Aurora.
 Siegers, James, P. O. Aurora.
 Strong, Michael, blksmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Santry, Michael, lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Smitt, H. W., P. O. Aurora.
 Sholes, S., P. O. Aurora.
 Schultz, John, P. O. Aurora.
 Shoger, Wm., lab; P. O. Aurora.
 Solfisbury, J., P. O. Aurora.
 Scarlett, Wm, P. O. Aurora.
 Sexton, Norman, P. O. Aurora.
 Summers, Samuel, P. O. Aurora.
 Schuller, Nich., P. O. Aurora.
 Spencer, Theo., P. O. Aurora.
 Stewart, Jennie, P. O. Aurora.
 Stewart, Charles, P. O. Aurora.

Smith, H., P. O. Aurora.
 Stephens, Emma A., P. O. Aurora.
 Saterfield, J., Jr., P. O. Aurora.
 Safford, H. M., P. O. Aurora.
 Stewart, Wm., P. O. Aurora.
 Stiffens, C., P. O. Aurora.
 Sperlein, M., P. O. Aurora.
 Spalding, Joseph, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Shepard, L., P. O. Aurora.
 Schillen, N., P. O. Aurora.
 Sechem, Peter, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Santry, John, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Sperry, Sidney, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Seamans, C. W., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Swinburn, Wm., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Smith, Frank, P. O. Aurora.
 Spear, Ellen, P. O. Aurora.
 Stoutenger, Mrs. H. T., P. O. Aurora.
 Siegmund, J. E., P. O. Aurora.
 Short, John, saloon; P. O. Aurora.
 Short, J. M., billiard hall; P. O. Aurora.
 Shaddock, F., P. O. Aurora.
 Story, M. L., P. O. Aurora.
 Shepherd, N. H., stone cutter; P. O. Aurora.
 Smith, R. J., P. O. Aurora.
 Severance, G. W., P. O. Aurora.
 Siegmund, Jacob, Jr., P. O. Aurora.
 Schmahl, Jacob, Sr. mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Schmidt, Leonard, C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora.
 Scherwin, D. C., P. O. Aurora.
 Schraeder, Geo., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Serofford, C. C., C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora.
 Sweet, P. L., P. O. Aurora.
 Slate, W. L., P. O. Aurora.
 Steiner, Geo., laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Stramp, Joseph, P. O. Aurora.
 Steuborn, A., P. O. Aurora.
 Schmidt, Anton, P. O. Aurora.
 Silvey, Walter, P. O. Aurora.
 Schomer, John, P. O. Aurora.
 Schietz, August, P. O. Aurora.
 Skinner, Eliza, P. O. Aurora.
 Slate, Mrs. L., P. O. Aurora.
 Stolp, E. A., machinist; P. O. Aurora.
 Stuffick, John, P. O. Aurora.
 Slaker, J., P. O. Aurora.
 Sedgewick, C. S., P. O. Aurora.
 Sims, E., dry goods; P. O. Aurora.
 Street, B., ice dealer; P. O. Aurora.
 Stiffen, Peter, saloon; P. O. Aurora.
 Stockwell, D. W., mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Slaker, F., grocer; P. O. Aurora.
 Stevens, G. W., P. O. Aurora.

- Shafer, Fred, C., B. & Q. R. R. ; P. O. Aurora.
 Sall, Gust., shoemaker ; P. O. Aurora.
 Swan, S., P. O. Aurora.
 Stafford, J., P. O. Aurora.
 Stafford, N., P. O. Aurora.
 Smith, Mrs. E. J., P. O. Aurora.
 Sherwin, Mrs. J. D., P. O. Aurora.
 Shannon, James, P. O. Aurora.
 Smith, W. D., P. O. Aurora.
 Smith, Edgar, car repairer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Smith, David, laborer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Siegmund, J. J., P. O. Aurora.
 Schaffer, Christ, laborer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Smith, W. A., mach. ; P. O. Aurora.
 Slate, Mrs. M., P. O. Aurora.
 Sarchfield, D., P. O. Aurora.
 Seigle, E., laborer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Sylvester, Frank, P. O. Aurora.
 Swift, Mrs. Angeline, P. O. Aurora.
 Slater, Thomas, P. O. Aurora.
 Smith, Mrs. R., P. O. Aurora.
 Slaker, J. F., carpenter ; P. O. Aurora.
 Slater, I. B., carpenter ; P. O. Aurora.
 Scott, Henry, farmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Steffens, Peter, saloon ; P. O. Aurora.
 Schaub, Fred, ice dealer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Sorenson, C., carpenter ; P. O. Aurora.
 Sibell, E. A., trav. agt. ; P. O. Aurora.
 Stockwell, D. W., dry goods ; P. O. Aurora.
 Slate, G. W., mason ; P. O. Aurora.
 Simpson, D. W., traveler ; P. O. Aurora.
 Smedley, C. E., farmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Stowell, C., P. O. Aurora.
 Simmons, N. C., mer. ; P. O. Aurora.
 Safford, Mrs. H. M., P. O. Aurora.
 Shepherdson, W., P. O. Aurora.
 Slaker, Adam, P. O. Aurora.
 Shelton, A. W., farmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Staly, J. N., far. ; P. O. Montgomery.
 Schorf, John, farmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Schollin, John B., farmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Schuller, H., farmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Slattey, James, P. O. Aurora.
 Slattey, Pat, laborer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Schickler, Peter, cigar mfr. ; P. O. Aurora.
 Schultz, George, P. O. Aurora.
 Solfisburg, F., laborer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Smith, W. E., machinist ; P. O. Aurora.
 Shaffer, Adam, P. O. Aurora.
 Siegmund, Jacob, Sr., publisher ; P. O. Aurora.
 Schoberlein, Mike, P. O. Aurora.
 Strong, W. J., P. O. Aurora.
 Sibley, Ralph, carpenter ; P. O. Aurora.
 Sheldon, Geo., farmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Stolp, P. D., farmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Stolp, Geo., farmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Sellers, Geo., farmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Sawyer, E. F., P. O. Aurora.
 Stolp, Joseph, far. ; P. O. Aurora.
 Spencer, Selden, far. ; P. O. Aurora.
 Sullivan, John, road master ; P. O. Aurora.
 Siegel, E., mason ; P. O. Aurora.
 Stolp, J. G., woolen mills ; P. O. Aurora.
 Stolp, Mrs. J. B., P. O. Aurora.
 Stolp, Stillman, P. O. Aurora.
 Sedgwick, C. S., farmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Stephens, I. S., coal and wood ; P. O. Aurora.
 Sutphen, Geo. E., mfr. ; P. O. Aurora.
 Shibley, Ralph, carp. P. O. Aurora.
 Summers, Robt., P. O. Aurora.
 Stoddard, J. M., mer. ; P. O. Aurora.
 Schmidt, Henry, restaurant ; P. O. Aurora.
 Smith, Ann H., P. O. Aurora.
 Simpson, F. M., carriage trimmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Smith, L. W., mach. ; P. O. Aurora.
 Smith, F. F., florist ; P. O. Aurora.
 Swanson, A., carriage mkr. ; P. O. Aurora.
 Sweet, W. E., barber ; P. O. Aurora.
 Stevenson, W. B., P. O. Montgomery.
 Satterly, Mrs. H. A., P. O. Aurora.
 Swarthout, M. F., expressman ; P. O. Aurora.
 Satterfield, A., switchman ; P. P. Aurora.
 Street, B., ice dealer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Sperry, J. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Spear, Warren, carp. ; P. O. Aurora.
 Slaker, Val., cutter ; P. O. Aurora.
 Steele, Wm., lab. ; P. O. Aurora.
 Stone, W. T., boarding house ; P. O. Aurora.
 Smith, R. J., P. O. Aurora.
 Seamans, Rebecca, P. O. Aurora.
 Stewart, James, P. O. Aurora.
 Show, Frank, P. O. Aurora.
THAYER, F. L., machinist ; P. O. Aurora.
 Taylor, G. L., mach. ; P. O. Aurora.
TODD, L. M., lumber merchant, corner Lake st. and Downer place ; of the firm of White & Todd ; was born in Vt. in 1839, remaining there 15 years ; he then emigrated to Kane Co., and settled in Sugar Grove, where he commenced farming, which he carried on until he came to Aurora and commenced the lumber business in company with Fred. O. White ; Mr. Todd has been in the lumber business for seven years.

Terry, Sarah, boarding; P. O. Aurora.

TABOR, MERVIN, P. O. Aurora; insurance, loans and investments; office, Room 9, Coulter Block, over the Union National Bank; Mr. Tabor was born in the town of Ellisburgh, Jefferson Co., State of New York, April 30, 1827; at the age of 14 years, he left the parental home, working on a farm during the summer seasons, and attending school winters, doing chores for his board, until, at the age of about 16 years, he commenced teaching a district school, at \$12 per month, and, as was the custom at that time, he "boarded around;" from that time on, for several years, he taught Winters and went to school Summers; at the age of about 19, he emigrated to Michigan; he completed his school education at Albion Seminary, Albion, Mich.; Dr. Hinman was at that time Principal, since President of the Northwestern University, at Evanston, Ill.; after completing his school course, Mr. Tabor taught school at Mt. Clemens, Mich., Albion, Mich., and finally was appointed Principal of the Preparatory Department of the Michigan University, at Ann Arbor; in the Summer of 1851, he emigrated to Chicago, and on the 1st day of Nov., of the same year, he took charge of the public schools of Aurora, East Division; in 1857, he was elected County School Commissioner; from 1851 to 1865, he was almost constantly engaged in teaching or superintending schools, or connected in some way with the public school interests of Illinois; he was, for several years, a member of the School Board of Aurora, East Division, and was also a member of the Common Council of the city, from the 8th Ward; since 1865, to the present time, he has been engaged in life insurance, connected, most of the time, in some capacity, with the interests of the Mutual Life Insurance Co., of New York; in 1868, he was connected with the home office of this Co., in New York City; receiving a sun-stroke, during the Summer of 1868, while examining the condition of the General Agency in Vermont, he was obliged to resign his position at the home office; by the advice of his physician, Dr. Hammond, of 39th st., N. Y., he left the country,

and spent three years on the Pacific coast; returned to Illinois in the Fall of 1872, with health repaired; again connecting himself with the interests of the Mutual Life, of N. Y., he is now special agent for Illinois, appointing and superintending the local agencies of the State, and presenting the merits of the company to prominent business men and capitalists seeking investments; thoroughly posted in the science of life insurance, and familiar with the conditions and history of life companies in America, Mr. Tabor has carved out for himself an honorable name and national fame among the more intelligent insurance men of the country; he is a member of the First Congregational Church; politics Rep. Married Nov. 1, 1853, to Sabrah C. Strang, daughter of Deacon William J. Strang, of Aurora; two children—Ida J. Tabor and Fred. S. Tabor.

Thomas, J. S., fruit-grower; P. O. Aurora.

Thow, Lewis, merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Turner, J. W., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Tilton, Geo. B., florist; P. O. Aurora.

Tucker, Mrs. J. H., P. O. Aurora.

Todd, C. L., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Todd, J. L., P. O. Aurora.

Twist, H., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

THORWARTH, J. F., dealer in dry goods, groceries and provisions; born in Bavaria, Germany, in 1834; came to America and landed in New York in 1852; came direct to Cook Co. Ill., in 1852, where he resided until 1868; engaged in farming and store keeping; held office of Cook Co. Supervisor in 1864 and 1865; also Justice of the Peace and Postmaster; to-day he is Supervisor of the Town of Aurora, which office he has faithfully held for the last three years; came to Aurora and started in the dry goods and grocery business in 1868; also is connected with well known house of Thorwarth & Fulton, hardware. Mr. Thorwarth, when he first came to America, was financially very poor, but industry, honesty and fair dealing have made him to-day one of the successful business men of Aurora; has made two visits to his old home in Germany to see his father and mother, who are now dead; his mother died in 1877, his father in 1864.

Town, S., insurance agent; P. O. Aurora.
Tidd, W. S., foreman bindery; P. O. Aurora.

Trouton, P. M., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Titsworth, L., Sr., P. O. Aurora.

Titsworth, J. N., mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Titsworth, L., Jr., salesman; P. O. Aurora.

Thompson, J. H., mer.; P. O. Aurora.

Terwilliger, A. R., Assessor; P. O. Aurora.

Tighe, Patrick, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Tighe, Hugh, blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.

Thelin, John, coppersmith; P. O. Aurora.

TITUS & MARSHALL (Herbert N. Titus & Clarence W. Marshall), dealers in coffees, teas, fine family groceries, crockery and glassware, established in 1873, at 54 N. River street; P. O. Aurora; both members have had large experience as business men; they buy for cash, pay a low rent, and will not be undersold by any house in the same line; in addition to their grocery trade, they handle country produce, and pay the highest market price for it; Mr. Titus was born at Rochester, N. Y., Sept. 17, 1842; he worked on a farm until 19; he attended a district school at Sheboygan, Wis.; he came to Aurora, and worked for J. B. Bishop; he attended Bryant & Stratton's College, at Chicago, and clerked for Phillips Bros., of Aurora, and J. B. Rice; Clarence Marshall was born in Jefferson Co., N. Y.; he came to Aurora in 1868; he attended the public school, and clerked for Phillips Bros., of Aurora.

HOMPSON, JONATHAN H., retired farmer; Prairie st.; P. O. Aurora; born in Londonderry, N. H., Aug. 27, 1809; up to the age of 18 he acquired a common school education, then began working for neighboring farmers; when 19 he went to work in a woolen mill; on becoming of age, was employed by Baker & Hains, woolen manufacturers at Manchester, Vt.; worked for them thirteen years; during this time he married Miss T. Staples; in 1844 he came west, reaching Chicago on the 28th of May, arriving at Aurora, and the same day, he purchased a claim, farmed it until 1856 very successfully; was elected Deacon of the First Baptist Church at Aurora, he still owns 112 acres and a fine property in Aurora.

TRASK, C. P., farmer; P. O. Aurora; he was born in 1818; his father was a farmer and blacksmith and had six children; C. P. the eldest and only male child; when thirteen years old his mother died; he then worked out until he was fourteen years of age. In 1830 the family moved to Toledo, Ohio; in 1834 to Sandusky; his father bought 120 acres of land and he worked for him five months, and then, buying his time, became his own master; he came overland to Illinois in 1836, with sixteen head of cattle, and settled at Pecatonica, Winnebago Co., Ill.; he worked for an uncle the first Winter, and then claimed 320 acres of land; in 1839 he claimed 100 acres, and the same year the Government passed the law in regard to finding unoccupied land; ignorant of this law, Mr. T. came to Aurora, and in his absence the Winnebago Co. land was claimed and he never recovered it. He came to Aurora having only 40 acres and a very small sum of money, and took an interest in a saw-mill with Moses Thurston. Mr. T. has owned a great deal of property, and now owns 218 acres of choice, improved land, and a fine city property.

THOMPSON, WILLIAM, retired farmer; P. O. Aurora; he was born at Grafton, Windham Co., Vt., June 23, 1817, and resided there until the year 1835; he then went to Hampshire Tp., Kane Co., and apprenticed himself to a wheelwright, and remained with him four years, serving his time; in May, 1839, he was married to Miss Wealthy Gurler; the tide of emigration to the West was large, and he determined to have property of his own; his worldly possessions at this time were not very extensive, and June 6, of the same year, he arrived at Sugar Grove Tp., pre-empted 160 acres, and afterward bought 120 acres; for twenty-five years he followed farming and was highly respected among the people with whom he lived, and by them was elected to many important offices of trust and responsibility, such as Supervisor, School Trustee, etc., etc. In 1865 he came to Aurora, and bought the residence where he now lives, on the northwest corner of South View and Downer place.

TARBLE, JOY, retired mason; born in New Hampshire, April 27, 1806; his parents were Asa and Sarah Tarble, who came of good old New England stock; his father was a stone mason and bricklayer in the State of New Hampshire. He received a good education for those early times; while quite young his parents moved to Jefferson Co., N. Y.; in 1812, his father met with an accident which resulted fatally; in 1818, young Tarble, in connection with his brother, Asa, began the trade of stone mason; worked as journeyman at Oswego, N. Y., and Sackett's Harbor; in 1829, he married Harriet Cox; in 1846, he came to Chicago, Ill., thence to Aurora. Mr. Tarble, in younger days, was considered one of the best stone masons of the West; he it was who built Silas Reynolds' building, also built for Wm. V. Plum the store now occupied by Phillips Bros., grocers; also Temperance Hall, Woodruff Block, and others too numerous to mention, of the most substantial character; for five years he held the office of Street Commissioner; for five years held the position of Senior Warden in Masonic Lodge of West Aurora and Jerusalem Temple; twenty years ago Mr. T. retired to enjoy the fruits of his labor, but his early years were years of toil and hardship.

TOWN, HENRY B., insurance and real estate agent; P. O. Aurora; he represents the following old and reliable insurance companies: Home Insurance Company, of N. Y.; Hartford, of Hartford, and other reliable companies with assets representing over \$25,000,000; he was born in Troy, N. Y., Feb. 4, 1837; when quite young he emigrated West, in company with his father, and settled in Du Page Co., Ill.; thence to Batavia, Kane Co., remaining there ten years at farming; thence to Aurora, in March, 1853; he taught school for several years; he was in the drug business for five years; thence in the insurance business in 1866, which business he has been in ever since; he is agent for the Great Western Despatch Co.; his father, Silvanis Town, was born in Vt., Jan., 1804; he was, at one time, in partnership with his son in the insurance busi-

ness; his brother, L. F. Town, was in the late war; he enlisted in the 36th Ill. Vol. I. for three years; he is now engaged in the real estate business in Chicago.

Templeman, Ann, P. O. Aurora.

Town, L. F., ins. agt.; P. O. Aurora.

Treman, W. G., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Titus, W. M., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Taylor, W. H., blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.

Tyres, John, carp.; P. O. Aurora.

Tarble, M. J., mason; P. O. Aurora.

Tavlin, John, wiper; P. O. Aurora.

Trask, C. P., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Thompson, Rice, horse dealer; P. O. Aurora.

Taylor, S. B., artist; P. O. Aurora.

Tarble, Jay, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Tolman, T. F., Co Treas.; P. O. Aurora.

TYLER, WARREN, insurance, loan and real estate agent, No. 11 Main street, Aurora; is an agent for the following old and reliable companies: Ætna of Hartford, Phenix of Brooklyn and other reliable companies; assets amounting to over \$50,000,000; was born in N. Y., 1834; when quite young he emigrated West in company with his father and family to Ill., in 1835; came all the way from New York to Kane Co., in a two-horse wagon, taking thirty days to make the trip to St. Charles; 27 years engaged in farming and mercantile business, thence to Aurora in 1862, where he commenced the dry goods business, which business he was in for five years, then in the insurance business, which business he has been in ever since. His father, Ira D. Tyler, is a native of New York, now living on a farm near St. Charles, Kane Co.; his brother Geo. W. Tyler, enlisted in the 127th I. V. I. for three years' service; died with concussion of the brain, caused at the bombardment of Vicksburg, 1863.

Tanner, W. A., hardware; P. O. Aurora.

Thompson, W., P. O. Aurora.

Tanner, Eugene, far; P. O. Aurora.

Trigg, Geo., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Tyler, Percy, P. O. Aurora.

Todd, Levi, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Tuttle, D., P. O. Aurora.

Thompson, J. H., boots and shoes; P. O. Aurora.

Trigg, Chas., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Trigg, Thos., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

THATCHER, S. W., agent American Express Co., Aurora; was born in New York, 1830; there until he was 23 years old; engaged in farming; thence to Detroit, Mich.; his first debut in express business was as messenger on the Michigan Central R. R.; from there he went to Chicago and entered the money department of the American Express Co., which office he filled for seven years; agent at central depot, also was route agent on several of the leading railroads that lead out of Chicago, C. & N. W. R. R., C. B. & Q. R. R., &c.; thence to Aurora, where he first took charge of the American Express Co.'s office in July, 1865; also has been in the hardware business from 1868 to 1875; was elected City Treasurer of Aurora in 1876, and to show the popularity of Mr. Thatcher, he received *all* the votes cast, excepting 5. Is a staunch Republican; member of the Methodist Church; Treasurer of the Board of Trustees of said church; President of Aurora Bible Association; one of the Directors of the Union National Bank. His father, Solomon Thatcher, is a native of New York; born Oct. 28, 1806; now living in Cook Co., Ill.

TENNEY, S. A., farmer, Sec. 36; P. O. Aurora; was born in New Hampshire, in 1823; is the son of Amos and Hannah (Cass) Tenney; his father was born in N. H. in 1794; died in Jan., 1849; was a second cousin of Gov. French, of Illinois; his mother was born in N. H. in 1803; died in 1867; she was a branch of the Lewis Cass and Daniel Webster families. Mr. Tenney remained at his native State until 1837, where he was engaged in farming and educating himself as an attorney; he emigrated West with his parents and settled in Kendall Co., Ill.; he was at one time one of the prominent attorneys at Oswego; in 1850 he went to California and commenced the practice of law at Mayersville; remained there two years; he returned to Kendall Co. and took a very active part in politics; was a hard worker for the Republican party, and was pronounced as one of the leading influential speakers of that vicinity; he purchased a farm of 140 acres of fine improved land, and settled in Kane Co.

in 1865; is a Republican in politics, and member of the Episcopal Church. Married Miss Mary S. Cleveland in 1853; she was born in 1834; is a daughter of A. and Nancy Cleveland; have four children—Jessie C., Nannie J., Lewis S., Frank M.

Tanner, G. W., clerk; P. O. Aurora.

Tiffany, Jos., P. O. Aurora.

Terry, Richard, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Trover, Miss J. E., P. O. Aurora.

TRASK, E. W., jewelry; P. O. Aurora; established 1860; watchmaker and engraver, and dealer in Swiss and American gold and silver watches; was born in N. Y. in 1838; is the son of S. and Jane (Crane) Trask; he remained at his native State until 1853, thence west to Ohio, where he commenced his first business in life, that in peddling jewelry throughout the State of Ohio; he saved enough money to start him in business in Aurora in 1860, with a stock valued at about one thousand dollars; to-day he owns one of the finest jewelry establishments in Kane Co., with a stock valued at forty thousand dollars; owns a fine jewelry store at Galesburg, with a stock valued at sixteen thousand dollars; at both of these stores can be found the finest lines of jewelry, and everything pertaining to this business, all of which are guaranteed to be found as represented; Mr. Trask keeps constantly employed from eight to ten salesmen in traveling and selling jewelry throughout Illinois. Married in 1865 to Miss Addie C. Hawkins, who died in 1877; has one daughter, Lillie.

Thompson, Mrs. M. L., P. O. Aurora.

Titworth, L., Jr., salesman; P. O. Aurora.

Turner, Thos., carp.; P. O. Aurora.

Thull, Peter, P. O. Aurora.

Tilton, W. H., florist; P. O. Aurora.

Townley, E., P. O. Aurora.

Tobin, Edward, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Tubbs, P. S., C. B. & Q. R. R., P. O. Aurora.

Tremain, W. G., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Town, L. F., merchant; P. O. Aurora.

Town, Margaret A., P. O. Aurora.

Taft, A. S., P. O. Aurora.

Tracy, John, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Thompson, Rice, horse dlr.; P. O. Aurora.

Targe, Ernestine, P. O. Aurora.

Tennis, Frank, P. O. Aurora.
 Town, H. B., insurance agt.; P. O. Aurora.
 Thompson, James, P. O. Aurora.
 Thompson, A. E., P. O. Aurora.
 Thompson, Charles, P. O. Aurora.
 Thompson, Seneca, mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Tupper, W. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Thullen, George, P. O. Aurora.
 Thomas, J. S., fruit grower; P. O. Aurora.
 Tighe, Mary, P. O. Aurora.
 Thullen, Peter, P. O. Aurora.
 Terry, John, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Titsworth, Mary, P. O. Aurora.
 Tyers, John, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Tuttle, Daniel, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Tranquillite, T., shoemaker; P. O. Aurora.
 Tripp, A., P. O. Aurora.
 Teaboy, John, P. O. Aurora.

UNFRIED, FRANK, butcher; P. O. Aurora.

Urie, William, apiarist; P. O. Aurora.
 Ussher, J. F., car repairer; P. O. Aurora.
 Uhlig, Charles, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Ufford, S. R. S., phys.; P. O. Aurora.
 Underwood, J. R., P. O. Aurora.

VASBURG, JASPER, conductor; P. O. Aurora.

Vaughan, A. P., freight agt., P. O. Aurora.

VOLINTINE, DANIEL, cashier Second National Bank, President of Aurora Silver Plate Manufacturing Co. of the firms of Volintine, Lewis & Co. and Volintine & Case; P. O. Aurora. The above-named gentleman is one of the best known and highly regarded business men of Aurora; he was born in Washington Co., N. Y., in 1813, where he was engaged in the farming and lumber business until he emigrated West to Aurora, with his family, in 1853, where he commenced in business, first in buying and selling wool on a large scale, which business he has been very successful in. Mr. Volintine has invested considerable of his money in farming lands in Sugar Grove and other localities; he creditably filled the office of Mayor of the city of Aurora in 1875. Socially, he has a pleasing address and genial manners that win the respect of all; he is a member of the Baptist Church; his political opinions are independent; he married Miss Sarah Jane Ruste, daughter of S. Ruste, of New York; two children living.

Van Deusen, Peter, P. O. Aurora.
 Van Hassel, J. C., watchman; P. O. Aurora.

Van Liew, Mrs. C. M., P. O. Aurora.

Van Liew, D. F., P. O. Aurora.

Valentine, C., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Vermes, Frank, far.; P. O. Aurora.

Vermilya, W., baker; P. O. Aurora.

Valentine, Mrs. A. E., P. O. Aurora.

Vaughn, Nathan, inspector; P. O. Aurora.

Volentine, Joel, wool dealer; P. O. Aurora.

VAN LIEW, F. H., M. D.; P. O.

Aurora. The above named gentleman is the son of D. P. Van Liew and Rebecca (Babcock) Van Liew, of New York; he was born in New York, in 1828; remaining there, until he was 20 years of age, engaged in farming and school teaching with his father and family; they moved to Clinton, Oneida Co., N. Y., where he remained for four years—the first two years, engaged in going to school, and the latter two years in school teaching; in 1852, he emigrated West to Illinois, and settled in Aurora, Kane Co., where he commenced teaching in the public schools of Aurora; was Principal of School No. 5, East Side, for two years; he then commenced the study of medicine, and graduated at the Western Homeopathic College of Cleveland, Ohio; in 1858, he returned to Aurora, and opened his office in No. 1 Brady's Block, and commenced the practice of medicine in 1858; Dr. Van Liew is, to-day, one of the oldest and among the leading and most successful and largely patronized physicians of Aurora. He receives a large first-class practice, being a gentleman of acknowledged ability and well educated in the medical profession, as well as reliable in every particular. The Doctor has taught thirty-six young men in the study of medicine, who, to-day, are practicing the profession of M. D. throughout the country; is a member of the Homeopathic Medical Association of Illinois; was President, in 1876; also a member of the American Institute of Homeopathy; is member of the Universalist Church; has always taken an active part, both in the church and Sunday school. Married Miss Mary Hobert, daughter of Daniel Hobert, of New York; four children.

VAN VLEET, A., proprietor of the Aurora Livery and Omnibus Stables; P. O. Aurora; was born in Seneca Co., N. Y., in 1834; came to Aurora in 1853; was at one time school teacher in Woodford Co.; his first experience in livery business was in El Paso, Ill.; was for four years connected with the C., B. & Q. R. R., holding positions from trackman up to that of a conductor. The Aurora Livery Stables were first established by Joel Jenks, who was Mr. Van Vleet's partner for eight years. The enterprise that Mr. Van Vleet has always exhibited, together with the able and accommodating manner in which he has ever conducted his livery business and omnibus line, has gained for him a host of friends, and secured a large trade. He has about thirty head of fine stock, twenty-five top and open buggies, barouches, hacks, two fine hearses, the only ones in the city, two omnibuses, which convey passengers to any part of the city.

VAN FLEET, ISAAC, P. O. Aurora; is one of the earliest pioneers in Kane Co.; was born in New Jersey; for many years he worked on his father's farm; he received a district school education; learned the trade of stonemason and bricklayer; with his brother Andrew, at the age of 21, he came to Illinois, and located first near Chicago; thence he came to Kane Co., settling three miles from the present city of Aurora; in 1833 he claimed between 300 and 400 acres of prairie and timber land that lay on both sides of the river; the prospect was anything but inviting; wheat was sold at 30c. per bushel; pork dressed at \$1.50 per hundred, etc.; one Winter he lived on fish, and was compelled to eat bread from the bran; the same year of coming he built a log cabin; a frame building at that time would have been a curiosity; some years after saw-mills were built rapidly all along the river. Mr. V. is described as a man of rare energy, working his farm in the day time, and worked at plastering nights; in 1838 he built a frame building 18x22 ft., a mansion in its time, and still standing; Mr. Van Fleet was a very successful farmer, and at the time

of his death owned 300 acres of well improved land in Will, Kankakee, Kane and De Kalb; eleven years ago he was laid at rest in the beautiful cemetery, situated in West Aurora; thus passed away a most remarkable man, noted for his untiring energy and unswerving integrity, who has added very materially to the present prosperity of Aurora; twenty years ago his first wife died; his second wife still survives; there are four children—Elizabeth, Isaac, William and John.

Vierschilling, Joseph, painter; P. O. Aurora.

Van Alstine, Sim., P. O. Montgomery.

Vaughn, C. H., carpenter; P. O. Montgomery.

Vaughn, A. R., carpenter; P. O. Montgomery.

Vaughn, C. B., Postmaster; P. O. Montgomery.

Voorhees, Henry, P. O. Montgomery.

Veit, Ambrose, P. O. Aurora.

Vogt, Michael, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Vaughn, H. C., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Van Sickle, Lydia, P. O. Aurora.

WEGNER, REV. HENRY, min.; Aurora.

Wagner, Chas., far.; P. O. Aurora.

Wagner, John, lab.; P. O. Aurora.

Wilson, Dr. O., dentist; P. O. Aurora.

Wilson, Arthur, P. O. Aurora.

Wilson, Wm., Div. M. M.; P. O. Aurora.

WARD, J. D., mason and bricklayer; P. O. Aurora; he was born in Bethlehem, near Albany, N. Y., in 1819, and when two year sold moved to Onondaga Co., N. Y.; after his father's death he remained on the farm until fourteen years of age, working hard and getting his education as best he could; he entered the employ of a cabinet maker, upon the failure of whom he apprenticed himself to a stone mason, and in due time he became a skillful workman. In 1837, with a brother-in-law, he came to Illinois, passing through Miami Swamp in Ohio; he came to Joliet, Ill., and built the National Hotel there, and many other substantial buildings in the city. In 1838 he came to Aurora; he owns fine property in Iowa, and also in Aurora.

Wilson, J. J., postal clerk; P. O. Aurora.

Wilson, W. M., eng.; P. O. Aurora.

Wilson, Geo., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Wilson, Wm., mach.; P. O. Aurora.
 Woodruff, P. L., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Wood, Reuben, butcher; P. O. Aurora.
 Wood, H. C., P. O. Aurora.
 Wood, W. K., machinist; P. O. Aurora.
 Woods, Dr. G. D., P. O. Aurora.
 Woods, Jno. N., train disp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Woods, W. S., P. O. Aurora.
 Wood, C. J., railroad soliciting agent; P. O. Aurora.

WILDER, MRS., widow of Clark Wilder; was born at New London, Conn., in 1810; was married in 1833, to Clark, at Rossie, St. Lawrence Co., N. Y.; in 1837, Mr. W. decided to come West; and with his brother, Russel, he settled at Aurora, Illinois, and purchased 200 acres; he returned East and made arrangements to bring his family; after several weeks of pleasant travel (in their prairie schooner), they reached Aurora, then comparatively a wilderness of prairie; several years after he purchased the farm, Mr. W. discovered a valuable stone quarry on his land, and the fine residence where Mrs. W. now resides was built from it; Mr. W. died in 1870, after a life of honorable toil; commencing with nothing but his hands and great force of character, he succeeded when others would have failed. Wm. W. Wilder, a son, enlisted in Co. H, 124th Ill. Infantry, at Aurora, for three years, in 1862; was in many important battles, and while with Gen. Sherman on his march to the sea, was taken prisoner and sent to Andersonville, and died shortly after release.

WENTWORTH, AUSTIN, retired farmer; P. O. Aurora; was born in Berkshire Co., Mass.; he worked hard and obtained a good common school education; moved to Wisconsin in 1846; came to Aurora and having some property, he erected a house, and shortly after exchanged the same for 40 acres of farm land; he worked the farm six years; his health then declining, he traded the farm for a house and lot on Lake street; went to Aurora; his wife was Sarah Ann Park; she was born in Oneida Co., N. Y., in 1814; they have one child—James P., of the firm of Reed & Wentworth, hardware merchants, Aurora.

Willis, J. W., P. O. Aurora.
 Wolleng, Jno., blksmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Wildrick, L. M., conductor; P. O. Aurora.
 Wright, C. A., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Wells, H. S., merchant; P. O. Aurora.
 Wilton, Samuel, tailor; P. O. Aurora.
 Welton, Peter, boots; P. O. Aurora.
 Weinang, C., butcher; P. O. Aurora.
 Welch, Nick, P. O. Aurora.

WENTWORTH, J. P., born in Oneida Co., N. Y., May 2, 1836; his father was a farmer in good circumstances, who then lived near the town of Lee, Mass.; in 1844 his family moved to Wisconsin and settled at Summit, thirty miles from Milwaukee; in Spring of '47 they came to Aurora; while here young W. attended the public schools and received a liberal education; was connected with the *Aurora Beacon* four years as a compositor; also became a telegraph operator at Sterling and Rochelle and remained about two years in this capacity; in 1857 took charge of Aurora telegraph office; in 1862 became fireman on the C., B. & Q. R. R., and in the same year enlisted in the 89th R. R. Regiment, Co. E, mustered into service in August; went into camp at Chicago and shortly after went to the front; received an honorable discharge at Louisville, Ky., June, 1863; returned to Aurora and became employed as station agent on C., B. & Q. R. R., until he commenced at his present business—Reed & Wentworth, successors to Chas. Weeks & Co., hardware merchants. This firm commenced business the present year. They carry a full line of general hardware, silver-plated ware, tools, stoves, and everything usually found in this line. Aurora boasts of many first-class hardware houses, but we know of none who carry a better line of goods than the above firm. H. B. Read was born in Prussia, Ger., in 1845; his parents emigrated to America at an early day, locating first at St. Louis, thence to Princeton, Bureau Co., Ill. Here he received a liberal education, and on arriving at maturity he opened a hardware store at New Iowa, and shortly after moved to Des Moines, same State, and began the tinner business; on Dec. 17, 1877, he came to Aurora.

Welch, Chas., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Waterman, Mrs. M. A., P. O. Aurora.
 Waterman, Eben, engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Watson, W. H., bookstore; P. O. Aurora.
 Watson, Thomas, P. O. Aurora.
 Walker, S., butcher; P. O. Aurora.
 Werner, Wm., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Walt, John, lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Warner, A. D., P. O. Aurora.
 Wallace, Jason, carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Wenkler, Jacob, watchman; P. O. Aurora.
 Welfare, John, coppersmith; P. O. Aurora.
 Wheeler, A. L., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Wheeler Henry, clerk; P. O. Aurora.
 Whitefield, Geo., picture frames; P. O. Aurora.
 Whitefield, John, cloth finisher; P. O. Aurora.
 Whitman, J. K., gardener; P. O. Aurora.

WEST, WILLIAM P., retired far.; P. O. Aurora; was born in Chenango Co., N. Y., March 11, 1818, and resided there some 18 years; at this age he started for Carbondale, Pa.; his means were limited to \$1.75; soon after his arrival he became employed by the Delaware & Hudson Canal Co., and remained with them for six years; in the Spring of 1842 he came to Illinois and settled in Blackberry, Kane Co.; before purchasing property he conceived the idea of selecting a superior grade of sheep and bringing them to his future home; he accordingly started for Preble Co., O., and Union Co., Ind., and bought 800 head of sheep; the average price was 65 cents per head, and the expense of transfer per head was 20 cents; this was the second flock ever brought into the county; has owned some seven or eight hundred acres of land, now owns about five hundred; has always been very successful as a farmer, and while in the township held the offices of Supervisor and Highway Commissioner; was also elected to office of County Treasurer; Mr. W. took the premium for the best cultivated farm in the State, in 1872; he retired and came to Aurora and is now enjoying the fruits of his labors.

White, C. H., attorney; P. O. Aurora.
 White, L. J., attorney; P. O. Aurora.

White, J. B., P. O. Aurora.
 White, J. A., upholsterer; P. O. Aurora.
 White, W. L., mason; P. O. Aurora.
 White, E. W., car inspector; P. O. Aurora.
 Ware, Mrs. B. C., P. O. Aurora.
 Ware, E., machinist; P. O. Aurora.
 Ware, John, laborer; P. O. Aurora.
 Wade, J. A., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.
 Wade, A. F., Street Commissioner; P. O. Aurora.
 Wilcox, W. W., P. O. Aurora.

WALKER, JAMES, foreman of the blacksmithing department of the C., B. & Q. R. R., who has filled the position for over twenty-one years; was born in the State of Delaware in 1834; at the age of 10 years, he went to Detroit; thence to Chicago, remaining there for three years; came to Aurora in the Spring of 1857; Mr. Walker was elected Mayor of the city of Aurora in 1870, which office he creditably filled; his father, William Walker, who emigrated West with him in 1842, is now dead.

Ward, Maria, P. O. Aurora.

WHITE, FRED O., lumber mer., of the firm of White & Todd, corner of Lake street and Downer place; P. O. Aurora; was born in Mass. in 1839; in 1857, he came West, and settled in Sugar Grove Township, Kane Co.; he was engaged in farming until 1861, when he enlisted in the late war in the 36th Ill. Vol. I., Aug., 1861, for three years; he was under Gen. Grant, and participated in a number of the most severe battles; he was honorably discharged at Vicksburg, and then was appointed Paymaster's Clerk in the Western Department; he held office until 1865, when he returned home; in Feb., 1866, he commenced the lumber business, which business he has been in ever since; Mr. White has held many public offices of trust; he was at one time City Treasurer for one term; he has been a member of the Board of Township Trustees; he has been on the Board of Health; he was a member of the Board of Education; these offices he has filled with credit and honor to himself, and to the people he has represented; he is one of the Board of Managers of the Soldiers' Memorial Building.

Weiler, Peter, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Wolsfield, Peter, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Wilber, George, P. O. Aurora.
 Wingate, Saml., car repairer; P. O. Aurora.
 Weldon, George, engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Waterhouse, L. H., contractor; P. O. Aurora.
 Washburne, H. C., engineer; P. O. Aurora.
 Walters, G. W., P. O. Aurora.
 Walters, Leonard, P. O. Aurora.
 Weissenger, Fred, carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Weaner, George., stone cutter; P. O. Aurora.
 Webb, Moses, barber; P. O. Aurora.
 Weber, Adam, lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Wheaton, Chas., atty.; P. O. Aurora.
 Worst, Chas., P. O. Aurora.
 Whottles, Mrs. D. M., P. O. Aurora.
 Whalton, Jas., P. O. Aurora.
 Wormley, Mrs. L. B., P. O. Aurora.
 Wormwood, O., P. O. Aurora.
 Warnick, G. G., far.; P. O. Aurora.

WINTON, BURR, by trade a carpenter and joiner; P. O. Aurora; born in Schuyler Co., N. Y., in 1801; was the second white child born in Schuyler Co., remaining at his native home until he was, at the age of 37 years, engaged in farming and the carpenter business; hearing so much of the Western country, his brother and sister then living in Illinois, and his father having made a visit West and speaking so favorably of the Western country, he emigrated to Illinois in 1836, settling at Aurora, then only eight families living in the town; was twenty-one days making the trip from New York to Illinois, coming by water and stage route; was unanimously chosen by the people of Aurora as Postmaster, in February, 1837, being the first Postmaster, which office he held for ten years with honor and credit to himself and the people; he was married twice, his first wife being Miss Mary Kilburn, of Connecticut, who died Aug. 30, 1842, and his second was Arabella S. Long, of Connecticut, born in 1813; two children, Lucius V., born July 9, 1829; Jennie A., born Oct. 16, 1839; His father, Samuel Winton, of Connecticut, was born in 1778; his mother, Ruth A. Hinmann, of Connecticut, was born in 1782.

Warnick, J. B., far; P. O. Aurora.
 Williams, J. C., far; P. O. Aurora.
 Warner, J. P., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Wickizer, Mary Ann, P. O. Aurora.
 Wichizer, Jacob, min.; P. O. Aurora.
 Wydert, N. B., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Wagner, Valentine, lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Wiltgen, Peter, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Wolf, Matt, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Weber, Peter, clerk; P. O. Aurora.
 Witrie, Jacob, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Weber, John, lab; P. O. Aurora.
 Welter, Peter, mfr. boots; P. O. Aurora.
 Wanunda, Peter, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Wagner, Peter, far.; P. O. Aurora.

WADDELL, JOHN H., far.; Sec. 17; P. O. Aurora; was born in Warren Co., N. Y., in 1829; is the son of Hugh and Eveline (Waldren) Waddell; he remained in his native State until 1857, engaged in farming; came West and settled in Du Page Co.; engaged in farming; remained there until 1865; he then came to Kane Co. and settled on the farm that he now lives on, and has been farming ever since. Married in 1861, to Miss Elizabeth Ward; born 1832, daughter of Dr. L. Ward and Lillie Barton Ward, who were among the first settlers in Du Page Co.; her father was the first doctor in that vicinity, having settled in Du Page Co. in 1835; her brother, Geo. Ward was Colonel in the U. S. Army, and participated in the Blackhawk war; died in California; Mr. Waddell's brother, Hon. Robert Waddell, was born in Johnsburgh, N. Y., July 29, 1833; was a member of Assembly in 1864, 1876-77; died at Johnsburgh, N. Y., of typhoid pneumonia, in 1877.

Ward, John, bowling alley; P. O. Aurora.
 Wantz, Margaret, P. O. Aurora.
 Wright, J. H., far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Welter, John, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Wagner, Theo., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Wilder, Burt S., farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Wilkie, C. M., dentist; P. O. Aurora.
 Wait, C. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Wolfsfeldt, Peter, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Wirbrook, Henry, P. O. Aurora.
 Wilder, Lewis, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Wilder, Mrs. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Wilder, George, surveyor; P. O. Aurora.
 Wilder, Joel, farmer; P. O. Aurora.
 Wheeler, Mrs. S. H., P. O. Aurora.

- Washburn, H. C., engineer ; P. O. Aurora.
 White, F., P. O. Aurora.
 Woodward, Sarah, P. O. Aurora.
 Willey, Sardis, P. O. Aurora.
 Wilkie, Ellen M., P. O. Aurora.
 Wilder, Warren, P. O. Aurora.
 Williams, J. C., P. O. Aurora.
 White, M., P. O. Aurora.
 Wilcox, G. R., merchant ; P. O. Aurora.
 Wilcox, J. T., P. O. Aurora.
 Westover, Mrs. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Wendler, John, farmer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Weise, Lewis, butcher ; P. O. Aurora.
 Webster, D. P., P. O. Aurora.
 Westcott, Mary L., P. O. Aurora.
 Weise, Albert, P. O. Aurora.
 Wentworth, J. P., P. O. Aurora.
 Welden, John, P. O. Aurora.
 Ward, J. R., P. O. Aurora.
 Wagner, Mrs. F., P. O. Aurora.
 Wilder, Hannah, P. O. Aurora.
 Waterhouse, W. H., mason ; P. O. Aurora.
 Walker, E. M., salesman ; P. O. Aurora.
 Walrath, Mrs. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Waterhouse, L. M., P. O. Aurora.
 Williams, G. W., P. O. Aurora.
 Wilson, James, gardener ; P. O. Aurora.
 Wood, N. B., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Wilkie, J. L., mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Wilkie, C. A., mer.; P. O. Aurora.
 Wallace, A. F., P. O. Aurora.
 Webster, J. W., P. O. Aurora.
 Warren, W. W., engineer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Watkins, Daniel, engineer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Ware, Geo., P. O. Aurora.
 Woodward, T. D., P. O. Aurora.
 Welch, W., P. O. Aurora.
 Wolf, Sarah E., P. O. Aurora.
 Wright, Billings, mach.; P. O. Aurora.
 Williams, Adam, lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Worden, R., P. O. Plano.
 Walter, G. W., P. O. Aurora.
 Winandy, Wm., fireman ; P. O. Aurora.
 Whitmore, S. P., brakeman ; P. O. Aurora.
 Webber, F., P. O. Aurora.
 Whitfield, John, cloth finisher ; P. O. Aurora.
 Wekerlein, S., P. O. Aurora.
 Warner, Geo., P. O. Aurora.
 Woodman, Joseph, P. O. Aurora.
 Wagner, Catharine, P. O. Aurora.
 Wilson, O., dentist ; P. O. Aurora.
 Waterman, E. M., engineer ; P. O. Aurora.
 Wilbur, C. D., P. O. Aurora.
 Wheeler, Mrs. E. P., P. O. Aurora.
 Ware, Edwin, machinist ; P. O. Aurora.
 Welch, Sarah, P. O. Aurora.
 Winton, L. B., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Willing, W. C., P. O. Aurora.
 Walter, Leonard, 2d, P. O. Aurora.
 Wolf, Frank, bartender ; P. O. Aurora.
 Weminger, Fred., P. O. Aurora.
 Williams, N. O., P. O. Aurora.
 Welch, Nick., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Webber, H. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Weis, Peter, lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 White, John, conductor ; P. O. Aurora.
 Wood, Julia M., P. O. Aurora.
 White, M., attorney ; P. O. Aurora.
 Walker, W., blacksmith ; P. O. Aurora.
 Ward, Matt., P. O. Aurora.
 Ward, T. H., P. O. Aurora.
 Wade, Mary, P. O. Aurora.
 Wisbirke, Chris., P. O. Aurora.
 Wellin, W., P. O. Aurora.
 Winkler, J., P. O. Aurora.
 Wormley, Mrs. L. V., P. O. Aurora.
 White, Marcus, P. O. Aurora.
 White, T. F., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Wilson, J. H., cutter ; P. O. Aurora.
 Wilson, Dr. O., dentist ; P. O. Aurora.
 Wagner, Fred, lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Wescott, J. W., P. O. Aurora.
 Woodruff, Lyman, mason ; P. O. Aurora.
 Wentworth, A., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Wright, S. S., cabinet mkr.; P. O. Aurora.
 Weddell, Andrew, blksmith ; P. O. Aurora.
 Winegar, S. L., traveler ; P. O. Aurora.
 Weise, Louis, P. O. Aurora.
 Wing, Mrs. E., P. O. Aurora.
 Wilkie, J. L., merchant ; P. O. Aurora.
 Waite, C. B., attorney ; P. O. Aurora.
 Williams, G. F., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Wilder, Joel, far.; P. O. Aurora.
 Wilder, Mrs. Clark, P. O. Aurora.
 Waterman, D. B., Prest. C. R. & N. R. R.;
 P. O. Aurora.
 Wilkerson, H., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Ward, Mrs. P. Z., P. O. Aurora.
 Winslow, L. A., phys.; P. O. Aurora.
 Winchell, W. F., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Weber, Milton, P. O. Aurora.
 Weber, P. H., lab.; P. O. Aurora.
 Wilder, Geo., surveyor; P. O. Aurora.
 Wensman, H. P., P. O. Aurora.
 Weeks, L. F., hardware ; P. O. Aurora.
 Weeks, Chas., hardware ; P. O. Aurora.
 Winslow, D. C., druggist ; P. O. Aurora.
 West, W. P., P. O. Aurora.
 West, T. W., carp.; P. O. Aurora.
 Weston, L. W., P. O. Aurora.
 Williams, Elisha, farmer ; P. O. Aurora.

Weston, W. H., collector Gas Co.; P. O. Aurora.

Westover, Fred, bricklayer; P. O. Aurora.

Wingler, W., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Waddell, J. H., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Weise, N., laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Whatten, James, P. O. Aurora.

Weber, Geo., P. O. Aurora.

Welch, Mrs. A., P. O. Aurora.

Weidert, N., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Warm, John, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Wagner, Nick, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Weidert, N. B., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Wilcox, Mrs. R. R., P. O. Aurora.

Walker, James, foreman blacksmith dept.

C., B. & Q. R. R.; P. O. Aurora.

YAGER, M. D., machinist; P. O. Aurora.

Yager, M. H., artist; P. O. Aurora.

Yeldham, W. H., painter; P. O. Aurora.

Young, J. R., farmer; P. O. Aurora.

YOUNG, PELEG, P. O. Aurora; was born in Orange Co., Vt., in 1817, remaining there until he was 21 years old; emigrated West in company with Mr. Royal Case, who is now living in Minn. Mr. Young first settled in Wis., remaining there but a short time; he came to Rockford, Ill.; there three years, engaged in farming; then to Sugar Grove, Kane Co., in 1841; moved to Aurora and built the residence where he now lives in 1875; in 1851, Mr. Young went East, and married Miss Sophronia Boyce, of Vt., daughter of the late Adam Boyce, of N. H.; died in Blackberry, Kane Co., in 1874, at the age of 85 years; Mr. Young's father, Nathan Young, was born in Strafford, Vt., in 1791; was Orderly Sergeant in the war of 1812; also, was a member of the State Legislature from Strafford; he died in Kaneville, June, 1869.

Young, Mrs. E. B., P. O. Aurora.

Young, H. C., engineer; P. O. Aurora.

Young, Albert, laborer; P. O. Aurora.

Yeedham, W. H., painter; P. O. Aurora.

Young, Wm., carpenter; P. O. Aurora.

Young, Wilhelmina, P. O. Aurora.

Young, Eliza, P. O. Aurora.

ZENNER, PAUL, P. O. Aurora.

Ziegler, Michael, foundry; P. O. Aurora.

Zack, Michael, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

Zengerlie, Nick, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

ZIEGLER, J. MICHAEL, brass foundry and lock manufactory; P. O. Aurora; was born in Germany in 1829; emigrated to America and landed in New York in 1854; thence to Newark, N. J., where he was engaged in a tool manufactory for eight months; thence to Aurora, where he commenced the blacksmith trade, and remained at this business for four years; thence took charge of the lock department of the C., B. & Q. R. R. shops, where he remained sixteen years. When Mr. Ziegler first came to Aurora, he was worth nothing; had to borrow money to pay his passage to Aurora; with hard labor he saved enough money to commence business on his own account; he is now engaged in manufacturing car locks for the C., B. & Q. R. R., having turned out over five thousand locks for that compnny; he is the patentee of the "car seat lock," which is used on a great many railroads throughout the United States; he has manufactured over eighty thousand of these locks; has employed at his shops six hands, where he is prepared to do all kinds of casting.

Zinmer, John, tinner; P. O. Aurora.

Zinmer, Chris., blacksmith; P. O. Aurora.

Zenner, Stephen, farmer; P. O. Aurora.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

AURORA.

Aurora Carriage Shop (Hale & Carpenter, Proprietors), Manufacturers of Carriages of all kinds. All Work warranted to give satisfaction and of the latest styles. Cor. Benton and Water sts.

Anning, Chas., Proprietor of Little Store around the Corner, Dealer in Dry Goods of superior quality. He owns the store he occupies and leads the market in style, quality and price.

Allen & Corsair, Manufacturers of and Dealers in Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Scroll Sawing, Balusters, Newels, etc., etc., No. 4 North La Salle st., adjoining passenger depot. E. C. Allen, David Corsair.

Brown & Southworth, Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Chancery, Room No. 1, Coulter Block. S. W. Brown, M. O. Southworth.

Cushing, M. A., M. D., Oculist and Aurist. Chronic Diseases a specialty (especially those of the Eye and Ear), Coulter Block, Room 8.

Crary, Austin B., Banker.

Denney Bros., Furniture Dealers and Undertakers, 29 Broadway.

Durran, John H., Watchmaker and Jeweler, River street.

Dickes, Jacob, & Bro., Dealers in all kinds of Hard and Soft Coal and Wood. Office, corner La Salle and Spring streets.

Downey, Cornelius, Grocer and Coal Merchant, South River street.

Douglas, C. T., Contractor and Builder. House Building, Stairs, Hand Railing and Jobbing of all kinds done to order on short notice. Shop, corner Broadway and Clark street.

Frazier, Walter S., Breeder of Blooded Horses. Mr. Frazier was the owner of Brother Jonathan, and has one of the finest private stables in the West.

Freese, Daniel, Sample Room, 19 North Broadway.

Green, G. W., Manufacturer of Bottled Soda Water, Seltzer Water and Syrups, Champagne Cider and Belfast Ginger Ale, No. 53 Broadway.

Griswold & Gillett, Proprietors of Aurora Drain Tile and Brick Works, and manufacture Drain Tile of all the various sizes. Well burned and warranted for durability. Works at S. E. corner of City, on Plainfield Road. P. O. Box, 509.

Grass, George, Proprietor of Grass House, corner River and Walnut sts.

Goldsmith, N., Palace Double Store, 8 and 10 Broadway. The leading One Price Clothier, Hatter and Gents' Furnisher. I have but one price, and every article is marked in plain figures. Fine Custom Work a Specialty. A Large Assortment of the Finest Imported and Domestic Cloths always in stock.

Hawley & Otis, successors to John S. Hawley, Dealers in Dry Goods, Hosiery and Notions, 25 Main street. F. S. Hawley, L. F. Otis.

Hobbs, N. R., Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of Upholstered Goods, Furniture and Undertaking, No. 36 River street.

James, F. W., Photographer, corner Downer Place and River.

Judd & Hatch, Dealers in Agricultural Implements, Grain and Seeds, foot of Downer Place. A. J. Judd and A. P. Hatch.

Loser & Egerman, Family Grocers and Dealers in Groceries, Provisions, Wines and Cigars, Flour and Feed, 33 River street.

Lake & Brown, Dealers in Boots, Shoes and Rubber Goods, 50 South River street.

Lies, Michael, Notary Public, Conveyancer and Insurance Agt., Foreign Exchange and Passage.

Marx, Peter, Dealer in Groceries and Provisions, Crockery, Glassware, Flour and Feed, etc., 44 North Broadway.

Mix & Plum, Dealers in Lackawanna and all other kinds of Coal. Yard near the West Depot.

Miller & Sencenbaugh, Dealers in Dry Goods. No. 24 So. Broadway.

Meredith & Morgan, Clothiers, River street.

Odell, Abraham, Manufacturer of the celebrated Odell Wines.

Olsaver, T. J., Landscape and Ornamental Painter.

Pfrangle, Chas. J., House, Sign and Carriage Painter. Advertising Signs at lowest prices.

Phillips Bros. & Co., Dealers in Staple and Fancy Groceries, Crockery, Willow and Stone Ware, Flour, Feed, Fish, Salt, etc., corner River street and Downer place.

Pond, Dr. F. L., Aurora Cancer Hospital. Cures Cancers without the use of the Knife or loss of Blood. Is the largest and most complete institution of the kind in the country.

Richardson, Perkins, Contractor and Builder.

Randall, Chas. D. (successor to Randall & Stevens), Shipper of all grades of Moulding Sand and Loam. All orders promptly filled. Banks, at Batavia, and North Aurora, Ill.

Robinson, F. H., Surgeon Dentist. Every style of work performed and satisfaction guaranteed. The only place where Gas is administered Free of Charge for extracting Teeth without pain. Competent Lady Assistant always in attendance. Office hours: from 7:30 to 12 A. M and 1:15 to 6 P. M. Over Phillips Bros.

Rising & Simmons, Manufacturers of and Dealers in Boots and Shoes, 35 River street.

Race, A. L. & Co., Dealers in Dry Goods, River street.

Roach, J. C. & Son, Proprietors of Park House Livery, Sale and Boarding Stables.

Stoddard & Ryan, Manufacturers of and Dealers in Plain, Stamped and Japanned Tin Ware, Silver Plated Ware, Glass Ware and Wire Goods, 145 South River street.

Schaub, Fred., Ice Dealer, Agent for Phil. Best Brewing Co., Milwaukee, Wis., cor. Pinney and River streets.

Stickle & Fritz, Marble and Granite Works, Original Designs a Specialty. Office and Warerooms south of Fitch House. Business established in 1856.

Spaulding, A., Electropathic Physician. Agent for Dr. Kidder's Celebrated Electric Machine, Appliances, etc., 128 South Broadway.

Slaker Bros., Dealers in Fine Groceries, Teas, Coffees and Spices, Yellow, Rockingham, Wood and Willow Ware. Fine Goods a specialty. 37 River st.

Standen, George H., Lessee of the North Aurora Mills, Manufacturer of Flour and Feed.

Thorwarth, J. F., Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries and Provisions, 27 N. Broadway.

Thorwarth & Fulton, Dealer in Hardware, Glassware and Crockery, Agricultural Implements, Pumps, Nails, Door Trimmings, Edge Tools, Saws and Shelf Hardware, 9 N. Broadway.

Tyler, Warren (Successor to Brady & Tyler), Insurance, Loan and Real Estate Agent (No. 2 Empire Block), No. 11 Main street.

Tabor, Mervin, Special Agent for the Mutual Life Insurance Co.

Taylor, S. B., Photographer, 43 River street.

Titus & Marshall, Dealers in Coffee, Teas and Fine Family Groceries, 54 South River street. Highest market price paid for Country Produce.

Trask, E. W., Jeweler, Broadway and Fox streets.

Van Vleet, A., Livery and Omnibus Stables, Nos. 5, 7 and 9 N. La Salle street. The most elegant Carriages, Buggies, Funeral Equipages and best Horses in the city. Omnibus and Baggage Wagon at every train; and Passengers and Baggage called for in any part of the city. Checks given for baggage at residences or depot.

Ward, J. D., Stone Mason and Bricklayer.

White & Todd, Lumber Dealers, cor. Lake street and Downer place. Fred O. White, L. M. Todd.

Ziegler, Michael, Lock, Gun, Machine Shop and Brass Foundry. General Casting and Stove Repairing promptly done, cor. Fox and Water streets.

GENEVA.

Archer, Charles, Editor and Proprietor of "*Kane County Republican*."

Burton, W. J., Proprietor of Geneva Flour Mills. Mill turns out 100 bbls. of Flour per day.

Bennett Bros. & Coe, Millers and Flour Merchants.

Curtis, S. W., Coal, Lumber and Grain Merchant.

Eddowes, J. K., Druggist.

Gully, Dr. John B., Physician. Is a graduate of the first Hydropathic as also the Hygienic Therapeutic College of New York.

Howell & Turner, Foundry; Manufacturers of "Geneva Hand Fluters," Pumps and Wind Mill Castings, etc., etc.

McWayne, Andrew, Livery and Feed Stable.

Mayborne, J. H., Attorney and Counselor at Law.

Ormsbee & Hoyt, Prescription, Drug and Book Store, Hotel Block.

Webster, W. H., Proprietor of Union Hotel. \$2.00 per day.

Ward, P. F., & Bro., Abstract of Titles.

Webster, Frank, Proprietor of Domestic Livery and Feed Stables.

LODI.

Adams, H., Carpenter and Builder.

Brown, R. S., & Co., Dealers in Lumber and Hardware.

Beverly, Melvin, Carpenter and Builder.

Clyne, John, Dealer in General Merchandise.

Gale, John, Dealer in Agricultural Implements. Agt. for the Gilpin Sulky Plow, etc.

Kennedy, W. H. H., Attorney at Law.

Keefe, Cullen, Dealer in Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, Coal, etc.

Lathrop & Snow, Dealers in General Merchandise.

McNair, Robert, M. D., Physician and Surgeon.

Ormsby, M. M., Carpenter and Builder.

Smiley & Brown, Druggists and Apothecaries; Stationery, Books and Druggists' Sundries.

Shoop & Hoyt, Dealers in General Merchandise.

Thompson, J. W., M. D., Physician and Surgeon.

BATAVIA.

Anderson, A. R., Merchant Tailor, cor. Wilson and River streets, East Batavia, keeps constantly on hand the largest assortment of Cloths, of the latest styles; also Ready-made Men's and Boys' Clothing and Furnishing Goods, which he will sell at lowest prices.

Batavia Manufacturing Co., Manufacturers of Wind Mills, Tire Shrinkers and Clamps. Established Sept. 1st, 1877.

Bucher, C. A., M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Residence North of East Side School Office; Island Drug Store.

Cooley, O. E., Agent for the American Central Fire Insurance Co., St. Louis; Springfield, Mass., Fire and Marine Insurance Co., and the Phenix of Brooklyn; also Agent for the Howe Sewing Machine. Office in Fowler's Store.

Cooper, C. N., Physician and Surgeon.

Corning & Earl, Dealers in Groceries, Boots and Shoes.

Earl, J. S., Money to Loan on Farm Lands, for a term of years, at low rates.

Fowler, Geo. W., Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes. Batavia, Ill.

Grimes, Alex., Collector and Money Loaner.

Mair, James, Custom-made Boots and Shoes. Keeps a general assortment of Eastern made work of the best quality; Wilson street.

Partridge & George, General Insurance Brokerage and Real Estate Agency; Loans negotiated on the most favorable terms. Office on Island.

Partridge, Geo. C., Proprietor for Kane County of Elastic Soap Stone Roof.

Sperry, D. R., & Son, Foundry.

Van Nortwick, J. S., Dealer in Fine Stock.

Way, Silas, Aparian, and Dealer in Honey and Aparian Supplies.

Wood, Theo., Dealer in Grain and Coal.

Young, N. S., Real Estate and Loans.

BURLINGTON.

Christiansen, C. E. J., M. D., Physician and Surgeon.

Mann, F., & Co., Manufacturers of Butter and Cheese.

Mieth, August, Blacksmith.

Mann, Hapgood & Co., Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes and General Merchandise.

HAMPSHIRE.

Brown & Carlisle, Dealers in Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Posts, Doors, Sash, Blinds, Pumps and Farm Machinery.

Coon, W. S., Plasterer and Mason.

Howe, Chester E., Proprietor and Editor *Hampshire Gazette*.

Rowell, S. C., Dealer in Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, Hardware, Medicines; Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

Parks, Chas. H., Proprietor Parks' Hotel.

DUNDEE.

Buck, A. J., Agent for the celebrated Atlantic Mills.

Betge, Charles, Sole Agent in Dundee Township for the Inman and National Steamship Lines.

Barrows, M. S., & Co., Dealers in General Hardware; full line of Cook Stoves, Tinware, Plows, Cultivators, etc.; also make best Milk Cans in the market, and manufacture Tin Roofing, Spouting and Guttering; all done at bottom prices. Also keep on hand full line of Paints, Oils, Paint Brushes, etc.

Binnie & Roche, Dealers in all kinds of Hard and Soft Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Posts, Doors, Sash, Blinds, Coal, Lime, Hair, Salt, Feed, Seeds, etc., etc. Office near depot.

Cleveland, E. F., Physician and Surgeon; dealer in Pure Drugs and Medicines and Surgeons' Materials; Prescriptions Carefully and Correctly Compounded.

Chambers, W. Lee, Business Manager Dundee *Record*.

Clute, W. S., Manufacturer of Boots and Shoes, and Dealer in Leather and Findings.

Crabtree, L. A., Physician and Surgeon.

Dundee Record, E. F. Cleveland, Editor and Proprietor.

Hodgess, Borden & Co., Dealers in all kinds of Hard and Soft Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Doors, Sash, Blinds, Coal, Lime, Hair, Salt, Feed, Seeds, etc. Office near depot, East Side.

Hill, W. P., Proprietor of the Commercial Hotel.

Hunt, H. E., Dealer in Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, etc., Hunt's Block.

Haverkamp, F. H., Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps; also Live Geese Feathers.

Haverkamp, H. F., Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of Furniture; also all kinds and sizes of Coffins and Caskets. Store Room, East Dundee, near depot.

Illinois Iron and Bolt Co., Manufacturers of the celebrated Vulcan Anvils.

Kelley, Thomas B., Stone Mason, Plasterer, Builder, Raiser, etc.

Kibby, A. C., Carpenter and Joiner.

Morton, Chas., Wagon Maker; also Horseshoeing and Jobbing. Near depot.

Mason, J. P., Proprietor of Walnut Grove Creamery.

Morton House, West of Depot; the Proprietor and Hostess will spare no pains to make the hotel the most desirable and commodious for business men upon the road; Sample Rooms will be furnished to traveling salesmen.

Nolte, Charles, Proprietor of Spring Mills.

Nolte, A., East Main street, Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Gaiters, Rubbers and Slippers; Repairing done neatly and cheaply; all work warranted.

Oatman, J., & Sons, Dealers in Drugs, Medicines and Chemicals, and Proprietors of Oak Lawn Creamery and Dealers in Holstein Cattle, also Poland, China and Berkshire Hogs.

Richards, Henry, Boot and Shoe Manufacturer.

Torrence, Hiram G., Dealer in Groceries, Crockery and Notions.

Taylor, Geo. F., Cabinet Maker, Furniture Dealer and Undertaker.

Voorhees, John, Manufacturer of and Dealer in Harness, Saddles, Collars, Bridles, Whips, Halters, Combs, Brushes, etc.; Repairing done neatly and cheaply; all Work Warranted.

Wardle, James, Proprietor Dundee House; Good Stables; Charges are reasonable.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DeLancy, J. H., Dealer and Breeder of Norman Horses and Berkshire Hogs, N. W. Corner of St. Charles Township.

Duff, Jas. W., Carpenter and Builder, Dundee Township.

Duff, John W., Stock Dealer and Buyer; Makes a Speciality of dealing in Milch Cows, Dundee Township.

Dunham, Mark W., is the largest Importer of the Percheron-Norman Horse in the United States. Those wishing to purchase a fine Norman will find a large number to select from; Du Page Co., Ill.

Fortune, Chas. C., Cheese Manufacturer; Manages Factory of J. P. Mason, Dundee Township.

Hyland, Patrick, Blacksmith, Carpentersville.

Jones, Daniel W., Blacksmith, Horseshoeing and Repairing, Blunt.

Johnson, D. D., Proprietor of Creamery and Manufacturer of Butter and Cheese, at lowest price, Blackberry Township.

Jackson, E. V., Cheese Factory and Flour and Feed Mill, Sec. 5 Virgil Township.

Kelly, John, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Drugs, Oils, Boots, Shoes, Notions, Stationery and General Merchandise. Highest Price Paid for Country Produce, Gilbert's Station.

Kershaw, A., Breeder of the finest stock of Short Horns, for Milk and Beef. Having cultivated the milk-producing strains, as his own Cows will show, those wishing to improve their stock are invited to call and examine, Wayne, Du Page Co., Ill.

Marvin, Robert J., Contractor and Builder, Grouse.

Osborn, Geo. L., Dealer and Broker in all kinds of Live Stock, Kaneville Township.

Pingree, Dr. D., Thankful for all favors, respectfully asks his patrons to settle all demands he holds against them. Residence and Office: N. E. Plato.

Rhodes Bros., Dealers in General Merchandise, Big Rock Township.

Sugar Grove Normal and Industrial School, Sugar Grove Township, Frank H. Hall, Principal. Courses of Study: The Industrial Course embraces all those studies usually taught in High Schools, except Latin, French and German. Among other branches that receive attention are Chemistry of the Farm and Farm Products, Farm Bookkeeping, The Management of Milk in Butter-making, Animal Husbandry, and Practical Entomology.

Wright, S. N., Dealer and Breeder of pure Holstein Cattle and Chester White Hogs, St. Charles Township.

Wanzer & Etinger, Cheese Manufacturers, Dundee Township.

KANEVILLE.

Cary, B. & A., Proprietors of Kaneville House, Stage Line and carriers of the United States daily Mail between Kaneville and Blackberry Station.

Hardy, H. T., M. D., Physician and Surgeon.

Perry, Frank, Dealer in Dry Goods and Groceries, Boots and Shoes, and Hardware.

Ravlin, John E., Proprietor of Meat Market.

Samuels & Needham, Blacksmiths and Machinists. Horse-shoeing and Job Work done expeditiously, and all kinds of machinery repaired in the best possible style.

Scott, J. H., Dealer in General Merchandise.

BLACKBERRY STATION.

Cobb, A. C., Spring Creek Creamery, Blackberry Township; Manufactures best qualities of Cheese and Butter at lowest rates. The patronage of the public is solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

Clark, Thomas, Miller, and Proprietor of Planing-Mill.

Gray & Warne, General Merchandise.

Hunter, W. R. S., Attorney, Real Estate and Insurance.

McNair & Lewis, Drugs, Groceries, Crockery, etc.

Read, L. R., Banking and Real Estate.

Willis, Swain & White, Dealers in Stock, Grain, Hay, Coal and Agricultural Implements.

ST. CHARLES.

Adams & Piersons, Grocery and Provision Store. Buys and sells all kinds of Produce; pays the highest price in cash and sells for the same. Store on East Side.

Crawford, H. M., M. D., practices in this and adjoining counties as Counsel and in Surgical Operations.

Conklin, W. G., Miller and Grain Dealer.

Colton, Moses W., Dealer in and Breeder of Ayrshire Cattle, two miles west of St. Charles.

Coleman, Sumner, Dealer in the finest Vermont Merino Sheep, and Berkshire and Chester White Hogs. Farm near South Elgin.

Gallagher, T. J., Manufacturer and Dealer in the only File adapted to all kinds of Hard and Soft Metals, such as Lead, Hard and Soft Steel, etc. These files are of his own invention, and when once used take the place of all others.

Huls, Hugh, Dealer in Grain, Feed, Coal, etc.

Haines, Robt. J., Merchant Miller.

Hunt, B. T., Hardware Merchant.

Klink, Louis, Manufacturer of all kinds of Wagons, Buggies and Carriages. Call and see him.

Mattison, Wm. M., Dealer and Shipper of Pork, Veal and Poultry. Highest price paid for the same.

Minard, Chas. I., Lumber Dealer.

Nichols, A. J., General Auctioneer.

Phillips, E. P., Dealer in Farm Machinery, Hard and Soft Coal, and Iron and Wood Pumps.

Rockwell, H. T., Farmer and Insurance Agent. Represents several of the leading Fire Insurance Companies.

Ryan, T. E., Attorney at Law.

Switzer, Martin, Manufacturer of Butter and Cheese, at his Factory.

Wheeler, H. N., Editor and Publisher of the St. Charles *Leader*.

Wilcox, Sam'l L., Real Estate Dealer.

UDINA.

Bean, Charles F., General Stock of Merchandise, consisting chiefly of Groceries, Crockery, Notions, Boots and Shoes.

Grow, Freeman, Blacksmithing and all kinds of Repairing promptly attended to. Repairing Plows a Specialty.

SOUTH ELCIN.

Becker, D. C., Practical Miller and Millwright. Orders solicited for all kinds of Mill Machinery. Plans furnished for improved methods of Bolting and best dress for Millstones.

Hoag, Charles, Dealer in Groceries, Notions, Boots and Shoes, Crockery, Hats and Caps, and all other Merchandise usually kept in a general stock.

Mitchell, Henry J., Manufacturer of Cheese Boxes.

Panton, V. W., Proprietor of Panton's Mills, and Manufacturer of Cheese Boxes and Butter Tubs, Clintonville.

Ulsaver, Stephen, Dealer in Stone and Lime.

Works, George, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Notions, etc.

Wright, Charles, Wagon Maker and Blacksmith.

ELCIN.

Adler, L., Dealer in Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing, Hats, Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Trunks and Valises. Also Imported and Domestic Cigars, Tobaccos and Smokers' Articles, No. 2 Town's Block, Fountain Square.

Barclay, D. F. (successor to Mallery & Co.), Hardware Dealer and Manufacturer of Cheese Vats, Steam Boilers, Engines and Dairy Supplies.

Baldwin, L. A., & Co., Dealers in Merchant's Gargling Oil and Merchant's Worm Tablets, Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Fancy and Toilet Articles, Soaps, Brushes, Sponges, Perfumery, etc., etc. Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded, and orders answered with care and despatch. Farmers and physicians from the country will find our stock of medicines complete, warranted genuine, and of the best quality. L. A. Baldwin, A. B. Fish.

Becker, J. H., Justice of the Peace. Special Attention given to Collecting and Conveyancing. Money Loaned. Marriage Licenses Issued. Office, Room 4 Bosworth Block. P. O. Drawer No. 30.

Bosworth Bros. & Peck, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Notions, Carpetings, Oil Cloths, Live Geese Feathers, Furs, etc. Everything usually found in a first-class Dry Goods and Carpet Store. Bosworth Block, Fountain Square.

Botsford & Barry, Attorneys at Law, Town's Block.

Bosworth, F. S., General Stock of Hardware, Stoves and Tinware; Manufacturer of and Dealer in Dairy Apparatus, Comprising, in part, Factory Vats, Steam Boilers, Engines, Churns, Milk Cans, Weighing Cans, Press Screws, Curd Knives, Testing Instruments, etc. Complete Factory Outfits a Specialty, and very Favorable Terms Made. Store at No. 11 Chicago Street.

Borrman, Theo. F., Florist; Proprietor of Riverside Green-House, Grove avenue; House and Bedding Plants, Bouquets, Wreaths, Crosses, and all kinds of Decorations furnished at short notice. Finest Stock of Winter Flowering Plants.

Burlingame, D. E., M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office and Residence, cor. Du Page and Center streets.

Chapman, S. & S. W., Proprietors Elgin City Mills, and Dealers in Grain, Flour and Mill Stuffs.

Chisholm, O. P., Attorney at Law. Rooms 1 and 2 Martin Block.

Cheap Charley (C. Bachrach), Fashionable Clothier and Dealer in Gents' Furnishing Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Traveling Bags and Valises; also Clothes made to Order. No. 15 Douglas avenue.

Christie, W. J., Dealer in Staple and Fancy Groceries, Provisions, Flour, Crockery, etc., No. 64 Chicago st.

Clifford, Eugene, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery and Notary Public. Office in Bosworth's Block, Fountain Square.

Christie, Will J., Publisher and Proprietor of the *Daily Bluff City*, of Elgin; a paper devoted to local and general news. This was the first daily newspaper published in Kane County. Has a circulation of about 850, and constantly increasing. All kinds of Job Work promptly and neatly done at this office, on reasonable terms.

Clark, Dr. A. L., Physician and Surgeon. Office at residence, corner Spring and Division streets.

Cox & Knott, Dealers in Staple and Fancy Groceries, Crockery and Glassware. Fine Teas a Specialty. Terms Cash. River street.

Deane, C. P., Groceries, corner of River and Prairie streets.

Denison, H. H., Dealer in Books, Stationery and Fancy Goods, Home Bank Corner.

Eaton, L. S., Dealer in Lumber, Lath, Shingles and Posts. Terms, Cash. Office and yard, near corner of Main and Bridge streets, West Side.

Elgin Board of Trade meets every Tuesday, at 12 M., and closes at 4 P. M. Bulletin Board Announcements show the prices of many of the leading markets, both in this country and Europe.

Elgin City Banking Company. Officers: J. A. Carpenter, President; Lyman Black, Vice President; S. S. Mann, Cashier; M. C. Town, Manager.

Elgin Printing Co., Editors and Publishers of *The Daily News*. Established June 17, 1876. *Daily Herald* consolidated with *News* Oct. 30, 1877, making the most widely circulated paper and best Advertising Medium in the city. The best appointed Job Office in Elgin. Over 1,000 Cartoon and Business Cuts. Jewelers' Printing a Specialty.

Fay, Elbridge E., Stock Dealer and Shipper. Has made this business a specialty for the last fifteen years, always paying the highest market price for all kinds of Live Stock.

First National Bank of Elgin. Capital, \$100,000; Surplus, \$20,000. I. C. Bosworth, President; A. C. Fuller, Vice President; M. C. Town, Cashier; A. C. Hawkins, Assistant Cashier.

Fehrman, Fred., Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, No. 17 Douglas avenue.

Gould, C. W., Manufacturer of Home Creamery Butter, and Wholesale Dealer in Butter and Cheese. Orders Solicited.

Gieske, John H., Owner and Proprietor of the American House, No. 24 South River street. Transient Guests will find First-Class Accommodations, and at Gieske's Restaurant, connected with the House, Refreshments at all hours. Oysters in every style, on short notice.

Grote & Ettner, General Stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, 19 Douglas avenue.

Harvey, Geo. P., Fire, Life and Accident Insurance Agent. Represents the following reliable Fire Companies: Aetna, of Hartford; Springfield F. and M., of Springfield, Mass.; Rhode Island Insurance Association, of Providence, R. I., and Manhattan, of N. Y.

Hawthorne, Geo. E., & Bro., Dealers in General Hardware, Tinware, Milk Cans and Dairy Goods; also a full line of Builders' Hardware constantly on hand. Farming Tools, Clinton Wire Cloth, Stoves, etc., at less than Chicago prices. Examine our stock and prices. We are also Agents for the celebrated Glidden Patent Barbed Wire. Dubois Block.

Hoagland, W. K., Dealer in Books and Stationery, Gold Pens, Pictures, Frames, Toys and Albums, Perfumery, Fancy Goods, Brackets, Photographs, etc. No. 4 Town's Block, Fountain Square.

Hunter, W. J., & Co., Dealers in Coal, Wood and Brick. Office, Dexter avenue.

Illinois Condensing Company, H. L. Borden, Superintendent.

Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane at Elgin; E. A. Kilbourne, M. D., Superintendent. Before taking a patient to the Hospital, parties should see that all the formalities of the law have been complied with, without which even the Certificate of Admission may be unavailing. 1. A copy of the jury verdict must be known to be at the Hospital, or must accompany the patient. 2. Patients must always be sent by Sheriff's warrant. The friends of patients should always bear the warrant when they desire so to do. The verdict and warrant should both bear the county seal. 4. In all cases (paupers, so declared in the verdict, excepted), the bond required in the law shall be presented with the other papers. It shall, besides the principal, have two sureties, and shall bear the certificate of the County Clerk or a Notary Public, under seal, to the effect that either of the sureties is responsible for all the conditions of the bond. No female patient should ever be sent to the Hospital, except when attended by her husband or nearest relative, unless accompanied by one of her own sex.

Jackman & Blackmer, Founders and Machinists; Manufacturers of Engines, Horse Powers, Corn Shellers, Wood Lathes, etc. All kinds machinery Repaired on short notice. Small Castings a Specialty. Shops and Foundry on River street, second door north of Woolen Factory Block.

Jencks, D. R., & Co., General Fire, Life and Accident Insurance, Real Estate and Loan Agency, over Home Bank. Oldest agency in the city. \$20,000,000 solid assets to back us. Fair settlements; prompt payments. Agents Cunard Steamers. Fire, Life, Accident, Marine.

Johnson, Duncan, Proprietor of the following Butter and Cheese Factories: Plato Center Factory, White Clover Brand of Butter; Gray Willow Factory, Cold Spring Brand of Butter; Johnson Factory, in Burlington Township, White Clover Brand of Butter. The product of the above factories is over 1,000,000 lbs. of cheese and 160,000 lbs. of butter.

Keogh, Edward, Editor and Proprietor of the *Elgin Times*, at present the leading Democratic and Greenback paper in Kane County. All kinds of Job Work promptly and neatly executed at this office.

Kelly & Hart, Central Drug Store, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Drugs, Paints, Oils, Glass, Wall Paper, etc. Prescriptions carefully compounded.

King, H. & W. D., Successors to Geo. B. Adams, Jewelers. Largest Stock of Fine Goods in the City. No. 38 Chicago street.

Kimball & Nisch, the Oldest Hardware Store in Elgin, Dealers in Hardware and Manufacturers' Supplies. Milk Cans and other Dairy Goods a Specialty. Jobbing of every kind well and quickly done. Corner Main and Bridge streets, West Elgin.

Loucks, T. C., & Co., Dealers in Lumber, Lath and Shingles, Posts and Pickets. Office and Yard at C. & P. Depot.

Lund Brothers, Manufacturers of and Wholesale Dealers in Pure Candies, Ice Cream and Soda Water. Also choice Confectionery, Fruits, Nuts, Cigars, etc., No. 46 Chicago st. Oyster Stews and Fresh Oysters by the Can, in their season.

Mann & Sherwin, Wholesale Dealers in Butter and Cheese, Salt, Factory and Dairy Supplies. Cheese a Specialty. Hoagland's Block. Reference—First National Bank.

Marshall, Geo. F., Carpenter and Builder. Farm Buildings and Cheese Factories a Specialty. Residence, Sec. 27.

Muntz, Henry, Saddler and Harness Maker. A fine stock of Trunks, Harness, Collars, Whips, Curry Combs, Blankets, Sheets, Fly Nets, Chamois, Sponges, etc., always on hand. Fine Harness a Specialty. Repairing of all kinds promptly attended to. Cor. of Brook and Division sts.

Newman & Thompson, Proprietors of Spring Brook Creamery, located six miles southwest of Elgin. The product of this institution is about 350,000 lbs. of Cheese and 50,000 lbs. of Butter per annum, and always brings the highest market price.

Newman, John, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and Groceries. The Old Reliable Tea, Coffee and Spice House. Fine Cheese and Creamery Butter, Specialties. Proprietor of Spring Brook Creamery.

Price, A. E., Sculptor. Manufacturer and Dealer in Marble, Granite and Building Stone. Importer of Scotch Granite direct from Aberdeen. 23 River street, Fountain Square.

Ranstead, John W., Attorney at Law.

Rippberger, Charles, Dealer in Groceries, Flour, Crockery, Glassware, Boots and Shoes.

Rue, Ezra, Attorney at Law and Notary Public, Room No. 6 Town's Block.

Saunders, William, Restaurant and Sample Room, No. 14 Chicago street.

Schlager & Flinn, Dealers in Groceries, Provisions, Boots and Shoes, Main street.

Schults & Todson, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Carpets and Oil Cloths.

Sherman & Gerlach, Photographers, No. 30 Chicago st. Children's Pictures a Specialty.

Smailes, William, Jr., with Smailes & Son, Merchant Tailors, No. 13 Fountain Square.

Stone, R. R., Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer in Factory Butter and Cheese; Creamery Butter a specialty.

Stowe, L. S., Dental Rooms, Office over Hemmens & Jones, No. 36 Chicago street. Dr. O. S. Adams, operator.

Stone & Gibbons, Wholesale Dealers in Factory Butter and Cheese; Manufacturers of Butter Tubs, Pails and Cheese Boxes, and Wholesale Dealers in Cheese Box and Butter Tub Stock.

Taylor, S. L., Printer and Publisher; Proprietor *Elgin Advocate*. General Book and Job Printing and Binding; 14, 16 and 18 River street.

Todd, William G., Manufacturer of Barometers, and Publisher of Weather Calendar.

Warren, Fred. W., Proprietor of the Riverside Billiard Hall, and Dealer in Imported and Domestic Cigars and Tobacco, first door east of the bridge, Chicago street.

Weld, R. & S. E., Dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Wall Paper and Hangings, Fine Soaps, Perfumery and Dye Stuffs, corner Chicago street and Fountain Square.

Weightman & Plant, Dealers in Groceries, Provisions, Crockery, etc. We will make it an object for those paying cash to give us a call. No. 53 Chicago street.

Weld, N. A., Physician and Surgeon. Special attention paid to diseases of Females and Children, and Chronic Diseases generally. Residence, No. 5 College street, in the second block south of the Academy. Private office over R. & S. E. Weld's drug store.

Willis, Henry B., Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery and Notary Public. Office with Judge Ranstead, Lynch's Block, West Side.

Wing, W. H., Attorney at Law. Money to Loan, and Collections promptly attended to. Office, over First National Bank.

Wilcox, William H., Attorney and Counselor at Law. Office, Rooms 5 and 6, Town's Block.

A TABULAR STATEMENT SHOWING THE TOTALS OF THE FOOTINGS
OF REAL ESTATE, TOWN LOTS AND PERSONAL
OF ILLINOIS, AND THE GRAND TOTALS OF

TOWNS.	IMPROVED LANDS.			UNIMPROVED LANDS.			RAILROAD LANDS.			TOTAL LANDS.		
	Acres.	Value.	Av. Val.	Acres.	Value.	Av. Val.	Acres.	Value.	Av. Val.	Acres.	Value.	Av. Val.
Aurora	17996 81	\$600480	\$33 36	716 85	\$ 20535	\$28 50	52 72	\$1960	\$37 00	18766 38	\$622975	\$33 19
Batavia	10454 91	209413	29 59	388 72	8797	22 62	3 02	126	42 00	10846 65	318336	29 34
Big Rock	20616 00	616777	29 92	1638 88	41423	25 27	.....	.....	.....	22244 88	658200	29 59
Blackberry ..	21251 19	502725	23 66	704 92	10080	14 29	.....	.....	.....	21956 11	502805	23 36
Burlington ..	16371 07	177854	10 86	5109 12	51397	10 00	.....	.....	.....	21480 19	229251	10 68
Campton	22269 11	448570	20 14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	22269 11	448570	20 14
Dundee	22566 71	593609	26 30	40 00	600	15 00	.....	.....	.....	22606 71	594209	26 28
Elgin	18510 57	628385	33 95	69 21	5718	82 87	842	175	21 87	18588 20	634278	34 12
Geneva	9479 74	307434	32 43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9479 74	307434	32 43
Hampshire ..	22672 73	452676	19 96	243 00	5042	20 74	.....	.....	.....	22915 73	457718	19 97
Kaneville ...	21780 14	476756	21 89	641 26	9711	15 15	.....	.....	.....	22421 40	486467	21 69
Plato	20548 84	387310	18 84	672 49	12070	17 96	.....	.....	.....	21221 33	399380	18 82
Rutland	19229 98	290334	15 10	3665 25	30698	8 37	12 35	86	7 12	22907 58	321118	14 02
St. Charles ..	21467 51	579514	27 00	122 74	2118	17 22	40 25	552	13 80	21630 50	582184	26 93
Sugar Grove ..	21640 06	491520	22 71	666 06	9650	14 49	.....	.....	.....	22306 12	501170	22 47
Virgil	22173 18	324185	14 62	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	22173 17	324185	14 62
County	309028 55	7187542	23 26	14678 50	207839	14 16	116 76	2899	24 78	323823 81	7398280	22 84

TOWNS.	HORSES.			NEAT CATTLE.			MULES AND ASSES.			SHEEP.		
	No.	Value.	Av. Val.	No.	Value.	Av. Val.	No.	Value.	Av. Val.	No.	Value.	Av. Val.
Aurora	1105	\$44470	\$40 24	2045	\$29260	\$14 30	35	\$1500	\$42 85	579	\$ 928	\$1 60
Batavia	572	15700	27 45	1445	18050	12 49	10	335	33 50	1174	2051	1 74
Big Rock	610	18061	29 61	2582	28989	11 23	25	1140	45 60	217	242	1 21
Blackberry ..	568	20710	36 46	2402	31117	12 95	23	890	38 69	2045	4061	1 98
Burlington ..	472	19369	41 03	2196	29189	13 29	.....	.....	.....	415	684	1 65
Campton	607	22703	37 40	2707	45971	16 98	2	100	50 00	560	1032	1 84
Dundee	601	23955	39 86	4130	55586	13 46	2	80	40 00	438	438	1 00
Elgin	1072	39350	36 70	3059	48348	15 80	23	955	41 52	184	264	1 43
Geneva	405	13115	32 38	1001	17262	17 24	.....	.....	.....	1150	2137	1 85
Hampshire ..	633	17884	28 25	3158	29233	.....	3	101	33 66	814	1218	1 50
Kaneville ...	775	26625	34 35	2356	29577	12 55	23	1030	44 78	1060	1712	1 61
Plato	620	16501	26 61	2484	32324	13 01	10	355	35 50	875	881	1 00
Rutland	592	22071	37 28	2937	41611	14 17	3	150	50 00	593	922	1 55
St. Charles ..	801	29780	37 18	3010	41022	13 63	.....	.....	.....	1062	1495	1 41
Sugar Grove ..	669	21129	31 58	2647	31802	12 01	46	1990	43 26	3158	4797	1 52
Virgil	494	16570	33 54	2288	24874	10 87	1	35	35 00	982	1965	2 00
County	10596	367993	34 73	40447	534215	13 21	206	8661	42 04	15306	24827	1 62

TOWNS (Continued).	Total of Value Columns Brought Forward.	Melodeons & Organs.			Annuities and Royalties.		PATENT RIGHTS.		Goods and Mdse.	Materials and M'fd Articles.	Mn'facturers' Tools and Machinery.	Agricultural Tools and Machinery.
		No.	Value.	Av. Val.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.				
Aurora	\$153229	120	\$4140	\$34 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$189540	\$ 28385	\$ 12900	\$ 1665
Batavia	58834	24	674	28 08	.....	.....	.....	.....	29842	28765	20532	1615
Big Rock	62841	27	1025	37 96	.....	.....	.....	.....	2875	25	25	3900
Blackberry ..	66777	35	905	25 86	.....	.....	.....	.....	16375	.....	175	2604
Burlington ..	58166	3	120	40 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1500	.....	.....	3603
Campton	81262	24	905	37 71	.....	.....	.....	.....	500	.....	3000	3424
Dundee	95707	36	1090	30 43	.....	.....	.....	.....	29950	14300	17335	7990
Elgin	149871	79	2824	35 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	108395	213513	114360	3263
Geneva	50009	28	915	32 68	.....	.....	.....	.....	13140	1200	157	1886
Hampshire ..	58313	21	667	31 76	.....	.....	.....	.....	7070	.....	142	4449
Kaneville ...	76746	36	1580	43 89	.....	.....	.....	.....	3500	40	.....	5264
Plato	58486	9	275	30 55	.....	.....	.....	.....	350	.....	395	2903
Rutland	73062	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	200	75	.....	3911
St. Charles ..	94485	53	1267	23 90	.....	.....	.....	.....	17240	2195	3190	3964
Sugar Grove ..	75148	23	888	38 61	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2468	.....	3601
Virgil	51265	7	282	40 28	.....	.....	.....	.....	6875	.....	.....	3180
County	1264201	525	17557	33 44	.....	.....	.....	.....	427352	290966	172211	57222

OF THE SEVERAL COLUMNS OF EACH OF THE ASSESSMENT BOOKS
PROPERTY OF THE COUNTY OF KANE AND STATE
ALL SAID BOOKS, FOR THE YEAR 1877.

Acres Wheat.	Acres Corn.	Acres. Oats.	Acres Meadow.	Acres other Field Products.	Acres Enclosed Pasture.	ACRES ORCHARD.	ACRES WOODLAND.
Acres. 100ths.	Acres. 100ths.	Acres. 100ths.	Acres. 100ths.	Acres. 100ths.	Acres. 100ths.	Acres. 100ths.	Acres. 100ths.
101 ...	2138 79	870 34	1917 39	149 35	4047 84	62 40	945 57
200 ...	4200 ...	2250 ...	5100 ...	500 ...	7325 ...	351 ...	2020 ...
430 ..	3220 14	2655 91	4337 29	518 20	6756 15	115 37	3448 13
50 ...	3713 47	3077 56	3466 39	280 12	8497 39	208 27	2767 35
23 ...	2821 26	2116 83	3478 78	108 15	6340 97	192 98	1680 09
...	2214 ...	1227 ..	2988 ...	110 ...	2440 ...	27 ...	400 ...
429 ...	4349 75	2217 50	4362 84	1218 84	7803 71	204 ...	2517 18
30 ...	2537 ..	1631 ...	5334 06	13 79	11468 72	126 62	1754 04
62 ...	3606 50	2634 16	5317 52	1160 73	4960 02	92 03	2949 96
136 ...	7182 55	2643 74	4521 ...	...	6247 84	121 27	1170 83
1461	35983 46	21324 04	40823 27	4059 18	65887 64	1500 94	19653 15

HOGS.			Steam Engines, including Boilers.			Fire and Burglar Proof Safes.			Billiard and other Tables.		
No.	Value.	Av. Val.	No.	Value.	Av. Val.	No.	Value.	Av. Val.	No.	Value.	Av. Val.
1794	\$ 5522	\$3 08	10	\$ 1960	\$ 196 00	50	\$2270	45 40	26	\$ 990	\$38 04
1262	3011	2 38	3	1375	458 33	11	715	65 00	2	50	25 00
3017	7072	2 34	1	1250	1250 00	...	...	...	...	...	...
2260	5008	2 21	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	40	40 00
1613	3379	1 97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1553	4973	3 20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
487	1618	3 32	5	1950	390 00	8	315	39 37	...	...	...
785	2304	2 94	13	6218	478 31	40	1193	29 80	19	836	46 10
719	2165	3 01	2	275	137 50	7	210	30 00	...	...	...
1370	2990	2 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	185	37 00
3918	10410	2 65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1028	3884	3 70	4	345	86 25	...	...	...	...	...	...
697	1071	1 53	2	1900	950 00	...	...	...	...	...	...
1212	3201	2 64	3	470	156 66	9	255	28 33	3	155	51 66
3393	9461	2 78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1522	4461	2 93	3	300	100 00	...	...	...	...	...	...
26730	70530	2 64	46	16043	348 76	125	4958	39 66	56	2256	40 28

Gold and Silver Plate and Plated Ware.	Diamonds and Jewelry.	Money of Bank, Banker, Broker or Stock Jobber.	Credits of Bank, Banker, Broker or Stock Jobber.	Money other than of Bank, Banker, &c.	Credits other than of Bank, Banker, &c., &c.	Bonds or Stocks.	Shares of Stock of Com- panies not In- corporated by the Laws of this State.	Pawnbrok- ers' Property.
\$1020	\$780	\$9000	\$1750	\$155875	\$ 4050	\$2750	...	\$400
160	...	...	4700	2316	72089	3900	...	...
...	...	...	...	6400	19750	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	2300	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	22500	...	...	...
233	250	12728	3000	79780	172879	1000	...	...
280	150	...	236	4712	25125	...	...	...
...	50	...	...	...	23425	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	11050	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	2485	2500	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	450	...	...	...
636	216	...	...	...	45092	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	13545	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	8000	13900	...	...	...
2329	1446	21728	9686	259568	428655	7650	...	400

ASSESSOR'S REPORT—Continued.

IMPROVED LOTS.			UNIMPROVED LOTS.			RAILROAD LOTS.			TOTAL LOTS.		
Lots.	Value.	Av. Val.	Lots.	Value.	Av. Value.	Lots.	Value.	Av. Value.	Lots.	Value.	Av. Value.
2351	\$1811570	\$770 55	2086	\$166580	\$79 85	21	\$185496	\$8833 30	445F	\$2163646	\$485 34
846	322770	381 52	171	7865	46 00	2	127	63 50	1019	330762	325 11
33	10447	316 57	27	600	22 22	.....	.....	.....	60	11647	184 12
278	58325	209 80	5	390	78 00	.....	.....	.....	283	58715	207 47
23	3372	146 61	48	278	5 79	.....	.....	.....	71	3650	51 41
.....											
977	179075	183 29	43	1820	42 32	.....	.....	.....	1020	180895	177 34
2131	1433555	672 71	519	47882	92 25	11	3700	336 36	2661	1485137	558 11
915	244773	267 51	2	185	92 50	8	200	25 00	925	245158	265 03
143	31240	211 46	50	2485	49 70	.....	.....	.....	193	33725	174 74
.....											
4	660	165 00	40	480	12 00	.....	.....	.....	44	1140	25 91
1167	217915	186 73	85	2904	34 16	.....	.....	.....	1252	220819	176 37
.....	.....	.....	12	240	20 00	.....	.....	.....	12	240	20 00
285	39977	140 27	17	350	20 59	.....	.....	.....	302	40327	133 53
.....											
9153	4353679	475 65	3105	232059	74 73	42	189523	4512 45	12300	4775261	388 23

Carriages and Wagons.			Watches and Clocks.			Sewing and Knitting Machines.			Piano Fortes.			Total of value column carried forward.
No.	Value.	Av. Val.	No.	Value.	Av. Val.	No.	Value.	Av. Val.	No.	Value.	Av. Val.	
887	\$28155	\$31 74	665	\$8989	\$13 51	772	\$11685	\$15 13	209	\$17500	\$83 73	\$153229
325	8584	26 41	393	2362	6 01	203	2724	13 41	52	3877	74 56	58834
243	5390	22 18	152	177	1 16	86	480	5 58	1	40	40 00	62841
249	3279	13 17	108	151	1 40	114	1106	9 70	10	415	41 50	66777
215	3673	17 08	128	206	1 61	82	1201	14 64	11	465	42 27	58166
178	4476	25 14	161	214	1 33	89	1238	13 90	7	555	79 28	81262
379	7613	20 09	405	1017	2 51	146	2240	15 34	14	895	63 93	95707
849	22213	26 16	1295	7793	6 02	499	5890	11 80	163	14507	89 00	149871
294	8351	28 40	388	2390	6 18	150	1814	12 09	32	2290	71 58	50009
274	4556	16 63	221	396	1 97	111	1465	13 20	5	285	57 00	58313
223	5180	23 23	164	553	3 36	93	1234	13 26	5	428	85 00	76746
242	3092	12 77	158	261	1 65	69	768	11 13	3	75	25 00	58486
251	4287	17 08	132	240	1 82	69	785	11 37	1	25	25 00	73062
535	10313	19 28	432	2326	5 38	136	2663	19 58	45	2805	62 33	94485
270	3896	14 50	161	496	3 08	76	1042	13 71	6	535	89 16	75148
107	2440	22 80	5	45	9 00	29	575	19 83	.....	.....	.....	51265
.....												
5521	125498	22 73	4968	27616	5 56	2724	36910	13 55	564	44694	79 24	1264201

Bridge Property.	Property of Saloons and Eating Houses.	Household and office Furniture.	Investments in Real Estate and Improvements thereon.	All other Property not otherwise Listed.	Shares of Stock of State or National Banks.	Total Value of Personal Property.	Personal of Railroads.
\$10	\$1040	\$74665	\$ 45	\$16465	\$ 181250	\$838959	\$206785
.....	.....	19769	.....	3780	31500	273776	222
.....	.....	2892	.....	.....	.....	78283	.....
.....	.....	4134	.....	.....	.....	110720	120
.....	.....	1703	.....	.....	.....	71492	.....
.....	.....	2830	.....	.....	.....	94221	.....
.....	.....	16425	.....	10953	.....	299030	.....
.....	4390	66692	.....	29531	113750	993915	335
.....	.....	18629	.....	4955	.....	121158	484
.....	.....	4625	.....	1853	.....	100594	.....
.....	.....	1645	.....	250	.....	100075	.....
.....	.....	2544	280	2716	.....	72934	.....
.....	.....	2265	.....	.....	.....	79963	40
.....	10	10205	.....	5594	25000	209094	65
.....		5675		1325		102650	
.....		3270		100		86872	310
10	5440	237968	325	77522	351500	3633736	208361

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MAR 17 1997		
MAR 31 1997		
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APR 17 1999		
AUG 13 2000		
APR 12 2001		
APR 10 2001		
MAR 17 2003		
FEB 28 2003		

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